



US 20090148463A1

(19) **United States**

(12) **Patent Application Publication**  
Reipert et al.

(10) **Pub. No.: US 2009/0148463 A1**

(43) **Pub. Date: Jun. 11, 2009**

(54) **IVIG MODULATION OF CHEMOKINES FOR TREATMENT OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS, ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE, AND PARKINSON'S DISEASE**

(76) Inventors: **Birgit Reipert**, Deutsch Wagram (AT); **Hartmut Ehrlich**, Vienna (AT); **Hans-Peter Schwarz**, Vienna (AT); **Irina Elovaara**, Tampere (FI)

Correspondence Address:  
**BAXTER HEALTHCARE CORPORATION**  
**ONE BAXTER PARKWAY, MAIL STOP DF2-2E**  
**DEERFIELD, IL 60015 (US)**

(21) Appl. No.: **12/189,367**

(22) Filed: **Aug. 11, 2008**

**Related U.S. Application Data**

(60) Provisional application No. 60/955,610, filed on Aug. 13, 2007.

**Publication Classification**

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
*A61K 39/395* (2006.01)  
*G01N 33/53* (2006.01)  
*A61P 25/00* (2006.01)  
*A61P 37/06* (2006.01)  
*C12Q 1/68* (2006.01)  
(52) **U.S. Cl. ....** 424/158.1; 436/501; 435/6; 435/7.21

(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention provides methods for providing a prognosis of treatment of diseases associated with inflammatory disease of the brain, including MS, e.g., relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, and Parkinson's disease using molecular markers that are shown to be overexpressed or underexpressed in patients treated with intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG). Also provided are methods to identify compounds that are useful for the treatment or prevention of MS, e.g., relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, and Parkinson's disease.

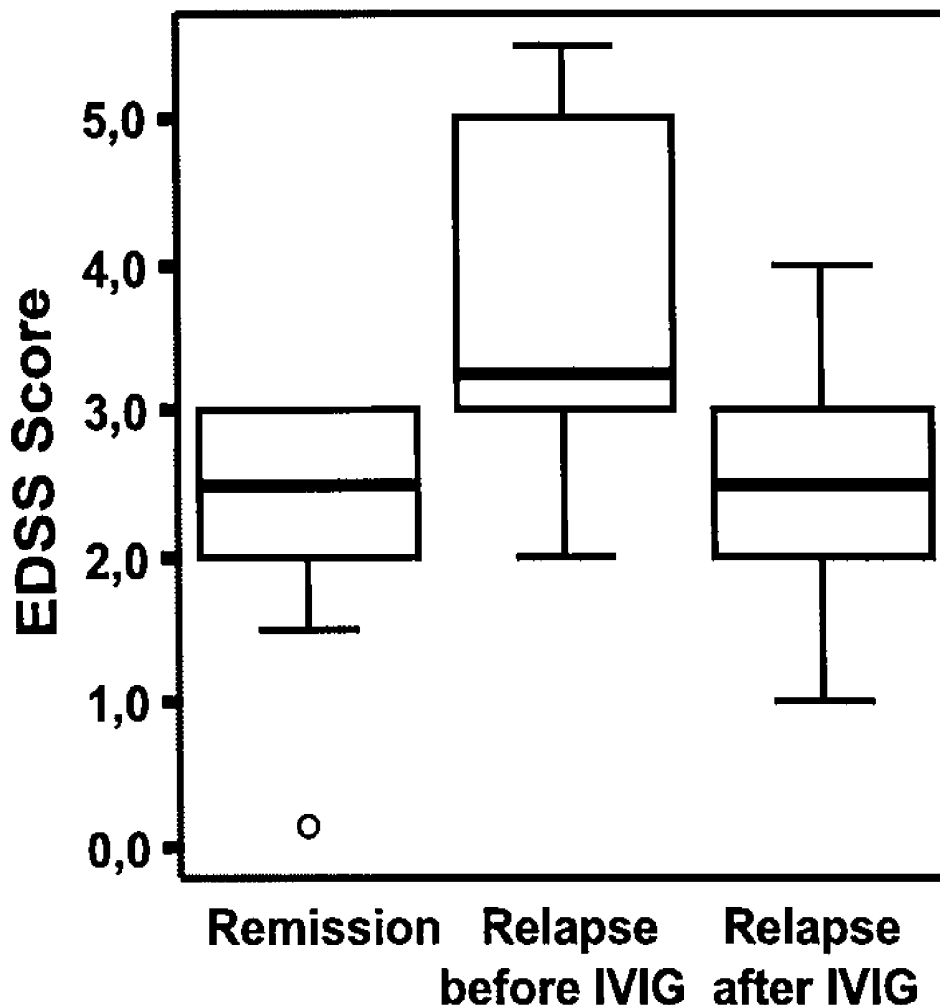


Fig 1

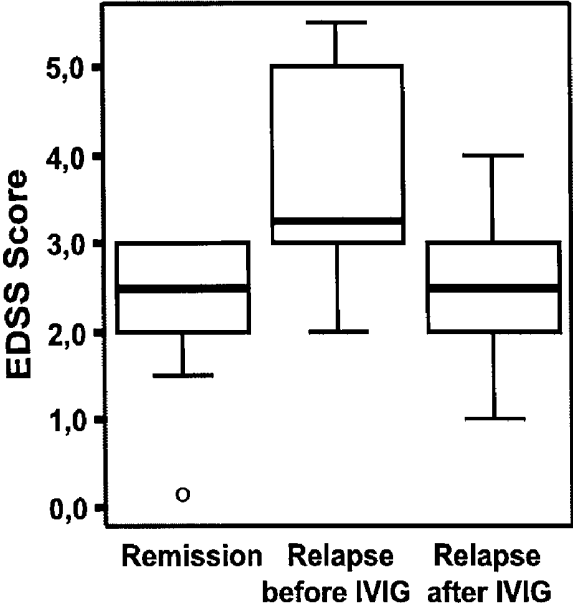
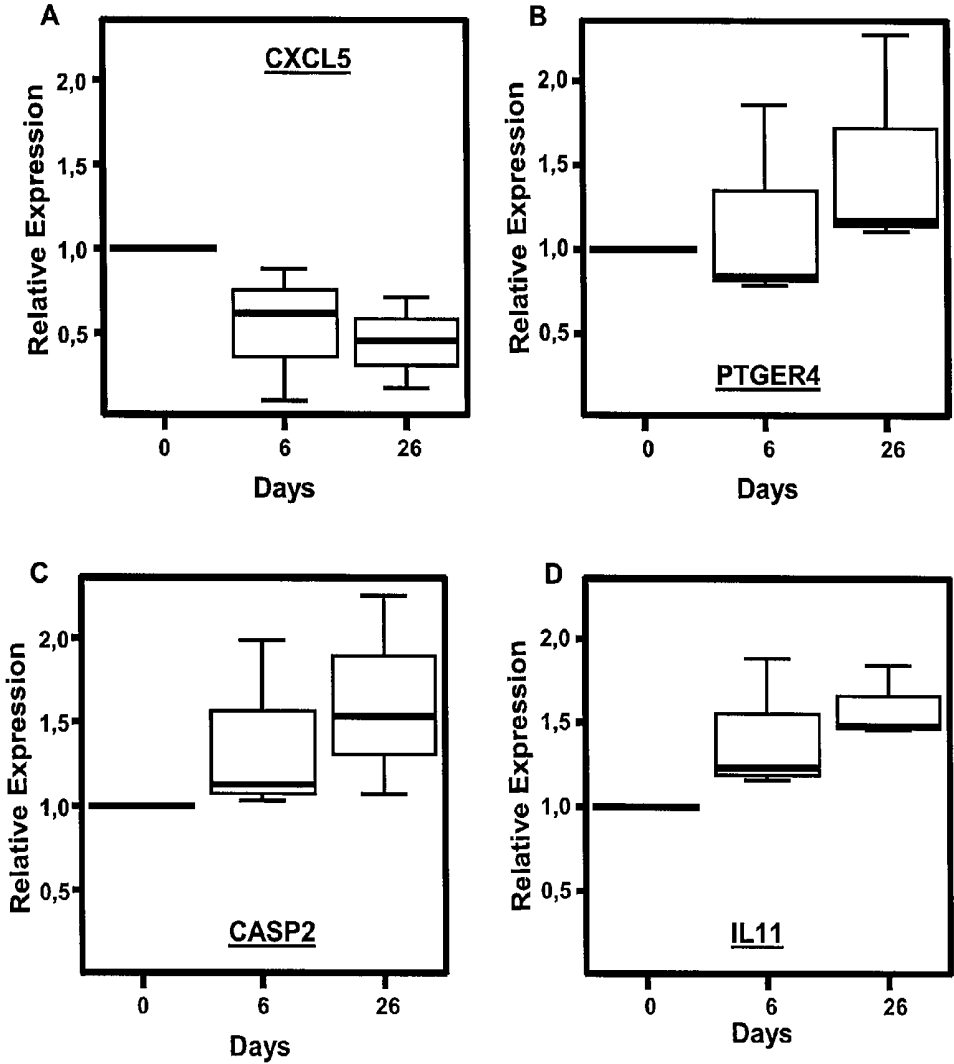




Fig 3 A-D



**IVIG MODULATION OF CHEMOKINES FOR  
TREATMENT OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS,  
ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE, AND PARKINSON'S  
DISEASE**

CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED  
APPLICATIONS

[0001] The present application claims priority to U.S. Ser. No. 60/955,610, filed Aug. 13, 2007, herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

STATEMENT AS TO RIGHTS TO INVENTIONS  
MADE UNDER FEDERALLY SPONSORED  
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

[0002] Not Applicable

REFERENCE TO A "SEQUENCE LISTING," A  
TABLE, OR A COMPUTER PROGRAM LISTING  
APPENDIX SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISK

[0003] Not Applicable

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Multiple sclerosis (MS) is the most common autoimmune inflammatory disease of the central nervous system. It is characterized by demyelinating lesions in the white matter of the central nervous system that lead to neurological deficits (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Immunology of Multiple Sclerosis. Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005)). The pathogenesis of the disease is associated with the infiltration of immune cells, mainly activated T cells, into the brain (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005)). This infiltration is accompanied by a disruption of the blood-brain barrier (van Horssen J. et al., *J Neuropathol Exp Neurol.*, 66:321-8 (2007)).

[0005] Intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG) have been shown to be effective in the treatment of a number of autoimmune diseases including MS (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Immunology of Multiple Sclerosis. Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005)), but the exact mechanisms of action underlying the immunomodulatory activities of IVIG have not been fully explained. There are several models that try to explain the immunomodulatory efficacy of IVIG in patients suffering from autoimmune and inflammatory diseases (Kazatchkine M. D. et al., *Multi Scler.*, 2:24-6; 33:24-26 (2000); Trebst C. and Stangel M., *Curr. Pharm. Design.*, 12:241-2493 (2006)). These models include Fcγ-receptor-mediated immunomodulation (Sorensen P. S., *Neurol Sci.*, 4:227-230 (2003)), modulation of idiotype/anti-idiotype networks (Samuelsson A. et al., *Science.*, 291:484-6 (2001)), elimination of immunostimulating microbial products (Dalakas M. C., *Ann Intern Med.*, 126:721-30 (1997)) and neutralizing antibodies against cytokines and chemokines (Bayry J. et al., *Transfus Clin Biol.*, 10:165-9 (2003)). IVIG's potential to modify the balance between Th1 and Th2 cell immunoreactivity and to inhibit the formation of antibody/complement complexes have also been demonstrated (Andersson U. et al., *Immunol Rev.*, 139:21-42 (1994); Bayry J. et al., *Intravenous immunoglobulin in autoimmune disorders: An insight into the immunoregulatory mechanisms.*)

[0006] The beneficial effects of IVIG in patients with MS were shown by a number of open clinical trials (Basta M. et al., *Blood.*, 77:376-80 (1991)) and by four randomized double-blind clinical studies (Sorensen P. S. et al., *Eur J*

*Neurol.*, 9:557-563 (2002); Strasser-Fuchs S. et al., *Multi Scler.*, 2:9-13 (2000); Sorensen P. S. et al., *Neurology.*, 50:1273-1281 (1998); Lewanska M. et al., *Eur J Neurol.*, 9:565-572 (2002)). IVIG decreased the relapse rate in MS patients and the number of gadolinium-enhancing lesions seen on brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (Dudesek A. and Zettl U. K., *J Neurol.*, 253; V/50-V/58)). Furthermore, IVIG was shown to suppress proliferation of activated peripheral T cells (Bayry J. et al., *Neurol Sci.*, 4:217-221 (2003); Stangel M. and Gold R., *Nervenarzt.*, (2005)). Auto-reactive peripheral T cells can cross the blood-brain barrier and are believed to be the main effector cells responsible for brain inflammation (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005); Helling N. et al., *Immunol Res.*, 1:27-51 (2002)). Therefore, a modulation of T cell function by IVIG could explain the beneficial therapeutic effect of IVIG seen in MS patients.

[0007] Recently, we showed that IVIG is an effective alternative treatment for patients with acute exacerbations in relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) (Elovaara I. et al., *Intravenous Immunoglobulin is effective and well tolerated in the treatment of MS Relapse*, manuscript submitted). Because peripheral auto-reactive T cells are believed to be responsible for brain inflammation in MS, we undertook to identify genes that are differentially regulated in peripheral T cells of patients with MS in acute exacerbation that are treated with IVIG. We reasoned that differences in gene expression profiles could provide important information about the potential mechanisms of action of IVIG treatment. Furthermore, changes in gene expression profiles could provide prognostic markers to predict treatment success. Such markers could also help to identify targets for developing new therapeutic agents.

[0008] Furthermore, increasing evidence has suggested a role for brain inflammation not only in MS but also in the pathogenesis of Alzheimers disease and Parkinsons disease (see, e.g., Wilms et al., *Curr. Pharm. Des.* 13:1925 (2007)). In particular microglia, the resident innate immune cells, play a major role in inflammatory processes of the brain and are known to be associated not only with MS but also with Alzheimers disease and in Parkinsons disease (see, e.g., Yamamoto et al., *Am. J. Pathology* 166:1475 (2006); Huang et al., *FASEB* 19:761 (2005); Kim et al., *Exp. And Mol. Med.* 38:333 (2006)). Thus, the present invention provides new prognostic markers to predict treatment success associated with the administration of intravenous immunoglobulin treatment as well as new therapeutic targets that may be exploited in the treatment of MS, e.g., relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Parkinsons disease or Alzheimers disease.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] The present invention provides methods for providing a prognosis of treatment of multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease using molecular markers that are overexpressed or underexpressed in patients treated with intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG). Also provided are methods to identify compounds that are useful for the treatment or prevention of multiple sclerosis. In some aspects, the subtype of multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

[0010] Accordingly, in one embodiment the present invention provides method of providing a prognosis of multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject treated with intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) by contacting a biological sample from the subject treated with

IVIg with a reagent that specifically binds to at least one marker selected from any of the nucleic acids and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, and Table 4, and then determining whether or not the marker is overexpressed or underexpressed in the sample, thus providing a prognosis for MS, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject treated with IVIg. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

**[0011]** In various aspects of this embodiment, the reagent is an antibody, such as a monoclonal antibody. Alternatively, the reagent can be a nucleic acid, including an oligonucleotide or an RT PCR primer set. In other aspects, the sample is a blood sample, which can contain T cells. The sample can also be cerebrospinal fluid. In some aspects of this embodiment, one of the markers is a chemokine. Examples of chemokines include: CXCL3, CXCL5, CCL13, and XCL2.

**[0012]** Another embodiment of the invention provides a method of identifying a compound that prevents or treats multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease by contacting a compound with a sample comprising a cell that expresses a marker selected from any of the nucleic acid and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, Table 3c, Table 3d, and Table 4, and then determining the functional effect of the compound on the marker, thus identifying a compound that prevents or treats MS, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

**[0013]** In various aspects of this embodiment, the functional effect is an increase or decrease in expression of the marker. In other aspects, the functional effect is an increase or decrease in activity of the marker. Examples of compounds used in various aspects of this embodiment include: a small molecule, a siRNA, a ribozyme, an antibody, which can be a monoclonal antibody.

**[0014]** A further embodiment of the invention provides a method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject by administering to the subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine, including CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, in which the effective amount is sufficient to inactivate the chemokine or chemokine cell signaling, thus treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

**[0015]** A yet further embodiment of the invention provides a method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject by administering to the subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine receptor, including receptors for CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, in which the effective amount is sufficient to inactivate the function of the chemokine receptor, thus treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

**[0016]** Another embodiment of this invention provides a method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject by administering to the subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds to a XCL2 chemokine receptor, in which the effective amount is sufficient to activate the XCL2 chemokine

receptor, thus treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

**[0017]** FIG. 1 shows development of EDSS scores in 10 RRMS patients during treatment with IVIg. Box plots containing the median, 25% and 75% percentile, minimum and maximum, demonstrate the EDSS scores of patients during remission, as well as before and after treatment with IVIg during relapse.

**[0018]** FIG. 2 shows that treatment with IVIg does not alter the cellular composition of cells obtained for isolation of RNA. Relative gene expression data obtained from microarray analysis are presented for CD3, CD4, CD8 and CD14. Gene expression on day 0 was set as 1 and compared with gene expression on day 6 (A) and day 26 (B). Each point represents an individual patient.

**[0019]** FIG. 3 shows real-time PCR demonstrating the expression of representative genes. Box plots containing the median, 25% and 75% percentile, minimum and maximum, demonstrate the relative expression of the indicated genes. Expression of genes was normalized to an endogenous control (glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase). Real-time PCR experiments were done in triplets and confirmed at least two times on different days.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

**[0020]** Multiple sclerosis (MS) refers generally to an inflammatory, demyelinating disease that affects the central nervous system (CNS). During the progression of MS, the myelin surrounding the axons of neurons degenerates, resulting in subsequent axonal degeneration. The pathogenesis of MS is believed to involve an autoimmune response in which T cells attack parts of the central nervous system, triggering inflammatory responses, which results in the stimulation of other immune cells and the secretion of soluble factors such as cytokines and antibodies. The inflammatory processes triggered by T cells create leaks in the blood-brain barrier formed by endothelial cells. The leaks in the blood-brain barrier, in turn, cause a number of other damaging effects such as brain swelling, activation of macrophages, and further secretion of cytokines and other proteolytic proteins such as matrix metalloproteinases. The final outcome of these pathological processes is neuronal demyelination. See, e.g., Calabresi, P. A., *American Family Physician*, 70: 1935-1944 (2004), for review.

**[0021]** As MS progresses, gradual demyelination and transection of neuron axons in patches throughout the brain and spinal cord occur. Thus, the term multiple sclerosis refers to the multiple scars (or scleroses) found on myelin sheaths in affected individuals. This scarring causes symptoms which may vary widely depending upon the extent of scarring and which neuronal pathways are disrupted.

**[0022]** Among the symptoms and manifestations of MS include changes in sensation (hypoesthesia), muscle weakness, abnormal muscle spasms, difficulties in movement; difficulties with coordination and balance (ataxia); problems in speech (dysarthria) or swallowing (dysphagia), visual problems (nystagmus, optic neuritis, or diplopia), fatigue and

acute or chronic pain syndromes, bladder and bowel difficulties, cognitive impairment, or emotional symptomatology (e.g., depression).

**[0023]** The most common initial symptoms reported are: changes in sensation in the arms, legs or face (33%), complete or partial vision loss (optic neuritis) (16%), weakness (13%), double vision (7%), unsteadiness when walking (5%), and balance problems (3%). See Navarro et al., *Rev Neurol* 41: 601-3 (2005); Jongen P., *J Neurol Sci* 245: 59-62 (2006). In some individuals, the initial MS attack is preceded by infection, trauma, or strenuous physical effort.

**[0024]** A number of diagnostic tests are currently in use for the diagnosis of MS. These include the clinical presentation of two separate episodes of neurologic symptoms characteristic of MS, along with the finding of consistent abnormalities on physical examination. Alternatively, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) of the brain and spine is often used to evaluate individuals with suspected MS. MRI reveals areas of demyelination as bright lesions on T2-weighted images or FLAIR (fluid attenuated inversion recovery) sequences. Gadolinium contrast can be used to demonstrate active plaques on T1-weighted images.

**[0025]** The testing of cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) can provide evidence of chronic inflammation of the central nervous system, a characteristic of MS. In such a test, the CSF is tested for oligoclonal bands, which are immunoglobulins found in 85% to 95% of people with definite MS. When combined with MRI and clinical data, the presence of oligoclonal bands can help make a definite diagnosis of MS.

**[0026]** Because the brains MS-affected individuals often respond less actively to stimulation of the optic nerve and sensory nerves, the measurement of such brain responses can also be used as a diagnostic tool. These brain responses can be examined using visual evoked potentials (VEPs) and somatosensory evoked potentials (SEPs). Decreased activity on either test can reveal demyelination which may be otherwise asymptomatic. Along with other data, these exams can help uncover the widespread nerve involvement required for a definite diagnosis of MS.

**[0027]** Several subtypes, or patterns of progression, of MS have been described. In 1996, the United States National Multiple Sclerosis Society standardized the following four subtype definitions, as described below.

**[0028]** Relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS) refers to a subtype characterized by unpredictable attacks (relapses) followed by periods of months to years of relative quiet (remission) with no new signs of disease activity. Deficits suffered during the attacks may either resolve or may be permanent. Relapsing-remitting describes the initial course of 85% to 90% of individuals with MS.

**[0029]** Secondary progressive describes around 80% of those with initial relapsing-remitting MS, who then begin to have neurologic decline between their acute attacks without any definite periods of remission. This decline may include new neurologic symptoms, worsening cognitive function, or other deficits. Secondary progressive is the most common type of MS and causes the greatest amount of disability.

**[0030]** Primary progressive describes the approximately 10% of individuals who never have remission after their initial MS symptoms. Decline occurs continuously without clear attacks. The primary progressive subtype tends to affect people who are older at disease onset.

**[0031]** Progressive relapsing describes those individuals who, from the onset of their MS, have a steady neurologic decline but also suffer superimposed attacks; and is the least common of all subtypes.

**[0032]** While there is currently no definitive cure for MS, a number of therapies have been developed that are directed toward returning function after an attack, preventing new attacks, or preventing disability. Thus, different therapies are used for patients experiencing acute attacks; those who have the relapsing-remitting subtype; those who have the progressive subtypes; those without a diagnosis of MS who have a demyelinating event; and for managing the various consequences of MS attacks.

**[0033]** The pharmacological agents currently in use for MS include interferons, which have been approved for use in relapsing forms of secondary progressive MS; glatiramer acetate, a synthetic medication made of four amino acids that are found in myelin, which stimulates T cells to secrete anti-inflammatory agents that reduce inflammation at lesion sites; mitoxantrone, an agent used to treat progressive, progressive-relapsing, and worsening relapsing-remitting MS; and Natalizumab, a monoclonal antibody that recognizes  $\alpha 4$ -integrin.

**[0034]** High doses of intravenous corticosteroids, such as methylprednisolone, are frequently administered in the treatment of RRMS and have been shown to be effective at shortening the length of relapsing-remitting symptomatic attacks. As described in greater detail herein, intravenous IgG immunoglobulins have also been used to treat MS.

**[0035]** Similarly to MS, other disease states are associated with brain inflammation, such as Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease, as described above. For example, chemokine CCL13, described herein, activates the chemokine receptor CCR2, which is expressed in microglia and astrocytes. Both of these cell types are associated with Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. This and other markers described herein are therefore useful for drug assays, diagnostic and prognostic assays, and for therapeutic siRNA and antibody treatment for Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease.

**[0036]** Intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG) have been successfully used to treat a number of autoimmune diseases of the central nervous system, including multiple sclerosis (MS). However, the underlying mechanisms of action of IVIG have not been fully explained. Accordingly, we have undertaken the identification of gene expression profiles that are associated with the immunomodulatory activity of IVIG in patients with acute exacerbations in relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS). As described below, HU-133 microarrays from Affymetrix were used to study gene expression profiles of peripheral T cells in 10 RRMS patients before and after treatment with IVIG. Patients treated with intravenous methylprednisolone were included as controls. The differential expression of representative genes was confirmed by real-time polymerase chain reaction. All patients were analyzed neurologically and by brain and spinal cord magnetic resonance imaging before and after IVIG therapy.

**[0037]** As shown below in the Examples, 360 genes that were differentially expressed during IVIG treatment were identified. Some encode chemokines such as CXCL3 and CXCL5 that are known to bind to CXCR2, a receptor essential for the regulation of oligodendrocyte migration in the brain. Others encode proteins that are involved in signal transduction, proliferation or apoptosis.

**[0038]** The studies disclosed herein indicate that among the differentially expressed genes the regulation of chemokine expression in peripheral T cells is an important new mechanism of action of IVIG in patients with acute exacerbations in MS. Thus, the genes disclosed herein may serve as diagnostic markers for predicting treatment success in IVIG therapy and provide new molecular targets for drug development.

#### DEFINITIONS

**[0039]** The term “intravenous IgG” or “IVIG” treatment refers generally to a composition of IgG immunoglobulins administered intravenously to treat a number of conditions such as immune deficiencies, inflammatory diseases, and autoimmune diseases. The IgG immunoglobulins are typically pooled and prepared from serum. Whole antibodies or fragments can be used.

**[0040]** The term “chemokine” refers generally to a family of small cytokines which are secreted by various cells that promote chemotaxis in responsive cells. Chemokines have also gone by the nomenclature of SIS family of cytokines, SIG family of cytokines, SCY family of cytokines, Platelet factor-4 superfamily or intercrines. Cells that are attracted by chemokines follow a signal of increasing chemokine concentration towards the source of the chemokine.

**[0041]** Some members of the chemokine family control cells of the immune system during the process of immune surveillance, such as by directing lymphocytes to the lymph nodes to allow lymphocyte surveillance invasion of pathogens through interaction with antigen-presenting cells residing in these tissues. Such chemokines are known as homeostatic chemokines and are produced and secreted without any need to stimulate their source cell(s). Some chemokines have roles in development by, e.g., promoting angiogenesis or guiding cells to tissues that provide specific signals critical for cellular maturation. Other chemokines are inflammatory and are released from a wide variety of cells in response to bacterial infection, viruses and agents that cause physical damage. The release of inflammatory chemokines is often stimulated by pro-inflammatory cytokines such as interleukin 1. Inflammatory chemokines function mainly as chemoattractants for leukocytes, recruiting monocytes, neutrophils and other effector cells from the blood to sites of infection or tissue damage. Certain inflammatory chemokines activate cells to initiate an immune response or promote wound healing. They are released by many different cell types and serve to guide cells of both innate immune system and adaptive immune system.

**[0042]** Structurally, chemokines are small proteins, with molecular masses of between 8 and 10 kDa. Chemokines also possess conserved amino acids that are important for creating their 3-dimensional or tertiary structure, such as (in most cases) four cysteines that interact with each other in pairs to create a greek key shape that is a characteristic of this class of proteins; intramolecular disulphide bonds typically join the first to third, and the second to fourth cysteine residues, numbered as they appear in the protein sequence of the chemokine.

**[0043]** Members of the chemokine family are categorized into four groups depending on the spacing of their first two cysteine residues. The CC chemokines (or  $\beta$ -chemokines) have two adjacent cysteines near their amino terminus. There have been at least 27 distinct members of this subgroup reported for mammals, called CC chemokine ligands (CCL)-1 to -28. The first two cysteine residues in CXC

chemokines (or  $\alpha$ -chemokines) are separated by one amino acid, represented by “X”. There have been 17 different CXC chemokines described in mammals, that are subdivided into two categories, those with a specific amino acid sequence (or motif) of Glutamic acid-Leucine-Arginine (ELR) immediately before the first cysteine of the CXC motif (ELR-positive), and those without an ELR motif (ELR-negative). The third group of chemokines is known as the C chemokines (or  $\gamma$  chemokines), and is unlike all other chemokines in that it has only two cysteines; one N-terminal cysteine and one cysteine downstream. A fourth group has three amino acids between the two cysteines and is termed CX<sub>3</sub>C chemokine (or  $\delta$ -chemokines).

**[0044]** Chemokine receptors are G protein-coupled receptors containing 7 transmembrane domains that are found on the surface of leukocytes. Approximately 19 different chemokine receptors have been characterized to date, which are divided into four families depending on the type of chemokine they bind; CXCR that bind CXC chemokines, CCR that bind CC chemokines, CX3CR1 that binds the sole CX<sub>3</sub>C chemokine (CX<sub>3</sub>CL1), and XCR1 that binds the two XC chemokines (XCL1 and XCL2).

**[0045]** “Chemokine cell signaling” refers generally to the ability of chemokine receptors to associate with G-proteins to transmit cell signals following ligand binding. Activation of G proteins, by chemokine receptors, causes the subsequent activation of phospholipase C (PLC). PLC cleaves a phosphatidylinositol (4,5)-bisphosphate (PIP<sub>2</sub>) into two second messenger molecules, inositol triphosphate (IP<sub>3</sub>) and diacylglycerol (DAG) that trigger intracellular signaling events; DAG activates another enzyme called protein kinase C (PKC), and IP<sub>3</sub> triggers the release of calcium from intracellular stores. These events promote signaling cascades such as the MAP kinase pathway that generate responses including chemotaxis, degranulation, release of superoxide anions and changes in the avidity of cell adhesion molecules such as integrins within the cell harboring the chemokine receptor.

**[0046]** The term “marker” or “biomarker” refers to a molecule (typically protein, nucleic acid, carbohydrate, or lipid) that is expressed in a cell, expressed on the surface of a cell or secreted by a cell and which is useful for providing a prognosis of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) in a subject treated with IVIG. Some of the biomarkers disclosed herein are molecules that are overexpressed in individuals with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treated with IVIG, in comparison to individuals not treated IVIG or in RRMS patients prior to treatment with IVIG, for instance, 1-fold overexpression, 2-fold overexpression, 3-fold overexpression, or more. Alternatively, other biomarkers are molecules that are underexpressed in individuals with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treated with IVIG, in comparison to individuals not treated IVIG or in RRMS patients prior to treatment with IVIG, for instance, 1-fold underexpression, 2-fold underexpression, 3-fold underexpression, or more. Further, a marker can be a molecule that is inappropriately synthesized in individuals with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treated with IVIG, in comparison to individuals not treated IVIG or in RRMS patients prior to treatment with IVIG, for instance, a molecule that contains deletions, additions or mutations in comparison to the molecule expressed on a normal cell.

**[0047]** It will be understood by the skilled artisan that markers may be used singly or in combination with other

markers for any of the uses, e.g., prognosis of IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), disclosed herein.

**[0048]** “Biological sample” includes biological fluid samples, such as blood and cerebrospinal fluid, sections of tissues such as biopsy and autopsy samples, and frozen sections taken for histologic purposes. Such samples include blood and blood fractions or products (e.g., serum, plasma, platelets, red blood cells, and the like), cerebrospinal fluid, sputum, cervicovaginal fluid, lymph and tongue tissue, cultured cells, e.g., primary cultures, explants, and transformed cells, stool, urine, etc. A biological sample is typically obtained from a eukaryotic organism, most preferably a mammal such as a primate e.g., chimpanzee or human; cow; dog; cat; a rodent, e.g., guinea pig, rat, Mouse; rabbit; or a bird; reptile; or fish.

**[0049]** The terms “overexpress,” “overexpression” or “overexpressed” or “upregulated” interchangeably refer to a protein or nucleic acid (RNA) that is transcribed or translated at a detectably greater level, usually in an IVIG-treated relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient, in comparison to a patient not undergoing IVIG treatment. The term includes overexpression due to transcription, post transcriptional processing, translation, post-translational processing, cellular localization (e.g., organelle, cytoplasm, nucleus, cell surface), and RNA and protein stability, as compared to a control. Overexpression can be detected using conventional techniques for detecting mRNA (i.e., RT-PCR, PCR, hybridization) or proteins (i.e., ELISA, immunohistochemical techniques). Overexpression can be 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or more in comparison to a normal cell. In certain instances, overexpression is 1-fold, 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold or more higher levels of transcription or translation in comparison to a control.

**[0050]** The terms “underexpress,” “underexpression” or “underexpressed” or “downregulated” interchangeably refer to a protein or nucleic acid that is transcribed or translated at a detectably lower level, usually in an IVIG-treated relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient, in comparison to a patient not undergoing IVIG treatment. The term includes underexpression due to transcription, post transcriptional processing, translation, post-translational processing, cellular localization (e.g., organelle, cytoplasm, nucleus, cell surface), and RNA and protein stability, as compared to a control. Underexpression can be detected using conventional techniques for detecting mRNA (i.e., RT-PCR, PCR, hybridization) or proteins (i.e., ELISA, immunohistochemical techniques). Underexpression can be 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or less in comparison to a control. In certain instances, underexpression is 1-fold, 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold or more lower levels of transcription or translation in comparison to a control.

**[0051]** The term “differentially expressed” or “differentially regulated” refers generally to a protein or nucleic acid that is overexpressed (upregulated) or underexpressed (downregulated) in one sample compared to at least one other sample, generally in an IVIG-treated relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient, in comparison to a patient not undergoing IVIG treatment, in the context of the present invention.

**[0052]** “Therapeutic treatment” refers to drug therapy, hormonal therapy, immunotherapy, and biologic (targeted) therapy.

**[0053]** By “therapeutically effective amount or dose” or “sufficient amount or dose” herein is meant a dose that produces effects for which it is administered. The exact dose will depend on the purpose of the treatment, and will be ascertainable by one skilled in the art using known techniques (see, e.g., Lieberman, *Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms* (vols. 1-3, 1992); Lloyd, *The Art, Science and Technology of Pharmaceutical Compounding* (1999); Pickar, *Dosage Calculations* (1999); and Remington: *The Science and Practice of Pharmacy*, 20th Edition, 2003, Gennaro, Ed., Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins).

**[0054]** The terms “identical” or percent “identity,” in the context of two or more nucleic acids or polypeptide sequences, refer to two or more sequences or subsequences that are the same or have a specified percentage of amino acid residues or nucleotides that are the same (i.e., about 60% identity, preferably 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or higher identity over a specified region, when compared and aligned for maximum correspondence over a comparison window or designated region) as measured using a BLAST or BLAST 2.0 sequence comparison algorithms with default parameters described below, or by manual alignment and visual inspection (see, e.g., NCBI web site <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/> or the like). Such sequences are then said to be “substantially identical.” This definition also refers to, or may be applied to, the compliment of a test sequence. The definition also includes sequences that have deletions and/or additions, as well as those that have substitutions. As described below, the preferred algorithms can account for gaps and the like. Preferably, identity exists over a region that is at least about 25 amino acids or nucleotides in length, or more preferably over a region that is 50-100 amino acids or nucleotides in length.

**[0055]** For sequence comparison, typically one sequence acts as a reference sequence, to which test sequences are compared. When using a sequence comparison algorithm, test and reference sequences are entered into a computer, subsequence coordinates are designated, if necessary, and sequence algorithm program parameters are designated. Preferably, default program parameters can be used, or alternative parameters can be designated. The sequence comparison algorithm then calculates the percent sequence identities for the test sequences relative to the reference sequence, based on the program parameters.

**[0056]** A “comparison window,” as used herein, includes reference to a segment of any one of the number of contiguous positions selected from the group consisting of from 20 to 600, usually about 50 to about 200, more usually about 100 to about 150 in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned. Methods of alignment of sequences for comparison are well-known in the art. Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison can be conducted, e.g., by the local homology algorithm of Smith & Waterman, *Adv. Appl. Math.* 2:482 (1981), by the homology alignment algorithm of Needleman & Wunsch, *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443 (1970), by the search for similarity method of Pearson & Lipman, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85:2444 (1988), by computerized implementations of these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group, 575 Science Dr., Madison, Wis.), or by manual alignment and visual

inspection (see, e.g., *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology* (Ausubel et al., eds. 1987-2005, Wiley Interscience)).

**[0057]** A preferred example of algorithm that is suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence similarity are the BLAST and BLAST 2.0 algorithms, which are described in Altschul et al., *Nuc. Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402 (1977) and Altschul et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403-410 (1990), respectively. BLAST and BLAST 2.0 are used, with the parameters described herein, to determine percent sequence identity for the nucleic acids and proteins of the invention. Software for performing BLAST analyses is publicly available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>). This algorithm involves first identifying high scoring sequence pairs (HSPs) by identifying short words of length *W* in the query sequence, which either match or satisfy some positive-valued threshold score *T* when aligned with a word of the same length in a database sequence. *T* is referred to as the neighborhood word score threshold (Altschul et al, supra). These initial neighborhood word hits act as seeds for initiating searches to find longer HSPs containing them. The word hits are extended in both directions along each sequence for as far as the cumulative alignment score can be increased. Cumulative scores are calculated using, for nucleotide sequences, the parameters *M* (reward score for a pair of matching residues; always >0) and *N* (penalty score for mismatching residues; always <0). For amino acid sequences, a scoring matrix is used to calculate the cumulative score. Extension of the word hits in each direction are halted when: the cumulative alignment score falls off by the quantity *X* from its maximum achieved value; the cumulative score goes to zero or below, due to the accumulation of one or more negative-scoring residue alignments; or the end of either sequence is reached. The BLAST algorithm parameters *W*, *T*, and *X* determine the sensitivity and speed of the alignment. The BLASTN program (for nucleotide sequences) uses as defaults a wordlength (*W*) of 11, an expectation (*E*) of 10, *M*=5, *N*=-4 and a comparison of both strands. For amino acid sequences, the BLASTP program uses as defaults a wordlength of 3, and expectation (*E*) of 10, and the BLOSUM62 scoring matrix (see Henikoff & Henikoff, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89:10915 (1989)) alignments (*B*) of 50, expectation (*E*) of 10, *M*=5, *N*=-4, and a comparison of both strands.

**[0058]** "Nucleic acid" refers to deoxyribonucleotides or ribonucleotides and polymers thereof in either single- or double-stranded form, and complements thereof. The term encompasses nucleic acids containing known nucleotide analogs or modified backbone residues or linkages, which are synthetic, naturally occurring, and non-naturally occurring, which have similar binding properties as the reference nucleic acid, and which are metabolized in a manner similar to the reference nucleotides. Examples of such analogs include, without limitation, phosphorothioates, phosphoramidates, methyl phosphonates, chiral-methyl phosphonates, 2-O-methyl ribonucleotides, peptide-nucleic acids (PNAs).

**[0059]** "RNAi molecule" or an "siRNA" refers to a nucleic acid that forms a double stranded RNA, which double stranded RNA has the ability to reduce or inhibit expression of a gene or target gene when the siRNA expressed in the same cell as the gene or target gene. "siRNA" thus refers to the double stranded RNA formed by the complementary strands. The complementary portions of the siRNA that hybridize to form the double stranded molecule typically have substantial or complete identity. In one embodiment, an

siRNA refers to a nucleic acid that has substantial or complete identity to a target gene and forms a double stranded siRNA. The sequence of the siRNA can correspond to the full length target gene, or a subsequence thereof. Typically, the siRNA is at least about 15-50 nucleotides in length (e.g., each complementary sequence of the double stranded siRNA is 15-50 nucleotides in length, and the double stranded siRNA is about 15-50 base pairs in length, preferably about preferably about 20-30 base nucleotides, preferably about 20-25 nucleotides in length, e.g., 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, or 30 nucleotides in length.

**[0060]** An "antisense" polynucleotide is a polynucleotide that is substantially complementary to a target polynucleotide and has the ability to specifically hybridize to the target polynucleotide.

**[0061]** Ribozymes are enzymatic RNA molecules capable of catalyzing specific cleavage of RNA. The composition of ribozyme molecules preferably includes one or more sequences complementary to a target mRNA, and the well known catalytic sequence responsible for mRNA cleavage or a functionally equivalent sequence (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,093,246, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety). Ribozyme molecules designed to catalytically cleave target mRNA transcripts can also be used to prevent translation of subject target mRNAs.

**[0062]** Unless otherwise indicated, a particular nucleic acid sequence also implicitly encompasses conservatively modified variants thereof (e.g., degenerate codon substitutions) and complementary sequences, as well as the sequence explicitly indicated. Specifically, degenerate codon substitutions may be achieved by generating sequences in which the third position of one or more selected (or all) codons is substituted with mixed-base and/or deoxyinosine residues (Batzer et al., *Nucleic Acid Res.* 19:5081 (1991); Ohtsuka et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 260:2605-2608 (1985); Rossolini et al., *Mol. Cell. Probes* 8:91-98 (1994)). The term nucleic acid is used interchangeably with gene, cDNA, mRNA, oligonucleotide, and polynucleotide.

**[0063]** A particular nucleic acid sequence also implicitly encompasses "splice variants" and nucleic acid sequences encoding truncated forms of a protein. Similarly, a particular protein encoded by a nucleic acid implicitly encompasses any protein encoded by a splice variant or truncated form of that nucleic acid. "Splice variants," as the name suggests, are products of alternative splicing of a gene. After transcription, an initial nucleic acid transcript may be spliced such that different (alternate) nucleic acid splice products encode different polypeptides. Mechanisms for the production of splice variants vary, but include alternate splicing of exons. Alternate polypeptides derived from the same nucleic acid by read-through transcription are also encompassed by this definition. Any products of a splicing reaction, including recombinant forms of the splice products, are included in this definition. Nucleic acids can be truncated at the 5' end or at the 3' end. Polypeptides can be truncated at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end. Truncated versions of nucleic acid or polypeptide sequences can be naturally occurring or recombinantly created.

**[0064]** The terms "polypeptide," "peptide" and "protein" are used interchangeably herein to refer to a polymer of amino acid residues. The terms apply to amino acid polymers in which one or more amino acid residue is an artificial chemical mimetic of a corresponding naturally occurring amino acid,

as well as to naturally occurring amino acid polymers and non-naturally occurring amino acid polymer.

**[0065]** The term “amino acid” refers to naturally occurring and synthetic amino acids, as well as amino acid analogs and amino acid mimetics that function in a manner similar to the naturally occurring amino acids. Naturally occurring amino acids are those encoded by the genetic code, as well as those amino acids that are later modified, e.g., hydroxyproline,  $\gamma$ -carboxyglutamate, and O-phosphoserine. Amino acid analogs refers to compounds that have the same basic chemical structure as a naturally occurring amino acid, i.e., an  $\alpha$  carbon that is bound to a hydrogen, a carboxyl group, an amino group, and an R group, e.g., homoserine, norleucine, methionine sulfoxide, methionine methyl sulfonium. Such analogs have modified R groups (e.g., norleucine) or modified peptide backbones, but retain the same basic chemical structure as a naturally occurring amino acid. Amino acid mimetics refers to chemical compounds that have a structure that is different from the general chemical structure of an amino acid, but that functions in a manner similar to a naturally occurring amino acid.

**[0066]** Amino acids may be referred to herein by either their commonly known three letter symbols or by the one-letter symbols recommended by the IUPAC-IUB Biochemical Nomenclature Commission. Nucleotides, likewise, may be referred to by their commonly accepted single-letter codes.

**[0067]** “Conservatively modified variants” applies to both amino acid and nucleic acid sequences. With respect to particular nucleic acid sequences, conservatively modified variants refers to those nucleic acids which encode identical or essentially identical amino acid sequences, or where the nucleic acid does not encode an amino acid sequence, to essentially identical sequences. Because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, a large number of functionally identical nucleic acids encode any given protein. For instance, the codons GCA, GCC, GCG and GCU all encode the amino acid alanine. Thus, at every position where an alanine is specified by a codon, the codon can be altered to any of the corresponding codons described without altering the encoded polypeptide. Such nucleic acid variations are “silent variations,” which are one species of conservatively modified variations. Every nucleic acid sequence herein which encodes a polypeptide also describes every possible silent variation of the nucleic acid. One of skill will recognize that each codon in a nucleic acid (except AUG, which is ordinarily the only codon for methionine, and TGG, which is ordinarily the only codon for tryptophan) can be modified to yield a functionally identical molecule. Accordingly, each silent variation of a nucleic acid which encodes a polypeptide is implicit in each described sequence with respect to the expression product, but not with respect to actual probe sequences.

**[0068]** As to amino acid sequences, one of skill will recognize that individual substitutions, deletions or additions to a nucleic acid, peptide, polypeptide, or protein sequence which alters, adds or deletes a single amino acid or a small percentage of amino acids in the encoded sequence is a “conservatively modified variant” where the alteration results in the substitution of an amino acid with a chemically similar amino acid. Conservative substitution tables providing functionally similar amino acids are well known in the art. Such conservatively modified variants are in addition to and do not exclude polymorphic variants, interspecies homologs, and alleles of the invention.

**[0069]** The following eight groups each contain amino acids that are conservative substitutions for one another: 1) Alanine (A), Glycine (G); 2) Aspartic acid (D), Glutamic acid (E); 3) Asparagine (N), Glutamine (Q); 4) Arginine (R), Lysine (K); 5) Isoleucine (I), Leucine (L), Methionine (M), Valine (V); 6) Phenylalanine (F), Tyrosine (Y), Tryptophan (W); 7) Serine (S), Threonine (T); and 8) Cysteine (C), Methionine (M). See, e.g., Creighton, *Proteins* (1984).

**[0070]** A “label” or a “detectable moiety” is a composition detectable by spectroscopic, photochemical, biochemical, immunochemical, chemical, or other physical means. For example, useful labels include  $^{32}\text{P}$ , fluorescent dyes, electron-dense reagents, enzymes (e.g., as commonly used in an ELISA), biotin, digoxigenin, or haptens and proteins which can be made detectable, e.g., by incorporating a radiolabel into the peptide or used to detect antibodies specifically reactive with the peptide.

**[0071]** The term “recombinant” when used with reference, e.g., to a cell, or nucleic acid, protein, or vector, indicates that the cell, nucleic acid, protein or vector, has been modified by the introduction of a heterologous nucleic acid or protein or the alteration of a native nucleic acid or protein, or that the cell is derived from a cell so modified. Thus, for example, recombinant cells express genes that are not found within the native (non-recombinant) form of the cell or express native genes that are otherwise abnormally expressed, under expressed or not expressed at all.

**[0072]** The phrase “stringent hybridization conditions” refers to conditions under which a probe will hybridize to its target subsequence, typically in a complex mixture of nucleic acids, but to no other sequences. Stringent conditions are sequence-dependent and will be different in different circumstances. Longer sequences hybridize specifically at higher temperatures. An extensive guide to the hybridization of nucleic acids is found in Tijssen, *Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology—Hybridization with Nucleic Probes*, “Overview of principles of hybridization and the strategy of nucleic acid assays” (1993). Generally, stringent conditions are selected to be about 5-10° C. lower than the thermal melting point ( $T_m$ ) for the specific sequence at a defined ionic strength, pH, and nucleic concentration) at which 50% of the probes complementary to the target hybridize to the target sequence at equilibrium (as the target sequences are present in excess, at  $T_m$ , 50% of the probes are occupied at equilibrium). Stringent conditions may also be achieved with the addition of destabilizing agents such as formamide. For selective or specific hybridization, a positive signal is at least two times background, preferably 10 times background hybridization. Exemplary stringent hybridization conditions can be as following: 50% formamide, 5 $\times$ SSC, and 1% SDS, incubating at 42° C., or, 5 $\times$ SSC, 1% SDS, incubating at 65° C., with wash in 0.2 $\times$ SSC, and 0.1% SDS at 65° C.

**[0073]** Nucleic acids that do not hybridize to each other under stringent conditions are still substantially identical if the polypeptides which they encode are substantially identical. This occurs, for example, when a copy of a nucleic acid is created using the maximum codon degeneracy permitted by the genetic code. In such cases, the nucleic acids typically hybridize under moderately stringent hybridization conditions. Exemplary “moderately stringent hybridization conditions” include a hybridization in a buffer of 40% formamide, 1 M NaCl, 1% SDS at 37° C., and a wash in 1 $\times$ SSC at 45° C. A positive hybridization is at least twice background. Those

of ordinary skill will readily recognize that alternative hybridization and wash conditions can be utilized to provide conditions of similar stringency. Additional guidelines for determining hybridization parameters are provided in numerous reference, e.g., and *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, ed. Ausubel, et al., supra.

**[0074]** For PCR, a temperature of about 36° C. is typical for low stringency amplification, although annealing temperatures may vary between about 32° C. and 48° C. depending on primer length. For high stringency PCR amplification, a temperature of about 62° C. is typical, although high stringency annealing temperatures can range from about 50° C. to about 65° C., depending on the primer length and specificity. Typical cycle conditions for both high and low stringency amplifications include a denaturation phase of 90° C.-95° C. for 30 sec-2 min., an annealing phase lasting 30 sec.-2 min., and an extension phase of about 72° C. for 1-2 min. Protocols and guidelines for low and high stringency amplification reactions are provided, e.g., in Innis et al. (1990) *PCR Protocols, A Guide to Methods and Applications*, Academic Press, Inc. N.Y.).

**[0075]** "Antibody" refers to a polypeptide comprising a framework region from an immunoglobulin gene or fragments thereof that specifically binds and recognizes an antigen. The recognized immunoglobulin genes include the kappa, lambda, alpha, gamma, delta, epsilon, and mu constant region genes, as well as the myriad immunoglobulin variable region genes. Light chains are classified as either kappa or lambda. Heavy chains are classified as gamma, mu, alpha, delta, or epsilon, which in turn define the immunoglobulin classes, IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD and IgE, respectively. Typically, the antigen-binding region of an antibody will be most critical in specificity and affinity of binding. Antibodies can be polyclonal or monoclonal, derived from serum, a hybridoma or recombinantly cloned, and can also be chimeric, primatized, or humanized.

**[0076]** An exemplary immunoglobulin (antibody) structural unit comprises a tetramer. Each tetramer is composed of two identical pairs of polypeptide chains, each pair having one "light" (about 25 kDa) and one "heavy" chain (about 50-70 kDa). The N-terminus of each chain defines a variable region of about 100 to 110 or more amino acids primarily responsible for antigen recognition. The terms variable light chain ( $V_L$ ) and variable heavy chain ( $V_H$ ) refer to these light and heavy chains respectively.

**[0077]** Antibodies exist, e.g., as intact immunoglobulins or as a number of well-characterized fragments produced by digestion with various peptidases. Thus, for example, pepsin digests an antibody below the disulfide linkages in the hinge region to produce  $F(ab)_2$ , a dimer of Fab which itself is a light chain joined to  $V_H-C_H1$  by a disulfide bond. The  $F(ab)_2$  may be reduced under mild conditions to break the disulfide linkage in the hinge region, thereby converting the  $F(ab)_2$  dimer into an Fab' monomer. The Fab' monomer is essentially Fab with part of the hinge region (see *Fundamental Immunology* (Paul ed., 3d ed. 1993)). While various antibody fragments are defined in terms of the digestion of an intact antibody, one of skill will appreciate that such fragments may be synthesized de novo either chemically or by using recombinant DNA methodology. Thus, the term antibody, as used herein, also includes antibody fragments either produced by the modification of whole antibodies, or those synthesized de novo using recombinant DNA methodologies (e.g., single chain

Fv) or those identified using phage display libraries (see, e.g., McCafferty et al., *Nature* 348:552-554 (1990)).

**[0078]** An antibody immunologically reactive with a particular biomarker protein of the present invention can be generated by recombinant methods such as selection of libraries of recombinant antibodies in phage or similar vectors, see, e.g., Huse et al., *Science*, 246:1275-1281 (1989); Ward et al., *Nature*, 341:544-546 (1989); and Vaughan et al., *Nature Biotech.*, 14:309-314 (1996), or by immunizing an animal with the antigen or with DNA encoding the antigen.

**[0079]** Methods of preparing polyclonal antibodies are known to the skilled artisan (e.g., Harlow & Lane, 1988, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*. (Cold Spring Harbor Press)). Polyclonal antibodies can be raised in a mammal, e.g., by one or more injections of an immunizing agent and, if desired, an adjuvant. Typically, the immunizing agent and/or adjuvant will be injected in the mammal by multiple subcutaneous or intraperitoneal injections. The immunizing agent may include a protein encoded by a nucleic acid of the figures or fragment thereof or a fusion protein thereof. It may be useful to conjugate the immunizing agent to a protein known to be immunogenic in the mammal being immunized. Examples of such immunogenic proteins include but are not limited to keyhole limpet hemocyanin, serum albumin, bovine thyroglobulin, and soybean trypsin inhibitor. Examples of adjuvants which may be employed include Freund's complete adjuvant and MPL-TDM adjuvant (monophosphoryl Lipid A, synthetic trehalose dicorynomycolate). The immunization protocol may be selected by one skilled in the art without undue experimentation.

**[0080]** The antibodies can, alternatively, be monoclonal antibodies. Monoclonal antibodies may be prepared using hybridoma methods, such as those described by Kohler & Milstein, *Nature*, 256:495 (1975). In a hybridoma method, a mouse, hamster, or other appropriate host animal, is typically immunized with an immunizing agent to elicit lymphocytes that produce or are capable of producing antibodies that will specifically bind to the immunizing agent. Alternatively, the lymphocytes may be immunized in vitro. Generally, either peripheral blood lymphocytes ("PBLs") are used if cells of human origin are desired, or spleen cells or lymph node cells are used if nonhuman mammalian sources are desired. The lymphocytes are then fused with an immortalized cell line using a suitable fusing agent, such as polyethylene glycol, to form a hybridoma cell (Goding, *Monoclonal Antibodies: Principles and Practice*, pp. 59-103 (1986)). Immortalized cell lines are usually transformed mammalian cells, particularly myeloma cells of rodent, bovine and human origin. Usually, rat or mouse myeloma cell lines are employed. The hybridoma cells may be cultured in a suitable culture medium that preferably contains one or more substances that inhibit the growth or survival of the unfused, immortalized cells. For example, if the parental cells lack the enzyme hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyl transferase (HGPRT or HPRT), the culture medium for the hybridomas typically will include hypoxanthine, aminopterin, and thymidine ("HAT medium"), which substances prevent the growth of HGPRT-deficient cells.

**[0081]** Human antibodies can be produced using various techniques known in the art, including phage display libraries (Hoogenboom & Winter, *J. Mol. Biol.*, 227:381 (1991); Marks et al., *J. Mol. Biol.*, 222:581 (1991)). The techniques of Cole et al. and Boerner et al. are also available for the preparation of human monoclonal antibodies (Cole et al., *Mono-*

*clonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy*, p. 77 (1985) and Boerner et al., *J. Immunol.*, 147(1):86-95 (1991)). Similarly, human antibodies can be made by introducing of human immunoglobulin loci into transgenic animals, e.g., mice in which the endogenous immunoglobulin genes have been partially or completely inactivated. Upon challenge, human antibody production is observed, which closely resembles that seen in humans in all respects, including gene rearrangement, assembly, and antibody repertoire. This approach is described, e.g., in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,545,807; 5,545,806; 5,569,825; 5,625,126; 5,633,425; 5,661,016, and in the following scientific publications: Marks et al., *BioTechnology*, 10:779-783 (1992); Lonberg et al., *Nature*, 368:856-859 (1994); Morrison, *Nature*, 368:812-13 (1994); Fishwild et al., *Nature Biotechnology*, 14:845-51 (1996); Neuberger, *Nature Biotechnology*, 14:826 (1996); Lonberg & Huszar, *Inter. Rev. Immunol.*, 13:65-93 (1995).

**[0082]** In one embodiment, the antibody is conjugated to an "effector" moiety. The effector moiety can be any number of molecules, including labeling moieties such as radioactive labels or fluorescent labels, or can be a therapeutic moiety. In one aspect the antibody modulates the activity of the protein.

**[0083]** The nucleic acids of the differentially expressed genes of this invention or their encoded polypeptides refer to all forms of nucleic acids (e.g., gene, pre-mRNA, mRNA) or proteins, their polymorphic variants, alleles, mutants, and interspecies homologs that (as applicable to nucleic acid or protein): (1) have an amino acid sequence that has greater than about 60% amino acid sequence identity, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, preferably 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% or greater amino acid sequence identity, preferably over a region of at least about 25, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, or more amino acids, to a polypeptide encoded by a referenced nucleic acid or an amino acid sequence described herein; (2) specifically bind to antibodies, e.g., polyclonal antibodies, raised against an immunogen comprising a referenced amino acid sequence, immunogenic fragments thereof, and conservatively modified variants thereof; (3) specifically hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleic acid encoding a referenced amino acid sequence, and conservatively modified variants thereof; (4) have a nucleic acid sequence that has greater than about 95%, preferably greater than about 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or higher nucleotide sequence identity, preferably over a region of at least about 25, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, or more nucleotides, to a reference nucleic acid sequence. A polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence is typically from a mammal including, but not limited to, primate, e.g., human; rodent, e.g., rat, mouse, hamster; cow, pig, horse, sheep, or any mammal. The nucleic acids and proteins of the invention include both naturally occurring or recombinant molecules. Truncated and alternatively spliced forms of these antigens are included in the definition.

**[0084]** The phrase "specifically (or selectively) binds" when referring to a protein, nucleic acid, antibody, or small molecule compound refers to a binding reaction that is determinative of the presence of the protein or nucleic acid, such as the differentially expressed genes of the present invention, often in a heterogeneous population of proteins or nucleic acids and other biologics. In the case of antibodies, under designated immunoassay conditions, a specified antibody may bind to a particular protein at least two times the background and more typically more than 10 to 100 times background. Specific binding to an antibody under such condi-

tions requires an antibody that is selected for its specificity for a particular protein. For example, polyclonal antibodies can be selected to obtain only those polyclonal antibodies that are specifically immunoreactive with the selected antigen and not with other proteins. This selection may be achieved by subtracting out antibodies that cross-react with other molecules. A variety of immunoassay formats may be used to select antibodies specifically immunoreactive with a particular protein. For example, solid-phase ELISA immunoassays are routinely used to select antibodies specifically immunoreactive with a protein (see, e.g., Harlow & Lane, *Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual* (1988) for a description of immunoassay formats and conditions that can be used to determine specific immunoreactivity).

**[0085]** The phrase "functional effects" in the context of assays for testing compounds that modulate a marker protein includes the determination of a parameter that is indirectly or directly under the influence of a biomarker of the invention, e.g., a chemical or phenotypic effect such as altered chemokine cell signaling. A functional effect therefore includes ligand binding activity, transcriptional activation or repression, the ability of cells to proliferate, the ability to migrate, among others. "Functional effects" include in vitro, in vivo, and ex vivo activities.

**[0086]** By "determining the functional effect" is meant assaying for a compound that increases or decreases a parameter that is indirectly or directly under the influence of a biomarker of the invention, e.g., measuring physical and chemical or phenotypic effects. Such functional effects can be measured by any means known to those skilled in the art, e.g., changes in spectroscopic characteristics (e.g., fluorescence, absorbance, refractive index); hydrodynamic (e.g., shape), chromatographic; or solubility properties for the protein; ligand binding assays, e.g., binding to antibodies; measuring inducible markers or transcriptional activation of the marker; measuring changes in enzymatic activity; the ability to increase or decrease cellular proliferation, apoptosis, cell cycle arrest, measuring changes in cell surface markers. The functional effects can be evaluated by many means known to those skilled in the art, e.g., microscopy for quantitative or qualitative measures of alterations in morphological features, measurement of changes in RNA or protein levels for other genes expressed in chemokine-responsive cells, measurement of RNA stability, identification of downstream or reporter gene expression (CAT, luciferase,  $\beta$ -gal, GFP and the like), e.g., via chemiluminescence, fluorescence, colorimetric reactions, antibody binding, inducible markers, etc.

**[0087]** "Inhibitors," "activators," and "modulators" of the markers are used to refer to activating, inhibitory, or modulating molecules identified using in vitro and in vivo assays of biomarkers responsive to WIVG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS). Inhibitors are compounds that, e.g., bind to, partially or totally block activity, decrease, prevent, delay activation, inactivate, desensitize, or down regulate the activity or expression of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS). "Activators" are compounds that increase, open, activate, facilitate, enhance activation, sensitize, agonize, or up regulate activity of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), e.g., agonists. Inhibitors, activators, or modulators also include genetically modified versions of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), e.g., versions with altered activity, as well as natu-

rally occurring and synthetic ligands, antagonists, agonists, antibodies, peptides, cyclic peptides, nucleic acids, antisense molecules, ribozymes, RNAi molecules, small organic molecules and the like. Such assays for inhibitors and activators include, e.g., expressing biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) in vitro, in cells, or cell extracts, applying putative modulator compounds, and then determining the functional effects on activity, as described above.

**[0088]** Samples or assays comprising biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) that are treated with a potential activator, inhibitor, or modulator are compared to control samples without the inhibitor, activator, or modulator to examine the extent of inhibition. Control samples (untreated with inhibitors) are assigned a relative protein activity value of 100%. Inhibition of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) is achieved when the activity value relative to the control is about 80%, preferably 50%, more preferably 25-0%. Activation of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) is achieved when the activity value relative to the control (untreated with activators) is 110%, more preferably 150%, more preferably 200-500% (i.e., two to five fold higher relative to the control), more preferably 1000-3000% higher.

**[0089]** The term "test compound" or "drug candidate" or "modulator" or grammatical equivalents as used herein describes any molecule, either naturally occurring or synthetic, e.g., protein, oligopeptide (e.g., from about 5 to about 25 amino acids in length, preferably from about 10 to 20 or 12 to 18 amino acids in length, preferably 12, 15, or 18 amino acids in length), small organic molecule, polysaccharide, peptide, circular peptide, lipid, fatty acid, siRNA, polynucleotide, oligonucleotide, etc., to be tested for the capacity to directly or indirectly modulate biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS). The test compound can be in the form of a library of test compounds, such as a combinatorial or randomized library that provides a sufficient range of diversity. Test compounds are optionally linked to a fusion partner, e.g., targeting compounds, rescue compounds, dimerization compounds, stabilizing compounds, addressable compounds, and other functional moieties. Conventionally, new chemical entities with useful properties are generated by identifying a test compound (called a "lead compound") with some desirable property or activity, e.g., inhibiting activity, creating variants of the lead compound, and evaluating the property and activity of those variant compounds. Often, high throughput screening (HTS) methods are employed for such an analysis.

**[0090]** A "small organic molecule" refers to an organic molecule, either naturally occurring or synthetic, that has a molecular weight of more than about 50 daltons and less than about 2500 daltons, preferably less than about 2000 daltons, preferably between about 100 to about 1000 daltons, more preferably between about 200 to about 500 daltons.

#### Prognostic Methods

**[0091]** The present invention provides methods of providing a prognosis of IVIG treatment of multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease by detecting the expression of markers overexpressed or underexpressed in patients treated with IVIG. Providing a prognosis involves

determining the level of one or more IVIG responsive biomarker polynucleotides or the corresponding polypeptides in a patient or patient sample and then comparing the level to a baseline or range. Typically, the baseline value is representative of levels of the polynucleotide or nucleic acid in a relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient prior to IVIG treatment, as measured using a biological sample such as a sample of a bodily fluid (e.g., blood or cerebrospinal fluid). Variation of levels of a polynucleotide or corresponding polypeptides of the invention from the baseline range (either up or down) indicates that the patient is benefiting from IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

**[0092]** As used herein, the term "providing a prognosis" refers to providing a prediction of the probable course and outcome of treatment of a patient suffering from multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease with IVIG. The methods can also be used to devise a suitable alternative or additional therapy for multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treatment, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease, e.g., by indicating the failure of IVIG treatment to alleviate multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease. The prognosis can be used to adjust dose or frequency of IVIG administration as well.

**[0093]** Antibody reagents can be used in assays to detect expression levels of the biomarkers of the invention in patient samples using any of a number of immunoassays known to those skilled in the art. Immunoassay techniques and protocols are generally described in Price and Newman, "Principles and Practice of Immunoassay," 2nd Edition, Grove's Dictionaries, 1997; and Gosling, "Immunoassays: A Practical Approach," Oxford University Press, 2000. A variety of immunoassay techniques, including competitive and non-competitive immunoassays, can be used. See, e.g., Self et al., *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.*, 7:60-65 (1996). The term immunoassay encompasses techniques including, without limitation, enzyme immunoassays (EIA) such as enzyme multiplied immunoassay technique (EMIT), enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), IgM antibody capture ELISA (MAC ELISA), and microparticle enzyme immunoassay (MEIA); capillary electrophoresis immunoassays (CEIA); radioimmunoassays (RIA); immunoradiometric assays (IRMA); fluorescence polarization immunoassays (FPIA); and chemiluminescence assays (CL). If desired, such immunoassays can be automated. Immunoassays can also be used in conjunction with laser induced fluorescence. See, e.g., Schmalzing et al., *Electrophoresis*, 18:2184-93 (1997); Bao, *J. Chromatogr. B. Biomed. Sci.*, 699:463-80 (1997). Liposome immunoassays, such as flow-injection liposome immunoassays and liposome immunosensors, are also suitable for use in the present invention. See, e.g., Rongen et al., *J. Immunol. Methods*, 204:105-133 (1997). In addition, nephelometry assays, in which the formation of protein/antibody complexes results in increased light scatter that is converted to a peak rate signal as a function of the marker concentration, are suitable for use in the methods of the present invention. Nephelometry assays are commercially available from Beckman Coulter (Brea, Calif.; Kit #449-430) and can be performed using a Behring Nephelometer Analyzer (Fink et al., *J. Clin. Chem. Clin. Biochem.*, 27:261-276 (1989)).

**[0094]** Specific immunological binding of antibodies can be detected directly or indirectly. Direct labels include fluorescent or luminescent tags, metals, dyes, radionuclides, and the like, attached to the antibody. An antibody labeled with iodine-125 ( $^{125}\text{I}$ ) can be used. A chemiluminescence assay using a chemiluminescent antibody specific for the nucleic acid is suitable for sensitive, non-radioactive detection of protein levels. An antibody labeled with fluorochrome is also suitable. Examples of fluorochromes include, without limitation, DAPI, fluorescein, Hoechst 33258, R-phycoerythrin, B-phycoerythrin, R-phycoerythrin, rhodamine, Texas red, and lissamine. Indirect labels include various enzymes well known in the art, such as horseradish peroxidase (HRP), alkaline phosphatase (AP),  $\beta$ -galactosidase, urease, and the like. A horseradish-peroxidase detection system can be used, for example, with the chromogenic substrate tetramethylbenzidine (TMB), which yields a soluble product in the presence of hydrogen peroxide that is detectable at 450 nm. An alkaline phosphatase detection system can be used with the chromogenic substrate p-nitrophenyl phosphate, for example, which yields a soluble product readily detectable at 405 nm. Similarly, a  $\beta$ -galactosidase detection system can be used with the chromogenic substrate o-nitrophenyl- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside (ONPG), which yields a soluble product detectable at 410 nm. An urease detection system can be used with a substrate such as urea-bromocresol purple (Sigma Immunochemicals; St. Louis, Mo.).

**[0095]** A signal from the direct or indirect label can be analyzed, for example, using a spectrophotometer to detect color from a chromogenic substrate; a radiation counter to detect radiation such as a gamma counter for detection of  $^{125}\text{I}$ ; or a fluorometer to detect fluorescence in the presence of light of a certain wavelength. For detection of enzyme-linked antibodies, a quantitative analysis can be made using a spectrophotometer such as an EMAX Microplate Reader (Molecular Devices; Menlo Park, Calif.) in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If desired, the assays of the present invention can be automated or performed robotically, and the signal from multiple samples can be detected simultaneously.

**[0096]** The antibodies can be immobilized onto a variety of solid supports, such as magnetic or chromatographic matrix particles, the surface of an assay plate (e.g., microtiter wells), pieces of a solid substrate material or membrane (e.g., plastic, nylon, paper), and the like. An assay strip can be prepared by coating the antibody or a plurality of antibodies in an array on a solid support. This strip can then be dipped into the test sample and processed quickly through washes and detection steps to generate a measurable signal, such as a colored spot.

**[0097]** Alternatively, nucleic acid binding molecules such as probes, oligonucleotides, oligonucleotide arrays, and primers can be used in assays to detect differential RNA expression in patient samples, e.g., RT-PCR. In one embodiment, RT-PCR is used according to standard methods known in the art. In another embodiment, PCR assays such as Taqman® assays available from, e.g., Applied Biosystems, can be used to detect nucleic acids and variants thereof. In other embodiments, qPCR and nucleic acid microarrays can be used to detect nucleic acids. Reagents that bind to selected biomarkers can be prepared according to methods known to those of skill in the art or purchased commercially.

**[0098]** Analysis of nucleic acids can be achieved using routine techniques such as Southern analysis, reverse-transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR), or any other methods based on hybridization to a nucleic acid sequence

that is complementary to a portion of the marker coding sequence (e.g., slot blot hybridization) are also within the scope of the present invention. Applicable PCR amplification techniques are described in, e.g., Ausubel et al. and Innis et al., *supra*. General nucleic acid hybridization methods are described in Anderson, "Nucleic Acid Hybridization," BIOS Scientific Publishers, 1999. Amplification or hybridization of a plurality of nucleic acid sequences (e.g., genomic DNA, mRNA or cDNA) can also be performed from mRNA or cDNA sequences arranged in a microarray. Microarray methods are generally described in Hardiman, "Microarrays Methods and Applications: Nuts & Bolts," DNA Press, 2003; and Baldi et al., "DNA Microarrays and Gene Expression From Experiments to Data Analysis and Modeling," Cambridge University Press, 2002.

**[0099]** Analysis of nucleic acid markers and their variants can be performed using techniques known in the art including, without limitation, microarrays, polymerase chain reaction (PCR)-based analysis, sequence analysis, and electrophoretic analysis. A non-limiting example of a PCR-based analysis includes a Taqman® allelic discrimination assay available from Applied Biosystems. Non-limiting examples of sequence analysis include Maxam-Gilbert sequencing, Sanger sequencing, capillary array DNA sequencing, thermal cycle sequencing (Sears et al., *Biotechniques*, 13:626-633 (1992)), solid-phase sequencing (Zimmerman et al., *Methods Mol. Cell. Biol.*, 3:39-42 (1992)), sequencing with mass spectrometry such as matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization time-of-flight mass spectrometry (MALDI-TOF/MS; Fu et al., *Nat. Biotechnol.*, 16:381-384 (1998)), and sequencing by hybridization. Chee et al., *Science*, 274:610-614 (1996); Drmanac et al., *Science*, 260:1649-1652 (1993); Drmanac et al., *Nat. Biotechnol.*, 16:54-58 (1998). Non-limiting examples of electrophoretic analysis include slab gel electrophoresis such as agarose or polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, and denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis. Other methods for detecting nucleic acid variants include, e.g., the INVADER® assay from Third Wave Technologies, Inc., restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) analysis, allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridization, a heteroduplex mobility assay, single strand conformational polymorphism (SSCP) analysis, single-nucleotide primer extension (SNUPE) and pyrosequencing.

**[0100]** A detectable moiety can be used in the assays described herein. A wide variety of detectable moieties can be used, with the choice of label depending on the sensitivity required, ease of conjugation with the antibody, stability requirements, and available instrumentation and disposal provisions. Suitable detectable moieties include, but are not limited to, radionuclides, fluorescent dyes (e.g., fluorescein, fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC), Oregon Green™, rhodamine, Texas red, tetra-rhodamine isothiocyanate (TRITC), Cy3, Cy5, etc.), fluorescent markers (e.g., green fluorescent protein (GFP), phycoerythrin, etc.), auto-quenched fluorescent compounds that are activated by tumor-associated proteases, enzymes (e.g., luciferase, horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, etc.), nanoparticles, biotin, digoxigenin, and the like.

**[0101]** Useful physical formats comprise surfaces having a plurality of discrete, addressable locations for the detection of a plurality of different markers. Such formats include microarrays and certain capillary devices. See, e.g., Ng et al., *J. Cell Mol. Med.*, 6:329-340 (2002); U.S. Pat. No. 6,019,944. In these embodiments, each discrete surface location may

comprise antibodies to immobilize one or more markers for detection at each location. Surfaces may alternatively comprise one or more discrete particles (e.g., microparticles or nanoparticles) immobilized at discrete locations of a surface, where the microparticles comprise antibodies to immobilize one or more markers for detection.

**[0102]** Analysis can be carried out in a variety of physical formats. For example, the use of microtiter plates or automation could be used to facilitate the processing of large numbers of test samples. Alternatively, single sample formats could be developed to facilitate a prognosis in a timely fashion.

**[0103]** Alternatively, the antibodies or nucleic acid probes of the invention can be applied to sections of patient biopsies immobilized on microscope slides. The resulting antibody staining or in situ hybridization pattern can be visualized using any one of a variety of light or fluorescent microscopic methods known in the art.

**[0104]** In another format, the various markers of the invention also provide reagents for in vivo imaging such as, for instance, the imaging of labeled reagents that detect the nucleic acids or encoded proteins of the biomarkers of the invention. For in vivo imaging purposes, reagents that detect the presence of proteins encoded by IVIG-responsive relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) biomarkers, such as antibodies, may be labeled using an appropriate marker, such as a fluorescent marker.

#### Preparations and Administration of IVIG

**[0105]** IVIG compositions comprising whole antibodies have been described for the treatment of certain autoimmune conditions. (See, e.g., U.S. Patent Publication US 2002/0114802, US 2003/0099635, and US 2002/0098182.) The IVIG compositions disclosed in these references include polyclonal antibodies.

**[0106]** Immunoglobulin preparations according to the present invention can be prepared from any suitable starting materials. For example, immunoglobulin preparations can be prepared from donor serum or monoclonal or recombinant immunoglobulins. In a typical example, blood is collected from healthy donors. Usually, the blood is collected from the same species of animal as the subject to which the immunoglobulin preparation will be administered (typically referred to as "homologous" immunoglobulins). The immunoglobulins are isolated from the blood by suitable procedures, such as, for example, Cohn fractionation, ultracentrifugation, electrophoretic preparation, ion exchange chromatography, affinity chromatography, immunoaffinity chromatography, polyethylene glycol fractionation, or the like. (See, e.g., Cohn et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 68:459-75 (1946); Oncley et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 71:541-50 (1949); Barundern et al., *Vox Sang.* 7:157-74 (1962); Koblet et al., *Vox Sang.* 13:93-102 (1967); U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,122,373 and 5,177,194; the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference herein.)

**[0107]** In certain embodiments, immunoglobulin is prepared from gamma globulin-containing products produced by the alcohol fractionation and/or ion exchange and affinity chromatography methods well known to those skilled in the art. Purified Cohn Fraction II is commonly used. The starting Cohn Fraction II paste is typically about 95 percent IgG and is comprised of the four IgG subtypes. The different subtypes are present in Fraction II in approximately the same ratio as they are found in the pooled human plasma from which they are obtained. The Fraction II is further purified before formu-

lation into an administrable product. For example, the Fraction II paste can be dissolved in a cold purified aqueous alcohol solution and impurities removed via precipitation and filtration. Following the final filtration, the immunoglobulin suspension can be dialyzed or diafiltered (e.g., using ultrafiltration membranes having a nominal molecular weight limit of less than or equal to 100,000 daltons) to remove the alcohol. The solution can be concentrated or diluted to obtain the desired protein concentration and can be further purified by techniques well known to those skilled in the art.

**[0108]** Preparative steps can be used to enrich a particular isotype or subtype of immunoglobulin. For example, protein A, protein G or protein H sepharose chromatography can be used to enrich a mixture of immunoglobulins for IgG, or for specific IgG subtypes. (See generally Harlow and Lane, *Using Antibodies*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1999); Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1988); U.S. Pat. No. 5,180,810.)

**[0109]** Commercial sources of immunoglobulins can also be used. Such sources include but are not limited to: Gamagard S/D® (Baxter Healthcare); BayRho-D® products (Bayer Biological); Gamimune N®, 5% (Bayer Biological); Gamimune N®, 5% Solvent/Detergent Treated (Bayer Biological); Gamimune N®, 10% (Bayer Biological); Sandoglobulin I.V.® (Novartis); Polygam S/D® (American Red Cross); Venoglobulin-S® 5% Solution Solvent Detergent Treated (Alpha Therapeutic); Venoglobulin-S® 10% Solution Solvent Detergent/Treated (Alpha Therapeutic); and VZIG® (American Red Cross). The commercial source of immunoglobulin preparation for use in the methods of the present invention is not critical.

**[0110]** An alternative approach is to use fragments of antibodies, such as Fc fragments of immunoglobulins. An Fc preparation comprises Fc fragments of immunoglobulins. The term "Fc fragment" refers to a portion of an immunoglobulin heavy chain constant region containing at least one heavy chain constant region domain (e.g., C<sub>H</sub>2, C<sub>H</sub>3 and/or C<sub>H</sub>4) or an antigenic portion thereof, but excluding the variable regions of the immunoglobulin. (As used herein, a variable region refers to region of the immunoglobulin that binds to an antigen, but excludes the C<sub>H</sub>1 and C<sub>L</sub> domains.) The Fc preparation can contain entire Fc fragments and/or portions thereof (e.g., one or more heavy chain constant region domains or portions thereof containing an epitope(s) bound by the rheumatoid factors). An Fc fragment optionally can include an immunoglobulin hinge region, a heavy chain C<sub>H</sub>1 domain, and/or a heavy chain C<sub>H</sub>1 domain joined to a light chain C<sub>L</sub> domain.

**[0111]** An Fc preparation includes Fc fragments of at least one Fc isotype and can contain a mixture of immunoglobulin Fc fragments of different isotypes (e.g., IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG and/or IgM). The Fc preparation also can contain predominantly (at least 60%, at least 75%, at least 90%, at least 95%, or at least 99%) Fc fragments from one immunoglobulin isotype, and can contain minor amounts of the other subtypes. For example, an Fc preparation can contain at least about 75%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, or at least about 99% IgG Fc fragments. In addition, the Fc preparation can comprise a single IgG subtype or a mixture two or more of IgG Fc subtypes. Suitable IgG subtypes include IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, and IgG4. In a specific embodiment, the Fc preparation comprises IgG1 Fc fragments.

**[0112]** An Fc preparation is substantially free of F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments (i.e., heavy and light chain variable and first constant regions and a portion of the hinge region, which can be produced by pepsin digestion of the antibody molecule), Fab' fragments (i.e., Fab' fragments which can be generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of the F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragment), or Fab fragments (i.e., which can be generated by treating the antibody molecule with papain and a reducing agent). In this context, "substantially free" means the Fc preparation contains less than about 30%, less than about 20%, less than about 10%, less than about 5%, or less than about 1% F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, Fab' or Fab fragments. In another embodiment, the Fc preparation contains Fc fragments which are essentially free of F(ab')<sub>2</sub>, Fab' or Fab fragments. The Fc preparations are typically substantially free of whole (i.e., full length) immunoglobulins. In this context, "substantially free" means less than about 25%, or less than about 10%, or less than about 5%, or less than about 2%, less than about 1% or are free of full length immunoglobulins.

**[0113]** Immunoglobulins can be cleaved at any suitable time during preparation to separate the Fc fragments from the Fab, F(ab') and/or F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments, as applicable. A suitable enzyme for cleavage is, for example, papain, pepsin or plasmin. (See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Using Antibodies*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1999); Plan and Makula, *Vox Sanguinis* 28:157-75 (1975).) After cleavage, the Fc portions can be separated from the Fab F(ab') and/or F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments by, for example, affinity chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, gel filtration, or the like. In a specific example, immunoglobulins are digested with papain to separate the Fc fragment from the Fab fragments. The digestion mixture is then subjected to cationic exchange chromatography to separate the Fc fragments from the Fab fragments.

**[0114]** Immunoglobulin or Fc fragments can also be prepared from hybridomas or other culture system which express monoclonal antibody. (See, e.g., Kohler and Milstein, *Nature* 256:495-97 (1975); Hagiwara and Yuasa, *Hum. Antibodies Hybridomas* 4:15-19 (1993); Kozbor et al., *Immunology Today* 4:72 (1983); Cole et al., in *Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy*, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96 (1985).) Human monoclonal antibodies can be obtained, for example, from human hybridomas (see, e.g., Cote et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:2026-30 (1983)) or by transforming human B cells with EBV virus in vitro (see, e.g., Cole et al., supra). Monoclonal antibodies produced from hybridomas can be purified and the Fc fragments separated from the Fab, F(ab') and/or F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments as described herein or as known to the skilled artisan.

**[0115]** Immunoglobulin or Fc fragments also can be produced recombinantly, such as from eukaryotic cell culture systems. For example, an Fc fragment of an immunoglobulin can be recombinantly produced by Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells transfected with a vector containing a DNA sequence encoding the Fc fragment. Methods for creating such recombinant mammalian cells are described in, for example, Sambrook and Russell, *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual*, 3rd ed. (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (New York) 2001) and Ausubel et al., *Short Protocols in Molecular Biology*, 4th ed. (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (New York) 1999) and are known to the skilled artisan. Recombinant Fc can also be produced in other mammalian cell lines,

such as baby hamster kidney (BHK) cells. Methods of culturing recombinant cells to produce recombinant proteins are also known to the art.

**[0116]** A variety of other expression systems can be utilized to express recombinant immunoglobulins or Fc fragments. These include, but are not limited to, insect cell systems and microorganisms such as yeast or bacteria which have been transfected or transformed with an expression cassette encoding the desired Fc fragment. In certain embodiments, the microorganism optionally can be engineered to reproduce glycosylation patterns of mammalian or human Fc fragments.

**[0117]** In certain embodiments, further preparative steps can be used in order to render an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation safe for use in the methods according to the present invention. Such steps can include, for example, treatment with solvent/detergent, pasteurization and sterilization. Additional preparative steps may be used in order to ensure the safety of an Fc preparation. Such preparative steps can include, for example, enzymatic hydrolysis, chemical modification via reduction and alkylation, sulfonation, treatment with B-propiolactone, treatment at low pH, or the like. Descriptions of suitable methods can also be found in, for example, U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,608,254; 4,687,664; 4,640,834; 4,814,277; 5,864,016; 5,639,730 and 5,770,199; Romer et al., *Vox Sang.* 42:62-73 (1982); Romer et al., *Vox Sang.* 42:74-80 (1990); and Rutter, *J. Neurosurg. Psychiat.* 57 (Suppl.):2-5 (1994) (the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference herein).

**[0118]** An effective amount of an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation is administered to the subject generally by intravenous means. The term "effective amount" refers to an amount of an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation that results in an improvement or remediation of RRMS in the subject. An effective amount to be administered to the subject can be determined by a physician with consideration of individual differences in age, weight, disease severity and response to the therapy. In certain embodiments, an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be administered to a subject at about 5 mg/kilogram to about 500 mg/kilogram each day. In additional embodiments, an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be administered in amounts of at least about 10 mg/kilogram, at least 15 mg/kilogram, at least 20 mg/kilogram, at least 25 mg/kilogram, at least 30 mg/kilogram or at least 50 mg/kilogram. In additional embodiments, an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be administered to a subject at doses up to about 100 mg/kilogram, to about 150 mg/kilogram, to about 200 mg/kilogram, to about 250 mg/kilogram, to about 300 mg/kilogram, to about 400 mg/kilogram each day. In other embodiments, the doses of the immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be greater or less. Immunoglobulin or Fc preparations can be administered in one or more doses per day.

**[0119]** In accordance with the present invention, the time needed to complete a course of the treatment can be determined by a physician and may range from as short as one day to more than a month. In certain embodiments, a course of treatment can be from 1 to 6 months.

#### Compositions, Kits and Integrated Systems

**[0120]** The invention provides compositions, kits and integrated systems for practicing the assays described herein using antibodies specific for the polypeptides or nucleic acids specific for the polynucleotides of the invention.

**[0121]** Kits for carrying out the diagnostic assays of the invention typically include a probe that comprises an anti-

body or nucleic acid sequence that specifically binds to polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, and a label for detecting the presence of the probe. The kits may include several antibodies or polynucleotide sequences encoding polypeptides of the invention, e.g., a cocktail of antibodies that recognize the proteins encoded by the biomarkers of the invention.

#### Methods to Identify Compounds

**[0122]** A variety of methods may be used to identify compounds that prevent or treat multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease. Typically, an assay that provides a readily measured parameter is adapted to be performed in the wells of multi-well plates in order to facilitate the screening of members of a library of test compounds as described herein. Thus, in one embodiment, an appropriate number of cells, e.g., T cells, can be plated into the cells of a multi-well plate, and the effect of a test compound on the expression of an IVIG-responsive relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) biomarker can be determined.

**[0123]** The compounds to be tested can be any small chemical compound, or a macromolecule, such as a protein, sugar, nucleic acid or lipid. Typically, test compounds will be small chemical molecules and peptides. Essentially any chemical compound can be used as a test compound in this aspect of the invention, although most often compounds that can be dissolved in aqueous or organic (especially DMSO-based) solutions are used. The assays are designed to screen large chemical libraries by automating the assay steps and providing compounds from any convenient source to assays, which are typically run in parallel (e.g., in microtiter formats on microtiter plates in robotic assays). It will be appreciated that there are many suppliers of chemical compounds, including Sigma (St. Louis, Mo.), Aldrich (St. Louis, Mo.), Sigma-Aldrich (St. Louis, Mo.), Fluka Chemika-Biochemica Analytika (Buchs Switzerland) and the like.

**[0124]** In one preferred embodiment, high throughput screening methods are used which involve providing a combinatorial chemical or peptide library containing a large number of potential therapeutic compounds. Such "combinatorial chemical libraries" or "ligand libraries" are then screened in one or more assays, as described herein, to identify those library members (particular chemical species or subclasses) that display a desired characteristic activity. In this instance, such compounds are screened for their ability to reduce or increase the expression of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) biomarkers of the invention.

**[0125]** A combinatorial chemical library is a collection of diverse chemical compounds generated by either chemical synthesis or biological synthesis, by combining a number of chemical "building blocks" such as reagents. For example, a linear combinatorial chemical library such as a polypeptide library is formed by combining a set of chemical building blocks (amino acids) in every possible way for a given compound length (i.e., the number of amino acids in a polypeptide compound). Millions of chemical compounds can be synthesized through such combinatorial mixing of chemical building blocks.

**[0126]** Preparation and screening of combinatorial chemical libraries are well known to those of skill in the art. Such combinatorial chemical libraries include, but are not limited to, peptide libraries (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,010,175, Furka, *Int. J. Pept. Prot. Res.*, 37:487-493 (1991) and Houghton et

al., *Nature*, 354:84-88 (1991)). Other chemistries for generating chemical diversity libraries can also be used. Such chemistries include, but are not limited to: peptoids (e.g., PCT Publication No. WO 91/19735), encoded peptides (e.g., PCT Publication No. WO 93/20242), random bio-oligomers (e.g., PCT Publication No. WO 92/00091), benzodiazepines (e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,288,514), diversomers such as hydantoins, benzodiazepines and dipeptides (Hobbs et al., *PNAS USA*, 90:6909-6913 (1993)), vinylogous polypeptides (Hagihara et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, 114:6568 (1992)), nonpeptidal peptidomimetics with glucose scaffolding (Hirschmann et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, 114:9217-9218 (1992)), analogous organic syntheses of small compound libraries (Chen et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, 116:2661 (1994)), oligocarbamates (Cho et al, *Science*, 261:1303 (1993)), and/or peptidyl phosphonates (Campbell et al., *J. Org. Chem.*, 59:658 (1994)), nucleic acid libraries (see Ausubel, Berger and Sambrook, all supra), peptide nucleic acid libraries (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,539,083), antibody libraries (see, e.g., Vaughn et al., *Nature Biotechnology*, 14(3):309-314 (1996) and PCT/US96/10287), carbohydrate libraries (see, e.g., Liang et al., *Science*, 274:1520-1522 (1996) and U.S. Pat. No. 5,593,853), small organic molecule libraries (see, e.g., benzodiazepines, Baum C&EN, Jan. 18, page 33 (1993); isoprenoids, U.S. Pat. No. 5,569,588; thiazolidinones and metathiazanones, U.S. Pat. No. 5,549,974; pyrrolidines, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,525,735 and 5,519,134; morpholino compounds, U.S. Pat. No. 5,506,337; benzodiazepines, U.S. Pat. No.5,288,514, and the like).

**[0127]** Devices for the preparation of combinatorial libraries are commercially available (see, e.g., 357 MPS, 390 MPS, Advanced Chem Tech, Louisville Ky., Symphony, Rainin, Woburn, Mass., 433A Applied Biosystems, Foster City, Calif., 9050 Plus, Millipore, Bedford, Mass.). In addition, numerous combinatorial libraries are themselves commercially available (see, e.g., ComGenex, Princeton, N.J., Asinex, Moscow, Ru, Tripos, Inc., St. Louis, Mo., ChemStar, Ltd, Moscow, RU, 3D Pharmaceuticals, Exton, Pa., Martek Biosciences, Columbia, Md., etc.).

**[0128]** In the high throughput assays of the invention, it is possible to screen up to several thousand different modulators or ligands in a single day. In particular, each well of a microtiter plate can be used to run a separate assay against a selected potential modulator, or, if concentration or incubation time effects are to be observed, every 5-10 wells can test a single modulator. Thus, a single standard microtiter plate can assay about 96 modulators. If 1536 well plates are used, then a single plate can easily assay from about 100-about 1500 different compounds. It is possible to assay many plates per day; assay screens for up to about 6,000, 20,000, 50,000, or 100,000 or more different compounds is possible using the integrated systems of the invention.

#### Methods to Inhibit or Activate Biomarker Proteins or Biomarker Receptor Function using Antibodies

**[0129]** Because the biomarkers of the present invention are overexpressed or underexpressed in response to IVIG treatment of multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease, the biomarker proteins or their cellular receptors, may serve as targets for multiple sclerosis therapy using antibodies. In the case of, for instance, of chemokines, such as CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, whose expression is decreased upon treatment of RRMS with IVIG, antibodies that bind to and inactivate these chemokines or their receptors can be used in the treatment of multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease. Alternatively, in the case of chemokines,

such as XCL2, whose expression is increased upon IVIG treatment, antibodies may be generated which bind to and activate XCL2 receptors, thus mimicking the effect of XCL2 binding.

**[0130]** The antibodies described above may be formulated into pharmaceutical compositions comprising a carrier suitable for the desired delivery method. Suitable carriers include any material which when combined with the antibody does not interfere with function of the antibody and is non-reactive with the subject's immune systems. Examples include, but are not limited to, any of a number of standard pharmaceutical carriers such as sterile phosphate buffered saline solutions, bacteriostatic water, and the like (see, generally, *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 20<sup>th</sup> ed., 2003).

**[0131]** Antibody formulations may be administered via any route capable of delivering the antibodies to an individual suffering from multiple sclerosis. Potentially effective routes of administration include, but are not limited to, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, intradermal, and the like. One preferred route of administration is by intravenous injection. A preferred formulation for intravenous injection comprises the antibodies in a solution of preserved bacteriostatic water, sterile unpreserved water, and/or diluted in polyvinylchloride or polyethylene bags containing 0.9% sterile Sodium Chloride for Injection, USP. The antibody preparation may be lyophilized and stored as a sterile powder, preferably under vacuum, and then reconstituted in bacteriostatic water containing, for example, benzyl alcohol preservative, or in sterile water prior to injection.

**[0132]** Treatment will generally involve the repeated administration of antibody preparations via an acceptable route of administration such as intravenous injection (IV), at an effective dose. Dosages will depend upon various factors generally appreciated by those of skill in the art, including without limitation the type, stage, the severity, grade, or stage of multiple sclerosis, the binding affinity and half life of the antibody used, the degree of biomarker or receptor expression in the patient, the desired steady-state antibody concentration level, frequency of treatment, and the influence of any other agents used in combination with the treatment method of the invention. Typical daily doses may range from about 0.1 to 100 mg/kg. Doses in the range of 10-500 mg mAb per week may be effective and well tolerated, although even higher weekly doses may be appropriate and/or well tolerated. The principal determining factor in defining the appropriate dose is the amount of a particular antibody necessary to be therapeutically effective in a particular context. Repeated administrations may be required in order to achieve longer lasting remission in RRMS. Initial loading doses may be higher. The initial loading dose may be administered as an infusion. Periodic maintenance doses may be administered similarly, provided the initial dose is well tolerated.

#### Methods to Inhibit Marker Protein Expression Using Nucleic Acids

**[0133]** A variety of nucleic acids, such as antisense nucleic acids, siRNAs or ribozymes, may be used to inhibit the function of the markers of this invention. Ribozymes that cleave mRNA at site-specific recognition sequences can be used to destroy target mRNAs, particularly through the use of hammerhead ribozymes. Hammerhead ribozymes cleave mRNAs at locations dictated by flanking regions that form complementary base pairs with the target mRNA. Preferably, the target mRNA has the following sequence of two bases:

5'-UG-3'. The construction and production of hammerhead ribozymes is well known in the art.

**[0134]** Gene targeting ribozymes necessarily contain a hybridizing region complementary to two regions, each of at least 5 and preferably each 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 contiguous nucleotides in length of a target mRNA. In addition, ribozymes possess highly specific endoribonuclease activity, which autocatalytically cleaves the target sense mRNA.

**[0135]** With regard to antisense, siRNA or ribozyme oligonucleotides, phosphorothioate oligonucleotides can be used. Modifications of the phosphodiester linkage as well as of the heterocycle or the sugar may provide an increase in efficiency. Phosphorothioate is used to modify the phosphodiester linkage. An N3'-P5' phosphoramidate linkage has been described as stabilizing oligonucleotides to nucleases and increasing the binding to RNA. Peptide nucleic acid (PNA) linkage is a complete replacement of the ribose and phosphodiester backbone and is stable to nucleases, increases the binding affinity to RNA, and does not allow cleavage by RNase H. Its basic structure is also amenable to modifications that may allow its optimization as an antisense component. With respect to modifications of the heterocycle, certain heterocycle modifications have proven to augment antisense effects without interfering with RNase H activity. An example of such modification is C-5 thiazole modification. Finally, modification of the sugar may also be considered. 2'-O-propyl and 2'-methoxyethoxy ribose modifications stabilize oligonucleotides to nucleases in cell culture and in vivo.

**[0136]** Inhibitory oligonucleotides can be delivered to a cell by direct transfection or transfection and expression via an expression vector. Appropriate expression vectors include mammalian expression vectors and viral vectors, into which has been cloned an inhibitory oligonucleotide with the appropriate regulatory sequences including a promoter to result in expression of the antisense RNA in a host cell. Suitable promoters can be constitutive or development-specific promoters. Transfection delivery can be achieved by liposomal transfection reagents, known in the art (e.g., Xtreme transfection reagent, Roche, Alameda, Calif.; Lipofectamine formulations, Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.). Delivery mediated by cationic liposomes, by retroviral vectors and direct delivery are efficient. Another possible delivery mode is targeting using antibody to cell surface markers for the target cells.

**[0137]** For transfection, a composition comprising one or more nucleic acid molecules (within or without vectors) can comprise a delivery vehicle, including liposomes, for administration to a subject, carriers and diluents and their salts, and/or can be present in pharmaceutically acceptable formulations. Methods for the delivery of nucleic acid molecules are described, for example, in Gilmore, et al., *Curr Drug Delivery* (2006) 3:147-5 and Patil, et al., *AAPS Journal* (2005) 7:E61-E77, each of which are incorporated herein by reference. Delivery of siRNA molecules is also described in several U.S. Patent Publications, including for example, 2006/0019912; 2006/0014289; 2005/0239687; 2005/0222064; and 2004/0204377, the disclosures of each of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Nucleic acid molecules can be administered to cells by a variety of methods known to those of skill in the art, including, but not restricted to, encapsulation in liposomes, by iontophoresis, by electroporation, or by incorporation into other vehicles, including biodegradable polymers, hydrogels, cyclodextrins (see, for example Gonzalez et al., 1999, *Bioconjugate Chem.*,

10, 1068-1074; Wang et al., International PCT publication Nos. WO 03/47518 and WO 03/46185), poly(lactic-co-glycolic)acid (PLGA) and PLGA microspheres (see for example U.S. Pat. No. 6,447,796 and US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/130430), biodegradable nanocapsules, and bioadhesive microspheres, or by proteinaceous vectors (O'Hare and Normand, International PCT Publication No. WO 00/53722). In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecules of the invention can also be formulated or complexed with polyethyleneimine and derivatives thereof, such as polyethyleneimine-polyethyleneglycol-N-acetylgalactosamine (PEI-PEG-GAL) or polyethyleneimine-polyethyleneglycol-tri-N-acetylgalactosamine (PEI-PEG-triGAL) derivatives.

**[0138]** Examples of liposomal transfection reagents of use with this invention include, for example: CellFectin, 1:1.5 (M/M) liposome formulation of the cationic lipid N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N-tetramethyl-N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N-tetrapalmitoyl-spermine and dioleoyl phosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE) (GIBCO BRL); Cytofectin GSV, 2:1 (M/M) liposome formulation of a cationic lipid and DOPE (Glen Research); DOTAP(N-[1-(2,3-dioleoyloxy)-N,N,N-tri-methyl-ammoniummethylsulfate) (Boehringer Mannheim); Lipofectamine, 3:1 (M/M) liposome formulation of the polycationic lipid DOSPA and the neutral lipid DOPE (GIBCO BRL); and (5) siPORT (Ambion); HiPerfect (Qiagen); X-treme GENE (Roche); RNAcarrier (Epoch Biolabs) and TransPass (New England Biolabs).

**[0139]** In some embodiments, antisense, siRNA, or ribozyme sequences are delivered into the cell via a mammalian expression vector. For example, mammalian expression vectors suitable for siRNA expression are commercially available, for example, from Ambion (e.g., pSilencer vectors), Austin, Tex.; Promega (e.g., GeneClip, siSTRIKE, SiLentGene), Madison, Wis.; Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.; InvivoGen, San Diego, Calif.; and Imgenex, San Diego, Calif. Typically, expression vectors for transcribing siRNA molecules will have a U6 promoter.

**[0140]** In some embodiments, antisense, siRNA, or ribozyme sequences are delivered into cells via a viral expression vector. Viral vectors suitable for delivering such molecules to cells include adenoviral vectors, adeno-associated vectors, and retroviral vectors (including lentiviral vectors). For example, viral vectors developed for delivering and expressing siRNA oligonucleotides are commercially available from, for example, GeneDetect, Bradenton, Fla.; Ambion, Austin, Tex.; Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.; Open BioSystems, Huntsville, Ala.; and Imgenex, San Diego, Calif.

#### EXAMPLES

**[0141]** The following examples are offered to illustrate, but not to limit the claimed invention.

##### Example 1

##### Methods and Materials

##### Patients Involved in the Study

**[0142]** 10 consecutive patients with acute MS relapse as rated on McDonald's criteria (McDonald W. I. et al., *Ann Neurol*, 50:121-27 (2001)) were included. The diagnosis of definite MS was based on McDonald's criteria (Kurtzke J. F., *Neurology*, 33:1444-1452 (1983)). The EDSS (Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999)) and volumetric

brain MRI were evaluated at baseline (at relapse immediately before treatment) and 3 weeks after completion of IVIG therapy (Elovaara I. et al., *Intravenous Immunoglobulin is effective and well tolerated in the treatment of MS Relapse*, Manuscript submitted). The primary outcome measure of the study was a change in the EDSS score from baseline to week 3 after the start of IVIG therapy on day 21. Secondary outcome measures were changes in the volumes of T1-, T2-, Flair- and gadolinium (Gd)-enhanced lesions, the number of Gd-enhanced lesions, and brain volumes (Elovaara I. et al., *Intravenous Immunoglobulin is effective and well tolerated in the treatment of MS Relapse*, Manuscript submitted; Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999)). Patients' characteristics are listed in Table 1. Before entry into the study each patient signed a form of consent. The study was approved by the Ethics Committee of Tampere University, Tampere, Finland.

**[0143]** Patients who received treatment with immunosuppressants in the preceding nine months or patients who received corticosteroids in the preceding 8 weeks were excluded. All patients received 0.4 g/kg/day Endobulin (Baxter AG, Vienna, Austria) for 5 days. Clinical evaluation of the patients was done before treatment with IVIG, 1 day after completion of therapy on day 6 as well as 3 weeks after the beginning of therapy on day 21. Clinical evaluation included neurological examination, determination of the EDSS score, arm index and ambulation index. A control group of five patients received standard treatment of IVMP 100 mg/day for 3 days.

TABLE 1

Characteristics of patients included in the study		
Characteristics	IVIG Patients	IVMP Patients (controls)
Number of patients	10	5
Age (years, average $\pm$ SD)	40 $\pm$ 10.6	35.3 $\pm$ 8.8
Sex (male vs female)	3 vs 7	0 vs 5
Disease duration (years, average $\pm$ SD)	5.6 $\pm$ 3.5	5.2 $\pm$ 3.6
Time current vs previous relapse (months, average $\pm$ SD)	17.6 $\pm$ 21.0	5 $\pm$ 3.2
EDSS score during remission (average $\pm$ SD)	2.3 $\pm$ 0.95	3.2 $\pm$ 2.4
EDSS score at acute relapse (average $\pm$ SD)	3.7 $\pm$ 1.1	4.2 $\pm$ 2.0

##### MRI Analysis

**[0144]** Brain MRI examinations were done using a 1.5 Tesla MRI unit (Philips Gyroscan ACSNT Intera, Best, Netherlands) as described (Kurtzke J. F., *Neurology*, 33:1444-1452 (1983)). The MRI protocol included sagittal T1 localizer, axial fluid attenuated inversion recovery (FLAIR), T1 magnetization transfer contrast (MTC), T1 spin echo (SE), T2 turbo spin echo (TSE) (3 mm thick and 0 mm gap) and gadolinium-enhanced T1 MTC sequences. T1 axial SE (3 mm thick and 0 mm gap) and axial FLAIR (5 mm thick and 1 mm gap) sequences were used for volumetric analyses of plaques. Computerized semiautomatic segmentation and volumetric analyses were done using Anatomatic software operating in a Windows environment. The inter- and intra-observer variability of the volumetric results has been reported elsewhere (Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999); Heinonen T. et al., *J Med Eng Technol*, 22:173-8 (1998)). The

volumetric accuracy of the Anatomical program was analyzed as described (Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999)). Good head repositioning was controlled using the same head coil, the same anatomic locations and the same pack of images in different MRI sequences. Whole spinal cords were scanned separating into upper and lower parts. The same scanner was used for all MRI examinations.

#### Preparation of RNA Samples

**[0145]** Blood samples were obtained using Vacutainer CPTM Cell Preparation Tubes (Becton Dickinson, Franklin Lakes, N.J.). Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) were separated from peripheral blood within 60 min after blood sampling using density gradient (Lymphoprep, Nycomed, Roskilde, DK) centrifugation according to the manufacturer's protocol. The cells were separated into T cells and non-T cells using a mixture of non-stimulating anti-CD4+ and anti-CD8+ magnetic Dynabeads (DynaL Biotech, Oslo, N) at 4° C. Cell pellets obtained from  $5 \times 10^6$  cells were thoroughly mixed with 1 ml TRIzol (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.). Aliquots were frozen and stored at -80° C. until further processing. Total RNA was isolated according to the manufacturer's protocol. RNA pellets were dissolved in nuclease-free water (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.) and stored at -80° C.

#### Microarray Analysis

**[0146]** The HU-133A Genechip (Affymetrix, Santa Clara, Calif.) containing approximately 33,000 human genes was used. 51 g of total RNA were transcribed, labelled and hybridized in vitro on the array according to the manufacturer's protocol (see Affymetrix.com). The quality of the RNA was checked before in vitro processing using a Bioanalyzer (Agilent Technologies, Palo Alto, Calif.).

#### Statistical Analysis of Gene Expression Data

**[0147]** Statistical analysis of gene expression data was done at the Microarray Facility Tübingen, Eberhard-Karls-University Tübingen, Germany. The Affymetrix CHP files were imported into Genespring 7.1 for statistical data analysis. The signals of each array were divided by the median of all signals of the arrays from time point zero. Subsequently, a "per-gene" normalization was done by dividing all signals of

a gene by the median signal of this gene. Thus the signals of each gene start at time point zero around 1 and display values greater than 1 upon increase and vice versa. The signals were log-transformed, and fold change and p-values (Welch's t-test) (Han T. et al., *BMC bioinformatics*, 7:9 (2006)) were calculated for each gene in pair-wise comparisons. Probe sets with a fold change of more than 2 and a p-value of less than 0.05 were identified in volcano plots and called statistically significant.

#### Real Time Polymerase Chain Reaction

**[0148]** The gene expression data obtained by microarray analysis for four representative genes were confirmed by quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this purpose, 1 µg of total T cell RNA was used for reverse transcription into cDNA according to the manufacturer's protocol (MBI Fermentas, Burlington, Canada). For each sample to be analyzed, 100 ng cDNA were dissolved in 5 µl nuclease-free water (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.) and quantitatively analyzed using different TaqMan Assays-on-Demand and the ABPrism 7000 (both from Applied Biosystems, Foster City, Calif.). Data were analyzed using the  $\Delta\Delta$ CT-method, which is commonly used for relative quantification (Livak K. J. and Schmittgen T. D., *Methods*, 25:402-40 (2001)). For normalization of expression data human glyceraldehyde-3 phosphate dehydrogenase was included as a housekeeping gene. For verification of normalization, a second housekeeping gene,  $\beta$ -2 microglobulin, was used as a control (data not shown).

#### Example 2

##### Clinical Outcome of Treatment of Subjects with IVIG

**[0149]** Analysis of the clinical outcome of the study showed that a 5-day course of IVIG therapy resulted in a significant reduction of the EDSS score in all 10 patients (FIG. 1). The effectiveness of the IVIG therapy was supported by an improvement of most MRI variables (Table 2). Although similar effects were observed in the control group that received standard treatment with IVMP (Table 2), the changes in MRI variables in the control group did not reach statistical significance. Treatment with IVIG was safe and well-tolerated.

TABLE 2

MRI analysis of brain abnormalities before and after treatment with IVIG and IVMP					
Parameter	Before IVIG	After IVIG	Parameter	Before IVMP	After IVMP
	Lesion vol cm <sup>3</sup> mean ± SE	Lesion vol cm <sup>3</sup> mean ± SE		Lesion vol cm <sup>3</sup> mean ± SE	Lesion vol cm <sup>3</sup> mean ± SE
T1	1.76 ± 0.55	1.73 ± 0.59	T1	1.41 ± 0.60	1.64 ± 0.84
T2	5.49 ± 1.09	5.08 ± 1.03*	T2	11.15 ± 4.59	9.83 ± 4.17
Flair	15.76 ± 2.23	14.09 ± 1.94**	Flair	24.37 ± 8.19	23.18 ± 8.05
Gd-enhanced	0.32 ± 0.27	0.21 ± 0.24**	Gd-enhanced	0.70 ± 0.39	0.63 ± 0.37
Brain volume	1124.94 ± 40.61	1120.31 ± 40.72	Brain volume	1056.32 ± 47.78	1045.07 ± 52.53
Gd + lesion N	2.83 ± 0.71	2.00 ± 0.60**	Gd + lesion N	3.0 ± 1.5	2.7 ± 1.4
EDSS score	3.8 ± 0.3	2.6 ± 0.2**	EDSS score	4.2 ± 2.0	3.3 ± 2.4

\*p < 0.05;

\*\*p < 0.01

EDSS = Kurtzke's Expanded Disability Status Scale

Gd = Gadolinium-enhanced lesion volumes

## Example 3

## Treatment With IVIG does not Significantly Alter the Cellular Composition of Cells Obtained for Isolation of RNA

[0150] PBMCs obtained from peripheral blood were separated into T cells and non-T cells using a mixture of non-stimulating anti-CD4+ and anti-CD8+ magnetic Dynabeads at 4° C. This procedure was chosen to prevent stimulation of T cells during cell separation. To ensure that potential differences in gene expression profiles are not due to differences in the cellular composition of the different samples, we compared the expression of genes that encode CD3, CD4, CD8 and CD14 between samples obtained at different time points for each patient. Our results show that the cellular composition of the samples obtained from each patient on different days is similar (FIGS. 2A, 2B). No statistically significant differences were observed.

## Example 4

## Analysis of Gene Expression Data Obtained from Patients Treated With IVIG

[0151] Statistic analysis of gene expression data included all results obtained from microarray analysis done at three different time points (before treatment, 1 day and 21 days after beginning of treatment) and included all 10 patients treated with IVIG. The analysis revealed that 360 genes in peripheral T cells were significantly changed in expression during the course of IVIG treatment. The expression of 91 of these genes changed between day 0 and day 6, the expression of 147 genes changed between day 0 and day 21, and the expression of 122 genes changed between day 6 and day 21.

[0152] Statistical analysis of the control-patient group treated with IVMP showed differential expression of 583 genes, with the majority (218 genes) being changed between day 0 and day 6.

[0153] Tables 3a-3d present the 20 most significant changes in gene expression observed in patients treated with IVIG and IVMP.

TABLE 3a

10 genes that were most extensively up-regulated in peripheral T cells of patients during IVIG therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
4.37	21 vs 6	Transcriptional regulating factor 1	TRERF1	NM_018415
4.26	21 vs 0	chromosome 19 open reading frame 28	C19orf28	NM_174983
4	6 vs 0	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	NM_000076
3.86	21 vs 6	breast cancer 1, early onset	BRCA1	NM_007294
3.83	6 vs 0	Clone 23555 mRNA sequence	—	—
3.54	21 vs 6	—	—	—
3.52	21 vs 6	SH3-domain binding protein 4	SH3BP4	NM_014521
3.5	6 vs 0	collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant)	COL3A1	NM_000090
3.41	21 vs 0	UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 2	B3GALT2	NM_003783
3.36	21 vs 6	glycosylphosphatidylinositol specific phospholipase D1	GPLD1	NM_001503

TABLE 3b

10 genes that were most extensively down-regulated in peripheral T cells of patients during IVIG therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
-4.82	6 vs 0	myotubularin related protein 7	MTMR7	NM_004686
-3.96	6 vs 0	transmembrane protein with EGF-like and two follistatin-like domains 1	TMEFF1	NM_003692
-3.9	21 vs 0	NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1 alpha subcomplex, 5, 13 kDa	NDUFA5	NM_005000
-3.89	21 vs 6	collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant)	COL3A1	NM_000090
-3.59	21 vs 6	FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2 ( <i>Drosophila</i> )	FAT2	NM_001447
-3.57	21 vs 6	DNA damage repair and recombination protein RAD52 pseudogene	—	—
-3.34	21 vs 0	chemokine (C—X—C motif) ligand 5	CXCL5	NM_002994
-3.34	21 vs 0	mesenchymal stem cell protein DSC43	LOC51333	NM_016643
-3.26	21 vs 6	natriuretic peptide receptor C/guanylate cyclase C (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor C)	NPR3	NM_000908
-3.22	21 vs 6	early growth response 2 (Krox-20 homolog, <i>Drosophila</i> )	EGR2	NM_000399

Table 3a/b:

Timepoints:

6 vs ) represents genes with a different expression between day 0 and day 6;

21 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 21 and day 0; and

21 vs 6 refers to genes with a change in expression between day 6 and day 21.

TABLE 3c

10 genes that were most extensively up-regulated in peripheral T cells of patients during IVMP therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
15.94	21 vs 6	leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor, subfamily A (without TM domain), member 4	ILT7	NM_012276
9.26	21 vs 6	prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain)	PTGDS	NM_000954
8.91	21 vs 6	Periostin, osteoblast specific factor	POSTN	NM_006475
8.64	21 vs 6	wingless-type MMTV integration site family, member 5A	WNT5A	NM_003392
8.31	21 vs 6	prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain) /// prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain)	PTGDS	NM_000954
7.94	21 vs 6	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	NM_000076
7.41	21 vs 6	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	NM_000076
7.33	6 vs 0	defensin, alpha 1, myeloid-related sequence /// defensin, alpha 3, neutrophil-specific	DEFA1 ///	NM_005217
6.48	6 vs 0	POU domain, class 1, transcription factor 1 (Pit1, growth hormone factor 1)	POU1F1	NM_000306
6	6 vs 0	cadherin 13, H-cadherin (heart)	CDH13	NM_001257

TABLE 3d

10 genes that were most extensively down-regulated in peripheral blood cells of patients during IVMP therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
-11.52	6 vs 0	leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor, subfamily A (without TM domain), member 4	ILT7	NM_012276
-9.73	6 vs 0	tripartite motif-containing 58	TRIM58	NM_015431
-9.11	21 vs 6	Zwilch	FLJ10036	NM_017975
-8.24	21 vs 0	Integrin, alpha 1	PELO	NM_015946
-7.86	21 vs 0	zinc finger protein 6 (CMPX1)	ZNF6	NM_021998
-7.36	21 vs 6	intersectin 1 (SH3 domain protein)	ITSN1	NM_003024
-7.3	21 vs 6	phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate-induced protein 1	PMAIP1	NM_021127
-7.28	21 vs 0	transmembrane protein 47	TMEM47	NM_031442
-6.84	6 vs 0	—	—	—
-6.82	6 vs 0	prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain)	PTGDS	NM_000954

Table 3c/d:

Timepoints:

6 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 0 and day 6;

21 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 21 and day 0; and

21 vs 6 refers to genes with a change in expression between day 6 and day 21.

**[0154]** Genes mostly affected in expression by IVIG treatment include genes that encode proteins that regulate cell cycle (transcriptional regulating factor 1, TRERF1; cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C, CDKN1C; breast cancer 1, BRCA1; SH3-domain binding protein 4, SH3BP4); but also proteins that regulate inflammation [chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5, CXCL5], cell adhesion (FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2, FAT2) or cell differentiation (early growth response, EGR2). Other genes included in the list encode proteins that are involved in electron transport, phosphorylation, glycosylation, skeletal development or proteins that have not yet been defined in function.

**[0155]** Other genes of interest that were differentially regulated upon IVIG treatment encoded proteins involved in immune regulation such as interleukin 11 (IL 11), chemokine (C motif) ligand 2 (XCL2), prostaglandin E receptor 4 (PTGER4), caspase 2 (CASP2), killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, short cytoplasmic tail 1 (KIR2DS1), mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 2 (MAP4K2), chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5), chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3 (CXCL3), C-type lectin domain family 4, member E (CLEC4E), chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13 (CCL13) and alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) (see Table 4).

TABLE 4

Genes differentially expressed under IVIG treatment that encode proteins involved in immune regulation (note that accession number for CLEC4E should be NM_014358, not NM_013458 in Table 4).				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
2.00	6 vs 0	interleukin 11	IL11	NM_000641
2.38	21 vs 0	chemokine (C motif) ligand 2	XCL2	NM_003175
2.28	21 vs 0	prostaglandin E receptor 4 (subtype EP4)	PTGER4	NM_000958
2.02	21 vs 0	caspase 2, apoptosis-related cysteine protease (neural precursor cell expressed)	CASP2	NM_032982

TABLE 4-continued

Genes differentially expressed under IVIG treatment that encode proteins involved in immune regulation (note that accession number for CLEC4E should be NM_014358, not NM_013458 in Table 4).				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
2.37	21 vs 6	killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, short cytoplasmic tail, 1	KIR2DS1	NM_014512
2.35	21 vs 0	mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase kinase 2	MAP4K2	NM_004579
-3.34	21 vs 0	chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5	CXCL5	NM_002994
-2.46	21 vs 0	chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3	CXCL3	NM_002090
-2.26	21 vs 0	C-type lectin domain family 4, member E	CLEC4E	NM_013458
-3.06	21 vs 6	chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13	CCL13	NM_005408
-2.53	21 vs 6	alpha-fetoprotein	AFP	NM_001134

Table 4:

Timepoints

6 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 0 and day 6;

21 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 21 and day 0; and

21 vs 6 refers to genes with a change in expression between day 6 and day 21.

## Example 5

## Comparison of Gene Expression Data Obtained From Patients Treated With IVIG and Patients Treated With IVMP

**[0156]** When gene expression data obtained from patients treated with IVIG were compared with gene expression data obtained from patients treated with IVMP, 17 genes were identified that significantly changed in expression in both

groups of patients (Table 5). Most of the proteins that are encoded by these 17 genes regulate cell cycle (HABP4, STAT1, CDKN1, SH3BP4 and ORC1L). These results indicate that cell cycle regulation might be a mechanism of therapeutic effectiveness that both drugs have in common. The other genes that were found to be differentially regulated were only found in one of the two treatment groups and, therefore, reflect mechanisms of action that are specific for only one of the two drugs.

TABLE 5

Intersection of genes differentially expressed under both IVIG treatment and IVMP treatment			
Gene Title	Gene Symbol	GO Biological Process Description	Ref Seq ID
cadherin 5, type 2, VE-cadherin (vascular epithelium)	CDH5	cell adhesion /// homophilic cell adhesion	NM_001795
hyaluronan binding protein 4 signal transducer and activator of transcription 1, 91 kDa	HABP4	—	NM_014282
	STAT1	regulation of cell cycle /// transcription /// regulation of transcription, DNA-dependent /// transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter /// caspase activation /// intracellular signaling cascade /// I-kappaB kinase/NF-kappaB cascade /// tyrosine phosph	NM_007315
cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C(p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	regulation of cyclin dependent protein kinase activity /// G1 phase of mitotic cell cycle /// cell cycle /// cell cycle arrest /// negative regulation of cell proliferation /// negative regulation of cell cycle	NM_000076
actinin, alpha 2	ACTN2	—	NM_001103
histone 1, H2bh	HIST1H2BH	nucleosome assembly /// nucleosome assembly /// chromosome organization and biogenesis (sensu Eukaryota)	NM_003524
SH3-domain binding protein 4	SH3BP4	endocytosis /// cell cycle	NM_014521
origin recognition complex, subunit 1-like (yeast)	ORC1L	DNA replication /// DNA replication initiation	NM_004153
KIAA0644 gene product	KIAA0644	—	NM_014817
Heparan sulfate (glucosamine) 3-O-sulfotransferase 1	HS3ST1	—	NM_005114
ropporin, rhophilin associated protein 1B	ROPN1B	cytokinesis /// signal transduction /// Rho protein signal transduction /// spermatogenesis /// acrosome reaction /// fusion of sperm to egg plasma membrane /// cell-cell adhesion /// sperm motility	NM_001012337
outer dense fiber of sperm tails 2	ODF2	—	NM_002540
—	—	—	—
unknown protein	—	—	—
1-acylglycerol-3-phosphate O-acetyltransferase 7	AGPAT7	metabolism	NM_153613
zinc finger protein 804A	ZNF804A	—	NM_194250
TRAF-type zinc finger domain containing 1	TRAFD1	—	NM_006700

## Example 6

Confirmation of Gene Expression Data Obtained  
with Microarray Analysis by Real-Time PCR

**[0157]** Data obtained with microarray analysis were confirmed by quantitative real-time PCR. For this purpose, 4 genes were selected that encoded proteins known to regulate immune regulation (see Table 4): PTGER4, CXCL5, IL11 and CASP2. Results of real-time PCR are shown in FIG. 3A-D. Results obtained with real-time PCR confirm the data obtained with microarray analysis (FIG. 3A-D, and Tables 3 and 4).

## Discussion

**[0158]** The present study was designed to identify genes that are differentially expressed in peripheral T cells of patients with RRMS in acute exacerbation after treatment with IVIG. Peripheral T cells (CD4+ and CD8+ T cells) have been shown to be involved in the disease pathogenesis, in particular in the process of demyelination and axonal damage (Stinissen P. et al., *Mult Scler.*, 4:203-11 (1998)). This is supported by a recent study in which a number of genes in peripheral blood cells of MS patients were shown to be differentially expressed compared with those in healthy twins (Särkijärvi S. et al., *BMC Medical Genetics*, 7:11 (2006)).

**[0159]** Statistical data analysis revealed 360 genes that were at least 2-fold up- or down-regulated in all patients following IVIG treatment. The effect of IVIG treatment was most prominent at 21 days after the beginning of IVIG treatment. Genes mostly affected in expression by IVIG treatment included genes that encode proteins that regulate cell cycle, signal transduction, transcription, inflammation, cell-cell interactions and apoptosis. These processes are likely to be involved in the pathogenesis of MS. When we compared the effects on gene expression caused by IVIG treatment with the effects caused by IVMP treatment, we found 583 genes to be differentially regulated upon IVMP treatment. The majority of these genes was altered in expression at day 6 compared to day 0 after the beginning of therapy. These results indicate that IVMP might be a faster acting drug than UVIG.

**[0160]** We identified 17 genes that were significantly changed in expression in both groups of patients. Most of the proteins that are encoded by these 17 genes regulate cell cycle. These results strongly suggest that the regulation of cell proliferation, in particular the regulation of T cell proliferation, is a mechanism of action that both drugs have in common. These results agree with published data that indicate that IVIG suppresses the proliferation of activated T cells when given to patients with MS (Andersson U. et al., *Immunol Rev.*, 139:21-42 (1994); Bayry J. et al., *Intravenous immunoglobulin in autoimmune disorders: An insight into the immunoregulatory mechanisms*).

**[0161]** An important mechanism of action of UVIG in MS seems to be the modulation of chemokine expression. This conclusion is based on our findings that a number of genes that encode chemokines (CXCL3, CXCL5, CCL13 and XCL2) are differentially expressed upon IVIG treatment. These changes in gene expression were not found in patients treated with IVMP. Therefore, we believe that the modulation of chemokine expression in peripheral T cells might be a specific mechanism of action of IVIG in MS. Several studies have shown that chemokines and chemokine receptors are involved in the pathogenesis of MS (Trebst C. and Ransohoff R. M., *Arch Neurol*, 58:1975-80 (2001)). Chemokines have

been shown to mediate trafficking of immune cells across the blood-brain barrier and to direct migration of immune cells towards sites of active lesions (Szcucinski A. and Losy J., *Acta Neurol Scand*, 115:137-146 (2007)). Moreover, chemokines were detected in active lesions and were found to be elevated in the cerebrospinal fluid of patients with MS during relapse (Sindern E. et al., *J Neuroimmunol*, 131:186-90 (2002)). Two of the chemokines (CXCL3 and CXCL5) that were significantly down-regulated in our study are known to specifically interact with the chemokine receptor CXCR2 (Omari K. et al., *Brain*, 128:1003-1015 (2005)). Previous studies have shown that CXCR2 is not only expressed on peripheral blood cells such as granulocytes, monocytes or lymphocytes (Murdoch C. et al., *Brain*, 128:1003-1015 (2005(?)); Murphy P. M. et al., *Pharmacol Rev.*, 52:145-76 (2000)) but also on oligodendrocytes in the brain. Oligodendrocytes are most essential for the myelination of axons in the white matter of the Central Nervous System and for remyelination after demyelination of axons during inflammation in MS (Blakemore W. F., *J Neurol Sci.*, (2007)). Recently it was shown that CXCR2 expressed on oligodendrocytes is essential for the development and maintenance of the oligodendrocyte lineage, myelination and white matter in the vertebrate CNS (Tsai H. H. et al., *Cell*, 110:373-83 (2002); Padovani-Claudio D. et al., *Glia*, 54:471-483 (2006)). The regulation of oligodendrocyte development and migration depends on the localized expression of the chemokine CXCL1 and its interaction with CXCR2 expressed on oligodendrocyte precursor cells and oligodendrocytes (Padovani-Claudio D. et al., *Glia*, 54:471-483 (2006)). Any event that disrupts the interaction between CXCL1 and CXCR2 expressed on oligodendrocytes or the signalling induced by this interaction could therefore cause a disruption of the remyelination processes in MS patients. Based on these findings we propose the following hypothesis for a new mechanism of action of IVIG in RRMS patients during relapse. Peripheral T cells and monocytes enter the CNS in response to chemokines produced by the inflammation in the brain. The disrupted blood-brain barrier (Man S. et al., *Brain Pathol.*, 17:243-50 (2007)) facilitates this process. Both T cells and monocytes produce chemokines in the brain that interfere with the tightly regulated activity of oligodendrocyte precursor cells and oligodendrocytes. This interference could be caused by either a desensitization of the CXCR2 receptor expressed on oligodendrocytes or by interference with the interaction between locally expressed CXCL1 and CXCR2 on oligodendrocytes. IVIG down-regulates the expression of chemokines in peripheral T cells, monocytes or both. Consequently, the interference of chemokines produced by these cells with the function of oligodendrocytes would be prevented and the natural process of remyelination induced by oligodendrocytes would be re-established. It remains to be shown whether IVIG might not only modulate the expression of chemokines in peripheral T cells but also the expression of chemokines in cells of the CNS, e.g., in astrocytes.

**[0162]** The aim of our study was to identify genes that are likely to be associated with T cell responses in MS. The strategy that we used for positive cell selection does not exclude the possibility that some of the identified genes are associated with peripheral monocytes rather than T cells. This has to be taken into consideration when interpreting the above data. The genes that we found to be differentially expressed under IVIG treatment will be confirmed in a second clinical trial with a larger study group. Differentially expressed genes

can be used as diagnostic markers for the therapeutic efficacy of IVIG treatment. Furthermore, some of the proteins encoded by the genes of interest will provide suitable targets for future drug development.

**[0163]** It is understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that

various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application and scope of the appended claims. All publications, patents, and patent applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes.

---

SEQUENCE LISTING

<160> NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 84

<210> SEQ ID NO 1

<211> LENGTH: 3962

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transcriptional regulating factor 1 (TRERF1)  
cDNA

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (825)..(3731)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TRERF1

<400> SEQUENCE: 1

```

ctctgctcgc cccccatctc acccccacaag cggatactgg tcttctcgtc ggattgcccc 60
tgcacttggt gcagaaacag ccaaggccct ggctgtggag aatgctgaag gaagaagacg 120
cagaagcagg acgaccctga aagattcagc ctcttcatcc tcaaacaggt cgcttctcgg 180
gagttcttgg tgttgaata ttttacagca aagcagtcga ccaggcctcc tcttcccacc 240
tgtccagcag catgaaagca gcatgattgg ccgaccgag gagaagcccc cagaaccagg 300
cccccaactc agccatctgc ggaggtaag gtgtgagcga cgtctcctca ccacagtgtc 360
gtgtggtcta tacctcagcc agggagagga tgtgaaacc cccgccctgc acatgagtgg 420
tacaggccaa caggaacacc tggtccagc cacgttcaca gacatgtcag ccgtggagta 480
gtgctgacac tttctctca gttctcagg gtttcagtcc tttggggtt gggttattta 540
ccttttttat ggttttgtgg ctggacgttc acaaccaagg cagacagcat gggtgaccag 600
caactgtaca agaccaacca tgtggcccat ggtagtgaga acottttcta ccaacagcca 660
ccacttgccg tccacagcgg gctgagccca ctgatggcta ccaatacacc tactcccagg 720
ccagcgagat ccggaccag aagcttacca gcggtgtctt acacaagctg gactcttca 780
cccagtggtt tgccaacca aaactgcgaa ttcaggtcaa caatatggcc caggtgctgc 840
acactcagtc agcagtgatg gatggagccc ctgacagtgc tctccgccag ctgctgtctc 900
agaagcccat ggagccccca gcaccggcta tcccttcccg ctaccagcag gtgccccage 960
agcctcacc tggtttcaact ggtgggctgt ccaaaccage tcttcaggtc gggcagcacc 1020
ctaccaagg gcacctgtat tatgactacc agcagcctct ggctcaggtg ccagtgcagg 1080
gaggacagcc actgcaggcc ccacagatgc tgtcacagca catgcaacag atgcagcagc 1140
accagtatta cccaccgag caacagcagc aagccgggca acagcgtatc tccatgcaag 1200
aaatacagac gcagccgcaa caaattcgc catcacagcc acagccgccg ccacagcagc 1260
agcagccgca gcagctacag ctgcagcagc ggcaggggtc aatgcagata cctcagtatt 1320
atcagcccca acccatgatg cagcacttgc aagagcagca gcagcaacag atgcacctgc 1380
agcctccttc ttatcacagg gaccctcacc agtatacccc agagcaggca cacactgtcc 1440

```

-continued

---

agctgattcc cctgggctcc atgtcccagt actactacca ggagccccag cagccctaca	1500
gccacccccct ttaccagcag agccacctgt cccagcacca gcagcgtgag gacagtcagc	1560
tgaagacctc ctctagtgc agacaggccc aggccatgct gagctcccat ggggacctgg	1620
ggcctcctga cacaggaatg ggagaccag cgagctcaga tctgaccgg gtcagcagca	1680
ccctccccca tcgccccctc ctatccccca gtgggatcca cctcaacaac atggggcctc	1740
agcatcagca gctgtctccc agtgccatgt ggccccagat gcacctacct gatgggagag	1800
cccagccagg gtccccctgag tcaagtggcc aacccaaagg agcgtttggg gagcagtttg	1860
atgccaagaa caagctgaca tgctccatct gcctgaagga gttcaagaac ctgcctgccc	1920
tgaatggcca catgcggtcc caegggggaa tgaggcctc ccccaacctc aaacaggaaa	1980
tccccaggaa gcatcagccg agtgtgccc aagccgagga gccctcaag accgtgcagg	2040
agaagaaaaa gttccggcac cggtcggaac ctctcttcat cccgccgccc cctcctaca	2100
acccgaacct cgctgcctcc tactcgggcg ccacctgta ccagagccag ctgcgctccc	2160
cgcgctcct cggggaccac ctgctcctgg accccacca cgagctgccc ccttacacgc	2220
ccccacccat gctgagcccc gtgcgccagg gctcggggct cttcagcaat gtctcatct	2280
ccggccacgg ccttggcgcc caccgcagc tgccccctgac gccctgacg cccacaccac	2340
gggtgctgct gtgtcgtccc aacagcatcg atggcagcaa cgtgacggtc accccagggc	2400
ctggagagca gactgtagat gttgaaccac gcatcaacat tggcttgaga ttccaagcag	2460
aatccctga actccaagat atctctgccc tggcccagga cacacacaag gccacactgg	2520
tatggaagcc ctggccagaa ctagaaaacc atgacctcca gcaaagagtg gagaatcttc	2580
tgaatttggt ctgttccagt gcattgccag gtggagggac caattctgaa tttgctttgc	2640
actctctgtt tgaggccaaa ggtgatgtga tggttgctct ggaaatgctg ctactgcgga	2700
agcctgtcag gttaaaatgt catcctttag caaattacca ctatgccggt tcggacaagt	2760
ggacctccct agaagaaaa ctgtttaaca aagcactagc cacttacagc aaagacttta	2820
ttttgtaca gaagatggtg aagtccaaga cggtggtcga gtgcgtggag tactactaca	2880
cgtggaaaaa gatcatgctg ctggggcgga aacaccggac acgcttgca gaaatcatcg	2940
acgattgtgt gacaagtgaa gaagaagaag agttagagga ggaggaggag gaggaccg	3000
aagaagatag gaaatccaca aaagaagaag agagtgaggt gccgaagtcc cgggagccac	3060
caccctccc cgctcctggct cccacggagg ggccgcccct gcaggccctg gccagccct	3120
caggctcctt catctgtgaa atgcccact gtggggctga ctgtagatgt catgtcactc	3180
cctttcttcc ccagggtgct agctcccagc aggcactgaa tggccatgcc cgcacccacg	3240
ggggcaccaa ccaggtgacc aaggcccag gtgccatccc ctctgggaag cagaagcctg	3300
gtggcaccac gagtgggtac tgttcggtaa agagctcacc ctctcacagc accaccagcg	3360
gcgagacaga cccaccacc atcttcccct gcaaggagtg tggcaaagtc ttcttcaaga	3420
tcaaaagccg aaatgcacac atgaaaactc acaggcagca ggaggaacaa cagaggcaaa	3480
aggctcagaa ggcggtttt ctgagctgaga tggcagccac gattgagagg actacggggc	3540
ccgtgggggc gccggggctg ctgccctgg accagctgag tctgatcaaa cccatcaagg	3600
atgtggacat cctcgacgac gacgtcgtcc agcagttggg aggtgtcatg gaagaggctg	3660
aagttgtgga caccgatctt ctcttgatg atcaagattc agtcttgctt cagggtgacg	3720

-continued

```

cagaactata aagccctgtg tgtcacttag agacagttaa aacccacggc ctccatcttc 3780
attaatcagg aaacctggac tgctgcttg ttttgtaacc cttttaaact acctgtttta 3840
aaagtggca ttttattcag gtttagaaaa aaaaatccta tttcttttcc ttttatttaa 3900
aaaaattgt ttttggtggg ggttgggggg aataaataat tggcacaact aaaaaaaaaa 3960
aa 3962

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 2
<211> LENGTH: 966
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transcriptional regulating factor 1 (TRERF1)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 2

```

```

Met Ala Gln Val Leu His Thr Gln Ser Ala Val Met Asp Gly Ala Pro
1          5          10          15
Asp Ser Ala Leu Arg Gln Leu Leu Ser Gln Lys Pro Met Glu Pro Pro
          20          25          30
Ala Pro Ala Ile Pro Ser Arg Tyr Gln Gln Val Pro Gln Gln Pro His
          35          40          45
Pro Gly Phe Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser Lys Pro Ala Leu Gln Val Gly Gln
          50          55          60
His Pro Thr Gln Gly His Leu Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Gln Gln Pro Leu Ala
65          70          75          80
Gln Val Pro Val Gln Gly Gly Gln Pro Leu Gln Ala Pro Gln Met Leu
          85          90          95
Ser Gln His Met Gln Gln Met Gln Gln His Gln Tyr Tyr Pro Pro Gln
100         105         110
Gln Gln Gln Gln Ala Gly Gln Gln Arg Ile Ser Met Gln Glu Ile Gln
115         120         125
Thr Gln Pro Gln Gln Ile Arg Pro Ser Gln Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Gln
130         135         140
Gln Gln Gln Pro Gln Gln Leu Gln Leu Gln Gln Arg Gln Gly Ser Met
145         150         155         160
Gln Ile Pro Gln Tyr Tyr Gln Pro Gln Pro Met Met Gln His Leu Gln
165         170         175
Glu Gln Gln Gln Gln Gln Met His Leu Gln Pro Pro Ser Tyr His Arg
180         185         190
Asp Pro His Gln Tyr Thr Pro Glu Gln Ala His Thr Val Gln Leu Ile
195         200         205
Pro Leu Gly Ser Met Ser Gln Tyr Tyr Tyr Gln Glu Pro Gln Gln Pro
210         215         220
Tyr Ser His Pro Leu Tyr Gln Gln Ser His Leu Ser Gln His Gln Gln
225         230         235         240
Arg Glu Asp Ser Gln Leu Lys Thr Tyr Ser Ser Asp Arg Gln Ala Gln
245         250         255
Ala Met Leu Ser Ser His Gly Asp Leu Gly Pro Pro Asp Thr Gly Met
260         265         270
Gly Asp Pro Ala Ser Ser Asp Leu Thr Arg Val Ser Ser Thr Leu Pro
275         280         285
His Arg Pro Leu Leu Ser Pro Ser Gly Ile His Leu Asn Asn Met Gly
290         295         300

```

-continued

---

Pro Gln His Gln Gln Leu Ser Pro Ser Ala Met Trp Pro Gln Met His  
 305 310 315 320

Leu Pro Asp Gly Arg Ala Gln Pro Gly Ser Pro Glu Ser Ser Gly Gln  
 325 330 335

Pro Lys Gly Ala Phe Gly Glu Gln Phe Asp Ala Lys Asn Lys Leu Thr  
 340 345 350

Cys Ser Ile Cys Leu Lys Glu Phe Lys Asn Leu Pro Ala Leu Asn Gly  
 355 360 365

His Met Arg Ser His Gly Gly Met Arg Ala Ser Pro Asn Leu Lys Gln  
 370 375 380

Glu Ile Pro Arg Lys His Gln Pro Ser Val Pro Lys Ala Glu Glu Pro  
 385 390 395 400

Leu Lys Thr Val Gln Glu Lys Lys Lys Phe Arg His Arg Ser Glu Pro  
 405 410 415

Leu Phe Ile Pro Pro Pro Ser Tyr Asn Pro Asn Pro Ala Ala Ser  
 420 425 430

Tyr Ser Gly Ala Thr Leu Tyr Gln Ser Gln Leu Arg Ser Pro Arg Val  
 435 440 445

Leu Gly Asp His Leu Leu Leu Asp Pro Thr His Glu Leu Pro Pro Tyr  
 450 455 460

Thr Pro Pro Pro Met Leu Ser Pro Val Arg Gln Gly Ser Gly Leu Phe  
 465 470 475 480

Ser Asn Val Leu Ile Ser Gly His Gly Pro Gly Ala His Pro Gln Leu  
 485 490 495

Pro Leu Thr Pro Leu Thr Pro Thr Pro Arg Val Leu Leu Cys Arg Ser  
 500 505 510

Asn Ser Ile Asp Gly Ser Asn Val Thr Val Thr Pro Gly Pro Gly Glu  
 515 520 525

Gln Thr Val Asp Val Glu Pro Arg Ile Asn Ile Gly Leu Arg Phe Gln  
 530 535 540

Ala Glu Ile Pro Glu Leu Gln Asp Ile Ser Ala Leu Ala Gln Asp Thr  
 545 550 555 560

His Lys Ala Thr Leu Val Trp Lys Pro Trp Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn His  
 565 570 575

Asp Leu Gln Gln Arg Val Glu Asn Leu Leu Asn Leu Cys Cys Ser Ser  
 580 585 590

Ala Leu Pro Gly Gly Gly Thr Asn Ser Glu Phe Ala Leu His Ser Leu  
 595 600 605

Phe Glu Ala Lys Gly Asp Val Met Val Ala Leu Glu Met Leu Leu Leu  
 610 615 620

Arg Lys Pro Val Arg Leu Lys Cys His Pro Leu Ala Asn Tyr His Tyr  
 625 630 635 640

Ala Gly Ser Asp Lys Trp Thr Ser Leu Glu Arg Lys Leu Phe Asn Lys  
 645 650 655

Ala Leu Ala Thr Tyr Ser Lys Asp Phe Ile Phe Val Gln Lys Met Val  
 660 665 670

Lys Ser Lys Thr Val Ala Gln Cys Val Glu Tyr Tyr Tyr Thr Trp Lys  
 675 680 685

Lys Ile Met Arg Gly Arg Lys His Arg Thr Arg Leu Ala Glu Ile Ile  
 690 695 700

-continued

---

Asp Asp Cys Val Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Leu Glu Glu Glu Glu  
 705 710 715 720

Glu Glu Asp Pro Glu Glu Asp Arg Lys Ser Thr Lys Glu Glu Glu Ser  
 725 730 735

Glu Val Pro Lys Ser Pro Glu Pro Pro Pro Val Pro Val Leu Ala Pro  
 740 745 750

Thr Glu Gly Pro Pro Leu Gln Ala Leu Gly Gln Pro Ser Gly Ser Phe  
 755 760 765

Ile Cys Glu Met Pro Asn Cys Gly Ala Asp Cys Arg Cys His Val Thr  
 770 775 780

Pro Phe Leu Pro Gln Val Phe Ser Ser Arg Gln Ala Leu Asn Gly His  
 785 790 795 800

Ala Arg Ile His Gly Gly Thr Asn Gln Val Thr Lys Ala Arg Gly Ala  
 805 810 815

Ile Pro Ser Gly Lys Gln Lys Pro Gly Gly Thr Gln Ser Gly Tyr Cys  
 820 825 830

Ser Val Lys Ser Ser Pro Ser His Ser Thr Thr Ser Gly Glu Asp Pro  
 835 840 845

Thr Thr Ile Phe Pro Cys Lys Glu Cys Gly Lys Val Phe Phe Lys Ile  
 850 855 860

Lys Ser Arg Asn Ala His Met Lys Thr His Arg Gln Gln Glu Glu Gln  
 865 870 875 880

Gln Arg Gln Lys Ala Gln Lys Ala Ala Phe Ala Ala Glu Met Ala Ala  
 885 890 895

Thr Ile Glu Arg Thr Thr Gly Pro Val Gly Ala Pro Gly Leu Leu Pro  
 900 905 910

Leu Asp Gln Leu Ser Leu Ile Lys Pro Ile Lys Asp Val Asp Ile Leu  
 915 920 925

Asp Asp Asp Val Val Gln Gln Leu Gly Gly Val Met Glu Glu Ala Glu  
 930 935 940

Val Val Asp Thr Asp Leu Leu Leu Asp Asp Gln Asp Ser Val Leu Leu  
 945 950 955 960

Gln Gly Asp Ala Glu Leu  
 965

<210> SEQ ID NO 3  
 <211> LENGTH: 2138  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chromosome 19 open reading frame 28 (C19orf28)  
 cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (171)..(1613)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: C19orf28

<400> SEQUENCE: 3

```
tggggcggac gcgccggacg tgggtgaggg cgcggccgta agagagcggg acgcggggtg      60
ccccggcgcgt ggtgggggtc cccgggcctt gccccaccgg caccacaaga ggctggcca      120
gggtaccctc cgcggagccc ggggggtggg gcgcggggcc eggcgcgcg atgggcccg      180
gacccccagc ggcggagcg gcgcgctccc cgcggccgct gtcctgggtg gcgcggctga      240
gctacgcctt gggccacttc ctcaacgacc tgtgcgcgct catgtggttc acctacctgc      300
```

-continued

```

tgctctacct gcaactcgggtg cgcgcctaca gctcccgcgg cgcggggctg ctgctgctgc 360
tgggccaggt ggcgcacggg ctgtgcacac cgctcgtggg ctacgaggcc gaccgcgccg 420
ccagctgctg cgccectac ggcccgcgca aggcctggca cctggteggc accgtctgcg 480
tcctgctgtc cttccccttc atcttcagcc cctgcctggg ctgtggggcg gccacgcccg 540
agtgggctgc cctcctctac tacggcccgt tcategtgat cttccagttt ggtggggcct 600
ccacacagat ctcccacctc agcctcatcc cggagctcgt caccaacgac catgagaagg 660
tggagctcac ggcactcagg tatgcgttca ccgtgggtgg caacatcacc gtctacggcg 720
ccgcctggct cctgctgac ctgcagggct cgtcgcgggt ggagcccacc caagacatca 780
gcatcagcga ccagctgggg ggccaggacg tgcccgtggt ccggaacctg tcctgctggt 840
tgggtgggtgt cggcgcctgt ttctcactgc tattccacct gggcaccocgg gagaggcgcc 900
ggccgcatgc ggaggagcca ggcgagcaca cccccctggt ggcccctgcc acggcccagc 960
ccctgctgct ctggaagcac tggctccggg agccggcttt ctaccagggtg ggcatactgt 1020
acatgaccac caggctcatc gtgaacctgt cccagaccta catggccatg tacctcacct 1080
actcgtccca cctgcccagg aagtccatcg cgaccattcc cctgggtgatg tacctcagcg 1140
gcttcttctc ctccttcctc atgaagccca tcaacaagtg cattgggagg aacatgacct 1200
acttctcagg cctcctggtg atctcggcct ttgccgcctg ggtggcgctg gcggagggac 1260
tgggtgtggc cgtgtacgca gcggtgtgct tgctgggtgc tggctgtgcc accatcctcg 1320
tcacctcgct ggccatgacg gccgacctca tcggtcccca cacgaacagc ggagcgttcg 1380
tgtacggctc catgagcttc ttggataagg tggccaatgg gctggcagtc atggccatcc 1440
agagcctgca cccctgcccc tcagagctct gctgcagggc ctgctgtagc ttttaccact 1500
gggcgatggt ggctgtgacg ggcggcgtgg gcgtggccgc tgccctgtgt ctctgtagcc 1560
tcctgctgtg gccgacccgc ctgacgacgt gggaccgtga tgcccggccc tgactcctga 1620
cagcctcctg cacctgtgca agggaactgt ggggacgcac gaggatgccc cccagggcct 1680
tggggaaaag ccccactgca ccctcactct tctctggacc cccaccctcc atcctcacc 1740
agctcccggg ggtggggctg ggtgagggca gcagggatgc ccgccaggga cttgcaagga 1800
ccccctgggt tttgaggggt tcccattctc aactetaatc catcccagcc ctctggagga 1860
tttggggctg ccctctcggc agggaacagg aagtaggaat cccagaaggg tctgggggaa 1920
ccctaaccct gagctcagtc cagttcacc ctcacctcca gctgggggt ctcagacac 1980
tgccagggcc ccctcaggac ggctggagcc tggaggagac agccacgggg tgggtggctg 2040
ggcctggacc ccaccgtggt gggcagcagg gctgcccggc aggtctggtg gactctgctg 2100
gcagcaata aagagatgac ggcaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 2138

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 4

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 480

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: chromosome 19 open reading frame 28 (C19orf28)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 4

```

Met Gly Pro Gly Pro Pro Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala Pro Ser Pro Arg Pro
1           5           10          15

```

```

Leu Ser Leu Val Ala Arg Leu Ser Tyr Ala Val Gly His Phe Leu Asn

```

-continued

20					25					30					
Asp	Leu	Cys	Ala	Ser	Met	Trp	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Leu	His
	35						40					45			
Ser	Val	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Arg	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	
	50				55						60				
Gly	Gln	Val	Ala	Asp	Gly	Leu	Cys	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Ala
65					70					75					80
Asp	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Cys	Cys	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Pro	Arg	Lys	Ala	Trp
				85					90					95	
His	Leu	Val	Gly	Thr	Val	Cys	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Phe	Pro	Phe	Ile	Phe
			100					105					110		
Ser	Pro	Cys	Leu	Gly	Cys	Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ala	Ala	Leu
		115					120					125			
Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Pro	Phe	Ile	Val	Ile	Phe	Gln	Phe	Gly	Trp	Ala	Ser
	130					135						140			
Thr	Gln	Ile	Ser	His	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ile	Pro	Glu	Leu	Val	Thr	Asn	Asp
145					150					155					160
His	Glu	Lys	Val	Glu	Leu	Thr	Ala	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Ala	Phe	Thr	Val	Val
			165						170					175	
Ala	Asn	Ile	Thr	Val	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Ala	Trp	Leu	Leu	Leu	His	Leu	Gln
			180					185						190	
Gly	Ser	Ser	Arg	Val	Glu	Pro	Thr	Gln	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asp	Gln
	195						200					205			
Leu	Gly	Gly	Gln	Asp	Val	Pro	Val	Phe	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Leu	Val
	210					215					220				
Val	Gly	Val	Gly	Ala	Val	Phe	Ser	Leu	Leu	Phe	His	Leu	Gly	Thr	Arg
225					230					235					240
Glu	Arg	Arg	Arg	Pro	His	Ala	Glu	Glu	Pro	Gly	Glu	His	Thr	Pro	Leu
				245					250					255	
Leu	Ala	Pro	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gln	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Trp	Leu
		260						265					270		
Arg	Glu	Pro	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Val	Gly	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Met	Thr	Thr	Arg
	275						280					285			
Leu	Ile	Val	Asn	Leu	Ser	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Met	Ala	Met	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Tyr
	290					295					300				
Ser	Leu	His	Leu	Pro	Lys	Lys	Phe	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ile	Pro	Leu	Val	Met
305					310					315					320
Tyr	Leu	Ser	Gly	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ser	Phe	Leu	Met	Lys	Pro	Ile	Asn	Lys
			325						330					335	
Cys	Ile	Gly	Arg	Asn	Met	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Ser	Gly	Leu	Leu	Val	Ile	Leu
			340					345					350		
Ala	Phe	Ala	Ala	Trp	Val	Ala	Leu	Ala	Glu	Gly	Leu	Gly	Val	Ala	Val
		355					360					365			
Tyr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr	Ile	Leu	Val
	370					375					380				
Thr	Ser	Leu	Ala	Met	Thr	Ala	Asp	Leu	Ile	Gly	Pro	His	Thr	Asn	Ser
385					390					395					400
Gly	Ala	Phe	Val	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Met	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asp	Lys	Val	Ala	Asn
			405						410					415	
Gly	Leu	Ala	Val	Met	Ala	Ile	Gln	Ser	Leu	His	Pro	Cys	Pro	Ser	Glu
			420					425					430		



-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 6  
 <211> LENGTH: 316  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (CDKN1C,  
 p57, Kip2)

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

```

Met Ser Asp Ala Ser Leu Arg Ser Thr Ser Thr Met Glu Arg Leu Val
1           5           10           15

Ala Arg Gly Thr Phe Pro Val Leu Val Arg Thr Ser Ala Cys Arg Ser
20           25           30

Leu Phe Gly Pro Val Asp His Glu Glu Leu Ser Arg Glu Leu Gln Ala
35           40           45

Arg Leu Ala Glu Leu Asn Ala Glu Asp Gln Asn Arg Trp Asp Tyr Asp
50           55           60

Phe Gln Gln Asp Met Pro Leu Arg Gly Pro Gly Arg Leu Gln Trp Thr
65           70           75           80

Glu Val Asp Ser Asp Ser Val Pro Ala Phe Tyr Arg Glu Thr Val Gln
85           90           95

Val Gly Arg Cys Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Pro Arg Pro Val Ala Val Ala
100          105          110

Val Ala Val Ser Pro Pro Leu Glu Pro Ala Ala Glu Ser Leu Asp Gly
115          120          125

Leu Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Gln Leu Pro Ser Val Pro Val Pro Ala Pro
130          135          140

Ala Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Val Pro Val Leu Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
145          150          155          160

Ala Pro Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Val Ala
165          170          175

Val Leu Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
180          185          190

Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
195          200          205

Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Asp Ala Ala Pro Gln Glu Ser Ala
210          215          220

Glu Gln Gly Ala Asn Gln Gly Gln Arg Gly Gln Glu Pro Leu Ala Asp
225          230          235          240

Gln Leu His Ser Gly Ile Ser Gly Arg Pro Ala Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala
245          250          255

Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Ala Ala Ile Lys Lys Leu Ser Gly Pro Leu Ile
260          265          270

Ser Asp Phe Phe Ala Lys Arg Lys Arg Ser Ala Pro Glu Lys Ser Ser
275          280          285

Gly Asp Val Pro Ala Pro Cys Pro Ser Pro Ser Ala Ala Pro Gly Val
290          295          300

Gly Ser Val Glu Gln Thr Pro Arg Lys Arg Leu Arg
305          310          315

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 7  
 <211> LENGTH: 7190  
 <212> TYPE: DNA

-continued

---

```

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: breast cancer 1, early onset (BRCA1) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (201)..(5792)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: BRCA1

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

cttagcggta gcccttgggt ttccgtggca acgaaaaagc ggggaatta cagataaatt    60
aaaactgcga ctgcgcggcg tgagctcgct gagacttctt ggacggggga caggctgtgg    120
ggtttctcag ataactgggc ccctgcgctc aggaggcctt cacctctgct tctgggtaaa    180
gttcattgga acagaaagaa atggatttat tgctcttcgc gttgaagaag taaaaaatgt    240
cattaatgct atgcagaaaa tcttagagtg tcccatctgt ctggagtga tcaaggaacc    300
tgtctccaca aagtgtgacc acatattttg caaatTTTgc atgctgaaac ttctcaacca    360
gaagaaaggg ccttcacagt gtcctttatg taagaatgat ataacaaaa ggagcctaca    420
agaaagtacg agatttagtc aactgttga agagctattg aaaatcattt gtgcttttca    480
gcttgacaca gtttggagt atgcaaacag ctataatTTT gcaaaaaagg aaaataactc    540
tcctgaacat ctaaaagatg aagtttctat catccaaagt atgggctaca gaaaccgtgc    600
caaaagactt ctacagagtg aacccgaaaa tccttccttg caggaaacca gtctcagtgt    660
ccaactctct aaccttgaa ctgtgagaac tctgaggaca aagcagcggg tacaacctca    720
aaagacgtct gtctacattg aattgggatc tgattcttct gaagataccg ttaataaggc    780
aacttattgc agtgtgggag atcaagaatt gttacaaatc acccctcaag gaaccaggga    840
tgaaatcagt ttgattcttg caaaaaaggc tgcttgtaa tttctgaga cggatgtaac    900
aaatactgaa catcatcaac ccagtaataa tgattgaaac accactgaga agcgtgcagc    960
tgagaggcat ccagaaaagt atcagggtag ttctgtttca aactgcatg tggagccatg   1020
tggcacaat actcatgcca gctcattaca gcatgagaac agcagtttat tactactaa   1080
agacagaatg aatgtagaaa aggtgaatt ctgtaataaa agcaaacagc ctggcttagc   1140
aaggagccaa cataacagat gggctggaag taaggaaaca tgtaatgata ggcggactcc   1200
cagcacagaa aaaaaggtag atctgaaatg tgatcccctg tgtgagagaa aagaatggaa   1260
taagcagaaa ctgccatgct cagagaatcc tagagatact gaagatgttc cttggataac   1320
actaaatagc agcattcaga aagttaatga gtggTTTTcc agaagtgatg aactgttagg   1380
ttctgatgac tcacatgatg gggagtctga atcaaatgcc aaagtagctg atgtattgga   1440
cgttctaata gaggtgatg aatattctgg ttcttcagag aaaatagact tactggccag   1500
tgatcctcat gaggttttaa tatgtaaaag tgaagagatt cactocaaat cagtagagag   1560
taatattgaa gacaaaatat ttgggaaaac ctatcggaag aaggcaagcc tccccactt   1620
aagccatgta actgaaaatc taattatagg agcatttgtt actgagccac agataataca   1680
agagcgtccc ctcacaaata aattaaagcg taaaaggaga cctacatcag gccttcatcc   1740
tgaggatttt atcaagaaag cagatttggc agttcaaaag actcctgaaa tgataaatca   1800
gggaactaac caaacggagc agaattgtca agtgatgaa attactaata gtggctcatga   1860
gaataaaaca aaaggtgatt ctattcagaa tgagaaaaat cctaaccaca tagaatcact   1920
cgaaaaagaa tctgctttca aaacgaaagc tgaacctata agcagcagta taagcaatat   1980

```

-continued

---

ggaactcgaa ttaatatcc acaattcaaa agcacctaaa aagaatagc tgaggaggaa	2040
gtcttctacc aggcataatc atgctgctga actagtagtc agtagaaatc taagcccacc	2100
taattgtact gaattgcaaa ttgatagttg ttctagcagt gaagagataa agaaaaaaaa	2160
gtacaaccaa atgccagtca ggcacagcag aaacctacaa ctcatggaag gtaaagaacc	2220
tgcaactgga gccaaaga gtaacaagcc aatgaacag acaagtaaaa gacatgacag	2280
cgatacttcc ccagagctga agttaacaaa tgcacctggt tcttttacta agtggtcaaa	2340
taccagttaa cttaagaat ttgtcaatcc tagccttcca agagaagaaa aagaagagaa	2400
actagaaaca gttaaagtgt ctaataatgc tgaagacccc aaagatctca tgttaagtgg	2460
agaaagggtt ttgcaactg aaagatctgt agagagtagc agtatctcat tggtaacctg	2520
tactgattat ggcactcagg aaagtatctc gttactggaa gttagcactc tagggaaggc	2580
aaaaacagaa ccaataaat gtgtgagtca gtgtgcagca tttgaaaacc ccaagggact	2640
aattcatggt tgttccaaag ataatagaaa tgacacagaa ggctttaagt atccattggg	2700
acatgaagtt aaccacagtc gggaaacaag catagaaatg gaagaaagtg aacttgatgc	2760
tcagtatttg cagaatacat tcaaggtttc aaagcgcag tcatttgctc cgttttcaaa	2820
tccaggaaat gcagaagagg aatgtgcaac attctctgcc cactctgggt ccttaagaa	2880
acaaagtcca aaagtcactt ttgaatgtga acaaaaggaa gaaaatcaag gaaagaatga	2940
gtctaataatc aagcctgtac agacagtaa tactactgca ggctttcctg tggttggtca	3000
gaaagataag ccagttgata atgccaaatg tagtatcaaa ggaggctcta ggtttgtct	3060
atcatctcag ttcagaggca acgaaactgg actcattact ccaataaac atggactttt	3120
acaaaacca tatcgtatac caccactttt tccatcaag tcatttgta aactaaatg	3180
taagaaaaat ctgctagagg aaaactttga ggaacattca atgtcacctg aaagagaaat	3240
gggaaatgag aacattccaa gtacagttag caccaattagc cgtaataaca ttagagaaaa	3300
tgtttttaa gaagccagct caagcaatat taatgaagta ggttcagta ctaatgaagt	3360
gggctccagt attaatgaaa taggttccag tgatgaaac attcaagcag aactaggtag	3420
aaacagaggg ccaaaattga atgctatgct tagattaggg gttttgcaac ctgaggctca	3480
taaacaagt cttcctggaa gtaattgtaa gcatcctgaa ataaaaaagc aagaatatga	3540
agaagtagtt cagactgtta atacagattt ctctccatat ctgatttcag ataacttaga	3600
acagcctatg ggaagtagtc atgcatctca ggtttgttct gagacacctg atgacctgtt	3660
agatgatggt gaaataaagg aagatactag ttttgctgaa aatgacatta aggaaagttc	3720
tgctgttttt agcaaaagc tccagaaagg agagcttagc aggagtctca gccctttcac	3780
ccatacacat ttggctcagg gttaccgaag aggggccaag aaattagagt cctcagaaga	3840
gaacttatct agtgaggatg aagagcttcc ctgcttccaa cacttggtat ttggtaaagt	3900
aaacaatata ccttctcagt ctactaggca tagcaccgtt gctaccgagt gtctgtctaa	3960
gaacacagag gagaatttat tatcattgaa gaatagctta aatgactgca gtaaccaggt	4020
aatattggca aaggcatctc aggaacatca ccttagtgag gaaacaaaat gttctgctag	4080
cttgttttct tcacagtgca gtgaattgga agacttgact gcaatacaaa acaccagga	4140
tcctttcttg attggttctt ccaacaaaat gaggcacag tctgaaagcc agggagttgg	4200
tctgagtgc aaggaattgg tttcagatga tgaagaaaga ggaacgggct tgaagaaaa	4260

-continued

---

taatcaagaa gagcaaagca tggattcaaa cttaggtgaa gcagcatctg ggtgtgagag	4320
tgaacaagc gtctctgaag actgctcagg gctatcctct cagagtgaca ttttaaccac	4380
tcagcagagg gataccatgc aacataacct gataaagctc cagcaggaaa tggctgaact	4440
agaagctgtg ttagaacagc atggggagcca gccttetaac agctaccctt ccatcataag	4500
tgactcttct gcccttgagg acctgcgaaa tccagaacaa agcacatcag aaaaagcagt	4560
attaacttca cagaaaagta gtgaataacc tataagccag aatccagaag gcctttctgc	4620
tgacaagttt gaggtgtctg cagatagttc taccagtaaa aataaagaac caggagtgga	4680
aaggtcatcc ccttctaaat gcccatcatt agatgatagg tggatcatgc acagttgctc	4740
tgggagtctt cagaatagaa actaccatc tcaagaggag ctcatlaagg ttgttgatgt	4800
ggaggagcaa cagctggaag agtctgggcc acacgatttg acggaaacat cttacttgcc	4860
aaggcaagat cttagagggaa ccccttacct ggaatctgga atcagcctct tctctgatga	4920
ccctgaatct gatccttctg aagacagagc cccagagtca gctcgtgttg gcaacatacc	4980
atcttcaacc tctgcatgaa aagtccccca attgaaagtt gcagaatctg cccagagtcc	5040
agctgctgct catactactg atactgctgg gtataatgca atggaagaaa gtgtgagcag	5100
ggagaagcca gaattgacag cttcaacaga aagggtcaac aaaagaatgt ccatggtggt	5160
gtctggcctg accccagaag aatttatgct cgtgtacaag tttgccagaa aacaccacat	5220
cactttaatc aatctaatta ctgaagagac tactcatggt gttatgaaaa cagatgctga	5280
gtttgtgtgt gaacggacac tgaatatatt tctaggaatt gcgggaggaa aatgggtagt	5340
tagctatttc tgggtgacct agtctattaa agaaagaaaa atgctgaatg agcatgattt	5400
tgaagtcaga ggagatgtgg tcaatggaag aaaccaccaa ggtccaaagc gagcaagaga	5460
atcccaggac agaaagatct tcagggggct agaaatctgt tgctatgggc ccttcaccaa	5520
catgccaca gatcaactgg aatggatggt acagctgtgt ggtgcttctg tggtaagga	5580
gctttcatca ttcaccctg gcacaggtgt ccaccaatt gtggtgtgac agccagatgc	5640
ctggacagag gacaatggct tccatgcaat tgggcagatg tgtgaggcac ctgtggtgac	5700
ccgagagtgg gtgttgaca gtgtagcact ctaccagtgc caggagctgg acacctacct	5760
gataccccag atccccaca gccactactg actgcagcca gccacaggtg cagagccaca	5820
ggacccaag aatgagctta caaagtggcc tttccaggcc ctgggagctc ctctcactct	5880
tcagtccttc tactgtcctg gctactaaat attttatgta catcagcctg aaaaggactt	5940
ctggctatgc aagggtccct taaagatttt ctgcttgaag tctccctgg aatctgcca	6000
tgagcacaaa attatggtaa tttttcacct gagaagattt taaaaccatt taaacgccac	6060
caattgagca agatgtgat tcattattta tcagccctat tctttctatt caggetggtg	6120
ttggcttagg gctggaagca cagagtggct tggcctcaag agaatagctg gttccctaa	6180
gtttacttct ctaaaacctg gtgttcacaa aggcagagag tcagaccctt caatggaagg	6240
agagtgtctg ggatcgatta tgtgacttaa agtcagaata gtccttgggc agttctcaaa	6300
tgttgagtg gaacattggg gaggaaattc tgaggcaggt attagaaatg aaaaggaaac	6360
ttgaaacctg ggcattggtg ctacgcctg taatcccagc actttgggag gccaaagggtg	6420
gcagatcact ggaggtcagg agttcgaaac cagcctggcc aacatggtga aacccatct	6480
ctactaaaaa tacagaatt agccggtcat ggtggtggac acctgtaac ccagctactc	6540

-continued

```

aggtggctaa ggcaggagaa tcacttcagc ccgggagggtg gaggttgagc tgagccaaga 6600
tcataccacg gcaactccagc ctgggtgaca gtgagactgt ggctcaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 6660
aaaaggaaaa tgaactaga agagatttct aaaagtctga gatataattg ctagatttct 6720
aaagaatgtg ttctaaaaca gcagaagatt ttcaagaacc ggtttccaaa gacagtcttc 6780
taattctca ttagtaataa gtaaaatgtt tattgttga gctctggtat ataatccatt 6840
cctcttaaaa tataagacct ctggcatgaa tatttcatat ctataaaatg acagatccca 6900
ccaggaagga agctgttgct ttctttgagg tgattttttt cctttgctcc ctgttgctga 6960
aacatacag cttcataaat aattttgctt gctgaaggaa gaaaaagtgt tttcataaa 7020
cccattatcc aggactgttt atagctgttg gaaggactag gtcttccta gccccccag 7080
tgtgcaaggg cagtgaagac ttgattgtac aaaatacgtt ttgtaaagtgt tgtgctgtta 7140
acactgcaaa taaacttggt agcaaacact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 7190

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 1863
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: breast cancer 1, early onset (BRCA1)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

```

```

Met Asp Leu Ser Ala Leu Arg Val Glu Glu Val Gln Asn Val Ile Asn
1           5           10           15
Ala Met Gln Lys Ile Leu Glu Cys Pro Ile Cys Leu Glu Leu Ile Lys
20           25           30
Glu Pro Val Ser Thr Lys Cys Asp His Ile Phe Cys Lys Phe Cys Met
35           40           45
Leu Lys Leu Leu Asn Gln Lys Lys Gly Pro Ser Gln Cys Pro Leu Cys
50           55           60
Lys Asn Asp Ile Thr Lys Arg Ser Leu Gln Glu Ser Thr Arg Phe Ser
65           70           75           80
Gln Leu Val Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys Ile Ile Cys Ala Phe Gln Leu Asp
85           90           95
Thr Gly Leu Glu Tyr Ala Asn Ser Tyr Asn Phe Ala Lys Lys Glu Asn
100          105          110
Asn Ser Pro Glu His Leu Lys Asp Glu Val Ser Ile Ile Gln Ser Met
115          120          125
Gly Tyr Arg Asn Arg Ala Lys Arg Leu Leu Gln Ser Glu Pro Glu Asn
130          135          140
Pro Ser Leu Gln Glu Thr Ser Leu Ser Val Gln Leu Ser Asn Leu Gly
145          150          155          160
Thr Val Arg Thr Leu Arg Thr Lys Gln Arg Ile Gln Pro Gln Lys Thr
165          170          175
Ser Val Tyr Ile Glu Leu Gly Ser Asp Ser Ser Glu Asp Thr Val Asn
180          185          190
Lys Ala Thr Tyr Cys Ser Val Gly Asp Gln Glu Leu Leu Gln Ile Thr
195          200          205
Pro Gln Gly Thr Arg Asp Glu Ile Ser Leu Asp Ser Ala Lys Lys Ala
210          215          220
Ala Cys Glu Phe Ser Glu Thr Asp Val Thr Asn Thr Glu His His Gln
225          230          235          240

```

-continued

---

Pro Ser Asn Asn Asp Leu Asn Thr Thr Glu Lys Arg Ala Ala Glu Arg  
 245 250 255  
 His Pro Glu Lys Tyr Gln Gly Ser Ser Val Ser Asn Leu His Val Glu  
 260 265 270  
 Pro Cys Gly Thr Asn Thr His Ala Ser Ser Leu Gln His Glu Asn Ser  
 275 280 285  
 Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Lys Asp Arg Met Asn Val Glu Lys Ala Glu Phe  
 290 295 300  
 Cys Asn Lys Ser Lys Gln Pro Gly Leu Ala Arg Ser Gln His Asn Arg  
 305 310 315 320  
 Trp Ala Gly Ser Lys Glu Thr Cys Asn Asp Arg Arg Thr Pro Ser Thr  
 325 330 335  
 Glu Lys Lys Val Asp Leu Asn Ala Asp Pro Leu Cys Glu Arg Lys Glu  
 340 345 350  
 Trp Asn Lys Gln Lys Leu Pro Cys Ser Glu Asn Pro Arg Asp Thr Glu  
 355 360 365  
 Asp Val Pro Trp Ile Thr Leu Asn Ser Ser Ile Gln Lys Val Asn Glu  
 370 375 380  
 Trp Phe Ser Arg Ser Asp Glu Leu Leu Gly Ser Asp Asp Ser His Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Gly Glu Ser Glu Ser Asn Ala Lys Val Ala Asp Val Leu Asp Val Leu  
 405 410 415  
 Asn Glu Val Asp Glu Tyr Ser Gly Ser Ser Glu Lys Ile Asp Leu Leu  
 420 425 430  
 Ala Ser Asp Pro His Glu Ala Leu Ile Cys Lys Ser Glu Arg Val His  
 435 440 445  
 Ser Lys Ser Val Glu Ser Asn Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Phe Gly Lys Thr  
 450 455 460  
 Tyr Arg Lys Lys Ala Ser Leu Pro Asn Leu Ser His Val Thr Glu Asn  
 465 470 475 480  
 Leu Ile Ile Gly Ala Phe Val Thr Glu Pro Gln Ile Ile Gln Glu Arg  
 485 490 495  
 Pro Leu Thr Asn Lys Leu Lys Arg Lys Arg Arg Pro Thr Ser Gly Leu  
 500 505 510  
 His Pro Glu Asp Phe Ile Lys Lys Ala Asp Leu Ala Val Gln Lys Thr  
 515 520 525  
 Pro Glu Met Ile Asn Gln Gly Thr Asn Gln Thr Glu Gln Asn Gly Gln  
 530 535 540  
 Val Met Asn Ile Thr Asn Ser Gly His Glu Asn Lys Thr Lys Gly Asp  
 545 550 555 560  
 Ser Ile Gln Asn Glu Lys Asn Pro Asn Pro Ile Glu Ser Leu Glu Lys  
 565 570 575  
 Glu Ser Ala Phe Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Pro Ile Ser Ser Ser Ile Ser  
 580 585 590  
 Asn Met Glu Leu Glu Leu Asn Ile His Asn Ser Lys Ala Pro Lys Lys  
 595 600 605  
 Asn Arg Leu Arg Arg Lys Ser Ser Thr Arg His Ile His Ala Leu Glu  
 610 615 620  
 Leu Val Val Ser Arg Asn Leu Ser Pro Pro Asn Cys Thr Glu Leu Gln  
 625 630 635 640

-continued

---

Ile Asp Ser Cys Ser Ser Ser Glu Glu Ile Lys Lys Lys Lys Tyr Asn  
 645 650 655  
 Gln Met Pro Val Arg His Ser Arg Asn Leu Gln Leu Met Glu Gly Lys  
 660 665 670  
 Glu Pro Ala Thr Gly Ala Lys Lys Ser Asn Lys Pro Asn Glu Gln Thr  
 675 680 685  
 Ser Lys Arg His Asp Ser Asp Thr Phe Pro Glu Leu Lys Leu Thr Asn  
 690 695 700  
 Ala Pro Gly Ser Phe Thr Lys Cys Ser Asn Thr Ser Glu Leu Lys Glu  
 705 710 715 720  
 Phe Val Asn Pro Ser Leu Pro Arg Glu Glu Lys Glu Glu Lys Leu Glu  
 725 730 735  
 Thr Val Lys Val Ser Asn Asn Ala Glu Asp Pro Lys Asp Leu Met Leu  
 740 745 750  
 Ser Gly Glu Arg Val Leu Gln Thr Glu Arg Ser Val Glu Ser Ser Ser  
 755 760 765  
 Ile Ser Leu Val Pro Gly Thr Asp Tyr Gly Thr Gln Glu Ser Ile Ser  
 770 775 780  
 Leu Leu Glu Val Ser Thr Leu Gly Lys Ala Lys Thr Glu Pro Asn Lys  
 785 790 795 800  
 Cys Val Ser Gln Cys Ala Ala Phe Glu Asn Pro Lys Gly Leu Ile His  
 805 810 815  
 Gly Cys Ser Lys Asp Asn Arg Asn Asp Thr Glu Gly Phe Lys Tyr Pro  
 820 825 830  
 Leu Gly His Glu Val Asn His Ser Arg Glu Thr Ser Ile Glu Met Glu  
 835 840 845  
 Glu Ser Glu Leu Asp Ala Gln Tyr Leu Gln Asn Thr Phe Lys Val Ser  
 850 855 860  
 Lys Arg Gln Ser Phe Ala Pro Phe Ser Asn Pro Gly Asn Ala Glu Glu  
 865 870 875 880  
 Glu Cys Ala Thr Phe Ser Ala His Ser Gly Ser Leu Lys Lys Gln Ser  
 885 890 895  
 Pro Lys Val Thr Phe Glu Cys Glu Gln Lys Glu Glu Asn Gln Gly Lys  
 900 905 910  
 Asn Glu Ser Asn Ile Lys Pro Val Gln Thr Val Asn Ile Thr Ala Gly  
 915 920 925  
 Phe Pro Val Val Gly Gln Lys Asp Lys Pro Val Asp Asn Ala Lys Cys  
 930 935 940  
 Ser Ile Lys Gly Gly Ser Arg Phe Cys Leu Ser Ser Gln Phe Arg Gly  
 945 950 955 960  
 Asn Glu Thr Gly Leu Ile Thr Pro Asn Lys His Gly Leu Leu Gln Asn  
 965 970 975  
 Pro Tyr Arg Ile Pro Pro Leu Phe Pro Ile Lys Ser Phe Val Lys Thr  
 980 985 990  
 Lys Cys Lys Lys Asn Leu Leu Glu Glu Asn Phe Glu Glu His Ser Met  
 995 1000 1005  
 Ser Pro Glu Arg Glu Met Gly Asn Glu Asn Ile Pro Ser Thr Val Ser  
 1010 1015 1020  
 Thr Ile Ser Arg Asn Asn Ile Arg Glu Asn Val Phe Lys Glu Ala Ser  
 1025 1030 1035 1040  
 Ser Ser Asn Ile Asn Glu Val Gly Ser Ser Thr Asn Glu Val Gly Ser

-continued

1045			1050			1055									
Ser	Ile	Asn	Glu	Ile	Gly	Ser	Ser	Asp	Glu	Asn	Ile	Gln	Ala	Glu	Leu
			1060					1065				1070			
Gly	Arg	Asn	Arg	Gly	Pro	Lys	Leu	Asn	Ala	Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val
			1075				1080					1085			
Leu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Val	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asn	Cys	Lys
			1090			1095					1100				
His	Pro	Glu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Val	Val	Gln	Thr	Val
			1105		1110				1115						1120
Asn	Thr	Asp	Phe	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Ser	Asp	Asn	Leu	Glu	Gln	Pro
			1125						1130						1135
Met	Gly	Ser	Ser	His	Ala	Ser	Gln	Val	Cys	Ser	Glu	Thr	Pro	Asp	Asp
			1140					1145					1150		
Leu	Leu	Asp	Asp	Gly	Glu	Ile	Lys	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ser	Phe	Ala	Glu	Asn
			1155				1160					1165			
Asp	Ile	Lys	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ala	Val	Phe	Ser	Lys	Ser	Val	Gln	Lys	Gly
			1170				1175				1180				
Glu	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ser	Pro	Ser	Pro	Phe	Thr	His	Thr	His	Leu	Ala	Gln
			1185		1190				1195						1200
Gly	Tyr	Arg	Arg	Gly	Ala	Lys	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ser	Ser	Glu	Glu	Asn	Leu
			1205						1210					1215	
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Leu	Pro	Cys	Phe	Gln	His	Leu	Leu	Phe	Gly
			1220					1225					1230		
Lys	Val	Asn	Asn	Ile	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr	Arg	His	Ser	Thr	Val	Ala
			1235				1240					1245			
Thr	Glu	Cys	Leu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Thr	Glu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Lys
			1250			1255					1260				
Asn	Ser	Leu	Asn	Asp	Cys	Ser	Asn	Gln	Val	Ile	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ser
			1265		1270				1275						1280
Gln	Glu	His	His	Leu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Thr	Lys	Cys	Ser	Ala	Ser	Leu	Phe
			1285					1290							1295
Ser	Ser	Gln	Cys	Ser	Glu	Leu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ala	Asn	Thr	Asn	Thr
			1300					1305					1310		
Gln	Asp	Pro	Phe	Leu	Ile	Gly	Ser	Ser	Lys	Gln	Met	Arg	His	Gln	Ser
			1315				1320				1325				
Glu	Ser	Gln	Gly	Val	Gly	Leu	Ser	Asp	Lys	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Asp
			1330			1335					1340				
Glu	Glu	Arg	Gly	Thr	Gly	Leu	Glu	Glu	Asn	Asn	Gln	Glu	Glu	Gln	Ser
			1345		1350				1355						1360
Met	Asp	Ser	Asn	Leu	Gly	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ser	Gly	Cys	Glu	Ser	Glu	Thr
			1365					1370						1375	
Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Asp	Cys	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gln	Ser	Asp	Ile	Leu
			1380					1385					1390		
Thr	Thr	Gln	Gln	Arg	Asp	Thr	Met	Gln	His	Asn	Leu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Gln
			1395			1400					1405				
Gln	Glu	Met	Ala	Glu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Val	Leu	Glu	Gln	His	Gly	Ser	Gln
			1410			1415					1420				
Pro	Ser	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ala	Leu	Glu
			1425		1430				1435						1440
Asp	Leu	Arg	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Ser	Thr	Ser	Glu	Lys	Ala	Val	Leu	Thr
			1445					1450						1455	

-continued

---

Ser Gln Lys Ser Ser Glu Tyr Pro Ile Ser Gln Asn Pro Glu Gly Leu  
 1460 1465 1470

Ser Ala Asp Lys Phe Glu Val Ser Ala Asp Ser Ser Thr Ser Lys Asn  
 1475 1480 1485

Lys Glu Pro Gly Val Glu Arg Ser Ser Pro Ser Lys Cys Pro Ser Leu  
 1490 1495 1500

Asp Asp Arg Trp Tyr Met His Ser Cys Ser Gly Ser Leu Gln Asn Arg  
 1505 1510 1515 1520

Asn Tyr Pro Ser Gln Glu Glu Leu Ile Lys Val Val Asp Val Glu Glu  
 1525 1530 1535

Gln Gln Leu Glu Glu Ser Gly Pro His Asp Leu Thr Glu Thr Ser Tyr  
 1540 1545 1550

Leu Pro Arg Gln Asp Leu Glu Gly Thr Pro Tyr Leu Glu Ser Gly Ile  
 1555 1560 1565

Ser Leu Phe Ser Asp Asp Pro Glu Ser Asp Pro Ser Glu Asp Arg Ala  
 1570 1575 1580

Pro Glu Ser Ala Arg Val Gly Asn Ile Pro Ser Ser Thr Ser Ala Leu  
 1585 1590 1595 1600

Lys Val Pro Gln Leu Lys Val Ala Glu Ser Ala Gln Ser Pro Ala Ala  
 1605 1610 1615

Ala His Thr Thr Asp Thr Ala Gly Tyr Asn Ala Met Glu Glu Ser Val  
 1620 1625 1630

Ser Arg Glu Lys Pro Glu Leu Thr Ala Ser Thr Glu Arg Val Asn Lys  
 1635 1640 1645

Arg Met Ser Met Val Val Ser Gly Leu Thr Pro Glu Glu Phe Met Leu  
 1650 1655 1660

Val Tyr Lys Phe Ala Arg Lys His His Ile Thr Leu Thr Asn Leu Ile  
 1665 1670 1675 1680

Thr Glu Glu Thr Thr His Val Val Met Lys Thr Asp Ala Glu Phe Val  
 1685 1690 1695

Cys Glu Arg Thr Leu Lys Tyr Phe Leu Gly Ile Ala Gly Gly Lys Trp  
 1700 1705 1710

Val Val Ser Tyr Phe Trp Val Thr Gln Ser Ile Lys Glu Arg Lys Met  
 1715 1720 1725

Leu Asn Glu His Asp Phe Glu Val Arg Gly Asp Val Val Asn Gly Arg  
 1730 1735 1740

Asn His Gln Gly Pro Lys Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gln Asp Arg Lys Ile  
 1745 1750 1755 1760

Phe Arg Gly Leu Glu Ile Cys Cys Tyr Gly Pro Phe Thr Asn Met Pro  
 1765 1770 1775

Thr Asp Gln Leu Glu Trp Met Val Gln Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser Val Val  
 1780 1785 1790

Lys Glu Leu Ser Ser Phe Thr Leu Gly Thr Gly Val His Pro Ile Val  
 1795 1800 1805

Val Val Gln Pro Asp Ala Trp Thr Glu Asp Asn Gly Phe His Ala Ile  
 1810 1815 1820

Gly Gln Met Cys Glu Ala Pro Val Val Thr Arg Glu Trp Val Leu Asp  
 1825 1830 1835 1840

Ser Val Ala Leu Tyr Gln Cys Gln Glu Leu Asp Thr Tyr Leu Ile Pro  
 1845 1850 1855

-continued

Gln Ile Pro His Ser His Tyr  
1860

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 9
<211> LENGTH: 5193
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: SH3-domain binding protein 4 (SH3BP4) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (394)..(3285)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: SH3BP4

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

gggaccaccc tcgcccgcc gaggcggggg cccagcgcgc cggcaactct cggcggtcgc      60
ggcccctcgc cactaccgcc gccgcccgcc ccgtgagtcc cgcggagccg cgcgcgcccc      120
cggctgggccc gagccgctgg ccgacgagcg gaccctcagg agccggcggg gacgccatgc      180
gagccagcgt ctcccttctc tcctggacag aaggccgtgt cctgggactt ctctgatggc      240
gagaggctgc ggctgtacca ggaagaaaca tattgccgag tggatgccgc cgcgcagcgt      300
gtttgcttga ggcagaagct tcagcatctg ctgggataac tggaggaaga aatatgaagc      360
cttagcggct ttaccgggga agcagagttc gagatggcgg ctcagcggat ccgagcggcc      420
aactccaatg gcctccctcg ctgcaagtca gaggggaccc tgattgacct gagcgaaggg      480
ttttcagaga cgagctttaa tgacatcaaa gtgccttctc ccagtgcctt gctcgtagac      540
aaccaccacac ctttcggaaa tgcaaaggaa gtgattgcga tcaaggacta ttgccccacc      600
aacttcacca cactgaagtt ctccaagggc gaccatctct acgtcttggc cacatctggc      660
ggtgagtggg ggtacgcaca caacaccacc gaaatgggct acatcccctc ctctatgtg      720
cagcccttga actaccgaa ctcaacactg agtgacagcg gtatgattga taatcttcca      780
gacagcccag acgaggtagc caaggagctg gagctgctcg ggggatggac agatgacaaa      840
aaagtaccag gcagaatgta cagtaataac cctttctgga atgggggtcca gaccaatcca      900
tttctgaatg ggaactgccc cgtcatgccc agcctggatg agctgaatcc caaaagtact      960
gtggatttgc tccttttga cgcaggtaca tcctccttca ccgaatccag ctcagccacc     1020
acgaatagca ctggcaacat cttcgatgag cttccagtca caaacggact ccacgcagag     1080
ccgcccgtca ggcgggacaa ccccttcttc agaagcaagc gctcctacag tctctcgtaa     1140
ctctccgtcc tccaagccaa gtccgatgct cccacatcgt cgagtttctt caccggcttg     1200
aaatcacctg cccccgagca atttcagagc cgggaggatt ttcgaactgc ctggctaaac     1260
cacaggaagc tggcccgttc ttgccacgac ctggacttgc ttggccaaag ccctggttgg     1320
ggccagaccc aagccgtgga gacaaacatc gtgtgcaagc tggatagctc cgggggtgct     1380
gtccagcttc ctgacaccag catcagcadc cacgtgcccc agggccacgt cgcctctggg     1440
gagaccagc agatctccat gaaagccctg ctggaccccc cgctggagct caacagtgac     1500
aggctcctgca gcatcagccc tgtgctggag gtcaagctga gcaacctgga ggtgaaaacc     1560
tctatcatct tggagatgaa agtgtcagcc gagataaaaa atgacctttt tagcaaaaagc     1620
acagtgggccc tccagtgcct gaggagcgcac tcgaaggaag ggccatatgt ctccgtcccc     1680
ctcaactgca gctgtgggga caggttccag gcacagctgc acaacctgga gccctgtatg     1740
taegtggctg tcgtggccca tggcccaagc atcctctacc cttccaccgt gtgggacttc     1800

```

-continued

---

atcaataaaa aagtcacagt gggctctctac ggcctctaac acatccaccc atccttcaag 1860  
acggtagtga ccatttttgg gcatgactgt gcccctaaaga cgctcctggg cagcgaggtc 1920  
acacgccagg caocccaccc tgccccgggt gcctctgcagc tgtgggggaa gcaccagttc 1980  
gttttgtcca gccccagga tctcaaggtc tgtatgtttt ccaatatgac gaattacgag 2040  
gtcaaagcca gcgagcaggc caaagtgggt cgaggattcc agctgaagct gggcaagggtg 2100  
agccgectga tcttccccat cacctcccag aaccccaacg agctctctga cttcacgctg 2160  
cgggttcagg tgaaggacga ccaggaggcc atcctcaccg agttttgtgt ccagactcct 2220  
cagccacccc ctaaaagtgc catcaagcct tccgggcaaa ggaggtttct caagaagaac 2280  
gaagtccgga aatcatcct gtccccgttt gccaccacta caaagtaccg gactttccag 2340  
gaccgcccgg tgtccagcct caagtttggg aagttgctca agactgtggg gcggcagaac 2400  
aagaaccact acctgctgga gtacaagaag ggcgacggga tcgccctgct cagcgaggag 2460  
cgggtcaggc tccggggcca gctgtggacc aaggagtggg acatcggcta ctaccagggc 2520  
agggtgggccc tcgtgcacac caagaacgtg ctggtggctg gcagggcccg gccagcctg 2580  
tgctcgggcc ccgagctgag cacctcgggt ctgctggagc agatcctgcg gccctgcaaa 2640  
ttcctcacgt acatctatgc ctccgtgagg acctcgtcctc tggagaacat cagcagctgg 2700  
cgctccttcg ctgagccctt gggctacgtg aaacctgccc tcaccttttt ctgccgggca 2760  
gagctggata gtgagcccca gcggtggggc tccgtcctag aaaagctgaa ggaggactgt 2820  
aacaacactg agaacaaaaga acggaagtcc ttccagaagg agcttgtgat ggcctactg 2880  
aagatggact gccaggcctt ggtggtcaga ctcatccagg actttgtgct cctgaccacg 2940  
gctgtagagg tggcccagcg ctggcgggag ctggctgaga agctggccaa ggtctccaag 3000  
cagcagatgg acgcctacga gtctccccac cgggacagga acggggtgtg ggacagcgag 3060  
gccatgtgga agcctcgcta tgacttctta ctcaactgga gccatcagat cggggacagc 3120  
taccgggatg tcatccagga gctgcacctg ggctggaca agatgaaaaa ccccatcacc 3180  
aagcgtgga agcacctcac tgggactctg atcttgggtg actcctgga cgttctgaga 3240  
gcagccgctt tcagccctgc ggaccaggac gacttcgtga tttgaatggg tcccctccc 3300  
tcctgctgct ctggagtgca agccctcttc tgccctgctg gccctgctgt caccgaggag 3360  
ctgaagaggg aggaaggggc ggctgctcag acagatttag ggcccgcag ctaggctaca 3420  
cccatcatgc gccgcctcc tccatcgagg gagaggcctg aagggactgc ctactgcagc 3480  
tcgttgccaa tcacatagat ttctatttgt taagtataaa tttaaattta aatcacttt 3540  
tttaacgaat ggggggaagg gatctatgag aaaggtggta tctaattttt ttatggacca 3600  
taaaggttta aaagaaaata ggggcacagg ctggttaggt ttttatgttg ttatagacct 3660  
ttttaaatta tgttagagat gtatataggt atttaaggt cactgggagc gtttctgatt 3720  
cccggccaca ctttgcattt caacactcag cccgaaaga tgctcgttcg gttggtggac 3780  
ctctttcact cctcgcgtgt aagaaggtga atcacgtggg aaaaagtggc ttttcagtaa 3840  
acgggtacag ctcattcttt ctgagaagge ccaggtcct gctcctcct cggatttgat 3900  
tgtcttcctg gctttgcctc actcgtagta aatgaccatc catagaatat gtgaatcttt 3960  
ggtagcttc agtgggcaga gtgaagtccc gcattagcat ttaggtgccc tgagctggtt 4020  
ctgccaatag attagaagac agccatgagt tgacagtctt tagggccctt gccagtgtgc 4080

-continued

---

```

aattagtcac tgacaagaac aatgccattt gagagtgagg tggccctgc tgctacgagg 4140
ccattgtact gttttttctc tgagggtcaaa gcagtgtctc ccatagagtt tgctgcctct 4200
tctgtggaca ggaagaaaaa ttcattgaccg aatcagagcc ttggtggcca ctgactctcg 4260
tgcttattgc agatgctgtg gttggcctca caagcaacgc cttatgctga tgtgcagagg 4320
tgccagctgc catttgccaa actctgcatt tcatttcac taaggctaa cccctcttc 4380
ttcctgtgtg acctgtgtct cctcggaagg aagtcacagt ttagatgaaa ccattttttg 4440
tacaatgtaa agatcatctg agcaagatga gcattttgta aaaatgaaaa tgtgactcac 4500
ataaatcag gaacttgaca cagtgttgca ttaataaact taggggtcag acatgctgtg 4560
tgaatctcac aatgcgtcgt agatgtcgcg tgttggaagg gagcaggagg aaggactgat 4620
actggcaaat cagtagagtg aggtgatcct tagcaacgtg ccaggacact tcctgtgtgc 4680
ctgcagttgt cagggacctt ttgggatccc gaatctcatt ctctaaaact gctttcttga 4740
aacatgttac ttccttagta taatcaatgt atactccctt actggcctga aacgttgtat 4800
agctacttat tcagatactg aagaccaacg gactgaaaaa aagaacaaac attagctatt 4860
ttatgctgca agaaccagga cacacaattc gccaatcacc ccaccatata accttcgatt 4920
gtgcttctca actccacccc ataatttctc ccagagacca tctatcacct tttcccaaaa 4980
gaagaaacaa aaccagttgc accttaaacc atggatattt tttcctcagg ggctttaaatt 5040
agtttctat gcaacgtgtc ttgtagcaca aataaaattc taaaaaagtt gcagtaaatt 5100
ttatttggat attttaacct gttaagtgtg tgtgtgtttt ctgtacccaa ccagacttta 5160
ataaaacaa acatgaaacc taaaaaaaaa aaa 5193

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 10
<211> LENGTH: 963
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: SH3-domain binding protein 4 (SH3BP4)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

```

```

Met Ala Ala Gln Arg Ile Arg Ala Ala Asn Ser Asn Gly Leu Pro Arg
1           5           10           15
Cys Lys Ser Glu Gly Thr Leu Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu Gly Phe Ser Glu
20          25          30
Thr Ser Phe Asn Asp Ile Lys Val Pro Ser Pro Ser Ala Leu Leu Val
35          40          45
Asp Asn Pro Thr Pro Phe Gly Asn Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Ala Ile Lys
50          55          60
Asp Tyr Cys Pro Thr Asn Phe Thr Thr Leu Lys Phe Ser Lys Gly Asp
65          70          75          80
His Leu Tyr Val Leu Asp Thr Ser Gly Gly Glu Trp Trp Tyr Ala His
85          90          95
Asn Thr Thr Glu Met Gly Tyr Ile Pro Ser Ser Tyr Val Gln Pro Leu
100         105         110
Asn Tyr Arg Asn Ser Thr Leu Ser Asp Ser Gly Met Ile Asp Asn Leu
115         120         125
Pro Asp Ser Pro Asp Glu Val Ala Lys Glu Leu Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
130         135         140

```

-continued

---

Trp Thr Asp Asp Lys Lys Val Pro Gly Arg Met Tyr Ser Asn Asn Pro  
 145 150 155 160

Phe Trp Asn Gly Val Gln Thr Asn Pro Phe Leu Asn Gly Asn Val Pro  
 165 170 175

Val Met Pro Ser Leu Asp Glu Leu Asn Pro Lys Ser Thr Val Asp Leu  
 180 185 190

Leu Leu Phe Asp Ala Gly Thr Ser Ser Phe Thr Glu Ser Ser Ser Ala  
 195 200 205

Thr Thr Asn Ser Thr Gly Asn Ile Phe Asp Glu Leu Pro Val Thr Asn  
 210 215 220

Gly Leu His Ala Glu Pro Pro Val Arg Arg Asp Asn Pro Phe Phe Arg  
 225 230 235 240

Ser Lys Arg Ser Tyr Ser Leu Ser Glu Leu Ser Val Leu Gln Ala Lys  
 245 250 255

Ser Asp Ala Pro Thr Ser Ser Ser Phe Phe Thr Gly Leu Lys Ser Pro  
 260 265 270

Ala Pro Glu Gln Phe Gln Ser Arg Glu Asp Phe Arg Thr Ala Trp Leu  
 275 280 285

Asn His Arg Lys Leu Ala Arg Ser Cys His Asp Leu Asp Leu Leu Gly  
 290 295 300

Gln Ser Pro Gly Trp Gly Gln Thr Gln Ala Val Glu Thr Asn Ile Val  
 305 310 315 320

Cys Lys Leu Asp Ser Ser Gly Gly Ala Val Gln Leu Pro Asp Thr Ser  
 325 330 335

Ile Ser Ile His Val Pro Glu Gly His Val Ala Pro Gly Glu Thr Gln  
 340 345 350

Gln Ile Ser Met Lys Ala Leu Leu Asp Pro Pro Leu Glu Leu Asn Ser  
 355 360 365

Asp Arg Ser Cys Ser Ile Ser Pro Val Leu Glu Val Lys Leu Ser Asn  
 370 375 380

Leu Glu Val Lys Thr Ser Ile Ile Leu Glu Met Lys Val Ser Ala Glu  
 385 390 395 400

Ile Lys Asn Asp Leu Phe Ser Lys Ser Thr Val Gly Leu Gln Cys Leu  
 405 410 415

Arg Ser Asp Ser Lys Glu Gly Pro Tyr Val Ser Val Pro Leu Asn Cys  
 420 425 430

Ser Cys Gly Asp Thr Val Gln Ala Gln Leu His Asn Leu Glu Pro Cys  
 435 440 445

Met Tyr Val Ala Val Val Ala His Gly Pro Ser Ile Leu Tyr Pro Ser  
 450 455 460

Thr Val Trp Asp Phe Ile Asn Lys Lys Val Thr Val Gly Leu Tyr Gly  
 465 470 475 480

Pro Lys His Ile His Pro Ser Phe Lys Thr Val Val Thr Ile Phe Gly  
 485 490 495

His Asp Cys Ala Pro Lys Thr Leu Leu Val Ser Glu Val Thr Arg Gln  
 500 505 510

Ala Pro Asn Pro Ala Pro Val Ala Leu Gln Leu Trp Gly Lys His Gln  
 515 520 525

Phe Val Leu Ser Arg Pro Gln Asp Leu Lys Val Cys Met Phe Ser Asn  
 530 535 540

Met Thr Asn Tyr Glu Val Lys Ala Ser Glu Gln Ala Lys Val Val Arg



-continued

---

Phe Val Ile

<210> SEQ ID NO 11  
<211> LENGTH: 5490  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos  
syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant) (COL3A1)  
cDNA  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
<222> LOCATION: (118)..(4518)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: COL3A1

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

ggctgagttt tatgacgggc ccggtgctga agggcagggg acaacttgat ggtgctactt 60  
tgaactgctt tctttttctc ctttttgcac aaagagtctc atgtctgata tttagacatg 120  
atgagctttg tgcaaaaggg gagctggcta cttctcgctc tgettcatcc cactattatt 180  
ttggcacaac aggaagctgt tgaaggagga tgttcccatc ttggtcagtc ctatgcggat 240  
agagatgtct ggaagccaga accatgccaa atatgtgtct gtgactcagg atccgttctc 300  
tgcgatgaca taatatgtga cgatcaagaa ttagactgcc ccaaccaga aattccattt 360  
ggagaatggt gtgcagtttg cccacagcct ccaactgctc ctactcgccc tcctaattgt 420  
caaggacctc aaggcccaaa gggagatcca ggcctcctg gtattcctgg gagaaatggt 480  
gaccctggta ttccaggaca accagggctc cctggttctc ctggccccc tggaaatctgt 540  
gaatcatgcc ctactggtcc tcagaactat tctcccagc atgattcata tgatgtcaag 600  
tctggagtag cagtaggagg actcgcaggc taccctggac cagctggccc cccagccct 660  
cccggtcccc ctggatcacg ttggtcactc ggttcccctg gatctccagg ataccaagga 720  
ccccctggg aacctgggca agctggctct tcaggccctc caggacctcc tgggtctata 780  
ggtccatctg gtctgctggg aaaagatgga gaatcaggtg gaccgggacg acctggagag 840  
cgaggattgc ctggacctcc aggtatcaaa ggtccagctg ggatacctgg attccctggt 900  
atgaaaggac acagaggctt cgatggacga aatggagaaa agggtgaaac aggtgctcct 960  
ggattaaagg gtgaaaatgg tcttcacagg gaaaatggag ctctggacc catgggtcca 1020  
agaggggctc ctgggtgagc aggcaggcca ggactcctg gggctgcagg tgctcggggt 1080  
aatgacggtg ctcgaggcag tgatggtaaa ccaggccctc ctggctctcc tggaaactgcc 1140  
ggattcccct gatcccctg tgctaagggt gaagttggac ctgcagggtc tctggttca 1200  
aatggtgccc ctggacaaa aggagaacct ggacctcagg gacacgctgg tgctcaaggt 1260  
cctcctggcc ctctcgggat taatggtagt cctgggtgta aaggcgaat ggggtcccgt 1320  
ggcattcctg gagctcctgg actgatggga gccccgggct cccaggacc agccggtgct 1380  
aatggtgctc ctggactgag aggtgggtgca ggtgagcctg gtaagaatgg tgccaaagga 1440  
gagccccggc cacgtggtga acgcggtgag gctggtattc caggtgttcc aggagctaaa 1500  
ggcgaagatg gcaaggatgg atcacctgga gaacctggtg caaatgggct tccaggagct 1560  
gcaggagaaa ggggtgcccc tgggttccga ggacctgctg gaccaaatgg catcccagga 1620  
gaaaagggtc ctgctggaga gcgtggtgct ccaggccctg cagggcccag aggagctgct 1680  
ggagaacctg gcagagatgg cgtccctgga ggtccaggaa tgaggggcat gcccggaagt 1740

-continued

---

ccaggaggac	caggaagtga	tgggaaacca	gggcctcccc	gaagtcaagg	agaaagtgg	1800
cgaccaggtc	ctcctgggcc	atctgggtccc	cgaggtcagc	ctggtgtcat	ggcctcccc	1860
ggtcctaaag	gaaatgatgg	tgctcctggt	aagaatggag	aacgaggtgg	ccctggagga	1920
cctggccctc	agggtcctcc	tggaaagaat	ggtgaaactg	gacctcaggg	acccccaggg	1980
cctactgggc	ctggtggtga	caaaggagac	acaggacccc	ctggtccaca	aggattacaa	2040
ggcttgctg	gtacaggtgg	tcctccagga	gaaaaatgaa	aacctgggga	accaggtcca	2100
aaggggtgatg	ccggtgcacc	tggagctcca	ggaggcaagg	gtgatgctgg	tgccccgtg	2160
gaacgtggac	ctcctggatt	ggcagggggc	ccaggactta	gaggtggagc	tggtccccct	2220
ggtcccgaag	gaggaaaggg	tgctgctggt	cctcctgggc	cacctggtgc	tgctggtact	2280
cctggtctgc	aaggaatgcc	tggagaaaga	ggaggtcctg	gaagtcctgg	tccaaaggt	2340
gacaaggggtg	aaccaggcgg	tccaggtgct	gatggtgtcc	cagggaaaga	tggccaagg	2400
ggtcctactg	gtcctatttg	tcctcctggc	ccagctggcc	agcctggaga	taagggtgaa	2460
ggtggtgccc	ccggaactcc	aggtatagct	ggacctcgtg	gtagccctgg	tgagagaggt	2520
gaaactggcc	ctccaggacc	tgctggtttc	cctggtgctc	ctggacagaa	tggtgaacct	2580
ggtggtaaag	gagaaagagg	ggctccgggt	gagaaaggtg	aaggaggccc	tcctggagtt	2640
gcaggacccc	ctggaggttc	tggacctgct	ggtcctcctg	gtccccagg	tgtcaaaggt	2700
gaacgtggca	gtcctggtgg	acctggtgct	gctggtctcc	ctggtgctcg	tggtcttct	2760
ggtcctcctg	gtagtaatgg	taaccaggga	ccccaggtc	ccagcgggtc	tccaggcaag	2820
gatgggcccc	caggtcctgc	gggtaacct	ggtgctcctg	gcagccctgg	agtgtctgga	2880
ccaaaaggtg	atgctggcca	accaggagag	aagggatcgc	ctggtgccc	gggcccacca	2940
ggagctccag	gcccacttgg	gattgctggg	atcactggag	cacgggtct	tgcaaggacca	3000
ccaggcatgc	caggtcctga	gggaagccct	ggcctcagg	gtgtcaagg	tgaaagtgg	3060
aaaccaggag	ctaaccggtc	cagtggagaa	cgtggtcccc	ctggacccc	gggtcttct	3120
ggtctggtg	gtacagctgg	tgaacctgga	agagatggaa	acctggatc	agatggtct	3180
ccaggccgag	atggatctcc	tgggtggcaag	ggtgatcgtg	gtgaaatgg	ctctcctggt	3240
gcccctggcg	ctcctggtca	tccaggccca	cctggtcctg	tgggtccagc	tggaaagagt	3300
ggtgacagag	gagaaagtgg	ccctgctggc	cctgctggtg	ctcccgttcc	tgctggttcc	3360
cgaggtgctc	ctggtcctca	aggcccacgt	ggtgacaaag	gtgaaacagg	tgaacgtgga	3420
gctgctggca	tcaaagaca	tcgaggattc	cctggtaatc	caggtgcccc	aggttctcca	3480
ggcctgctg	gtcagcagg	tgcaatcggc	agtccaggac	ctgcaggccc	cagaggacct	3540
gttggaccca	gtggacctcc	tggcaaatg	ggaaccagtg	gacatccagg	tcccattgga	3600
ccaccagggc	ctcgaggtaa	cagaggtgaa	agagatcgtg	agggtcccc	aggccacca	3660
gggcaaccag	gcccctcctg	acctcctggt	gcccctggtc	cttctgtgg	tggtgttgg	3720
gcccctgcca	ttgctgggat	tggaggtgaa	aaagetggcg	gttttgcccc	gtattatgga	3780
gatgaaccaa	tggatttcaa	aatcaacacc	gatgagatta	tgacttact	caagtctgt	3840
aatggacaaa	tagaaagcct	cattagtctc	gatggttctc	gtaaaaacc	cgctagaaac	3900
tgcaagagacc	tgaaattctg	ccatcctgaa	ctcaagagtg	gagaatactg	ggttgaccct	3960
aaccaaggat	gcaaatgga	tgctatcaag	gtattctgta	atatggaaac	tgggaaaca	4020

-continued

```

tgcataagtg ccaatccttt gaatgttcca cggaaacact ggtggacaga ttctagtget 4080
gagaagaaac acgttttggtt tggagagtcc atggatgggtg gttttcagtt tagctacggc 4140
aatcctgaac ttctgaaga tgtccttgat gtgcagctgg cattccttcg acttctctcc 4200
agccgagcct cccagaacat cacatatcac tgcaaaaata gcattgcata catggatcag 4260
gccagtggaa atgtaaagaa ggccctgaag ctgatggggt caaatgaagg tgaattcaag 4320
gctgaaggaa atagcaaatt cacctacaca gttctggagg atggttgcac gaaacacact 4380
ggggaatgga gcaaaacagt ctttgaatat cgaacacgca aggctgtgag actacctatt 4440
gtagatattg caccctatga cattggtggt cctgatcaag aatttggtgt ggacgttggc 4500
cctgtttgct ttttataaac caaactctat ctgaaatccc acaaaaaaaaa atttaactcc 4560
atatgtgttc ctcttgttct aatcttgta accagtgcaa gtgaccgaca aaattccagt 4620
tatttatttc caaaatgttt ggaaacagta taatttgaca aagaaaaatg atacttctct 4680
ttttttgctg ttocaccaa tacaattcaa atgctttttg ttttattttt ttaccaatte 4740
caatttcaaa atgtctcaat ggtgctataa taaataaact tcaacactct ttatgataac 4800
aacactgtgt tatattcttt gaatcctagc ccatctgcag agcaatgact gtgctacca 4860
gtaaaagata acctttcttt ctgaaatagt caaatcggaa attagaaaag ccctccctat 4920
tttaactacc tcaactggct agaaacacag attgtattct atgagtccca gaagatgaaa 4980
aaaattttat acgttgataa aacttataaa tttcattgat taatctctg gaagattggt 5040
ttaaaaagaa aagtgtaatg caagaattta aagaaatatt tttaaagcca caattatttt 5100
aatattggat atcaactgct tgtaaagggt ctctcttttt ttcttgatcat tgctgggtcaa 5160
gattactaat atttgggaag gctttaaaga cgcattgtat ggtgctaag tactttcact 5220
tttaactct agatcagaat tgttgacttg cattcagaac ataaatgcac aaaatctgta 5280
catgtctccc atcagaagaa ttcattggca tgccacaggg gattctctc cttcatcctg 5340
taaaggtaaa caataaaaac caaattatgg ggctgctttt gtcacactag catagagaat 5400
gtgttgaaat ttaactttgt aagcttgat gtggttggtg atcttttttt tccttacaga 5460
cacccataat aaaatatcat attaaaattc 5490

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 12

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 1466

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant) (COL3A1)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 12

```

Met Met Ser Phe Val Gln Lys Gly Ser Trp Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu
 1             5             10            15
His Pro Thr Ile Ile Leu Ala Gln Gln Glu Ala Val Glu Gly Gly Cys
 20            25            30
Ser His Leu Gly Gln Ser Tyr Ala Asp Arg Asp Val Trp Lys Pro Glu
 35            40            45
Pro Cys Gln Ile Cys Val Cys Asp Ser Gly Ser Val Leu Cys Asp Asp
 50            55            60
Ile Ile Cys Asp Asp Gln Glu Leu Asp Cys Pro Asn Pro Glu Ile Pro
 65            70            75            80

```

-continued

---

Phe Gly Glu Cys Cys Ala Val Cys Pro Gln Pro Pro Thr Ala Pro Thr  
85 90 95  
Arg Pro Pro Asn Gly Gln Gly Pro Gln Gly Pro Lys Gly Asp Pro Gly  
100 105 110  
Pro Pro Gly Ile Pro Gly Arg Asn Gly Asp Pro Gly Ile Pro Gly Gln  
115 120 125  
Pro Gly Ser Pro Gly Ser Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Ile Cys Glu Ser Cys  
130 135 140  
Pro Thr Gly Pro Gln Asn Tyr Ser Pro Gln Tyr Asp Ser Tyr Asp Val  
145 150 155 160  
Lys Ser Gly Val Ala Val Gly Gly Leu Ala Gly Tyr Pro Gly Pro Ala  
165 170 175  
Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Thr Ser Gly His Pro Gly  
180 185 190  
Ser Pro Gly Ser Pro Gly Tyr Gln Gly Pro Pro Gly Glu Pro Gly Gln  
195 200 205  
Ala Gly Pro Ser Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Ala Ile Gly Pro Ser  
210 215 220  
Gly Pro Ala Gly Lys Asp Gly Glu Ser Gly Arg Pro Gly Arg Pro Gly  
225 230 235 240  
Glu Arg Gly Leu Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Ile Lys Gly Pro Ala Gly Ile  
245 250 255  
Pro Gly Phe Pro Gly Met Lys Gly His Arg Gly Phe Asp Gly Arg Asn  
260 265 270  
Gly Glu Lys Gly Glu Thr Gly Ala Pro Gly Leu Lys Gly Glu Asn Gly  
275 280 285  
Leu Pro Gly Glu Asn Gly Ala Pro Gly Pro Met Gly Pro Arg Gly Ala  
290 295 300  
Pro Gly Glu Arg Gly Arg Pro Gly Leu Pro Gly Ala Ala Gly Ala Arg  
305 310 315 320  
Gly Asn Asp Gly Ala Arg Gly Ser Asp Gly Gln Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly  
325 330 335  
Pro Pro Gly Thr Ala Gly Phe Pro Gly Ser Pro Gly Ala Lys Gly Glu  
340 345 350  
Val Gly Pro Ala Gly Ser Pro Gly Ser Asn Gly Ala Pro Gly Gln Arg  
355 360 365  
Gly Glu Pro Gly Pro Gln Gly His Ala Gly Ala Gln Gly Pro Pro Gly  
370 375 380  
Pro Pro Gly Ile Asn Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly Lys Gly Glu Met Gly Pro  
385 390 395 400  
Ala Gly Ile Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly Leu Met Gly Ala Arg Gly Pro Pro  
405 410 415  
Gly Pro Ala Gly Ala Asn Gly Ala Pro Gly Leu Arg Gly Gly Ala Gly  
420 425 430  
Glu Pro Gly Lys Asn Gly Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Gly Pro Arg Gly Glu  
435 440 445  
Arg Gly Glu Ala Gly Ile Pro Gly Val Pro Gly Ala Lys Gly Glu Asp  
450 455 460  
Gly Lys Asp Gly Ser Pro Gly Glu Pro Gly Ala Asn Gly Leu Pro Gly  
465 470 475 480

-continued

---

Ala Ala Gly Glu Arg Gly Ala Pro Gly Phe Arg Gly Pro Ala Gly Pro  
485 490 495

Asn Gly Ile Pro Gly Glu Lys Gly Pro Ala Gly Glu Arg Gly Ala Pro  
500 505 510

Gly Pro Ala Gly Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala Gly Glu Pro Gly Arg Asp Gly  
515 520 525

Val Pro Gly Gly Pro Gly Met Arg Gly Met Pro Gly Ser Pro Gly Gly  
530 535 540

Pro Gly Ser Asp Gly Lys Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Ser Gln Gly Glu Ser  
545 550 555 560

Gly Arg Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Ser Gly Pro Arg Gly Gln Pro Gly  
565 570 575

Val Met Gly Phe Pro Gly Pro Lys Gly Asn Asp Gly Ala Pro Gly Lys  
580 585 590

Asn Gly Glu Arg Gly Gly Pro Gly Gly Pro Gly Pro Gln Gly Pro Pro  
595 600 605

Gly Lys Asn Gly Glu Thr Gly Pro Gln Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Thr Gly  
610 615 620

Pro Gly Gly Asp Lys Gly Asp Thr Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Gln Gly Leu  
625 630 635 640

Gln Gly Leu Pro Gly Thr Gly Gly Pro Pro Gly Glu Asn Gly Lys Pro  
645 650 655

Gly Glu Pro Gly Pro Lys Gly Asp Ala Gly Ala Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly  
660 665 670

Gly Lys Gly Asp Ala Gly Ala Pro Gly Glu Arg Gly Pro Pro Gly Leu  
675 680 685

Ala Gly Ala Pro Gly Leu Arg Gly Gly Ala Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Glu  
690 695 700

Gly Gly Lys Gly Ala Ala Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Ala Ala Gly  
705 710 715 720

Thr Pro Gly Leu Gln Gly Met Pro Gly Glu Arg Gly Gly Leu Gly Ser  
725 730 735

Pro Gly Pro Lys Gly Asp Lys Gly Glu Pro Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Asp  
740 745 750

Gly Val Pro Gly Lys Asp Gly Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Gly Pro Ile Gly  
755 760 765

Pro Pro Gly Pro Ala Gly Gln Pro Gly Asp Lys Gly Glu Gly Gly Ala  
770 775 780

Pro Gly Leu Pro Gly Ile Ala Gly Pro Arg Gly Ser Pro Gly Glu Arg  
785 790 795 800

Gly Glu Thr Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Ala Gly Phe Pro Gly Ala Pro Gly  
805 810 815

Gln Asn Gly Glu Pro Gly Gly Lys Gly Glu Arg Gly Ala Pro Gly Glu  
820 825 830

Lys Gly Glu Gly Gly Pro Pro Gly Val Ala Gly Pro Pro Gly Gly Ser  
835 840 845

Gly Pro Ala Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Gln Gly Val Lys Gly Glu Arg Gly  
850 855 860

Ser Pro Gly Gly Pro Gly Ala Ala Gly Phe Pro Gly Ala Arg Gly Leu  
865 870 875 880

Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Ser Asn Gly Asn Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Ser

-continued

885				890				895							
Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys	Asp	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Asn	Thr	Gly
			900					905					910		
Ala	Pro	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Pro	Lys	Gly	Asp	Ala	Gly	Gln
		915					920					925			
Pro	Gly	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ala	Gln	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro
		930				935					940				
Gly	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ile	Thr	Gly	Ala	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly
945				950						955					960
Pro	Pro	Gly	Met	Pro	Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Gly	Val
			965						970				975		
Lys	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Pro	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gly	Glu	Arg
		980						985					990		
Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ala	Gly
		995					1000						1005		
Glu	Pro	Gly	Arg	Asp	Gly	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Arg
		1010				1015					1020				
Asp	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Gly	Lys	Gly	Asp	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Pro
1025					1030					1035					1040
Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	His	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Val	Gly
			1045						1050					1055	
Pro	Ala	Gly	Lys	Ser	Gly	Asp	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Pro
			1060						1065					1070	
Ala	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Ser	Arg	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln
		1075					1080						1085		
Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Asp	Lys	Gly	Glu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly
		1090				1095					1100				
Ile	Lys	Gly	His	Arg	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gly	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ser
1105					1110					1115					1120
Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Gln	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ile	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala
			1125						1130					1135	
Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Pro	Val	Gly	Pro	Ser	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Lys	Asp	Gly
			1140						1145					1150	
Thr	Ser	Gly	His	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ile	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Asn
		1155					1160						1165		
Arg	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ser	Glu	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	His	Pro	Gly	Gln	Pro
		1170				1175					1180				
Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Pro	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Val
1185					1190					1195					1200
Gly	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ile	Gly	Gly	Glu	Lys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Phe
			1205						1210					1215	
Ala	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Glu	Pro	Met	Asp	Phe	Lys	Ile	Asn	Thr	Asp
			1220						1225					1230	
Glu	Ile	Met	Thr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ser	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ile	Glu	Ser	Leu
		1235					1240						1245		
Ile	Ser	Pro	Asp	Gly	Ser	Arg	Lys	Asn	Pro	Ala	Arg	Asn	Cys	Arg	Asp
		1250				1255					1260				
Leu	Lys	Phe	Cys	His	Pro	Glu	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gly	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Val	Asp
1265					1270					1275					1280
Pro	Asn	Gln	Gly	Cys	Lys	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Lys	Val	Phe	Cys	Asn	Met
			1285						1290					1295	

-continued

---

Glu Thr Gly Glu Thr Cys Ile Ser Ala Asn Pro Leu Asn Val Pro Arg  
 1300 1305 1310

Lys His Trp Trp Thr Asp Ser Ser Ala Glu Lys Lys His Val Trp Phe  
 1315 1320 1325

Gly Glu Ser Met Asp Gly Gly Phe Gln Phe Ser Tyr Gly Asn Pro Glu  
 1330 1335 1340

Leu Pro Glu Asp Val Leu Asp Val Gln Leu Ala Phe Leu Arg Leu Leu  
 1345 1350 1355 1360

Ser Ser Arg Ala Ser Gln Asn Ile Thr Tyr His Cys Lys Asn Ser Ile  
 1365 1370 1375

Ala Tyr Met Asp Gln Ala Ser Gly Asn Val Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Leu  
 1380 1385 1390

Met Gly Ser Asn Glu Gly Glu Phe Lys Ala Glu Gly Asn Ser Lys Phe  
 1395 1400 1405

Thr Tyr Thr Val Leu Glu Asp Gly Cys Thr Lys His Thr Gly Glu Trp  
 1410 1415 1420

Ser Lys Thr Val Phe Glu Tyr Arg Thr Arg Lys Ala Val Arg Leu Pro  
 1425 1430 1435 1440

Ile Val Asp Ile Ala Pro Tyr Asp Ile Gly Gly Pro Asp Gln Glu Phe  
 1445 1450 1455

Gly Val Asp Val Gly Pro Val Cys Phe Leu  
 1460 1465

<210> SEQ ID NO 13  
 <211> LENGTH: 3215  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta  
 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 2 (B3GALT2) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (696)..(1964)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: B3GALT2

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

cctgtgcagc agctgaggaa ccgtggatth catattatag actaaaacc cattaaaact 60  
 gctcaaaatc cttcctgcag ctgccaggca acaacgaaag aagagaggta aatcctattc 120  
 tttccaata caactgaagc actacatttt agctctggct gctttacatt gcagctcagt 180  
 gttattagta gaaatatgga tactgagacg agaacacagc actgcattgt ccagccagga 240  
 aaaatagcag atgtaaaaag cttcaatgca tcaactgtcg ggaagagtca acagtgctac 300  
 aagcagaacg ggcaactaca gctcttttgt ttaacgaaag agagaatatg aaagaaaggg 360  
 aaaatttcag aagactagga cccatatgaa caaggagggt aactogaaga caagcagaca 420  
 gatggacact ttggatactg tgaaaagcaa tcgcaggagg cagactgttg ggggatgtgc 480  
 gcatgttcga tagcatcttt tttgctgaag tgatggcgtg ccaaaagtat tttcagtggg 540  
 cataatctc ttcacataaa tggcctgacc aaggagaatg actacaagag agacaatgtg 600  
 actgaattag aaaatgattg ccaagaata gtattaagga gaagaaaaca tttttgtcac 660  
 caatctctca tatacacta ctggatattt acaacatgct tcagtggagg agaagacact 720  
 gctgctttgc aaagatgacc tggaatgcca aaaggtctct gttccgact catcttattg 780  
 gagtactttc tctagtgttt ctttttgcta tgtttttggt tttcaatcat catgactggc 840

---

-continued

---

tgccaggcag agctggatcc aaagaaaacc ctgtgacata cactttccga ggatttcggt 900  
caacaaaaag tgagacaaac cacagctccc ttcggaacat ttggaagaa acagtcacctc 960  
aaaccctgag gcctcaaaca gcaactaact ctaataacac agacctgtca ccacaaggag 1020  
ttacaggcct ggagaataca cttagtgcc aatggaagtat ttacaatgaa aaaggtactg 1080  
gacatccaaa ttcttaccat ttcaaatata ttattaatga gcctgaaaaa tgccaagaga 1140  
aaagtccctt ttaataacta ctaatagctg cagagcctgg acaaatagaa gctagaagag 1200  
ctattcggca aacttggggc aatgaaagtc tagcacctgg tattcaaatc acaagaatat 1260  
ttttgttggg cttaagtatt aagctaaatg gctaccttca acgtgcaata ctggaagaaa 1320  
gcagacaata tcatgatata attcaacagg aatacttaga tacgtactat aatttgacca 1380  
ttaaaccact aatgggcatg aactgggttg caacatactg tccacatatt ccatatgtta 1440  
tgaaaactga cagtgcacatg tttgtcaaca ctgaatattt aatcaataag ttactgaagc 1500  
cagatctgcc tcccagacat aactatttca ctggttacct aatgagagga tatgcacca 1560  
atcgaaacaa agatagcaag tggtagatgc caccagacct ctaccaagt gagcgttatc 1620  
ctgtcttctg tcttggaaat gggtatgttt tttctggaga tctggcagaa aagattttta 1680  
aagtttcttt aggtatccgc cgtttgcact tggaagatgt atatgtaggg atctgtcttg 1740  
ccaagttgag aattgatcct gtaccccctc ccaatgagtt tgtgttcaat cactggcgag 1800  
tctcttattc gagctgtaaa tacagccacc taattacctc tcatcagttc cagcctagtg 1860  
aactgataaa atactggaac catttacaac aaaataagca caatgcctgt gccaacgcag 1920  
caaaagaaaa ggcaggcagg tatcgccacc gtaaacatac ttagaaaaaga caattttttt 1980  
tcaatgtgca atttgtaaat attgctaaaa gcatgtatag ttaggaactg attacatccg 2040  
taggacaagt tttagttaaa actcatcaca taaagaaatt caagaagtat ttttttaatt 2100  
tctgaagaag ttaattctta aaactataac attatataac aaaaaagggt tcccaaaaca 2160  
atctatttaa aaaactgtat aaggagatcc tgtgtattaa catgcaataa caagcatgca 2220  
taaatcaatg gttcaagtct tctgttaggg ggccaataaa atgtatctgc atatgttttc 2280  
cacataaatt ttaattcaag aaatgacagt caaaagatcc ttcattttag attaagcttt 2340  
tcattttaat atataattha atgtaataaa aacatcacta tcaattttta ggaactttt 2400  
taattgtgca aaggataaat tttttgacct attttaggg tctaaatgca ataagattta 2460  
gttgagttat tccacaaaca cattataaag ttcagatggt tcatcaatgc agttctcagc 2520  
aaagtattta ctttttaaaa ataactgaga tattatttta aatttctttt attaatactt 2580  
tcttttatta atatatgggg gaaaattatt ttgacatgac gtggtaaaat gtgaaaaact 2640  
aatgtgtctc aggcctcaagt ttttatagtt attaaatggt tcaaaataga caagttttgt 2700  
ttctcattg atgttaagaa ccaaactcct atttcaatga gttattggat tagaccaatt 2760  
actgcactct taacacgac caccatttaa tttcatgtaa tatctaactt cgaatatatc 2820  
tgtaaaggat aatcgaagca aaagtaatca cttaaaggca caaataggat gtactgttga 2880  
aaaagataaa gagtgcaggt gcagtttcat tcaacacatt tttaagatgc atgtctgcca 2940  
aaatgcaaca tacgggaagt ttatttctctg acagcaggtg tacacatgcc aacacttaat 3000  
cattttatgg cacctatttc tttcttggag tgccaagttt gcaaacctgc agtttttaat 3060  
ttggtagatg acaaatattc tgaatcacca attaaaaacc tttttgggag ggatggggaa 3120

-continued

aactacaaac gtttgacaaa cacaattota ggatgaacaa tgtatacaat gcacttttat 3180  
 gaagttttta aaaataaagg aaaacaaaaa actttt 3215

<210> SEQ ID NO 14  
 <211> LENGTH: 422  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta  
 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 2 (B3GALT2)

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

Met Leu Gln Trp Arg Arg Arg His Cys Cys Phe Ala Lys Met Thr Trp  
 1 5 10 15  
 Asn Ala Lys Arg Ser Leu Phe Arg Thr His Leu Ile Gly Val Leu Ser  
 20 25 30  
 Leu Val Phe Leu Phe Ala Met Phe Leu Phe Phe Asn His His Asp Trp  
 35 40 45  
 Leu Pro Gly Arg Ala Gly Phe Lys Glu Asn Pro Val Thr Tyr Thr Phe  
 50 55 60  
 Arg Gly Phe Arg Ser Thr Lys Ser Glu Thr Asn His Ser Ser Leu Arg  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asn Ile Trp Lys Glu Thr Val Pro Gln Thr Leu Arg Pro Gln Thr Ala  
 85 90 95  
 Thr Asn Ser Asn Asn Thr Asp Leu Ser Pro Gln Gly Val Thr Gly Leu  
 100 105 110  
 Glu Asn Thr Leu Ser Ala Asn Gly Ser Ile Tyr Asn Glu Lys Gly Thr  
 115 120 125  
 Gly His Pro Asn Ser Tyr His Phe Lys Tyr Ile Ile Asn Glu Pro Glu  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Cys Gln Glu Lys Ser Pro Phe Leu Ile Leu Leu Ile Ala Ala Glu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Pro Gly Gln Ile Glu Ala Arg Arg Ala Ile Arg Gln Thr Trp Gly Asn  
 165 170 175  
 Glu Ser Leu Ala Pro Gly Ile Gln Ile Thr Arg Ile Phe Leu Leu Gly  
 180 185 190  
 Leu Ser Ile Lys Leu Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Arg Ala Ile Leu Glu Glu  
 195 200 205  
 Ser Arg Gln Tyr His Asp Ile Ile Gln Gln Glu Tyr Leu Asp Thr Tyr  
 210 215 220  
 Tyr Asn Leu Thr Ile Lys Thr Leu Met Gly Met Asn Trp Val Ala Thr  
 225 230 235 240  
 Tyr Cys Pro His Ile Pro Tyr Val Met Lys Thr Asp Ser Asp Met Phe  
 245 250 255  
 Val Asn Thr Glu Tyr Leu Ile Asn Lys Leu Leu Lys Pro Asp Leu Pro  
 260 265 270  
 Pro Arg His Asn Tyr Phe Thr Gly Tyr Leu Met Arg Gly Tyr Ala Pro  
 275 280 285  
 Asn Arg Asn Lys Asp Ser Lys Trp Tyr Met Pro Pro Asp Leu Tyr Pro  
 290 295 300  
 Ser Glu Arg Tyr Pro Val Phe Cys Ser Gly Thr Gly Tyr Val Phe Ser  
 305 310 315 320

-continued

---

Gly Asp Leu Ala Glu Lys Ile Phe Lys Val Ser Leu Gly Ile Arg Arg  
 325 330 335

Leu His Leu Glu Asp Val Tyr Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Ala Lys Leu Arg  
 340 345 350

Ile Asp Pro Val Pro Pro Pro Asn Glu Phe Val Phe Asn His Trp Arg  
 355 360 365

Val Ser Tyr Ser Ser Cys Lys Tyr Ser His Leu Ile Thr Ser His Gln  
 370 375 380

Phe Gln Pro Ser Glu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Trp Asn His Leu Gln Gln Asn  
 385 390 395 400

Lys His Asn Ala Cys Ala Asn Ala Ala Lys Glu Lys Ala Gly Arg Tyr  
 405 410 415

Arg His Arg Lys Leu His  
 420

<210> SEQ ID NO 15  
 <211> LENGTH: 3489  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: glycosylphosphatidylinositol specific  
 phospholipase D1 (GPLD1) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (112)..(2634)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: GPLD1

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

gtgacctgct tagagagaag cgggtgggtct gcacctggat tttggagtcc cagtgtgct 60

gcagctctga gcattcccac gtcaccagag aagccgggtg gcaatgagat catgtctgct 120

ttcaggttgt ggcttgctct gctgatcatg ttgggttctc tctgccatag aggttcaccg 180

tgtggccttt caacacacgt agaaatagga cacagagctc tggagtcttc tcagcttcac 240

aatgggcgtg ttaactacag agagctgtta ctagaacacc aggatgctga tcaggctgga 300

atcgtgtttc ctgattgttt ttaccctagc atctgcaaag gaggaaaatt ccatgatgtg 360

tctgagagca ctactggac tccgtttctt aatgcaagcg ttcattatat cegagagaac 420

tatccccttc cctgggagaa ggacacagag aaactggtag ctttctgtt tggaattact 480

tctcacatgg cggcagatgt cagctggcat agtctgggcc ttgaacaagg attccttagg 540

accatgggag ctattgattt tcacggctcc tattcagagg ctattcggc tggtgatttt 600

ggaggagatg tgttgagcca gtttgaattt aattttaatt acctgcacg acgctggat 660

gtgccagtca aagatctact gggaatttat gagaaactgt atggtcgaaa agtcatcacc 720

gaaaaatgaa tcgttgattg ttcacatate cagttcttag aaatgatgg tgagatgcta 780

gctgtttcca agttatatcc cacttactct acaaagtccc cgtttttggg ggaacaattc 840

caagagtatt ttcttgaggg actggatgat atggcatttt ggtccactaa tatttaccat 900

ctaacaagct tcatgttga gaatgggacc agtgactgca acctgcctga gaaccctctg 960

ttcattgcat ttggcggcca gcaaaaccac acccagggct caaaaatgca gaaaaatgat 1020

tttcacagaa atttgactac atcccctaact gaaagtgttg acaggaatat aaactatact 1080

gaaagaggag tgttcttttag tgtaaatcc tggaccccg attccatgct ctttatctac 1140

aaggctttgg aaaggaacat aaggacaatg ttcataagtg gctctcagtt gtcacaaaag 1200

-continued

---

cacgtctcca gccccttagc atcttacttc ttgtcatttc cttatgagag gcttggetgg	1260
gcaatgacct cagctgacct caaccaggat gggcacgggt acctcgtggt gggcgcacca	1320
ggctacagcc gcccggcca catccacatc gggcgcggtt acctcatcta cggcaatgac	1380
ctgggectgc cacctgttga cctggacctg gacaaggagg cccacaggat ccttgaaggc	1440
ttccagccct caggtcgggt ttgctcggcc ttggtgtgtg tggactttaa cgtggacggc	1500
gtgctgacc tggcctggg agctccctcg gtgggctccg agcagctcac ctacaaaggt	1560
gccgtgatg tctacttttg ttccaaacaa ggaggaatgt cttcttccc taacatcacc	1620
attcttgcc aggacatcta ctgtaacttg ggctggactc tcttggtgc agatgtgaat	1680
ggagacagtg aacccgatct ggtcatcggc tccccttttg caccaggtgg agggaagcag	1740
aagggaaattg tggctcgggt ttattctggc cccagcctga gcgacaaaga aaaactgaac	1800
gtggaggcag ccaactggac ggtgagaggc gaggaagact tctcctggtt tggatattcc	1860
cttcacgggtg tcaactgtga caacagaacc ttgctgttgg ttgggagccc gacctggaag	1920
aatgccagca ggtcgggcca tttgttacac atccgagatg agaaaaagag ccttgggagg	1980
gtgtatggct acttcccacc aaacggccaa agctggttta ccatttctgg agacaaggca	2040
atgggaaac tgggtacttc cctttccagt ggccaagtac tgatgaatgg gactctgaaa	2100
caagtgtgc tgggtggagc ccctacgtac gatgacgtgt ctaaggtggc attcctgacc	2160
gtgacctac accaaggcgg agccactcgc atgtacgac tcacatctga cgcgcagcct	2220
ctgctgtca gcacctcag cggagaccgc cgttctccc gatttgggtg cgttctgcac	2280
ttgagtgacc tggatgatga tggcttagat gaaatcatca tggcagcccc cctgaggata	2340
gcagatgtaa cctctggact gattggggga gaagacggcc gagtataatgt atataatggc	2400
aaagagacca cccttgggtga catgactggc aaatgcaaat catggataac tccatgtcca	2460
gaagaaaagg cccaatatgt attgatttct cctgaagcca gctcaagggt tgggagctcc	2520
ctcatcaccg tgaggccaa ggcaaaagac caagtcgtca ttgctgctgg aaggagtctt	2580
ttgggagccc gactctccgg ggcactcacc gtctatagcc ttggtcaga ttgaagattt	2640
cactgeattt cccactctg cccacctctc tcatgctgaa tcacatccat ggtgagcatt	2700
ttgatggaca aagtggcaca tccagtggag cgggtgtaga tctgataga catggggctc	2760
ctgggagtag agagacacac taacagccac accctctgga aatctgatac agtaaatata	2820
tgactgcacc agaaatatgt gaaatagcag acattctgct tactcatgtc tccttcaca	2880
gtttacttcc tcgctccctt tgcactctaa cctttcttct tcccaactt attgcctgta	2940
gtcagacctg ctgtacaacc tatttcctct tcctctttaa tgtctttcca atggctggaa	3000
aggccctct gtggttatct gttagaacag tctctgtaca caattcctcc taaaaacatc	3060
cttttttaaa aaaagaattg ttcagccata aagaaagac aagatcatgc cctttgcagg	3120
gacatggatg gagctggagg ccattatcct tcataaacta ttgcaggaac agaaaaccaa	3180
acactccata ttctcacttg taagtgggag ctaaatgaga acactggac acatagaggg	3240
aaacaacaca cactggggcc tatgagaggg cggaaagggtg gaggaggag agatcaggaa	3300
aaataactaa tggatactta gggatgatgaa ataactctgt taacaaacc ccatgacaca	3360
cctttatgta tgtaacaaac cagcacttcc tgcgcatgta cccctgaact taaaagttaa	3420
aaaaaagttg aacttaaaaa taacagattg gcccatgcca atcaaatat aatagaagc	3480

-continued

atagtatac

3489

<210> SEQ ID NO 16  
 <211> LENGTH: 840  
 <212> TYPE: PRT  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: glycosylphosphatidylinositol specific  
 phospholipase D1 (GPLD1)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 16

Met Ser Ala Phe Arg Leu Trp Pro Gly Leu Leu Ile Met Leu Gly Ser  
 1 5 10 15  
 Leu Cys His Arg Gly Ser Pro Cys Gly Leu Ser Thr His Val Glu Ile  
 20 25 30  
 Gly His Arg Ala Leu Glu Phe Leu Gln Leu His Asn Gly Arg Val Asn  
 35 40 45  
 Tyr Arg Glu Leu Leu Leu Glu His Gln Asp Ala Tyr Gln Ala Gly Ile  
 50 55 60  
 Val Phe Pro Asp Cys Phe Tyr Pro Ser Ile Cys Lys Gly Gly Lys Phe  
 65 70 75 80  
 His Asp Val Ser Glu Ser Thr His Trp Thr Pro Phe Leu Asn Ala Ser  
 85 90 95  
 Val His Tyr Ile Arg Glu Asn Tyr Pro Leu Pro Trp Glu Lys Asp Thr  
 100 105 110  
 Glu Lys Leu Val Ala Phe Leu Phe Gly Ile Thr Ser His Met Ala Ala  
 115 120 125  
 Asp Val Ser Trp His Ser Leu Gly Leu Glu Gln Gly Phe Leu Arg Thr  
 130 135 140  
 Met Gly Ala Ile Asp Phe His Gly Ser Tyr Ser Glu Ala His Ser Ala  
 145 150 155 160  
 Gly Asp Phe Gly Gly Asp Val Leu Ser Gln Phe Glu Phe Asn Phe Asn  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Leu Ala Arg Arg Trp Tyr Val Pro Val Lys Asp Leu Leu Gly Ile  
 180 185 190  
 Tyr Glu Lys Leu Tyr Gly Arg Lys Val Ile Thr Glu Asn Val Ile Val  
 195 200 205  
 Asp Cys Ser His Ile Gln Phe Leu Glu Met Tyr Gly Glu Met Leu Ala  
 210 215 220  
 Val Ser Lys Leu Tyr Pro Thr Tyr Ser Thr Lys Ser Pro Phe Leu Val  
 225 230 235 240  
 Glu Gln Phe Gln Glu Tyr Phe Leu Gly Gly Leu Asp Asp Met Ala Phe  
 245 250 255  
 Trp Ser Thr Asn Ile Tyr His Leu Thr Ser Phe Met Leu Glu Asn Gly  
 260 265 270  
 Thr Ser Asp Cys Asn Leu Pro Glu Asn Pro Leu Phe Ile Ala Cys Gly  
 275 280 285  
 Gly Gln Gln Asn His Thr Gln Gly Ser Lys Met Gln Lys Asn Asp Phe  
 290 295 300  
 His Arg Asn Leu Thr Thr Ser Leu Thr Glu Ser Val Asp Arg Asn Ile  
 305 310 315 320  
 Asn Tyr Thr Glu Arg Gly Val Phe Phe Ser Val Asn Ser Trp Thr Pro  
 325 330 335

-continued

---

Asp Ser Met Ser Phe Ile Tyr Lys Ala Leu Glu Arg Asn Ile Arg Thr  
                   340                                  345                                  350

Met Phe Ile Gly Gly Ser Gln Leu Ser Gln Lys His Val Ser Ser Pro  
                   355                                  360                                  365

Leu Ala Ser Tyr Phe Leu Ser Phe Pro Tyr Ala Arg Leu Gly Trp Ala  
                   370                                  375                                  380

Met Thr Ser Ala Asp Leu Asn Gln Asp Gly His Gly Asp Leu Val Val  
 385                                  390                                  395                                  400

Gly Ala Pro Gly Tyr Ser Arg Pro Gly His Ile His Ile Gly Arg Val  
                                   405                                  410                                  415

Tyr Leu Ile Tyr Gly Asn Asp Leu Gly Leu Pro Pro Val Asp Leu Asp  
                                   420                                  425                                  430

Leu Asp Lys Glu Ala His Arg Ile Leu Glu Gly Phe Gln Pro Ser Gly  
                   435                                  440                                  445

Arg Phe Gly Ser Ala Leu Ala Val Leu Asp Phe Asn Val Asp Gly Val  
                   450                                  455                                  460

Pro Asp Leu Ala Val Gly Ala Pro Ser Val Gly Ser Glu Gln Leu Thr  
 465                                  470                                  475                                  480

Tyr Lys Gly Ala Val Tyr Val Tyr Phe Gly Ser Lys Gln Gly Gly Met  
                                   485                                  490                                  495

Ser Ser Ser Pro Asn Ile Thr Ile Ser Cys Gln Asp Ile Tyr Cys Asn  
                   500                                  505                                  510

Leu Gly Trp Thr Leu Leu Ala Ala Asp Val Asn Gly Asp Ser Glu Pro  
                   515                                  520                                  525

Asp Leu Val Ile Gly Ser Pro Phe Ala Pro Gly Gly Gly Lys Gln Lys  
                   530                                  535                                  540

Gly Ile Val Ala Ala Phe Tyr Ser Gly Pro Ser Leu Ser Asp Lys Glu  
 545                                  550                                  555                                  560

Lys Leu Asn Val Glu Ala Ala Asn Trp Thr Val Arg Gly Glu Glu Asp  
                                   565                                  570                                  575

Phe Ser Trp Phe Gly Tyr Ser Leu His Gly Val Thr Val Asp Asn Arg  
                   580                                  585                                  590

Thr Leu Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Pro Thr Trp Lys Asn Ala Ser Arg Leu  
                   595                                  600                                  605

Gly His Leu Leu His Ile Arg Asp Glu Lys Lys Ser Leu Gly Arg Val  
                   610                                  615                                  620

Tyr Gly Tyr Phe Pro Pro Asn Gly Gln Ser Trp Phe Thr Ile Ser Gly  
 625                                  630                                  635                                  640

Asp Lys Ala Met Gly Lys Leu Gly Thr Ser Leu Ser Ser Gly His Val  
                                   645                                  650                                  655

Leu Met Asn Gly Thr Leu Lys Gln Val Leu Leu Val Gly Ala Pro Thr  
                   660                                  665                                  670

Tyr Asp Asp Val Ser Lys Val Ala Phe Leu Thr Val Thr Leu His Gln  
                   675                                  680                                  685

Gly Gly Ala Thr Arg Met Tyr Ala Leu Thr Ser Asp Ala Gln Pro Leu  
                   690                                  695                                  700

Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Ser Gly Asp Arg Arg Phe Ser Arg Phe Gly Gly  
 705                                  710                                  715                                  720

Val Leu His Leu Ser Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Gly Leu Asp Glu Ile Ile  
                                   725                                  730                                  735

Met Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Ile Ala Asp Val Thr Ser Gly Leu Ile Gly



-continued

---

taatggaaca atttcctgt gcctttgagt tcaatgagag gtttttgatt cacattcaac	1320
atcacattta ttctctccag tttggaaact tcctatgtaa cagccaaaag gagagacgag	1380
aactcaagat tcaagaaaga acatactcat tatgggctca cctgtggaag aatcgggccg	1440
actacctgaa tcctctgttt agagctgac acagccagac tcagggaacc cttcatctcc	1500
ctacaacacc atgtaacttc atgtacaagt tttggagtgg aatgtataac cgctttgaaa	1560
aggggatgca gccccgacag tcagttacag attacctaatt ggcagtgaag gaagaaactc	1620
agcagctaga ggaagaacta gaggccctgg aagaaaggct ggaaaaaatt caaaaggctc	1680
agttaaattg cactaagggtg aagagtaagc aaagtgagcc cagcaagcac tcagggtttt	1740
ctacctcaga caacagcata gccaacactc cccaggatta cagtgggaat atgaaatcat	1800
ttccatcccg gagcccttca caaggcgatg aagattctgc tctgattcta acccaagaca	1860
atctgaaaag ttcagatcca gatctgctag ccaacagtga ccaagagtcc ggggtggagg	1920
atctgagctg tcggctccca agtgggtggg agcatgcacc gagtgaagat agtggcaagg	1980
accgggattc tgatgaagcc gtgtttctca ctgcctgaag tttcccttg gagttccaaa	2040
gtaaggaca cataagcaac acttccaaa acaagggaac aaggtggttt attgtaaaaa	2100
caggaaatgg tgcattgcat tgagaactat ttaatgcag ctatgaaaag ggaaaaagt	2160
gcccgattct tgatttctta gatactgaag aggacgtagt catttcattt atcaaatata	2220
aggaaaatta ttcaccattt tgaagctcac cctagactat gaaaattata ttcactgcag	2280
agcaattact tctgtcatta cctgaagtga tcagtatcta tcttctgt catagcatgc	2340
atctctcaaa aagcctccac tcctttccct cacatctgtg atcatcatga ttcttttagt	2400
tcacttctag atgcatattt tgtgttttct aaagcatctg acattatcct cctttccgac	2460
cctcttatac atatttctaa aaacaggcac attggtgaga tgcacccttt ttagttaata	2520
gatgcattcc taaggagctt ttaattgctt atctttcagg cataatcacc actttaactt	2580
ttccttgag catatatttt gaattgtgag aataattttg ttgcttttct ctgagatcta	2640
tagtctgttt ctctcatta tttaaaaatg ctaaaccttg tatctcattt tttctctaac	2700
actgatttaa tagctaacga ggtagaagca acattcatc tcctgggtctt acatatgaat	2760
ttaagtatca gctttctgt aataaccttt tattactgtt ctagagacta cactaccgac	2820
agtggtggcc agccaccagc ctgatctcaa agtatcacat tataaagtta gtagataaaa	2880
catctgtgag tgaaaatcca gtttcaggaa ccagagaatt gggttgtcat gtctgtttaa	2940
tgaaggaat aggttttgta atctatcatt ttagaaatta tgtaactggc taatatggtt	3000
taattaacct tagtaacatc tcgtgaccac tgactgctga aagttctgaa aagaattttt	3060
gtttgtttac actgcacatt taaggagag tcctccct atcttatgag ttaaaaaaga	3120
cttactagg tgacctaat taaacttagt ggggaaaagt ggccatggtt ggacataaat	3180
aatggtatt cacactgtat ggttttaata tattagtaca ttctagaatg taaaaggatt	3240
aaactttaca atttagatca atattttgaa tatgtgaaag gattaattta aactttaca	3300
tttacatcaa tattttgaat atctgatttt ttttaatggg agaattatta catttcgctg	3360
aatgaggac gagggcaaga aagcaacatt gctgatctct ctagtatgaa agatttgag	3420
ggagtgttc aatatatata aatgaaaaca ttaattgtg ttcacatata ttaaaaaat	3480
agaatatatt agagaactgt gatttaaaag tactgttaat gtaaaaaata aagcaagtgt	3540

-continued

---

```

aattaattct ttcagaatat aaaatttggg cattctctgc tgagcagttc ccaaattaag 3600
tacaaggaat gtttattcat tttctgcaat atactatatg taatagggaa taccttgcta 3660
aaataaaaact taggatatag tggtaatggc tttcacattt ttataacata acataactca 3720
cttcacaacc ttcttggagc tgtccactct tagaaactct gttgctaat attgaggatg 3780
tggctttaat ttcttccgtt tgacagtgta tgtctataaa aacaataaac attttttaaa 3840
aatgacaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 3882

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 18
<211> LENGTH: 660
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: myotubularin related protein 7 (MTMR7)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

```

```

Met Glu His Ile Arg Thr Pro Lys Val Glu Asn Val Arg Leu Val Asp
1           5           10           15
Arg Val Ser Pro Lys Lys Ala Ala Leu Gly Thr Leu Tyr Leu Thr Ala
20          25          30
Thr His Val Ile Phe Val Glu Asn Ser Pro Asp Ala Arg Lys Glu Thr
35          40          45
Trp Ile Leu His Ser Gln Ile Ser Thr Ile Glu Lys Gln Ala Thr Thr
50          55          60
Ala Thr Gly Cys Pro Leu Leu Ile Arg Cys Lys Asn Phe Gln Ile Ile
65          70          75          80
Gln Leu Ile Ile Pro Gln Glu Arg Asp Cys His Asp Val Tyr Ile Ser
85          90          95
Leu Ile Arg Leu Ala Arg Pro Val Lys Tyr Glu Glu Leu Tyr Cys Phe
100         105         110
Ser Phe Asn Pro Met Leu Asp Lys Glu Glu Arg Glu Gln Gly Trp Val
115         120         125
Leu Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu Glu Tyr Thr Arg Met Gly Leu Pro Asn His
130         135         140
Tyr Trp Gln Leu Ser Asp Val Asn Arg Asp Tyr Arg Val Cys Asp Ser
145         150         155         160
Tyr Pro Thr Glu Leu Tyr Val Pro Lys Ser Ala Thr Ala His Ile Ile
165         170         175
Val Gly Ser Ser Lys Phe Arg Ser Arg Arg Arg Phe Pro Val Leu Ser
180         185         190
Tyr Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Asn His Ala Ser Ile Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Pro
195         200         205
Leu Ser Gly Phe Ser Ala Arg Cys Leu Glu Asp Glu Gln Met Leu Gln
210         215         220
Ala Ile Arg Lys Ala Asn Pro Gly Ser Asp Phe Val Tyr Val Val Asp
225         230         235         240
Ala Arg Pro Lys Leu Asn Ala Met Ala Asn Arg Ala Ala Gly Lys Gly
245         250         255
Tyr Glu Asn Glu Asp Asn Tyr Ser Asn Ile Lys Phe Gln Phe Ile Gly
260         265         270
Ile Glu Asn Ile His Val Met Arg Asn Ser Leu Gln Lys Met Leu Glu
275         280         285

```

-continued

---

Val Cys Glu Leu Lys Ser Pro Ser Met Ser Asp Phe Leu Trp Gly Leu  
 290 295 300

Glu Asn Ser Gly Trp Leu Arg His Ile Lys Ala Ile Met Asp Ala Gly  
 305 310 315 320

Ile Phe Ile Ala Lys Ala Val Ser Glu Glu Gly Ala Ser Val Leu Val  
 325 330 335

His Cys Ser Asp Gly Trp Asp Arg Thr Ala Gln Val Cys Ser Val Ala  
 340 345 350

Ser Leu Leu Leu Asp Pro His Tyr Arg Thr Leu Lys Gly Phe Met Val  
 355 360 365

Leu Ile Glu Lys Asp Trp Ile Ser Phe Gly His Lys Phe Asn His Arg  
 370 375 380

Tyr Gly Asn Leu Asp Gly Asp Pro Lys Glu Ile Ser Pro Val Ile Asp  
 385 390 395 400

Gln Phe Ile Glu Cys Val Trp Gln Leu Met Glu Gln Phe Pro Cys Ala  
 405 410 415

Phe Glu Phe Asn Glu Arg Phe Leu Ile His Ile Gln His His Ile Tyr  
 420 425 430

Ser Cys Gln Phe Gly Asn Phe Leu Cys Asn Ser Gln Lys Glu Arg Arg  
 435 440 445

Glu Leu Lys Ile Gln Glu Arg Thr Tyr Ser Leu Trp Ala His Leu Trp  
 450 455 460

Lys Asn Arg Ala Asp Tyr Leu Asn Pro Leu Phe Arg Ala Asp His Ser  
 465 470 475 480

Gln Thr Gln Gly Thr Leu His Leu Pro Thr Thr Pro Cys Asn Phe Met  
 485 490 495

Tyr Lys Phe Trp Ser Gly Met Tyr Asn Arg Phe Glu Lys Gly Met Gln  
 500 505 510

Pro Arg Gln Ser Val Thr Asp Tyr Leu Met Ala Val Lys Glu Glu Thr  
 515 520 525

Gln Gln Leu Glu Glu Glu Leu Glu Ala Leu Glu Glu Arg Leu Glu Lys  
 530 535 540

Ile Gln Lys Val Gln Leu Asn Cys Thr Lys Val Lys Ser Lys Gln Ser  
 545 550 555 560

Glu Pro Ser Lys His Ser Gly Phe Ser Thr Ser Asp Asn Ser Ile Ala  
 565 570 575

Asn Thr Pro Gln Asp Tyr Ser Gly Asn Met Lys Ser Phe Pro Ser Arg  
 580 585 590

Ser Pro Ser Gln Gly Asp Glu Asp Ser Ala Leu Ile Leu Thr Gln Asp  
 595 600 605

Asn Leu Lys Ser Ser Asp Pro Asp Leu Ser Ala Asn Ser Asp Gln Glu  
 610 615 620

Ser Gly Val Glu Asp Leu Ser Cys Arg Ser Pro Ser Gly Gly Glu His  
 625 630 635 640

Ala Pro Ser Glu Asp Ser Gly Lys Asp Arg Asp Ser Asp Glu Ala Val  
 645 650 655

Phe Leu Thr Ala  
 660

<210> SEQ ID NO 19  
 <211> LENGTH: 2299  
 <212> TYPE: DNA

-continued

---

```

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein with EGF-like and two
    follistatin-like domains 1 (TMEFF1) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (110)..(1252)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TMEFF1

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

agcggggcgc tgctaggagg caccgaggca gcggcggggc tctgggcgcg cggctggatg    60
ccccggcct gcggtccct gcgcttccc cgtccaggg gcaccagtca tgggcgccgc    120
agccgctgag gcgccctcc ggctgctgc cgcgctccg ctgccttct getgctacac    180
gtcggtgctt ctgctcttc cttctctct gccagggagc cgcgctcca accagcccc    240
gggtggtggc ggcggcagcg gcggggactg tcccggcggc aaaggcaaga gcatcaactg    300
ctcagaatta aatgtgaggg agtctgacgt aagagtttgt gatgagtcac catgtaaata    360
tggaggagtc tgtaaagaag atggagatgg tttgaaatgt gcatgccaat ttcagtgcc    420
tacaattat attcctgtct gtggatcaaa tggggacact tatcaaaatg aatgctttct    480
cagaagggct gcttgtaagc accagaaaga gataacagta atagcaagag gaccatgcta    540
ctctgataat ggatctggat ctggagaagg agaagaggaa gggtcagggg cagaagtcca    600
cagaaaacac tccaagtgtg gacctgcaa atataaagct gagtgtgatg aagatgcaga    660
aatgttggg tgtgtatgta atatagattg cagtggatac agttttaatc ctgtgtgtgc    720
ttctgatggg agttcctata acaatccctg tttgttcca gaagcatctt gtataaagca    780
agaacaaatt gatataaggc atcttggta ttgcacagat acagatgaca ctagtttgtt    840
gggaaagaaa gatgatggac tacaatcgc accagatgtg aaagatgcta gtgatcaaag    900
agaagatggt tatattgaa accacatgcc ttgccctgaa aacctcaatg gttactgcat    960
ccatggaaaa tgtgaattca tctattctac tcagaaggct tctttagat gtgaatctgg   1020
ctacactgga cagcactgtg aaaagacaga ctttagtatt ctctatgtag tgccaagtag   1080
gcaaaagctc actcatgttc ttattgcagc aattattgga gctgtacaga ttgccatcat   1140
agtagcaatt gtaatgtgca taacaagaaa atgccccaaa aacaatagag gacgtcgaca   1200
gaagcaaac ctaggctcatt ttacttcaga tacgtcatcc agaatggttt aaactgatga   1260
cttttatatg tacactgacc atgtgatgta ctttattat gtcttttttt aaagaatgga   1320
aatatttatt tcagggctt tatttttggc catttttagt gtagtactgt tggctcgtat   1380
ttagaatatt cagctacagc agttttggac tgtttagtag tctttgtttt atgtttttaa   1440
atacagaaat tgctttcaca aatttgtacc acatggtaat tctaagactt gttctttacc   1500
catggaatgt aatatttttg caaagatgga ctacttcaca aatggttata aagtcatatc   1560
cacttcttcc acaatgacca cagcaaatga ccaagcatga actaaaggta aagatgttta   1620
cagattactt ttcttcaaaa aaaatctaga agacactgtg tttaaataga tatttaaatg   1680
tttttgagat ttagtaactg atttttttag cactgcttat cgcatgaact gtaaagctgt   1740
gtgtattagg tgtaaaatat ttataagata tatggactgg ggaatttgat tattcctccc   1800
tttgaaaaaa tagtctaata aatttgaaca aatatgtagg taatgatgga acagatcaat   1860
gaaaagtaga tatagatatt gtgaaaatag gctgtttaac aacagattg gaataaagcc   1920
tattctacca gttaaacact tttaatacac attcattttt aaagaaaatg tttgttttaa   1980

```

-continued

---

```

cataaataaa caaatcgat cagtgtttgt gaataaaata caaaaatgat tgtaaatgat 2040
tgggtgctctt aaagtgagct taaaatttat ccaagacgta tatccaaatt tgcctctgtag 2100
taatagatta atattcatag attgttggtg tttaaagatc tgaagtgtga gtagaatgta 2160
ttcagctggt taacatgtag tttagatatt caaaagtatg catgtagaat ttaaagaata 2220
tgtaaaaaat tattaatctt aatattttgt ttggaaaagc atgttataat ataatgtttt 2280
cacaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2299

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 20
<211> LENGTH: 380
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein with EGF-like and two
follistatin-like domains 1 (TMEFF1)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

```

```

Met Gly Ala Ala Ala Ala Glu Ala Pro Leu Arg Leu Pro Ala Ala Pro
1           5           10           15
Pro Leu Ala Phe Cys Cys Tyr Thr Ser Val Leu Leu Leu Phe Ala Phe
20          25          30
Ser Leu Pro Gly Ser Arg Ala Ser Asn Gln Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly
35          40          45
Gly Ser Gly Gly Asp Cys Pro Gly Gly Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Asn Cys
50          55          60
Ser Glu Leu Asn Val Arg Glu Ser Asp Val Arg Val Cys Asp Glu Ser
65          70          75          80
Ser Cys Lys Tyr Gly Gly Val Cys Lys Glu Asp Gly Asp Gly Leu Lys
85          90          95
Cys Ala Cys Gln Phe Gln Cys His Thr Asn Tyr Ile Pro Val Cys Gly
100         105         110
Ser Asn Gly Asp Thr Tyr Gln Asn Glu Cys Phe Leu Arg Arg Ala Ala
115         120         125
Cys Lys His Gln Lys Glu Ile Thr Val Ile Ala Arg Gly Pro Cys Tyr
130         135         140
Ser Asp Asn Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Glu Gly Glu Glu Glu Gly Ser Gly
145         150         155         160
Ala Glu Val His Arg Lys His Ser Lys Cys Gly Pro Cys Lys Tyr Lys
165         170         175
Ala Glu Cys Asp Glu Asp Ala Glu Asn Val Gly Cys Val Cys Asn Ile
180         185         190
Asp Cys Ser Gly Tyr Ser Phe Asn Pro Val Cys Ala Ser Asp Gly Ser
195         200         205
Ser Tyr Asn Asn Pro Cys Phe Val Arg Glu Ala Ser Cys Ile Lys Gln
210         215         220
Glu Gln Ile Asp Ile Arg His Leu Gly His Cys Thr Asp Thr Asp Asp
225         230         235         240
Thr Ser Leu Leu Gly Lys Lys Asp Asp Gly Leu Gln Tyr Arg Pro Asp
245         250         255
Val Lys Asp Ala Ser Asp Gln Arg Glu Asp Val Tyr Ile Gly Asn His
260         265         270
Met Pro Cys Pro Glu Asn Leu Asn Gly Tyr Cys Ile His Gly Lys Cys

```

-continued

---

275	280	285	
Glu Phe Ile Tyr Ser Thr Gln Lys Ala Ser Cys Arg Cys Glu Ser Gly			
290	295	300	
Tyr Thr Gly Gln His Cys Glu Lys Thr Asp Phe Ser Ile Leu Tyr Val			
305	310	315	320
Val Pro Ser Arg Gln Lys Leu Thr His Val Leu Ile Ala Ala Ile Ile			
325	330	335	
Gly Ala Val Gln Ile Ala Ile Ile Val Ala Ile Val Met Cys Ile Thr			
340	345	350	
Arg Lys Cys Pro Lys Asn Asn Arg Gly Arg Arg Gln Lys Gln Asn Leu			
355	360	365	
Gly His Phe Thr Ser Asp Thr Ser Ser Arg Met Val			
370	375	380	

<210> SEQ ID NO 21  
 <211> LENGTH: 1550  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1 alpha subcomplex, 5, 13kDa (NDUFA5), nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (110)..(460)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: NDUFA5

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

```

tggagctaag ctgtttccag ggtgacagag tggcgcacctc ggtggtcgat tgagcaggtc      60
tgagaattgt tcccaaaggg ttgtgctgca ccgagtcggt ggcgctgtca tggcgggtgt      120
gctgaagaag accactggcc ttgtgggatt ggctgtgtgc aatactcctc acgagaggct      180
aagaatattg tacacaaaga ttcttgatgt tcttgaggaa atccctaaaa atgcagcata      240
tagaaagtat acagaacaga ttacaaatga gaagctggct atggttaaag cggaaccaga      300
tgtaaaaaaa ttagaagacc aacttcaagg cggtaatta gaagaggatga ttcttcaggc      360
tgaacatgaa ctaaatctgg caagaaaaat gagggaaatgg aaactatggg agccattagt      420
ggaagagcct cctgcgatc agtggaatg gccaatataa ttattaagtg actttgggtg      480
gttcattgga aactgatgta attaaatatt ctgttatatt aagagcgtgt tcttattact      540
gacattttgt aatcaagaaa agtgatatag aaaatatgta ggagactgtt aaaattggtg      600
attatggtaa tatggctatg tgaatcaatt ttgtattat aaagtactca cacaagttgt      660
ttcaaagatg atatttctgt gaacagagag gccatgggaa gatttgaaaa ttattaaaga      720
aaaattccta cagattttca atgcagagac cataatcaaa aagtaaaactt tctttagtag      780
tatgttcaat acatcattta attttttaag ttatcctgaa gaaggaaagg tccttaatta      840
ttatagtcta aacaaattha tagattactg tttgaagtaa ataatacgag tgaatatttt      900
caaatgtgat aaaatagcac aagtggctgg tgataaaatt tgaaattatg gttaacctca      960
gctgtgatct tatgtatgta aagtgaaatt taaatagata attatagggt gattacaaaa     1020
tccatagtgt cattttattt tagtcattat tgaattatac catttactct gttttcttat     1080
agtottaatt ttattatatt ttgttggttac tgtattatat ttgaaaacct tcaaattaga     1140
atacattgta cagttaaaga aattgacttg gtacttaaaa gaaagatttc ccattgcata     1200
    
```

-continued

---

```

caggttattg gagaaatddd ccttttggtg catttggtga agttagtttt ctggcccgtg 1260
gcctttaatt ttcttaataca acctaattac atcaggatag aggtagagtt tctgtaaaaag 1320
aagagacatt aagagttcct gaaattdtata tctggcatac cgataggcctt atattcaaaa 1380
catcttagtc atacgacctt aaattdaaaag tggagtcact aaatagtttg cagtacgttt 1440
ctaataaag tgtaggtggg tatcaaaaaca agacaaatgc tgttcagga aagaagttgg 1500
caagcttaag gtdaaaacaaa aataaaatta catgtgtttt cgccttcta 1550

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 22
<211> LENGTH: 116
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1 alpha
subcomplex, 5, 13kDa (NDUPA5), nuclear gene
encoding mitochondrial protein

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

```

```

Met Ala Gly Val Leu Lys Lys Thr Thr Gly Leu Val Gly Leu Ala Val
1          5          10          15
Cys Asn Thr Pro His Glu Arg Leu Arg Ile Leu Tyr Thr Lys Ile Leu
          20          25          30
Asp Val Leu Glu Glu Ile Pro Lys Asn Ala Ala Tyr Arg Lys Tyr Thr
          35          40          45
Glu Gln Ile Thr Asn Glu Lys Leu Ala Met Val Lys Ala Glu Pro Asp
          50          55          60
Val Lys Lys Leu Glu Asp Gln Leu Gln Gly Gly Gln Leu Glu Glu Val
65          70          75          80
Ile Leu Gln Ala Glu His Glu Leu Asn Leu Ala Arg Lys Met Arg Glu
          85          90          95
Trp Lys Leu Trp Glu Pro Leu Val Glu Glu Pro Pro Ala Asp Gln Trp
          100         105         110
Lys Trp Pro Ile
          115

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 23
<211> LENGTH: 14536
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2 (Drosophila)
(FAT2) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (14)..(13063)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: FAT2

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

```

```

ggagttttcc accatgacta ttgccctgct gggttttgcc atattcttgc tccattgtgc 60
gacctgtgag aagcctctag aagggattct ctctctctct gcttggcact tcacacactc 120
ccattacaat gccaccatct atgaaaatc ttctcccaag acctatgtgg agagcttcga 180
gaaaatgggc atctacctcg cggagccaca gtgggcagtg aggtaccgga tcatctctgg 240
ggatgtggcc aatgtattda aaactgagga gtatgtgtg ggcaacttct gcttcctaag 300
aataaggaca aagagcagca acacagctct tctgaacaga gaggtgagag acagctacac 360
cctcatcctc caagccacag agaagacctt ggagttggaa gctttgacct gtgtgtgtgt 420

```

-continued

---

ccacatcctg gaccagaatg acctgaagcc tctcttctct ccacottcgt acagagtcaac	480
catctctgag gacatgcccc tgaagagccc catctgcaag gtgactgccca cagatgctga	540
tctaggccag aatgctgagt tctattatgc ctttaacaca aggtcagaga tgtttgccat	600
ccatcccacc agcgggtgtg tcaactgtgc tgggaagctt aacgtcacct ggcgaggaaa	660
gcatgagctc cagggtgctag ctgtggaccg catgcggaaa atctctgagg gcaatgggtt	720
tggcagcctg gctgcacttg tggttcatgt ggagcctgcc ctcaggaagc ccccagccat	780
tgcttcgggtg gtgggtgact caccagacag caatgatggt accacctatg ccactgtact	840
ggtcgatgca aatagctcag gagctgaagt ggagtcagt gaagttgttg gtggtgacc	900
tggaaagcac tcaaaagcca tcaagtctta tgcccggagc aatgagttca gtttggtgtc	960
tgtaaaagac atcaactgga tggagtacct tcatgggttc aacctcagcc tccaggccag	1020
gagtgggagc ggccttattt tttattccca gatcaggggc tttcacctac caccttccaa	1080
actgtcttcc ctcaaatctg agaaggtctg ttacagagtg cagcttagtg agttttcccc	1140
tcctggcagc cgcgtgggtga tggtgagagt cccccagcc tcccccaacc tgcagtatgt	1200
tctaaagcca tcttcagaga atgtaggatt taaacttaat gctcgaactg ggttgatcac	1260
caccacaaag ctcatggact tccacgacag agcccactat cagctacaca tcagaacctc	1320
accggggcag gctccaccgg tgggtggctat tgacattgtg gactgcaaca accatgcccc	1380
cctcttcaac aggtcttct atgatggtag cttggatgag aacatccctc caggcaccag	1440
tgttttggtc gtgactgccca ctgaccggga tcatggggaa aatggatag tcacctattc	1500
cattgctgga ccaaaaagctt tgccattttc tattgacccc tacctgggga tcatctccac	1560
ctccaaacct atggactatg aactcatgaa aagaatttat acctccggg taagagcatc	1620
agactgggga tccccttttc gccgggagaa ggaagtgtcc atttttcttc agctcaggaa	1680
cttgaatgac aaccagccta tgtttgaaga agtcaactgt acagggtcta tccgccaaga	1740
ctggccagta gggaaatcga taatgactat gtcagccata gatgtggatg agcttcagaa	1800
cctaaaatac gagattgtat caggcaatga actagagtat tttgatctaa atcatttctc	1860
cggagtgata tccctcaaac gcccttttat caatcttact gctggtaaac ccaccagtta	1920
ttccctgaag attacagcct cagatggcaa aaactatgcc tcaccacaaa ctttgaatat	1980
tactgtgggtg aaggaccctc attttgaagt tctgttaaca tgtgataaaa caggggtatt	2040
gacacaattc acaaagacta tccctcactt tattgggctt cagaaccagg agtccagtga	2100
tgaggaattc acttctttaa gcacatatca gattaatcat tacacccac agtttgagga	2160
ccacttcccc caatccattg atgtccttga gagtgcctc atcaacacct ccttgccccg	2220
cctagcagcc actgaccctg atgtcggttt taatggcaaa ctggtctatg tgattgcaga	2280
tggcaatgag gagggctgtt ttgacataga gctggagaca gggctgctca ctgtagctgc	2340
tcccttggtc tatgaagcca ccaatttcta catcctcaat gtaacagtat atgacctggg	2400
cacaccccag aagtccctct ggaagctgct gacagtgaat gtgaaagact ggaatgacaa	2460
cgcacccaga tttctcccc gtgggtacca gtttaaccatc tcggaggaca cagaagttgg	2520
aaccacaatt gcagagctga caaccaaga tgctgactcg gaagacaatg gcagggttcg	2580
ctacaccctg ctaagtccca cagagaagtt ctccctccac cctctcactg gggaaactgg	2640
tgttacagga cacctggacc gcgaatcaga gcctcggtag atactcaagg tggaggccag	2700

-continued

---

ggatcagccc agcaaaggcc accagctcct ctctgtcact gacctgataa tcacattgga	2760
ggatgtcaac gacaactctc cccagtgcat cacagaacac aacaggctga aggttccaga	2820
ggacctgccc cccgggactg tcttgacatt tctggatgcc tctgatcctg acctgggccc	2880
cgcaggtgaa gtgcgatatg ttctgatgga tggcgcccat gggaccttc gggtgaccc	2940
gatgacaggg gcgctcattc tggagagaga gctggacttt gagaggcgag ctgggtacaa	3000
tctgagcctg tgggccagtg atggtgggag gccctagcc cgcaggactc tctgcatgt	3060
ggagggtgat gtctctggat tgaatgagaa tctccaccct cccactttg cctcctctgt	3120
gcaccagggc caggtgcagg agaacagccc ctcggaact caggtgattg tagtggetgc	3180
ccaggacgat gacagtggct tggatgggga gctccagtac ttctgcgtg ctggcactgg	3240
actcgcagcc ttcagcatca accaagatac aggaatgatt cagactctgg caccctgga	3300
ccgagaattt gcacttact actggttgac ggtattagca gtggacaggg gttctgtgcc	3360
cctctctctc gtaactgaag tctacatcga ggttacggat gccaatgaca acccaccoca	3420
gatgtcccaa gctgtgttct acccctccat ccaggaggat gctcccgtgg gcacctctgt	3480
gcttcaactg gatgcctggg acccagactc cagctccaaa gggaaagtga ccttcaacat	3540
caccagtggg aactacatgg gattctttat gattcaccct gttacaggtc tcctatctac	3600
agcccagcag ctggacagag agaacaagga tgaacacatc ctggaggatga ctgtgctgga	3660
caatggggaa cctcactga agtccacctc cagggtggtg gtaggcatct tggacgtcaa	3720
tgacaatcca cctatattct cccacaagct cttcaatgtc cgccttcag agaggctgag	3780
ccctgtgtcc cctgggctg tgtacaggt ggtggcttca gacctggatg agggctctaa	3840
tggcagagtc acctacagta tgcaggacag cgatgaggag gccttcagta tgcacctgg	3900
cacaggtgtg gtttcatcca gcagcacttt tacagctgga gagtacaaca tcctaacgat	3960
caaggcaaca gacagtgggc agccaccact ctccagcagt gtccggctac acattgagtg	4020
gatcccttgg ccccgccctg cctccatccc tctggccttt gatgagacct actacagctt	4080
tacggtcatg gagacggacc ctgtgaacca catggtgggg gtcacagcg tagaggcgag	4140
acccgactc ttctggttca acatctcagg tgggataag gacatggact ttgacattga	4200
gaagaccaca ggcagcatcg tcattgccag gcctcttgat accaggagaa ggtcgaacta	4260
taacttgact gttgaggtga cagatgggtc ccgcaccatt gccacacagg tccacatctt	4320
catgattgcc aacattaacc accatcgccc ccagttctg gaaactcgtt atgaagtacg	4380
agttccccag gacaccgtgc caggggtaga gctcctgcga gtccaggcca tagatcaaga	4440
caagggcaaa agcctcatct ataccatata tggcagccaa gaccaggaa gtgccagcct	4500
cttccagctg gacccaagca gtggtgtcct ggtaacgggtg ggaaaatgg acctcggctc	4560
ggggccctcc cagcacacac tgacagtcac ggtccgagac caggaaatac ctatcaagag	4620
gaactctgtg tgggtgacca ttcatgtgga ggatgaaac ctccaccac cccgcttcac	4680
tcagctccat tatgaggcaa gtgttctcga caccatagcc cccggcacag agctgtgca	4740
ggtccgagcc atggatgctg accggggagt caatgctgag gtccactact cctcctgaa	4800
agggaacagc gaaggtttct tcaacatcaa tgcctgcta ggcattatta ctctagctca	4860
aaagcttgat caggcaaatc atgcccaca tactctgaca gtgaaggcag aagatcaagg	4920
ctcccacaaa tggcatgacc tggetacagt gatcattcat gtctatcctc cagataggag	4980

---

-continued

---

tgcccccatc ttttcaaat ctgagtactt tgtagagatc cctgaatcaa tccttgttgg 5040  
ttccccaatc ctcttgtct ctgctatgag cccctctgaa gttacctatg agttaagaga 5100  
gggaaataag gatggagtct tctctatgaa ctcatattct ggcttattt cccccagaa 5160  
gaaattggac catgagaaaa tctcgtctta ccagctgaaa atccgaggca gcaatatggc 5220  
agggtgcattt actgatgtca tgggtgggtg tgacataatt gatgaaaatg acaatgctcc 5280  
tatgttctta aagtcaactt ttgtgggcca aattagttaa gcagctccac tgtatagcat 5340  
gatcatggat aaaaacaaca accccttgtg gattcatgcc tctgacagtg acaagaagc 5400  
taattccttg ttggtctata aaattttgga gccggaggcc ttgaagttt tcaaaattga 5460  
tcccagcatg ggaaccctaa ccattgtatc agagatggat tatgagagca tgcctcttt 5520  
ccaattctgt gtctatgtcc atgaccaagg aagccctgta ttatttgcac ccagacctgc 5580  
ccaagtcatc attcatgtca gagatgtgaa tgattccct cccagattct cagaacagat 5640  
atatgaggta gcaatagtgc ggctatcca tccaggcatg gagcttctca tggtgccggc 5700  
cagcgtgaa gactcagaag tcaattatag catcaaaact ggcaatgctg atgaagctgt 5760  
taccatccat cctgtcactg gtagcatatc tgtgctgaat cctgcttcc tgggactctc 5820  
tcggaagctc accatcaggg cttctgatgg cttgtatcaa gacctgcgc tggtaaaaat 5880  
ttctttgacc caagtcttg acaaaagctt gcagtttgat caggatgtct actgggcagc 5940  
tgtgaaggag aacttcagc acagaaaggc actggtgatt cttggtgcc agggcaatca 6000  
tttgaatgac accctttcct actttctctt gaatggcaca gatatgttc atatggtcca 6060  
gtcagcaggt gtgttcagca caagaggtgt gccgtttgac cgggagcagc aggacactca 6120  
tgagttggca gtggaagtga gggacaatcg gacacctcag cgggtggctc agggtttgg 6180  
cagagtctct attgaggatg tcaatgacaa tcccccaaa ttaagcatc tgcctatta 6240  
cacaatcatc caagatggca cagagccagg ggatgtcctc tttcaggat ctgccactga 6300  
tgaggacttg gggacaatg gggctgttac atatgaatt gcagaagatt acacatatt 6360  
ccgaattgac ccctatcttg gggacatatc actcaagaaa cctttgatt atcaagctt 6420  
aaataaatat cacctcaag tcattgtctg ggatggagga acgcoatccc tccagagtga 6480  
ggaagaggta cttgtcactg tgagaaataa atccaacca ctgttccaga gtccttatta 6540  
caaagtccga gtacctgaaa atatcaccct ctataccca attctccaca cccaggccc 6600  
gagtccagag ggactccggc tcatotacaa cattgtggag gaagaacct tgatgctgt 6660  
caccactgac ttcaagactg gtgtcctaac agtaacaggc cctttggact atgagtcaa 6720  
gaccaaacat gtgttcacag tcagagccac ggatacagct ctggggtcat tttctgaagc 6780  
cacagtggaa gtccagtgg aggatgtcaa tgataaccct cccactttt cccaattggt 6840  
ctataccact tccatctcag aaggcctgcc tgctcagacc cctgtgatcc aactgttggc 6900  
ttctgaccag gactcagggc ggaaccgtga cgtctcttat cagattgtgg aggatggctc 6960  
agatgttcc aagtcttcc agatcaatgg gagcacaggg gagatgtcca cagttcaaga 7020  
actggattat gaagcccaac aacactttca tgtgaaagtc agggccatgg ataaaggaga 7080  
tccccactc actggtgaaa ccttctgggt tgtcaatgtg tctgatatca atgacaacct 7140  
cccagagttc agacaacctc aatataagc caatgtcagt gaactggcaa cctgtggaca 7200  
cctggttctt aaagtccagg ctattgacct tgacagcaga gacacctccc gctggagta 7260

---

-continued

---

cctgattcct tctggcaatc aggacaggca cttcttcatt aacagctcat cggaataat 7320  
ttctatgttc aacctttgca aaaagcacct ggactcttct tacaatttga gggtaggtgc 7380  
ttctgatgga gtcttcgag caactgtgcc tgtgtacatc aacctacaa atgccaacaa 7440  
gtacagccca gagttccagc agcaccttta tgaggcagaa ttagcagaga atgcaatggt 7500  
tggaaccaag gtgattgatt tgctagccat agacaaagat agtggtcctt atggcactat 7560  
agattatact atcatcaata aactagcaag tgagaagttc tccataaacc ccaatggcca 7620  
gattgccact ctgcagaaac tggatcggga aaattcaaca gagagagtca ttgctattaa 7680  
ggatcatggc cgggatggag gaggaagagt agccttctgc acggtgaaga tcatcctcac 7740  
agatgaaaat gacaaccccc cacagttcaa agcatctgag tacacagtat ccattcaatc 7800  
caatgtcagt aaagactctc cgggtatcca ggtgttggcc tatgatgcag atgaaggtca 7860  
gaacgcagat gtcacctact cagtgaaccc agaggaccta gttaaagatg tcattgaaat 7920  
taaccagtc actggtgttg tcaaggtgaa agacagcctg gtgggattgg aaaatcagac 7980  
ccttgacttc tcatcaaaag cccaagatgg aggcctcct cactggaact ctctggtgcc 8040  
agtacgactt caggtgttcc ctaaaaaagt atccttaccg aaattttctg aacctttgta 8100  
tactttctct gcacctgaag accttccaga ggggtctgaa attgggattg ttaaagcagt 8160  
ggcagctcaa gatccagtca tctacagtct agtgcggggc actacacctg agagcaacaa 8220  
ggatggtgtc ttctccttag acccagacac aggggtcata aaggtgagga agcccatgga 8280  
ccacgaatcc accaaattgt accagattga tgtgatggca cattgccttc agaactga 8340  
tgtggtgtcc ttggtctctg tcaaacatcca agtgggagac gtcaatgaca ataggcctgt 8400  
atgtgaggct gatccatata aggtgttct cactgagaat atgccagtgg ggacctcagt 8460  
cattcaagtg actgccattg acaaggacac tgggagagat ggccaggtga gctacaggct 8520  
gtctgcagac cctggttagc atgtccatga gctctttgcc attgacagtg agagtgggtg 8580  
gatcaccaca ctccaggaac ttgactgtga gacctgccag acttatcatt ttcattgtgt 8640  
ggcctatgac cacggacaga ccatccagct atcctctcag gccctggttc aggtctccat 8700  
tacagatgag aatgacaatg ctccccgatt tgcttctgaa gagtacagag gatctgtggt 8760  
tgagaacagt gagcctggcg aactggtggc gactctaaag accctggatg ctgacatttc 8820  
tgagcagaac aggcaggtca cctgctacat cacagagga gacccctgg gccagtttgg 8880  
catcagccaa gttggagatg agtggaggat ttctcaagg aagaccctgg accgcgagca 8940  
tacagccaag tacttgtctc gagtccagc atctgatggc aagttccagg cttcggtcac 9000  
tgtggagatc tttgtctgag acgtcaatga taacagcca cagtgttcac agcttctcta 9060  
tactggcaag gttcatgaag atgtatttcc aggacacttc attttgaagg tttctgccac 9120  
agacttggac actgatacca atgctcagat cacatattct ctgcatggcc ctggggcgca 9180  
tgaattcaag ctggatcctc atacagggga gctgaccaca ctcaactgccc tagaccgaga 9240  
aaggaaggat gttgtcaacc ttgttgccaa ggcgacggat ggaggtggcc gatcgtgcca 9300  
ggcagacatc accctccatg tggaggatgt gaatgacaat gccccgggt tcttccccag 9360  
ccactgtgct gtgggtgtct tcgacaacac cacagtgaag accctgtgg ctgtagtatt 9420  
tgcccggtat cccgaccaag gcgccaatgc ccaggtggtt tactctctgc cggattcagc 9480  
cgaaggccac ttttccatcg acgccaccac gggggtgatc cgcctggaaa agccgtgca 9540

-continued

---

ggtcaggccc caggcaccac tggagctcac ggtccgtgcc tctgacctgg gcaccccaat	9600
accgctgtcc acgctgggca ccgtcacagt ctcggtggtg ggctagaag actacctgcc	9660
cgtgttcctg aacaccgagc acagcgtgca ggtgcccagag gacgcccac ctggcacgga	9720
ggtgctgcag ctggccaccc tcactcgccc gggcgagag aagaccggt accgctggt	9780
cagcgggaac gagcaaggca ggttcgcct ggatgctcgc acaggatcc tgtatgtcaa	9840
cgcaagcctg gactttgaga caagcccaaa gtacttctg tccattgagt gcagccgaa	9900
gagctctct tccctcagtg acgtgaccac agtcatggtc aacatcactg atgtcaatga	9960
acaccgccc caattcccc aagatccata tagcacaagg gtcttagaga atgccctgt	10020
gggtgacgtc atcctcacgg tatcagcgac tgatgaagat ggaccoccaa atagtacat	10080
tacctatagc ctcataggag ggaaccagct tgggcacttc accattcacc caaaaagg	10140
ggagctacag gtggccaagg ccctggaccg ggaacaggcc tctagttatt cctgaagct	10200
ccgagccaca gacagtgggc agctccact gcatgaggac acagacatcg ctatccaagt	10260
ggctgatgtc aatgataacc caccgagatt cttccagctc aactacagca cactgtcca	10320
ggagaactcc cccattggca gcaaagtct gcagctgac ctgagtgacc cagattctcc	10380
agagaatggc cccccact cgtttcgaat caccaagggg aacaacggct ctgccttccg	10440
agtaccccg gatggatggc tgggtgactgc tgaggccta agcaggagg ctccaggaatg	10500
gtatcagctt cagatccagc cgctcagacag tggcatcct cccctctcgt ctttgacgtc	10560
tgtccgtgtc catgtcacag agcagagcca ctatgcacct tctgctctcc cactggagat	10620
cttcatcact gttggagag atgagttcca ggggtgcatg gtgggtaaga tccatgccac	10680
agaccgagac cccaggaca cgctgaccta tagcctggca gaagaggaga cctgggag	10740
gcatttctca tggggtgccc ctgatggcaa gattatcgcc gccagggcc tgctcgtgg	10800
ccactactcg ttcaacgta ccgctcagca tgggaccttc accacgactg ctggggtcca	10860
tgtgtacgtg tggcatgtgg ggcaggaggc tctgcagcag gccatgtgga tgggcttcta	10920
ccagctcacc cccgaggagc tgggtgagtga cactggcgg aacctgcaga ggttctcag	10980
ccataagctg gacatcaaac gggctaacat tcaactggcc agcctccagc ctgcagaggc	11040
cgtggctggt gtggatgtgc tccctggtctt tgaggggcat tctggaacct tctacgagtt	11100
tcaggagcta gcatccatca tcactcactc agccaaggag atggagcatt cagtgggggt	11160
tcagatgagg tcagctatgc ccatggtgcc ctgccagggg ccaacctgcc agggcaaat	11220
ctgccataac acagtgcac tggaccocaa ggttgggccc acgtacagca ccgccaggct	11280
cagcatccta accccgccc accacctgca gaggagctgc tctgcaatg gtactgctac	11340
aaggttcagt ggtcagagct atgtgcggtc cagggcccca gcgctcggga actggcacat	11400
ccatttctat ctgaaaacac tccagccaca ggccattctt ctattacca atgaaacagc	11460
gtccgtctcc ctgaagctgg ccagtggagt gcccagctg gaataccact gtctgggtgg	11520
tttctatgga aacctttct cccagcgcga tgtgaatgac cacgagtggc actccatcct	11580
ggtggaggag atggacgctt ccattcgcct gatggttgac agcatgggca acacctcct	11640
tgtggccca gagaactgcc gtggtctgag gcccgaaagg cacctctgc tggcgccct	11700
cattctgttg cattcttct cgaatgtctc ccaggcttt gaaggctgcc tggatgctgt	11760
cgtggtcaac gaagaggctc tagatctgct ggccctggc aagacgggtg caggcttct	11820

---

-continued

---

ggagacacaa gccctcacc agtgctgct ccacagtgac tactgcagcc agaacacatg 11880  
cctcaatggt ggaagtgtc catggaccca tggggcagc tatgtctgca aatgtcccc 11940  
acagttctct ggaagcact gtgaacaagg aagggagaac tgacttttg caccctgcct 12000  
ggaaggtgga acttgcatcc tctcccccagggagcttcc tgtaactgcc ctcacacctta 12060  
cacaggagac aggtgtgaaa tggaggcgag gggttgttca gaaggacact gcctagtac 12120  
tcccagatc caaagggggg actgggggca gcaggagtta ctgatcatca cagtggccgt 12180  
ggcgctcatt atcataagca ctgtcgggt tctctctac tgcccgctt gcaagtctca 12240  
caagcctgtg gccatggagg acccagacct cctggccagg agtgttggtg ttgacacca 12300  
agccatgcct gccatcgagc tcaaccatt gactgccagc tctgcaaca acctcaacca 12360  
accggaacc agcaaggcct ctgttccaaa tgaactcgtc acatttgac ccaattctaa 12420  
gcaacggcca gtggtctgca gtgtgcccc cagactccc ccagctgcgg tcccttccca 12480  
ctctgacaat gagcctgtca ttaagagaac ctggtccagc gaggagatgg tgtacctgg 12540  
cggagccatg gtctggcccc ctacttactc caggaacgaa cgctgggaat acccccactc 12600  
cgaagtgact caggcccctc tgccgccctc ggctcaccgc cactcaacc cagtctgat 12660  
gccagagcct aatggcctct atgggggctt ccccttcccc ctggagatgg aaaacaagcg 12720  
ggcacctctc cccccctt acagcaacca gaacctgga gatctgatgc cctctcgcc 12780  
ccctagtccc cgggagcgc tggttgcccc ctgtctcaat gactacaagg ccatcagcta 12840  
ctaccactcg cagttccggc agggaggggg agggccctgc ctggcagacg ggggctaaa 12900  
gggggtgggt atgcgctca gccagctgg gcctcttat gctgtctgtg aggtggaggg 12960  
ggcacctctt gcaggccagg gccagcccc ggtgcccc aactatgagg gctctgacat 13020  
ggtggagagt gattatgga cctgtgagga ggtcatgttc tagcttccca tcccagagc 13080  
aaggcaggcg ggaggccaag gactggactt ggcttatctc tctctgtctc gtagggggtg 13140  
agttgagtgt ggctgggaga gtgggagga agccctcagc ccaggctgtt gtccttgaa 13200  
atgtctctt ccaatcccc acctagtccc tgagggtgga ggaagctga ggatagagct 13260  
ccagaaacag cactagggtc ccaggagagg gccatttcta gagcagtgac cctggaaac 13320  
caggaacaat tgactcctgg ggtggcgac agacaggagg gctccctgat ctgccggctc 13380  
tcagtcctcg gggcaaagc tgattgactg tgctggctca acttaccaca gatgcattct 13440  
catacctgcc cacagctcca ttttgaggc aggcagggtg gtgctgaca gacaacct 13500  
acgcccccg tacagaggc ctctagagg ctgctggca tctctctagg ggctgagagg 13560  
tgagcagcag gggagcggc acagtcccct ctgcccctgc ctgagtcgag cactcactgt 13620  
gtctttgtca agtgtctgt ccacgtcagg cactgtgctt tgcaccggg agaaaatggt 13680  
gatggagggc aacaaggact ccgaggagca ccaccaggc tggggccca gaggtcccgc 13740  
tcctcagcct acacgcagag gaacgggccc acctcagagt cacacctg gctgccagt 13800  
agggcctgcc aggagtctac acagctctga acctctttg ttaaagaatt cagacctcat 13860  
ggaactctg gttctctac ccaagttcc caggcacttt tggccaaagg aaggaaggaa 13920  
ctaattctc attttaaaa ttcttaggca cttttgacc ttgctgtctg gatgagtctc 13980  
ctcaatggga ttttcttcc ctgacacaa ggaagtctga actcctattt agggccggtt 14040  
ggaagcagg agctggacc cagtgtccag gctggacacc tgccattgcc tctctccac 14100

-continued

---

```

tgcagacgcc tgccatcaa gtattacctg cagcgactca accctatgca tggagggtca 14160
atgtggggcac atgtctacac atgtgggtgc ccatggatag tacgtgtgta cacatgtgta 14220
gagtgtatgt agccaggagt ggtggggacc agaagcctct gtggcctttg gtgacctcac 14280
cactccctcc caccagctcc ctccctctgg tccactgcct tttcatatgt gttgtttctg 14340
gagacagaag tcaaaaggaa gagcagtga gccttgccca cagggctgct gcttcatgcg 14400
agagggagat gtgtgggca gagccaattt gtgtgagtg tttgtggctg tgtgtgtgac 14460
tgtgagtggt agtgacagat acatagtttc attggtcatt tttttttta acaataaagt 14520
atcttttttt actggtt 14536

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 24
<211> LENGTH: 4349
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2 (Drosophila)
(FAT2)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

```

```

Met Thr Ile Ala Leu Leu Gly Phe Ala Ile Phe Leu Leu His Cys Ala
1           5           10           15
Thr Cys Glu Lys Pro Leu Glu Gly Ile Leu Ser Ser Ser Ala Trp His
          20           25           30
Phe Thr His Ser His Tyr Asn Ala Thr Ile Tyr Glu Asn Ser Ser Pro
          35           40           45
Lys Thr Tyr Val Glu Ser Phe Glu Lys Met Gly Ile Tyr Leu Ala Glu
          50           55           60
Pro Gln Trp Ala Val Arg Tyr Arg Ile Ile Ser Gly Asp Val Ala Asn
65           70           75           80
Val Phe Lys Thr Glu Glu Tyr Val Val Gly Asn Phe Cys Phe Leu Arg
          85           90           95
Ile Arg Thr Lys Ser Ser Asn Thr Ala Leu Leu Asn Arg Glu Val Arg
          100          105          110
Asp Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ile Ile Gln Ala Thr Glu Lys Thr Leu Glu Leu
          115          120          125
Glu Ala Leu Thr Arg Val Val Val His Ile Leu Asp Gln Asn Asp Leu
          130          135          140
Lys Pro Leu Phe Ser Pro Pro Ser Tyr Arg Val Thr Ile Ser Glu Asp
145           150           155           160
Met Pro Leu Lys Ser Pro Ile Cys Lys Val Thr Ala Thr Asp Ala Asp
          165           170           175
Leu Gly Gln Asn Ala Glu Phe Tyr Tyr Ala Phe Asn Thr Arg Ser Glu
          180          185          190
Met Phe Ala Ile His Pro Thr Ser Gly Val Val Thr Val Ala Gly Lys
          195           200           205
Leu Asn Val Thr Trp Arg Gly Lys His Glu Leu Gln Val Leu Ala Val
210           215           220
Asp Arg Met Arg Lys Ile Ser Glu Gly Asn Gly Phe Gly Ser Leu Ala
225           230           235           240
Ala Leu Val Val His Val Glu Pro Ala Leu Arg Lys Pro Pro Ala Ile
          245           250           255

```

-continued

---

Ala Ser Val Val Val Thr Pro Pro Asp Ser Asn Asp Gly Thr Thr Tyr  
260 265 270

Ala Thr Val Leu Val Asp Ala Asn Ser Ser Gly Ala Glu Val Glu Ser  
275 280 285

Val Glu Val Val Gly Gly Asp Pro Gly Lys His Phe Lys Ala Ile Lys  
290 295 300

Ser Tyr Ala Arg Ser Asn Glu Phe Ser Leu Val Ser Val Lys Asp Ile  
305 310 315 320

Asn Trp Met Glu Tyr Leu His Gly Phe Asn Leu Ser Leu Gln Ala Arg  
325 330 335

Ser Gly Ser Gly Pro Tyr Phe Tyr Ser Gln Ile Arg Gly Phe His Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Pro Ser Lys Leu Ser Ser Leu Lys Phe Glu Lys Ala Val Tyr Arg  
355 360 365

Val Gln Leu Ser Glu Phe Ser Pro Pro Gly Ser Arg Val Val Met Val  
370 375 380

Arg Val Thr Pro Ala Phe Pro Asn Leu Gln Tyr Val Leu Lys Pro Ser  
385 390 395 400

Ser Glu Asn Val Gly Phe Lys Leu Asn Ala Arg Thr Gly Leu Ile Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Lys Leu Met Asp Phe His Asp Arg Ala His Tyr Gln Leu His  
420 425 430

Ile Arg Thr Ser Pro Gly Gln Ala Ser Thr Val Val Val Ile Asp Ile  
435 440 445

Val Asp Cys Asn Asn His Ala Pro Leu Phe Asn Arg Ser Ser Tyr Asp  
450 455 460

Gly Thr Leu Asp Glu Asn Ile Pro Pro Gly Thr Ser Val Leu Ala Val  
465 470 475 480

Thr Ala Thr Asp Arg Asp His Gly Glu Asn Gly Tyr Val Thr Tyr Ser  
485 490 495

Ile Ala Gly Pro Lys Ala Leu Pro Phe Ser Ile Asp Pro Tyr Leu Gly  
500 505 510

Ile Ile Ser Thr Ser Lys Pro Met Asp Tyr Glu Leu Met Lys Arg Ile  
515 520 525

Tyr Thr Phe Arg Val Arg Ala Ser Asp Trp Gly Ser Pro Phe Arg Arg  
530 535 540

Glu Lys Glu Val Ser Ile Phe Leu Gln Leu Arg Asn Leu Asn Asp Asn  
545 550 555 560

Gln Pro Met Phe Glu Glu Val Asn Cys Thr Gly Ser Ile Arg Gln Asp  
565 570 575

Trp Pro Val Gly Lys Ser Ile Met Thr Met Ser Ala Ile Asp Val Asp  
580 585 590

Glu Leu Gln Asn Leu Lys Tyr Glu Ile Val Ser Gly Asn Glu Leu Glu  
595 600 605

Tyr Phe Asp Leu Asn His Phe Ser Gly Val Ile Ser Leu Lys Arg Pro  
610 615 620

Phe Ile Asn Leu Thr Ala Gly Gln Pro Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Lys Ile  
625 630 635 640

Thr Ala Ser Asp Gly Lys Asn Tyr Ala Ser Pro Thr Thr Leu Asn Ile  
645 650 655

Thr Val Val Lys Asp Pro His Phe Glu Val Pro Val Thr Cys Asp Lys

-continued

660				665				670							
Thr	Gly	Val	Leu	Thr	Gln	Phe	Thr	Lys	Thr	Ile	Leu	His	Phe	Ile	Gly
		675					680					685			
Leu	Gln	Asn	Gln	Glu	Ser	Ser	Asp	Glu	Glu	Phe	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Thr
	690					695						700			
Tyr	Gln	Ile	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Glu	Asp	His	Phe	Pro	Gln
705					710					715					720
Ser	Ile	Asp	Val	Leu	Glu	Ser	Val	Pro	Ile	Asn	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ala	Arg
			725							730				735	
Leu	Ala	Ala	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asp	Ala	Gly	Phe	Asn	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val	Tyr
			740							745				750	
Val	Ile	Ala	Asp	Gly	Asn	Glu	Glu	Gly	Cys	Phe	Asp	Ile	Glu	Leu	Glu
		755					760					765			
Thr	Gly	Leu	Leu	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala	Pro	Leu	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Thr	Asn
	770					775						780			
Phe	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Asn	Val	Thr	Val	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Gln	Lys
785					790					795					800
Ser	Ser	Trp	Lys	Leu	Leu	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Lys	Asp	Trp	Asn	Asp	Asn
			805							810				815	
Ala	Pro	Arg	Phe	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Glu	Asp
			820							825				830	
Thr	Glu	Val	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ile	Ala	Glu	Leu	Thr	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp
		835					840							845	
Ser	Glu	Asp	Asn	Gly	Arg	Val	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Leu	Ser	Pro	Thr	Glu
	850					855					860				
Lys	Phe	Ser	Leu	His	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Thr	Gly	His
865					870					875					880
Leu	Asp	Arg	Glu	Ser	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Lys	Val	Glu	Ala	Arg
			885							890				895	
Asp	Gln	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly	His	Gln	Leu	Phe	Ser	Val	Thr	Asp	Leu	Ile
		900								905				910	
Ile	Thr	Leu	Glu	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	Ser	Pro	Gln	Cys	Ile	Thr	Glu
		915					920							925	
His	Asn	Arg	Leu	Lys	Val	Pro	Glu	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Val	Leu
	930					935								940	
Thr	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Asp	Pro	Asp	Leu	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Glu	Val
945					950					955					960
Arg	Tyr	Val	Leu	Met	Asp	Gly	Ala	His	Gly	Thr	Phe	Arg	Val	Asp	Leu
			965							970				975	
Met	Thr	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Arg	Glu	Leu	Asp	Phe	Glu	Arg	Arg
			980							985				990	
Ala	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gly	Gly	Arg	Pro	Leu
		995					1000							1005	
Ala	Arg	Arg	Thr	Leu	Cys	His	Val	Glu	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Asp	Val	Asn
	1010					1015								1020	
Glu	Asn	Leu	His	Pro	Pro	His	Phe	Ala	Ser	Phe	Val	His	Gln	Gly	Gln
1025					1030					1035					1040
Val	Gln	Glu	Asn	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gly	Thr	Gln	Val	Ile	Val	Val	Ala	Ala
			1045							1050				1055	
Gln	Asp	Asp	Asp	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Gly	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Arg
			1060							1065				1070	

-continued

---

Ala Gly Thr Gly Leu Ala Ala Phe Ser Ile Asn Gln Asp Thr Gly Met  
1075 1080 1085

Ile Gln Thr Leu Ala Pro Leu Asp Arg Glu Phe Ala Ser Tyr Tyr Trp  
1090 1095 1100

Leu Thr Val Leu Ala Val Asp Arg Gly Ser Val Pro Leu Ser Ser Val  
1105 1110 1115 1120

Thr Glu Val Tyr Ile Glu Val Thr Asp Ala Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Gln  
1125 1130 1135

Met Ser Gln Ala Val Phe Tyr Pro Ser Ile Gln Glu Asp Ala Pro Val  
1140 1145 1150

Gly Thr Ser Val Leu Gln Leu Asp Ala Trp Asp Pro Asp Ser Ser Ser  
1155 1160 1165

Lys Gly Lys Leu Thr Phe Asn Ile Thr Ser Gly Asn Tyr Met Gly Phe  
1170 1175 1180

Phe Met Ile His Pro Val Thr Gly Leu Leu Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu  
1185 1190 1195 1200

Asp Arg Glu Asn Lys Asp Glu His Ile Leu Glu Val Thr Val Leu Asp  
1205 1210 1215

Asn Gly Glu Pro Ser Leu Lys Ser Thr Ser Arg Val Val Val Gly Ile  
1220 1225 1230

Leu Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Ile Phe Ser His Lys Leu Phe Asn  
1235 1240 1245

Val Arg Leu Pro Glu Arg Leu Ser Pro Val Ser Pro Gly Pro Val Tyr  
1250 1255 1260

Arg Leu Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Asp Glu Gly Leu Asn Gly Arg Val Thr  
1265 1270 1275 1280

Tyr Ser Ile Glu Asp Ser Asp Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Ile Asp Leu Val  
1285 1290 1295

Thr Gly Val Val Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Phe Thr Ala Gly Glu Tyr Asn  
1300 1305 1310

Ile Leu Thr Ile Lys Ala Thr Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Pro Leu Ser Ala  
1315 1320 1325

Ser Val Arg Leu His Ile Glu Trp Ile Pro Trp Pro Arg Pro Ser Ser  
1330 1335 1340

Ile Pro Leu Ala Phe Asp Glu Thr Tyr Tyr Ser Phe Thr Val Met Glu  
1345 1350 1355 1360

Thr Asp Pro Val Asn His Met Val Gly Val Ile Ser Val Glu Gly Arg  
1365 1370 1375

Pro Gly Leu Phe Trp Phe Asn Ile Ser Gly Gly Asp Lys Asp Met Asp  
1380 1385 1390

Phe Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Thr Gly Ser Ile Val Ile Ala Arg Pro Leu  
1395 1400 1405

Asp Thr Arg Arg Arg Ser Asn Tyr Asn Leu Thr Val Glu Val Thr Asp  
1410 1415 1420

Gly Ser Arg Thr Ile Ala Thr Gln Val His Ile Phe Met Ile Ala Asn  
1425 1430 1435 1440

Ile Asn His His Arg Pro Gln Phe Leu Glu Thr Arg Tyr Glu Val Arg  
1445 1450 1455

Val Pro Gln Asp Thr Val Pro Gly Val Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Gln Ala  
1460 1465 1470

-continued

---

Ile Asp Gln Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Leu Ile Tyr Thr Ile His Gly Ser  
1475 1480 1485

Gln Asp Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Phe Gln Leu Asp Pro Ser Ser Gly  
1490 1495 1500

Val Leu Val Thr Val Gly Lys Leu Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly Pro Ser Gln  
1505 1510 1515 1520

His Thr Leu Thr Val Met Val Arg Asp Gln Glu Ile Pro Ile Lys Arg  
1525 1530 1535

Asn Phe Val Trp Val Thr Ile His Val Glu Asp Gly Asn Leu His Pro  
1540 1545 1550

Pro Arg Phe Thr Gln Leu His Tyr Glu Ala Ser Val Pro Asp Thr Ile  
1555 1560 1565

Ala Pro Gly Thr Glu Leu Leu Gln Val Arg Ala Met Asp Ala Asp Arg  
1570 1575 1580

Gly Val Asn Ala Glu Val His Tyr Ser Leu Leu Lys Gly Asn Ser Glu  
1585 1590 1595 1600

Gly Phe Phe Asn Ile Asn Ala Leu Leu Gly Ile Ile Thr Leu Ala Gln  
1605 1610 1615

Lys Leu Asp Gln Ala Asn His Ala Pro His Thr Leu Thr Val Lys Ala  
1620 1625 1630

Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser Pro Gln Trp His Asp Leu Ala Thr Val Ile Ile  
1635 1640 1645

His Val Tyr Pro Ser Asp Arg Ser Ala Pro Ile Phe Ser Lys Ser Glu  
1650 1655 1660

Tyr Phe Val Glu Ile Pro Glu Ser Ile Pro Val Gly Ser Pro Ile Leu  
1665 1670 1675 1680

Leu Val Ser Ala Met Ser Pro Ser Glu Val Thr Tyr Glu Leu Arg Glu  
1685 1690 1695

Gly Asn Lys Asp Gly Val Phe Ser Met Asn Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Ile  
1700 1705 1710

Ser Thr Gln Lys Lys Leu Asp His Glu Lys Ile Ser Ser Tyr Gln Leu  
1715 1720 1725

Lys Ile Arg Gly Ser Asn Met Ala Gly Ala Phe Thr Asp Val Met Val  
1730 1735 1740

Val Val Asp Ile Ile Asp Glu Asn Asp Asn Ala Pro Met Phe Leu Lys  
1745 1750 1755 1760

Ser Thr Phe Val Gly Gln Ile Ser Glu Ala Ala Pro Leu Tyr Ser Met  
1765 1770 1775

Ile Met Asp Lys Asn Asn Asn Pro Phe Val Ile His Ala Ser Asp Ser  
1780 1785 1790

Asp Lys Glu Ala Asn Ser Leu Leu Val Tyr Lys Ile Leu Glu Pro Glu  
1795 1800 1805

Ala Leu Lys Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Pro Ser Met Gly Thr Leu Thr Ile  
1810 1815 1820

Val Ser Glu Met Asp Tyr Glu Ser Met Pro Ser Phe Gln Phe Cys Val  
1825 1830 1835 1840

Tyr Val His Asp Gln Gly Ser Pro Val Leu Phe Ala Pro Arg Pro Ala  
1845 1850 1855

Gln Val Ile Ile His Val Arg Asp Val Asn Asp Ser Pro Pro Arg Phe  
1860 1865 1870

Ser Glu Gln Ile Tyr Glu Val Ala Ile Val Gly Pro Ile His Pro Gly

-continued

1875			1880			1885									
Met	Glu	Leu	Leu	Met	Val	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asp	Glu	Asp	Ser	Glu	Val	Asn
1890						1895					1900				
Tyr	Ser	Ile	Lys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ala	Asp	Glu	Ala	Val	Thr	Ile	His	Pro
1905					1910						1915				1920
Val	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	Val	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ala	Phe	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ser
				1925						1930				1935	
Arg	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ile	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Ala
			1940					1945						1950	
Leu	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gln	Val	Leu	Asp	Lys	Ser	Leu	Gln	Phe
		1955					1960							1965	
Asp	Gln	Asp	Val	Tyr	Trp	Ala	Ala	Val	Lys	Glu	Asn	Leu	Gln	Asp	Arg
		1970						1975						1980	
Lys	Ala	Leu	Val	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gln	Gly	Asn	His	Leu	Asn	Asp	Thr
1985					1990						1995				2000
Leu	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Thr	Asp	Met	Phe	His	Met	Val	Gln
				2005						2010				2015	
Ser	Ala	Gly	Val	Leu	Gln	Thr	Arg	Gly	Val	Ala	Phe	Asp	Arg	Glu	Gln
			2020					2025						2030	
Gln	Asp	Thr	His	Glu	Leu	Ala	Val	Glu	Val	Arg	Asp	Asn	Arg	Thr	Pro
		2035						2040						2045	
Gln	Arg	Val	Ala	Gln	Gly	Leu	Val	Arg	Val	Ser	Ile	Glu	Asp	Val	Asn
		2050					2055							2060	
Asp	Asn	Pro	Pro	Lys	Phe	Lys	His	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Ile	Gln
2065					2070						2075				2080
Asp	Gly	Thr	Glu	Pro	Gly	Asp	Val	Leu	Phe	Gln	Val	Ser	Ala	Thr	Asp
				2085				2090						2095	
Glu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly	Ala	Val	Thr	Tyr	Glu	Phe	Ala	Glu	Asp
		2100						2105						2110	
Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Ile	Asp	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ile	Ser	Leu	Lys
		2115					2120							2125	
Lys	Pro	Phe	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Lys	Tyr	His	Leu	Lys	Val	Ile
		2130					2135							2140	
Ala	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Leu	Gln	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Val	Leu
2145					2150						2155				2160
Val	Thr	Val	Arg	Asn	Lys	Ser	Asn	Pro	Leu	Phe	Gln	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Tyr
				2165						2170				2175	
Lys	Val	Arg	Val	Pro	Glu	Asn	Ile	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Ile	Leu	His
			2180					2185						2190	
Thr	Gln	Ala	Arg	Ser	Pro	Glu	Gly	Leu	Arg	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Ile	Val
		2195						2200						2205	
Glu	Glu	Glu	Pro	Leu	Met	Leu	Phe	Thr	Thr	Asp	Phe	Lys	Thr	Gly	Val
		2210						2215			2220				
Leu	Thr	Val	Thr	Gly	Pro	Leu	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Lys	Thr	Lys	His	Val
		2225			2230						2235				2240
Phe	Thr	Val	Arg	Ala	Thr	Asp	Thr	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ser	Phe	Ser	Glu	Ala
			2245					2250						2255	
Thr	Val	Glu	Val	Leu	Val	Glu	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	Pro	Pro	Thr	Phe
		2260						2265						2270	
Ser	Gln	Leu	Val	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ile	Ser	Glu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ala	Gln
		2275						2280						2285	

-continued

---

Thr Pro Val Ile Gln Leu Leu Ala Ser Asp Gln Asp Ser Gly Arg Asn  
 2290 2295 2300  
 Arg Asp Val Ser Tyr Gln Ile Val Glu Asp Gly Ser Asp Val Ser Lys  
 2305 2310 2315 2320  
 Phe Phe Gln Ile Asn Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Met Ser Thr Val Gln Glu  
 2325 2330 2335  
 Leu Asp Tyr Glu Ala Gln Gln His Phe His Val Lys Val Arg Ala Met  
 2340 2345 2350  
 Asp Lys Gly Asp Pro Pro Leu Thr Gly Glu Thr Leu Val Val Val Asn  
 2355 2360 2365  
 Val Ser Asp Ile Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Glu Phe Arg Gln Pro Gln Tyr  
 2370 2375 2380  
 Glu Ala Asn Val Ser Glu Leu Ala Thr Cys Gly His Leu Val Leu Lys  
 2385 2390 2395 2400  
 Val Gln Ala Ile Asp Pro Asp Ser Arg Asp Thr Ser Arg Leu Glu Tyr  
 2405 2410 2415  
 Leu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn Gln Asp Arg His Phe Phe Ile Asn Ser Ser  
 2420 2425 2430  
 Ser Gly Ile Ile Ser Met Phe Asn Leu Cys Lys Lys His Leu Asp Ser  
 2435 2440 2445  
 Ser Tyr Asn Leu Arg Val Gly Ala Ser Asp Gly Val Phe Arg Ala Thr  
 2450 2455 2460  
 Val Pro Val Tyr Ile Asn Thr Thr Asn Ala Asn Lys Tyr Ser Pro Glu  
 2465 2470 2475 2480  
 Phe Gln Gln His Leu Tyr Glu Ala Glu Leu Ala Glu Asn Ala Met Val  
 2485 2490 2495  
 Gly Thr Lys Val Ile Asp Leu Leu Ala Ile Asp Lys Asp Ser Gly Pro  
 2500 2505 2510  
 Tyr Gly Thr Ile Asp Tyr Thr Ile Ile Asn Lys Leu Ala Ser Glu Lys  
 2515 2520 2525  
 Phe Ser Ile Asn Pro Asn Gly Gln Ile Ala Thr Leu Gln Lys Leu Asp  
 2530 2535 2540  
 Arg Glu Asn Ser Thr Glu Arg Val Ile Ala Ile Lys Val Met Ala Arg  
 2545 2550 2555 2560  
 Asp Gly Gly Gly Arg Val Ala Phe Cys Thr Val Lys Ile Ile Leu Thr  
 2565 2570 2575  
 Asp Glu Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Gln Phe Lys Ala Ser Glu Tyr Thr Val  
 2580 2585 2590  
 Ser Ile Gln Ser Asn Val Ser Lys Asp Ser Pro Val Ile Gln Val Leu  
 2595 2600 2605  
 Ala Tyr Asp Ala Asp Glu Gly Gln Asn Ala Asp Val Thr Tyr Ser Val  
 2610 2615 2620  
 Asn Pro Glu Asp Leu Val Lys Asp Val Ile Glu Ile Asn Pro Val Thr  
 2625 2630 2635 2640  
 Gly Val Val Lys Val Lys Asp Ser Leu Val Gly Leu Glu Asn Gln Thr  
 2645 2650 2655  
 Leu Asp Phe Phe Ile Lys Ala Gln Asp Gly Gly Pro Pro His Trp Asn  
 2660 2665 2670  
 Ser Leu Val Pro Val Arg Leu Gln Val Val Pro Lys Lys Val Ser Leu  
 2675 2680 2685

-continued

---

Pro Lys Phe Ser Glu Pro Leu Tyr Thr Phe Ser Ala Pro Glu Asp Leu  
 2690 2695 2700

Pro Glu Gly Ser Glu Ile Gly Ile Val Lys Ala Val Ala Ala Gln Asp  
 2705 2710 2715 2720

Pro Val Ile Tyr Ser Leu Val Arg Gly Thr Thr Pro Glu Ser Asn Lys  
 2725 2730 2735

Asp Gly Val Phe Ser Leu Asp Pro Asp Thr Gly Val Ile Lys Val Arg  
 2740 2745 2750

Lys Pro Met Asp His Glu Ser Thr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Ile Asp Val Met  
 2755 2760 2765

Ala His Cys Leu Gln Asn Thr Asp Val Val Ser Leu Val Ser Val Asn  
 2770 2775 2780

Ile Gln Val Gly Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Arg Pro Val Phe Glu Ala Asp  
 2785 2790 2795 2800

Pro Tyr Lys Ala Val Leu Thr Glu Asn Met Pro Val Gly Thr Ser Val  
 2805 2810 2815

Ile Gln Val Thr Ala Ile Asp Lys Asp Thr Gly Arg Asp Gly Gln Val  
 2820 2825 2830

Ser Tyr Arg Leu Ser Ala Asp Pro Gly Ser Asn Val His Glu Leu Phe  
 2835 2840 2845

Ala Ile Asp Ser Glu Ser Gly Trp Ile Thr Thr Leu Gln Glu Leu Asp  
 2850 2855 2860

Cys Glu Thr Cys Gln Thr Tyr His Phe His Val Val Ala Tyr Asp His  
 2865 2870 2875 2880

Gly Gln Thr Ile Gln Leu Ser Ser Gln Ala Leu Val Gln Val Ser Ile  
 2885 2890 2895

Thr Asp Glu Asn Asp Asn Ala Pro Arg Phe Ala Ser Glu Glu Tyr Arg  
 2900 2905 2910

Gly Ser Val Val Glu Asn Ser Glu Pro Gly Glu Leu Val Ala Thr Leu  
 2915 2920 2925

Lys Thr Leu Asp Ala Asp Ile Ser Glu Gln Asn Arg Gln Val Thr Cys  
 2930 2935 2940

Tyr Ile Thr Glu Gly Asp Pro Leu Gly Gln Phe Gly Ile Ser Gln Val  
 2945 2950 2955 2960

Gly Asp Glu Trp Arg Ile Ser Ser Arg Lys Thr Leu Asp Arg Glu His  
 2965 2970 2975

Thr Ala Lys Tyr Leu Leu Arg Val Thr Ala Ser Asp Gly Lys Phe Gln  
 2980 2985 2990

Ala Ser Val Thr Val Glu Ile Phe Val Leu Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Ser  
 2995 3000 3005

Pro Gln Cys Ser Gln Leu Leu Tyr Thr Gly Lys Val His Glu Asp Val  
 3010 3015 3020

Phe Pro Gly His Phe Ile Leu Lys Val Ser Ala Thr Asp Leu Asp Thr  
 3025 3030 3035 3040

Asp Thr Asn Ala Gln Ile Thr Tyr Ser Leu His Gly Pro Gly Ala His  
 3045 3050 3055

Glu Phe Lys Leu Asp Pro His Thr Gly Glu Leu Thr Thr Leu Thr Ala  
 3060 3065 3070

Leu Asp Arg Glu Arg Lys Asp Val Phe Asn Leu Val Ala Lys Ala Thr  
 3075 3080 3085

Asp Gly Gly Gly Arg Ser Cys Gln Ala Asp Ile Thr Leu His Val Glu

-continued

3090	3095	3100
Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Ala Pro Arg Phe Phe Pro Ser His Cys Ala Val 3105 3110 3115 3120		
Ala Val Phe Asp Asn Thr Thr Val Lys Thr Pro Val Ala Val Val Phe 3125 3130 3135		
Ala Arg Asp Pro Asp Gln Gly Ala Asn Ala Gln Val Val Tyr Ser Leu 3140 3145 3150		
Pro Asp Ser Ala Glu Gly His Phe Ser Ile Asp Ala Thr Thr Gly Val 3155 3160 3165		
Ile Arg Leu Glu Lys Pro Leu Gln Val Arg Pro Gln Ala Pro Leu Glu 3170 3175 3180		
Leu Thr Val Arg Ala Ser Asp Leu Gly Thr Pro Ile Pro Leu Ser Thr 3185 3190 3195 3200		
Leu Gly Thr Val Thr Val Ser Val Val Gly Leu Glu Asp Tyr Leu Pro 3205 3210 3215		
Val Phe Leu Asn Thr Glu His Ser Val Gln Val Pro Glu Asp Ala Pro 3220 3225 3230		
Pro Gly Thr Glu Val Leu Gln Leu Ala Thr Leu Thr Arg Pro Gly Ala 3235 3240 3245		
Glu Lys Thr Gly Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Gly Asn Glu Gln Gly Arg Phe 3250 3255 3260		
Arg Leu Asp Ala Arg Thr Gly Ile Leu Tyr Val Asn Ala Ser Leu Asp 3265 3270 3275 3280		
Phe Glu Thr Ser Pro Lys Tyr Phe Leu Ser Ile Glu Cys Ser Arg Lys 3285 3290 3295		
Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Ser Asp Val Thr Thr Val Met Val Asn Ile Thr 3300 3305 3310		
Asp Val Asn Glu His Arg Pro Gln Phe Pro Gln Asp Pro Tyr Ser Thr 3315 3320 3325		
Arg Val Leu Glu Asn Ala Leu Val Gly Asp Val Ile Leu Thr Val Ser 3330 3335 3340		
Ala Thr Asp Glu Asp Gly Pro Leu Asn Ser Asp Ile Thr Tyr Ser Leu 3345 3350 3355 3360		
Ile Gly Gly Asn Gln Leu Gly His Phe Thr Ile His Pro Lys Lys Gly 3365 3370 3375		
Glu Leu Gln Val Ala Lys Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Gln Ala Ser Ser Tyr 3380 3385 3390		
Ser Leu Lys Leu Arg Ala Thr Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Pro Leu His Glu 3395 3400 3405		
Asp Thr Asp Ile Ala Ile Gln Val Ala Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro 3410 3415 3420		
Arg Phe Phe Gln Leu Asn Tyr Ser Thr Thr Val Gln Glu Asn Ser Pro 3425 3430 3435 3440		
Ile Gly Ser Lys Val Leu Gln Leu Ile Leu Ser Asp Pro Asp Ser Pro 3445 3450 3455		
Glu Asn Gly Pro Pro Tyr Ser Phe Arg Ile Thr Lys Gly Asn Asn Gly 3460 3465 3470		
Ser Ala Phe Arg Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Trp Leu Val Thr Ala Glu Gly 3475 3480 3485		
Leu Ser Arg Arg Ala Gln Glu Trp Tyr Gln Leu Gln Ile Gln Ala Ser 3490 3495 3500		

-continued

---

Asp Ser Gly Ile Pro Pro Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Val Arg Val His  
 3505 3510 3515 3520

Val Thr Glu Gln Ser His Tyr Ala Pro Ser Ala Leu Pro Leu Glu Ile  
 3525 3530 3535

Phe Ile Thr Val Gly Glu Asp Glu Phe Gln Gly Gly Met Val Gly Lys  
 3540 3545 3550

Ile His Ala Thr Asp Arg Asp Pro Gln Asp Thr Leu Thr Tyr Ser Leu  
 3555 3560 3565

Ala Glu Glu Glu Thr Leu Gly Arg His Phe Ser Val Gly Ala Pro Asp  
 3570 3575 3580

Gly Lys Ile Ile Ala Ala Gln Gly Leu Pro Arg Gly His Tyr Ser Phe  
 3585 3590 3595 3600

Asn Val Thr Val Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Thr Thr Ala Gly Val His  
 3605 3610 3615

Val Tyr Val Trp His Val Gly Gln Glu Ala Leu Gln Gln Ala Met Trp  
 3620 3625 3630

Met Gly Phe Tyr Gln Leu Thr Pro Glu Glu Leu Val Ser Asp His Trp  
 3635 3640 3645

Arg Asn Leu Gln Arg Phe Leu Ser His Lys Leu Asp Ile Lys Arg Ala  
 3650 3655 3660

Asn Ile His Leu Ala Ser Leu Gln Pro Ala Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Val  
 3665 3670 3675 3680

Asp Val Leu Leu Val Phe Glu Gly His Ser Gly Thr Phe Tyr Glu Phe  
 3685 3690 3695

Gln Glu Leu Ala Ser Ile Ile Thr His Ser Ala Lys Glu Met Glu His  
 3700 3705 3710

Ser Val Gly Val Gln Met Arg Ser Ala Met Pro Met Val Pro Cys Gln  
 3715 3720 3725

Gly Pro Thr Cys Gln Gly Gln Ile Cys His Asn Thr Val His Leu Asp  
 3730 3735 3740

Pro Lys Val Gly Pro Thr Tyr Ser Thr Ala Arg Leu Ser Ile Leu Thr  
 3745 3750 3755 3760

Pro Arg His His Leu Gln Arg Ser Cys Ser Cys Asn Gly Thr Ala Thr  
 3765 3770 3775

Arg Phe Ser Gly Gln Ser Tyr Val Arg Tyr Arg Ala Pro Ala Ala Arg  
 3780 3785 3790

Asn Trp His Ile His Phe Tyr Leu Lys Thr Leu Gln Pro Gln Ala Ile  
 3795 3800 3805

Leu Leu Phe Thr Asn Glu Thr Ala Ser Val Ser Leu Lys Leu Ala Ser  
 3810 3815 3820

Gly Val Pro Gln Leu Glu Tyr His Cys Leu Gly Gly Phe Tyr Gly Asn  
 3825 3830 3835 3840

Leu Ser Ser Gln Arg His Val Asn Asp His Glu Trp His Ser Ile Leu  
 3845 3850 3855

Val Glu Glu Met Asp Ala Ser Ile Arg Leu Met Val Asp Ser Met Gly  
 3860 3865 3870

Asn Thr Ser Leu Val Val Pro Glu Asn Cys Arg Gly Leu Arg Pro Glu  
 3875 3880 3885

Arg His Leu Leu Leu Gly Gly Leu Ile Leu Leu His Ser Ser Ser Asn  
 3890 3895 3900

-continued

---

Val Ser Gln Gly Phe Glu Gly Cys Leu Asp Ala Val Val Val Asn Glu  
 3905 3910 3915 3920  
 Glu Ala Leu Asp Leu Leu Ala Pro Gly Lys Thr Val Ala Gly Leu Leu  
 3925 3930 3935  
 Glu Thr Gln Ala Leu Thr Gln Cys Cys Leu His Ser Asp Tyr Cys Ser  
 3940 3945 3950  
 Gln Asn Thr Cys Leu Asn Gly Gly Lys Cys Ser Trp Thr His Gly Ala  
 3955 3960 3965  
 Gly Tyr Val Cys Lys Cys Pro Pro Gln Phe Ser Gly Lys His Cys Glu  
 3970 3975 3980  
 Gln Gly Arg Glu Asn Cys Thr Phe Ala Pro Cys Leu Glu Gly Gly Thr  
 3985 3990 3995 4000  
 Cys Ile Leu Ser Pro Lys Gly Ala Ser Cys Asn Cys Pro His Pro Tyr  
 4005 4010 4015  
 Thr Gly Asp Arg Cys Glu Met Glu Ala Arg Gly Cys Ser Glu Gly His  
 4020 4025 4030  
 Cys Leu Val Thr Pro Glu Ile Gln Arg Gly Asp Trp Gly Gln Gln Glu  
 4035 4040 4045  
 Leu Leu Ile Ile Thr Val Ala Val Ala Phe Ile Ile Ile Ser Thr Val  
 4050 4055 4060  
 Gly Leu Leu Phe Tyr Cys Arg Arg Cys Lys Ser His Lys Pro Val Ala  
 4065 4070 4075 4080  
 Met Glu Asp Pro Asp Leu Leu Ala Arg Ser Val Gly Val Asp Thr Gln  
 4085 4090 4095  
 Ala Met Pro Ala Ile Glu Leu Asn Pro Leu Ser Ala Ser Ser Cys Asn  
 4100 4105 4110  
 Asn Leu Asn Gln Pro Glu Pro Ser Lys Ala Ser Val Pro Asn Glu Leu  
 4115 4120 4125  
 Val Thr Phe Gly Pro Asn Ser Lys Gln Arg Pro Val Val Cys Ser Val  
 4130 4135 4140  
 Pro Pro Arg Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Val Pro Ser His Ser Asp Asn Glu  
 4145 4150 4155 4160  
 Pro Val Ile Lys Arg Thr Trp Ser Ser Glu Glu Met Val Tyr Pro Gly  
 4165 4170 4175  
 Gly Ala Met Val Trp Pro Pro Thr Tyr Ser Arg Asn Glu Arg Trp Glu  
 4180 4185 4190  
 Tyr Pro His Ser Glu Val Thr Gln Gly Pro Leu Pro Pro Ser Ala His  
 4195 4200 4205  
 Arg His Ser Thr Pro Val Val Met Pro Glu Pro Asn Gly Leu Tyr Gly  
 4210 4215 4220  
 Gly Phe Pro Phe Pro Leu Glu Met Glu Asn Lys Arg Ala Pro Leu Pro  
 4225 4230 4235 4240  
 Pro Arg Tyr Ser Asn Gln Asn Leu Glu Asp Leu Met Pro Ser Arg Pro  
 4245 4250 4255  
 Pro Ser Pro Arg Glu Arg Leu Val Ala Pro Cys Leu Asn Glu Tyr Thr  
 4260 4265 4270  
 Ala Ile Ser Tyr Tyr His Ser Gln Phe Arg Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Pro  
 4275 4280 4285  
 Cys Leu Ala Asp Gly Gly Tyr Lys Gly Val Gly Met Arg Leu Ser Arg  
 4290 4295 4300  
 Ala Gly Pro Ser Tyr Ala Val Cys Glu Val Glu Gly Ala Pro Leu Ala

-continued

---

4305	4310	4315	4320
------	------	------	------

Gly Gln Gly Gln Pro Arg Val Pro Pro Asn Tyr Glu Gly Ser Asp Met  
                           4325                          4330                          4335

Val Glu Ser Asp Tyr Gly Ser Cys Glu Glu Val Met Phe  
                           4340                          4345

<210> SEQ ID NO 25  
 <211> LENGTH: 2475  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (119)..(463)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CXCL5

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

```

gtgcagaagg cacgaggaag ccacagtgct ccggatcctc caatcttcgc tcctccaatc   60
tccgctctct caccagttc aggaaccgcg gaccgctcgc agcgctctct tgaccactat   120
gagcctctctg tccagccgcg eggcccggtg ccccggtcct tcgagctcct tgtgcgcgct   180
gttggtgctg ctgctgctgc tgacgcagcc agggcccacg gccagcgctg gtctctgccg   240
tgctgtgttg agagagctgc gttgcgtttg tttacagacc acgcaaggag ttcattccaa   300
aatgatcagt aatctgcaag tgttgccat agggccacag tgcaccaagg tggaagtgg   360
agcctccctg aagaacggga aggaaatttg tcttgatcca gaagcccctt ttctaagaa   420
agtcattccag aaaattttgg acggtggaaa caaggaaaac tgattaagag aaatgagcac   480
gcatggaaaa gtttcccagt cttcagcaga gaagttttct ggaggctctc gaaccagg   540
aagacaagaa ggaagattt tggtgtgtgt tgtttatttg ttttccagt agttagcttt   600
cttctgggat tcctcacttt gaagagtgtg aggaaaacct atgtttgccg ctttaagctt   660
cagctcagct aatgaagtgt ttagcatagt acctctgcta tttgctgta ttttatctgc   720
tatgctattg aagttttggc aattgactat agtgtgagcc agaatcact ggctgttaat   780
ctttcaaagt gtcttgaatt gtaggtgact attatatctc caagaaatat tccttaagat   840
attaactgag aaggtgtggt atttaatgtg gaaatgatgt ttcataagaa ttctgttgat   900
ggaaatacac tgttatcttc acttttataa gaaataggaa atattttaat gtttcttggg   960
gaatatgtta gagaatttcc ttactcttga ttgtgggata ctatttaatt atttcacttt  1020
agaaagctga gtgtttcaca ccttatctat gtagaatata tttccttatt cagaatttct  1080
aaaagttaa gttctatgag ggctaataac ttatcttctc ataatttttag acattcttta  1140
tctttttagt atggcaaac gccatcattt acttttaaac tttgatttta tatgctattt  1200
attaagtatt ttattaggag taccataatt ctggtagcta aatataatatt ttagatagat  1260
gaagaagcta gaaaacaggc aaattcctga ctgctagttt atatagaat gtattctttt  1320
agtttttaaa gtaaaggcaa acttaacaat gacttgact ctgaaagttt tggaaacgta  1380
ttcaacaat ttgaatataa atttatcatt tagttataaa aatataatagc gacatcctcg  1440
aggccctagc atttctcctt ggtaggggga ccagagagag cttggaatgt taaaaacaaa  1500
acaaaacaaa aaaaaacaag gagaagttgt ccaagggatg tcaatttttt atccctctgt  1560
atgggttaga ttttccaaa tcataatttg aagaaggcca gcatttatgg tagaatatat  1620

```

-continued

```

aattatataat aaggtggcca cgctggggca agttccctcc ccaactcacag ctttgccccc 1680
tttcacagag tagaacctgg gttagaggat tgcagaagac gagcggcagc ggggagggca 1740
gggaagatgc ctgtcgggtt tttagcacag ttcatttcac tgggattttg aagcattttct 1800
gtctgaatgt aaagcctggt ctagtccctg tgggacacac tggggttggg ggtgggggaa 1860
gatgcggtaa tgaaccgggt tagtcagtgt tgtcttaata tccttgataa tgctgtaaag 1920
tttattttta caaatatttc tgtttaagct atttcacctt tgtttggaaa tccttccctt 1980
ttaagagaaa aatgtgacac ttgtgaaaag gctttagga aagctcctcc ctttttttct 2040
ttaaaccttt aaatgacaaa cctaggtaat taatggttgt gaatttctat ttttgctttg 2100
tttttaatga acatttgtct ttcagaatag gattctgtga taatatttaa atggcaaaaa 2160
caaaacataa ttttgtgcaa ttaacaaagc tactgcaaga aaaataaaac atttcttggg 2220
aaaaacgtat gtatttatat attatataat tatatataat atatattata tatttagcat 2280
tgctgagctt tttagatgcc tattgtgtat cttttaaagg ttttgacat tttgttatga 2340
gtaattacat atatattaca ttcactatat taaaattgta cttttttact atgtgtctca 2400
ttggttcata gctcttattt tgccttttga ataacatta aaagatttct aaacttcaaa 2460
aaaaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 2475

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 26
<211> LENGTH: 114
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

```

```

Met Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Ser Ser
 1             5             10            15
Ser Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Pro Gly
 20            25            30
Pro Ile Ala Ser Ala Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Val Leu Arg Glu Leu Arg
 35            40            45
Cys Val Cys Leu Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Val His Pro Lys Met Ile Ser
 50            55            60
Asn Leu Gln Val Phe Ala Ile Gly Pro Gln Cys Ser Lys Val Glu Val
 65            70            75            80
Val Ala Ser Leu Lys Asn Gly Lys Glu Ile Cys Leu Asp Pro Glu Ala
 85            90            95
Pro Phe Leu Lys Lys Val Ile Gln Lys Ile Leu Asp Gly Gly Asn Lys
 100           105           110
Glu Asn

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 27
<211> LENGTH: 1905
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 771 (ZNF771), mesenchymal
stem cell protein DSC43 (LOC51333) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (25)..(852)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZNF771

```

-continued

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 27

```

gaggtgggga aactcaagat ccccatggac aacaaggagg tcccgggcca ggcccccgcg    60
cgtcccgccg acccggcgcg tcccacgcg tgccccgact gcggccgcgc cttcgcgcgc    120
cgctccacgc tggcgaagca cgcgcgcacg cacacgggcg aacggccctt cgggtgcacc    180
gagtgcgggc ggcgcttctc acagaagtgc gcgctgacca aacacggccg cacgcacacg    240
ggcgagcggc cctacgagtg ccccgagtgc gacaaaacgct tctcggccgc ctggaacctg    300
cggcagcacc gacggcggca cacggcgag aagccgtacg catgcgcgca ctgcggccgc    360
cgcttcgcgc agagctccaa ctacgcacag cacctgcgcg tgcacacggg cgagaagccg    420
taecgctgcc cggactgcgg acgcgccttt ggcggcagct cgtgcctggc gcgccaccga    480
cgcacgcaca cgggcgagcg gccctacgct tgcgcgact gcggcacgcg cttcgcctcag    540
agctcggcgc tggccaagca cggcgcgctg cacacgggcg agaagccgca ccgctgcgct    600
gtgtgtggcc gtcgcttcgg ccacgcctcc aacctggcgg agcacgcgcg cacgcacaca    660
ggcgagcggc cctaccctcg cgccgagtgc ggccgcccgt tccgctaag ctgcacttc    720
attcgccacc gacgcgcgca catgcggcgc cgctgtata tttgcgcgg ctgcggcagg    780
gaactcaagc tgcccctcgg cgcacggcc gccactgcca ccgagcgttg cccggagtgt    840
gagggcagct gactcccgca gggctcggga gggcgcgct ggggcttcga cctggctgca    900
ctaaccagg ctctcctcgc ccccgccctc cgggtctggg aaattgaggg gacggcaggc    960
ccggctgccc tggaaatggg agacaggag aatcccctgc cggggtcctt ggaacacgtg   1020
ccccccccc atcactacat tccctcggcc cgtgttagtg aataaagtat tatacctca   1080
ccccaccctg gctgtgagtg gagtggggtg ggagaggaag aaagtggggg ttctccaggc   1140
tcaggtgcca agtgagttgt caaggaacca aatggggatg taaacctaaa aggggttccc   1200
ggcacctcgg tttgtgttgg ttggaggtga tcgcacactt ggccttgggt tacgtcctca   1260
taaccttaga cctgaaaggg ccataaata tactatgttc acgatcagac acgactgca   1320
ttcggcagag ctccagttag caaggcacga ccctcagatc tcagtctagt gaaggagaga   1380
aaactgtaat aacactacgt taaaggtttt aactgctttg ttatgtaagc ttaccagcc   1440
cggcgcacag tgactcacgc ctgtaatccc agcactttgg gagggcgagg ctacgagatc   1500
acttgaggtt aggagttcga taccagcctg gccaacatgg tgaaaccggg tctctactaa   1560
aaatacaaaa attaactggg tgtggtggcg ggcgcctgta atcccagcta ctgagggggc   1620
tgaggcatga gaatcacttg aacctgggag acagaggttg caatgaaccg agatagtgcc   1680
attgcactcc ggcctgggca acagaggaag actgcctcaa acaacaaaa aacaacaaac   1740
caaaccaaac caaaaaaatc tcaaagcgat tggacctagc agctcatgcc tgtaatctcc   1800
agcactttgg gagcggagg caggaggatc tcttgaagtc aagagtttga gatcagcctg   1860
gagaacaaag tgagaccccc atctattaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaa                    1905

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 28

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 275

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 771 (ZNF771), mesenchymal stem cell protein DSC43 (LOC51333)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 28

-continued

---

Met Asp Asn Lys Glu Val Pro Gly Glu Ala Pro Ala Pro Ser Ala Asp  
 1 5 10 15

Pro Ala Arg Pro His Ala Cys Pro Asp Cys Gly Arg Ala Phe Ala Arg  
 20 25 30

Arg Ser Thr Leu Ala Lys His Ala Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro  
 35 40 45

Phe Gly Cys Thr Glu Cys Gly Arg Arg Phe Ser Gln Lys Ser Ala Leu  
 50 55 60

Thr Lys His Gly Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Glu Cys Pro  
 65 70 75 80

Glu Cys Asp Lys Arg Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Asn Leu Arg Gln His Arg  
 85 90 95

Arg Arg His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Ala Cys Ala His Cys Gly Arg  
 100 105 110

Arg Phe Ala Gln Ser Ser Asn Tyr Ala Gln His Leu Arg Val His Thr  
 115 120 125

Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Ala Cys Pro Asp Cys Gly Arg Ala Phe Gly Gly  
 130 135 140

Ser Ser Cys Leu Ala Arg His Arg Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro  
 145 150 155 160

Tyr Ala Cys Ala Asp Cys Gly Thr Arg Phe Ala Gln Ser Ser Ala Leu  
 165 170 175

Ala Lys His Arg Arg Val His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro His Arg Cys Ala  
 180 185 190

Val Cys Gly Arg Arg Phe Gly His Arg Ser Asn Leu Ala Glu His Ala  
 195 200 205

Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Pro Cys Ala Glu Cys Gly Arg  
 210 215 220

Arg Phe Arg Leu Ser Ser His Phe Ile Arg His Arg Arg Ala His Met  
 225 230 235 240

Arg Arg Arg Leu Tyr Ile Cys Ala Gly Cys Gly Arg Asp Phe Lys Leu  
 245 250 255

Pro Pro Gly Ala Thr Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Glu Arg Cys Pro Glu Cys  
 260 265 270

Glu Gly Ser  
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 29  
 <211> LENGTH: 2651  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: natriuretic peptide receptor C/guanylate  
 cyclase C (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor C) (NPR3) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (219)..(1841)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: NPR3

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

tctttttctt ttttttttaa gaaaaactag tgacattgca gagaaggacg cttcctctct 60  
 atcttttggc gcattagtga aggggggtatt ctattttgtt aaagcgccca agggggcgca 120  
 gggaccttgg agagaagagt ggggaggaaa gaggaagggt gggtgggggg cagagggcga 180

-continued

---

gtcggcggcg gcgagggcaa gctctttctt gcggcacgat gccgtctctg ctggtgctca	240
ctttctcccc gtgcgtacta ctccgctggg cgttgctggc cggcggcacc ggtggcgggtg	300
gcggtggcgg cggcggcggg ggccgcgcca taggcggcgg acgccaggag agagaggcgc	360
tgccgccaca gaagatcgag gtgctgggtg tactgcccc ggatgactcg tacttgtttt	420
cactcaccgg ggtgcggccg gccatcgagt atgctctgcg cagcgtggag ggcaacggga	480
ctgggaggcg gcttctgccc cggggcactc gcttccaggt ggcttacgag gattcagact	540
gtgggaaccg tgcgctcttc agcttggtgg accgcgtggc ggcggcggcgg ggcgccaagc	600
cagaccttat cctggggcca gtgtgcgagt atgcagcagc gccagtgccc cggcttgcat	660
cgcactggga cctgccatg ctgtcggctg gggcgtggc cgctggcttc cagcacaagg	720
actctgagta ctccgacctc acgcgctggg cgcgccctc cgccaagatg ggcgagatga	780
tgctgcacct gttccgccac caccactgga gccgcgctgc actggtctac agcgacgaca	840
agctggagcg gaactgctac ttcaccctcg aggggtcca cgaggtcttc caggaggagg	900
gtttgacac gtccatctac agtttcgacg agaccaaaga cttggatctg gaagacatcg	960
tgcgcaatat ccaggccagt gagagagtgg tgatcatgtg tgcgagcagt gacaccatcc	1020
ggagcatcat gctgggtggc cacaggcatg gcatgaccag tggagactac gccttcttca	1080
acattgagct cttcaacagc tcttctctat gagatggctc atggaagaga ggagacaaac	1140
acgacttga agctaagcaa gcatactcgt ccctccagac agtcaactca ctgaggacag	1200
tgaaacctga gtttgagaag ttttccatgg aggtgaaaag ttcagttgag aaacaagggc	1260
tcaatatgga ggattacgtt aacatgtttg ttgaaggatt ccacgatgcc atcctcctct	1320
acgtcttggc tctacatgaa gtactcagag ctggttacag caaaaaggat ggagggaaaa	1380
ttatacagca gacttggaac agaacattg aaggtatcgc cgggcagggtg tccatagatg	1440
ccaacggaga ccgatatggg gatttctctg tgattgcat gactgatgtg gaggcgggca	1500
cccaggaggt tattggtgat tattttgaa aagaaggtcg ttttgaaatg cggcccgaatg	1560
tcaaatatcc ttggggccct ttaaaaactga gaatagatga aaaccgaatt gtagagcata	1620
caaacagctc tccctgcaaa tcatgtggcc tagaagaatc ggcagtgaca ggaattgtcg	1680
tgggggcttt actaggagct ggttggctaa tggcctteta ctttttcagg aagaaataca	1740
gaataacat tgagaggcga acccagcaag aagaaagtaa ccttgaaaa catcggaat	1800
tacgggaaga ttccatcaga tcccattttt cagtagctta aaggaagccc cccacttttt	1860
ttttttctgc ctgagattct ttaaggagat agacgggttg aaagacatca atgaaacaga	1920
agggcgcttc ttgaagaatt cataatttta agcagttagt aatttcattt taaaatttct	1980
gtagaagctc aggaattatg attaatcacc atctgcctcc aggccttcca tctcatgaca	2040
aacaaatata ataatgatat cgtgtcactc tgttaaatgt tcatactggt tcaagcccat	2100
atgattagat ttatgttttt aaaatctggt gtctccatat cttgatggct tttgggagca	2160
tttcacacia ggatataaaa tgcgggttttc ttaaatgaaa tgtttttag ctagaataaa	2220
atcattttta caagtacagc attcttggaa agaatttaac acccaaaaag gggaaaatgt	2280
aatgaaaaat ctcaagggtg gaaatacagc cttactctct ctagagctgg aggacagggt	2340
tgtggttag gacttctctg tccgatgtct acattcaggt tctgacttca tatcttghaa	2400
aaggatttcc tccctgtctt tttcagtgtc tcataaacgc tactctggat tgttghaaat	2460

-continued

---

```

attagtgaga tgggaggatt tacagaagaa aagcaagtca aaaatatttc cttttgatg 2520
taaaaaaaaa aagccctatt tcgcactaac attttatttt acaagtattt taatcttata 2580
ttttggtatt agaaaaattt gtctattttt tcattttgaa gattaaatgt tgcttacatt 2640
ttaaaaaaaaa a 2651

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
<211> LENGTH: 540
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: natriuretic peptide receptor C/guanylate
cyclase C (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor C) (NPR3)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

```

```

Met Pro Ser Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Phe Ser Pro Cys Val Leu Leu Gly
1           5           10           15
Trp Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Gly Thr Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Gly Gly Gly
20           25           30
Gly Gly Gly Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Arg Gln Glu Arg Glu Ala Leu
35           40           45
Pro Pro Gln Lys Ile Glu Val Leu Val Leu Leu Pro Gln Asp Asp Ser
50           55           60
Tyr Leu Phe Ser Leu Thr Arg Val Arg Pro Ala Ile Glu Tyr Ala Leu
65           70           75           80
Arg Ser Val Glu Gly Asn Gly Thr Gly Arg Arg Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly
85           90           95
Thr Arg Phe Gln Val Ala Tyr Glu Asp Ser Asp Cys Gly Asn Arg Ala
100          105          110
Leu Phe Ser Leu Val Asp Arg Val Ala Ala Ala Arg Gly Ala Lys Pro
115          120          125
Asp Leu Ile Leu Gly Pro Val Cys Glu Tyr Ala Ala Ala Pro Val Ala
130          135          140
Arg Leu Ala Ser His Trp Asp Leu Pro Met Leu Ser Ala Gly Ala Leu
145          150          155          160
Ala Ala Gly Phe Gln His Lys Asp Ser Glu Tyr Ser His Leu Thr Arg
165          170          175
Val Ala Pro Ala Tyr Ala Lys Met Gly Glu Met Met Leu Ala Leu Phe
180          185          190
Arg His His His Trp Ser Arg Ala Ala Leu Val Tyr Ser Asp Asp Lys
195          200          205
Leu Glu Arg Asn Cys Tyr Phe Thr Leu Glu Gly Val His Glu Val Phe
210          215          220
Gln Glu Glu Gly Leu His Thr Ser Ile Tyr Ser Phe Asp Glu Thr Lys
225          230          235          240
Asp Leu Asp Leu Glu Asp Ile Val Arg Asn Ile Gln Ala Ser Glu Arg
245          250          255
Val Val Ile Met Cys Ala Ser Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Met Leu
260          265          270
Val Ala His Arg His Gly Met Thr Ser Gly Asp Tyr Ala Phe Phe Asn
275          280          285
Ile Glu Leu Phe Asn Ser Ser Ser Tyr Gly Asp Gly Ser Trp Lys Arg
290          295          300

```

-continued

---

Gly Asp Lys His Asp Phe Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Tyr Ser Ser Leu Gln  
 305 310 315 320

Thr Val Thr Leu Leu Arg Thr Val Lys Pro Glu Phe Glu Lys Phe Ser  
 325 330 335

Met Glu Val Lys Ser Ser Val Glu Lys Gln Gly Leu Asn Met Glu Asp  
 340 345 350

Tyr Val Asn Met Phe Val Glu Gly Phe His Asp Ala Ile Leu Leu Tyr  
 355 360 365

Val Leu Ala Leu His Glu Val Leu Arg Ala Gly Tyr Ser Lys Lys Asp  
 370 375 380

Gly Gly Lys Ile Ile Gln Gln Thr Trp Asn Arg Thr Phe Glu Gly Ile  
 385 390 395 400

Ala Gly Gln Val Ser Ile Asp Ala Asn Gly Asp Arg Tyr Gly Asp Phe  
 405 410 415

Ser Val Ile Ala Met Thr Asp Val Glu Ala Gly Thr Gln Glu Val Ile  
 420 425 430

Gly Asp Tyr Phe Gly Lys Glu Gly Arg Phe Glu Met Arg Pro Asn Val  
 435 440 445

Lys Tyr Pro Trp Gly Pro Leu Lys Leu Arg Ile Asp Glu Asn Arg Ile  
 450 455 460

Val Glu His Thr Asn Ser Ser Pro Cys Lys Ser Cys Gly Leu Glu Glu  
 465 470 475 480

Ser Ala Val Thr Gly Ile Val Val Gly Ala Leu Leu Gly Ala Gly Leu  
 485 490 495

Leu Met Ala Phe Tyr Phe Phe Arg Lys Lys Tyr Arg Ile Thr Ile Glu  
 500 505 510

Arg Arg Thr Gln Gln Glu Glu Ser Asn Leu Gly Lys His Arg Glu Leu  
 515 520 525

Arg Glu Asp Ser Ile Arg Ser His Phe Ser Val Ala  
 530 535 540

<210> SEQ ID NO 31  
 <211> LENGTH: 2984  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: early growth response 2 (Krox-20 homolog,  
 Drosophila) (EGR2) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (339)..(1769)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: EGR2

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

```

taactgagcg aggagcaatt gattaatagc tcggcgaggg gactcaactga ctgttataat    60
aacactacac cagcaactcc tggcttccca gcagccggaa cacagacagg agagagtcag    120
tggcaaatag acatTTTTtct tatttcttaa aaaacagcaa cttgtttgct acttttattt    180
ctgttgattt tttttcttg gtgtgtgtgg tggttgtttt taagtgtgga gggcaaaagg    240
agataccatc ccaggctcag tccaaccctt ctccaaaacg gcttttctga cactccaggt    300
agcgaggggag ttgggtctcc aggtgtgtcg aggagcaaat gatgaccgcc aaggccgtag    360
acaaaatccc agtaactctc agtggttttg tgcaccagct gtctgacaac atctaccggg    420
tggaggacct cgccgccacg tcggtgacca tctttcccaa tgccgaactg ggaggccct    480
    
```

-continued

---

ttgaccagat gaacggagtg gccggagatg gcatgatcaa cattgacatg actggagaga	540
agaggtegtt ggatctccca tatcccagca gctttgctcc cgtctctgca cctagaaacc	600
agaccttcaac ttacatgggc aagttctcca ttgacctca gtacctgggt gccagctgct	660
accagaagg cataatcaat attgtgagtg caggcatctt gcaaggggtc acttcccag	720
cttcaaccac agcctcatcc agcgtcacct ctgcctcccc caaccactg gccacaggac	780
ccctgggtgt gtgcaccatg tcccagaacc agcctgacct ggaccactg tactctccgc	840
caccgcctcc tctctttat tctggctgtg caggagacct ctaccaggac ccttctgctg	900
tctgtcagc agccaccacc tccacctctt cctctctggc ctaccacca cctccttct	960
atccatcccc caagccagcc acggaccag gtctcttccc aatgatccca gactatcctg	1020
gattctttcc atctcagtg cagagagacc tacatggtac agctggccca gaccgtaagc	1080
cctttcccctg cccactggac accctgcggg tgccccctcc actcactcca ctcttacia	1140
tccgtaactt taccctgggg ggccccagtg ctggggtgac cggaccaggg gccagtgag	1200
gcagcgaggg accccggctg cctggtagca gctcagcagc agcagcagcc gccgcccgcg	1260
ccgcctataa cccacaccac ctgccactgc ggcccattct gaggcctcgc aagtaccca	1320
acagaccag caagacgccc gtgcacgaga ggccctaccc gtgcccagca gaaggetgcg	1380
accggcggtt ctcccgtct gacgagctga cacggacat ccgaatccac actgggcata	1440
agcccttcca gtgtcggatc tgcctgcgca acttcagccc cagtgaccac ctaccaccc	1500
atatccgac ccacaccggg gagaagccct tcgcctgtga ctactgtggc cgaagtttg	1560
cccggagtga tgagaggaag cgccacacca agatccacct gagacagaaa gagcggaaaa	1620
gcagtgeccc ctctgcatg gtgcccagccc cctctacagc ctctgctct gggggcgtgc	1680
agcctggggg taccctgtgc agcagtaaca gcagcagctt tggcgagggg ccgctcgc	1740
cttgcctctc tcggacccgg acaccttgag atgagactca ggctgataca ccagctccca	1800
aaggtcccgg aggcctttg tccactggag ctgcacaaca aacctacca ccttttctg	1860
tccctctctc cctttgttgg gcaaagggtt ttggtggagc tagcactgcc cctttccac	1920
ctagaagcag gttcttccca aaacttagcc cattctagtc tctcttaggt gagttgacta	1980
tcaacccaag gcaaagggga ggctcagaag gaggtggtgt ggggatcccc tggccaagag	2040
ggctgaggtc tgacctgct ttaaagggtt gttttagtag gttttgtac cccacttccc	2100
cttattttga cccatcacag gtttttgacc ctggatgtca gagttgatct aagacgttt	2160
ctacaatagg ttgggagatg ctgatccctt caagtgggga cagcaaaaag acaagcaaaa	2220
ctgatgtgca ctttatggct tgggactgat ttgggggaca ttgtacagtg agtgaagtat	2280
agcctttatg ccacactctg tggccctaaa atggtgaatc agagcatatc tagttgtctc	2340
aacccttga gcaatatgta ttatatactc agagaacaga agtgcaatgt gatgggagga	2400
acgtagcaat atctgctctt tttcgagttg tttgagaaat gtaggctatt tttcagtg	2460
atatccactc agattttgtg tatttttgat gtaccacac tgttctctaa attctgaatc	2520
tttgggaaaa aatgtaaagc atttatgac tcagagggta acttatttaa ggggatgta	2580
catattctct gaaactagga tgcatgcaat tgtgttgaa gtgtccttgg tcgccttgtg	2640
tgatgtagac aaatgttaca aggctgcatg taaatgggtt gccttattat ggagaaaaa	2700
atcactccct gagtttagta tggctgtata tttatgccta ttaattttg gaatttttt	2760

-continued

---

```

tagaaagtat attttgtat gctttgtttt gtgacttaaa agtgttacct ttgtagtcaa 2820
atttcagata agaattgtaca taatgttacc ggagctgatt tgtttgtca ttagctctta 2880
atagtttga aaaaataaat ctattctaac gcaaaaccac taactgaagt tcagatataa 2940
tggatggttt gtgactatag tgtaataaaa tacttttcaa caat 2984

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 32
<211> LENGTH: 476
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: early growth response 2 (Krox-20 homolog,
Drosophila) (EGR2)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 32

```

```

Met Met Thr Ala Lys Ala Val Asp Lys Ile Pro Val Thr Leu Ser Gly
1           5           10           15
Phe Val His Gln Leu Ser Asp Asn Ile Tyr Pro Val Glu Asp Leu Ala
20          25          30
Ala Thr Ser Val Thr Ile Phe Pro Asn Ala Glu Leu Gly Gly Pro Phe
35          40          45
Asp Gln Met Asn Gly Val Ala Gly Asp Gly Met Ile Asn Ile Asp Met
50          55          60
Thr Gly Glu Lys Arg Ser Leu Asp Leu Pro Tyr Pro Ser Ser Phe Ala
65          70          75          80
Pro Val Ser Ala Pro Arg Asn Gln Thr Phe Thr Tyr Met Gly Lys Phe
85          90          95
Ser Ile Asp Pro Gln Tyr Pro Gly Ala Ser Cys Tyr Pro Glu Gly Ile
100         105         110
Ile Asn Ile Val Ser Ala Gly Ile Leu Gln Gly Val Thr Ser Pro Ala
115         120         125
Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Ser Ala Ser Pro Asn Pro Leu
130         135         140
Ala Thr Gly Pro Leu Gly Val Cys Thr Met Ser Gln Thr Gln Pro Asp
145         150         155         160
Leu Asp His Leu Tyr Ser Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr Ser Gly
165         170         175
Cys Ala Gly Asp Leu Tyr Gln Asp Pro Ser Ala Phe Leu Ser Ala Ala
180         185         190
Thr Thr Ser Thr Ser Ser Ser Leu Ala Tyr Pro Pro Pro Pro Ser Tyr
195         200         205
Pro Ser Pro Lys Pro Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Leu Phe Pro Met Ile Pro
210         215         220
Asp Tyr Pro Gly Phe Phe Pro Ser Gln Cys Gln Arg Asp Leu His Gly
225         230         235         240
Thr Ala Gly Pro Asp Arg Lys Pro Phe Pro Cys Pro Leu Asp Thr Leu
245         250         255
Arg Val Pro Pro Pro Leu Thr Pro Leu Ser Thr Ile Arg Asn Phe Thr
260         265         270
Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Ala Gly Val Thr Gly Pro Gly Ala Ser Gly Gly
275         280         285
Ser Glu Gly Pro Arg Leu Pro Gly Ser Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
290         295         300

```

-continued

---

Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Tyr Asn Pro His His Leu Pro Leu Arg Pro Ile  
 305 310 315 320

Leu Arg Pro Arg Lys Tyr Pro Asn Arg Pro Ser Lys Thr Pro Val His  
 325 330 335

Glu Arg Pro Tyr Pro Cys Pro Ala Glu Gly Cys Asp Arg Arg Phe Ser  
 340 345 350

Arg Ser Asp Glu Leu Thr Arg His Ile Arg Ile His Thr Gly His Lys  
 355 360 365

Pro Phe Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Met Arg Asn Phe Ser Arg Ser Asp His  
 370 375 380

Leu Thr Thr His Ile Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Phe Ala Cys  
 385 390 395 400

Asp Tyr Cys Gly Arg Lys Phe Ala Arg Ser Asp Glu Arg Lys Arg His  
 405 410 415

Thr Lys Ile His Leu Arg Gln Lys Glu Arg Lys Ser Ser Ala Pro Ser  
 420 425 430

Ala Ser Val Pro Ala Pro Ser Thr Ala Ser Cys Ser Gly Gly Val Gln  
 435 440 445

Pro Gly Gly Thr Leu Cys Ser Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Gly Gly  
 450 455 460

Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Ser Arg Thr Arg Thr Pro  
 465 470 475

<210> SEQ ID NO 33  
 <211> LENGTH: 1725  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor,  
 subfamily A (with TM domain), member 4 (LILRA4),  
 immunoglobulin-like transcript 7 (ILT7) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (58)..(1557)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LILRA4

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

```

ctacgggcac cgtggccaca cctgcctgca cagccagggc caggaggagg agatgccatg    60
accctcattc tcacaagcct gctcttcttt gggctgagcc tgggccccag gaccgggtg    120
caggcagaaa acctacccaa acccatcctg tgggcccagc caggtcccgt gatcaactgg    180
cataaccccg tgaccatctg gtgtcagggc accctggagg cccaggggta cegtctggat    240
aaagagggaa actcaatgtc gaggcacata ttaaaaacac tggagtctga aaacaaggtc    300
aaactctcca tccatccat gatgtgggaa catgcagggc gatatcactg ttactatcag    360
agccctgcag gctggtcaga gccacgcgac ccctggagc tgggtgtgac agcctacagc    420
agaccacccc tgteccgact gccaaagcct gtggtgacct caggagttaa cgtgaccctc    480
cggtgtgcct cacggtcggg actgggcagg ttcactctga ttgaggaagg agaccacagg    540
ctctcctgga ccctgaactc acaccaaac aacctggaa agttccaggc cctgttcccc    600
atgggcccc tgacctcag caacaggggt acattcagat gctacggcta tgaaaacaac    660
acccatacag tgtggtcgga acccagtgac ccctgcagc tactgggtgc aggcgtgtct    720
aggaagccct cctcctgac cctgcagggc cctgtcgtga cccccgaga gaatctgacc    780
ctccagtgtg gctctgatgt cggetacatc agatacactc tgtacaagga gggggccgat    840
    
```

-continued

```

ggcctceccc agcgcctcgg ccggcagccc caggetgggc tctcccagge caacttcacc 900
ctgagccctg tgagccgctc ctacgggggc cagtacagat gctacggcgc acacaacgtc 960
tcctccgagt ggtcggcccc cagtgacccc ctggacatcc tgatcgcagg acagatctct 1020
gacagaccct cctctcagtg gcagccgggc cccacggtga cctcaggaga gaaggtgacc 1080
ctgctgtgtc agtcatggga cccgatgttc actttccttc tgaccaagga gggggcagcc 1140
catcecccgt tgcgtctgag atcaatgtac ggagctcata agtaccagge tgaattcccc 1200
atgagtctctg tgacctcagc ccacgcgggg acctacaggt gctacggctc acgcagctcc 1260
aacccctacc tgctgtctca ccccagtgag cccttgagc tcgtggtctc aggagcaact 1320
gagaccctca atccagcaca aaagaagtca gattccaaga ctgccccaca cctccaggat 1380
tacacagtgg agaattctcat ccgcatgggt gtggctggct tggctctgct gttcctcggg 1440
attctgttat ttgaggctca gcacagccag agaagcccc caaggtgcag ccaggaggca 1500
aacagcagaa aggacaatgc acccttcaga gtggtggagc cttgggaaca gatctgatga 1560
tctgaggagg ttctggaaga ctggggcagc agttggggaa gtgtctgctg agaatatcaa 1620
ggggaagaag catgggtcag gtgcaggaag atgtctgggt gtctgtagaa gatgcttctc 1680
ccattaaact gtggtgcttt cctcctcaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaa 1725

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 34

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 499

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

```

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor,
subfamily A (with TM domain), member 4 (LILRA4),
immunoglobulin-like transcript 7 (ILT7)

```

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 34

```

Met Thr Leu Ile Leu Thr Ser Leu Leu Phe Phe Gly Leu Ser Leu Gly
1           5           10          15
Pro Arg Thr Arg Val Gln Ala Glu Asn Leu Pro Lys Pro Ile Leu Trp
          20          25          30
Ala Glu Pro Gly Pro Val Ile Thr Trp His Asn Pro Val Thr Ile Trp
          35          40          45
Cys Gln Gly Thr Leu Glu Ala Gln Gly Tyr Arg Leu Asp Lys Glu Gly
          50          55          60
Asn Ser Met Ser Arg His Ile Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Ser Glu Asn Lys
65          70          75          80
Val Lys Leu Ser Ile Pro Ser Met Met Trp Glu His Ala Gly Arg Tyr
          85          90          95
His Cys Tyr Tyr Gln Ser Pro Ala Gly Trp Ser Glu Pro Ser Asp Pro
100         105         110
Leu Glu Leu Val Val Thr Ala Tyr Ser Arg Pro Thr Leu Ser Ala Leu
115         120         125
Pro Ser Pro Val Val Thr Ser Gly Val Asn Val Thr Leu Arg Cys Ala
130         135         140
Ser Arg Leu Gly Leu Gly Arg Phe Thr Leu Ile Glu Glu Gly Asp His
145         150         155         160
Arg Leu Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser His Gln His Asn His Gly Lys Phe
165         170         175

```

-continued

```

Gln Ala Leu Phe Pro Met Gly Pro Leu Thr Phe Ser Asn Arg Gly Thr
      180                      185                      190

Phe Arg Cys Tyr Gly Tyr Glu Asn Asn Thr Pro Tyr Val Trp Ser Glu
      195                      200                      205

Pro Ser Asp Pro Leu Gln Leu Leu Val Ser Gly Val Ser Arg Lys Pro
      210                      215                      220

Ser Leu Leu Thr Leu Gln Gly Pro Val Val Thr Pro Gly Glu Asn Leu
      225                      230                      235                      240

Thr Leu Gln Cys Gly Ser Asp Val Gly Tyr Ile Arg Tyr Thr Leu Tyr
      245                      250                      255

Lys Glu Gly Ala Asp Gly Leu Pro Gln Arg Pro Gly Arg Gln Pro Gln
      260                      265                      270

Ala Gly Leu Ser Gln Ala Asn Phe Thr Leu Ser Pro Val Ser Arg Ser
      275                      280                      285

Tyr Gly Gly Gln Tyr Arg Cys Tyr Gly Ala His Asn Val Ser Ser Glu
      290                      295                      300

Trp Ser Ala Pro Ser Asp Pro Leu Asp Ile Leu Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile
      305                      310                      315                      320

Ser Asp Arg Pro Ser Leu Ser Val Gln Pro Gly Pro Thr Val Thr Ser
      325                      330                      335

Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Leu Leu Cys Gln Ser Trp Asp Pro Met Phe Thr
      340                      345                      350

Phe Leu Leu Thr Lys Glu Gly Ala Ala His Pro Pro Leu Arg Leu Arg
      355                      360                      365

Ser Met Tyr Gly Ala His Lys Tyr Gln Ala Glu Phe Pro Met Ser Pro
      370                      375                      380

Val Thr Ser Ala His Ala Gly Thr Tyr Arg Cys Tyr Gly Ser Arg Ser
      385                      390                      395                      400

Ser Asn Pro Tyr Leu Leu Ser His Pro Ser Glu Pro Leu Glu Leu Val
      405                      410                      415

Val Ser Gly Ala Thr Glu Thr Leu Asn Pro Ala Gln Lys Lys Ser Asp
      420                      425                      430

Ser Lys Thr Ala Pro His Leu Gln Asp Tyr Thr Val Glu Asn Leu Ile
      435                      440                      445

Arg Met Gly Val Ala Gly Leu Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Gly Ile Leu Leu
      450                      455                      460

Phe Glu Ala Gln His Ser Gln Arg Ser Pro Pro Arg Cys Ser Gln Glu
      465                      470                      475                      480

Ala Asn Ser Arg Lys Asp Asn Ala Pro Phe Arg Val Val Glu Pro Trp
      485                      490                      495

```

Glu Gln Ile

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 35

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 837

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin D2 synthase 21kDa (brain) (PTGDS)  
cDNA

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;221&gt; NAME/KEY: CDS

&lt;222&gt; LOCATION: (76)..(648)

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: PTGDS

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 35

-continued

```

gctectectg cacacotccc tcgetctccc acaccactgg caccaggeccc cggacacccg    60
ctctgctgca ggagaatggc tactcatcac acgctgtgga tgggactggc cctgctgggg    120
gtgctggggc acctgcaggc agcaccggag gccacagtct ccgtgcagcc caacttcag    180
caggacaagt tcttggggcg ctggttcagc gcgggcctcg cctccaactc gagctggctc    240
cgggagaaga aggcggcgctt gtccatgtgc aagtctgtgg tggcccctgc cacggatggt    300
ggcctcaacc tgacctccac ctctctcagg aaaaaccagt gtgagaccgg aaccatgctg    360
ctgcagcccg cggggtccct cggtcctac agctaccgga gtcccactg gggcagcacc    420
tactccgtgt cagtgtgga gaccgactac gaccagtacg cgctgctgta cagccagggc    480
agcaagggcc ctggcgagga ctccgcgatg gccaccctct acagccgaac ccagaccccc    540
agggctgagt taaaggagaa attcaccgcc ttctgcaagg cccagggctt cacagaggat    600
accattgtct tctgccccca aaccgataag tgcatgacgg aacaatagga ctccccaggg    660
ctgaagctgg gatccgggcc agccaggtga cccccacgct ctggatgtct ctgctctgtt    720
ccttccccga gccctgccc cggtccccg ccaaagcaac cctgccact caggcttcat    780
cctgcacaat aaactccgga agcaagtacg taaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa    837

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 36

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 190

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin D2 synthase 21kDa (brain) (PTGDS)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 36

```

Met Ala Thr His His Thr Leu Trp Met Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Val
1           5           10           15
Leu Gly Asp Leu Gln Ala Ala Pro Glu Ala Gln Val Ser Val Gln Pro
20          25          30
Asn Phe Gln Gln Asp Lys Phe Leu Gly Arg Trp Phe Ser Ala Gly Leu
35          40          45
Ala Ser Asn Ser Ser Trp Leu Arg Glu Lys Lys Ala Ala Leu Ser Met
50          55          60
Cys Lys Ser Val Val Ala Pro Ala Thr Asp Gly Gly Leu Asn Leu Thr
65          70          75          80
Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Lys Asn Gln Cys Glu Thr Arg Thr Met Leu Leu
85          90          95
Gln Pro Ala Gly Ser Leu Gly Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Ser Pro His Trp
100         105         110
Gly Ser Thr Tyr Ser Val Ser Val Val Glu Thr Asp Tyr Asp Gln Tyr
115         120         125
Ala Leu Leu Tyr Ser Gln Gly Ser Lys Gly Pro Gly Glu Asp Phe Arg
130         135         140
Met Ala Thr Leu Tyr Ser Arg Thr Gln Thr Pro Arg Ala Glu Leu Lys
145         150         155         160
Glu Lys Phe Thr Ala Phe Cys Lys Ala Gln Gly Phe Thr Glu Asp Thr
165         170         175
Ile Val Phe Leu Pro Gln Thr Asp Lys Cys Met Thr Glu Gln
180         185         190

```

-continued

---

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 37
<211> LENGTH: 3213
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: periostin, osteoblast specific factor (POSTN)
      cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (12)..(2522)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: POSTN

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

agagactcaa gatgattccc tttttaccca tgttttctct actattgctg cttattgtta      60
acctataaaa cgccaacaat cattatgaca agatcttggc tcatagtcgt atcaggggtc      120
gggaccaagg ccccaaatgtc tgtgcccttc aacagathtt gggcaccaaa aagaaatact      180
tcagcacttg taagaactgg tataaaaagt ccatctgtgg acagaaaaacg actgttttat      240
atgaatgttg ccctggttat atgagaatgg aaggaatgaa aggctgcccc gcagttttgc      300
ccattgacca tgtttatggc actctgggca tcgtgggagc caccacaacg cagcgctatt      360
ctgacgcctc aaaactgagg gaggagatcg agggaaaggg atccttcaact tactttgcac      420
cgagtaatga ggcttgggac aacttggatt ctgatatccg tagaggtttg gagagcaacg      480
tgaatgttga attactgaat gctttacata gtcacatgat taataagaga atgttgacca      540
aggacttaaa aaatggcatg attattcctt caatgtataa caatttgggg cttttcatta      600
accattatcc taatgggggt gtcactgtta attgtgctcg aatcatccat gggaaccaga      660
ttgcaacaaa tgggtgttgc catgtcattg accgtgtgct tacacaaatt ggtacctcaa      720
ttcaagactt cattgaagca gaagatgacc tttcatcttt tagagcagct gccatcacat      780
cggacatatt ggaggccctt ggaagagacg gtcacttcac actctttgct cccaccaatg      840
aggcttttga gaaacttcca cgaggtgtcc tagaaaggtt catgggagac aaagtggctt      900
ccgaagctct tatgaagtac cacactctaa atactctcca gtgttctgag tctattatgg      960
gaggagcagt ctttgagacg ctggaaggaa atacaattga gataggatgt gacggtgaca      1020
gtataacagt aaatggaatc aaaatgggtg acaaaaagga tattgtgaca aataatgggtg      1080
tgatccattt gattgatcag gtctcaatc ctgattctgc caaacaagtt attgagctgg      1140
ctggaaaaca gcaaaccacc ttcacggatc ttgtggccca attaggcttg gcatctgctc      1200
tgaggccaga tggagaatac actttgctgg cactctgtaa taatgcattt tctgatgata      1260
ctctcagcat ggttcagcgc ctctttaat taattctgca gaatcacata ttgaaagtaa      1320
aagttggcct taatgagctt tacaacgggc aaatactgga aaccatcgga ggcaaacagc      1380
tcagagtctt cgtatatcgt acagctgtct gcattgaaaa ttcatgcatg gagaaaggga      1440
gtaagcaagg gagaaacggt gcgattcaca tattccgcga gatcatcaag ccagcagaga      1500
aatccctcca tgaaaaagta aaacaagata agcgctttag caccttctc agcctacttg      1560
aagctgcaga cttgaaagag ctctgacac aacctggaga ctggacatta tttgtgccaa      1620
ccaatgatgc ttttaaggga atgactagtg aagaaaaaga aattctgata cgggacaaaa      1680
atgctcttca aaacatcatt ctttatcacc tgacaccagg agttttcatt ggaaaaggat      1740
ttgaacctgg tgttactaac attttaaga ccacacaagg aagcaaaatc tttctgaaag      1800
aagtaaatga tacacttctg gtgaatgaat tgaatcaaa agaactctgac atcatgacaa      1860

```

-continued

---

```

caaatggtgt aattcatggt gtagataaac tcctctatcc agcagacaca cctggttgaa 1920
atgatcaact gctggaataa ctttaataaat taatcaaata catccaaatt aagtttggtc 1980
gtggtagcac cttcaaagaa atccccgtga ctgtctatac aactaaaatt ataaccaaag 2040
ttgtggaacc aaaaattaaa gtgattgaag gcagtettca gcctattatc aaaactgaag 2100
gaccacact aacaaaagtc aaaattgaag gtgaacctga attcagactg attaaagaag 2160
gtgaaacaat aactgaagtg atccatggag agccaattat taaaaaatac accaaaatca 2220
ttgatggagt gcctgtggaa ataactgaaa aagagacacg agaagaacga atcattacag 2280
gtcctgaaat aaaatacact aggtatttcta ctggagggtg agaaacagaa gaaactctga 2340
agaaattggt acaagaagag gtcaccaagg tcaccaaatt cattgaaggt ggtgatggtc 2400
atatttttga agatgaagaa attaaaagac tgcttcaggg agacacaccc gtgaggaagt 2460
tgcaagccaa caaaaaagtt caaggttcta gaagacgatt aaggggaaggt cgttctcagt 2520
gaaaatccaa aaaccagaaa aaaatgttta tacaacccta agtcaataac ctgaccttag 2580
aaaattgtga gagccaagtt gacttcagga actgaaacat cagcacaag aagcaatcat 2640
caaataattc tgaacacaaa ttttaatat ttttttctga atgagaaaca tgagggaaat 2700
tgtggagtta gcctcctgtg gtaaaggaat tgaagaaaat ataacacctt acaccctttt 2760
tcactctgac attaaaagtt ctggctaact ttggaatcca ttagagaaaa atccttggtc 2820
ccagattcat tacaattcaa atcgaagagt tgtgaactgt tatccattg aaaagaccga 2880
gccttgatg tatgttatgg atacataaaa tgcacgcaag ccattatctc tccatgggaa 2940
gctaagttat aaaaataggt gcttggtgta caaaactttt tatatcaaaa ggctttgac 3000
atctctatat gagtgggttt actggtaaat tatgttattt tttacaacta atttgtact 3060
ctcagaatgt ttgtcatatg cttcttgcaa tgcataat ttaatctcaa acgtttcaat 3120
aaaaccattt ttcagatata aagagaatta cttcaaattg agtaattcag aaaaactcaa 3180
gatttaagtt aaaaagtggg ttggacttgg gaa 3213

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 38
<211> LENGTH: 836
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: periostin, osteoblast specific factor (POSTN)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

```

```

Met Ile Pro Phe Leu Pro Met Phe Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Ile Val
1           5           10          15

Asn Pro Ile Asn Ala Asn Asn His Tyr Asp Lys Ile Leu Ala His Ser
20          25          30

Arg Ile Arg Gly Arg Asp Gln Gly Pro Asn Val Cys Ala Leu Gln Gln
35          40          45

Ile Leu Gly Thr Lys Lys Lys Tyr Phe Ser Thr Cys Lys Asn Trp Tyr
50          55          60

Lys Lys Ser Ile Cys Gly Gln Lys Thr Thr Val Leu Tyr Glu Cys Cys
65          70          75          80

Pro Gly Tyr Met Arg Met Glu Gly Met Lys Gly Cys Pro Ala Val Leu
85          90          95

Pro Ile Asp His Val Tyr Gly Thr Leu Gly Ile Val Gly Ala Thr Thr
100         105         110

```

-continued

---

Thr Gln Arg Tyr Ser Asp Ala Ser Lys Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Glu Gly  
 115 120 125  
 Lys Gly Ser Phe Thr Tyr Phe Ala Pro Ser Asn Glu Ala Trp Asp Asn  
 130 135 140  
 Leu Asp Ser Asp Ile Arg Arg Gly Leu Glu Ser Asn Val Asn Val Glu  
 145 150 155 160  
 Leu Leu Asn Ala Leu His Ser His Met Ile Asn Lys Arg Met Leu Thr  
 165 170 175  
 Lys Asp Leu Lys Asn Gly Met Ile Ile Pro Ser Met Tyr Asn Asn Leu  
 180 185 190  
 Gly Leu Phe Ile Asn His Tyr Pro Asn Gly Val Val Thr Val Asn Cys  
 195 200 205  
 Ala Arg Ile Ile His Gly Asn Gln Ile Ala Thr Asn Gly Val Val His  
 210 215 220  
 Val Ile Asp Arg Val Leu Thr Gln Ile Gly Thr Ser Ile Gln Asp Phe  
 225 230 235 240  
 Ile Glu Ala Glu Asp Asp Leu Ser Ser Phe Arg Ala Ala Ala Ile Thr  
 245 250 255  
 Ser Asp Ile Leu Glu Ala Leu Gly Arg Asp Gly His Phe Thr Leu Phe  
 260 265 270  
 Ala Pro Thr Asn Glu Ala Phe Glu Lys Leu Pro Arg Gly Val Leu Glu  
 275 280 285  
 Arg Phe Met Gly Asp Lys Val Ala Ser Glu Ala Leu Met Lys Tyr His  
 290 295 300  
 Ile Leu Asn Thr Leu Gln Cys Ser Glu Ser Ile Met Gly Gly Ala Val  
 305 310 315 320  
 Phe Glu Thr Leu Glu Gly Asn Thr Ile Glu Ile Gly Cys Asp Gly Asp  
 325 330 335  
 Ser Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Ile Lys Met Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Ile Val  
 340 345 350  
 Thr Asn Asn Gly Val Ile His Leu Ile Asp Gln Val Leu Ile Pro Asp  
 355 360 365  
 Ser Ala Lys Gln Val Ile Glu Leu Ala Gly Lys Gln Gln Thr Thr Phe  
 370 375 380  
 Thr Asp Leu Val Ala Gln Leu Gly Leu Ala Ser Ala Leu Arg Pro Asp  
 385 390 395 400  
 Gly Glu Tyr Thr Leu Leu Ala Pro Val Asn Asn Ala Phe Ser Asp Asp  
 405 410 415  
 Thr Leu Ser Met Val Gln Arg Leu Leu Lys Leu Ile Leu Gln Asn His  
 420 425 430  
 Ile Leu Lys Val Lys Val Gly Leu Asn Glu Leu Tyr Asn Gly Gln Ile  
 435 440 445  
 Leu Glu Thr Ile Gly Gly Lys Gln Leu Arg Val Phe Val Tyr Arg Thr  
 450 455 460  
 Ala Val Cys Ile Glu Asn Ser Cys Met Glu Lys Gly Ser Lys Gln Gly  
 465 470 475 480  
 Arg Asn Gly Ala Ile His Ile Phe Arg Glu Ile Ile Lys Pro Ala Glu  
 485 490 495  
 Lys Ser Leu His Glu Lys Leu Lys Gln Asp Lys Arg Phe Ser Thr Phe  
 500 505 510

-continued

```

Leu Ser Leu Leu Glu Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Glu Leu Leu Thr Gln Pro
    515                               520                               525

Gly Asp Trp Thr Leu Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Asp Ala Phe Lys Gly Met
    530                               535                               540

Thr Ser Glu Glu Lys Glu Ile Leu Ile Arg Asp Lys Asn Ala Leu Gln
    545                               550                               555                               560

Asn Ile Ile Leu Tyr His Leu Thr Pro Gly Val Phe Ile Gly Lys Gly
    565                               570                               575

Phe Glu Pro Gly Val Thr Asn Ile Leu Lys Thr Thr Gln Gly Ser Lys
    580                               585                               590

Ile Phe Leu Lys Glu Val Asn Asp Thr Leu Leu Val Asn Glu Leu Lys
    595                               600                               605

Ser Lys Glu Ser Asp Ile Met Thr Thr Asn Gly Val Ile His Val Val
    610                               615                               620

Asp Lys Leu Leu Tyr Pro Ala Asp Thr Pro Val Gly Asn Asp Gln Leu
    625                               630                               635                               640

Leu Glu Ile Leu Asn Lys Leu Ile Lys Tyr Ile Gln Ile Lys Phe Val
    645                               650                               655

Arg Gly Ser Thr Phe Lys Glu Ile Pro Val Thr Val Tyr Thr Thr Lys
    660                               665                               670

Ile Ile Thr Lys Val Val Glu Pro Lys Ile Lys Val Ile Glu Gly Ser
    675                               680                               685

Leu Gln Pro Ile Ile Lys Thr Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Thr Lys Val Lys
    690                               695                               700

Ile Glu Gly Glu Pro Glu Phe Arg Leu Ile Lys Glu Gly Glu Thr Ile
    705                               710                               715                               720

Thr Glu Val Ile His Gly Glu Pro Ile Ile Lys Lys Tyr Thr Lys Ile
    725                               730                               735

Ile Asp Gly Val Pro Val Glu Ile Thr Glu Lys Glu Thr Arg Glu Glu
    740                               745                               750

Arg Ile Ile Thr Gly Pro Glu Ile Lys Tyr Thr Arg Ile Ser Thr Gly
    755                               760                               765

Gly Gly Glu Thr Glu Glu Thr Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Gln Glu Glu Val
    770                               775                               780

Thr Lys Val Thr Lys Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Asp Gly His Leu Phe Glu
    785                               790                               795                               800

Asp Glu Glu Ile Lys Arg Leu Leu Gln Gly Asp Thr Pro Val Arg Lys
    805                               810                               815

Leu Gln Ala Asn Lys Lys Val Gln Gly Ser Arg Arg Arg Leu Arg Glu
    820                               825                               830

Gly Arg Ser Gln
    835

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 39
<211> LENGTH: 5855
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: wingless-type MMTV integration site family,
    member 5A (WNT5A) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (319)..(1461)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: WNT5A

```

---

-continued

---

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

agttgcctgc gcgcccctgc cggaccggcg gctccctagt tgcgcccga ccaggccctg 60  
cccttgctgc cggctcgcgc gcgtccgcgc cccctccatt cctgggcca tcccagctct 120  
gccccaaactc gggagtcagc gcccgggcgc cagtgcgcgc ttcagctccg gttcaactgcg 180  
cccgcgggac gcgcccga ggactccgca gccctgctcc tgaccgtccc cccaggctta 240  
accocgctgc tccctcga ttctcggct gcgctcgcgc gggggcgac ttctccccg 300  
cgccccctcc cctcgcct gaagaagtcc attggaatat taagcccagg agttgctttg 360  
gggatggctg gaagtcaat gtctccaag ttctcctag tggtttggc catattttc 420  
tccttcgccc aggttgtaat tgaagccaat tcttggtggt cgctaggat gaataaccct 480  
gttcagatgt cagaagtata tattatagga gcacagcctc tctgcagcca actggcagga 540  
ctttctcaag gacagaagaa actgtgccac ttgtatcagg accacatgca gtacatcgga 600  
gaaggcgcga agacagggcat caaagaatgc cagtatcaat tccgacatcg aaggtggaac 660  
tgcagcactg tgataaac ctctgtttt ggccaggtga tgcagatagg cagcccgag 720  
acggccttca catacgcgtt gagcgcagca ggggtggtga acgcatgag cggggcgctc 780  
cgcgagggcg agctgtccac ctgcggctgc agccgcgcgc cgcgcccga ggacctgccc 840  
cgggactggc tctggggcgc gtgcggcgac aacatcgact atggctaccg ctttgccaag 900  
gagttcgtgg acgcccgcga gcgggagcgc atccacgcca agggctccta cgagagtgt 960  
cgcacctca tgaacctgca caacaacgag gccggccgca ggacgggtga caacctggct 1020  
gatgtggcct gcaagtgcga tggggtgctc ggctcatgta gcctgaagac atgctggctg 1080  
cagctggcag acttcgcaa ggtgggtgat gccctgaagg agaagtaaga cagccggcg 1140  
gccatgcggc tcaacagcgc gggcaagtgt gtacaggtca acagccgctt caactcggcc 1200  
accacacaag acctggtcta catcgacccc agccctgact actgcgtgcg caatgagagc 1260  
accggctcgc tgggcagcga gggccgcctg tgcaacaaga cgtcggaggg catggatggc 1320  
tgcgagctca tgtgctgcgc ccgtggctac gaccagttca agaccgtgca gacggagcgc 1380  
tgccactgca agttccactg gtgctgctac gtcaagtgca agaagtgcac ggagatcgtg 1440  
gaccagtttg tgtgcaagta gtgggtgcca cccagcactc agccccgctc ccaggaccgc 1500  
cttatttata gaaagtacag tgattctggt ttttggttt tagaaatatt tttattttt 1560  
ccccagaat tgaaccgga accattttt ttctgttac catctaagaa ctctgtggtt 1620  
tattattaat attataatta ttatttgga ataatggggg tgggaaccaa gaaaaatatt 1680  
tattttgtgg atctttgaaa aggtaataca agacttcttt tgatagtata gaatgaaggg 1740  
gaaataacac ataccctaac ttagctgtgt ggacatggtta cacatccaga aggtaagaa 1800  
atacattttc tttttctcaa atatgccatc atatgggatg ggtaggttcc agttgaaga 1860  
gggtggtaga aatctattca caattcagct tctatgacca aaatgagttg taattctct 1920  
ggtgcaagat aaaaggtctt gggaaaacaa aacaaaacaa aacaaacctc ccttccccag 1980  
cagggctgct agcttgcttt ctgcattttc aaaatgataa tttacaatgg aaggacaaga 2040  
atgtcatatt ctcaaggaaa aaaggtatat cacatgtctc attctcctca aatattccat 2100  
ttgcagacag accgtcatat tctaatagct catgaaattt gggcagcagg gaggaagtc 2160  
cccagaaatt aaaaaattta aaactcttat gtcaagatgt tgatttgaag ctgttataag 2220

-continued

---

aattaggatt ccagattgta aaaagatccc caaatgattc tggacactag atttttttgt	2280
ttggggaggt tggcttgaac ataatgaaa atatcctggt attttcttag ggatacttg	2340
ttagtaaaatt ataatagtaa aaataatata tgaatcccat tcacagggtc tcagcccaag	2400
caacaaggta attgcgtgcc attcagcact gcaccagagc agacaacctt tttgaggaaa	2460
aacagtgaaa tccaccttcc tcttcacact gagccctctc tgattcctcc gtgttgat	2520
gtgatgctgg ccacgtttcc aaacggcagc tccactgggt cccctttggt tgtaggacag	2580
gaaatgaaac attaggagct ctgcttgga aacagttcac tacttaggga tttttgtttc	2640
ctaaaacttt tattttgag agcagtagtt ttctatgttt taatgacaga acttggttaa	2700
tggaattcac agagggttg cagcgtatca ctgttatgat cctgtgttta gattatccac	2760
tcatgcttct cctattgtac tgcagggtga ccttaaaact gttcccagtg tacttgaaca	2820
gttgcattha taagggggga aatgtggttt aatgggtgct gatatctcaa agtctttgt	2880
acataacata tatatatata tacatatata taaatataaa tataaatata tctcattgca	2940
gccagtgatt tagatttaca gtttactctg gggttatttc tctgtctaga gcattgttgt	3000
ccttcactgc agtccagttg ggttatttcc aaaagttttt tgagtcttga gcttgggctg	3060
tggccctgct gtgatcatac cttgagcacg acgaagcaac cttgtttctg aggaagcttg	3120
agttctgact cactgaaatg cgtgttgggt tgaagatata ttttttctt tctgcctcac	3180
ccctttgtct ccaacctcca tttctgttca ctttgtggag agggcattac ttgttcgta	3240
tagacatgga cgtaagaga tattcaaaa tcagaagcat cagcaatggt tctctttct	3300
tagttcattc tgcagaatgg aaacctatgc ctattagaaa tgacagttact tattaattga	3360
gtccctaagg aatattcagc ccactacata gatagctttt ttttttttt ttttaataag	3420
gacacctctt tccaaacagt gccatcaaat atgttcttat ctcagactta cgttgtttta	3480
aaagtttgga aagatacaca tcttccatac cccccttagg caggttggtt tccatatcac	3540
ctcagccaac tgtggctctt aatttattgc ataagatat tcacatcccc tcagttgcag	3600
tgaattgtga gcaaaagatc ttgaaagcaa aaagcactaa ttagtttaa atgtcacttt	3660
tttggttttt attatacaaa aacctgaag tacttttttt atttgctaaa tcagattggt	3720
cctttttagt gactcatgtt tatgaagaga gttgagtta acaatcctag cttttaaag	3780
aaactattta atgtaaaata ttctacatgt cattcagata ttatgtatat cttctagcct	3840
ttattctgta cttttaatgt acatatttct gtcttgctg atttgtatat ttcactggtt	3900
taaaaaaca acatcgaaag gcttatgcca aatggaagat agaataaaa ataaaacgtt	3960
acttgatat tggtaagtgg tttcaattgt ccttcagata attcatgtgg agatttttgg	4020
agaaacctg acggatagtt taggatgact acatgtcaaa gtaataaaag agtgggtgaat	4080
tttaccaaaa ccaagctatt tggaaagctc aaaaggttc tatatgtaat ggaacaaaag	4140
gggaattctc ttttctata tatgttctt acaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aatcaagcag	4200
atggcttaaa gctgggtata ggattgctca cattctttta gcattatgca tgtaacttaa	4260
ttgttttaga gcgtgttct gttgtaacat cccagagaag aatgaaaagg cacatgcttt	4320
tatccgtgac cagattttta gtccaaaaa atgtattttt ttgtgtgttt accactgcaa	4380
ctattgcacc tctctatttg aatttactgt ggacctgtg tgggtctct atgccctttg	4440
aaagcagttt ttataaaaa aaagccggg tctgcagaga atgaaaactg gttgaaact	4500

-continued

```

aaaggttcat tgtgtaagt gcaattaata caagttattg tgcttttcaa aaatgtacac 4560
ggaaatctgg acagtgctgc acagattgat acattagcct ttgctttttc tctttccgga 4620
taaccttgta acatattgaa accttttaag gatgccaaga atgcattatt ccacaaaaaa 4680
acagcagacc aacatataga gtgttataaa tagcatttct gggcaaatc aaactcttgt 4740
ggttctagga ctcacatctg tttcagtttt tctcagttg tatattgacc agtgttcttt 4800
attgcaaaaa catatacccg atttagcagt gtcagcgtat tttttcttct catcctggag 4860
cgtattcaag atcttcccaa tacaagaaa ttaataaaaa atttatata aggcagcagc 4920
aaaagagcca tgttcaaaa agtcattatg ggctcaata gaaagaagac ttttaagttt 4980
taatccagtt tatctgttga gttctgtgag ctactgacct cctgagactg gcactgtgta 5040
agttttagtt gcctacccta gctcttttct cgtacaattt tgccaatacc aagtttcaat 5100
ttgtttttac aaaacattat tcaagccact agaattatca aatagcagc tatagcagag 5160
taaatactct gaataagaga ccggtactag ctaactccaa gagatcgta gcagcatcag 5220
tccacaaaca cttagtgcc cacaatatat agagagatag aaaaggtagt tataacttga 5280
agcatgtatt taatgcaaat aggcacgaag gcacaggtct aaaatactac attgtcactg 5340
taagctatac ttttaaaata tttatTTTTT ttaaagtatt ttctagtctt ttctctctct 5400
gtggaatggt gaaagagaga tgccgtgttt tgaaagtaag atgatgaaat gaatttttaa 5460
ttcaagaaac attcagaaac ataggaatta aaacttagag aatgatcta atttccctgt 5520
tcacacaaac tttacacttt aatctgatga ttggatattt tatttttagtg aaacatcatc 5580
ttgttagcta actttaaaaa atggatgtag aatgattaaa ggttggtatg attttttttt 5640
aatgtatcag tttgaaccta gaattattgaa ttaaaatgct gtctcagtat tttaaaagca 5700
aaaaaggaat ggaggaaaat tgcattctag accattttta tatgcagtgt acaatttgct 5760
gggctagaaa tgagataaag attatttatt tttgttcata tcttgactt ttctattaaa 5820
atcattttat gaaatccaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaa 5855

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 40

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 380

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: wingless-type MMTV integration site family,  
member 5A (WNT5A)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 40

```

Met Lys Lys Ser Ile Gly Ile Leu Ser Pro Gly Val Ala Leu Gly Met
1           5           10          15
Ala Gly Ser Ala Met Ser Ser Lys Phe Phe Leu Val Ala Leu Ala Ile
20          25          30
Phe Phe Ser Phe Ala Gln Val Val Ile Glu Ala Asn Ser Trp Trp Ser
35          40          45
Leu Gly Met Asn Asn Pro Val Gln Met Ser Glu Val Tyr Ile Ile Gly
50          55          60
Ala Gln Pro Leu Cys Ser Gln Leu Ala Gly Leu Ser Gln Gly Gln Lys
65          70          75          80
Lys Leu Cys His Leu Tyr Gln Asp His Met Gln Tyr Ile Gly Glu Gly
85          90          95
Ala Lys Thr Gly Ile Lys Glu Cys Gln Tyr Gln Phe Arg His Arg Arg

```

-continued

100					105					110					
Trp	Asn	Cys	Ser	Thr	Val	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Arg	Val	Met
	115						120					125			
Gln	Ile	Gly	Ser	Arg	Glu	Thr	Ala	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala
	130					135					140				
Gly	Val	Val	Asn	Ala	Met	Ser	Arg	Ala	Cys	Arg	Glu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser
145					150					155					160
Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ala	Arg	Pro	Lys	Asp	Leu	Pro	Arg	Asp
				165					170					175	
Trp	Leu	Trp	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Asp	Asn	Ile	Asp	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Arg	Phe
			180					185						190	
Ala	Lys	Glu	Phe	Val	Asp	Ala	Arg	Glu	Arg	Glu	Arg	Ile	His	Ala	Lys
		195					200					205			
Gly	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Ala	Arg	Ile	Leu	Met	Asn	Leu	His	Asn	Asn	Glu
	210					215					220				
Ala	Gly	Arg	Arg	Thr	Val	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Asp	Val	Ala	Cys	Lys	Cys
225					230					235					240
His	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Ser	Leu	Lys	Thr	Cys	Trp	Leu	Gln	Leu
				245					250					255	
Ala	Asp	Phe	Arg	Lys	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Ser
			260					265						270	
Ala	Ala	Ala	Met	Arg	Leu	Asn	Ser	Arg	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val	Gln	Val	Asn
		275					280					285			
Ser	Arg	Phe	Asn	Ser	Pro	Thr	Thr	Gln	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Pro
	290					295					300				
Ser	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Cys	Val	Arg	Asn	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr
305				310						315				320	
Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Cys	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ser	Glu	Gly	Met	Asp	Gly	Cys	Glu
				325					330					335	
Leu	Met	Cys	Cys	Gly	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Gln	Phe	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln	Thr
		340						345					350		
Glu	Arg	Cys	His	Cys	Lys	Phe	His	Trp	Cys	Cys	Tyr	Val	Lys	Cys	Lys
		355					360					365			
Lys	Cys	Thr	Glu	Ile	Val	Asp	Gln	Phe	Val	Cys	Lys				
	370					375					380				

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 41

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 41

000

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 42

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 42

000

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 43

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 487

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: defensin, alpha 3, neutrophil-specific (DEFA3)  
cDNA

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

-continued

---

```

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (86)..(370)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: DEFA3

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

ccttgcata gaagacctgg gacagaggac tgctgtctgc cctctctggt caccctgcct    60
agctagagga tctgtgacct cagccatgag gaccctcgcc atccttgctg ccattctcct    120
ggtggccctg caggcccagg ctgagccact ccaggcaaga gotgatgagg ttgctgcagc    180
cccggagcag attgcagcgg acatcccaga agtggttgtt tcccttgcat gggacgaaag    240
cttggtccca aagcatccag gctcaaggaa aaacatggac tgctattgca gaataaccagc    300
gtgcattgca ggagaacgtc gctatggaac ctgcatctac caggaagac tctgggcatt    360
ctgctgctga gcttcagaaa aaagaaaaat gagctcaaaa tttgcttga gagctacagg    420
gaattgctat tactctgtga cctctctgct aatttccttt cctcatctca aataaatgcc    480
ttgttac                                           487

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 44
<211> LENGTH: 91
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: defensin, alpha 3, neutrophil-specific (DEFA3)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

Met Arg Thr Leu Ala Ile Leu Ala Ala Ile Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Gln
1           5           10          15

Ala Gln Ala Glu Pro Leu Gln Ala Arg Ala Asp Glu Val Ala Ala Ala
                20           25           30

Pro Glu Gln Ile Ala Ala Asp Ile Pro Glu Val Val Val Ser Leu Ala
                35           40           45

Trp Asp Glu Ser Leu Ala Pro Lys His Pro Gly Ser Arg Lys Asn Met
                50           55           60

Asp Cys Tyr Cys Arg Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Ala Gly Glu Arg Arg Tyr
                65           70           75           80

Gly Thr Cys Ile Tyr Gln Gly Arg Leu Trp Ala
                85           90

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 45
<211> LENGTH: 1262
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: POU domain, class 1, transcription factor 1
(POU1F1), growth hormone factor 1 (GHF-1),
pituitary-specific transcription factor 1 (Pit1)
cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (86)..(370)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: DEFA3

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

ctcagagcct tcttgatgta tatatgcagg tagtgagaat tgaatcgcc ctttgagaca    60
gtaataaat aaaactctga tttggggagc agcggttctc cttatttttc tactctcttg    120
tgggaatgag ttgccaagct tttactctgg ctgatacctt tatacctctg aattctgacg    180
cctctgcaac tctgctctg ataatgcata acagtgctgc cgagtgtcta ccagtctcca    240

```

-continued

```

accatgccac caatgtgatg tctacagcaa caggacttca ttattctgtt ccttctgtc 300
attatggaaa ccagccatca acctatggag tgatggcagg tagttaaacc ccttctctt 360
ataaatttcc tgaccacacc ttgagtcatg gatttctctc tatacaccag cctcttctgg 420
cagaggaccc cacagctgct gatttcaagc aggaactcag gcggaaaagt aaattggtgg 480
aagagccaat agacatggat tctccagaaa tcagagaact tgaagaagtt gccaatgaat 540
ttaaagtggag acgaattaa ttaggatata ccagacaaa tggtagggag gccttggcag 600
ctgtgcatgg ctctgaattc agtcaaacia caatctgccg atttgaatat ctgcagctca 660
gctttaaaaa tgcatgcaaa ctgaaagcaa tattatccaa atggctggag gaagctgagc 720
aagtaggagc tttgtacaat gaaaaagtgg gagcaaatga aaggaaaaga aaacgaagaa 780
caactataag cattgtctgt aaagatgctc tggagagaca ctttggagaa cagaataaac 840
cttcttctca agagatcatg aggatggctg aagaactgaa tctggagaaa gaagtagtaa 900
gagtttgggt ttgcaaccgg aggcagagag aaaaacgggt gaaaacaagt ctgaatcaga 960
gtttattttc tatttctaag gaacatcttg agtgcagata agatttttct attgtataat 1020
agcctttttc tcccgtttca ttcctttctc ttctcaaca aaaacagaaa ttacttgggt 1080
gacttaaaat cattttatat caatagcttt tacagaagct ttacttttcc actttttttt 1140
aaaaaaaaa aaccaacaat ttaaattata ttgatgttat ttacttaaaa taattattct 1200
cagaagccac attatctatt ttaagccaaa tatattaaca gtaataaaat gatctctctg 1260
tc 1262

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 46

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 291

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: POU domain, class 1, transcription factor 1  
(POU1F1), growth hormone factor 1 (GHF-1),  
pituitary-specific transcription factor 1 (Pit1)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 46

```

Met Ser Cys Gln Ala Phe Thr Ser Ala Asp Thr Phe Ile Pro Leu Asn
1           5           10           15
Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Thr Leu Pro Leu Ile Met His His Ser Ala Ala
20          25          30
Glu Cys Leu Pro Val Ser Asn His Ala Thr Asn Val Met Ser Thr Ala
35          40          45
Thr Gly Leu His Tyr Ser Val Pro Ser Cys His Tyr Gly Asn Gln Pro
50          55          60
Ser Thr Tyr Gly Val Met Ala Gly Ser Leu Thr Pro Cys Leu Tyr Lys
65          70          75          80
Phe Pro Asp His Thr Leu Ser His Gly Phe Pro Pro Ile His Gln Pro
85          90          95
Leu Leu Ala Glu Asp Pro Thr Ala Ala Asp Phe Lys Gln Glu Leu Arg
100         105         110
Arg Lys Ser Lys Leu Val Glu Glu Pro Ile Asp Met Asp Ser Pro Glu
115         120         125
Ile Arg Glu Leu Glu Lys Phe Ala Asn Glu Phe Lys Val Arg Arg Ile
130         135         140

```

-continued

---

Lys Leu Gly Tyr Thr Gln Thr Asn Val Gly Glu Ala Leu Ala Ala Val  
 145 150 155 160

His Gly Ser Glu Phe Ser Gln Thr Thr Ile Cys Arg Phe Glu Asn Leu  
 165 170 175

Gln Leu Ser Phe Lys Asn Ala Cys Lys Leu Lys Ala Ile Leu Ser Lys  
 180 185 190

Trp Leu Glu Glu Ala Glu Gln Val Gly Ala Leu Tyr Asn Glu Lys Val  
 195 200 205

Gly Ala Asn Glu Arg Lys Arg Lys Arg Arg Thr Thr Ile Ser Ile Ala  
 210 215 220

Ala Lys Asp Ala Leu Glu Arg His Phe Gly Glu Gln Asn Lys Pro Ser  
 225 230 235 240

Ser Gln Glu Ile Met Arg Met Ala Glu Glu Leu Asn Leu Glu Lys Glu  
 245 250 255

Val Val Arg Val Trp Phe Cys Asn Arg Arg Gln Arg Glu Lys Arg Val  
 260 265 270

Lys Thr Ser Leu Asn Gln Ser Leu Phe Ser Ile Ser Lys Glu His Leu  
 275 280 285

Glu Cys Arg  
 290

<210> SEQ ID NO 47  
 <211> LENGTH: 3842  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: cadherin 13, H-cadherin (heart) (CDH13) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (121)..(2262)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CDH13

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

gggaagtgg ctggctggcg aggcagagcc tctcctcaaa gcctggctcc cacggaaaat 60

atgctcagtg cagcccgctg catgaatgaa aacgccgccg ggcgcttcta gtcggacaaa 120

atgcagccga gaactccgtg cgttctgtgc gttctcctgt cccagggtgct gctgctaaca 180

tctgcagaag atttgactg cactcctgga tttcagcaga aagtgttcca tatcaatcag 240

ccagctgaat tcattgagga ccagtcaatt ctaaacttga ccttcagtga ctgtaaggga 300

aacgacaagc tacgctatga ggtctcgagc ccatacttca aggtgaacag cgatggcggc 360

ttagttgctc tgagaacat aactgcagtg ggcaaaactc tgttcgtcca tgcacggacc 420

ccccatgctg aagatatggc agaactcgtg attgtcgggg ggaaagacat ccagggctcc 480

ttgcaggata tatttaaat tgcaagaact tctcctgtcc caagacaaa gaggtccatt 540

gtggtatctc ccattttaat tccagagaat cagagacagc ctttccaag agatgttggc 600

aaggtagtgc atagtacag gccagaaagg tccaagtcc ggctcactgg aaagggagtg 660

gatcaagagc ctaaaggaat tttcagaatc aatgagaaca cagggagcgt ctccgtgaca 720

cggaccttgg acagagaagt aatcgctggt tatcaactat ttgtggagac cactgatgct 780

aatggcaaaa ctctcgaggg gccgggtgct ctggaagtca ttgtgattga tcagaatgac 840

aaccgaccga tctttcggga aggcccttac atcggccacg tcatggaagg gtcaccacaca 900

ggcaccacag tgatgctgat gacagccttt gatgcagatg acccagccac cgataatgcc 960

-continued

---

ctcctgcggt ataatatccg tcagcagacg cctgacaagc catctcccaa catggtctac	1020
atcgatcctg agaaaggaga cattgtcact gttgtgtcac ctgcgctgct ggaccgagag	1080
actctgaaa atcccaagta tgaactgac atcgaggctc aagatatggc tggactggat	1140
gttggattaa caggcacggc cacagccacg atcatgatcg atgacaaaa tgatcactca	1200
ccaaaattca ccaagaaaga gtttcaagcc acagtcgagg aaggagctgt gggagtatt	1260
gtcaatttga cagttgaaga taaggatgac cccaccacag gtgcattggag ggctgcctac	1320
accatcatca acggaacc ccggcagagc tttgaaatcc acaccaacc tcaaccaac	1380
gaagggatgc tttctgttg caaaccattg gactatgaaa tttctgcctt ccacacctg	1440
ctgatcaaag tggaaaatga agaccactc gtaccgacg tctctacgg cccagctcc	1500
acagccaccg tccacatcac tgcctggat gtcaacgagg gccagctctt ctaccagac	1560
cccattgatg tgaccaggca ggaggacctc tctgtggca cgtgctgct gacagtgaat	1620
gccacggacc ccgactccct gcagcatcaa accatcaggt attctgttca caaggacca	1680
gcaggttggc tgaatattaa ccccatcaat gggactgtg acaccacagc tgtgctggac	1740
cgtgagtccc catttctgca caacagcgtg tacactgctc tcttctggc aattgacagt	1800
ggcaaccctc ccgctacggg cactgggact ttgctgataa cctggagga cgtgaatgac	1860
aatgccccgt tcaattacc cacagtagct gaagtctgtg atgatgcaa aaacctcagt	1920
gtagtcattt tgggagcatc agataaggat cttcaccga atacagatcc tttcaattt	1980
gaaatccaca aacaagctgt tcttgataaa gtctggaaga tctccaagat caacaataca	2040
cacgccctgg taagccttct tcaaaatctg aacaagcaa actacaacct gccatcatg	2100
gtgacagatt cagggaaacc cccatgacg aatatacag atctcagggt acaagtgtgc	2160
tcctgcagga attccaagt ggactgcaac gcggcagggg cctgcgctt cagcctgcc	2220
tcagtctgc tctcagcct cttcagctta gcttctctgt gagaactcct gacgtctgaa	2280
gcttgactcc caagtttcca tagcaacagg aaaaaaaaa atctatcaa atctgaagat	2340
tgccgtttac agctatcgaa cttcacaact aggcctcaat tgttccggtt tttattttc	2400
tttacaattt cacttagctt gtacttcatc attttgacag catcttctc cctccttta	2460
ttaatggaat cttctgaatt tccctgaat gtttaagat catgacatat gacttgatct	2520
tctgggagca ggaacaatga ctacttttc tgggtgttga acatgtcgt agccagtgt	2580
ccaggcacc agctttgtct gtgggttagt attggtgtat gtatgagtat ctgtatgat	2640
atatacagc tatttataga gagagactat cctggagaag cctcgtttg atgccattct	2700
tccttgcaag gtaagcaag gtgggtggaa actaagacac ctgaaccctc cagggcctcc	2760
cgcatacagg tcagcatgag gacagaccac agagctgtca ctttctctc gaagctactt	2820
ctccactgtc ccgttcagtc tgaatgtgc cacaaccagc caggcaggtc cacagagagg	2880
gagagcagag aaagaagtcc tttctcttca ttgagttcga ggactacaac caatttacac	2940
tgccatctga tgccgtgatc ctgagccaag gaggtgagga gcagagcagg caatttcacc	3000
accaaattgc aagaaaagg ctgacatttt ctttcatggg caccaacctg catttggatg	3060
tgcccgaaat ccacagctgt actgattcta atggggacac agatcatggt agagaatctc	3120
tcctctctca gtaaatgtac aactgcacct gtcatcatgg aggtcataca tgcatacaaa	3180
gaggtgtaca ggtaccatct tgtatacaca tatataccca catgtacaga catacattt	3240

-continued

```

tgacattca cgctgtttgt ttcatatata caggcataaa atagagtaaa tacaggtagt 3300
tttaaaagta cccctttgtg tgaattgact accggtgttt gcaaaccgca aaataaaaga 3360
cgttcattat gtagaaaaag taactgattt gtattctgtg agcatgtaaa agcggaaggt 3420
tagtgcttgt tetaagatta ccttctgtt gataaacatc aaatgaatca tcaaagctca 3480
caccaaattt ttctatcaaa taaaactagt gacagcttgt ggctttttat tagagctcgc 3540
cacgaactag ggtaaggatg gtgtcttagc atattttaat gcagttgctt actaaaggtt 3600
ttaaccgcac atgcacacac acacgctttc ttatgcaatc tatgtttgca cttgtgcttt 3660
cagttagcct tctgtaggaa gtagaagtca tatgttctct ttgtttagt gaaattatac 3720
agatagagtt ccatatattg tattgtttc aatggtaaat ccttttgtaa catatagaat 3780
gcagagattt ttttttccat taaaataaat gggatttggg ggtaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 3840
aa 3842
    
```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 48
<211> LENGTH: 713
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: cadherin 13, H-cadherin (heart) (CDH13)

<400> SEQUENCE: 48
    
```

```

Met Gln Pro Arg Thr Pro Leu Val Leu Cys Val Leu Leu Ser Gln Val
1          5          10          15

Leu Leu Leu Thr Ser Ala Glu Asp Leu Asp Cys Thr Pro Gly Phe Gln
20          25          30

Gln Lys Val Phe His Ile Asn Gln Pro Ala Glu Phe Ile Glu Asp Gln
35          40          45

Ser Ile Leu Asn Leu Thr Phe Ser Asp Cys Lys Gly Asn Asp Lys Leu
50          55          60

Arg Tyr Glu Val Ser Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Val Asn Ser Asp Gly Gly
65          70          75          80

Leu Val Ala Leu Arg Asn Ile Thr Ala Val Gly Lys Thr Leu Phe Val
85          90          95

His Ala Arg Thr Pro His Ala Glu Asp Met Ala Glu Leu Val Ile Val
100         105         110

Gly Gly Lys Asp Ile Gln Gly Ser Leu Gln Asp Ile Phe Lys Phe Ala
115         120         125

Arg Thr Ser Pro Val Pro Arg Gln Lys Arg Ser Ile Val Val Ser Pro
130         135         140

Ile Leu Ile Pro Glu Asn Gln Arg Gln Pro Phe Pro Arg Asp Val Gly
145         150         155         160

Lys Val Val Asp Ser Asp Arg Pro Glu Arg Ser Lys Phe Arg Leu Thr
165         170         175

Gly Lys Gly Val Asp Gln Glu Pro Lys Gly Ile Phe Arg Ile Asn Glu
180         185         190

Asn Thr Gly Ser Val Ser Val Thr Arg Thr Leu Asp Arg Glu Val Ile
195         200         205

Ala Val Tyr Gln Leu Phe Val Glu Thr Thr Asp Val Asn Gly Lys Thr
210         215         220

Leu Glu Gly Pro Val Pro Leu Glu Val Ile Val Ile Asp Gln Asn Asp
225         230         235         240
    
```

-continued

---

Asn Arg Pro Ile Phe Arg Glu Gly Pro Tyr Ile Gly His Val Met Glu  
 245 250 255

Gly Ser Pro Thr Gly Thr Thr Val Met Arg Met Thr Ala Phe Asp Ala  
 260 265 270

Asp Asp Pro Ala Thr Asp Asn Ala Leu Leu Arg Tyr Asn Ile Arg Gln  
 275 280 285

Gln Thr Pro Asp Lys Pro Ser Pro Asn Met Phe Tyr Ile Asp Pro Glu  
 290 295 300

Lys Gly Asp Ile Val Thr Val Val Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Asp Arg Glu  
 305 310 315 320

Thr Leu Glu Asn Pro Lys Tyr Glu Leu Ile Ile Glu Ala Gln Asp Met  
 325 330 335

Ala Gly Leu Asp Val Gly Leu Thr Gly Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ile Met  
 340 345 350

Ile Asp Asp Lys Asn Asp His Ser Pro Lys Phe Thr Lys Lys Glu Phe  
 355 360 365

Gln Ala Thr Val Glu Glu Gly Ala Val Gly Val Ile Val Asn Leu Thr  
 370 375 380

Val Glu Asp Lys Asp Asp Pro Thr Thr Gly Ala Trp Arg Ala Ala Tyr  
 385 390 395 400

Thr Ile Ile Asn Gly Asn Pro Gly Gln Ser Phe Glu Ile His Thr Asn  
 405 410 415

Pro Gln Thr Asn Glu Gly Met Leu Ser Val Val Lys Pro Leu Asp Tyr  
 420 425 430

Glu Ile Ser Ala Phe His Thr Leu Leu Ile Lys Val Glu Asn Glu Asp  
 435 440 445

Pro Leu Val Pro Asp Val Ser Tyr Gly Pro Ser Ser Thr Ala Thr Val  
 450 455 460

His Ile Thr Val Leu Asp Val Asn Glu Gly Pro Val Phe Tyr Pro Asp  
 465 470 475 480

Pro Met Met Val Thr Arg Gln Glu Asp Leu Ser Val Gly Ser Val Leu  
 485 490 495

Leu Thr Val Asn Ala Thr Asp Pro Asp Ser Leu Gln His Gln Thr Ile  
 500 505 510

Arg Tyr Ser Val Tyr Lys Asp Pro Ala Gly Trp Leu Asn Ile Asn Pro  
 515 520 525

Ile Asn Gly Thr Val Asp Thr Thr Ala Val Leu Asp Arg Glu Ser Pro  
 530 535 540

Phe Val Asp Asn Ser Val Tyr Thr Ala Leu Phe Leu Ala Ile Asp Ser  
 545 550 555 560

Gly Asn Pro Pro Ala Thr Gly Thr Gly Thr Leu Leu Ile Thr Leu Glu  
 565 570 575

Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Ala Pro Phe Ile Tyr Pro Thr Val Ala Glu Val  
 580 585 590

Cys Asp Asp Ala Lys Asn Leu Ser Val Val Ile Leu Gly Ala Ser Asp  
 595 600 605

Lys Asp Leu His Pro Asn Thr Asp Pro Phe Lys Phe Glu Ile His Lys  
 610 615 620

Gln Ala Val Pro Asp Lys Val Trp Lys Ile Ser Lys Ile Asn Asn Thr  
 625 630 635 640

-continued

---

His Ala Leu Val Ser Leu Leu Gln Asn Leu Asn Lys Ala Asn Tyr Asn  
 645 650 655

Leu Pro Ile Met Val Thr Asp Ser Gly Lys Pro Pro Met Thr Asn Ile  
 660 665 670

Thr Asp Leu Arg Val Gln Val Cys Ser Cys Arg Asn Ser Lys Val Asp  
 675 680 685

Cys Asn Ala Ala Gly Ala Leu Arg Phe Ser Leu Pro Ser Val Leu Leu  
 690 695 700

Leu Ser Leu Phe Ser Leu Ala Cys Leu  
 705 710

<210> SEQ ID NO 49  
 <211> LENGTH: 5158  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: tripartite motif-containing 58 (TRIM58) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (49)..(1509)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: TRIM58

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

```

gggagacggt gcgggcgcc gggagcgcag ccctccggga ggcgggtcat ggctgggcg      60
ccgcccgggg agcggctgcg cgaggatgcg cggtgcccgg tgtgcctgga tttcctgcag      120
gagccggtca gcgtggactg eggccacagc ttctgctca ggtgcatctc cgagttctgc      180
gagaagtccg acggcgcgca gggcgcgctc tacgcctgtc cgcagtgccg gggccccttc      240
cggccctcgg gctttcgccc caaccggcag ctggcgggcc tggtagagag cgtgcggcgg      300
ctggggttgg gcgcggggcc cggggcgcg cgatgcgcgc ggcaaggcga ggacctgagc      360
cgcttctgcg aggaggacga ggcggcgctg tgctgggtgt gcgacgccgg ccccgagcac      420
aggacgcacc gcacggcgcc gctgcaggag gccgccggca gctaccaggt aaagctccag      480
atggctctgg aacttatgag gaaagagttg gaggaagcct tgactcagga ggccaactg      540
gggaaaaaga ctgtcatttg gaaggagaaa gtggaatgc agaggcagcg cttcagattg      600
gagtttgaga agcatcgtgg ctttctggcc caggaggagc aacggcagct gaggcggctg      660
gaggcggagg agcgagcgac gctgcagaga ctgcgggaga gcaagagccg gctggtccag      720
cagagcaagg cctgaagga gctggcggat gagctgcagg agaggtgcc a gcccgggcc      780
ctgggtctgc tggagggtgt gagaggatc ctgagcagaa gtaaggctgt cacaaggctg      840
gaagcagaga acatccccat ggaactgaag acagcatgct gcacccctgg gaggaggag      900
ctcttaagga agttccaagt ggatgtaaag ctggatcccg ccacggcgca cccgagtctg      960
ctcttgaccg ccgacctgcg cagtgtgcag gatggagaac catggaggga tgtccccaac     1020
aacctgagc gatttgacac atggccctgc atcctgggtt tgcagagctt ctcatcaggg     1080
aggcattact gggaggttct ggtgggagaa ggagcagagt ggggtttagg ggtctgtcaa     1140
gacacactgc caagaaaggg ggaaccacg ccatctcctg agaatggggt ctgggcccctg     1200
tggctgctga aagggaatga gtacatggtc cttgcctccc catcagtgcc tcttctccaa     1260
ctgaaagtc ctcgctgcat tgggattttc ttggactatg aagccggtga aatttcattc     1320
tacaatgtca cagatggatc ttatatctac acattcaacc aactcttctc tggctctctt     1380
cggccttact ttttcatctg tgatgcaact cctcttatct tgccaccac aacaatagca     1440
    
```

---

-continued

---

gggtcaggaa attgggcatc caggatcat ttagatcctg cttctgatgt aagagatgat 1500  
catctctaaa attctgttcc caagatgcag tcctagcgtg gcgaacgttc ctggagtggg 1560  
gtgaaggata tcaatatact aagttttaac agatacccca tttaggtcag cacttgatc 1620  
gttgttgctg tgaatatgt ccatgggaca aaagaggaa tatgaaatat ttgcatatgg 1680  
gaagattata gagcataata attttgtaaa tggagcaatc tcaacctcta tttctagatc 1740  
acattttctt gatgtcttcc ttcaaatata tgaccttga ttacataagg atttctatgc 1800  
attcattata atttgttatt cctttcaata tccttgtatt tcaaatcttc catataagaa 1860  
ttagacatgg caattcttaa attgattcag aatggtctga tactattcca gtatcacctc 1920  
cttaattctg tttctcctg ttttctctgat tttccttctc attctctctc tccccgctct 1980  
gtctctctct cctctgcaat ctctctctct tgttccttat tttttgttcc ttacctctta 2040  
ctgtttaacc tgttcttcc ttctggatta atacatttag agccattcct ttatatggtc 2100  
acatttctta tgactttact caattacttt taaaatcctt totattctga gactaatttt 2160  
taagaattac aaagctcatt cttctgaatc taatcact aactcctaga ctttttccgt 2220  
tttcttggg tacactttaa gtaggaatct atcagaatct tcaatcaact cgttctttaa 2280  
tgcagatatt tactagttat aagaccttaa ggctgggtgc agtggctcac gcctgtaatc 2340  
ccagcacttt gggaggctga ggccgggtga tcacaagctc aggagtcaa gaccagcctg 2400  
gccaacatgg tgaaccctg tctctactaa aaaaaaaaa aaaatagaaa aattagctgg 2460  
gcatgggtgc aggagcctgt aatcccagct attctggagg tggagacagg agaattgctt 2520  
gaaccctgga ggcggagggt ccagtgcagc aatatctcac cactgtactc cagcccagtg 2580  
cgagactcca tctcaaaaaa gaaaaaagac ctcaacaac acttctctct ctcttttagc 2640  
tgcttgttat ggttctcata catggaacaa ttatactggc ctactgtgt tatggtaaat 2700  
atttaaggtc atatttgata ttgctggttt gaattcagct tttccattta aatacattat 2760  
aatgatgatg atgaaatcat gataaatatt aacttatttt taaagtatat tctgtacctt 2820  
tccaacaaaa aggttaaaaag tcaatgaagg ctaaccttac tgcttcttt gtatcactgt 2880  
cttctaataa attattatgt ctgggtacag tggctcacgc ctgtaatccc agcactttgg 2940  
gaggccgagg tgggcagatc acgaggtcag gagattgaga ccatcctggc taacacagtg 3000  
aaaccctgct tctactaaaa atacaaaaag aaattagctg ggcgtgggtg tgggtgcctg 3060  
ttgtcccagc tacttgggag gctgaggcag gagaatggca tgaaccagg aggcagagct 3120  
tgtagtgagc cgagatcgcg ccaactgcact ccagccgggg caacagagca agactccatc 3180  
tcaaaaataa ataataaat aaataataa ataataaat aaataaatat tacacaaatg 3240  
ctaaaatggt taaatggtaa atgcttcaat gctaacaaaa tattaataa tggcaaatg 3300  
tttaacatta tctgataata atctgcagaa ggtttaattt tctctctcaa tttgaagtcc 3360  
aagatgtttt tctcttccag ggagattttt tgcactgaca tctttaactt acctccaat 3420  
catattacta acgtagcctt cttcctagat tttttaattg tttgatcatg agcgaacact 3480  
tctactctct gtgatagatt tgcaaacaga gaaataacg catcctcgtg tccctctct 3540  
tggtgttcca caggccatgt gtgccttagc cctcgttcat gcaaggtctg tgtagggaag 3600  
gtggacttca gctcagcaac agcatccctt cccacagggg tcagggtgggt ggcttgagat 3660  
acccttcca tggggcacca cccattcagt gagacgggga agccttgggt gggagggaga 3720

-continued

---

```

acacctccac atgtetteta ctctotccat aggatggaat gagtgtccca gtcccaggag 3780
tatccatttc ccactgtgta gcccagtaact ctggctctcac tgtctctgct gaatcctgtc 3840
tcaactgtgca tattattgtg gtttatatca gtcagtaaac caatgtgagt cttcatctct 3900
tgcattctta ggttcatagt tttgtgtgtc tctgtaatg actcttctct tccctttcc 3960
aactcctgaa agattgccac tatttcctct ggaactttgt ttcggtacca gcaaaatcct 4020
cgacatccat acccgtttcc tggttttccc tctcctttcc tctgaatggg agtcttttat 4080
attcagctgt ccacttgaca tcaaaataga cttttgaac tcaatttgcc taaaacttac 4140
ccacaaattt ctcccgaagt ctctccctaa ctgcaacaac aaaaaccaca ggcttctccc 4200
tgtcactgga tggcaactcc attcttttga ttgcttaagc caggcatccg attgagtact 4260
ttcttgattt ctccagccca catccagtcac atcggcaagc cctgttggtc ctaccttcag 4320
aatatgtccg ggggttcagtt gtcttgccca cctgctgct gtaacatgg tcagaactcc 4380
atcctgcccc tctggattat gaacttctgt tctcactagt ggtcctgctt gggctctagg 4440
cccttccact cccattctct ctacagcagc tgggctgatt ccttagcac ccaaggatat 4500
gttgcatca cagtgaacta gatacatca caaacctc ccattcaact tagagtgaaa 4560
gtcagaatcc tcacagtgaa tcccagggc ctagaggatg tgaacccca ggccttagag 4620
gatctgaacc cccatccctc ctctgattat ctctcccacc cccacttccc tttgacttct 4680
gctccagctg ccttgccctc atggctgggt ttcacccaaa gcaggcaact cccatcacag 4740
ggccatttcc ccgctgtgg cttctgcttg acattccctt ttcctgata tccccttgac 4800
tcattattcc ctttcttct taactctctt gagatccagc ttctcagtga taccacacag 4860
ccctactccc ccagagccc atctagagct cacctttcca gtcgcccttg ccaggctcag 4920
tggaggctct ttgttcccca tacagtaact gtcgtcgtac tatattgtta ggcttattta 4980
atztatgtat gttttgcctt tttgtgctaa atgtaaacac cacaagggga ggtatctttg 5040
tctgttgaca atgatacatt caatgtttct caagcaccoc caatgtggtt ttgtatgtgg 5100
ttatcattca atctgtattt gttgaatgaa taaatgattg actatgtgga gagcaaaa 5158

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 50
<211> LENGTH: 486
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: tripartite motif-containing 58 (TRIM58)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 50

```

```

Met Ala Trp Ala Pro Pro Gly Glu Arg Leu Arg Glu Asp Ala Arg Cys
1           5           10           15
Pro Val Cys Leu Asp Phe Leu Gln Glu Pro Val Ser Val Asp Cys Gly
20           25           30
His Ser Phe Cys Leu Arg Cys Ile Ser Glu Phe Cys Glu Lys Ser Asp
35           40           45
Gly Ala Gln Gly Gly Val Tyr Ala Cys Pro Gln Cys Arg Gly Pro Phe
50           55           60
Arg Pro Ser Gly Phe Arg Pro Asn Arg Gln Leu Ala Gly Leu Val Glu
65           70           75           80
Ser Val Arg Arg Leu Gly Leu Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Ala Arg Arg Cys
85           90           95

```

-continued

---

Ala Arg His Gly Glu Asp Leu Ser Arg Phe Cys Glu Glu Asp Glu Ala  
100 105 110

Ala Leu Cys Trp Val Cys Asp Ala Gly Pro Glu His Arg Thr His Arg  
115 120 125

Thr Ala Pro Leu Gln Glu Ala Ala Gly Ser Tyr Gln Val Lys Leu Gln  
130 135 140

Met Ala Leu Glu Leu Met Arg Lys Glu Leu Glu Asp Ala Leu Thr Gln  
145 150 155 160

Glu Ala Asn Val Gly Lys Lys Thr Val Ile Trp Lys Glu Lys Val Glu  
165 170 175

Met Gln Arg Gln Arg Phe Arg Leu Glu Phe Glu Lys His Arg Gly Phe  
180 185 190

Leu Ala Gln Glu Glu Gln Arg Gln Leu Arg Arg Leu Glu Ala Glu Glu  
195 200 205

Arg Ala Thr Leu Gln Arg Leu Arg Glu Ser Lys Ser Arg Leu Val Gln  
210 215 220

Gln Ser Lys Ala Leu Lys Glu Leu Ala Asp Glu Leu Gln Glu Arg Cys  
225 230 235 240

Gln Arg Pro Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu Glu Gly Val Arg Gly Val Leu Ser  
245 250 255

Arg Ser Lys Ala Val Thr Arg Leu Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Pro Met Glu  
260 265 270

Leu Lys Thr Ala Cys Cys Ile Pro Gly Arg Arg Glu Leu Leu Arg Lys  
275 280 285

Phe Gln Val Asp Val Lys Leu Asp Pro Ala Thr Ala His Pro Ser Leu  
290 295 300

Leu Leu Thr Ala Asp Leu Arg Ser Val Gln Asp Gly Glu Pro Trp Arg  
305 310 315 320

Asp Val Pro Asn Asn Pro Glu Arg Phe Asp Thr Trp Pro Cys Ile Leu  
325 330 335

Gly Leu Gln Ser Phe Ser Ser Gly Arg His Tyr Trp Glu Val Leu Val  
340 345 350

Gly Glu Gly Ala Glu Trp Gly Leu Gly Val Cys Gln Asp Thr Leu Pro  
355 360 365

Arg Lys Gly Glu Thr Thr Pro Ser Pro Glu Asn Gly Val Trp Ala Leu  
370 375 380

Trp Leu Leu Lys Gly Asn Glu Tyr Met Val Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Val  
385 390 395 400

Pro Leu Leu Gln Leu Glu Ser Pro Arg Cys Ile Gly Ile Phe Leu Asp  
405 410 415

Tyr Glu Ala Gly Glu Ile Ser Phe Tyr Asn Val Thr Asp Gly Ser Tyr  
420 425 430

Ile Tyr Thr Phe Asn Gln Leu Phe Ser Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Tyr Phe  
435 440 445

Phe Ile Cys Asp Ala Thr Pro Leu Ile Leu Pro Pro Thr Thr Ile Ala  
450 455 460

Gly Ser Gly Asn Trp Ala Ser Arg Asp His Leu Asp Pro Ala Ser Asp  
465 470 475 480

Val Arg Asp Asp His Leu  
485

---

-continued

---

<210> SEQ ID NO 51  
<211> LENGTH: 3194  
<212> TYPE: DNA  
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
<220> FEATURE:  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zwilch, kinetochore associated, homolog  
(Drosophila) (ZWILCH, FLJ10036) cDNA  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
<222> LOCATION: (247)..(1509)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZWILCH

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

agtcgaggta tcttctcccc aaccactgct cttattttaa ttattgcaga cggaagttga 60  
agactattga catagtaaat agctctgggt ggcttgaaac gaaagttaa ctttgccggac 120  
aacacaggact tattgtaggg ggtggtcaaa atagtcccgg cggggcgggg ccatgacccc 180  
tgacgtgcc ggtccggcgc gcagttcagt ttggcgggtc cgggtaccgct ctcacattgg 240  
ggcgggatgt gggagcggct gaactgcgca gcagaggact tttattctcg tctccttcag 300  
aaatttaatg aagaaaagaa aggaatccgt aaagacccat ttctctatga ggctgatgtc 360  
caagtgcagt tgatcagcaa aggccaaacca aaccctttga aaaatattct aatgaaaat 420  
gacatagtat tcatagtgga aaaagtgcct ttagaaaagg aagaacaag tcatattgaa 480  
gaacttcaat ctgaagaaac tgccatatct gatttctcta ctggcgaaaa tgttgaccaa 540  
cttgctttac cagttgggaa ggcaaggcag ttaattggac tttacacat ggctcacaat 600  
cctaatatga cccatttgaa gattaatctg ccagttactg cccttctcc cctttgggta 660  
agatgtgaca gttcagatcc tgaaggctact tgttgctag gagctgagct taccacaaca 720  
aacaacagca ttacaggaat tgtcttatat gtggtcagtt gtaaagctga taaaaattat 780  
tctgtaaatc ttgaaaacct aaaaaattta cacaagaaaa gacatcactt gtctactgta 840  
acatccaaag gctttgccca gtatgagctc ttttaagtct ctgcccttga tgatacaatc 900  
acagcatcac aaactgcgat cgctttggat atttctctga gtctgtgga tgagattctt 960  
caaatccctc cactctcttc aactgcaact ctgaatatta aagtggaatc aggagagccc 1020  
agaggtcctt tgaatcatct ctacagagaa ctgaaatttc ttcttgttt ggctgatggt 1080  
ttgaggactg gtgtcactga atggctcgag cccttgggag caaaatctgc tgttgaactt 1140  
gttcaggaat ttctgaatga cttaataaag ctggatggat ttggtgattc tacaaaaaaa 1200  
gacactgagg ttgagacett gaagcatgac actgctgcag tcgatcgttc cgtcaagcgt 1260  
cttttcaaag ttcggagtga tcttgatttt gctgagcaac tgtggtgcaa aatgagcagt 1320  
agtgatgatt cataccaaga cttggtgaag tgtttcacat tgatcatcca gactctacaa 1380  
cgtggtgata tacagccatg gctccatagt ggaagtaaca gtttactaag taagctcatt 1440  
catcagctct atcatggaac catggacaca gtttctctca gtgggactat tccagttcaa 1500  
atgcttttgg aaattggttt ggacaaacta aagaaagatt atatcagttt tttcataggt 1560  
caggaacttg catctttgaa tcatttggaa tacttcattg ctccatcagt agatatacaa 1620  
gaacaggttt atcgtgtcca aaaactccac catattctag aaatattagt cagttgcatg 1680  
cctttcatta aatctcaaca tgaactcctc ttttctttaa cacagatctg cataaagtat 1740  
tacaacaaa atcctcttga tgagcaacac attttctcag tgccagtcag accaactgct 1800  
gtaaagaact tatatcaaag tgagaagcca cagaaatgga gagtggaat atatagtggt 1860

-continued

---

```

caaaagaaga ttaagacagt ttggcaactg agtgacagct cacccataga ccatctgaat 1920
tttcacaaac ctgatttttc ggaattaaca ctaaaccgta gcctggaaga aaggatattc 1980
tttactaaca tggttacctg cagccaggtg catttcaagt gaagtgtgct gatgaagtcc 2040
tctataagca caagccaaaa agagaaagag aaaaaaggt aattattgta gaacctgaaa 2100
acagcaatgt atggaaacct tcaaagcaga aaaggaggga agatcctgaa gattctctta 2160
tgaagctcca aaattgataa tcctgtctca gctctgcctc ctcaggagga gcattagtag 2220
aacagcagtg atgaggacac agagggagca gacagtgggt accacgatct ccgtaacct 2280
ttgcatgtga cttagcaagg gctctgaaat gacaaagaga acgagcacca caaatgagaa 2340
caggatcatt ttagtaataa cagctttatc ccaaagctt taactgtatt gggaaaactt 2400
aaaaaatagc atcctcaaat tttctgattc ttatttgcca tgaatagaa cttagtaaat 2460
taaatgttat ttgaaatgt tataagagct ttgtaaatat ttcagaaat atgggataaa 2520
tgctgaatt tggttcttct acaggtgcta taataaagtc catctctcaa tacttatact 2580
ttctaaattc atctcagaat attagcagcc atattccaca gttcctataa tttttactgg 2640
gggggatttg tgataggaaa gtccttggga aacatttcca atctttcaaa atattattgt 2700
gtatcttaag aagtatagga acttgatgtg tgaatgttg tatggtagtt cttgtatagt 2760
taaataataa tctttttaag agttaatgat aagcatatgt tatgtgcatt attaataaaa 2820
tagtggccac ttaggtaata cccacttta tcttgtgtgc tgggtactct ggttactgag 2880
ataaataagg cactggacat cctcacgtgg agttcacagg ctcacagtg aattctgtac 2940
cacatttcaa cctgtttat ttagttaa tggaataac attcttagta ttgctgatt 3000
atntaaattt gttgaggggg attgcatggt gctttattgg cctgtaaaaa tagctagttt 3060
ggtaagattt ggtctgcac cttccatctt tgctaccaca ttaaatga gcttgtaaaa 3120
aaggaaagca tatttctctg attgccctta tggagaaata aagataaaat tcaagaaac 3180
aaaaaaaaaaaa aaaa 3194

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 52

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 591

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zwilch, kinetochore associated, homolog  
(Drosophila) (ZWILCH, FLJ10036)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 52

```

Met Trp Glu Arg Leu Asn Cys Ala Ala Glu Asp Phe Tyr Ser Arg Leu
1           5           10           15
Leu Gln Lys Phe Asn Glu Glu Lys Lys Gly Ile Arg Lys Asp Pro Phe
                20           25           30
Leu Tyr Glu Ala Asp Val Gln Val Gln Leu Ile Ser Lys Gly Gln Pro
                35           40           45
Asn Pro Leu Lys Asn Ile Leu Asn Glu Asn Asp Ile Val Phe Ile Val
                50           55           60
Glu Lys Val Pro Leu Glu Lys Glu Glu Thr Ser His Ile Glu Glu Leu
65           70           75           80
Gln Ser Glu Glu Thr Ala Ile Ser Asp Phe Ser Thr Gly Glu Asn Val
                85           90           95

```

-continued

---

Gly Pro Leu Ala Leu Pro Val Gly Lys Ala Arg Gln Leu Ile Gly Leu  
                   100                  105                  110  
 Tyr Thr Met Ala His Asn Pro Asn Met Thr His Leu Lys Ile Asn Leu  
                   115                  120                  125  
 Pro Val Thr Ala Leu Pro Pro Leu Trp Val Arg Cys Asp Ser Ser Asp  
                   130                  135                  140  
 Pro Glu Gly Thr Cys Trp Leu Gly Ala Glu Leu Ile Thr Thr Asn Asn  
                   145                  150                  155                  160  
 Ser Ile Thr Gly Ile Val Leu Tyr Val Val Ser Cys Lys Ala Asp Lys  
                   165                  170                  175  
 Asn Tyr Ser Val Asn Leu Glu Asn Leu Lys Asn Leu His Lys Lys Arg  
                   180                  185                  190  
 His His Leu Ser Thr Val Thr Ser Lys Gly Phe Ala Gln Tyr Glu Leu  
                   195                  200                  205  
 Phe Lys Ser Ser Ala Leu Asp Asp Thr Ile Thr Ala Ser Gln Thr Ala  
                   210                  215                  220  
 Ile Ala Leu Asp Ile Ser Trp Ser Pro Val Asp Glu Ile Leu Gln Ile  
                   225                  230                  235                  240  
 Pro Pro Leu Ser Ser Thr Ala Thr Leu Asn Ile Lys Val Glu Ser Gly  
                   245                  250                  255  
 Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Leu Asn His Leu Tyr Arg Glu Leu Lys Phe Leu  
                   260                  265                  270  
 Leu Val Leu Ala Asp Gly Leu Arg Thr Gly Val Thr Glu Trp Leu Glu  
                   275                  280                  285  
 Pro Leu Glu Ala Lys Ser Ala Val Glu Leu Val Gln Glu Phe Leu Asn  
                   290                  295                  300  
 Asp Leu Asn Lys Leu Asp Gly Phe Gly Asp Ser Thr Lys Lys Asp Thr  
                   305                  310                  315                  320  
 Glu Val Glu Thr Leu Lys His Asp Thr Ala Ala Val Asp Arg Ser Val  
                   325                  330                  335  
 Lys Arg Leu Phe Lys Val Arg Ser Asp Leu Asp Phe Ala Glu Gln Leu  
                   340                  345                  350  
 Trp Cys Lys Met Ser Ser Ser Val Ile Ser Tyr Gln Asp Leu Val Lys  
                   355                  360                  365  
 Cys Phe Thr Leu Ile Ile Gln Ser Leu Gln Arg Gly Asp Ile Gln Pro  
                   370                  375                  380  
 Trp Leu His Ser Gly Ser Asn Ser Leu Leu Ser Lys Leu Ile His Gln  
                   385                  390                  395                  400  
 Ser Tyr His Gly Thr Met Asp Thr Val Ser Leu Ser Gly Thr Ile Pro  
                   405                  410                  415  
 Val Gln Met Leu Leu Glu Ile Gly Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Lys Asp Tyr  
                   420                  425                  430  
 Ile Ser Phe Phe Ile Gly Gln Glu Leu Ala Ser Leu Asn His Leu Glu  
                   435                  440                  445  
 Tyr Phe Ile Ala Pro Ser Val Asp Ile Gln Glu Gln Val Tyr Arg Val  
                   450                  455                  460  
 Gln Lys Leu His His Ile Leu Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Cys Met Pro Phe  
                   465                  470                  475                  480  
 Ile Lys Ser Gln His Glu Leu Leu Phe Ser Leu Thr Gln Ile Cys Ile  
                   485                  490                  495  
 Lys Tyr Tyr Lys Gln Asn Pro Leu Asp Glu Gln His Ile Phe Gln Leu



-continued

```

ctggagegct gatgtggcgg ctgtggtcac gcaggaaggc ctcgcccata tetgcttagt 1440
cactcccagc atgaccctca ctcggggccaa ggtggagggtg aacatcccta ggaaaaggaa 1500
aggcaattgc tctcagcatg accgggcctt ggagcggttc tatgaacagg tggccaggc 1560
tatccagcgc cacatacact ttgatgtgt aaagtgcac ctcggtggcca gccaggatt 1620
tgtgaggagg cagttctcgc actacctgtt tcaacaagca gtgaagaccg acaacaaact 1680
gctcctggaa aaccggtcca aatttcttca ggtacatgcc tctccggac acaagtactc 1740
cctgaaagag gccctttgtg acctactgt ggctagccgc ctttcagaca ctaaagctgc 1800
tggggaagtc aaagccttgg atgacttcta taaaatgta cagcatgaac cggatcgagc 1860
tttctatgga ctcaagcagg tggagaagcc caatgaagcc atggcaattg acacattgct 1920
catcagcgat gagctcttca ggcacagga ttagccaca cggagccggt atgtgaggct 1980
ggtggacagt gtgaaagaga atgcaggcac cgttaggata ttctctagtc ttcacgtttc 2040
tggggaacag ctcagccagt tgactggggt agctgccatt ctcgcttcc ctgttcccga 2100
actttctgac caagagggtg attccagttc tgaagaggat taatgattga aacttaaaat 2160
tgagacaatc ttgtgttcc taaactgtta cagtacatt ctcagcatcc ttgtgacaga 2220
aagctgcaag aatggcactt tttgattcat acagggattt cttatgtctt tggctacact 2280
agatattttg tgattggcaa gacatgtatt taaacaataa actaaaagga aataatctcc 2340
acgtactacc atcttgatta aattgtgtaa tttttatag gaattatgag ttatctgtag 2400
tacttgaaa cagaaaatgt gtgtatttaa agacgatgcc tatgcagtat attgttggg 2460
atagattgca aaatttcaca ctgcatgctt tgaacagtt ttccttagaa aaagctttg 2520
ctatcttacc ctgtttacat tatttcttca ttttaattct gcttgggtgt cttgcattgc 2580
atthaatgat cctttttctc cccacctcca cacactacat ttttttaga tttaaatagt 2640
tttactattt taaatgattg ccgtacaatt agtagacttg aagacaagtt ttaaatattt 2700
ttcttcaaag gcttgtaaa ccaatcatgt taaaaggaaa ttcttggttt tggtttgtg 2760
ttgttagcat tagtcatatt tgatttagag ggtaacttaa atcagttatt ttagctttt 2820
tagaactttg atctgctagg gattgtcaaa ataatctcct tgaggcatct ttatttttaa 2880
aatgagatta aagtatgtga tttgcttgtt atgtggctaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2940
a 2941

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 385
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pelota homolog (Drosophila) (PELO)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

```

```

Met Lys Leu Val Arg Lys Asn Ile Glu Lys Asp Asn Ala Gly Gln Val
1           5           10           15
Thr Leu Val Pro Glu Glu Pro Glu Asp Met Trp His Thr Tyr Asn Leu
           20           25           30
Val Gln Val Gly Asp Ser Leu Arg Ala Ser Thr Ile Arg Lys Val Gln
           35           40           45
Thr Glu Ser Ser Thr Gly Ser Val Gly Ser Asn Arg Val Arg Thr Thr
           50           55           60

```

-continued

---

```

Leu Thr Leu Cys Val Glu Ala Ile Asp Phe Asp Ser Gln Ala Cys Gln
65                               70                               75                               80

Leu Arg Val Lys Gly Thr Asn Ile Gln Glu Asn Glu Tyr Val Lys Met
85                               90                               95

Gly Ala Tyr His Thr Ile Glu Leu Glu Pro Asn Arg Gln Phe Thr Leu
100                              105                              110

Ala Lys Lys Gln Trp Asp Ser Val Val Leu Glu Arg Ile Glu Gln Ala
115                              120                              125

Cys Asp Pro Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp Val Ala Ala Val Val Met Gln Glu
130                              135                              140

Gly Leu Ala His Ile Cys Leu Val Thr Pro Ser Met Thr Leu Thr Arg
145                              150                              155                              160

Ala Lys Val Glu Val Asn Ile Pro Arg Lys Arg Lys Gly Asn Cys Ser
165                              170                              175

Gln His Asp Arg Ala Leu Glu Arg Phe Tyr Glu Gln Val Val Gln Ala
180                              185                              190

Ile Gln Arg His Ile His Phe Asp Val Val Lys Cys Ile Leu Val Ala
195                              200                              205

Ser Pro Gly Phe Val Arg Glu Gln Phe Cys Asp Tyr Leu Phe Gln Gln
210                              215                              220

Ala Val Lys Thr Asp Asn Lys Leu Leu Leu Glu Asn Arg Ser Lys Phe
225                              230                              235                              240

Leu Gln Val His Ala Ser Ser Gly His Lys Tyr Ser Leu Lys Glu Ala
245                              250                              255

Leu Cys Asp Pro Thr Val Ala Ser Arg Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ala Ala
260                              265                              270

Gly Glu Val Lys Ala Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Lys Met Leu Gln His Glu
275                              280                              285

Pro Asp Arg Ala Phe Tyr Gly Leu Lys Gln Val Glu Lys Ala Asn Glu
290                              295                              300

Ala Met Ala Ile Asp Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Asp Glu Leu Phe Arg His
305                              310                              315                              320

Gln Asp Val Ala Thr Arg Ser Arg Tyr Val Arg Leu Val Asp Ser Val
325                              330                              335

Lys Glu Asn Ala Gly Thr Val Arg Ile Phe Ser Ser Leu His Val Ser
340                              345                              350

Gly Glu Gln Leu Ser Gln Leu Thr Gly Val Ala Ala Ile Leu Arg Phe
355                              360                              365

Pro Val Pro Glu Leu Ser Asp Gln Glu Gly Asp Ser Ser Ser Glu Glu
370                              375                              380

```

Asp  
385

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 4182
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 711 (ZNF711), zinc finger
protein 6 (ZNF6, CMPX1) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (348)..(2633)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZNF711

```

---

-continued

---

<400> SEQUENCE: 55

agacgcagag tagattgtga ttggctcggg ctgcggaacc tcggaaaccc gaatgtgagg 60  
accttaaggg atccacagct gccgcccc gcagccatcc agagcgcggt cacagtccga 120  
ctggcggcac ggaggcggcg cgcgcgccgg cggcggcagc ggcggcggca gcggcggcgg 180  
cagctgtagc tgcagcagca ggtaaagaga gcgttttccc aaagaaaata acatagcaca 240  
gaaggaaaaa taaaaagaaa ttgctgcaga ttttacttta tgtgagaaaa tctacaattt 300  
cttcgagaca ctcatataaa gatattgggtg aatgaacttt gctaagtatg gattcaggcg 360  
gtggaagtct tggattgcac acgccagact ctagaatgac ccataccatg attatgcaag 420  
atthttgtggc tggaaatggc ggtactgcac atatcgatgg agaccatatt gttgthtcag 480  
ttcctgaagc tgtthtagtt tctgatgttg tcacagatga tgggataact cttgatcatg 540  
gccttgacgc tgaagtgttc catggacctg atatcatcac agagactgat gtagtaacag 600  
aaggtgtgat tgttctgaa cgggtacttg aagctgatgt tgcattgaa gaggatttag 660  
aggaagatga tggatgacac atcttgactt ctgaactaat tacagaaacc gttagggtac 720  
cagagcaggt tttcgtggc gacctgttta ctggtcctaa tggacactta gaacatgtgg 780  
tccaagattg tgttccagga gtcgactctc ccacaatggt atcagaggag gttctgttaa 840  
ctaattcaga tacagaaact gtgattcaag cagctggagg tgttctggt tctacagtha 900  
ctataaaaac cgaagatgat gatgatgatg atgtcaagag cacttctgaa gactacttaa 960  
tgatatcttt ggatgatgth ggagaaaaat tagagcatat ggggaataca ccattaaaaa 1020  
ttggcagtha tggthcacia gaagatgcta aagaagatgg gthtggthct gaagthataa 1080  
aagthtatat thtaaaagc gagctgaag atgatththa aataggthga acagaaattg 1140  
tcacagagag thagthacac agthggacatt cagthagctgg agthgctthac cagagccgaa 1200  
thcagcggga gaagatgtht tacatggcag thaaagatthc thtcaagaa gaagatgata 1260  
tcagagatga aagaagatth tcccgaaggt atgaagatth tcaagcatca ggaataactt 1320  
thgactcagc attagaaaagc agaagththa cagcagcaca thacctthcaa thththgacg 1380  
gcattaatac aaataaagtha thtaaacaaa aagccaaaa gaggagaagg ggagaaacca 1440  
ggcagthgga aacagctgtht ataathagthc ctgatggaca gccctcaca thththacctt 1500  
gccataththt cacaaaaaag thtaaatcca ggggathctt aaaaagacac atgaagaatc 1560  
atctgatca thtaathgaga aaaaaatathc agththacaga thththgacttht acaactaaca 1620  
agaaagthgag thtccataac cactthgaaa gccataagct cataaacaaa thcagacaaa 1680  
cccatgaatt tacagaatac acacgaagat acagagaggc thagthcactg agthtcaata 1740  
aactthththt aagagacaag gagccgaaga thcacaagthg caaathactthg gactthgaaa 1800  
ctgcagaaca aggactththa aacagthcatt thththgcccgt thcagcaag aaththctctc 1860  
atgthththgth thagththggg aaggthththc gacathctthc thgaactcaag aaacaththga 1920  
gaaccatac thgthgagaag ccathatcagth thcagthattg ththththcagth ththgagatc 1980  
aatcaaatct gaaaactcac athaagththa aacathgthaa caaththgcca thataaththg 2040  
agcathththc ccaagcaththt gthgathgaga gggagctthca acgcatctg gaththththc 2100  
aaggacataa gacacaccag thgthctcatt thgacataa gagcacaath thcaagthgacc 2160  
thaaagcggca catcatatct thccatactha aggathththc thcaaaathg gaggthctgthg 2220

-continued

---

```
ataaaggttt tcctcgtcct tctgagctca aaaagcatag tgatatccat aagggtagga 2280
agattcatca gtgcaggcac tgtgacttta aaacatccga tccatttatt cttagtggcc 2340
atccttttc agttcatact aaagatcagc cattgaaatg taaaagggtgc aagagaggat 2400
tcagacaaca aaatgagcta aaaaaacata tgaagacca tactggaagg aagatttacc 2460
aatgtgagta ttgtgaatac agcactacag atgcatctgg ctttaaacga catgtgatat 2520
caatacatac aaaagactat ccacacaggt gtgaattctg caagaaggga ttccgaagac 2580
catcagaaaa aaatcagcat attatgaggc accacaaaga ggctcttatg taataagatc 2640
aatataaaga aagaagctat ttaggagata tgatatgcta cttgggagaa aactctcact 2700
aactgtctca cegggtttca aagcttgata ctaaaccatg actttacatt ctttgattta 2760
aagatcttaa aatatttgaa ttcacagggg atcccatagc cctttgaaaa ttacttaaag 2820
aatttaagaa gcatataga atggttacag aaaaacttct taagtatctg tgtaatagta 2880
ttatatgcat acttaacta cagaggggaa aagcaaagac aaatacttta tttggctgat 2940
tatgttagat acaaatgttt ctgagaagag aatacataat tgagtttagt gatgctttgc 3000
tatagcaagc aaaccactt ttatgcaatt ttagaaatgg ggcagggaaa caaatgtgg 3060
tcattcatca gtcacttagt cattgagcct tttatattgt acctggaat taaattccag 3120
caatgacaaa agttttgtgt attcattaaa agaaaactaa ctggaaaaa ggttagatta 3180
attcagtact attaaaaaag aattcagagc tgtaatatt ttatcacagg ataggatact 3240
taaaatatag cattctgtgc tgagatctaa ggtgaagtct ataaagatta aagttccctt 3300
ttttctgatg ttcaagttga ttgtgttca gtatggcata tatgacaaaa gtatatttga 3360
gtcaaatgtg gctttctaaa atggatgcaa cattagcgtt gcaacaaaa tcagcactat 3420
atctctaat gatctaaaga ttaatttgag agaacacagt tttcttaaat attataatgt 3480
ctagagtttt ttaggacag ccttagcaag tatgattggt ctagtcttac ttgctctaat 3540
gtttaaaggc gcaattttat gccattattg aaattgattt ttaaaatcta tataccatat 3600
gattaacatg cattttcaat atgaggcagt gtttatgcag tatttaacag agcaatctgc 3660
tgccaataga gtttgagggt ggatatttag tttacagtgt ataaactaa aatatgcac 3720
cctttaacaa cgctttgtgt tagcatgctg caaatcaaaa tggcactta tattaaagc 3780
tggtttaggg aaattttatg aaaatcctgt tcataaatgt aatgcatatg atatgtactt 3840
ttaagtttta gttgcttcat gtttacatc agctgttcaa cataattaa atgtaatttt 3900
acttcatgct atattgtggc tttgtgttcc aaataatgtt cacctttctg tttttgcacc 3960
agataagaat cagttccttg agaataaatt ttttctctt ctttaactca gaatattaa 4020
tttgaatat ctactaaaa tggtgtgtat gtggctgtaa atgatgtaca cgctgtaaaa 4080
taagatcgc actgttatgt gggattatta tttctaaatg ttactcattg aaatgagcat 4140
acaataaaaa gcattttatg cacttaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aa 4182
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 56

<211> LENGTH: 761

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 711 (ZNF711), zinc finger protein 6 (ZNF6, CMPX1)

-continued

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 56

---

```

Met Asp Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu His Thr Pro Asp Ser Arg
1      5      10      15
Met Ala His Thr Met Ile Met Gln Asp Phe Val Ala Gly Met Ala Gly
20      25      30
Thr Ala His Ile Asp Gly Asp His Ile Val Val Ser Val Pro Glu Ala
35      40      45
Val Leu Val Ser Asp Val Val Thr Asp Asp Gly Ile Thr Leu Asp His
50      55      60
Gly Leu Ala Ala Glu Val Val His Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Thr Glu Thr
65      70      75      80
Asp Val Val Thr Glu Gly Val Ile Val Pro Glu Ala Val Leu Glu Ala
85      90      95
Asp Val Ala Ile Glu Glu Asp Leu Glu Glu Asp Asp Gly Asp His Ile
100     105     110
Leu Thr Ser Glu Leu Ile Thr Glu Thr Val Arg Val Pro Glu Gln Val
115     120     125
Phe Val Ala Asp Leu Val Thr Gly Pro Asn Gly His Leu Glu His Val
130     135     140
Val Gln Asp Cys Val Ser Gly Val Asp Ser Pro Thr Met Val Ser Glu
145     150     155     160
Glu Val Leu Val Thr Asn Ser Asp Thr Glu Thr Val Ile Gln Ala Ala
165     170     175
Gly Gly Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Ile Lys Thr Glu Asp Asp Asp
180     185     190
Asp Asp Asp Val Lys Ser Thr Ser Glu Asp Tyr Leu Met Ile Ser Leu
195     200     205
Asp Asp Val Gly Glu Lys Leu Glu His Met Gly Asn Thr Pro Leu Lys
210     215     220
Ile Gly Ser Asp Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Ala Lys Glu Asp Gly Phe Gly
225     230     235     240
Ser Glu Val Ile Lys Val Tyr Ile Phe Lys Ala Glu Ala Glu Asp Asp
245     250     255
Val Glu Ile Gly Gly Thr Glu Ile Val Thr Glu Ser Glu Tyr Thr Ser
260     265     270
Gly His Ser Val Ala Gly Val Leu Asp Gln Ser Arg Met Gln Arg Glu
275     280     285
Lys Met Val Tyr Met Ala Val Lys Asp Ser Ser Gln Glu Glu Asp Asp
290     295     300
Ile Arg Asp Glu Arg Arg Val Ser Arg Arg Tyr Glu Asp Cys Gln Ala
305     310     315     320
Ser Gly Asn Thr Leu Asp Ser Ala Leu Glu Ser Arg Ser Ser Thr Ala
325     330     335
Ala Gln Tyr Leu Gln Ile Cys Asp Gly Ile Asn Thr Asn Lys Val Leu
340     345     350
Lys Gln Lys Ala Lys Lys Arg Arg Arg Gly Glu Thr Arg Gln Trp Gln
355     360     365
Thr Ala Val Ile Ile Gly Pro Asp Gly Gln Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Pro
370     375     380
Cys His Ile Cys Thr Lys Lys Phe Lys Ser Arg Gly Phe Leu Lys Arg
385     390     395     400

```

-continued

---

His Met Lys Asn His Pro Asp His Leu Met Arg Lys Lys Tyr Gln Cys  
 405 410 415  
 Thr Asp Cys Asp Phe Thr Thr Asn Lys Lys Val Ser Phe His Asn His  
 420 425 430  
 Leu Glu Ser His Lys Leu Ile Asn Lys Val Asp Lys Thr His Glu Phe  
 435 440 445  
 Thr Glu Tyr Thr Arg Arg Tyr Arg Glu Ala Ser Pro Leu Ser Ser Asn  
 450 455 460  
 Lys Leu Ile Leu Arg Asp Lys Glu Pro Lys Met His Lys Cys Lys Tyr  
 465 470 475 480  
 Cys Asp Tyr Glu Thr Ala Glu Gln Gly Leu Leu Asn Arg His Leu Leu  
 485 490 495  
 Ala Val His Ser Lys Asn Phe Pro His Val Cys Val Glu Cys Gly Lys  
 500 505 510  
 Gly Phe Arg His Pro Ser Glu Leu Lys Lys His Met Arg Thr His Thr  
 515 520 525  
 Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Gln Cys Gln Tyr Cys Ile Phe Arg Cys Ala Asp  
 530 535 540  
 Gln Ser Asn Leu Lys Thr His Ile Lys Ser Lys His Gly Asn Asn Leu  
 545 550 555  
 Pro Tyr Lys Cys Glu His Cys Pro Gln Ala Phe Gly Asp Glu Arg Glu  
 565 570 575  
 Leu Gln Arg His Leu Asp Leu Phe Gln Gly His Lys Thr His Gln Cys  
 580 585 590  
 Pro His Cys Asp His Lys Ser Thr Asn Ser Ser Asp Leu Lys Arg His  
 595 600 605  
 Ile Ile Ser Val His Thr Lys Asp Phe Pro His Lys Cys Glu Val Cys  
 610 615 620  
 Asp Lys Gly Phe His Arg Pro Ser Glu Leu Lys Lys His Ser Asp Ile  
 625 630 635 640  
 His Lys Gly Arg Lys Ile His Gln Cys Arg His Cys Asp Phe Lys Thr  
 645 650 655  
 Ser Asp Pro Phe Ile Leu Ser Gly His Ile Leu Ser Val His Thr Lys  
 660 665 670  
 Asp Gln Pro Leu Lys Cys Lys Arg Cys Lys Arg Gly Phe Arg Gln Gln  
 675 680 685  
 Asn Glu Leu Lys Lys His Met Lys Thr His Thr Gly Arg Lys Ile Tyr  
 690 695 700  
 Gln Cys Glu Tyr Cys Glu Tyr Ser Thr Thr Asp Ala Ser Gly Phe Lys  
 705 710 715 720  
 Arg His Val Ile Ser Ile His Thr Lys Asp Tyr Pro His Arg Cys Glu  
 725 730 735  
 Phe Cys Lys Lys Gly Phe Arg Arg Pro Ser Glu Lys Asn Gln His Ile  
 740 745 750  
 Met Arg His His Lys Glu Ala Leu Met  
 755 760

<210> SEQ ID NO 57  
 <211> LENGTH: 6439  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:

-continued

---

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: intersectin 1 (SH3 domain protein) (ITSN1) cDNA  
<220> FEATURE:  
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
<222> LOCATION: (269)..(5434)  
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ITSN1

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

gagcagggga gggagcgaag gaggtagaga agagtggagg cgccagggga gggagcgtag 60  
cttggttct ccgtagtacg gcggtcgcg aggaagaatc cagagcgggc tccgggacgg 120  
acagagaggc gggcgggat ggtgtcggg gctgcggctc ctgcgtccct cccagcggcg 180  
cgtgagcggc actgatttct ccctggggcg gcagcgcgga cccgcccga gatgaggcgt 240  
cgattagcaa ggtaaaagta acagaacctat ggctcagttt ccaacacctt ttggtggcag 300  
cctggatata tgggccataa ctgtagagga aagagcgaag catgatcagc agttccatag 360  
tttaaagcca atatctggat tcattactgg tgatcaagct agaaactttt tttttcaatc 420  
tgggttacct caacctgttt tagcacagat atgggcaacta gctgacatga ataagatgg 480  
aagaatggat caagtggagt tttccatagc tatgaaactt atcaaaactga agctacaagg 540  
atatcagcta cctctgcac ttccccctgt catgaaacag caaccagttg ctatttctag 600  
cgcaccagca ttggtatgg gaggtatgc cagcatgcca ccgcttacag ctggtgctcc 660  
agtgcgaatg ggatccatc cagttgttgg aatgtctcca accctagtat cttctgttcc 720  
cacagcagct gtgccccccc tggctaocgg ggctccccct gttatacaac ctctgcctgc 780  
atgtgctcat cctgcagcca cattgcacaa gagttcttcc tttagtagat ctgggtccagg 840  
gtcacaacta aacactaaat tacaagaagg acagtcattt gatgtggcca gtgtcccacc 900  
agtggcagag tgggtgttcc ctacgtcatc aagactgaaa tacaggcaat tattcaatag 960  
tcatgacaaa actatgagtg gacacttaac aggtcccccga gcaagaacta ttcttatgca 1020  
gtcaagtta ccacaggtcc agctggcttc aatatggaat ctttctgaca ttgatcaaga 1080  
tggaaaactt acagcagagg aatttatcct ggcaatgcac ctcatgtatg tagctatgtc 1140  
tggccaacca ctgccacctg tctctgcctcc agaatacatt ccaccttctt ttagaagagt 1200  
tcgatctggc agtggatata ctgtcataag ctcaacatct gtagatcaga ggctaccaga 1260  
ggaaccagtt ttagaagatg aacaacaaca attagaaaag aaattacctg taacgtttga 1320  
agataagaag cgggagaact ttgaacgtgg caacctggaa ctggagaaac gaaggcaagc 1380  
tctcctggaa cagcagcgcg aggagcagga gcgcctggcc cagctggagc gggcggagca 1440  
ggagaggaag gagcgtgagc gccaggagca agagcgcgaaa agacaactgg aactggagaa 1500  
gcaactggaa aagcagcggg agctagaacg gcagagagag gaggagagga ggaagaaaat 1560  
tgagagcgga gaggtgcaa aacgggaact tgaaggcaa cgacaacttg agtgggaaag 1620  
gaatcgaagg caagaactac taaatcaaag aaacaagaa caagaggaca tagttgtact 1680  
gaaagcaaag aaaaagactt ttggaattga attagaagct ctaaatgata aaaagcatca 1740  
actagaaggg aaacttcaag atatcagatg tcgattgacc acccaaaggc aagaaattga 1800  
gagcacaaac aaactagag agttgagaat tgccgaaatc acccatctac agcaacaatt 1860  
acaggaatct cagcaaatgc ttggaagact tattccagaa aaacagatac tcaatgacca 1920  
atataaaca gttcagcaga acagtttgcg cagagattca cttgttacac ttaaaagagc 1980  
cttagaagca aaagaactag ctccgcagca cctacgagac caactggatg aagtggagaa 2040

-continued

---

agaaactaga tcaaaactac aggagattga tattttcaat aatcagctga aggaactaag	2100
agaaatacac aataagcaac aactccagaa gcaaaagtcc atggaggctg aacgactgaa	2160
acagaaagaa caagaacgaa agatcataga attagaaaaa caaaaagaag aagcccaaag	2220
acgagctcag gaaagggaca agcagtggct ggagcatgtg cagcaggagg acgagcatca	2280
gagaccaaga aaactccacg aagaggaaaa actgaaaagg gaggagagtg tcaaaaagaa	2340
ggatggcgag gaaaaaggca aacaggaagc acaagacaag ctgggtcggc ttttccatca	2400
acaccaagaa ccagctaagc cagctgtcca ggcacctgg tccactgcag aaaaaggctc	2460
acttaccatt tctgcacagg aaaatgtaa agtgggtgat taccgggcac tgtaccctt	2520
tgaatccaga agccatgatg aaactcactat ccagccagga gacatagtca tggttaagg	2580
ggaatgggtg gatgaaagcc aaactggaga acccggtcgg cttggaggag aattaaaagg	2640
aaagacaggg tggttccctg caaactatgc agagaaaatc ccagaaaatg aggttcccgc	2700
tccagtgaaa ccagtgactg attcaacatc tgcccctgcc cccaaactgg ccttgctgta	2760
gacccccgcc ctttggcag taacctcttc agagccctcc acgacccta ataactgggc	2820
cgacttcagc tccactggc ccaccagcac gaatgagaaa ccagaaacgg ataactggga	2880
tgcattggca gccagccct ctctaccgt tccaagtgc gccaggtta gccagaggtc	2940
cgctttact ccagccacgg ccaactggct ctccccgtct cctgtgctag gccagggtga	3000
aaagtgaggg gggctacaag ctcaagccct atatccttgg agagccaaaa aagacaacca	3060
cttaaatttt acaaaaaatg atgtcatcac cgtcctggaa cagcaagaca tgtggtggtt	3120
tggagaagtt caaggtcaga agggttgggt ccccaagtct tacgtgaaac tcatttcagg	3180
gcccataagg aagtctacaa gcatggatc tggttcttca gagagtctg ctagtctaaa	3240
gagagttagc tctccagcag ccaagccggt cgttcggga gaagaattta ttgccatgta	3300
cacttacgag agttctgagc aagagatctt aaccttcag caaggggatg tgattttggt	3360
taccaagaaa gatggtgact ggtggacagg aacagtgggc gacaaggccg gagtcttccc	3420
ttctaactat gtgaggctta aagattcaga gggctctgga actgctggga aaacaggag	3480
tttaggaaaa aaacctgaaa ttgccaggt tattgcctca tacaccgcca cgggccccga	3540
gcagctcact ctgcccctg gtcagctgat tttgatccga aaaaagaacc caggtggatg	3600
gtgggaagga gagctgcaag cacgtggga aaagcgcag ataggctggt tcccagctaa	3660
ttatgtaaag cttctaagcc ctgggacgag caaaatcact ccaacagagc cacctaagtc	3720
aacagcatta gcggcagtg gccaggtgat tgggatgtac gactacaccg cgcagaatga	3780
cgatgagctg gcctcaaca agggccagat catcaacgct ctcaacaagg aggacctga	3840
ctggtggaaa ggagaagtca atggacaagt ggggtcttcc ccatccaatt atgtgaagct	3900
gaccacagac atggacccaa gccagcaatg gtgttcagac ttacatctct tggatatgtt	3960
gaccccaact gaaagaaagc gacaaggata catccacgag ctcatgtca ccgaggagaa	4020
ctatgtgaat gacctgcagc tggctcacaga gatttttcaa aaaccctga tggagtctga	4080
gctgctgaca gaaaaagag ttgctatgat tttgtgaac tggaaaggagc tgattatgtg	4140
taatataaaa ctactaaaag cgctgagagt ccgcaagaag atgtccgggg agaagatgcc	4200
tgtgaagatg attggagaca tcctgagcgc acagctgccg cacatgcagc cctacatccg	4260
cttctgcagc ccagcagctca acggggctgc cctgatccag cagaagacgg atgaggcccc	4320

-continued

---

```

agacttcaag gagttcgtca aaagattggc aatggatcct cggtgtaaag ggatgccact 4380
ctctagtttt atactgaagc ctatgcaacg ggtaacaaga taccactga tcattaaaaa 4440
taccctggaa aacaccctcg aaaaccaccc ggaccacagc cacttgaagc acgccctgga 4500
gaaggcggaa gagctctgtt cccaggtgaa cgaaggggtg cgggagaagg agaactctga 4560
ccggctggag tggatccagg cccacgtgca gtgtgaagc ctgtctgagc aacttgtgtt 4620
caattcagtg accaattgct tggggccgag caaatctctg cacagtggga agctctacaa 4680
ggccaagagc aacaaggagc tgtatggctt ccttttcaac gacttcctcc tgcctgactca 4740
gatcacgaag cctttggggt cttctggcac cgacaaagtc ttcagcccca aatcaaacct 4800
gcagtataaa atgtataaaa cacctatctt cctaaatgag gttctagtaa aattaccac 4860
cgacccttct ggagacgagc ccatcttcca catctcccac attgaccgag tctatactct 4920
ccgagcagaa agcataaatg aaaggactgc ctgggtgcag aaaatcaaag ctgcttctga 4980
actctacata gagactgaga aaaagaagcg cgagaaagcg tacctggtcc gttcccaaag 5040
ggcaacaggc attggaaggt tgatggtgaa cgtggtttaa ggcatcgagt tgaaccctg 5100
tcggtcacat ggaagagca acccgtagct tgaggtgacc atgggttccc agtgccacat 5160
caccaagagc atccaggaca ctctgaaccc caagtggaat tocaactgcc agttcttcat 5220
ccgagacctg gagcaggaag tcctctgcat cactgtgttc gagagggacc agttctcacc 5280
agatgatttt ttgggtcgga cggagatccg tgtggcggac atcaagaaag accagggctc 5340
caaaggtcca gttacgaagt gtctctgct gcacgaagtc cccacgggag agattgtggt 5400
ccgcttggac ctgcagttgt ttgatgagcc gtaggcagcg ggctcagggt gtgctcagca 5460
gggtcccagc ccacggccc acatgctgtc tggaaattgt attccttttc taagaaacca 5520
ccatttggta ttcagtcaca gggatatggg atggcaaaga caggcccctc aaagctccta 5580
ggaatcattc tcgacaatcc tcctgcccc gaaacaattt cctgtttcat gaaacaaagc 5640
tgtgttttcc tttgtcctca ctacaggtct cattatggct tctaggtctg ctgaaatccc 5700
atagccctca acagggtgca gctgggagtc tagccccctc cgggcttga gggatgggtc 5760
tggttactat aaaatagatt tataaatgca atgtctatat ttttgagaa ctcatgtaac 5820
cctcctgttt cttacatcca ccagtcocca agtagacttc ttggctaca atgcccagtc 5880
cttggtgta gtttagaac aattatgacg gtctgtcat tgcttcagaa tcccctctct 5940
cctgcaggga aatgctgcct agagctgac actcggtgag acggtctgat caggccctgg 6000
cttagctctt tgaagagctg gtctatggaa gtttccagca tgtgcaccgt tatagccgtt 6060
ccttccccct ctaggccttg tattaatata tgtcaatgaa aacacactgg tgtattgttg 6120
cgtggattca gttctgatto ccagcatgct tagaatatgg tcacagaaag tcattatcta 6180
gaaagtcacc cctctgctgg atcagatcac tacaggtcac tggaaaggca actttacaat 6240
gttgggtcac tgggtctcgg ttggagcca tgttgaaaa atctcttttg gctcggaggc 6300
ctgtgatatt tcatagcagc agtcggtgct ggtgacctgt tctgtgcttg aatgtgctga 6360
atcctgattg tttaggaca tttcaacagc tcttttgggt acgttcccc aaaaagccatg 6420
tcctagatcc ccaaggcgt 6439

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 58

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 1721

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

-continued

---

```

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: intersectin 1 (SH3 domain protein) (ITSN1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

Met Ala Gln Phe Pro Thr Pro Phe Gly Gly Ser Leu Asp Ile Trp Ala
1           5           10           15

Ile Thr Val Glu Glu Arg Ala Lys His Asp Gln Gln Phe His Ser Leu
          20           25           30

Lys Pro Ile Ser Gly Phe Ile Thr Gly Asp Gln Ala Arg Asn Phe Phe
          35           40           45

Phe Gln Ser Gly Leu Pro Gln Pro Val Leu Ala Gln Ile Trp Ala Leu
          50           55           60

Ala Asp Met Asn Asn Asp Gly Arg Met Asp Gln Val Glu Phe Ser Ile
65           70           75           80

Ala Met Lys Leu Ile Lys Leu Lys Leu Gln Gly Tyr Gln Leu Pro Ser
          85           90           95

Ala Leu Pro Pro Val Met Lys Gln Gln Pro Val Ala Ile Ser Ser Ala
          100          105          110

Pro Ala Phe Gly Met Gly Gly Ile Ala Ser Met Pro Pro Leu Thr Ala
          115          120          125

Val Ala Pro Val Pro Met Gly Ser Ile Pro Val Val Gly Met Ser Pro
          130          135          140

Thr Leu Val Ser Ser Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Val Pro Pro Leu Ala Asn
145          150          155          160

Gly Ala Pro Pro Val Ile Gln Pro Leu Pro Ala Phe Ala His Pro Ala
          165          170          175

Ala Thr Leu Pro Lys Ser Ser Ser Phe Ser Arg Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser
          180          185          190

Gln Leu Asn Thr Lys Leu Gln Lys Ala Gln Ser Phe Asp Val Ala Ser
          195          200          205

Val Pro Pro Val Ala Glu Trp Ala Val Pro Gln Ser Ser Arg Leu Lys
210          215          220

Tyr Arg Gln Leu Phe Asn Ser His Asp Lys Thr Met Ser Gly His Leu
225          230          235          240

Thr Gly Pro Gln Ala Arg Thr Ile Leu Met Gln Ser Ser Leu Pro Gln
          245          250          255

Ala Gln Leu Ala Ser Ile Trp Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile Asp Gln Asp Gly
          260          265          270

Lys Leu Thr Ala Glu Glu Phe Ile Leu Ala Met His Leu Ile Asp Val
          275          280          285

Ala Met Ser Gly Gln Pro Leu Pro Pro Val Leu Pro Pro Glu Tyr Ile
290          295          300

Pro Pro Ser Phe Arg Arg Val Arg Ser Gly Ser Gly Ile Ser Val Ile
305          310          315          320

Ser Ser Thr Ser Val Asp Gln Arg Leu Pro Glu Glu Pro Val Leu Glu
          325          330          335

Asp Glu Gln Gln Gln Leu Glu Lys Lys Leu Pro Val Thr Phe Glu Asp
          340          345          350

Lys Lys Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Arg Gly Asn Leu Glu Leu Glu Lys Arg
          355          360          365

Arg Gln Ala Leu Leu Glu Gln Gln Arg Lys Glu Gln Glu Arg Leu Ala

```

-continued

370			375			380									
Gln	Leu	Glu	Arg	Ala	Glu	Gln	Glu	Arg	Lys	Glu	Arg	Glu	Arg	Gln	Glu
385				390					395					400	
Gln	Glu	Arg	Lys	Arg	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Leu	Glu	Lys	Gln
			405						410					415	
Arg	Glu	Leu	Glu	Arg	Gln	Arg	Glu	Glu	Glu	Arg	Arg	Lys	Glu	Ile	Glu
			420						425					430	
Arg	Arg	Glu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Arg	Glu	Leu	Glu	Arg	Gln	Arg	Gln	Leu	Glu
			435						440					445	
Trp	Glu	Arg	Asn	Arg	Arg	Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gln	Arg	Asn	Lys	Glu
			450						455					460	
Gln	Glu	Asp	Ile	Val	Val	Leu	Lys	Ala	Lys	Lys	Lys	Thr	Leu	Glu	Phe
			465						470					475	
Glu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asp	Lys	Lys	His	Gln	Leu	Glu	Gly	Lys	Leu
			485						490					495	
Gln	Asp	Ile	Arg	Cys	Arg	Leu	Thr	Thr	Gln	Arg	Gln	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ser
			500						505					510	
Thr	Asn	Lys	Ser	Arg	Glu	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	His	Leu	Gln
			515						520					525	
Gln	Gln	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gln	Gln	Met	Leu	Gly	Arg	Leu	Ile	Pro	Glu
			530						535					540	
Lys	Gln	Ile	Leu	Asn	Asp	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gln	Val	Gln	Gln	Asn	Ser	Leu
			545						550					555	
His	Arg	Asp	Ser	Leu	Val	Thr	Leu	Lys	Arg	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ala	Lys	Glu
			565						570					575	
Leu	Ala	Arg	Gln	His	Leu	Arg	Asp	Gln	Leu	Asp	Glu	Val	Glu	Lys	Glu
			580						585					590	
Thr	Arg	Ser	Lys	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ile	Asp	Ile	Phe	Asn	Asn	Gln	Leu	Lys
			595						600					605	
Glu	Leu	Arg	Glu	Ile	His	Asn	Lys	Gln	Gln	Leu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Lys	Ser
			610						615					620	
Met	Glu	Ala	Glu	Arg	Leu	Lys	Gln	Lys	Glu	Gln	Glu	Arg	Lys	Ile	Ile
			625						630					635	
Glu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Lys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Gln	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gln	Glu	Arg
			645						650					655	
Asp	Lys	Gln	Trp	Leu	Glu	His	Val	Gln	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	His	Gln	Arg
			660						665					670	
Pro	Arg	Lys	Leu	His	Glu	Glu	Glu	Lys	Leu	Lys	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ser	Val
			675						680					685	
Lys	Lys	Lys	Asp	Gly	Glu	Glu	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gln	Glu	Ala	Gln	Asp	Lys
			690						695					700	
Leu	Gly	Arg	Leu	Phe	His	Gln	His	Gln	Glu	Pro	Ala	Lys	Pro	Ala	Val
			705						710					715	
Gln	Ala	Pro	Trp	Ser	Thr	Ala	Glu	Lys	Gly	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ala
			725						730					735	
Gln	Glu	Asn	Val	Lys	Val	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Phe	Glu
			740						745					750	
Ser	Arg	Ser	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Thr	Ile	Gln	Pro	Gly	Asp	Ile	Val	Met
			755						760					765	
Val	Lys	Gly	Glu	Trp	Val	Asp	Glu	Ser	Gln	Thr	Gly	Glu	Pro	Gly	Trp
			770						775					780	

-continued

---

Leu Gly Gly Glu Leu Lys Gly Lys Thr Gly Trp Phe Pro Ala Asn Tyr  
 785 790 795 800

Ala Glu Lys Ile Pro Glu Asn Glu Val Pro Ala Pro Val Lys Pro Val  
 805 810 815

Thr Asp Ser Thr Ser Ala Pro Ala Pro Lys Leu Ala Leu Arg Glu Thr  
 820 825 830

Pro Ala Pro Leu Ala Val Thr Ser Ser Glu Pro Ser Thr Thr Pro Asn  
 835 840 845

Asn Trp Ala Asp Phe Ser Ser Thr Trp Pro Thr Ser Thr Asn Glu Lys  
 850 855 860

Pro Glu Thr Asp Asn Trp Asp Ala Trp Ala Ala Gln Pro Ser Leu Thr  
 865 870 875 880

Val Pro Ser Ala Gly Gln Leu Arg Gln Arg Ser Ala Phe Thr Pro Ala  
 885 890 895

Thr Ala Thr Gly Ser Ser Pro Ser Pro Val Leu Gly Gln Gly Glu Lys  
 900 905 910

Val Glu Gly Leu Gln Ala Gln Ala Leu Tyr Pro Trp Arg Ala Lys Lys  
 915 920 925

Asp Asn His Leu Asn Phe Asn Lys Asn Asp Val Ile Thr Val Leu Glu  
 930 935 940

Gln Gln Asp Met Trp Trp Phe Gly Glu Val Gln Gly Gln Lys Gly Trp  
 945 950 955 960

Phe Pro Lys Ser Tyr Val Lys Leu Ile Ser Gly Pro Ile Arg Lys Ser  
 965 970 975

Thr Ser Met Asp Ser Gly Ser Ser Glu Ser Pro Ala Ser Leu Lys Arg  
 980 985 990

Val Ala Ser Pro Ala Ala Lys Pro Val Val Ser Gly Glu Glu Phe Ile  
 995 1000 1005

Ala Met Tyr Thr Tyr Glu Ser Ser Glu Gln Gly Asp Leu Thr Phe Gln  
 1010 1015 1020

Gln Gly Asp Val Ile Leu Val Thr Lys Lys Asp Gly Asp Trp Trp Thr  
 1025 1030 1035 1040

Gly Thr Val Gly Asp Lys Ala Gly Val Phe Pro Ser Asn Tyr Val Arg  
 1045 1050 1055

Leu Lys Asp Ser Glu Gly Ser Gly Thr Ala Gly Lys Thr Gly Ser Leu  
 1060 1065 1070

Gly Lys Lys Pro Glu Ile Ala Gln Val Ile Ala Ser Tyr Thr Ala Thr  
 1075 1080 1085

Gly Pro Glu Gln Leu Thr Leu Ala Pro Gly Gln Leu Ile Leu Ile Arg  
 1090 1095 1100

Lys Lys Asn Pro Gly Gly Trp Trp Glu Gly Glu Leu Gln Ala Arg Gly  
 1105 1110 1115 1120

Lys Lys Arg Gln Ile Gly Trp Phe Pro Ala Asn Tyr Val Lys Leu Leu  
 1125 1130 1135

Ser Pro Gly Thr Ser Lys Ile Thr Pro Thr Glu Pro Pro Lys Ser Thr  
 1140 1145 1150

Ala Leu Ala Ala Val Cys Gln Val Ile Gly Met Tyr Asp Tyr Thr Ala  
 1155 1160 1165

Gln Asn Asp Asp Glu Leu Ala Phe Asn Lys Gly Gln Ile Ile Asn Val  
 1170 1175 1180

-continued

---

Leu Asn Lys Glu Asp Pro Asp Trp Trp Lys Gly Glu Val Asn Gly Gln  
 1185 1190 1195 1200  
 Val Gly Leu Phe Pro Ser Asn Tyr Val Lys Leu Thr Thr Asp Met Asp  
 1205 1210 1215  
 Pro Ser Gln Gln Trp Cys Ser Asp Leu His Leu Leu Asp Met Leu Thr  
 1220 1225 1230  
 Pro Thr Glu Arg Lys Arg Gln Gly Tyr Ile His Glu Leu Ile Val Thr  
 1235 1240 1245  
 Glu Glu Asn Tyr Val Asn Asp Leu Gln Leu Val Thr Glu Ile Phe Gln  
 1250 1255 1260  
 Lys Pro Leu Met Glu Ser Glu Leu Leu Thr Glu Lys Glu Val Ala Met  
 1265 1270 1275 1280  
 Ile Phe Val Asn Trp Lys Glu Leu Ile Met Cys Asn Ile Lys Leu Leu  
 1285 1290 1295  
 Lys Ala Leu Arg Val Arg Lys Lys Met Ser Gly Glu Lys Met Pro Val  
 1300 1305 1310  
 Lys Met Ile Gly Asp Ile Leu Ser Ala Gln Leu Pro His Met Gln Pro  
 1315 1320 1325  
 Tyr Ile Arg Phe Cys Ser Arg Gln Leu Asn Gly Ala Ala Leu Ile Gln  
 1330 1335 1340  
 Gln Lys Thr Asp Glu Ala Pro Asp Phe Lys Glu Phe Val Lys Arg Leu  
 1345 1350 1355 1360  
 Ala Met Asp Pro Arg Cys Lys Gly Met Pro Leu Ser Ser Phe Ile Leu  
 1365 1370 1375  
 Lys Pro Met Gln Arg Val Thr Arg Tyr Pro Leu Ile Ile Lys Asn Ile  
 1380 1385 1390  
 Leu Glu Asn Thr Pro Glu Asn His Pro Asp His Ser His Leu Lys His  
 1395 1400 1405  
 Ala Leu Glu Lys Ala Glu Glu Leu Cys Ser Gln Val Asn Glu Gly Val  
 1410 1415 1420  
 Arg Glu Lys Glu Asn Ser Asp Arg Leu Glu Trp Ile Gln Ala His Val  
 1425 1430 1435 1440  
 Gln Cys Glu Gly Leu Ser Glu Gln Leu Val Phe Asn Ser Val Thr Asn  
 1445 1450 1455  
 Cys Leu Gly Pro Arg Lys Phe Leu His Ser Gly Lys Leu Tyr Lys Ala  
 1460 1465 1470  
 Lys Ser Asn Lys Glu Leu Tyr Gly Phe Leu Phe Asn Asp Phe Leu Leu  
 1475 1480 1485  
 Leu Thr Gln Ile Thr Lys Pro Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly Thr Asp Lys Val  
 1490 1495 1500  
 Phe Ser Pro Lys Ser Asn Leu Gln Tyr Lys Met Tyr Lys Thr Pro Ile  
 1505 1510 1515 1520  
 Phe Leu Asn Glu Val Leu Val Lys Leu Pro Thr Asp Pro Ser Gly Asp  
 1525 1530 1535  
 Glu Pro Ile Phe His Ile Ser His Ile Asp Arg Val Tyr Thr Leu Arg  
 1540 1545 1550  
 Ala Glu Ser Ile Asn Glu Arg Thr Ala Trp Val Gln Lys Ile Lys Ala  
 1555 1560 1565  
 Ala Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ile Glu Thr Glu Lys Lys Lys Arg Glu Lys Ala  
 1570 1575 1580  
 Tyr Leu Val Arg Ser Gln Arg Ala Thr Gly Ile Gly Arg Leu Met Val

-continued

---

1585	1590	1595	1600
Asn Val Val Glu Gly Ile Glu Leu Lys Pro Cys Arg Ser His Gly Lys	1605	1610	1615
Ser Asn Pro Tyr Cys Glu Val Thr Met Gly Ser Gln Cys His Ile Thr	1620	1625	1630
Lys Thr Ile Gln Asp Thr Leu Asn Pro Lys Trp Asn Ser Asn Cys Gln	1635	1640	1645
Phe Phe Ile Arg Asp Leu Glu Gln Glu Val Leu Cys Ile Thr Val Phe	1650	1655	1660
Glu Arg Asp Gln Phe Ser Pro Asp Asp Phe Leu Gly Arg Thr Glu Ile	1665	1670	1680
Arg Val Ala Asp Ile Lys Lys Asp Gln Gly Ser Lys Gly Pro Val Thr	1685	1690	1695
Lys Cys Leu Leu Leu His Glu Val Pro Thr Gly Glu Ile Val Val Arg	1700	1705	1710
Leu Asp Leu Gln Leu Phe Asp Glu Pro	1715	1720	

<210> SEQ ID NO 59  
 <211> LENGTH: 1954  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate-induced protein 1 (PMAIP1) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (219)..(383)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: PMAIP1

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

```

actggacaaa agcgtggtct ctggcgcggg gatctcagag tttcccgggc actcaccgtg    60
tgtagttggc atctccgcgc gtccggacac cccgatcccag catccctgcc tgcaggactg    120
ttcgtgttca gctcgcgtcc tgcagctgtc cgaggtgctc cagttggagg ctgaggttcc    180
cgggctctgt agctgagtgg cggcgggcac cggcggagat gcctgggaag aaggcgcgca    240
agaacgctca accgagcccc gcgcgggctc cagcagagct ggaagtcgag tgtgctactc    300
aactcaggag atttggagac aaactgaact tccggcagaa acttctgaat ctgatatcca    360
aactcttctg ctcaggaact tgactgcatc aaaaacttgc atgaggggac tccttcaaaa    420
gagttttctc aggaggtgca cgtttcatca atttgaagaa agactgcatt gtaattgaga    480
ggaatgtgaa ggtgcatcca tgggtgccct tggaaacgga agatggaata catcaaagtg    540
aatttctgtt caagttttcc cagattatca ttctttggga tgagagaaca ttataaaacc    600
actttgttta ttttaaagca agaatggaag acccttgaaa ataagaagt aattattgac    660
acatttcttt tttacttaga gaatcgttct agtgtttttg ccgaagatta ccgctggcct    720
actgtgaagg gagatgacct gtgattagac tgggcggctg gggagaaaca gttcagtgca    780
ttgttgttgt tgctgttttt ggtgttttgc ttttcagtgc caactcagca cattgtatat    840
gattcggttt atacatatta ccttgttata atgaaaaaac tcattctgag aacctgaaa    900
tgttatactc agtgttgatt tcttcgggtc ctacacaacg taaaatcatt tgtttctttt    960
gactcaaatt gtattgcttc tgttcagatg atctttcatt caatgtgttc ctgttgggcg   1020
ttactagaaa ctatggaaaa ctggaaaata actttgaaaa aattggataa agtataggag   1080
    
```

-continued

```

ggttacttgg ggccagtaaa tcagtagact gaacattcaa tataataaaa gaacatgggg 1140
atthttgtata accagggata ataaaaagaa aaaagaagtt aatthtttaaat tgatgtthttt 1200
gaaacttagt agaacaaata ttcagaagta acttgataag atatgaatgt ttctaaagaa 1260
gthttctaaag gttcggaaaa tgctccttgt cacattagtg tgcacacctac aaaaagtgat 1320
ctcttaatgt aaattaagaa tathtttcata attggaatat actthttctta aaaaaaagga 1380
acagttagtt ctactctaga atgaaagtcc catatatgca ttggtgaata tatatgtata 1440
cacatactta catacttata tgggtatctg tatagataat ttgtattaga gtattatata 1500
gcttcttagt agggctctcaa gtaagthtca thttthttat ctgggctata tacagtcctc 1560
aaataaataa tgtcttgatt thatttcagc aggaataatt thattthttt tgcctattta 1620
taattaagt atthttcttt agthttgaaaa tgtgtattaa agttacattt ttgagttaca 1680
agagtcttat aactacttga atthtttagtt aaaatgtctt aatgtaggtt gtagtcactt 1740
tagatggaaa attacctcac atctgtthttc thcagtatta cttaagattg thtatttagt 1800
ggtagagagt thttthtttc agcctagagg cagctattht accatctggg atthttggtc 1860
taatthgtat thaaacatat gcacacatat aaaagthgat actgtggcag thaaactatta 1920
aaagthttca ctgttcaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1954

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 60
<211> LENGTH: 54
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate-induced protein
1 (PMAIP1)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

```

```

Met Pro Gly Lys Lys Ala Arg Lys Asn Ala Gln Pro Ser Pro Ala Arg
1           5           10          15

```

```

Ala Pro Ala Glu Leu Glu Val Glu Cys Ala Thr Gln Leu Arg Arg Phe
20          25          30

```

```

Gly Asp Lys Leu Asn Phe Arg Gln Lys Lys Leu Leu Asn Leu Ile Ser Lys
35          40          45

```

```

Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Thr
50

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 61
<211> LENGTH: 4068
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein 47 (TMEM47) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (260)..(805)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TMEM47

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

```

```

ggcagagcgc ggcgcggggc cggcggcgaa ggtccggggg ggaatcgacg tcgctgcggc 60
tgccgacgac ccacacccgg ccggccgcct ccgcagaccc accttggccg cgcggcaggg 120
ggcgcgcaga gcccccaggg agcgagtccc cgcgcgtggc agctcggcgg cttctccctt 180
cgggaggtcc ggtcccgcgc tctccggacc cgctggcgt cctcgcctgc ggcggggcgg 240

```

-continued

---

acgacagcgg cgcccaggaa tggcttcggc gggcagcggc atggaggagg tgcgcgtgtc	300
ggtgctgacc cccttgaagc tggtcgggct ggtgtgcato ttcttggcgc tgtgtctgga	360
cctggggggcg gtgctgagcc cggcctgggt cacagctgac caccagtact acctgtcgtt	420
gtgggagtc tgcgcgaaac ccgcccagctt ggacatctgg cactgagagt ccacgctcag	480
cagcgattgg cagattgcta ctctggcttt actcctgggc ggcgctgcca tcattctcat	540
tgcattcctg gtgggtttga tttctatctg cgtgggatct cgaaggcgtt tctatagacc	600
tgttgcggtc atgctttttg cagcagttgt ttacaggtt tgcagcctgg tcctttacc	660
aatcaagttc attgaaactg tgagcctgaa aatttaccat gagttcaact ggggttatgg	720
cctggcctgg ggtgcaacta tattttcgtt tgggggtgcc atcctttatt gectgaaccc	780
taagaactat gaagactact actagaacca atagtctcaa agtaaaaaa accaccacca	840
tccaacaaaa ggattacgct tgcactcttt ctaacttact attttctaaa acacttggtg	900
agcatcaagc agtttgctca gttgatttaa tcttttttgc cttttggctg tcaacatcat	960
aaccagcttt tacatccatt ttagaaatct gcacaaatta agagagctga ttagacatag	1020
gcaaatgctg caaacttcca atatgttcat atcgtttttc ttgacaaatg aagggtctat	1080
atgacagcaa ccattgtgag aaactagttg gaatgagatt tgcctcaatc tcctattgcc	1140
tgcaggggag cagttggcat aagcaacatt tagaagtcc tttgcgctga caaggattcc	1200
actgttagag cccttaccgc ctgcttatcc taccatga ctacattggc tgttggttat	1260
ttgcttgagt gagcccttga aaaatgaact gcccttcagc atctaattgg agttgtgaat	1320
gtaactggtt aatgatacac attccacctt caggaacact ctttttaatg ggaggttatg	1380
ctttggcaat cagcgtctcc ctgggaagag agtcaagact tggagacatg tcttctcat	1440
tatgtggtta gaaattggtg cctcagccct atctagactg gggaaaaatt gaggatctct	1500
gtttttcctg gggcaaacag aaagaaatct gcatgagttg cttttgtacc ctttaaatca	1560
tttgccaaac attgcagcaa acaagtgtgc gtatgtaaca agcttctactg tttttataga	1620
aggngaacca ttagtataaa tggtaataag ttgttcctca accctccaca tacatttggc	1680
tatcacacgt aaaattaata tttactctag tgaagtgggt tgagcactaa cctgttacac	1740
attgttaaga ggcttagatt ggtattcata cttatttacc atacaaaagt atggtacctt	1800
aaagcttttg ctctatgttc tttactgttt cactggaaag tgtcaataga gttgcctaag	1860
aataaaaatt gaaatggtg taatctgaaa ataatgatt ctctgtaagc actgtagttg	1920
aaaagagagt agcaattagg atgatcattt tgtgtaaaat tcattaaaat agaaggctgc	1980
tattttttgc aagtatttta aatgtcttca ttttttaag aaaggaatag cgatagattt	2040
atataaatat ctaaatgtct cagtagagga gtagaattca totggttatc acctggctct	2100
ctgaagttaa ctgatgggct aaccgatttg tgcacacact taggatggat ttatgttaag	2160
ggaattactt actgactgtt caatggaag agtattaat aataggaat aagtttgcaa	2220
ctaactctcat gctgcaact tgtgttaatt ctgtttaata taaaaattg gatagcttaa	2280
ttataaacat atttttatat caaataata gttctaata aaaagttata aataattatt	2340
tttgtaaca aagacactaa aacagtatgt tctggttttg gccctctgc agaaagaagc	2400
attagaaaaa ttactttaaa agtagctata tgttactgta ttgcaaaatc tgttaagagc	2460
aggaccacat cgatagtatt taataatttg ttttacctcc caaaacacag ttcttcttc	2520

-continued

```

agcttgcctt aagaatggtt gccaaaaaca acagccaaaa aaaaaaaacc tattttatta 2580
tccaaatgct agaaaacaca catgaatctt ctataaaatc acgaatatga agtaccaggt 2640
ttagtcttac ttagcaatg atagacaaaa gcgaataaat acatcacaga cagaaacctt 2700
tataaaaaata tatgattcta taaagaatca ttagaaatta tgagtggaaa ttctccagaa 2760
agatagtatt atagagtctt ttgaagcaat tttttgagaa atagtaaaat ctggggcaga 2820
gtgtcttgca gttaattgca tattgtcaga gcagcatgag aaatatgata tttggatagg 2880
gatttcagca actaaacatt ctctgtcttg agatctcttt attcctgaat aatgaaagaa 2940
tagtactttg gtgctgacac caatgaggca cttctcttgg tcttagtaga ggatgcagtg 3000
tactgttaaa ccaatatcat cacatctoga gtcttatcaa gttttcattc tctgtcaata 3060
tgacaagctc aaagtgcag aatatgttat aggttgaagc acacatattt gcagtttact 3120
gaaaagtata tttcttatgt gacttttttc cttctctcagc aaagagccct aactagatt 3180
tctacatca ctaatatctg gaagtatttc attactaaca atctcagtac aacatgaaaa 3240
ttgttgcttc tcatctaaaa tacaattttg tctatcagaa taaacacaag tgaatttttc 3300
acctacatta acattatgct tttgcagctt taggtttggt agatgtgttc ttaagcataa 3360
tttttagcca caaacocatt gttagataga tatctatgga tatagatcta catctataga 3420
tatagatata cacacatata tatactcaca cacatatagc ataaaatact cagcagggtc 3480
agttattccg atttcttgca caattattta gctttttgta agttcaacat gtaaatttta 3540
aagacataaa tatagagaga cttatgtggt tgaatataaa tgatatatat ggattagcat 3600
gtacctgtat attattaaac atgcaatgaa ctgactggta agtgacgtct aattgtatgg 3660
ctagcaatgt aatttattca gactgtatct ttgtacagag cagtgcactc taacctatgc 3720
ctctgtgtcc tctttaatgc ctaaagctgt gcctagaaat ttcactctgc ttaaaagtaa 3780
aatatacttc atgctgttta tgctattagt ttctgtactg ctattctata tttattattt 3840
ttaaataat gacatgttta ctacttaaac atgaattcat ggtatcctgg ttattttttt 3900
taagtcatct gggggaaaac ctgtttatca ctccagtgat tttgagtttg cagtttcaca 3960
atcagttcct catttcatga tttttgtagt tgacatgaag tcatctatgt ggaaaaaaat 4020
aaaaataaaa gtgatttcac ggatgtgggt tgaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 4068

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 62

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 181

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein 47 (TMEM47)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 62

```

Met Ala Ser Ala Gly Ser Gly Met Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ser Val Leu
1           5           10          15
Thr Pro Leu Lys Leu Val Gly Leu Val Cys Ile Phe Leu Ala Leu Cys
20          25          30
Leu Asp Leu Gly Ala Val Leu Ser Pro Ala Trp Val Thr Ala Asp His
35          40          45
Gln Tyr Tyr Leu Ser Leu Trp Glu Ser Cys Arg Lys Pro Ala Ser Leu
50          55          60
Asp Ile Trp His Cys Glu Ser Thr Leu Ser Ser Asp Trp Gln Ile Ala
65          70          75          80

```

-continued

Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Ile Ile Leu Ile Ala Phe  
 85 90 95  
 Leu Val Gly Leu Ile Ser Ile Cys Val Gly Ser Arg Arg Arg Phe Tyr  
 100 105 110  
 Arg Pro Val Ala Val Met Leu Phe Ala Ala Val Val Leu Gln Val Cys  
 115 120 125  
 Ser Leu Val Leu Tyr Pro Ile Lys Phe Ile Glu Thr Val Ser Leu Lys  
 130 135 140  
 Ile Tyr His Glu Phe Asn Trp Gly Tyr Gly Leu Ala Trp Gly Ala Thr  
 145 150 155 160  
 Ile Phe Ser Phe Gly Gly Ala Ile Leu Tyr Cys Leu Asn Pro Lys Asn  
 165 170 175  
 Tyr Glu Asp Tyr Tyr  
 180

<210> SEQ ID NO 63  
 <211> LENGTH: 2354  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: interleukin 11 (IL11) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (137)..(736)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: IL11

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

gctcagggca catgcctccc ctccccaggc cgcggcccag ctgaccctcg gggctcccc 60  
 ggcagcggac agggaagggt taaaggcccc cggctccctg cccctgccc tggggaacct 120  
 ctggccctgt ggggacatga actgtgtttg ccgctggctc ctggctgtgc tgagcctgtg 180  
 gccagatata gctgtgcccc ctggggcacc acctggcccc cctcgagttt ccccagacct 240  
 tcgggcccag ctggacagca ccgtgctcct gacccgctct ctcctggcgg acacgcggca 300  
 gctggctgca cagctgaggg acaaattccc agctgacggg gaccacaacc tggattccct 360  
 gcccaccctg gccatgagtg ggggggcaact gggagctcta cagctcccag gtgtgtgac 420  
 aaggctcgca gcggacctac tgtcctaact gcggcacgtg cagtggctgc gccgggcagg 480  
 tggctcttcc ctgaagacct tggagcccga gctgggcacc ctgcaggccc gactggaccg 540  
 gctgctgcgc cggctgcagc tcctgatgtc ccgcttgccc ctgccccagc caccctcgga 600  
 cccgccggcg cccccgctgg cgccccctc ctcagcctgg gggggcatca gggccgccc 660  
 cgccatcctg ggggggctgc acctgacct tgactgggccc gtgaggggac tgctgtgct 720  
 gaagactcgg ctgtgacctg gggcccaaaag ccaccaccgt ccttccaaag ccagatotta 780  
 tttatttatt tatttcagta ctgggggcga aacagccagg tgatcccccc gccattatct 840  
 cccctagtt agagacagtc cttccgtgag gcctgggggg catctgtgcc ttatttatac 900  
 ttatttattt caggagcagg ggtgggaggg aggtggactc ctgggtcccc gaggaggagg 960  
 ggactgggggt cccggtattc tgggtctcca agaagtctgt ccacagactt ctgccctggc 1020  
 tcttccccat ctaggcctgg gcaggaacat atattattta tttaaagcaat tacttttcat 1080  
 gttgggggtgg ggacggaggg gaaagggag cctgggtttt tgtacaaaaa tgtgagaaac 1140  
 ctttgtgaga cagagaacag ggaattaaat gtgtcataca tatccacttg agggcgattt 1200

-continued

```

gtctgagagc tggggctgga tgcttgggta actggggcag ggcaggtgga ggggagacct 1260
ccattcaggt ggaggtcccg agtgggcggg gcagcgactg ggagatgggt cggtcaccca 1320
gacagctctg tggaggcagg gtctgagcct tgcttggggc cccgcaactgc atagggcctt 1380
ttgtttgttt tttgagatgg agtctcgctc tgttgcttag gctggagtgc agtgaggcaa 1440
tctgaggtca ctgcaacctc cacctcccgg gttcaagcaa ttctcctgcc tcagcctccc 1500
gattagctgg gatcacaggt gtgcaccacc atgccagct aattatttat ttcttttgta 1560
tttttagtag agacaggggt tcaccatggt gccaggctg gtttogaact cctgacctca 1620
ggtgatctc ctgcctcggc ctcccaaagt gctgggatta caggtgtgag ccaccacacc 1680
tgaccatag gtcttcaata aatatttaat ggaaggttcc acaagtcacc ctgtgatcaa 1740
cagtaccctg atgggacaaa gctgcaaggt caagatgggt cattatggct gtgttcacca 1800
tagcaaatc gaaacaatct agatatccaa cagtgagggt taagcaacat ggtgcatctg 1860
tggatagaac gccaccaccg cggccggagc agggactgct attcaggag gctaaggaga 1920
gaggcttgc tgggatataa aaagatatcc tgacattggc caggcatggt ggctcacgcc 1980
tgtaactctg gcactttggg aggcagaagc gactggatca ctgaagtcca agagttcgag 2040
accggcctgc gagacatggc aaaaccctgt ctcaaaaaag aaagaatgat gtctgacat 2100
gaaacagcag gctacaaaac cactgcatgc tgtgatccca atttgtggt tttctttcta 2160
tatatggatt aaaacaaaaa tcctaaaggg aaatacgcca aatgttgac aatgactgct 2220
tccaggtcaa aggagagagc tgggattgtg ggtgactttt aatgtgatg attgctgta 2280
ttttacagaa tttctgcat gactgtgtat tttgcatgac acattttaaa aataataaac 2340
actattttta gaat 2354

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 64

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 199

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

&lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: interleukin 11 (IL11)

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 64

```

Met Asn Cys Val Cys Arg Leu Val Leu Val Val Leu Ser Leu Trp Pro
1           5           10           15
Asp Thr Ala Val Ala Pro Gly Pro Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Arg Val Ser
20           25           30
Pro Asp Pro Arg Ala Glu Leu Asp Ser Thr Val Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser
35           40           45
Leu Leu Ala Asp Thr Arg Gln Leu Ala Ala Gln Leu Arg Asp Lys Phe
50           55           60
Pro Ala Asp Gly Asp His Asn Leu Asp Ser Leu Pro Thr Leu Ala Met
65           70           75           80
Ser Ala Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Pro Gly Val Leu Thr Arg
85           90           95
Leu Arg Ala Asp Leu Leu Ser Tyr Leu Arg His Val Gln Trp Leu Arg
100          105          110
Arg Ala Gly Gly Ser Ser Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Pro Glu Leu Gly Thr
115          120          125
Leu Gln Ala Arg Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu Arg Arg Leu Gln Leu Leu Met
130          135          140

```

-continued

---

```

Ser Arg Leu Ala Leu Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Asp Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro
145                150                155                160

Leu Ala Pro Pro Ser Ser Ala Trp Gly Gly Ile Arg Ala Ala His Ala
                165                170                175

Ile Leu Gly Gly Leu His Leu Thr Leu Asp Trp Ala Val Arg Gly Leu
                180                185                190

Leu Leu Leu Lys Thr Arg Leu
                195

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 65
<211> LENGTH: 552
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C motif) ligand 2 (XCL2) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (21)..(365)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: XCL2

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 65

```

```

agctcagcgg gacctcagcc atgagacttc tcatcctggc cctccttggc atctgtcttc      60
tcaactgcata cattgtggaa ggtgtagggg gtgaagtctc acataggagg acctgtgtga      120
gcctcactac ccagcgactg ccagttagca gaatcaagac ctacaccatc acggaaggct      180
ccttgagagc agtaattttt attaccaaac gtggcctaaa agtctgtgct gatccacaag      240
ccacgtgggt gagagacgtg gtcaggagca tggacaggaa atccaacacc agaaataaca      300
tgatccagac caagccaaca ggaaccagc aatcgaccaa tacagctgtg acctgactg      360
gctagtagtc tctggcacc cgtccgtctc cagccagcca gctcattca ctttacacc      420
tcatggactg agattatac caccttttat gaaagcactg catgaataaa attattcctt      480
tgtattttta cttttaaatg tctctgtat tcaacttatat gttctaatta ataaattatt      540
tattattaag aa                                                    552

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 66
<211> LENGTH: 114
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C motif) ligand 2 (XCL2)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 66

```

```

Met Arg Leu Leu Ile Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Ile Cys Ser Leu Thr Ala
1                5                10                15

Tyr Ile Val Glu Gly Val Gly Ser Glu Val Ser His Arg Arg Thr Cys
                20                25                30

Val Ser Leu Thr Thr Gln Arg Leu Pro Val Ser Arg Ile Lys Thr Tyr
                35                40                45

Thr Ile Thr Glu Gly Ser Leu Arg Ala Val Ile Phe Ile Thr Lys Arg
                50                55                60

Gly Leu Lys Val Cys Ala Asp Pro Gln Ala Thr Trp Val Arg Asp Val
65                70                75                80

Val Arg Ser Met Asp Arg Lys Ser Asn Thr Arg Asn Asn Met Ile Gln
                85                90                95

Thr Lys Pro Thr Gly Thr Gln Gln Ser Thr Asn Thr Ala Val Thr Leu

```

-continued

	100	105	110	
Thr Gly				
<210> SEQ ID NO 67				
<211> LENGTH: 3432				
<212> TYPE: DNA				
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens				
<220> FEATURE:				
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin E receptor 4 (subtype EP4)				
(PTGER4) cDNA				
<220> FEATURE:				
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS				
<222> LOCATION: (593)..(2059)				
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PTGER4				
<400> SEQUENCE: 67				
gcgagagcgg agctccaagc ccggcagccc gagaggaaga tgaacagccc caggccagag				60
cctctggcag agtggacccc gagccgcccc caggtagcca ggagcggcct cagcggcagc				120
cgcaaaactcc agtagccgcc cgtgctgccc gtggctgggg cggagggcag ccagagctgg				180
ggaccaaggc tccgcgccac ctgctgcgac agcctcacac ctgaacgctg tcctcccga				240
gacgagaccg gcgggcaactg caaagctggg actcgtcttt gaaggaaaa aaatagcgag				300
taagaaatcc agcaccatcc ttcactgacc catcccgtg cacctctgt tccaagt				360
tttgaaagct ggcaactctg acctcgggtg ccaaaaaatcg acagccactg agaccggctt				420
tgagaagccg aagatttggc agttccaga ctgagcagga caagtgaaa gcaggttggg				480
ggcgggtcca ggacatctga gggctgacct tgggggctcg tgaggctgcc accgctgctg				540
ccgctacaga cccagccttg cactccaagg ctgctgcaccg ccagccacta tcatgtccac				600
tcccggggtc aattcgtccg cctccttgag ccccagccgg ctgaacagcc cagtgacct				660
cccggcggtg atgttcactc tcgggggtgt gggcaacctg gtggccatcg tggctgctgtg				720
caagtccgca aaggagcaga aggagcagc cttctacag ctggtatgtg ggctggctgt				780
caccgacctg ttggcactt tgttggtag cccggtgacc atcgccactg acatgaaggg				840
ccaatggccc gggggccagc cgctgtgcca gtacagcacc ttcattctgc tcttctcag				900
cctgtccggc ctcagcatca tctgcgccat gactgtcag cgctacctgg ccatcaacca				960
tgcctatttc tacagcact acgtggacaa gcgattggcg ggcctcagc tctttgcagt				1020
ctatgctcc aacgtgctct tttgcgctg gcccaacatg ggtctcggta gctcgggct				1080
gcagtacca gacacctggt gcttcacga ctggaccacc aacgtgacgg cgcacgccgc				1140
ctactctac atgtacggc gcttcagctc cttcctcatt ctgcccaccg tcctctgcaa				1200
cgtgcttgtg tgccgcccgc tgcctccgat gcaccgccag ttcattgccc gcacctcgt				1260
gggaccggag cagcaccacg cggcccgccc cgctcgggtt gctcctccggg gccaccccc				1320
tgcctcccca gcttgcgcc gcctcagcga ctttcggcgc cgccggagct tccgcccgt				1380
cgcggggccc gagatccaga tggatcatt actcattgcc acctccctgg tggctgctcat				1440
ctgctccatc ccgctcgtgg tgcgagtatt cgtcaaccag ttatatcagc caagtttggg				1500
gcgagaagtc agtaaaaaatc cagatttga gccatccga attgcttctg tgaaccccat				1560
cctagacccc tggatatata tcctcctgag aaagacagtg ctcaagaaag caatagagaa				1620
gatcaaatgc ctctctgcc gcattggcgg gtcccgcagg gacgctccg gacagcactg				1680
ctcagacagt caaaggacat cttctgcat gtcaggccac tctcgtcct tcactcctccg				1740

-continued

```

ggagctgaag gagatcagca gtacatctca gaccctcctg ccagacctct cactgccaga 1800
cctcagttaa aatggccttg gaggcaggaa tttgcttcca ggtgtgctg gcatgggcct 1860
ggcccaggaa gacaccacct cactgaggac tttgcgaata tcagagacct cagactcttc 1920
acagggtcag gactcagaga gtgtcttact ggtggatgag gctggtgga gcggcagggc 1980
tgggcctgcc cctaagggga gctccctgca agtcacattt cccagtgaaa cactgaactt 2040
atcagaaaaa tgtatataat aggcaaggaa agaaatacag tactgtttct ggacccttat 2100
aaaatcctgt gcaatagaca catacatgtc acatttagct gtgctcagaa gggctatcat 2160
catcctacaa ctcacattag agaacatcct ggcttttgag cacttttcaa acaatcaagt 2220
tgactcacgt gggctctgag gcctgcagca cgtcggatgc taccocacta tgacagagga 2280
ttgtggcac aacttgatgg ctgcgaagac ctaccctccg ttttttact agataggagg 2340
atggtagaag tttgctgct gtcataacat ccagagcttt gtcgtatttg gcacacagca 2400
gaggcccaga tattagaaag gctctattcc aataaactat gaggactgcc ttatggatga 2460
tttaagtgtc tcactaaagc atgaaatgtg aatttttatt gttgtacata cgatttaagg 2520
tatttaaagt attttcttct ctgtgagaag gtttattggt aatacaaggt ataataaaat 2580
tategcaacc cctctccttc cagtataacc agctgaagtt gcagatgta gatatttttc 2640
ataaaacagt tcgagtcaaa gttgaaaatt catagtaaga ttgatctta taaaatagat 2700
ataaattttt aagagaaaga atttagtatt atcaaagga taaagaaaaa aatactattt 2760
aagatgtgaa aattacagtc caaaatactg ttctttccag gctatgtata aaatacatag 2820
tgaaaattgt ttagtgatat tacatttatt tatccagaaa actgtgattt caggagaacc 2880
taacatgctg gtgaatattt tcaacttttt ccctcactaa ttggtaactt taaaaacata 2940
acataaattt tttgaagtct ttaataaata acccataatt gaagtgtata atataaaaaa 3000
ttttaaaaat ctaagcagct tattgtttct ctgaaagtgt gtgtagtttt actttcctaa 3060
ggaattacca agaatatcct ttaaaattta aaaggatggc aagttgcatc agaaagcttt 3120
attttgagat gtaaaaagat tcccaaacgt ggttacatta gccattcatg tatgtcagaa 3180
gtgcagaatt ggggcactta atggtcacct tgtaacagtt ttgtgtaact cccagtgatg 3240
ctgtacacat atttgaaggg tcttttctca agaaatatta agcatgtttt gttgctcagt 3300
gtttttgtga attgcttggt tgtaattaaa ttctgagcct gatattgata tggttttaag 3360
aagcagttgt accaagtgaa attattttgg agattataat aaatataac attcaaaaaa 3420
aaaaaaaaaa aa 3432

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 68
<211> LENGTH: 488
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin E receptor 4 (subtype EP4)
(PTGER4)

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 68

```

Met Ser Thr Pro Gly Val Asn Ser Ser Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Asp Arg
1           5           10           15
Leu Asn Ser Pro Val Thr Ile Pro Ala Val Met Phe Ile Phe Gly Val
           20           25           30

```

-continued

---

Val Gly Asn Leu Val Ala Ile Val Val Leu Cys Lys Ser Arg Lys Glu  
           35  40  45  
 Gln Lys Glu Thr Thr Phe Tyr Thr Leu Val Cys Gly Leu Ala Val Thr  
           50  55  60  
 Asp Leu Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Val Ser Pro Val Thr Ile Ala Thr Tyr  
           65  70  75  80  
 Met Lys Gly Gln Trp Pro Gly Gly Gln Pro Leu Cys Glu Tyr Ser Thr  
   85  90  95  
 Phe Ile Leu Leu Phe Phe Ser Leu Ser Gly Leu Ser Ile Ile Cys Ala  
   100  105  110  
 Met Ser Val Glu Arg Tyr Leu Ala Ile Asn His Ala Tyr Phe Tyr Ser  
   115  120  125  
 His Tyr Val Asp Lys Arg Leu Ala Gly Leu Thr Leu Phe Ala Val Tyr  
           130  135  140  
 Ala Ser Asn Val Leu Phe Cys Ala Leu Pro Asn Met Gly Leu Gly Ser  
           145  150  155  160  
 Ser Arg Leu Gln Tyr Pro Asp Thr Trp Cys Phe Ile Asp Trp Thr Thr  
   165  170  175  
 Asn Val Thr Ala His Ala Ala Tyr Ser Tyr Met Tyr Ala Gly Phe Ser  
   180  185  190  
 Ser Phe Leu Ile Leu Ala Thr Val Leu Cys Asn Val Leu Val Cys Gly  
   195  200  205  
 Ala Leu Leu Arg Met His Arg Gln Phe Met Arg Arg Thr Ser Leu Gly  
           210  215  220  
 Thr Glu Gln His His Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Ser Val Ala Ser Arg Gly  
           225  230  235  240  
 His Pro Ala Ala Ser Pro Ala Leu Pro Arg Leu Ser Asp Phe Arg Arg  
   245  250  255  
 Arg Arg Ser Phe Arg Arg Ile Ala Gly Ala Glu Ile Gln Met Val Ile  
   260  265  270  
 Leu Leu Ile Ala Thr Ser Leu Val Val Leu Ile Cys Ser Ile Pro Leu  
           275  280  285  
 Val Val Arg Val Phe Val Asn Gln Leu Tyr Gln Pro Ser Leu Glu Arg  
           290  295  300  
 Glu Val Ser Lys Asn Pro Asp Leu Gln Ala Ile Arg Ile Ala Ser Val  
           305  310  315  320  
 Asn Pro Ile Leu Asp Pro Trp Ile Tyr Ile Leu Leu Arg Lys Thr Val  
   325  330  335  
 Leu Ser Lys Ala Ile Glu Lys Ile Lys Cys Leu Phe Cys Arg Ile Gly  
   340  345  350  
 Gly Ser Arg Arg Glu Arg Ser Gly Gln His Cys Ser Asp Ser Gln Arg  
           355  360  365  
 Thr Ser Ser Ala Met Ser Gly His Ser Arg Ser Phe Ile Ser Arg Glu  
           370  375  380  
 Leu Lys Glu Ile Ser Ser Thr Ser Gln Thr Leu Leu Pro Asp Leu Ser  
           385  390  395  400  
 Leu Pro Asp Leu Ser Glu Asn Gly Leu Gly Gly Arg Asn Leu Leu Pro  
   405  410  415  
 Gly Val Pro Gly Met Gly Leu Ala Gln Glu Asp Thr Thr Ser Leu Arg  
           420  425  430  
 Thr Leu Arg Ile Ser Glu Thr Ser Asp Ser Ser Gln Gly Gln Asp Ser

-continued

435	440	445	
Glu Ser Val Leu Leu Val Asp	Glu Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Arg Ala Gly		
450	455	460	
Pro Ala Pro Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu Gln Val Thr	Phe Pro Ser Glu Thr		
465	470	475	480
Leu Asn Leu Ser Glu Lys Cys Ile			
485			
<p>&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 69                  &lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 4145                  &lt;212&gt; TYPE: DNA                  &lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens                  &lt;220&gt; FEATURE:                  &lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: caspase 2, apoptosis-related cysteine peptidase                  (neural precursor cell expressed, developmentally                  down-regulated 2) (CASP2) cDNA                  &lt;220&gt; FEATURE:                  &lt;221&gt; NAME/KEY: CDS                  &lt;222&gt; LOCATION: (148)..(1506)                  &lt;223&gt; OTHER INFORMATION: CASP2</p>			
<p>&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 69</p>			
gggtggcctg gtgtgtgggc gcggcagggc gcaggcgag cgcagtggtg cgtcccgcgc			60
tgaggggagg gatgtggggg aagcgacggc ccccggttg tttgggctgt gggcggtgcc			120
cagcggagag cccgggaaaa gcgggaaatg gcggcgccga gcgcggggtc ttggtccacc			180
ttccagcaca aggagctgat ggccgctgac aggggacgca ggatattggg agtgtgtggc			240
atgcacctc atcatcagga aactctaaaa aagaaccgag tgggtctagc caaacagctg			300
ttgttgagcg aattgttaga acatctcttg gagaaggaca tcatcacctt ggaatgagg			360
gagctcatcc aggccaaagt gggcagtttc agccagaatg tggaaactcct caacttgctg			420
cctaagaggg gtcccacaag ttttgatgcc ttctgtgaag cactgaggga gaccaagcaa			480
ggccacctgg aggatatgtt gctcaccacc ctttctgggc ttcagcatgt actcccaccg			540
ttgagctgtg actacgactt gagtctccct tttccgggtg gtgagtcctg tcccctttac			600
aagaagctcc gcctgtcgac agatactgtg gaactctcc tagacaataa agatggctct			660
gtctgccttc agtggaagcc ttgcaactcct gaattttatc aaacacactt ccagctggca			720
tataggttgc agtctcggcc tcgtggccta gcaactggtg tgagcaatgt gcacttcaact			780
ggagagaaag aactggaatt tcgctctgga ggggatgtgg accacagtac tctagtcaac			840
ctcttcaagc ttttgggcta tgacgtccat gttctatgtg accagactgc acaggaaatg			900
caagagaaac tgcagaatth tgcacagtta cctgcacacc gagtcacgga ctctctgcatc			960
gtggcactcc tctcgcagtg tgtggagggc gccatctatg gtgtggatgg gaaactgctc			1020
cagctccaag aggtttttca gctctttgac aacgccaact gcccaagcct acagaacaaa			1080
ccaaaaatgt tcttcatcca ggctcgccgt ggagatgaga ctgatcgtgg ggttgaccaa			1140
caagatggaa agaaccacgc aggatcccct gggcgcgagg agagtgtgac cggtaaaagaa			1200
aagttgccga agatgagact gcccacgcgc tcagacatga tatcgggcta tgccctgctc			1260
aaagggactg ccgccatgag gaacacaaa cgaggttctc ggtacatcga ggctcttgct			1320
caagtgtttt ctgagcgggc ttgtgatatg cacgtggccg acatgctggt taaggtgaa			1380
gcacttatca aggatcggga aggttatgct cctggcacag aattccaccg gtgcaaggag			1440
atgtctgaat actgcagcac tctgtgccgc cacctctacc tgttcccagg acaccctccc			1500

---

-continued

---

acatgatgtc acctcccacat catccacgcc aagtggaagc cactggacca caggaggtgt 1560  
gatagagcct ttgatcttca ggatgcacgg tttctgttct gcccctcag ggatgtggga 1620  
atctcccaga cttgtttcct gtgcccatac tctctgcctt tgagtgtggg actccaggcc 1680  
agctcctttt ctgtgaagcc ctttgccctg agagccagcc ttggttgac ctattgccag 1740  
gaatgtttca gctgcagttg aagagcctga caagtgaagt tgtaaacaca gtgtggttat 1800  
ggggagaggg catataaatt ccccatattt gtgttcagtt ccagcttttg tagatggcac 1860  
tttagtgatt gcttttatta cattagttaa gatgtctgag agaccatctc ctatctttta 1920  
tttcattcat atcctccgcc cttttgtcc tagagtgaga gtttgaagg tgtccaaat 1980  
taatgtagac attatctttt ggctctgaag aagcaaacat gactagagac gcacctgct 2040  
gcagtgtcca gaagcggcct gtgcgttccc ttcagtactg cagcggcacc cagtggaagg 2100  
acactcttgg ctgctttggg ctcaaggcac cgcagcctgt cagccaacat tgccttgcac 2160  
ttgtacctta ttgatctttg cccatggaag tctcaaatg ctttctgttg ttgtttctct 2220  
gagctttgtt actgaaatga gcctcgtggg gagcatcaga gaaggccagg aagaatggtg 2280  
tgtttcccta gactctgtaa ccacctctct gtctttttcc ttcctgagaa acgtccatct 2340  
ctctccctta ctattcccac tttcattcaa tcaacctgca cttcatatct agatttctag 2400  
aaaagcttcc tagcttatct ccctgcttca tatctctccc tctttacct tcatttcatc 2460  
ctgttgctg ctgccaccaa atctgtctag aatcctgctt tacaggatca tgtaaatgct 2520  
caaagatgta atgtagtctt ttgttctgc tttctcttcc agtattaaac tctcctttga 2580  
tattatgtgg cttttatttc agtgcatac atgttattgt tttcaacct gaaaccttta 2640  
tcctgctta tetgaaactt cccaacttcc ctgttcttta agaacttttt ttttttttt 2700  
tttttttttg agacagagtc tcgctctgtc gccagggctg gagggcagtg gcacgatctc 2760  
agctcactgc aagctccaac tcccgggttc acgccattct cctgctcag ccttccaagt 2820  
agctgggact acaggtgccc gccaccgtgc ccggctaatt tttttgtatt tttagtagag 2880  
acagggtttc accatgttag ccgggatggt cttgatctcc tgacctcatg atccaccac 2940  
ctcagcctcc caaagtgttg ggattacagg cgtgagccac tgcgcccggg caagacctt 3000  
ttttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaacttccat tctttcttcc tccagtctgt tctcacataa 3060  
cagagttagt ttggttttta attttttttg gttgtttgct gttttttgtt ttttaagggtg 3120  
agttctcact atgtttctca gactggtctc gaactcctgg cctcaagcca tcttcccgc 3180  
tcagcctctc aaatagctgg gcttacagge atgagccacc acacctggcc aggatttgg 3240  
tgtttaaata taaatctgat cccccctg cttagaacct ttctgcttcc tattaccct 3300  
catttaaat gtaaacctct caccttggtt tatgagaact ggttcttgc tccccttga 3360  
acctcattaa atgggtgatt cttgctaagc tccagcccga gtggtctcct ctcagcttct 3420  
aattttgtgc tcttctctgc ccttttctg ggcttctca gctctccacc cccaccactc 3480  
ttgactcagg tgggtctctt cttcctcaag tcttgacaat tcccgggccc ttcagtcct 3540  
gagcagtcta cttctgtgtc tgtcaccaca tcttgtcttt tcccctcatt gcatttattg 3600  
cagtttatat atatgctact tttacttgtt catttctgtc tcccctacca ggctgtaaat 3660  
gagggcagaa acctgttttg ttttattcac catcatgtac caagtgcttg gcacatagtg 3720  
ggccttcatt aaatgttttg tgaataaaa agggaagaag gcaagccaac cttagctaca 3780

-continued

```

atcctacctt ttgataaaat gttccttttg acaatataca cggattatta tttgtacttt 3840
gtttttccat gtgttttgct tttatccact ggcattttta gtccttgaa gacatatcat 3900
gtgtgagata acttccttca catctcccat ggtccctagc aaaatgctag gcctgtagta 3960
gtcaagggtgc tcaataaata tttgtttggg tggtttga gaagtcctgc caagtcctgc 4020
ctttgggtcg acatagtatg gaagtatttg agagagagaa cctttccact cccaactgcca 4080
ggattttgta ttgccatcgg gtgccaataa aatgctcata tttattaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 4140
aaaaa 4145

```

&lt;210&gt; SEQ ID NO 70

&lt;211&gt; LENGTH: 452

&lt;212&gt; TYPE: PRT

&lt;213&gt; ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt; FEATURE:

```

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: caspase 2, apoptosis-related cysteine peptidase
(neural precursor cell expressed, developmentally
down-regulated 2) (CASP2)

```

&lt;400&gt; SEQUENCE: 70

```

Met Ala Ala Pro Ser Ala Gly Ser Trp Ser Thr Phe Gln His Lys Glu
1          5          10          15
Leu Met Ala Ala Asp Arg Gly Arg Arg Ile Leu Gly Val Cys Gly Met
          20          25          30
His Pro His His Gln Glu Thr Leu Lys Lys Asn Arg Val Val Leu Ala
          35          40          45
Lys Gln Leu Leu Leu Ser Glu Leu Leu Glu His Leu Leu Glu Lys Asp
          50          55          60
Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Glu Leu Ile Gln Ala Lys Val Gly Ser
65          70          75          80
Phe Ser Gln Asn Val Glu Leu Leu Asn Leu Leu Pro Lys Arg Gly Pro
          85          90          95
Gln Ala Phe Asp Ala Phe Cys Glu Ala Leu Arg Glu Thr Lys Gln Gly
          100          105          110
His Leu Glu Asp Met Leu Leu Thr Thr Leu Ser Gly Leu Gln His Val
          115          120          125
Leu Pro Pro Leu Ser Cys Asp Tyr Asp Leu Ser Leu Pro Phe Pro Val
          130          135          140
Cys Glu Ser Cys Pro Leu Tyr Lys Lys Leu Arg Leu Ser Thr Asp Thr
145          150          155          160
Val Glu His Ser Leu Asp Asn Lys Asp Gly Pro Val Cys Leu Gln Val
          165          170          175
Lys Pro Cys Thr Pro Glu Phe Tyr Gln Thr His Phe Gln Leu Ala Tyr
          180          185          190
Arg Leu Gln Ser Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu Ala Leu Val Leu Ser Asn Val
          195          200          205
His Phe Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Leu Glu Phe Arg Ser Gly Gly Asp Val
          210          215          220
Asp His Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Leu Phe Lys Leu Leu Gly Tyr Asp Val
225          230          235          240
His Val Leu Cys Asp Gln Thr Ala Gln Glu Met Gln Glu Lys Leu Gln
          245          250          255
Asn Phe Ala Gln Leu Pro Ala His Arg Val Thr Asp Ser Cys Ile Val

```

-continued

	260		265		270										
Ala	Leu	Leu	Ser	His	Gly	Val	Glu	Gly	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Val	Asp	Gly
	275						280					285			
Lys	Leu	Leu	Gln	Leu	Gln	Glu	Val	Phe	Gln	Leu	Phe	Asp	Asn	Ala	Asn
	290					295						300			
Cys	Pro	Ser	Leu	Gln	Asn	Lys	Pro	Lys	Met	Phe	Phe	Ile	Gln	Ala	Cys
305					310					315					320
Arg	Gly	Asp	Glu	Thr	Asp	Arg	Gly	Val	Asp	Gln	Gln	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asn
				325					330						335
His	Ala	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ala	Gly	Lys	Glu	Lys
			340						345						350
Leu	Pro	Lys	Met	Arg	Leu	Pro	Thr	Arg	Ser	Asp	Met	Ile	Cys	Gly	Tyr
		355					360						365		
Ala	Cys	Leu	Lys	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ala	Met	Arg	Asn	Thr	Lys	Arg	Gly	Ser
	370					375							380		
Trp	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gln	Val	Phe	Ser	Glu	Arg	Ala	Cys	Asp
385					390					395					400
Met	His	Val	Ala	Asp	Met	Leu	Val	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Asp
				405						410					415
Arg	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Gly	Thr	Glu	Phe	His	Arg	Cys	Lys	Glu	Met
			420						425						430
Ser	Glu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Thr	Leu	Cys	Arg	His	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Pro	Gly
		435					440								445
His	Pro	Pro	Thr												
	450														

<210> SEQ ID NO 71  
 <211> LENGTH: 1101  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, short cytoplasmic tail, 1 (KIR2DS1) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (14)..(928)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: KIR2DS1

<400> SEQUENCE: 71  
 caccggcagc accatgtcgc tcacggctgt cagcatggcg tgtgttgggt tcttcttget 60  
 gcagggggcc tggccacatg agggagtcca cagaaaacct tccctcctgg cccaccagg 120  
 tcgcctgggtg aaatcagaag agacagtcac cctgcaatgt tggtcagatg tcatgtttga 180  
 acacttcctt ctgcacagag aggggatggt taacgacact ttgcgcctca ttggagaaca 240  
 ccatgatggg gtctccaagg ccaacttctc catcagtcgc atgaagcaag acctggcagg 300  
 gacctacaga tgctacgggt ctgttactca ctccccctat cagttgtcag ctcccagtga 360  
 ccctctggac atcgtgatca taggtctata tgagaaaacct tctctctcag cccagccggg 420  
 ccccacgggt ctggcaggag agaatgtgac cttgtcctgc agctcccgga gctcctatga 480  
 catgtacat ctatccaggg aaggggagge ccatgaacgt aggtccctg cagggaacca 540  
 ggtcaacgga acattccagg ccaactttcc tctgggcct gccaccatg gagggacct 600  
 cagatgcttc ggtctttcc gtgactctcc atacgagtgg tcaaagtcaa gtgaccact 660  
 gcttgtttct gtcacaggaa acccttcaaa tagttggcct tcaccactg aaccaagctc 720

-continued

```

cgaaaccggg aaccccagac acctacatgt tetgattggg acctcagtg tcaaaatccc 780
tttcaccatc ctctctttct ttctccttca tcgctgggtgc tccgacaaaa aaaatgctgc 840
tgtaatggac caagagcctg cagggaacag aacagtgaac agcgaggatt ctgatgaaca 900
agaccatcag gaggtgtcat acgcataatt ggatcactgt gttttcacac agagaaaaat 960
cactcgccct tetgagaggc ccaagacacc cccaacagat accagcatgt acatagaact 1020
tccaaatgct gagcccagat ccaaagttgt cttctgtcca cgagcaccac agtcaggcct 1080
tgaggggatc ttctaggagg a 1101

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 72
<211> LENGTH: 304
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two
domains, short cytoplasmic tail, 1 (KIR2DS1)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 72

```

```

Met Ser Leu Thr Val Val Ser Met Ala Cys Val Gly Phe Phe Leu Leu
1           5           10          15
Gln Gly Ala Trp Pro His Glu Gly Val His Arg Lys Pro Ser Leu Leu
20          25          30
Ala His Pro Gly Arg Leu Val Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Val Ile Leu Gln
35          40          45
Cys Trp Ser Asp Val Met Phe Glu His Phe Leu Leu His Arg Glu Gly
50          55          60
Met Phe Asn Asp Thr Leu Arg Leu Ile Gly Glu His His Asp Gly Val
65          70          75          80
Ser Lys Ala Asn Phe Ser Ile Ser Arg Met Lys Gln Asp Leu Ala Gly
85          90          95
Thr Tyr Arg Cys Tyr Gly Ser Val Thr His Ser Pro Tyr Gln Leu Ser
100         105         110
Ala Pro Ser Asp Pro Leu Asp Ile Val Ile Ile Gly Leu Tyr Glu Lys
115         120         125
Pro Ser Leu Ser Ala Gln Pro Gly Pro Thr Val Leu Ala Gly Glu Asn
130         135         140
Val Thr Leu Ser Cys Ser Ser Arg Ser Ser Tyr Asp Met Tyr His Leu
145         150         155         160
Ser Arg Glu Gly Glu Ala His Glu Arg Arg Leu Pro Ala Gly Thr Lys
165         170         175
Val Asn Gly Thr Phe Gln Ala Asn Phe Pro Leu Gly Pro Ala Thr His
180         185         190
Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Cys Phe Gly Ser Phe Arg Asp Ser Pro Tyr Glu
195         200         205
Trp Ser Lys Ser Ser Asp Pro Leu Leu Val Ser Val Thr Gly Asn Pro
210         215         220
Ser Asn Ser Trp Pro Ser Pro Thr Glu Pro Ser Ser Glu Thr Gly Asn
225         230         235         240
Pro Arg His Leu His Val Leu Ile Gly Thr Ser Val Val Lys Ile Pro
245         250         255
Phe Thr Ile Leu Leu Phe Phe Leu Leu His Arg Trp Cys Ser Asp Lys
260         265         270

```

-continued

Lys Asn Ala Ala Val Met Asp Gln Glu Pro Ala Gly Asn Arg Thr Val  
 275 280 285  
 Asn Ser Glu Asp Ser Asp Glu Gln Asp His Gln Glu Val Ser Tyr Ala  
 290 295 300

<210> SEQ ID NO 73  
 <211> LENGTH: 2964  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 2 (MAP4K2) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (93)..(2555)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: MAP4K2

<400> SEQUENCE: 73

cagagccacg ggcgcccgcc ccgccccgcg ccgccccgcg ccggetccgc agctcgcgcc 60  
 cgccccctg ccggcccgcc cggcgccggg ccatggcgct gctcgggat gtgtcgtcgc 120  
 aggaccgcg ggaccgcttc gagctgtgc agcgcgtggg ggccgggacc tatggcgacg 180  
 tctacaaggc ccgcgacacg gtcacgtccg aactggccgc cgtgaagata gtcaagctag 240  
 acccagggga cgacatcagc tccctccagc aggaaatcac catcctgcgt gagtgccgcc 300  
 accccaatgt ggtggcctac attggcagct acctcaggaa tgaccgcttg tggatctgca 360  
 tggagtctg ccgagggggc tccctgcagg agatttacca tgccactggg cccctggagg 420  
 agcggcagat tgccctacgc tgccgagagg cactgaaggg gctccaccac ctgcattctc 480  
 aggggaagat ccacagagac atcaaggagg ccaaccttct cctcactctc caggagatg 540  
 tcaaaactggc tgactttggg gtgtcaggcg agctgacagc gtctgtggcc aagaggaggt 600  
 ctttcattgg gactccctac tggatggctc ccgaggtggc tgctgtggag cgcaaagggtg 660  
 gctacaatga gctatgtgac gtctgggccc tgggcatcac tgccattgag ctgggcgagc 720  
 tgcagcccc tctgttccac ctgcacccca tgagggccct gatgctcatg tcgaagagca 780  
 gcttccagcc gcccaaaact agagataaga ctcgctggac ccagaatttc caccacttct 840  
 tcaaaactggc cctgaccaag aatcctaaga agaggccgac agcagagaag ctctgcagc 900  
 acccgttcac gactcagcag ctccctcggg cctcctcac acagctgctg gacaaagcca 960  
 gtgacctca tctggggacc ccctcccctg aggactgtga gotggagacc tatgacatgt 1020  
 ttccagacac cattcactcc cgggggcagc acggcccagc cgagaggacc ccctcggaga 1080  
 tccagtttca ccaggtgaaa tttggcggcc cacgcaggaa ggaaactgac cactgaatg 1140  
 agcctgggga ggaagagtgg acactactgg gaaaggaaga gttgagtggg agcctgctgc 1200  
 agtcggtcca ggaggccctg gaggaaagga gtctgactat tcggtcagcc tcagaattcc 1260  
 aggagctgga ctccccagac gataccatgg gaaccatcaa gggggcccg ttctagggc 1320  
 cactccccac tgacctcca gcagaggagc ctctgtccag tccccagga accctgcccc 1380  
 cacctccttc agggcccaac agctccccac tgctgcccac ggcctgggcc accatgaagc 1440  
 agcgggagga tctcagagg tcactctgcc acgggctccc cccaactccc aaggtgcata 1500  
 tgggcgctg cttctccaag gtcttcaatg gctgcccctc ggggatccac gctgctgca 1560  
 cctggattca cctgttact cgggaccagt tctgtgtgtt aggggcccag gaaggcatct 1620

-continued

```

acacactcaa cctgcatgaa ctgcatgagg atacgctgga gaagctgatt tcacatcgct 1680
gctcctggct ctactgcgtg aacaacgtgc tgctgtcact ctcagggaaa tccacgcaca 1740
tctgggcccc tgacctccca ggctgtttg agcagcggag gctacagcaa cagggtcccc 1800
tctccatccc caccaaccgc ctcaccagc gcatcatecc caggcgtttt gctctgtcca 1860
ccaagattcc tgacacaaa ggctgcttgc agtgtcgtgt ggtgcggaac cctacacgg 1920
gtgccacctt cctgctggcc gccctgccca ccagcctgct cctgctgcag tggtatgagc 1980
cgctgcagaa gtttctgtg ctgaagaact tctccagccc tctgccagc ccagctggga 2040
tgctggagcc gctggtgctg gatgggaagg agctgccgca ggtgtgtgtt ggggccgagg 2100
ggcctgaggg gccccgctgc cgcgtcctgt tccatgtect gccctggag gctggcctga 2160
cgcccgacat cctcatccca cctgagggga tcccaggctc ggcccagcag gtgatccagg 2220
tggacagggg cacaaatccta gtcagctttg aacgctgtgt gaggattgtc aacatgcagg 2280
gcgagcccac gcccacactg gcacctgagc tgacctttga tttcccatac gagactgtgg 2340
tgtgcctgca ggacagtgtg ctggccttct ggagccatgg gatgcaaggc cgaagcctgg 2400
ataccaatga ggtgacccag gagatcacag atgaaacaag gatcttccga gtgcttgggg 2460
cccacagaga catcatcctg gagagcattc cactgacaa cccagaggcg cacagcaacc 2520
tctacatcct cacgggccac cagagcacct actaagagca gcgggctgt ccaggggctc 2580
ccccccccc cccacgcctt agctgcagc ccttttgggc aaaggggccc atcctagacc 2640
agaggagccc aggccctggc cctgctgggg ctgaaggcca gaagtaatcc tgagaaatgt 2700
ttcaggcctg gggaggagg ggagcccccg acgcctctgc aataactgga ccagggggag 2760
ctgctgtcac tccccatcc ccgaggcagc ccagtccta gtgcccaagg cagggaccct 2820
gggcctgggc catccattcc atttgttcc acatttcctt tctactcttt ctgccaagag 2880
cctgcccctg cattgttct gggaaacacg gtatttaaga gagaactata ttggtattaa 2940
agctggtttg ttttaaaaa aaaa 2964
    
```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 74
<211> LENGTH: 820
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase
kinase 2 (MAP4K2)
    
```

<400> SEQUENCE: 74

```

Met Ala Leu Leu Arg Asp Val Ser Leu Gln Asp Pro Arg Asp Arg Phe
1           5           10           15
Glu Leu Leu Gln Arg Val Gly Ala Gly Thr Tyr Gly Asp Val Tyr Lys
20           25           30
Ala Arg Asp Thr Val Thr Ser Glu Leu Ala Ala Val Lys Ile Val Lys
35           40           45
Leu Asp Pro Gly Asp Asp Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Gln Glu Ile Thr Ile
50           55           60
Leu Arg Glu Cys Arg His Pro Asn Val Val Ala Tyr Ile Gly Ser Tyr
65           70           75           80
Leu Arg Asn Asp Arg Leu Trp Ile Cys Met Glu Phe Cys Gly Gly Gly
85           90           95
Ser Leu Gln Glu Ile Tyr His Ala Thr Gly Pro Leu Glu Glu Arg Gln
    
```

-continued

100					105					110					
Ile	Ala	Tyr	Val	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	His	His	Leu	His
	115						120					125			
Ser	Gln	Gly	Lys	Ile	His	Arg	Asp	Ile	Lys	Gly	Ala	Asn	Leu	Leu	Leu
	130					135					140				
Thr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Asp	Val	Lys	Leu	Ala	Asp	Phe	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Glu
	145				150					155					160
Leu	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val	Ala	Lys	Arg	Arg	Ser	Phe	Ile	Gly	Thr	Pro	Tyr
			165						170					175	
Trp	Met	Ala	Pro	Glu	Val	Ala	Ala	Val	Glu	Arg	Lys	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Asn
		180						185						190	
Glu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Val	Trp	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ile	Glu	Leu	Gly
		195					200					205			
Glu	Leu	Gln	Pro	Pro	Leu	Phe	His	Leu	His	Pro	Met	Arg	Ala	Leu	Met
	210					215						220			
Leu	Met	Ser	Lys	Ser	Ser	Phe	Gln	Pro	Pro	Lys	Leu	Arg	Asp	Lys	Thr
	225				230					235					240
Arg	Trp	Thr	Gln	Asn	Phe	His	His	Phe	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Lys
				245					250						255
Asn	Pro	Lys	Lys	Arg	Pro	Thr	Ala	Glu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Gln	His	Pro	Phe
			260					265					270		
Thr	Thr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Leu	Leu	Asp	Lys
		275					280					285			
Ala	Ser	Asp	Pro	His	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Pro	Glu	Asp	Cys	Glu	Leu
	290					295					300				
Glu	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Met	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	Ile	His	Ser	Arg	Gly	Gln	His
	305				310					315					320
Gly	Pro	Ala	Glu	Arg	Thr	Pro	Ser	Glu	Ile	Gln	Phe	His	Gln	Val	Lys
			325					330						335	
Phe	Gly	Ala	Pro	Arg	Arg	Lys	Glu	Thr	Asp	Pro	Leu	Asn	Glu	Pro	Trp
		340						345					350		
Glu	Glu	Glu	Trp	Thr	Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu
		355					360					365			
Leu	Gln	Ser	Val	Gln	Glu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Glu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ile	Arg
	370					375					380				
Ser	Ala	Ser	Glu	Phe	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ser	Pro	Asp	Asp	Thr	Met	Gly
	385				390					395					400
Thr	Ile	Lys	Arg	Ala	Pro	Phe	Leu	Gly	Pro	Leu	Pro	Thr	Asp	Pro	Pro
				405					410					415	
Ala	Glu	Glu	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Pro	Pro
			420					425					430		
Ser	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ser	Pro	Leu	Leu	Pro	Thr	Ala	Trp	Ala	Thr	Met
		435					440					445			
Lys	Gln	Arg	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ser	Ser	Cys	His	Gly	Leu	Pro	Pro
	450					455					460				
Thr	Pro	Lys	Val	His	Met	Gly	Ala	Cys	Phe	Ser	Lys	Val	Phe	Asn	Gly
	465				470					475					480
Cys	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ile	His	Ala	Ala	Val	Thr	Trp	Ile	His	Pro	Val	Thr
			485						490					495	
Arg	Asp	Gln	Phe	Leu	Val	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Glu	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Leu
			500					505						510	

-continued

---

```

Asn Leu His Glu Leu His Glu Asp Thr Leu Glu Lys Leu Ile Ser His
 515                               520                               525

Arg Cys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Cys Val Asn Asn Val Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser
 530                               535                               540

Gly Lys Ser Thr His Ile Trp Ala His Asp Leu Pro Gly Leu Phe Glu
 545                               550                               555                               560

Gln Arg Arg Leu Gln Gln Gln Val Pro Leu Ser Ile Pro Thr Asn Arg
 565                               570                               575

Leu Thr Gln Arg Ile Ile Pro Arg Arg Phe Ala Leu Ser Thr Lys Ile
 580                               585                               590

Pro Asp Thr Lys Gly Cys Leu Gln Cys Arg Val Val Arg Asn Pro Tyr
 595                               600                               605

Thr Gly Ala Thr Phe Leu Leu Ala Ala Leu Pro Thr Ser Leu Leu Leu
 610                               615                               620

Leu Gln Trp Tyr Glu Pro Leu Gln Lys Phe Leu Leu Leu Lys Asn Phe
 625                               630                               635                               640

Ser Ser Pro Leu Pro Ser Pro Ala Gly Met Leu Glu Pro Leu Val Leu
 645                               650                               655

Asp Gly Lys Glu Leu Pro Gln Val Cys Val Gly Ala Glu Gly Pro Glu
 660                               665                               670

Gly Pro Gly Cys Arg Val Leu Phe His Val Leu Pro Leu Glu Ala Gly
 675                               680                               685

Leu Thr Pro Asp Ile Leu Ile Pro Pro Glu Gly Ile Pro Gly Ser Ala
 690                               695                               700

Gln Gln Val Ile Gln Val Asp Arg Asp Thr Ile Leu Val Ser Phe Glu
 705                               710                               715                               720

Arg Cys Val Arg Ile Val Asn Met Gln Gly Glu Pro Thr Ala Thr Leu
 725                               730                               735

Ala Pro Glu Leu Thr Phe Asp Phe Pro Ile Glu Thr Val Val Cys Leu
 740                               745                               750

Gln Asp Ser Val Leu Ala Phe Trp Ser His Gly Met Gln Gly Arg Ser
 755                               760                               765

Leu Asp Thr Asn Glu Val Thr Gln Glu Ile Thr Asp Glu Thr Arg Ile
 770                               775                               780

Phe Arg Val Leu Gly Ala His Arg Asp Ile Ile Leu Glu Ser Ile Pro
 785                               790                               795                               800

Thr Asp Asn Pro Glu Ala His Ser Asn Leu Tyr Ile Leu Thr Gly His
 805                               810                               815

Gln Ser Thr Tyr
 820

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 75
<211> LENGTH: 2475
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (119)..(463)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CXCL5

<400> SEQUENCE: 75

```

```

gtgcagaagg caccgaggaag ccacagtgtc ccggatcctc caatcttcgc tctccaatc 60

```

-continued

---

tccgctctc caccagttc aggaaccgc gaccgctgc agcgctctc tgaccactat	120
gagctcctg tccagccgc cggcccgtg ccccggtcc tcgagctcct tgtgcccgt	180
gttggtgctg ctgctgctgc tgacgcagcc agggcccatc gccagcctg gtccctgccg	240
tgctgtgtg agagagctgc gttgcgttg tttacagacc acgcaaggag ttcattccaa	300
aatgatcagt aatctgcaag tgttcgcat aggccacag tgctccaagg tggaaagtgt	360
agctcctcg aagaacggga aggaaattg tcttgatcca gaagccctt tctaaagaa	420
agtcattccag aaaatttgg acggtggaaa caaggaaaac tgattaagag aatgagcac	480
gcatgaaaa gttcccagt cttcagcaga gaagtttct ggaggtctc gaaccaggg	540
aagacaagaa ggaagattt tgtgtgtgt tgtttattg ttttccagt agttagctt	600
cttctggat tctcacttt gaagagtgt aggaaaacct atgttgccg cttaagctt	660
cagctcagct aatgaagtgt ttagcatagt acctctgcta tttgctgta ttttatctgc	720
tatgctattg aagtttggc aattgactat agtgtgagc aggaatcact ggetgttaat	780
ctttcaaagt gtctgaatt gtaggtgact attatattc caagaaatat tcttaagat	840
attaactgag aaggctgtg atttaagtgt gaaatgatgt ttcataagaa tctgttgat	900
ggaatacac tgttatctc acttttata gaaataggaa atattttaat gtttcttggg	960
gaatatgta gagaatttc tctctctga ttgtgggata ctatttaatt atttcactt	1020
agaaagctga gtgttcaca ccttatctat gtagaatata tttccttatt cagaattct	1080
aaaagttaa gttctatgag ggctaatac ttatctctc ataattttag acattctta	1140
tcttttagt atggcaaac gccatcatt acttttaaac tttgattta tatgctatt	1200
attaagtatt ttattaggag taccataatt ctggtagcta aatataat ttagatagat	1260
gaagaagcta gaaaacaggc aaattcctga ctgctagtt atataagaa gtattcttt	1320
agtttttaa gtaaaggcaa acttaacaat gacttgact ctgaaagtt tggaaacgta	1380
ttcaacaat ttgaatata atttatcatt tagttataa aatataagc gacatcctg	1440
aggccctagc atttctcct ggatagggga ccagagagag ctggaatgt taaaaaaaa	1500
aaaaaaaaa aaaaaacaag gagaagtgt ccaagggatg tcaattttt atccctctg	1560
atgggttaga ttttcaaaa tcataattg aagaaggcca gcatttatg tagaatatat	1620
aattatata aaggtggcca cgtggggca agttccctc cactcacag ctttggccc	1680
ttcacagag tagaacctg gttagaggat tgcagaagc gagcggcagc ggggaggca	1740
gggaagatgc ctgctgggtt tttagcacag ttcatttcac tgggatttg aagcattct	1800
gtctgaatgt aaagcctgt ctagtctgg tggacacac tggggttggg ggtggggaa	1860
gatgctgtaa tgaaccggg tagtcagtgt tgtcttaata tcttgataa tgctgtaa	1920
ttattttta caaatattt tgtttaagc atttcacct tgtttgaaa tcttccctt	1980
ttaaagagaa aatgtgacac ttgtgaaaag gctttagga aagctcctc cttttttct	2040
ttaaacctt aatgacaaa ctaggtaat taatggtgt gaattctat ttttcttg	2100
ttttaatga acatttctc ttcagaatag gattctgtg taatattaa atggcaaaa	2160
caaacataa ttttgtgaa ttaacaaag tactgcaaga aaaataaac atttcttgg	2220
aaaaacgtat gatttatat attatatt tatatata atataata tatttagcat	2280
tgctgagctt tttagatgc tattgtgtat cttttaaagg ttttgacct tttgtatga	2340

-continued

---

```

gtaattacat atatattaca ttcactatat taaaattgta cttttttact atgtgtotca 2400
ttggttcata gtctttatatt tgcctcttga ataacatta aaagatttct aaacttcaaa 2460
aaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 2475

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 76
<211> LENGTH: 114
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 76

```

```

Met Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Ser Ser
1           5           10           15
Ser Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Pro Gly
          20           25           30
Pro Ile Ala Ser Ala Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Val Leu Arg Glu Leu Arg
          35           40           45
Cys Val Cys Leu Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Val His Pro Lys Met Ile Ser
          50           55           60
Asn Leu Gln Val Phe Ala Ile Gly Pro Gln Cys Ser Lys Val Glu Val
65           70           75           80
Val Ala Ser Leu Lys Asn Gly Lys Glu Ile Cys Leu Asp Pro Glu Ala
          85           90           95
Pro Phe Leu Lys Lys Val Ile Gln Lys Ile Leu Asp Gly Gly Asn Lys
          100          105          110

```

```

Glu Asn

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 77
<211> LENGTH: 1166
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3 (CXCL3) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (163)..(486)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CXCL3

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 77

```

```

gctccgggaa tttccctggc ccggccgctc cgggctttcc agtctcaacc atgcataaaa 60
agggttcgcc gatcttgggg agccacacag cccgggtcgc aggcacctcc ccgccagctc 120
tcccgtttct cgcacagctt cccgacgcgt ctgctgagcc ccatggccca cggccagctc 180
tccgcccgcc ccagcaatcc ccggctcctg cgggtggcgc tgctgctcct getcctggtg 240
gccgccagcc ggcgcgcagc aggagcgtcc gtggtcactg aactgcgctg ccagtgcttg 300
cagacactgc agggaattca cctcaagaac atccaaagtg tgaatgtaag gtcccccgga 360
ccccactgcg cccaaaccga agtcatagcc aactcaaga atgggaagaa agcttgcttc 420
aaccccgcac ccccattggt tcagaaaatc atcgaaaaga tactgaacaa ggggagcacc 480
aactgacagg agagaagtaa gaagcttata agcgtatcat tgacacttcc tgcagggtgg 540
tcctgacct taccagagct gaaaatgaaa aagagaacag cagctttcta gggacagctg 600
gaaaggactt aatgtgtttg actatttctt acgagggttc tacttattta tgtatttatt 660

```

-continued

```

tttgaaagct tgtatnttaa tattttacat gctgttattt aaagatgtga gtgtgtttca 720
tcaaacatag ctacgtcctg attatntaat tggaatatga tgggtnttaa atgtgtcatt 780
aaactaatat ttagtgggag accataatgt gtcagccacc ttgataaatg acaggggtggg 840
gaactggagg gtggggggat tgaaatgcaa gcaattagtg gatcactgtt agggtaaggg 900
aatgtatgta cacatctatt ttttatactt tttntntaaa aaaagaatgt cagttgttat 960
ttattcaaat tatctcacat tatgtgttca acattnttat gotgaagttt cccttagaca 1020
ttttatgtct tgctgttagg gcataatgcc ttgtntaatg tccattctgc agcgtntctc 1080
tttcccttgg aaaagagaat ttatcattac tgttacattt gtacaaatga catgataata 1140
aaagttntat gaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 1166

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 78
<211> LENGTH: 107
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3 (CXCL3) cDNA

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 78

```

```

Met Ala His Ala Thr Leu Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser Asn Pro Arg Leu Leu
1          5          10          15
Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Arg Arg Ala
20        25        30
Ala Gly Ala Ser Val Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Cys Gln Cys Leu Gln Thr
35        40        45
Leu Gln Gly Ile His Leu Lys Asn Ile Gln Ser Val Asn Val Arg Ser
50        55        60
Pro Gly Pro His Cys Ala Gln Thr Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Leu Lys Asn
65        70        75        80
Gly Lys Lys Ala Cys Leu Asn Pro Ala Ser Pro Met Val Gln Lys Ile
85        90        95
Ile Glu Lys Ile Leu Asn Lys Gly Ser Thr Asn
100       105

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 79
<211> LENGTH: 861
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13 (CCL13) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (73)..(372)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CCL13

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

```

```

aaaaggccgg cggaacagcc agaggagcag agaggcaaag aaacattgtg aaatctccaa 60
ctettaacct tcaacatgaa agtctctgca gtgcttctgt gcctgctgct catgacagca 120
gctttcaacc cccagggact tgctcagcca gatgcactca acgtcccatc tacttgctgc 180
ttcacattta gcagtaagaa gatctccttg cagaggctga agagctatgt gatcaccacc 240
agcaggtgtc cccagaaggg tgctcatcttc agaaccaaac tgggcaagga gatctgtgct 300
gacccaaagg agaagtgggt ccagaattat atgaaacacc tgggccggaa agctcacacc 360
ctgaagactt gaactctgct acccctactg aatatcaagct ggagtagctg aatgacttt 420

```

-continued

```

tccattctcc tetggectcc tctctatgc ttggaatac ttctaccata attttcaa 480
aggatgcatt cggttttgtg attcaaatg tactatgtgt taagtaatat tggctattat 540
ttgacttggt gctggtttgg agtttatttg agtattgctg atcttttcta aagcaaggcc 600
ttgagcaagt aggttgctgt ctctaagccc ccttcccttc cactatgagc tgctggcagt 660
gggtttgtat tgggttccca ggggttgaga gcatgcctgt gggagtcatt gacatgaagg 720
gatgctgcaa tgtaggaagg agagctcttt gtgaatgtga ggtgttgcta aatatgttat 780
tgtggaaga tgaatgcaat agtaggactg ctgacatttt gcagaaaata cattttattt 840
aaaatctcct aaaaaaaaaa a 861

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 80
<211> LENGTH: 98
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13 (CCL13)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 80

```

```

Met Lys Val Ser Ala Val Leu Leu Cys Leu Leu Leu Met Thr Ala Ala
1          5          10          15
Phe Asn Pro Gln Gly Leu Ala Gln Pro Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Pro Ser
          20          25          30
Thr Cys Cys Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Lys Lys Ile Ser Leu Gln Arg Leu
          35          40          45
Lys Ser Tyr Val Ile Thr Thr Ser Arg Cys Pro Gln Lys Ala Val Ile
          50          55          60
Phe Arg Thr Lys Leu Gly Lys Glu Ile Cys Ala Asp Pro Lys Glu Lys
65          70          75          80
Trp Val Gln Asn Tyr Met Lys His Leu Gly Arg Lys Ala His Thr Leu
          85          90          95

```

```

Lys Thr

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 81
<211> LENGTH: 2032
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (48)..(1877)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: AFP

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 81

```

```

tccatattgt gcttccacca ctgccaataa caaaataact agcaaccatg aagtgggtgg 60
aatcaatttt tttaattttc ctactaaatt ttactgaatc cagaacctg catagaaatg 120
aatatggaat agcttcata ttggattcct accaatgtac tgcagagata agtttagctg 180
acctggttac catatttttt gccagtttg ttcaagaagc cacttacaag gaagtaagca 240
aaatggtgaa agatgcattg actgcaattg agaaaccac tggagatgaa cagtcttcag 300
ggtgtttaga aaaccagcta cctgccttcc tggaagaact ttgccatgag aaagaaattt 360
tggagaagta cggacattca gactgctgca gccaaagtga agagggaaga cataactgtt 420
ttcttgaca caaaaagccc actccagcat cgatcccact tttccaagtt ccagaacctg 480

```

-continued

```

tcacaagctg tgaagcatat gaagaagaca gggagacatt catgaacaaa ttcatttatg 540
agatagcaag aaggcatccc ttctctgatg cacctacaat tcttctttgg gctgctcgct 600
atgacaaaat aattccatct tgctgcaaag ctgaaaatgc agttgaatgc ttccaacaaa 660
aggcagcaac agttacaaaa gaattaagag aaagcagctt gttaaatcaa catgcatgtg 720
cagtaatgaa aaattttggg acccgaactt tccaagccat aactgttact aaactgagtc 780
agaagtttac caaagttaat tttactgaaa tccagaaact agtcttgat gtggcccatg 840
tacatgagca ctgttcgaga ggagatgtgc tggattgtct gcaggatggg gaaaaaatca 900
tgtcctacat atgttctcaa caagacactc tgtcaacaaa aataacagaa tgctgcaaac 960
tgaccacgct ggaacgtggt caatgtataa ttcattgcaga aaatgatgaa aaacctgaag 1020
gtctatctcc aaactaaac aggtttttag gagatagaga ttttaaccaa ttttcttcag 1080
gggaaaaaaaa tatcttcttg gcaagttttg ttcattgaata ttcaagaaga catcctcagc 1140
ttgctgtctc agtaattcta agagttgcta aaggatacca ggagttattg gagaagtgtt 1200
tccagactga aaacctctt gaatgccaag ataaaggaga agaagaatta cagaaataca 1260
tccaggagag ccaagcattg gcaaaagcaa gctgcggcct cttccagaaa ctaggagaat 1320
attacttaca aaatgcgttt ctctgtgctt acacaagaa agccccccag ctgacctcgt 1380
cggagctgat ggccatcacc agaaaaatgg cagccacagc agccactgt tgccaactca 1440
gtgaggacaa actattggcc tgtggcgagg gagcggctga cattattatc ggacacttat 1500
gtatcagaca tgaatgact ccagtaaacc ctggtgttgg ccagtgtgc acttcttcat 1560
atgccaacag gaggccatgc ttcagcagct tgggtgtgga tgaacatat gtccctcctg 1620
cattctctga tgacaagttc atttccata aggatctgtg ccaagctcag ggtgtagcgc 1680
tgcaaacgat gaagcaagat tttctcatta accttgtgaa gcaaaagcca caaataacag 1740
aggaaacaact tgaggtctgc attgcagatt tctcaggcct gttggagaaa tgctgccaag 1800
gccaggaaca ggaagtctgc tttgctgaag agggacaaaa actgatttca aaaactcgtg 1860
ctgctttggg agtttaaat acttcagggg aagagaagac aaaacgagtc tttcattcgg 1920
tgtgaacttt tctctttaat ttaactgat ttaacacttt ttgtgaatta atgaaatgat 1980
aaagactttt atgtgagatt tccttatcac agaaataaaa tatctccaaa tg 2032

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 82
<211> LENGTH: 609
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: alpha-fetoprotein (AFP)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

```

```

Met Lys Trp Val Glu Ser Ile Phe Leu Ile Phe Leu Leu Asn Phe Thr
1           5           10           15
Glu Ser Arg Thr Leu His Arg Asn Glu Tyr Gly Ile Ala Ser Ile Leu
20           25           30
Asp Ser Tyr Gln Cys Thr Ala Glu Ile Ser Leu Ala Asp Leu Ala Thr
35           40           45
Ile Phe Phe Ala Gln Phe Val Gln Glu Ala Thr Tyr Lys Glu Val Ser
50           55           60
Lys Met Val Lys Asp Ala Leu Thr Ala Ile Glu Lys Pro Thr Gly Asp

```

-continued

65		70			75			80							
Glu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Cys	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gln	Leu	Pro	Ala	Phe	Leu	Glu
				85					90					95	
Glu	Leu	Cys	His	Glu	Lys	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Gly	His	Ser	Asp
			100					105					110		
Cys	Cys	Ser	Gln	Ser	Glu	Glu	Gly	Arg	His	Asn	Cys	Phe	Leu	Ala	His
		115					120					125			
Lys	Lys	Pro	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ile	Pro	Leu	Phe	Gln	Val	Pro	Glu	Pro
	130					135					140				
Val	Thr	Ser	Cys	Glu	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Asp	Arg	Glu	Thr	Phe	Met	Asn
145					150					155					160
Lys	Phe	Ile	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Ala	Arg	Arg	His	Pro	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Pro
				165					170					175	
Thr	Ile	Leu	Leu	Trp	Ala	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Ile	Ile	Pro	Ser	Cys
			180						185					190	
Cys	Lys	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ala	Val	Glu	Cys	Phe	Gln	Thr	Lys	Ala	Ala	Thr
		195					200						205		
Val	Thr	Lys	Glu	Leu	Arg	Glu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gln	His	Ala	Cys
	210					215						220			
Ala	Val	Met	Lys	Asn	Phe	Gly	Thr	Arg	Thr	Phe	Gln	Ala	Ile	Thr	Val
225					230					235					240
Thr	Lys	Leu	Ser	Gln	Lys	Phe	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Phe	Thr	Glu	Ile	Gln
				245					250					255	
Lys	Leu	Val	Leu	Asp	Val	Ala	His	Val	His	Glu	His	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly
			260					265						270	
Asp	Val	Leu	Asp	Cys	Leu	Gln	Asp	Gly	Glu	Lys	Ile	Met	Ser	Tyr	Ile
	275						280					285			
Cys	Ser	Gln	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ile	Thr	Glu	Cys	Cys	Lys
	290					295						300			
Leu	Thr	Thr	Leu	Glu	Arg	Gly	Gln	Cys	Ile	Ile	His	Ala	Glu	Asn	Asp
305					310					315					320
Glu	Lys	Pro	Glu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Pro	Asn	Leu	Asn	Arg	Phe	Leu	Gly	Asp
				325					330					335	
Arg	Asp	Phe	Asn	Gln	Phe	Ser	Ser	Gly	Glu	Lys	Asn	Ile	Phe	Leu	Ala
			340					345					350		
Ser	Phe	Val	His	Glu	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Arg	His	Pro	Gln	Leu	Ala	Val	Ser
		355					360					365			
Val	Ile	Leu	Arg	Val	Ala	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Cys
	370					375					380				
Phe	Gln	Thr	Glu	Asn	Pro	Leu	Glu	Cys	Gln	Asp	Lys	Gly	Glu	Glu	Glu
385					390					395					400
Leu	Gln	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ala	Lys	Arg	Ser	Cys
				405					410					415	
Gly	Leu	Phe	Gln	Lys	Leu	Gly	Glu	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ala	Phe	Leu
			420					425					430		
Val	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Lys	Ala	Pro	Gln	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Leu	Met
		435					440					445			
Ala	Ile	Thr	Arg	Lys	Met	Ala	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr	Cys	Cys	Gln	Leu
	450					455					460				
Ser	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ala	Cys	Gly	Glu	Gly	Ala	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ile
465					470					475					480

-continued

---

Ile Gly His Leu Cys Ile Arg His Glu Met Thr Pro Val Asn Pro Gly  
 485 490 495

Val Gly Gln Cys Cys Thr Ser Ser Tyr Ala Asn Arg Arg Pro Cys Phe  
 500 505 510

Ser Ser Leu Val Val Asp Glu Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Ala Phe Ser Asp  
 515 520 525

Asp Lys Phe Ile Phe His Lys Asp Leu Cys Gln Ala Gln Gly Val Ala  
 530 535 540

Leu Gln Thr Met Lys Gln Glu Phe Leu Ile Asn Leu Val Lys Gln Lys  
 545 550 555 560

Pro Gln Ile Thr Glu Glu Gln Leu Glu Ala Val Ile Ala Asp Phe Ser  
 565 570 575

Gly Leu Leu Glu Lys Cys Cys Gln Gly Gln Glu Gln Glu Val Cys Phe  
 580 585 590

Ala Glu Glu Gly Gln Lys Leu Ile Ser Lys Thr Arg Ala Ala Leu Gly  
 595 600 605

Val

<210> SEQ ID NO 83  
 <211> LENGTH: 2158  
 <212> TYPE: DNA  
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: C-type lectin domain 4, member E (CLEC4E) cDNA  
 <220> FEATURE:  
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS  
 <222> LOCATION: (166)..(825)  
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CLEC4E

<400> SEQUENCE: 83

```

atattctaca tctatcggag ctgaacttcc taaaagacaa agtgtttatac tttcaagatt      60
cattctcctt gaatcttacc aacaaaacac tcttgaggag aaagaaagag agggaggaggag      120
agaaaaagag agagagagaa acaaaaaaac aaagagagag aaaaaatgaa ttcattctaaa      180
tcatctgaaa cacaatgcac agagagagga tgcttctctt cccaatggtt cttatggact      240
gttgctggga tccccatcct atttctcagt gcctgtttca tcaccagatg tgttgtgaca      300
tttcgcatct tcaaaccttg tgatgagaaa aagtttcagc tacctgagaa tttcacagag      360
ctctcctgct acaattatgg atcaggttca gtcaagaatt gttgtccatt gaactgggaa      420
tattttcaat ccagctgeta cttcttttct actgacacca tttcctgggc gttaagttta      480
aagaactgct cagccatggg ggctcacctg gtggttatca actcacagga ggagcaggaa      540
ttcctttcct acaagaaacc taaaatgaga gagtttttta ttggactgtc agaccagggt      600
gtcgaggggc agtggcaatg ggtggacggc acacctttga caaagtctct gagcttctgg      660
gatgtagggg agcccaacaa catagctacc ctggaggact gtgccaccat gagagactct      720
tcaaacccaa ggcaaaattg gaatgatgta acctgtttcc tcaattatct tgggatttgt      780
gaaatgtagt gaataaatcc tttgaacaaa ggaaaatctc ttaagaaca gaaggcaciaa      840
ctcaaattgt taaagaagga agagcaagaa catggccaca cccaccgcc cacacgagaa      900
atgtgtgctg tgaacttcaa aggacttcat aagtatttgt tactctgata taaataaaaa      960
taagtagttt taaatgttat aattcatggt actggctgaa gtgcattttc tctctacggt     1020
agtctcaggt cctcttccca gaatttacia agcaattcac taccttttgc tacatttgcc     1080
    
```

-continued

```

tcatttttta gtgttcgtat gaaagtacag ggacacggag ccaagacaga gtctagcaaa 1140
gaaggggatt ttggaaggty ccttccaaaa atctcctgaa tccgggctct gtagcaggtc 1200
ctcttcttct tagcttctga caagtctgtc ttctcttctt ggtttcatac cgttcttctc 1260
tcctgcccac gcataatctg tctctttact ccctgtata atgagtaaga agcttcttca 1320
agtcacgaaa cttattcctg ctcagaatac cgggtgtggc tttctggcta caggcctcca 1380
ctgcaccttc ttagggaagg gcatgccagc catcagctcc aaacaggctg taaccaagtc 1440
caccatccc tggggcttcc tttgctctgc cttattttca attgactgaa tggatctcac 1500
cagatthtgt atctattgct cagctaggac ccgagtcca tagtcaattt attctaagcg 1560
aacattcatc tccacacttt cctgtctcaa gccatccat tatttcttaa cttttattht 1620
agctttcggg ggtacatgth aaaggcttht tatataggta aactcatgth gttggagtht 1680
gthgtacaga thatttctac acccaggtat taagcccagt gcctaattat gthttttctg 1740
gctctctctc ctctctctac cttccgacct caagtagact ccagthgtctg thattccctt 1800
ctthgtgtht atgaattctc atcattthag tcccacttat aagthaggac atgcagtht 1860
thgtthtctg thcccatgth thgtaaggat aatgthttcc agthtaccg atgthccac 1920
aaaagacata atthtcttht thaaaggctg thagthttcc atgthtctc thgtatcacat 1980
thtctctatc caatctattg thgactcaca thtagattga thccatgtht thgctattgt 2040
gaatagthct gcaatgaaca thctgtgthc thgtcttht thgthgaaag atthtattht 2100
ctctgagtht gthtccagth atagcccatt cthttattgc ataaaattct accaatac 2158

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 84
<211> LENGTH: 218
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: C-type lectin domain 4, member E (CLEC4E)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

```

```

Met Asn Ser Ser Lys Ser Ser Glu Thr Gln Cys Thr Glu Arg Gly Cys
1          5          10         15
Phe Ser Ser Gln Met Phe Leu Trp Thr Val Ala Gly Ile Pro Ile Leu
20         25         30
Phe Leu Ser Ala Cys Phe Ile Thr Arg Cys Val Val Phe Arg Ile Phe
35         40         45
Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Lys Lys Phe Gln Leu Pro Glu Asn Phe Thr Glu
50         55         60
Leu Ser Cys Tyr Asn Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Lys Asn Cys Cys Pro
65         70         75         80
Leu Asn Trp Glu Tyr Phe Gln Ser Ser Cys Tyr Phe Phe Ser Thr Asp
85         90         95
Thr Ile Ser Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Lys Asn Cys Ser Ala Met Gly Ala
100        105        110
His Leu Val Val Ile Asn Ser Gln Glu Glu Gln Glu Phe Leu Ser Tyr
115        120        125
Lys Lys Pro Lys Met Arg Glu Phe Phe Ile Gly Leu Ser Asp Gln Val
130        135        140
Val Glu Gly Gln Trp Gln Trp Val Asp Gly Thr Pro Leu Thr Lys Ser
145        150        155        160

```

-continued

---

Leu	Ser	Phe	Trp	Asp	Val	Gly	Glu	Pro	Asn	Asn	Ile	Ala	Thr	Leu	Glu
				165					170					175	
Asp	Cys	Ala	Thr	Met	Arg	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asn	Pro	Arg	Gln	Asn	Trp	Asn
			180					185						190	
Asp	Val	Thr	Cys	Phe	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Met	Val	Gly
		195					200					205			
Ile	Asn	Pro	Leu	Asn	Lys	Gly	Lys	Ser	Leu						
	210						215								

---

What is claimed is:

1. A method of providing a prognosis of multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject treated with intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG), the method comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a biological sample from the subject treated with UVIG with a reagent that specifically binds to at least one marker selected from the group consisting of the nucleic acid and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, and Table 4; and
- (b) determining whether or not the marker is overexpressed or underexpressed in the sample; thereby providing a prognosis for multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject treated with IVIG.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is an antibody.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the antibody is monoclonal.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is a nucleic acid.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is an oligonucleotide.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is an RT PCR primer set.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is a blood sample.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the blood sample comprises T cells.

10. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is cerebrospinal fluid.

11. The method of claim 1, wherein said at least one marker is a chemokine.

12. The method of claim 10, wherein said chemokine is selected from the group consisting of CXCL3, CXCL5, CCL13, and XCL2.

13. A method of identifying a compound that prevents or treats multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease, the method comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a compound with a sample comprising a cell that expresses a marker selected from the group consisting of the nucleic acid and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, Table 3c, Table 3d, and Table 4; and
- (b) determining the functional effect of the compound on the marker, thereby identifying a compound that prevents or treats multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

15. The method of claim 13, wherein the functional effect is an increase or decrease in expression of the marker.

16. The method of claim 13, wherein the functional effect is an increase or decrease in activity of the marker.

17. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is a small molecule.

18. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is a siRNA.

19. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is a ribozyme.

20. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is an antibody.

21. The method of claim 20, wherein the antibody is monoclonal.

22. A method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject, the method comprising the step of administering to said subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine selected from the group consisting of CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, wherein said effective amount is sufficient to inactivate chemokine cell signaling, thereby treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

23. The method of claim 22, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

24. A method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject, the method comprising the step of administering to said subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine receptor selected from the group consisting of CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, wherein said effective amount is sufficient to inactivate said chemokine receptor, thereby treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

25. The method of claim 24, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

26. A method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject, the method comprising the step of administering to said subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds to a XCL2 chemokine receptor, wherein said effective amount is sufficient to activate said XCL2 chemokine receptor, thereby treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

27. The method of claim 26, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

\* \* \* \* \*

专利名称(译)	ivig调节趋化因子治疗多发性硬化症，阿尔茨海默氏病和帕金森氏病		
公开(公告)号	<a href="#">US20090148463A1</a>	公开(公告)日	2009-06-11
申请号	US12/189367	申请日	2008-08-11
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ HANS PETER ELOVAARA IRINA		
申请(专利权)人(译)	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ 汉斯 - 彼得· ELOVAARA IRINA		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ 汉斯 - 彼得· ELOVAARA IRINA		
[标]发明人	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ HANS PETER ELOVAARA IRINA		
发明人	REIPERT, BIRGIT EHRlich, HARTMUT SCHWARZ, HANS-PETER ELOVAARA, IRINA		
IPC分类号	A61K39/395 G01N33/53 A61P25/00 A61P37/06 C12Q1/68		
CPC分类号	C12Q1/6886 C12Q2600/158 C12Q2600/136 C12Q2600/118 A61P25/00 A61P25/16 A61P25/28 A61P37/06		
优先权	60/955610 2007-08-13 US		
其他公开文献	US7968293		
外部链接	<a href="#">Espacenet</a> <a href="#">USPTO</a>		

摘要(译)

本发明提供了使用显示过表达的分子标记物提供治疗与脑炎性疾病相关的疾病(包括MS,例如复发缓解型多发性硬化症(RRMS),阿尔茨海默氏病和帕金森病)的预后的方法。或静脉注射免疫球蛋白(IVIG)治疗的患者表达不足。还提供了鉴定可用于治疗或预防MS的化合物的方法,例如复发缓解型多发性硬化症(RRMS),阿尔茨海默氏病和帕金森氏病。

