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Reipert et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2009/0148463 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Jun. 11, 2009**(54) **IVIG MODULATION OF CHEMOKINES FOR
TREATMENT OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS,
ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE, AND PARKINSON'S
DISEASE**(76) Inventors: **Birgit Reipert**, Deutsch Wagram
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13, 2007.**Publication Classification**(51) **Int. Cl.****A61K 39/395** (2006.01)**G01N 33/53** (2006.01)**A61P 25/00** (2006.01)**A61P 37/06** (2006.01)**C12Q 1/68** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl. 424/158.1; 436/501; 435/6; 435/7.21**

(57)

ABSTRACT

The present invention provides methods for providing a prognosis of treatment of diseases associated with inflammatory disease of the brain, including MS, e.g., relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, and Parkinson's disease using molecular markers that are shown to be overexpressed or underexpressed in patients treated with intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG). Also provided are methods to identify compounds that are useful for the treatment or prevention of MS, e.g., relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, and Parkinson's disease.

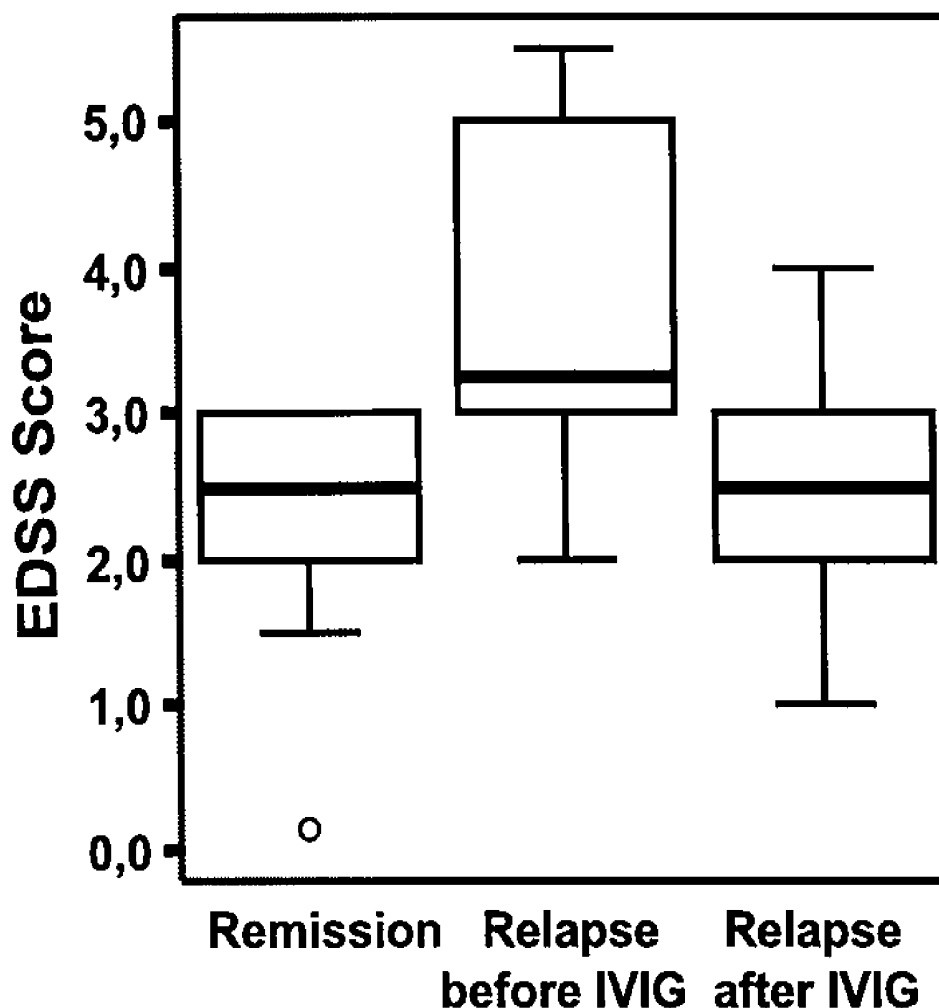
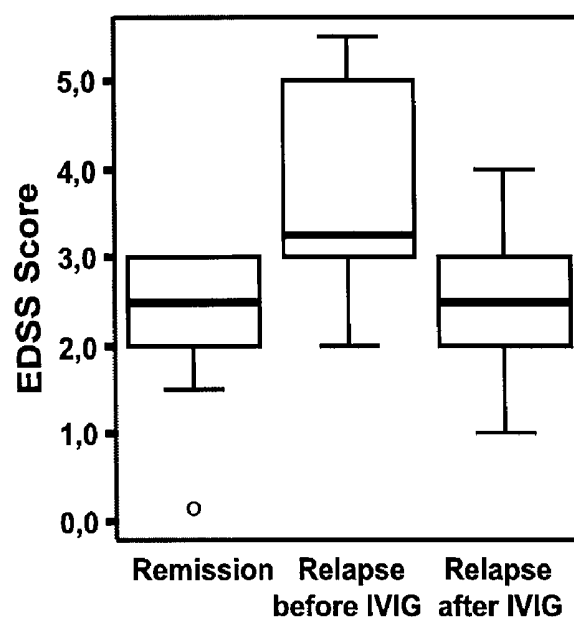


Fig 1



A Days 6 vs 0

Relative Expression

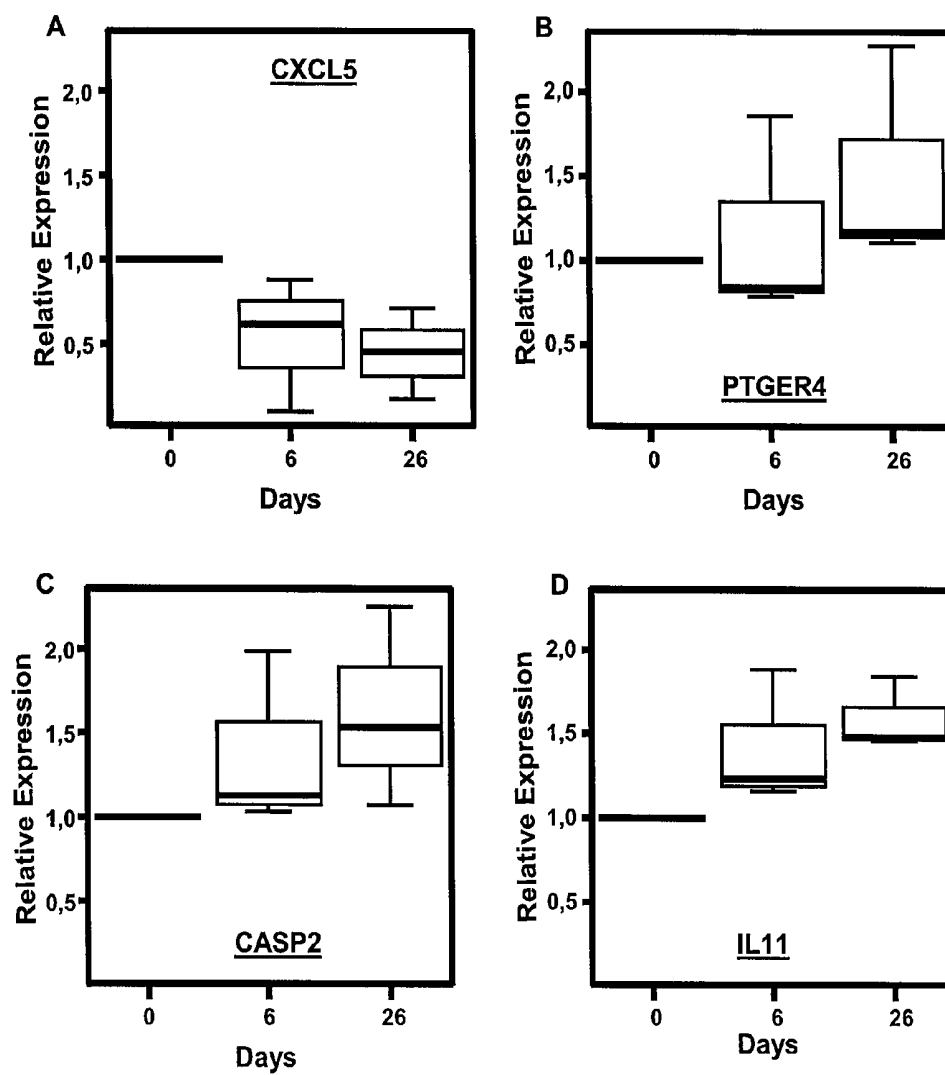
CD3 CD4 CD8 CD14

B Days 26 vs 0

Relative Expression

CD3 CD4 CD8 CD14

Fig 3 A-D



**IVIG MODULATION OF CHEMOKINES FOR
TREATMENT OF MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS,
ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE, AND PARKINSON'S
DISEASE**

**CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED
APPLICATIONS**

[0001] The present application claims priority to U.S. Ser. No. 60/955,610, filed Aug. 13, 2007, herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

**STATEMENT AS TO RIGHTS TO INVENTIONS
MADE UNDER FEDERALLY SPONSORED
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT**

[0002] Not Applicable

**REFERENCE TO A "SEQUENCE LISTING," A
TABLE, OR A COMPUTER PROGRAM LISTING
APPENDIX SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISK**

[0003] Not Applicable

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Multiple sclerosis (MS) is the most common autoimmune inflammatory disease of the central nervous system. It is characterized by demyelinating lesions in the white matter of the central nervous system that lead to neurological deficits (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Immunology of Multiple Sclerosis. Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005)). The pathogenesis of the disease is associated with the infiltration of immune cells, mainly activated T cells, into the brain (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005)). This infiltration is accompanied by a disruption of the blood-brain barrier (van Horssen J. et al., *J Neuropathol Exp Neurol.*, 66:321-8 (2007)).

[0005] Intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG) have been shown to be effective in the treatment of a number of autoimmune diseases including MS (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Immunology of Multiple Sclerosis. Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005)), but the exact mechanisms of action underlying the immunomodulatory activities of IVIG have not been fully explained. There are several models that try to explain the immunomodulatory efficacy of IVIG in patients suffering from autoimmune and inflammatory diseases (Kazatchkine M. D. et al., *Mult Scler.*, 2:24-6; 33:24-26 (2000); Trebst C. and Stangel M., *Curr. Pharm. Design.*, 12:241-2493 (2006)). These models include Fcγ-receptor-mediated immunomodulation (Sorensen P. S., *Neurol Sci.*, 4:227-230 (2003)), modulation of idiotype/anti-idiotype networks (Samuelsson A. et al., *Science*, 291:484-6 (2001)), elimination of immunostimulating microbial products (Dalakas M. C., *Ann Intern Med.*, 126:721-30 (1997)) and neutralizing antibodies against cytokines and chemokines (Bayry J. et al., *Transfus Clin Biol.*, 10:165-9 (2003)). IVIG's potential to modify the balance between Th1 and Th2 cell immunoreactivity and to inhibit the formation of antibody/complement complexes have also been demonstrated (Andersson U. et al., *Immunol Rev.*, 139:21-42 (1994); Bayry J. et al., *Intravenous immunoglobulin in autoimmune disorders: An insight into the immunoregulatory mechanisms*).

[0006] The beneficial effects of IVIG in patients with MS were shown by a number of open clinical trials (Basta M. et al., *Blood*, 77:376-80 (1991)) and by four randomized double-blind clinical studies (Sorensen P. S. et al., *Eur J*

Neurol., 9:557-563 (2002); Strasser-Fuchs S. et al., *Mult Scler.*, 2:9-13 (2000); Sorensen P. S. et al., *Neurology*, 50:1273-1281 (1998); Lewanska M. et al., *Eur J Neurol*, 9:565-572 (2002)). IVIG decreased the relapse rate in MS patients and the number of gadolinium-enhancing lesions seen on brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (Dudesek A. and Zettl U. K., *J Neurol*, 253; V/50-V/58)). Furthermore, IVIG was shown to suppress proliferation of activated peripheral T cells (Bayry J. et al., *Neurol Sci.*, 4:217-221 (2003); Stangel M. and Gold R., *Nervenarzt*, (2005)). Auto-reactive peripheral T cells can cross the blood-brain barrier and are believed to be the main effector cells responsible for brain inflammation (Sospedra M. and Martin R., *Annu Rev Immunol.*, 23:683-747 (2005); Helling N. et al., *Immunol Res.*, 1:27-51 (2002)). Therefore, a modulation of T cell function by IVIG could explain the beneficial therapeutic effect of IVIG seen in MS patients.

[0007] Recently, we showed that IVIG is an effective alternative treatment for patients with acute exacerbations in relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) (Elovaara I. et al., *Intravenous Immunoglobulin is effective and well tolerated in the treatment of MS Relapse*, manuscript submitted). Because peripheral auto-reactive T cells are believed to be responsible for brain inflammation in MS, we undertook to identify genes that are differentially regulated in peripheral T cells of patients with MS in acute exacerbation that are treated with IVIG. We reasoned that differences in gene expression profiles could provide important information about the potential mechanisms of action of IVIG treatment. Furthermore, changes in gene expression profiles could provide prognostic markers to predict treatment success. Such markers could also help to identify targets for developing new therapeutic agents.

[0008] Furthermore, increasing evidence has suggested a role for brain inflammation not only in MS but also in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease (see, e.g., Wilms et al., *Curr. Pharm. Des.*, 13:1925 (2007)). In particular microglia, the resident innate immune cells, play a major role in inflammatory processes of the brain and are known to be associated not only with MS but also with Alzheimer's disease and in Parkinson's disease (see, e.g., Yamamoto et al., *Am. J. Pathology* 166:1475 (2006); Huang et al., *FASEB* 19:761 (2005); Kim et al., *Exp. And Mol. Med.* 38:333 (2006)). Thus, the present invention provides new prognostic markers to predict treatment success associated with the administration of intravenous immunoglobulin treatment as well as new therapeutic targets that may be exploited in the treatment of MS, e.g., relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Parkinson's disease or Alzheimer's disease.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] The present invention provides methods for providing a prognosis of treatment of multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease using molecular markers that are overexpressed or underexpressed in patients treated with intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG). Also provided are methods to identify compounds that are useful for the treatment or prevention of multiple sclerosis. In some aspects, the subtype of multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

[0010] Accordingly, in one embodiment the present invention provides method of providing a prognosis of multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject treated with intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) by contacting a biological sample from the subject treated with

IVIG with a reagent that specifically binds to at least one marker selected from any of the nucleic acids and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, and Table 4, and then determining whether or not the marker is overexpressed or underexpressed in the sample, thus providing a prognosis for MS, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject treated with IVIG. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

[0011] In various aspects of this embodiment, the reagent is an antibody, such as a monoclonal antibody. Alternatively, the reagent can be a nucleic acid, including an oligonucleotide or an RT PCR primer set. In other aspects, the sample is a blood sample, which can contain T cells. The sample can also be cerebrospinal fluid. In some aspects of this embodiment, one of the markers is a chemokine. Examples of chemokines include: CXCL3, CXCL5, CCL13, and XCL2.

[0012] Another embodiment of the invention provides a method of identifying a compound that prevents or treats multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease by contacting a compound with a sample comprising a cell that expresses a marker selected from any of the nucleic acid and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, Table 3c, Table 3d, and Table 4, and then determining the functional effect of the compound on the marker, thus identifying a compound that prevents or treats MS, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

[0013] In various aspects of this embodiment, the functional effect is an increase or decrease in expression of the marker. In other aspects, the functional effect is an increase or decrease in activity of the marker. Examples of compounds used in various aspects of this embodiment include: a small molecule, a siRNA, a ribozyme, an antibody, which can be a monoclonal antibody.

[0014] A further embodiment of the invention provides a method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject by administering to the subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine, including CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, in which the effective amount is sufficient to inactivate the chemokine or chemokine cell signaling, thus treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

[0015] A yet further embodiment of the invention provides a method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject by administering to the subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine receptor, including receptors for CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, in which the effective amount is sufficient to inactivate the function of the chemokine receptor, thus treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

[0016] Another embodiment of this invention provides a method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease in a subject by administering to the subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds to a XCL2 chemokine receptor, in which the effective amount is sufficient to activate the XCL2 chemokine

receptor, thus treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. In an aspect of this embodiment, the multiple sclerosis is of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) subtype.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0017] FIG. 1 shows development of EDSS scores in 10 RRMS patients during treatment with IVIG. Box plots containing the median, 25% and 75% percentile, minimum and maximum, demonstrate the EDSS scores of patients during remission, as well as before and after treatment with IVIG during relapse.

[0018] FIG. 2 shows that treatment with IVIG does not alter the cellular composition of cells obtained for isolation of RNA. Relative gene expression data obtained from microarray analysis are presented for CD3, CD4, CD8 and CD14. Gene expression on day 0 was set as 1 and compared with gene expression on day 6 (A) and day 26 (B). Each point represents an individual patient.

[0019] FIG. 3 shows real-time PCR demonstrating the expression of representative genes. Box plots containing the median, 25% and 75% percentile, minimum and maximum, demonstrate the relative expression of the indicated genes. Expression of genes was normalized to an endogenous control (glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase). Real-time PCR experiments were done in triplets and confirmed at least two times on different days.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0020] Multiple sclerosis (MS) refers generally to an inflammatory, demyelinating disease that affects the central nervous system (CNS). During the progression of MS, the myelin surrounding the axons of neurons degenerates, resulting in subsequent axonal degeneration. The pathogenesis of MS is believed to involve an autoimmune response in which T cells attack parts of the central nervous system, triggering inflammatory responses, which results in the stimulation of other immune cells and the secretion of soluble factors such as cytokines and antibodies. The inflammatory processes triggered by T cells create leaks in the blood-brain barrier formed by endothelial cells. The leaks in the blood-brain barrier, in turn, cause a number of other damaging effects such as brain swelling, activation of macrophages, and further secretion of cytokines and other proteolytic proteins such as matrix metalloproteinases. The final outcome of these pathological processes is neuronal demyelination. See, e.g., Calabresi, P. A., *American Family Physician*, 70: 1935-1944 (2004), for review.

[0021] As MS progresses, gradual demyelination and transection of neuron axons in patches throughout the brain and spinal cord occur. Thus, the term multiple sclerosis refers to the multiple scars (or scleroses) found on myelin sheaths in affected individuals. This scarring causes symptoms which may vary widely depending upon the extent of scarring and which neuronal pathways are disrupted.

[0022] Among the symptoms and manifestations of MS include changes in sensation (hypoesthesia), muscle weakness, abnormal muscle spasms, difficulties in movement; difficulties with coordination and balance (ataxia); problems in speech (dysarthria) or swallowing (dysphagia), visual problems (nystagmus, optic neuritis, or diplopia), fatigue and

acute or chronic pain syndromes, bladder and bowel difficulties, cognitive impairment, or emotional symptomatology (e.g., depression).

[0023] The most common initial symptoms reported are: changes in sensation in the arms, legs or face (33%), complete or partial vision loss (optic neuritis) (16%), weakness (13%), double vision (7%), unsteadiness when walking (5%), and balance problems (3%). See Navarro et al., *Rev Neurol* 41: 601-3 (2005); Jongen P., *J Neurol Sci* 245: 59-62 (2006). In some individuals, the initial MS attack is preceded by infection, trauma, or strenuous physical effort.

[0024] A number of diagnostic tests are currently in use for the diagnosis of MS. These include the clinical presentation of two separate episodes of neurologic symptoms characteristic of MS, along with the finding of consistent abnormalities on physical examination. Alternatively, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) of the brain and spine is often used to evaluate individuals with suspected MS. MRI reveals areas of demyelination as bright lesions on T2-weighted images or FLAIR (fluid attenuated inversion recovery) sequences. Gadolinium contrast can be used to demonstrate active plaques on T1-weighted images.

[0025] The testing of cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) can provide evidence of chronic inflammation of the central nervous system, a characteristic of MS. In such a test, the CSF is tested for oligoclonal bands, which are immunoglobulins found in 85% to 95% of people with definite MS. When combined with MRI and clinical data, the presence of oligoclonal bands can help make a definite diagnosis of MS.

[0026] Because the brains MS-affected individuals often respond less actively to stimulation of the optic nerve and sensory nerves, the measurement of such brain responses can also be used as a diagnostic tool. These brain responses can be examined using visual evoked potentials (VEPs) and somatosensory evoked potentials (SEPs). Decreased activity on either test can reveal demyelination which may be otherwise asymptomatic. Along with other data, these exams can help uncover the widespread nerve involvement required for a definite diagnosis of MS.

[0027] Several subtypes, or patterns of progression, of MS have been described. In 1996, the United States National Multiple Sclerosis Society standardized the following four subtype definitions, as described below.

[0028] Relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS) refers to a subtype characterized by unpredictable attacks (relapses) followed by periods of months to years of relative quiet (remission) with no new signs of disease activity. Deficits suffered during the attacks may either resolve or may be permanent. Relapsing-remitting describes the initial course of 85% to 90% of individuals with MS.

[0029] Secondary progressive describes around 80% of those with initial relapsing-remitting MS, who then begin to have neurologic decline between their acute attacks without any definite periods of remission. This decline may include new neurologic symptoms, worsening cognitive function, or other deficits. Secondary progressive is the most common type of MS and causes the greatest amount of disability.

[0030] Primary progressive describes the approximately 10% of individuals who never have remission after their initial MS symptoms. Decline occurs continuously without clear attacks. The primary progressive subtype tends to affect people who are older at disease onset.

[0031] Progressive relapsing describes those individuals who, from the onset of their MS, have a steady neurologic decline but also suffer superimposed attacks; and is the least common of all subtypes.

[0032] While there is currently no definitive cure for MS, a number of therapies have been developed that are directed toward returning function after an attack, preventing new attacks, or preventing disability. Thus, different therapies are used for patients experiencing acute attacks; those who have the relapsing-remitting subtype; those who have the progressive subtypes; those without a diagnosis of MS who have a demyelinating event; and for managing the various consequences of MS attacks.

[0033] The pharmacological agents currently in use for MS include interferons, which have been approved for use in relapsing forms of secondary progressive MS; glatiramer acetate, a synthetic medication made of four amino acids that are found in myelin, which stimulates T cells to secrete anti-inflammatory agents that reduce inflammation at lesion sites; mitoxantrone, an agent used to treat progressive, progressive-relapsing, and worsening relapsing-remitting MS; and Natalizumab, a monoclonal antibody that recognizes $\alpha 4$ -integrin.

[0034] High doses of intravenous corticosteroids, such as methylprednisolone, are frequently administered in the treatment of RRMS and have been shown to be effective at shortening the length of relapsing-remitting symptomatic attacks. As described in greater detail herein, intravenous IgG immunoglobulins have also been used to treat MS.

[0035] Similarly to MS, other disease states are associated with brain inflammation, such as Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease, as described above. For example, chemokine CCL13, described herein, activates the chemokine receptor CCR2, which is expressed in microglia and astrocytes. Both of these cell types are associated with Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease. This and other markers described herein are therefore useful for drug assays, diagnostic and prognostic assays, and for therapeutic siRNA and antibody treatment for Alzheimer's disease and Parkinson's disease.

[0036] Intravenous immunoglobulins (IVIG) have been successfully used to treat a number of autoimmune diseases of the central nervous system, including multiple sclerosis (MS). However, the underlying mechanisms of action of IVIG have not been fully explained. Accordingly, we have undertaken the identification of gene expression profiles that are associated with the immunomodulatory activity of IVIG in patients with acute exacerbations in relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS). As described below, HU-133 microarrays from Affymetrix were used to study gene expression profiles of peripheral T cells in 10 RRMS patients before and after treatment with IVIG. Patients treated with intravenous methylprednisolone were included as controls. The differential expression of representative genes was confirmed by real-time polymerase chain reaction. All patients were analyzed neurologically and by brain and spinal cord magnetic resonance imaging before and after IVIG therapy.

[0037] As shown below in the Examples, 360 genes that were differentially expressed during IVIG treatment were identified. Some encode chemokines such as CXCL3 and CXCL5 that are known to bind to CXCR2, a receptor essential for the regulation of oligodendrocyte migration in the brain. Others encode proteins that are involved in signal transduction, proliferation or apoptosis.

[0038] The studies disclosed herein indicate that among the differentially expressed genes the regulation of chemokine expression in peripheral T cells is an important new mechanism of action of IVIG in patients with acute exacerbations in MS. Thus, the genes disclosed herein may serve as diagnostic markers for predicting treatment success in IVIG therapy and provide new molecular targets for drug development.

DEFINITIONS

[0039] The term “intravenous IgG” or “IVIG” treatment refers generally to a composition of IgG immunoglobulins administered intravenously to treat a number of conditions such as immune deficiencies, inflammatory diseases, and autoimmune diseases. The IgG immunoglobulins are typically pooled and prepared from serum. Whole antibodies or fragments can be used.

[0040] The term “chemokine” refers generally to a family of small cytokines which are secreted by various cells that promote chemotaxis in responsive cells. Chemokines have also gone by the nomenclature of SIS family of cytokines, SIG family of cytokines, SCY family of cytokines, Platelet factor-4 superfamily or intercrines. Cells that are attracted by chemokines follow a signal of increasing chemokine concentration towards the source of the chemokine.

[0041] Some members of the chemokine family control cells of the immune system during the process of immune surveillance, such as by directing lymphocytes to the lymph nodes to allow lymphocyte surveillance invasion of pathogens through interaction with antigen-presenting cells residing in these tissues. Such chemokines are known as homeostatic chemokines and are produced and secreted without any need to stimulate their source cell(s). Some chemokines have roles in development by, e.g., promoting angiogenesis or guiding cells to tissues that provide specific signals critical for cellular maturation. Other chemokines are inflammatory and are released from a wide variety of cells in response to bacterial infection, viruses and agents that cause physical damage. The release of inflammatory chemokines is often stimulated by pro-inflammatory cytokines such as interleukin 1. Inflammatory chemokines function mainly as chemoattractants for leukocytes, recruiting monocytes, neutrophils and other effector cells from the blood to sites of infection or tissue damage. Certain inflammatory chemokines activate cells to initiate an immune response or promote wound healing. They are released by many different cell types and serve to guide cells of both innate immune system and adaptive immune system.

[0042] Structurally, chemokines are small proteins, with molecular masses of between 8 and 10 kDa. Chemokines also possess conserved amino acids that are important for creating their 3-dimensional or tertiary structure, such as (in most cases) four cysteines that interact with each other in pairs to create a greek key shape that is a characteristic of this class of proteins; intramolecular disulphide bonds typically join the first to third, and the second to fourth cysteine residues, numbered as they appear in the protein sequence of the chemokine.

[0043] Members of the chemokine family are categorized into four groups depending on the spacing of their first two cysteine residues. The CC chemokines (or β -chemokines) have two adjacent cysteines near their amino terminus. There have been at least 27 distinct members of this subgroup reported for mammals, called CC chemokine ligands (CCL)-1 to -28. The first two cysteine residues in CXC

chemokines (or α -chemokines) are separated by one amino acid, represented by “X”. There have been 17 different CXC chemokines described in mammals, that are subdivided into two categories, those with a specific amino acid sequence (or motif) of Glutamic acid-Leucine-Arginine (ELR) immediately before the first cysteine of the CXC motif (ELR-positive), and those without an ELR motif (ELR-negative). The third group of chemokines is known as the C chemokines (or γ chemokines), and is unlike all other chemokines in that it has only two cysteines; one N-terminal cysteine and one cysteine downstream. A fourth group has three amino acids between the two cysteines and is termed CX₃C chemokine (or δ -chemokines).

[0044] Chemokine receptors are G protein-coupled receptors containing 7 transmembrane domains that are found on the surface of leukocytes. Approximately 19 different chemokine receptors have been characterized to date, which are divided into four families depending on the type of chemokine they bind; CXCR that bind CXC chemokines, CCR that bind CC chemokines, CX3CR1 that binds the sole CX₃C chemokine (CX₃CL1), and XCR1 that binds the two XC chemokines (XCL1 and XCL2).

[0045] “Chemokine cell signaling” refers generally to the ability of chemokine receptors to associate with G-proteins to transmit cell signals following ligand binding. Activation of G proteins, by chemokine receptors, causes the subsequent activation of phospholipase C (PLC). PLC cleaves a phosphatidylinositol (4,5)-bisphosphate (PIP₂) into two second messenger molecules, inositol triphosphate (IP₃) and diacylglycerol (DAG) that trigger intracellular signaling events; DAG activates another enzyme called protein kinase C (PKC), and IP₃ triggers the release of calcium from intracellular stores. These events promote signaling cascades such as the MAP kinase pathway that generate responses including chemotaxis, degranulation, release of superoxide anions and changes in the avidity of cell adhesion molecules such as integrins within the cell harboring the chemokine receptor.

[0046] The term “marker” or “biomarker” refers to a molecule (typically protein, nucleic acid, carbohydrate, or lipid) that is expressed in a cell, expressed on the surface of a cell or secreted by a cell and which is useful for providing a prognosis of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) in a subject treated with IVIG. Some of the biomarkers disclosed herein are molecules that are overexpressed in individuals with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treated with IVIG, in comparison to individuals not treated IVIG or in RRMS patients prior to treatment with IVIG, for instance, 1-fold overexpression, 2-fold overexpression, 3-fold overexpression, or more. Alternatively, other biomarkers are molecules that are underexpressed in individuals with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treated with IVIG, in comparison to individuals not treated IVIG or in RRMS patients prior to treatment with IVIG, for instance, 1-fold underexpression, 2-fold underexpression, 3-fold underexpression, or more. Further, a marker can be a molecule that is inappropriately synthesized in individuals with relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treated with IVIG, in comparison to individuals not treated IVIG or in RRMS patients prior to treatment with IVIG, for instance, a molecule that contains deletions, additions or mutations in comparison to the molecule expressed on a normal cell.

[0047] It will be understood by the skilled artisan that markers may be used singly or in combination with other

markers for any of the uses, e.g., prognosis of IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), disclosed herein.

[0048] “Biological sample” includes biological fluid samples, such as blood and cerebrospinal fluid, sections of tissues such as biopsy and autopsy samples, and frozen sections taken for histologic purposes. Such samples include blood and blood fractions or products (e.g., serum, plasma, platelets, red blood cells, and the like), cerebrospinal fluid, sputum, cervicovaginal fluid, lymph and tongue tissue, cultured cells, e.g., primary cultures, explants, and transformed cells, stool, urine, etc. A biological sample is typically obtained from a eukaryotic organism, most preferably a mammal such as a primate e.g., chimpanzee or human; cow; dog; cat; a rodent, e.g., guinea pig, rat, Mouse; rabbit; or a bird; reptile; or fish.

[0049] The terms “overexpress,” “overexpression” or “overexpressed” or “upregulated” interchangeably refer to a protein or nucleic acid (RNA) that is transcribed or translated at a detectably greater level, usually in an IVIG-treated relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient, in comparison to a patient not undergoing IVIG treatment. The term includes overexpression due to transcription, post-transcriptional processing, translation, post-translational processing, cellular localization (e.g., organelle, cytoplasm, nucleus, cell surface), and RNA and protein stability, as compared to a control. Overexpression can be detected using conventional techniques for detecting mRNA (i.e., RT-PCR, PCR, hybridization) or proteins (i.e., ELISA, immunohistochemical techniques). Overexpression can be 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or more in comparison to a normal cell. In certain instances, overexpression is 1-fold, 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold or more higher levels of transcription or translation in comparison to a control.

[0050] The terms “underexpress,” “underexpression” or “underexpressed” or “downregulated” interchangeably refer to a protein or nucleic acid that is transcribed or translated at a detectably lower level, usually in an IVIG-treated relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient, in comparison to a patient not undergoing IVIG treatment. The term includes underexpression due to transcription, post-transcriptional processing, translation, post-translational processing, cellular localization (e.g., organelle, cytoplasm, nucleus, cell surface), and RNA and protein stability, as compared to a control. Underexpression can be detected using conventional techniques for detecting mRNA (i.e., RT-PCR, PCR, hybridization) or proteins (i.e., ELISA, immunohistochemical techniques). Underexpression can be 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90% or less in comparison to a control. In certain instances, underexpression is 1-fold, 2-fold, 3-fold, 4-fold or more lower levels of transcription or translation in comparison to a control.

[0051] The term “differentially expressed” or “differentially regulated” refers generally to a protein or nucleic acid that is overexpressed (upregulated) or underexpressed (downregulated) in one sample compared to at least one other sample, generally in an IVIG-treated relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient, in comparison to a patient not undergoing IVIG treatment, in the context of the present invention.

[0052] “Therapeutic treatment” refers to drug therapy, hormonal therapy, immunotherapy, and biologic (targeted) therapy.

[0053] By “therapeutically effective amount or dose” or “sufficient amount or dose” herein is meant a dose that produces effects for which it is administered. The exact dose will depend on the purpose of the treatment, and will be ascertainable by one skilled in the art using known techniques (see, e.g., Lieberman, *Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms* (vols. 1-3, 1992); Lloyd, *The Art, Science and Technology of Pharmaceutical Compounding* (1999); Pickar, *Dosage Calculations* (1999); and Remington: *The Science and Practice of Pharmacy*, 20th Edition, 2003, Gennaro, Ed., Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins).

[0054] The terms “identical” or percent “identity,” in the context of two or more nucleic acids or polypeptide sequences, refer to two or more sequences or subsequences that are the same or have a specified percentage of amino acid residues or nucleotides that are the same (i.e., about 60% identity, preferably 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or higher identity over a specified region, when compared and aligned for maximum correspondence over a comparison window or designated region) as measured using a BLAST or BLAST 2.0 sequence comparison algorithms with default parameters described below, or by manual alignment and visual inspection (see, e.g., NCBI web site <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/> or the like). Such sequences are then said to be “substantially identical.” This definition also refers to, or may be applied to, the complement of a test sequence. The definition also includes sequences that have deletions and/or additions, as well as those that have substitutions. As described below, the preferred algorithms can account for gaps and the like. Preferably, identity exists over a region that is at least about 25 amino acids or nucleotides in length, or more preferably over a region that is 50-100 amino acids or nucleotides in length.

[0055] For sequence comparison, typically one sequence acts as a reference sequence, to which test sequences are compared. When using a sequence comparison algorithm, test and reference sequences are entered into a computer, subsequence coordinates are designated, if necessary, and sequence algorithm program parameters are designated. Preferably, default program parameters can be used, or alternative parameters can be designated. The sequence comparison algorithm then calculates the percent sequence identities for the test sequences relative to the reference sequence, based on the program parameters.

[0056] A “comparison window,” as used herein, includes reference to a segment of any one of the number of contiguous positions selected from the group consisting of from 20 to 600, usually about 50 to about 200, more usually about 100 to about 150 in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned. Methods of alignment of sequences for comparison are well-known in the art. Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison can be conducted, e.g., by the local homology algorithm of Smith & Waterman, *Adv. Appl. Math.* 2:482 (1981), by the homology alignment algorithm of Needleman & Wunsch, *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443 (1970), by the search for similarity method of Pearson & Lipman, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85:2444 (1988), by computerized implementations of these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group, 575 Science Dr., Madison, Wis.), or by manual alignment and visual

inspection (see, e.g., *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology* (Ausubel et al., eds. 1987-2005, Wiley Interscience)).

[0057] A preferred example of algorithm that is suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence similarity are the BLAST and BLAST 2.0 algorithms, which are described in Altschul et al., *Nuc. Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402 (1977) and Altschul et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403-410 (1990), respectively. BLAST and BLAST 2.0 are used, with the parameters described herein, to determine percent sequence identity for the nucleic acids and proteins of the invention. Software for performing BLAST analyses is publicly available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>). This algorithm involves first identifying high scoring sequence pairs (HSPs) by identifying short words of length W in the query sequence, which either match or satisfy some positive-valued threshold score T when aligned with a word of the same length in a database sequence. T is referred to as the neighborhood word score threshold (Altschul et al, supra). These initial neighborhood word hits act as seeds for initiating searches to find longer HSPs containing them. The word hits are extended in both directions along each sequence for as far as the cumulative alignment score can be increased. Cumulative scores are calculated using, for nucleotide sequences, the parameters M (reward score for a pair of matching residues; always >0) and N (penalty score for mismatching residues; always <0). For amino acid sequences, a scoring matrix is used to calculate the cumulative score. Extension of the word hits in each direction are halted when: the cumulative alignment score falls off by the quantity X from its maximum achieved value; the cumulative score goes to zero or below, due to the accumulation of one or more negative-scoring residue alignments; or the end of either sequence is reached. The BLAST algorithm parameters W, T, and X determine the sensitivity and speed of the alignment. The BLASTN program (for nucleotide sequences) uses as defaults a wordlength (W) of 11, an expectation (E) of 10, M=5, N=-4 and a comparison of both strands. For amino acid sequences, the BLASTP program uses as defaults a wordlength of 3, and expectation (E) of 10, and the BLOSUM62 scoring matrix (see Henikoff & Henikoff, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89:10915 (1989)) alignments (B) of 50, expectation (E) of 10, M=5, N=-4, and a comparison of both strands.

[0058] "Nucleic acid" refers to deoxyribonucleotides or ribonucleotides and polymers thereof in either single- or double-stranded form, and complements thereof. The term encompasses nucleic acids containing known nucleotide analogs or modified backbone residues or linkages, which are synthetic, naturally occurring, and non-naturally occurring, which have similar binding properties as the reference nucleic acid, and which are metabolized in a manner similar to the reference nucleotides. Examples of such analogs include, without limitation, phosphorothioates, phosphoramidates, methyl phosphonates, chiral-methyl phosphonates, 2-O-methyl ribonucleotides, peptide-nucleic acids (PNAs).

[0059] "RNAi molecule" or an "siRNA" refers to a nucleic acid that forms a double stranded RNA, which double stranded RNA has the ability to reduce or inhibit expression of a gene or target gene when the siRNA expressed in the same cell as the gene or target gene. "siRNA" thus refers to the double stranded RNA formed by the complementary strands. The complementary portions of the siRNA that hybridize to form the double stranded molecule typically have substantial or complete identity. In one embodiment, an

siRNA refers to a nucleic acid that has substantial or complete identity to a target gene and forms a double stranded siRNA. The sequence of the siRNA can correspond to the full length target gene, or a subsequence thereof. Typically, the siRNA is at least about 15-50 nucleotides in length (e.g., each complementary sequence of the double stranded siRNA is 15-50 nucleotides in length, and the double stranded siRNA is about 15-50 base pairs in length, preferably about preferably about 20-30 base nucleotides, preferably about 20-25 nucleotides in length, e.g., 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, or 30 nucleotides in length).

[0060] An "antisense" polynucleotide is a polynucleotide that is substantially complementary to a target polynucleotide and has the ability to specifically hybridize to the target polynucleotide.

[0061] Ribozymes are enzymatic RNA molecules capable of catalyzing specific cleavage of RNA. The composition of ribozyme molecules preferably includes one or more sequences complementary to a target mRNA, and the well known catalytic sequence responsible for mRNA cleavage or a functionally equivalent sequence (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,093,246, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety). Ribozyme molecules designed to catalytically cleave target mRNA transcripts can also be used to prevent translation of subject target mRNAs.

[0062] Unless otherwise indicated, a particular nucleic acid sequence also implicitly encompasses conservatively modified variants thereof (e.g., degenerate codon substitutions) and complementary sequences, as well as the sequence explicitly indicated. Specifically, degenerate codon substitutions may be achieved by generating sequences in which the third position of one or more selected (or all) codons is substituted with mixed-base and/or deoxyinosine residues (Batzer et al., *Nucleic Acid Res.* 19:5081 (1991); Ohtsuka et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 260:2605-2608 (1985); Rossolini et al., *Mol. Cell. Probes* 8:91-98 (1994)). The term nucleic acid is used interchangeably with gene, cDNA, mRNA, oligonucleotide, and polynucleotide.

[0063] A particular nucleic acid sequence also implicitly encompasses "splice variants" and nucleic acid sequences encoding truncated forms of a protein. Similarly, a particular protein encoded by a nucleic acid implicitly encompasses any protein encoded by a splice variant or truncated form of that nucleic acid. "Splice variants," as the name suggests, are products of alternative splicing of a gene. After transcription, an initial nucleic acid transcript may be spliced such that different (alternate) nucleic acid splice products encode different polypeptides. Mechanisms for the production of splice variants vary, but include alternate splicing of exons. Alternate polypeptides derived from the same nucleic acid by read-through transcription are also encompassed by this definition. Any products of a splicing reaction, including recombinant forms of the splice products, are included in this definition. Nucleic acids can be truncated at the 5' end or at the 3' end. Polypeptides can be truncated at the N-terminal end or the C-terminal end. Truncated versions of nucleic acid or polypeptide sequences can be naturally occurring or recombinantly created.

[0064] The terms "polypeptide," "peptide" and "protein" are used interchangeably herein to refer to a polymer of amino acid residues. The terms apply to amino acid polymers in which one or more amino acid residue is an artificial chemical mimetic of a corresponding naturally occurring amino acid,

as well as to naturally occurring amino acid polymers and non-naturally occurring amino acid polymer.

[0065] The term “amino acid” refers to naturally occurring and synthetic amino acids, as well as amino acid analogs and amino acid mimetics that function in a manner similar to the naturally occurring amino acids. Naturally occurring amino acids are those encoded by the genetic code, as well as those amino acids that are later modified, e.g., hydroxyproline, γ -carboxyglutamate, and O-phosphoserine. Amino acid analogs refers to compounds that have the same basic chemical structure as a naturally occurring amino acid, i.e., an α carbon that is bound to a hydrogen, a carboxyl group, an amino group, and an R group, e.g., homoserine, norleucine, methionine sulfoxide, methionine methyl sulfonium. Such analogs have modified R groups (e.g., norleucine) or modified peptide backbones, but retain the same basic chemical structure as a naturally occurring amino acid. Amino acid mimetics refers to chemical compounds that have a structure that is different from the general chemical structure of an amino acid, but that functions in a manner similar to a naturally occurring amino acid.

[0066] Amino acids may be referred to herein by either their commonly known three letter symbols or by the one-letter symbols recommended by the IUPAC-IUB Biochemical Nomenclature Commission. Nucleotides, likewise, may be referred to by their commonly accepted single-letter codes.

[0067] “Conservatively modified variants” applies to both amino acid and nucleic acid sequences. With respect to particular nucleic acid sequences, conservatively modified variants refers to those nucleic acids which encode identical or essentially identical amino acid sequences, or where the nucleic acid does not encode an amino acid sequence, to essentially identical sequences. Because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, a large number of functionally identical nucleic acids encode any given protein. For instance, the codons GCA, GCC, GCG and GCU all encode the amino acid alanine. Thus, at every position where an alanine is specified by a codon, the codon can be altered to any of the corresponding codons described without altering the encoded polypeptide. Such nucleic acid variations are “silent variations,” which are one species of conservatively modified variations. Every nucleic acid sequence herein which encodes a polypeptide also describes every possible silent variation of the nucleic acid. One of skill will recognize that each codon in a nucleic acid (except AUG, which is ordinarily the only codon for methionine, and TGG, which is ordinarily the only codon for tryptophan) can be modified to yield a functionally identical molecule. Accordingly, each silent variation of a nucleic acid which encodes a polypeptide is implicit in each described sequence with respect to the expression product, but not with respect to actual probe sequences.

[0068] As to amino acid sequences, one of skill will recognize that individual substitutions, deletions or additions to a nucleic acid, peptide, polypeptide, or protein sequence which alters, adds or deletes a single amino acid or a small percentage of amino acids in the encoded sequence is a “conservatively modified variant” where the alteration results in the substitution of an amino acid with a chemically similar amino acid. Conservative substitution tables providing functionally similar amino acids are well known in the art. Such conservatively modified variants are in addition to and do not exclude polymorphic variants, interspecies homologs, and alleles of the invention.

[0069] The following eight groups each contain amino acids that are conservative substitutions for one another: 1) Alanine (A), Glycine (G); 2) Aspartic acid (D), Glutamic acid (E); 3) Asparagine (N), Glutamine (Q); 4) Arginine (R), Lysine (K); 5) Isoleucine (I), Leucine (L), Methionine (M), Valine (V); 6) Phenylalanine (F), Tyrosine (Y), Tryptophan (W); 7) Serine (S), Threonine (T); and 8) Cysteine (C), Methionine (M). See, e.g., Creighton, *Proteins* (1984).

[0070] A “label” or a “detectable moiety” is a composition detectable by spectroscopic, photochemical, biochemical, immunochemical, chemical, or other physical means. For example, useful labels include ^{32}P , fluorescent dyes, electron-dense reagents, enzymes (e.g., as commonly used in an ELISA), biotin, digoxigenin, or haptens and proteins which can be made detectable, e.g., by incorporating a radiolabel into the peptide or used to detect antibodies specifically reactive with the peptide.

[0071] The term “recombinant” when used with reference, e.g., to a cell, or nucleic acid, protein, or vector, indicates that the cell, nucleic acid, protein or vector, has been modified by the introduction of a heterologous nucleic acid or protein or the alteration of a native nucleic acid or protein, or that the cell is derived from a cell so modified. Thus, for example, recombinant cells express genes that are not found within the native (non-recombinant) form of the cell or express native genes that are otherwise abnormally expressed, under expressed or not expressed at all.

[0072] The phrase “stringent hybridization conditions” refers to conditions under which a probe will hybridize to its target subsequence, typically in a complex mixture of nucleic acids, but to no other sequences. Stringent conditions are sequence-dependent and will be different in different circumstances. Longer sequences hybridize specifically at higher temperatures. An extensive guide to the hybridization of nucleic acids is found in Tijssen, *Techniques in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology—Hybridization with Nucleic Probes*, “Overview of principles of hybridization and the strategy of nucleic acid assays” (1993). Generally, stringent conditions are selected to be about 5–10° C. lower than the thermal melting point (T_m) for the specific sequence at a defined ionic strength, pH, and nucleic concentration) at which 50% of the probes complementary to the target hybridize to the target sequence at equilibrium (as the target sequences are present in excess, at T_m , 50% of the probes are occupied at equilibrium). Stringent conditions may also be achieved with the addition of destabilizing agents such as formamide. For selective or specific hybridization, a positive signal is at least two times background, preferably 10 times background hybridization. Exemplary stringent hybridization conditions can be as following: 50% formamide, 5 $\times$ SSC, and 1% SDS, incubating at 42° C., or, 5 $\times$ SSC, 1% SDS, incubating at 65° C., with wash in 0.2 $\times$ SSC, and 0.1% SDS at 65° C.

[0073] Nucleic acids that do not hybridize to each other under stringent conditions are still substantially identical if the polypeptides which they encode are substantially identical. This occurs, for example, when a copy of a nucleic acid is created using the maximum codon degeneracy permitted by the genetic code. In such cases, the nucleic acids typically hybridize under moderately stringent hybridization conditions. Exemplary “moderately stringent hybridization conditions” include a hybridization in a buffer of 40% formamide, 1 M NaCl, 1% SDS at 37° C., and a wash in 1 $\times$ SSC at 45° C. A positive hybridization is at least twice background. Those

of ordinary skill will readily recognize that alternative hybridization and wash conditions can be utilized to provide conditions of similar stringency. Additional guidelines for determining hybridization parameters are provided in numerous reference, e.g., and *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, ed. Ausubel, et al., supra.

[0074] For PCR, a temperature of about 36° C. is typical for low stringency amplification, although annealing temperatures may vary between about 32° C. and 48° C. depending on primer length. For high stringency PCR amplification, a temperature of about 62° C. is typical, although high stringency annealing temperatures can range from about 50° C. to about 65° C., depending on the primer length and specificity. Typical cycle conditions for both high and low stringency amplifications include a denaturation phase of 90° C.-95° C. for 30 sec.-2 min., an annealing phase lasting 30 sec.-2 min., and an extension phase of about 72° C. for 1-2 min. Protocols and guidelines for low and high stringency amplification reactions are provided, e.g., in Innis et al. (1990) *PCR Protocols, A Guide to Methods and Applications*, Academic Press, Inc. N.Y.).

[0075] "Antibody" refers to a polypeptide comprising a framework region from an immunoglobulin gene or fragments thereof that specifically binds and recognizes an antigen. The recognized immunoglobulin genes include the kappa, lambda, alpha, gamma, delta, epsilon, and mu constant region genes, as well as the myriad immunoglobulin variable region genes. Light chains are classified as either kappa or lambda. Heavy chains are classified as gamma, mu, alpha, delta, or epsilon, which in turn define the immunoglobulin classes, IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD and IgE, respectively. Typically, the antigen-binding region of an antibody will be most critical in specificity and affinity of binding. Antibodies can be polyclonal or monoclonal, derived from serum, a hybridoma or recombinantly cloned, and can also be chimeric, primatized, or humanized.

[0076] An exemplary immunoglobulin (antibody) structural unit comprises a tetramer. Each tetramer is composed of two identical pairs of polypeptide chains, each pair having one "light" (about 25 kDa) and one "heavy" chain (about 50-70 kDa). The N-terminus of each chain defines a variable region of about 100 to 110 or more amino acids primarily responsible for antigen recognition. The terms variable light chain (V_L) and variable heavy chain (V_H) refer to these light and heavy chains respectively.

[0077] Antibodies exist, e.g., as intact immunoglobulins or as a number of well-characterized fragments produced by digestion with various peptidases. Thus, for example, pepsin digests an antibody below the disulfide linkages in the hinge region to produce $F(ab)_2$, a dimer of Fab which itself is a light chain joined to V_H-C_H1 by a disulfide bond. The $F(ab)_2$ may be reduced under mild conditions to break the disulfide linkage in the hinge region, thereby converting the $F(ab)_2$ dimer into an Fab' monomer. The Fab' monomer is essentially Fab with part of the hinge region (see *Fundamental Immunology* (Paul ed., 3d ed. 1993)). While various antibody fragments are defined in terms of the digestion of an intact antibody, one of skill will appreciate that such fragments may be synthesized de novo either chemically or by using recombinant DNA methodology. Thus, the term antibody, as used herein, also includes antibody fragments either produced by the modification of whole antibodies, or those synthesized de novo using recombinant DNA methodologies (e.g., single chain

Fv) or those identified using phage display libraries (see, e.g., McCafferty et al., *Nature* 348:552-554 (1990)).

[0078] An antibody immunologically reactive with a particular biomarker protein of the present invention can be generated by recombinant methods such as selection of libraries of recombinant antibodies in phage or similar vectors, see, e.g., Huse et al., *Science*, 246:1275-1281 (1989); Ward et al., *Nature*, 341:544-546 (1989); and Vaughan et al., *Nature Biotech.*, 14:309-314 (1996), or by immunizing an animal with the antigen or with DNA encoding the antigen.

[0079] Methods of preparing polyclonal antibodies are known to the skilled artisan (e.g., Harlow & Lane, 1988, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*. (Cold Spring Harbor Press)). Polyclonal antibodies can be raised in a mammal, e.g., by one or more injections of an immunizing agent and, if desired, an adjuvant. Typically, the immunizing agent and/or adjuvant will be injected in the mammal by multiple subcutaneous or intraperitoneal injections. The immunizing agent may include a protein encoded by a nucleic acid of the figures or fragment thereof or a fusion protein thereof. It may be useful to conjugate the immunizing agent to a protein known to be immunogenic in the mammal being immunized. Examples of such immunogenic proteins include but are not limited to keyhole limpet hemocyanin, serum albumin, bovine thyroglobulin, and soybean trypsin inhibitor. Examples of adjuvants which may be employed include Freund's complete adjuvant and MPL-TDM adjuvant (monophosphoryl Lipid A, synthetic trehalose dicorynomycolate). The immunization protocol may be selected by one skilled in the art without undue experimentation.

[0080] The antibodies can, alternatively, be monoclonal antibodies. Monoclonal antibodies may be prepared using hybridoma methods, such as those described by Kohler & Milstein, *Nature*, 256:495 (1975). In a hybridoma method, a mouse, hamster, or other appropriate host animal, is typically immunized with an immunizing agent to elicit lymphocytes that produce or are capable of producing antibodies that will specifically bind to the immunizing agent. Alternatively, the lymphocytes may be immunized in vitro. Generally, either peripheral blood lymphocytes ("PBLs") are used if cells of human origin are desired, or spleen cells or lymph node cells are used if nonhuman mammalian sources are desired. The lymphocytes are then fused with an immortalized cell line using a suitable fusing agent, such as polyethylene glycol, to form a hybridoma cell (Goding, *Monoclonal Antibodies: Principles and Practice*, pp. 59-103 (1986)). Immortalized cell lines are usually transformed mammalian cells, particularly myeloma cells of rodent, bovine and human origin. Usually, rat or mouse myeloma cell lines are employed. The hybridoma cells may be cultured in a suitable culture medium that preferably contains one or more substances that inhibit the growth or survival of the unfused, immortalized cells. For example, if the parental cells lack the enzyme hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyl transferase (HGPRT or HPRT), the culture medium for the hybridomas typically will include hypoxanthine, aminopterin, and thymidine ("HAT medium"), which substances prevent the growth of HGPRT-deficient cells.

[0081] Human antibodies can be produced using various techniques known in the art, including phage display libraries (Hoogenboom & Winter, *J. Mol. Biol.*, 227:381 (1991); Marks et al., *J. Mol. Biol.*, 222:581 (1991)). The techniques of Cole et al. and Boerner et al. are also available for the preparation of human monoclonal antibodies (Cole et al., *Mono-*

clonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, p. 77 (1985) and Boerner et al., *J. Immunol.*, 147(1):86-95 (1991)). Similarly, human antibodies can be made by introducing of human immunoglobulin loci into transgenic animals, e.g., mice in which the endogenous immunoglobulin genes have been partially or completely inactivated. Upon challenge, human antibody production is observed, which closely resembles that seen in humans in all respects, including gene rearrangement, assembly, and antibody repertoire. This approach is described, e.g., in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,545,807; 5,545,806; 5,569,825; 5,625,126; 5,633,425; 5,661,016, and in the following scientific publications: Marks et al., *BioTechnology*, 10:779-783 (1992); Lonberg et al., *Nature*, 368:856-859 (1994); Morrison, *Nature*, 368:812-13 (1994); Fishwild et al., *Nature Biotechnology*, 14:845-51 (1996); Neuberger, *Nature Biotechnology*, 14:826 (1996); Lonberg & Huszar, *Inter. Rev. Immunol.*, 13:65-93 (1995).

[0082] In one embodiment, the antibody is conjugated to an "effector" moiety. The effector moiety can be any number of molecules, including labeling moieties such as radioactive labels or fluorescent labels, or can be a therapeutic moiety. In one aspect the antibody modulates the activity of the protein.

[0083] The nucleic acids of the differentially expressed genes of this invention or their encoded polypeptides refer to all forms of nucleic acids (e.g., gene, pre-mRNA, mRNA) or proteins, their polymorphic variants, alleles, mutants, and interspecies homologs that (as applicable to nucleic acid or protein): (1) have an amino acid sequence that has greater than about 60% amino acid sequence identity, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, preferably 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% or greater amino acid sequence identity, preferably over a region of at least about 25, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, or more amino acids, to a polypeptide encoded by a referenced nucleic acid or an amino acid sequence described herein; (2) specifically bind to antibodies, e.g., polyclonal antibodies, raised against an immunogen comprising a referenced amino acid sequence, immunogenic fragments thereof, and conservatively modified variants thereof; (3) specifically hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions to a nucleic acid encoding a referenced amino acid sequence, and conservatively modified variants thereof; (4) have a nucleic acid sequence that has greater than about 95%, preferably greater than about 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or higher nucleotide sequence identity, preferably over a region of at least about 25, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000, or more nucleotides, to a reference nucleic acid sequence. A polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence is typically from a mammal including, but not limited to, primate, e.g., human; rodent, e.g., rat, mouse, hamster; cow, pig, horse, sheep, or any mammal. The nucleic acids and proteins of the invention include both naturally occurring or recombinant molecules. Truncated and alternatively spliced forms of these antigens are included in the definition.

[0084] The phrase "specifically (or selectively) binds" when referring to a protein, nucleic acid, antibody, or small molecule compound refers to a binding reaction that is determinative of the presence of the protein or nucleic acid, such as the differentially expressed genes of the present invention, often in a heterogeneous population of proteins or nucleic acids and other biologics. In the case of antibodies, under designated immunoassay conditions, a specified antibody may bind to a particular protein at least two times the background and more typically more than 10 to 100 times background. Specific binding to an antibody under such condi-

tions requires an antibody that is selected for its specificity for a particular protein. For example, polyclonal antibodies can be selected to obtain only those polyclonal antibodies that are specifically immunoreactive with the selected antigen and not with other proteins. This selection may be achieved by subtracting out antibodies that cross-react with other molecules. A variety of immunoassay formats may be used to select antibodies specifically immunoreactive with a particular protein. For example, solid-phase ELISA immunoassays are routinely used to select antibodies specifically immunoreactive with a protein (see, e.g., Harlow & Lane, *Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual* (1988) for a description of immunoassay formats and conditions that can be used to determine specific immunoreactivity).

[0085] The phrase "functional effects" in the context of assays for testing compounds that modulate a marker protein includes the determination of a parameter that is indirectly or directly under the influence of a biomarker of the invention, e.g., a chemical or phenotypic effect such as altered chemokine cell signaling. A functional effect therefore includes ligand binding activity, transcriptional activation or repression, the ability of cells to proliferate, the ability to migrate, among others. "Functional effects" include in vitro, in vivo, and ex vivo activities.

[0086] By "determining the functional effect" is meant assaying for a compound that increases or decreases a parameter that is indirectly or directly under the influence of a biomarker of the invention, e.g., measuring physical and chemical or phenotypic effects. Such functional effects can be measured by any means known to those skilled in the art, e.g., changes in spectroscopic characteristics (e.g., fluorescence, absorbance, refractive index); hydrodynamic (e.g., shape), chromatographic; or solubility properties for the protein; ligand binding assays, e.g., binding to antibodies; measuring inducible markers or transcriptional activation of the marker; measuring changes in enzymatic activity; the ability to increase or decrease cellular proliferation, apoptosis, cell cycle arrest, measuring changes in cell surface markers. The functional effects can be evaluated by many means known to those skilled in the art, e.g., microscopy for quantitative or qualitative measures of alterations in morphological features, measurement of changes in RNA or protein levels for other genes expressed in chemokine-responsive cells, measurement of RNA stability, identification of downstream or reporter gene expression (CAT, luciferase, β -gal, GFP and the like), e.g., via chemiluminescence, fluorescence, colorimetric reactions, antibody binding, inducible markers, etc.

[0087] "Inhibitors," "activators," and "modulators" of the markers are used to refer to activating, inhibitory, or modulating molecules identified using in vitro and in vivo assays of biomarkers responsive to WIVG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS). Inhibitors are compounds that, e.g., bind to, partially or totally block activity, decrease, prevent, delay activation, inactivate, desensitize, or down regulate the activity or expression of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS). "Activators" are compounds that increase, open, activate, facilitate, enhance activation, sensitize, agonize, or up regulate activity of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), e.g., agonists. Inhibitors, activators, or modulators also include genetically modified versions of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), e.g., versions with altered activity, as well as natu-

rally occurring and synthetic ligands, antagonists, agonists, antibodies, peptides, cyclic peptides, nucleic acids, antisense molecules, ribozymes, RNAi molecules, small organic molecules and the like. Such assays for inhibitors and activators include, e.g., expressing biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) in vitro, in cells, or cell extracts, applying putative modulator compounds, and then determining the functional effects on activity, as described above.

[0088] Samples or assays comprising biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) that are treated with a potential activator, inhibitor, or modulator are compared to control samples without the inhibitor, activator, or modulator to examine the extent of inhibition. Control samples (untreated with inhibitors) are assigned a relative protein activity value of 100%. Inhibition of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) is achieved when the activity value relative to the control is about 80%, preferably 50%, more preferably 25-0%. Activation of biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) is achieved when the activity value relative to the control (untreated with activators) is 110%, more preferably 150%, more preferably 200-500% (i.e., two to five fold higher relative to the control), more preferably 1000-3000% higher.

[0089] The term “test compound” or “drug candidate” or “modulator” or grammatical equivalents as used herein describes any molecule, either naturally occurring or synthetic, e.g., protein, oligopeptide (e.g., from about 5 to about 25 amino acids in length, preferably from about 10 to 20 or 12 to 18 amino acids in length, preferably 12, 15, or 18 amino acids in length), small organic molecule, polysaccharide, peptide, circular peptide, lipid, fatty acid, siRNA, polynucleotide, oligonucleotide, etc., to be tested for the capacity to directly or indirectly modulate biomarkers responsive to IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS). The test compound can be in the form of a library of test compounds, such as a combinatorial or randomized library that provides a sufficient range of diversity. Test compounds are optionally linked to a fusion partner, e.g., targeting compounds, rescue compounds, dimerization compounds, stabilizing compounds, addressable compounds, and other functional moieties. Conventionally, new chemical entities with useful properties are generated by identifying a test compound (called a “lead compound”) with some desirable property or activity, e.g., inhibiting activity, creating variants of the lead compound, and evaluating the property and activity of those variant compounds. Often, high throughput screening (HTS) methods are employed for such an analysis.

[0090] A “small organic molecule” refers to an organic molecule, either naturally occurring or synthetic, that has a molecular weight of more than about 50 daltons and less than about 2500 daltons, preferably less than about 2000 daltons, preferably between about 100 to about 1000 daltons, more preferably between about 200 to about 500 daltons.

Prognostic Methods

[0091] The present invention provides methods of providing a prognosis of IVIG treatment of multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease by detecting the expression of markers overexpressed or underexpressed in patients treated with IVIG. Providing a prognosis involves

determining the level of one or more IVIG responsive biomarker polynucleotides or the corresponding polypeptides in a patient or patient sample and then comparing the level to a baseline or range. Typically, the baseline value is representative of levels of the polynucleotide or nucleic acid in a relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) patient prior to IVIG treatment, as measured using a biological sample such as a sample of a bodily fluid (e.g., blood or cerebrospinal fluid). Variation of levels of a polynucleotide or corresponding polypeptides of the invention from the baseline range (either up or down) indicates that the patient is benefiting from IVIG treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

[0092] As used herein, the term “providing a prognosis” refers to providing a prediction of the probable course and outcome of treatment of a patient suffering from multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease with IVIG. The methods can also be used to devise a suitable alternative or additional therapy for multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) treatment, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease, e.g., by indicating the failure of IVIG treatment to alleviate multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease. The prognosis can be used to adjust dose or frequency of IVIG administration as well.

[0093] Antibody reagents can be used in assays to detect expression levels of the biomarkers of the invention in patient samples using any of a number of immunoassays known to those skilled in the art. Immunoassay techniques and protocols are generally described in Price and Newman, “Principles and Practice of Immunoassay,” 2nd Edition, Grove's Dictionaries, 1997; and Gosling, “Immunoassays: A Practical Approach,” Oxford University Press, 2000. A variety of immunoassay techniques, including competitive and non-competitive immunoassays, can be used. See, e.g., Self et al., *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.*, 7:60-65 (1996). The term immunoassay encompasses techniques including, without limitation, enzyme immunoassays (EIA) such as enzyme multiplied immunoassay technique (EMIT), enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), IgM antibody capture ELISA (MAC ELISA), and microparticle enzyme immunoassay (MEIA); capillary electrophoresis immunoassays (CEIA); radioimmunoassays (RIA); immunoradiometric assays (IRMA); fluorescence polarization immunoassays (FPIA); and chemiluminescence assays (CL). If desired, such immunoassays can be automated. Immunoassays can also be used in conjunction with laser induced fluorescence. See, e.g., Schmalzing et al., *Electrophoresis*, 18:2184-93 (1997); Bao, J. *Chromatogr. B. Biomed. Sci.*, 699:463-80 (1997). Liposome immunoassays, such as flow-injection liposome immunoassays and liposome immunosensors, are also suitable for use in the present invention. See, e.g., Rongen et al., *J. Immunol. Methods*, 204:105-133 (1997). In addition, nephelometry assays, in which the formation of protein/antibody complexes results in increased light scatter that is converted to a peak rate signal as a function of the marker concentration, are suitable for use in the methods of the present invention. Nephelometry assays are commercially available from Beckman Coulter (Brea, Calif.; Kit #449-430) and can be performed using a Behring Nephelometer Analyzer (Fink et al., *J. Clin. Chem. Clin. Biochem.*, 27:261-276 (1989)).

[0094] Specific immunological binding of antibodies can be detected directly or indirectly. Direct labels include fluorescent or luminescent tags, metals, dyes, radionuclides, and the like, attached to the antibody. An antibody labeled with iodine-125 (¹²⁵I) can be used. A chemiluminescence assay using a chemiluminescent antibody specific for the nucleic acid is suitable for sensitive, non-radioactive detection of protein levels. An antibody labeled with fluorochrome is also suitable. Examples of fluorochromes include, without limitation, DAPI, fluorescein, Hoechst 33258, R-phycoerythrin, B-phycoerythrin, R-phycoerythrin, rhodamine, Texas red, and lissamine. Indirect labels include various enzymes well known in the art, such as horseradish peroxidase (HRP), alkaline phosphatase (AP), β -galactosidase, urease, and the like. A horseradish-peroxidase detection system can be used, for example, with the chromogenic substrate tetramethylbenzidine (TMB), which yields a soluble product in the presence of hydrogen peroxide that is detectable at 450 nm. An alkaline phosphatase detection system can be used with the chromogenic substrate p-nitrophenyl phosphate, for example, which yields a soluble product readily detectable at 405 nm. Similarly, a β -galactosidase detection system can be used with the chromogenic substrate o-nitrophenyl- β -D-galactopyranoside (ONPG), which yields a soluble product detectable at 410 nm. An urease detection system can be used with a substrate such as urea-bromocresol purple (Sigma Immunochemicals; St. Louis, Mo.).

[0095] A signal from the direct or indirect label can be analyzed, for example, using a spectrophotometer to detect color from a chromogenic substrate; a radiation counter to detect radiation such as a gamma counter for detection of ¹²⁵I; or a fluorometer to detect fluorescence in the presence of light of a certain wavelength. For detection of enzyme-linked antibodies, a quantitative analysis can be made using a spectrophotometer such as an EMAX Microplate Reader (Molecular Devices; Menlo Park, Calif.) in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. If desired, the assays of the present invention can be automated or performed robotically, and the signal from multiple samples can be detected simultaneously.

[0096] The antibodies can be immobilized onto a variety of solid supports, such as magnetic or chromatographic matrix particles, the surface of an assay plate (e.g., microtiter wells), pieces of a solid substrate material or membrane (e.g., plastic, nylon, paper), and the like. An assay strip can be prepared by coating the antibody or a plurality of antibodies in an array on a solid support. This strip can then be dipped into the test sample and processed quickly through washes and detection steps to generate a measurable signal, such as a colored spot.

[0097] Alternatively, nucleic acid binding molecules such as probes, oligonucleotides, oligonucleotide arrays, and primers can be used in assays to detect differential RNA expression in patient samples, e.g., RT-PCR. In one embodiment, RT-PCR is used according to standard methods known in the art. In another embodiment, PCR assays such as Taqman® assays available from, e.g., Applied Biosystems, can be used to detect nucleic acids and variants thereof. In other embodiments, qPCR and nucleic acid microarrays can be used to detect nucleic acids. Reagents that bind to selected biomarkers can be prepared according to methods known to those of skill in the art or purchased commercially.

[0098] Analysis of nucleic acids can be achieved using routine techniques such as Southern analysis, reverse-transcriptase polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR), or any other methods based on hybridization to a nucleic acid sequence

that is complementary to a portion of the marker coding sequence (e.g., slot blot hybridization) are also within the scope of the present invention. Applicable PCR amplification techniques are described in, e.g., Ausubel et al. and Innis et al., *supra*. General nucleic acid hybridization methods are described in Anderson, "Nucleic Acid Hybridization," BIOS Scientific Publishers, 1999. Amplification or hybridization of a plurality of nucleic acid sequences (e.g., genomic DNA, mRNA or cDNA) can also be performed from mRNA or cDNA sequences arranged in a microarray. Microarray methods are generally described in Hardiman, "Microarrays Methods and Applications: Nuts & Bolts," DNA Press, 2003; and Baldi et al., "DNA Microarrays and Gene Expression From Experiments to Data Analysis and Modeling," Cambridge University Press, 2002.

[0099] Analysis of nucleic acid markers and their variants can be performed using techniques known in the art including, without limitation, microarrays, polymerase chain reaction (PCR)-based analysis, sequence analysis, and electrophoretic analysis. A non-limiting example of a PCR-based analysis includes a Taqman® allelic discrimination assay available from Applied Biosystems. Non-limiting examples of sequence analysis include Maxam-Gilbert sequencing, Sanger sequencing, capillary array DNA sequencing, thermal cycle sequencing (Sears et al., *Biotechniques*, 13:626-633 (1992)), solid-phase sequencing (Zimmerman et al., *Methods Mol. Cell. Biol.*, 3:39-42 (1992)), sequencing with mass spectrometry such as matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization time-of-flight mass spectrometry (MALDI-TOF/MS; Fu et al., *Nat. Biotechnol.*, 16:381-384 (1998)), and sequencing by hybridization. Chee et al., *Science*, 274:610-614 (1996); Drmanac et al., *Science*, 260:1649-1652 (1993); Drmanac et al., *Nat. Biotechnol.*, 16:54-58 (1998). Non-limiting examples of electrophoretic analysis include slab gel electrophoresis such as agarose or polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, capillary electrophoresis, and denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis. Other methods for detecting nucleic acid variants include, e.g., the INVADER® assay from Third Wave Technologies, Inc., restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) analysis, allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridization, a heteroduplex mobility assay, single strand conformational polymorphism (SSCP) analysis, single-nucleotide primer extension (SNUPE) and pyrosequencing.

[0100] A detectable moiety can be used in the assays described herein. A wide variety of detectable moieties can be used, with the choice of label depending on the sensitivity required, ease of conjugation with the antibody, stability requirements, and available instrumentation and disposal provisions. Suitable detectable moieties include, but are not limited to, radionuclides, fluorescent dyes (e.g., fluorescein, fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC), Oregon Green™, rhodamine, Texas red, tetra-rhodamine isothiocyanate (TRITC), Cy3, Cy5, etc.), fluorescent markers (e.g., green fluorescent protein (GFP), phycoerythrin, etc.), auto-quenched fluorescent compounds that are activated by tumor-associated proteases, enzymes (e.g., luciferase, horseradish peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, etc.), nanoparticles, biotin, digoxigenin, and the like.

[0101] Useful physical formats comprise surfaces having a plurality of discrete, addressable locations for the detection of a plurality of different markers. Such formats include microarrays and certain capillary devices. See, e.g., Ng et al., *J. Cell Mol. Med.*, 6:329-340 (2002); U.S. Pat. No. 6,019,944. In these embodiments, each discrete surface location may

comprise antibodies to immobilize one or more markers for detection at each location. Surfaces may alternatively comprise one or more discrete particles (e.g., microparticles or nanoparticles) immobilized at discrete locations of a surface, where the microparticles comprise antibodies to immobilize one or more markers for detection.

[0102] Analysis can be carried out in a variety of physical formats. For example, the use of microtiter plates or automation could be used to facilitate the processing of large numbers of test samples. Alternatively, single sample formats could be developed to facilitate a prognosis in a timely fashion.

[0103] Alternatively, the antibodies or nucleic acid probes of the invention can be applied to sections of patient biopsies immobilized on microscope slides. The resulting antibody staining or in situ hybridization pattern can be visualized using any one of a variety of light or fluorescent microscopic methods known in the art.

[0104] In another format, the various markers of the invention also provide reagents for in vivo imaging such as, for instance, the imaging of labeled reagents that detect the nucleic acids or encoded proteins of the biomarkers of the invention. For in vivo imaging purposes, reagents that detect the presence of proteins encoded by IVIG-responsive relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) biomarkers, such as antibodies, may be labeled using an appropriate marker, such as a fluorescent marker.

Preparations and Administration of IVIG

[0105] IVIG compositions comprising whole antibodies have been described for the treatment of certain autoimmune conditions. (See, e.g., U.S. Patent Publication US 2002/0114802, US 2003/0099635, and US 2002/0098182.) The IVIG compositions disclosed in these references include polyclonal antibodies.

[0106] Immunoglobulin preparations according to the present invention can be prepared from any suitable starting materials. For example, immunoglobulin preparations can be prepared from donor serum or monoclonal or recombinant immunoglobulins. In a typical example, blood is collected from healthy donors. Usually, the blood is collected from the same species of animal as the subject to which the immunoglobulin preparation will be administered (typically referred to as "homologous" immunoglobulins). The immunoglobulins are isolated from the blood by suitable procedures, such as, for example, Cohn fractionation, ultracentrifugation, electrophoretic preparation, ion exchange chromatography, affinity chromatography, immunoaffinity chromatography, polyethylene glycol fractionation, or the like. (See, e.g., Cohn et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 68:459-75 (1946); Oncley et al., *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 71:541-50 (1949); Barundern et al., *Vox Sang.* 7:157-74 (1962); Koblet et al., *Vox Sang.* 13:93-102 (1967); U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,122,373 and 5,177,194; the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference herein.)

[0107] In certain embodiments, immunoglobulin is prepared from gamma globulin-containing products produced by the alcohol fractionation and/or ion exchange and affinity chromatography methods well known to those skilled in the art. Purified Cohn Fraction II is commonly used. The starting Cohn Fraction II paste is typically about 95 percent IgG and is comprised of the four IgG subtypes. The different subtypes are present in Fraction II in approximately the same ratio as they are found in the pooled human plasma from which they are obtained. The Fraction II is further purified before formu-

lation into an administrable product. For example, the Fraction II paste can be dissolved in a cold purified aqueous alcohol solution and impurities removed via precipitation and filtration. Following the final filtration, the immunoglobulin suspension can be dialyzed or diafiltered (e.g., using ultrafiltration membranes having a nominal molecular weight limit of less than or equal to 100,000 daltons) to remove the alcohol. The solution can be concentrated or diluted to obtain the desired protein concentration and can be further purified by techniques well known to those skilled in the art.

[0108] Preparative steps can be used to enrich a particular isotype or subtype of immunoglobulin. For example, protein A, protein G or protein H sepharose chromatography can be used to enrich a mixture of immunoglobulins for IgG, or for specific IgG subtypes. (See generally Harlow and Lane, *Using Antibodies*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1999); Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1988); U.S. Pat. No. 5,180,810.)

[0109] Commercial sources of immunoglobulins can also be used. Such sources include but are not limited to: Gamagard S/D® (Baxter Healthcare); BayRho-D® products (Bayer Biological); Gamimune N®, 5% (Bayer Biological); Gamimune N®, 5% Solvent/Detergent Treated (Bayer Biological); Gamimune N®, 10% (Bayer Biological); Sandoglobulin I.V.® (Novartis); Polygam S/D® (American Red Cross); Venoglobulin-S® 5% Solution Solvent Detergent Treated (Alpha Therapeutic); Venoglobulin-S® 10% Solution Solvent Detergent/Treated (Alpha Therapeutic); and VZIG® (American Red Cross). The commercial source of immunoglobulin preparation for use in the methods of the present invention is not critical.

[0110] An alternative approach is to use fragments of antibodies, such as Fc fragments of immunoglobulins. An Fc preparation comprises Fc fragments of immunoglobulins. The term "Fc fragment" refers to a portion of an immunoglobulin heavy chain constant region containing at least one heavy chain constant region domain (e.g., C_{H2} , C_{H3} and/or C_{H4}) or an antigenic portion thereof, but excluding the variable regions of the immunoglobulin. (As used herein, a variable region refers to region of the immunoglobulin that binds to an antigen, but excludes the C_{H1} and C_L domains.) The Fc preparation can contain entire Fc fragments and/or portions thereof (e.g., one or more heavy chain constant region domains or portions thereof containing an epitope(s) bound by the rheumatoid factors). An Fc fragment optionally can include an immunoglobulin hinge region, a heavy chain C_{H1} domain, and/or a heavy chain C_{H1} domain joined to a light chain C_L domain.

[0111] An Fc preparation includes Fc fragments of at least one Fc isotype and can contain a mixture of immunoglobulin Fc fragments of different isotypes (e.g., IgA, IgD, IgE, IgG and/or IgM). The Fc preparation also can contain predominantly (at least 60%, at least 75%, at least 90%, at least 95%, or at least 99%) Fc fragments from one immunoglobulin isotype, and can contain minor amounts of the other subtypes. For example, an Fc preparation can contain at least about 75%, at least about 90%, at least about 95%, or at least about 99% IgG Fc fragments. In addition, the Fc preparation can comprise a single IgG subtype or a mixture two or more of IgG Fc subtypes. Suitable IgG subtypes include IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, and IgG4. In a specific embodiment, the Fc preparation comprises IgG1 Fc fragments.

[0112] An Fc preparation is substantially free of F(ab')₂ fragments (i.e., heavy and light chain variable and first constant regions and a portion of the hinge region, which can be produced by pepsin digestion of the antibody molecule), Fab' fragments (i.e., Fab' fragments which can be generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of the F(ab')₂ fragment), or Fab fragments (i.e., which can be generated by treating the antibody molecule with papain and a reducing agent). In this context, "substantially free" means the Fc preparation contains less than about 30%, less than about 20%, less than about 10%, less than about 5%, or less than about 1% F(ab')₂, Fab' or Fab fragments. In another embodiment, the Fc preparation contains Fc fragments which are essentially free of F(ab')₂, Fab' or Fab fragments. The Fc preparations are typically substantially free of whole (i.e., full length) immunoglobulins. In this context, "substantially free" means less than about 25%, or less than about 10%, or less than about 5%, or less than about 2%, less than about 1% or are free of full length immunoglobulins.

[0113] Immunoglobulins can be cleaved at any suitable time during preparation to separate the Fc fragments from the Fab, F(ab') and/or F(ab')₂ fragments, as applicable. A suitable enzyme for cleavage is, for example, papain, pepsin or plasmin. (See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Using Antibodies*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (1999); Plan and Makula, *Vox Sanguinis* 28:157-75 (1975).) After cleavage, the Fc portions can be separated from the Fab F(ab') and/or F(ab')₂ fragments by, for example, affinity chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, gel filtration, or the like. In a specific example, immunoglobulins are digested with papain to separate the Fc fragment from the Fab fragments. The digestion mixture is then subjected to cationic exchange chromatography to separate the Fc fragments from the Fab fragments.

[0114] Immunoglobulin or Fc fragments can also be prepared from hybridomas or other culture system which express monoclonal antibody. (See, e.g., Kohler and Milstein, *Nature* 256:495-97 (1975); Hagiwara and Yuasa, *Hum. Antibodies Hybridomas* 4:15-19 (1993); Kozbor et al., *Immunology Today* 4:72 (1983); Cole et al., in *Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy*, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96 (1985).) Human monoclonal antibodies can be obtained, for example, from human hybridomas (see, e.g., Cote et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:2026-30 (1983)) or by transforming human B cells with EBV virus in vitro (see, e.g., Cole et al., supra). Monoclonal antibodies produced from hybridomas can be purified and the Fc fragments separated from the Fab, F(ab') and/or F(ab')₂ fragments as described herein or as known to the skilled artisan.

[0115] Immunoglobulin or Fc fragments also can be produced recombinantly, such as from eukaryotic cell culture systems. For example, an Fc fragment of an immunoglobulin can be recombinantly produced by Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells transfected with a vector containing a DNA sequence encoding the Fc fragment. Methods for creating such recombinant mammalian cells are described in, for example, Sambrook and Russell, *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual*, 3rd ed. (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (New York) 2001) and Ausubel et al., *Short Protocols in Molecular Biology*, 4th ed. (John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (New York) 1999) and are known to the skilled artisan. Recombinant Fc can also be produced in other mammalian cell lines,

such as baby hamster kidney (BHK) cells. Methods of culturing recombinant cells to produce recombinant proteins are also known to the art.

[0116] A variety of other expression systems can be utilized to express recombinant immunoglobulins or Fc fragments. These include, but are not limited to, insect cell systems and microorganisms such as yeast or bacteria which have been transfected or transformed with an expression cassette encoding the desired Fc fragment. In certain embodiments, the microorganism optionally can be engineered to reproduce glycosylation patterns of mammalian or human Fc fragments.

[0117] In certain embodiments, further preparative steps can be used in order to render an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation safe for use in the methods according to the present invention. Such steps can include, for example, treatment with solvent/detergent, pasteurization and sterilization. Additional preparative steps may be used in order to ensure the safety of an Fc preparation. Such preparative steps can include, for example, enzymatic hydrolysis, chemical modification via reduction and alkylation, sulfonation, treatment with B-propionolactone, treatment at low pH, or the like. Descriptions of suitable methods can also be found in, for example, U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,608,254; 4,687,664; 4,640,834; 4,814,277; 5,864,016; 5,639,730 and 5,770,199; Romer et al., *Vox Sang.* 42:62-73 (1982); Romer et al., *Vox Sang.* 42:74-80 (1990); and Rutter, *J. Neurosurg. Psychiat.* 57 (Suppl.):2-5 (1994) (the disclosures of which are incorporated by reference herein).

[0118] An effective amount of an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation is administered to the subject generally by intravenous means. The term "effective amount" refers to an amount of an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation that results in an improvement or remediation of RRMS in the subject. An effective amount to be administered to the subject can be determined by a physician with consideration of individual differences in age, weight, disease severity and response to the therapy. In certain embodiments, an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be administered to a subject at about 5 mg/kilogram to about 500 mg/kilogram each day. In additional embodiments, an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be administered in amounts of at least about 10 mg/kilogram, at least 15 mg/kilogram, at least 20 mg/kilogram, at least 25 mg/kilogram, at least 30 mg/kilogram or at least 50 mg/kilogram. In additional embodiments, an immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be administered to a subject at doses up to about 100 mg/kilogram, to about 150 mg/kilogram, to about 200 mg/kilogram, to about 250 mg/kilogram, to about 300 mg/kilogram, to about 400 mg/kilogram each day. In other embodiments, the doses of the immunoglobulin or Fc preparation can be greater or less. Immunoglobulin or Fc preparations can be administered in one or more doses per day.

[0119] In accordance with the present invention, the time needed to complete a course of the treatment can be determined by a physician and may range from as short as one day to more than a month. In certain embodiments, a course of treatment can be from 1 to 6 months.

Compositions, Kits and Integrated Systems

[0120] The invention provides compositions, kits and integrated systems for practicing the assays described herein using antibodies specific for the polypeptides or nucleic acids specific for the polynucleotides of the invention.

[0121] Kits for carrying out the diagnostic assays of the invention typically include a probe that comprises an anti-

body or nucleic acid sequence that specifically binds to polypeptides or polynucleotides of the invention, and a label for detecting the presence of the probe. The kits may include several antibodies or polynucleotide sequences encoding polypeptides of the invention, e.g., a cocktail of antibodies that recognize the proteins encoded by the biomarkers of the invention.

Methods to Identify Compounds

[0122] A variety of methods may be used to identify compounds that prevent or treat multiple sclerosis, including relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS), Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease. Typically, an assay that provides a readily measured parameter is adapted to be performed in the wells of multi-well plates in order to facilitate the screening of members of a library of test compounds as described herein. Thus, in one embodiment, an appropriate number of cells, e.g., T cells, can be plated into the cells of a multi-well plate, and the effect of a test compound on the expression of an IVIG-responsive relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) biomarker can be determined.

[0123] The compounds to be tested can be any small chemical compound, or a macromolecule, such as a protein, sugar, nucleic acid or lipid. Typically, test compounds will be small chemical molecules and peptides. Essentially any chemical compound can be used as a test compound in this aspect of the invention, although most often compounds that can be dissolved in aqueous or organic (especially DMSO-based) solutions are used. The assays are designed to screen large chemical libraries by automating the assay steps and providing compounds from any convenient source to assays, which are typically run in parallel (e.g., in microtiter formats on microtiter plates in robotic assays). It will be appreciated that there are many suppliers of chemical compounds, including Sigma (St. Louis, Mo.), Aldrich (St. Louis, Mo.), Sigma-Aldrich (St. Louis, Mo.), Fluka Chemika-Biochemica Analytika (Buchs Switzerland) and the like.

[0124] In one preferred embodiment, high throughput screening methods are used which involve providing a combinatorial chemical or peptide library containing a large number of potential therapeutic compounds. Such "combinatorial chemical libraries" or "ligand libraries" are then screened in one or more assays, as described herein, to identify those library members (particular chemical species or subclasses) that display a desired characteristic activity. In this instance, such compounds are screened for their ability to reduce or increase the expression of the relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) biomarkers of the invention.

[0125] A combinatorial chemical library is a collection of diverse chemical compounds generated by either chemical synthesis or biological synthesis, by combining a number of chemical "building blocks" such as reagents. For example, a linear combinatorial chemical library such as a polypeptide library is formed by combining a set of chemical building blocks (amino acids) in every possible way for a given compound length (i.e., the number of amino acids in a polypeptide compound). Millions of chemical compounds can be synthesized through such combinatorial mixing of chemical building blocks.

[0126] Preparation and screening of combinatorial chemical libraries are well known to those of skill in the art. Such combinatorial chemical libraries include, but are not limited to, peptide libraries (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,010,175, Furka, *Int. J. Pept. Prot. Res.*, 37:487-493 (1991) and Houghton et

al., *Nature*, 354:84-88 (1991)). Other chemistries for generating chemical diversity libraries can also be used. Such chemistries include, but are not limited to: peptoids (e.g., PCT Publication No. WO 91/19735), encoded peptides (e.g., PCT Publication No. WO 93/20242), random bio-oligomers (e.g., PCT Publication No. WO 92/00091), benzodiazepines (e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,288,514), diversomers such as hydantoins, benzodiazepines and dipeptides (Hobbs et al., *PNAS USA*, 90:6909-6913 (1993)), vinyllogous polypeptides (Hagihara et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, 114:6568 (1992)), nonpeptidal peptidomimetics with glucose scaffolding (Hirschmann et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, 114:9217-9218 (1992)), analogous organic syntheses of small compound libraries (Chen et al., *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.*, 116:2661 (1994)), oligocarbamates (Cho et al, *Science*, 261:1303 (1993)), and/or peptidyl phosphonates (Campbell et al., *J. Org. Chem.*, 59:658 (1994)), nucleic acid libraries (see Ausubel, Berger and Sambrook, all supra), peptide nucleic acid libraries (see, e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,539,083), antibody libraries (see, e.g., Vaughn et al., *Nature Biotechnology*, 14(3):309-314 (1996) and PCT/US96/10287), carbohydrate libraries (see, e.g., Liang et al., *Science*, 274:1520-1522 (1996) and U.S. Pat. No. 5,593,853), small organic molecule libraries (see, e.g., benzodiazepines, Baum C&EN, Jan. 18, page 33 (1993); isoprenoids, U.S. Pat. No. 5,569,588; thiazolidinones and metathiazanones, U.S. Pat. No. 5,549,974; pyrrolidines, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,525,735 and 5,519,134; morpholino compounds, U.S. Pat. No. 5,506,337; benzodiazepines, U.S. Pat. No. 5,288,514, and the like).

[0127] Devices for the preparation of combinatorial libraries are commercially available (see, e.g., 357 MPS, 390 MPS, Advanced Chem Tech, Louisville Ky., Symphony, Rainin, Woburn, Mass., 433A Applied Biosystems, Foster City, Calif., 9050 Plus, Millipore, Bedford, Mass.). In addition, numerous combinatorial libraries are themselves commercially available (see, e.g., ComGenex, Princeton, N.J., Asinex, Moscow, Ru, Tripos, Inc., St. Louis, Mo., ChemStar, Ltd, Moscow, RU, 3D Pharmaceuticals, Exton, Pa., Martek Biosciences, Columbia, Md., etc.).

[0128] In the high throughput assays of the invention, it is possible to screen up to several thousand different modulators or ligands in a single day. In particular, each well of a microtiter plate can be used to run a separate assay against a selected potential modulator, or, if concentration or incubation time effects are to be observed, every 5-10 wells can test a single modulator. Thus, a single standard microtiter plate can assay about 96 modulators. If 1536 well plates are used, then a single plate can easily assay from about 100-about 1500 different compounds. It is possible to assay many plates per day; assay screens for up to about 6,000, 20,000, 50,000, or 100,000 or more different compounds is possible using the integrated systems of the invention.

Methods to Inhibit or Activate Biomarker Proteins or Biomarker Receptor Function using Antibodies

[0129] Because the biomarkers of the present invention are overexpressed or underexpressed in response to IVIG treatment of multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease, the biomarker proteins or their cellular receptors, may serve as targets for multiple sclerosis therapy using antibodies. In the case of, for instance, of chemokines, such as CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, whose expression is decreased upon treatment of RRMS with IVIG, antibodies that bind to and inactivate these chemokines or their receptors can be used in the treatment of multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease. Alternatively, in the case of chemokines,

such as XCL2, whose expression is increased upon IVIG treatment, antibodies may be generated which bind to and activate XCL2 receptors, thus mimicking the effect of XCL2 binding.

[0130] The antibodies described above may be formulated into pharmaceutical compositions comprising a carrier suitable for the desired delivery method. Suitable carriers include any material which when combined with the antibody does not interfere with function of the antibody and is non-reactive with the subject's immune systems. Examples include, but are not limited to, any of a number of standard pharmaceutical carriers such as sterile phosphate buffered saline solutions, bacteriostatic water, and the like (see, generally, *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 20th ed., 2003).

[0131] Antibody formulations may be administered via any route capable of delivering the antibodies to an individual suffering from multiple sclerosis. Potentially effective routes of administration include, but are not limited to, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, intradermal, and the like. One preferred route of administration is by intravenous injection. A preferred formulation for intravenous injection comprises the antibodies in a solution of preserved bacteriostatic water, sterile unpreserved water, and/or diluted in polyvinylchloride or polyethylene bags containing 0.9% sterile Sodium Chloride for Injection, USP. The antibody preparation may be lyophilized and stored as a sterile powder, preferably under vacuum, and then reconstituted in bacteriostatic water containing, for example, benzyl alcohol preservative, or in sterile water prior to injection.

[0132] Treatment will generally involve the repeated administration of antibody preparations via an acceptable route of administration such as intravenous injection (IV), at an effective dose. Dosages will depend upon various factors generally appreciated by those of skill in the art, including without limitation the type, stage, the severity, grade, or stage of multiple sclerosis, the binding affinity and half life of the antibody used, the degree of biomarker or receptor expression in the patient, the desired steady-state antibody concentration level, frequency of treatment, and the influence of any other agents used in combination with the treatment method of the invention. Typical daily doses may range from about 0.1 to 100 mg/kg. Doses in the range of 10-500 mg mAb per week may be effective and well tolerated, although even higher weekly doses may be appropriate and/or well tolerated. The principal determining factor in defining the appropriate dose is the amount of a particular antibody necessary to be therapeutically effective in a particular context. Repeated administrations may be required in order to achieve longer lasting remission in RRMS. Initial loading doses may be higher. The initial loading dose may be administered as an infusion. Periodic maintenance doses may be administered similarly, provided the initial dose is well tolerated.

Methods to Inhibit Marker Protein Expression Using Nucleic Acids

[0133] A variety of nucleic acids, such as antisense nucleic acids, siRNAs or ribozymes, may be used to inhibit the function of the markers of this invention. Ribozymes that cleave mRNA at site-specific recognition sequences can be used to destroy target mRNAs, particularly through the use of hammerhead ribozymes. Hammerhead ribozymes cleave mRNAs at locations dictated by flanking regions that form complementary base pairs with the target mRNA. Preferably, the target mRNA has the following sequence of two bases:

5'-UG-3'. The construction and production of hammerhead ribozymes is well known in the art.

[0134] Gene targeting ribozymes necessarily contain a hybridizing region complementary to two regions, each of at least 5 and preferably each 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 or 20 contiguous nucleotides in length of a target mRNA. In addition, ribozymes possess highly specific endoribonuclease activity, which autocatalytically cleaves the target sense mRNA.

[0135] With regard to antisense, siRNA or ribozyme oligonucleotides, phosphorothioate oligonucleotides can be used. Modifications of the phosphodiester linkage as well as of the heterocycle or the sugar may provide an increase in efficiency. Phosphorothioate is used to modify the phosphodiester linkage. An N3'-P5' phosphoramidate linkage has been described as stabilizing oligonucleotides to nucleases and increasing the binding to RNA. Peptide nucleic acid (PNA) linkage is a complete replacement of the ribose and phosphodiester backbone and is stable to nucleases, increases the binding affinity to RNA, and does not allow cleavage by RNase H. Its basic structure is also amenable to modifications that may allow its optimization as an antisense component. With respect to modifications of the heterocycle, certain heterocycle modifications have proven to augment antisense effects without interfering with RNase H activity. An example of such modification is C-5 thiazole modification. Finally, modification of the sugar may also be considered. 2'-O-propyl and 2'-methoxyethoxy ribose modifications stabilize oligonucleotides to nucleases in cell culture and in vivo.

[0136] Inhibitory oligonucleotides can be delivered to a cell by direct transfection or transfection and expression via an expression vector. Appropriate expression vectors include mammalian expression vectors and viral vectors, into which has been cloned an inhibitory oligonucleotide with the appropriate regulatory sequences including a promoter to result in expression of the antisense RNA in a host cell. Suitable promoters can be constitutive or development-specific promoters. Transfection delivery can be achieved by liposomal transfection reagents, known in the art (e.g., Xtreme transfection reagent, Roche, Alameda, Calif.; Lipofectamine formulations, Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.). Delivery mediated by cationic liposomes, by retroviral vectors and direct delivery are efficient. Another possible delivery mode is targeting using antibody to cell surface markers for the target cells.

[0137] For transfection, a composition comprising one or more nucleic acid molecules (within or without vectors) can comprise a delivery vehicle, including liposomes, for administration to a subject, carriers and diluents and their salts, and/or can be present in pharmaceutically acceptable formulations. Methods for the delivery of nucleic acid molecules are described, for example, in Gilmore, et al., *Curr Drug Delivery* (2006) 3:147-5 and Patil, et al., *AAPS Journal* (2005) 7:E61-E77, each of which are incorporated herein by reference. Delivery of siRNA molecules is also described in several U.S. Patent Publications, including for example, 2006/0019912; 2006/0014289; 2005/0239687; 2005/0222064; and 2004/0204377, the disclosures of each of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference. Nucleic acid molecules can be administered to cells by a variety of methods known to those of skill in the art, including, but not restricted to, encapsulation in liposomes, by iontophoresis, by electroporation, or by incorporation into other vehicles, including biodegradable polymers, hydrogels, cyclodextrins (see, for example Gonzalez et al., 1999, *Bioconjugate Chem.*,

10, 1068-1074; Wang et al., International PCT publication Nos. WO 03/47518 and WO 03/46185), poly(lactic-co-glycolic)acid (PLGA) and PLGA microspheres (see for example U.S. Pat. No. 6,447,796 and US Patent Application Publication No. 2002/130430), biodegradable nanocapsules, and bioadhesive microspheres, or by proteinaceous vectors (O'Hare and Normand, International PCT Publication No. WO 00/53722). In another embodiment, the nucleic acid molecules of the invention can also be formulated or complexed with polyethyleneimine and derivatives thereof, such as polyethyleneimine-polyethyleneglycol-N-acetylgalactosamine (PEI-PEG-GAL) or polyethyleneimine-polyethyleneglycol-tri-N-acetylgalactosamine (PEI-PEG-triGAL) derivatives.

[0138] Examples of liposomal transfection reagents of use with this invention include, for example: CellFectin, 1:1.5 (M/M) liposome formulation of the cationic lipid N,N,N,N-tetramethyl-N,N,N,N-tetrapalmit-y-spermine and dioleoyl phosphatidylethanolamine (DOPE) (GIBCO BRL); Cytofectin GSV, 2:1 (M/M) liposome formulation of a cationic lipid and DOPE (Glen Research); DOTAP(N-[1-(2,3-dioleoyloxy)-N,N,N-tri-methyl-ammoniummethylsulfate) (Boehringer Mannheim); Lipofectamine, 3:1 (M/M) liposome formulation of the polycationic lipid DOSPA and the neutral lipid DOPE (GIBCO BRL); and (5) siPORT (Ambion); HiPerfect (Qiagen); X-treme GENE (Roche); RNAicARRIER (Epoch Biolabs) and TransPass (New England Biolabs).

[0139] In some embodiments, antisense, siRNA, or ribozyme sequences are delivered into the cell via a mammalian expression vector. For example, mammalian expression vectors suitable for siRNA expression are commercially available, for example, from Ambion (e.g., pSilencer vectors), Austin, Tex.; Promega (e.g., GeneClip, siSTRIKE, SiLentGene), Madison, Wis.; Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.; InvivoGen, San Diego, Calif.; and Imgenex, San Diego, Calif. Typically, expression vectors for transcribing siRNA molecules will have a U6 promoter.

[0140] In some embodiments, antisense, siRNA, or ribozyme sequences are delivered into cells via a viral expression vector. Viral vectors suitable for delivering such molecules to cells include adenoviral vectors, adeno-associated vectors, and retroviral vectors (including lentiviral vectors). For example, viral vectors developed for delivering and expressing siRNA oligonucleotides are commercially available from, for example, GeneDetect, Bradenton, Fla.; Ambion, Austin, Tex.; Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.; Open BioSystems, Huntsville, Ala.; and Imgenex, San Diego, Calif.

EXAMPLES

[0141] The following examples are offered to illustrate, but not to limit the claimed invention.

Example 1

Methods and Materials

Patients Involved in the Study

[0142] 10 consecutive patients with acute MS relapse as rated on McDonald's criteria (McDonald W. I. et al., *Ann Neurol*, 50:121-27 (2001)) were included. The diagnosis of definite MS was based on McDonald's criteria (Kurtzke J. F., *Neurology*, 33:1444-1452 (1983)). The EDSS (Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999)) and volumetric

brain MRI were evaluated at baseline (at relapse immediately before treatment) and 3 weeks after completion of IVIG therapy (Elovaara I. et al., *Intravenous Immunoglobulin is effective and well tolerated in the treatment of MS Relapse*, Manuscript submitted). The primary outcome measure of the study was a change in the EDSS score from baseline to week 3 after the start of IVIG therapy on day 21. Secondary outcome measures were changes in the volumes of T1-, T2-, Flair- and gadolinium (Gd)-enhanced lesions, the number of Gd-enhanced lesions, and brain volumes (Elovaara I. et al., *Intravenous Immunoglobulin is effective and well tolerated in the treatment of MS Relapse*, Manuscript submitted; Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999)). Patients' characteristics are listed in Table 1. Before entry into the study each patient signed a form of consent. The study was approved by the Ethics Committee of Tampere University, Tampere, Finland.

[0143] Patients who received treatment with immunosuppressants in the preceding nine months or patients who received corticosteroids in the preceding 8 weeks were excluded. All patients received 0.4 g/kg/day Endobulin (Baxter AG, Vienna, Austria) for 5 days. Clinical evaluation of the patients was done before treatment with IVIG, 1 day after completion of therapy on day 6 as well as 3 weeks after the beginning of therapy on day 21. Clinical evaluation included neurological examination, determination of the EDSS score, arm index and ambulation index. A control group of five patients received standard treatment of IVMP 100 mg/day for 3 days.

TABLE 1

Characteristics of patients included in the study		
Characteristics	IVIG Patients	IVMP Patients (controls)
Number of patients	10	5
Age (years, average $\pm$ SD)	40 $\pm$ 10.6	35.3 $\pm$ 8.8
Sex (male vs female)	3 vs 7	0 vs 5
Disease duration (years, average $\pm$ SD)	5.6 $\pm$ 3.5	5.2 $\pm$ 3.6
Time current vs previous relapse (months, average $\pm$ SD)	17.6 $\pm$ 21.0	5 $\pm$ 3.2
EDSS score during remission (average $\pm$ SD)	2.3 $\pm$ 0.95	3.2 $\pm$ 2.4
EDSS score at acute relapse (average $\pm$ SD)	3.7 $\pm$ 1.1	4.2 $\pm$ 2.0

MRI Analysis

[0144] Brain MRI examinations were done using a 1.5 Tesla MRI unit (Philips Gyroscan ACS NT Intera, Best, Netherlands) as described (Kurtzke J. F., *Neurology*, 33:1444-1452 (1983)). The MRI protocol included sagittal T1 localizer, axial fluid attenuated inversion recovery (FLAIR), T1 magnetization transfer contrast (MTC), T1 spin echo (SE), T2 turbo spin echo (TSE) (3 mm thick and Omm gap) and gadolinium-enhanced T1 MTC sequences. T1 axial SE (3 mm thick and Omm gap) and axial FLAIR (5 mm thick and 1 mm gap) sequences were used for volumetric analyses of plaques. Computerized semiautomatic segmentation and volumetric analyses were done using Anatomatic software operating in a Windows environment. The inter- and intra-observer variability of the volumetric results has been reported elsewhere (Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999); Heinonen T. et al., *J Med Eng Technol*, 22:173-8 (1998)). The

volumetric accuracy of the Anatomic program was analyzed as described (Dastidar P. et al., *Med Biol Eng Comput*, 37:104-7 (1999)). Good head repositioning was controlled using the same head coil, the same anatomic locations and the same pack of images in different MRI sequences. Whole spinal cords were scanned separating into upper and lower parts. The same scanner was used for all MRI examinations.

Preparation of RNA Samples

[0145] Blood samples were obtained using Vacutainer CPTM Cell Preparation Tubes (Becton Dickinson, Franklin Lakes, N.J.). Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) were separated from peripheral blood within 60 min after blood sampling using density gradient (Lymphoprep, Nycomed, Roskilde, DK) centrifugation according to the manufacturer's protocol. The cells were separated into T cells and non-T cells using a mixture of non-stimulating anti-CD4+ and anti-CD8+ magnetic Dynabeads (Dynal Biotech, Oslo, N) at 4° C. Cell pellets obtained from 5×10^6 cells were thoroughly mixed with 1 ml TRIzol (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.). Aliquots were frozen and stored at -80° C. until further processing. Total RNA was isolated according to the manufacturer's protocol. RNA pellets were dissolved in nuclease-free water (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.) and stored at -80° C.

Microarray Analysis

[0146] The HU-133A Genechip (Affymetrix, Santa Clara, Calif.) containing approximately 33,000 human genes was used. 51 g of total RNA were transcribed, labelled and hybridized in vitro on the array according to the manufacturer's protocol (see Affymetrix.com). The quality of the RNA was checked before in vitro processing using a Bioanalyzer (Agilent Technologies, Palo Alto, Calif.).

Statistical Analysis of Gene Expression Data

[0147] Statistical analysis of gene expression data was done at the Microarray Facility Tübingen, Eberhard-Karls-University Tübingen, Germany. The Affymetrix CHP files were imported into Genespring 7.1 for statistical data analysis. The signals of each array were divided by the median of all signals of the arrays from time point zero. Subsequently, a "per-gene" normalization was done by dividing all signals of

a gene by the median signal of this gene. Thus the signals of each gene start at time point zero around 1 and display values greater than 1 upon increase and vice versa. The signals were log-transformed, and fold change and p-values (Welch's t-test) (Han T. et al., *BMC bioinformatics*, 7:9 (2006)) were calculated for each gene in pair-wise comparisons. Probe sets with a fold change of more than 2 and a p-value of less than 0.05 were identified in volcano plots and called statistically significant.

Real Time Polymerase Chain Reaction

[0148] The gene expression data obtained by microarray analysis for four representative genes were confirmed by quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this purpose, 1 µg of total T cell RNA was used for reverse transcription into cDNA according to the manufacturer's protocol (MBI Fermentas, Burlington, Canada). For each sample to be analyzed, 100 ng cDNA were dissolved in 5 µl nuclease-free water (Invitrogen, Carlsbad, Calif.) and quantitatively analyzed using different TaqMan Assays-on-Demand and the ABPrism 7000 (both from Applied Biosystems, Foster City, Calif.). Data were analyzed using the $\Delta\Delta C_T$ -method, which is commonly used for relative quantification (Livak K. J. and Schmittgen T. D., *Methods*, 25:402-40 (2001)). For normalization of expression data human glyceraldehyde-3 phosphate dehydrogenase was included as a housekeeping gene. For verification of normalization, a second housekeeping gene, β -2 microglobulin, was used as a control (data not shown).

Example 2

Clinical Outcome of Treatment of Subjects with IVIG

[0149] Analysis of the clinical outcome of the study showed that a 5-day course of IVIG therapy resulted in a significant reduction of the EDSS score in all 10 patients (FIG. 1). The effectiveness of the IVIG therapy was supported by an improvement of most MRI variables (Table 2). Although similar effects were observed in the control group that received standard treatment with IVMP (Table 2), the changes in MRI variables in the control group did not reach statistical significance. Treatment with IVIG was safe and well-tolerated.

TABLE 2

MRI analysis of brain abnormalities before and after treatment with IVIG and IVMP					
Parameter	Before IVIG Lesion vol cm ³ mean $\pm$ SE	After IVIG Lesion vol cm ³ mean $\pm$ SE	Parameter	Before IVMP Lesion vol cm ³ mean $\pm$ SE	After IVMP Lesion vol cm ³ mean $\pm$ SE
T1	1.76 $\pm$ 0.55	1.73 $\pm$ 0.59	T1	1.41 $\pm$ 0.60	1.64 $\pm$ 0.84
T2	5.49 $\pm$ 1.09	5.08 $\pm$ 1.03*	T2	11.15 $\pm$ 4.59	9.83 $\pm$ 4.17
Flair	15.76 $\pm$ 2.23	14.09 $\pm$ 1.94**	Flair	24.37 $\pm$ 8.19	23.18 $\pm$ 8.05
Gd-enhanced	0.32 $\pm$ 0.27	0.21 $\pm$ 0.24**	Gd-enhanced	0.70 $\pm$ 0.39	0.63 $\pm$ 0.37
Brain volume	1124.94 $\pm$ 40.61	1120.31 $\pm$ 40.72	Brain volume	1056.32 $\pm$ 47.78	1045.07 $\pm$ 52.53
Gd + lesion N	2.83 $\pm$ 0.71	2.00 $\pm$ 0.60**	Gd + lesion N	3.0 $\pm$ 1.5	2.7 $\pm$ 1.4
EDSS score	3.8 $\pm$ 0.3	2.6 $\pm$ 0.2**	EDSS score	4.2 $\pm$ 2.0	3.3 $\pm$ 2.4

*p < 0.05;

**p < 0.01

EDSS = Kurtzke's Expanded Disability Status Scale

Gd = Gadolinium-enhanced lesion volumes

Example 3

Treatment With IVIG does not Significantly Alter the Cellular Composition of Cells Obtained for Isolation of RNA

[0150] PBMCs obtained from peripheral blood were separated into T cells and non-T cells using a mixture of non-stimulating anti-CD4+ and anti-CD8+ magnetic Dynabeads at 4° C. This procedure was chosen to prevent stimulation of T cells during cell separation. To ensure that potential differences in gene expression profiles are not due to differences in the cellular composition of the different samples, we compared the expression of genes that encode CD3, CD4, CD8 and CD14 between samples obtained at different time points for each patient. Our results show that the cellular composition of the samples obtained from each patient on different days is similar (FIGS. 2A, 2B). No statistically significant differences were observed.

Example 4

Analysis of Gene Expression Data Obtained from Patients Treated With IVIG

[0151] Statistic analysis of gene expression data included all results obtained from microarray analysis done at three different time points (before treatment, 1 day and 21 days after beginning of treatment) and included all 10 patients treated with IVIG. The analysis revealed that 360 genes in peripheral T cells were significantly changed in expression during the course of IVIG treatment. The expression of 91 of these genes changed between day 0 and day 6, the expression of 147 genes changed between day 0 and day 21, and the expression of 122 genes changed between day 6 and day 21.

[0152] Statistical analysis of the control-patient group treated with IVMP showed differential expression of 583 genes, with the majority (218 genes) being changed between day 0 and day 6.

[0153] Tables 3a-3d present the 20 most significant changes in gene expression observed in patients treated with IVIG and IVMP.

TABLE 3a

10 genes that were most extensively up-regulated in peripheral T cells of patients during IVIG therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
4.37	21 vs 6	Transcriptional regulating factor 1	TRERF1	NM_018415
4.26	21 vs 0	chromosome 19 open reading frame 28	C19orf28	NM_174983
4	6 vs 0	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	NM_000076
3.86	21 vs 6	breast cancer 1, early onset	BRCA1	NM_007294
3.83	6 vs 0	Clone 23555 mRNA sequence	—	—
3.54	21 vs 6	—	—	—
3.52	21 vs 6	SH3-domain binding protein 4	SH3BP4	NM_014521
3.5	6 vs 0	collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant)	COL3A1	NM_000090
3.41	21 vs 0	UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 2	B3GALT2	NM_003783
3.36	21 vs 6	glycosylphosphatidylinositol specific phospholipase D1	GPLD1	NM_001503

TABLE 3b

10 genes that were most extensively down-regulated in peripheral T cells of patients during IVIG therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
-4.82	6 vs 0	myotubularin related protein 7	MTMR7	NM_004686
-3.96	6 vs 0	transmembrane protein with EGF-like and two follistatin-like domains 1	TMEFF1	NM_003692
-3.9	21 vs 0	NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1 alpha subcomplex, 5, 13 kDa	NDUFA5	NM_005000
-3.89	21 vs 6	collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant)	COL3A1	NM_000090
-3.59	21 vs 6	FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2 (<i>Drosophila</i>)	FAT2	NM_001447
-3.57	21 vs 6	DNA damage repair and recombination protein RAD52 pseudogene	—	—
-3.34	21 vs 0	chemokine (C—X—C motif) ligand 5	CXCL5	NM_002994
-3.34	21 vs 0	mesenchymal stem cell protein DSC43	LOC51333	NM_016643
-3.26	21 vs 6	natriuretic peptide receptor C/guanylate cyclase C (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor C)	NPR3	NM_000908
-3.22	21 vs 6	early growth response 2 (Krox-20 homolog, <i>Drosophila</i>)	EGR2	NM_000399

Table 3a/b:

Timepoints:

6 vs 0 represents genes with a different expression between day 0 and day 6;

21 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 21 and day 0; and

21 vs 6 refers to genes with a change in expression between day 6 and day 21.

TABLE 3c

10 genes that were most extensively up-regulated in peripheral T cells of patients during IVMP therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
15.94	21 vs 6	leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor, subfamily A (without TM domain), member 4	ILT7	NM_012276
9.26	21 vs 6	prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain)	PTGDS	NM_000954
8.91	21 vs 6	Periostin, osteoblast specific factor	POSTN	NM_006475
8.64	21 vs 6	wingless-type MMTV integration site family, member 5A	WNT5A	NM_003392
8.31	21 vs 6	prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain) /// prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain)	PTGDS	NM_000954
7.94	21 vs 6	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	NM_000076
7.41	21 vs 6	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	NM_000076
7.33	6 vs 0	defensin, alpha 1, myeloid-related sequence /// defensin, alpha 3, neutrophil-specific	DEFA1 ///	NM_005217
6.48	6 vs 0	POU domain, class 1, transcription factor 1 (Pit1, growth hormone factor 1)	POU1F1	NM_000306
6	6 vs 0	cadherin 13, H-cadherin (heart)	CDH13	NM_001257

TABLE 3d

10 genes that were most extensively down-regulated in peripheral blood cells of patients during IVMP therapy				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
-11.52	6 vs 0	leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor, subfamily A (without TM domain), member 4	ILT7	NM_012276
-9.73	6 vs 0	tripartite motif-containing 58	TRIM58	NM_015431
-9.11	21 vs 6	Zwilch	FLJ10036	NM_017975
-8.24	21 vs 0	Integrin, alpha 1	PELO	NM_015946
-7.86	21 vs 0	zinc finger protein 6 (CMPX1)	ZNF6	NM_021998
-7.36	21 vs 6	intersectin 1 (SH3 domain protein)	ITSN1	NM_003024
-7.3	21 vs 6	phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate-induced protein 1	PMAIP1	NM_021127
-7.28	21 vs 0	transmembrane protein 47	TMEM47	NM_031442
-6.84	6 vs 0	—	—	—
-6.82	6 vs 0	prostaglandin D2 synthase 21 kDa (brain)	PTGDS	NM_000954

Table 3c/d:

Timepoints:

6 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 0 and day 6;

21 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 21 and day 0; and

21 vs 6 refers to genes with a change in expression between day 6 and day 21.

[0154] Genes mostly affected in expression by IVIG treatment include genes that encode proteins that regulate cell cycle (transcriptional regulating factor 1, TRERF1; cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C, CDKN1C; breast cancer 1, BRCA1; SH3-domain binding protein 4, SH3BP4); but also proteins that regulate inflammation [chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5, CXCL5], cell adhesion (FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2, FAT2) or cell differentiation (early growth response, EGR2). Other genes included in the list encode proteins that are involved in electron transport, phosphorylation, glycosylation, skeletal development or proteins that have not yet been defined in function.

[0155] Other genes of interest that were differentially regulated upon IVIG treatment encoded proteins involved in immune regulation such as interleukin 11 (IL 11), chemokine (C motif) ligand 2 (XCL2), prostaglandin E receptor 4 (PTGER4), caspase 2 (CASP2), killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, short cytoplasmic tail 1 (KIR2DS1), mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 2 (MAP4K2), chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5), chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3 (CXCL3), C-type lectin domain family 4, member E (CLEC4E), chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13 (CCL13) and alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) (see Table 4).

TABLE 4

Genes differentially expressed under IVIG treatment that encode proteins involved in immune regulation (note that accession number for CLEC4E should be NM_014358, not NM_013458 in Table 4).				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
2.00	6 vs 0	interleukin 11	IL11	NM_000641
2.38	21 vs 0	chemokine (C motif) ligand 2	XCL2	NM_003175
2.28	21 vs 0	prostaglandin E receptor 4 (subtype EP4)	PTGER4	NM_000958
2.02	21 vs 0	caspase 2, apoptosis-related cysteine protease (neural precursor cell expressed)	CASP2	NM_032982

TABLE 4-continued

Genes differentially expressed under IVIG treatment that encode proteins involved in immune regulation (note that accession number for CLEC4E should be NM_014358, not NM_013458 in Table 4).				
Fold Change	Time Point	Gene Title	Gene Symbol	Ref Seq ID
2.37	21 vs 6	killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, short cytoplasmic tail, 1	KIR2DS1	NM_014512
2.35	21 vs 0	mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase kinase 2	MAP4K2	NM_004579
-3.34	21 vs 0	chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5	CXCL5	NM_002994
-2.46	21 vs 0	chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3	CXCL3	NM_002090
-2.26	21 vs 0	C-type lectin domain family 4, member E	CLEC4E	NM_013458
-3.06	21 vs 6	chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13	CCL13	NM_005408
-2.53	21 vs 6	alpha-fetoprotein	AFP	NM_001134

Table 4:

Timepoints

6 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 0 and day 6;

21 vs 0 represents genes with a differential expression between day 21 and day 0; and

21 vs 6 refers to genes with a change in expression between day 6 and day 21.

Example 5

Comparison of Gene Expression Data Obtained From Patients Treated With IVIG and Patients Treated With IVMP

[0156] When gene expression data obtained from patients treated with IVIG were compared with gene expression data obtained from patients treated with IVMP, 17 genes were identified that significantly changed in expression in both

groups of patients (Table 5). Most of the proteins that are encoded by these 17 genes regulate cell cycle (HABP4, STAT1, CDKN1, SH3BP4 and ORC1L). These results indicate that cell cycle regulation might be a mechanism of therapeutic effectiveness that both drugs have in common. The other genes that were found to be differentially regulated were only found in one of the two treatment groups and, therefore, reflect mechanisms of action that are specific for only one of the two drugs.

TABLE 5

Intersection of genes differentially expressed under both IVIG treatment and IVMP treatment			
Gene Title	Gene Symbol	GO Biological Process Description	Ref Seq ID
cadherin 5, type 2, VE-cadherin (vascular epithelium)	CDH5	cell adhesion /// homophilic cell adhesion	NM_001795
hyaluronan binding protein 4	HABP4	—	NM_014282
signal transducer and activator of transcription 1, 91 kDa	STAT1	regulation of cell cycle /// transcription /// regulation of transcription, DNA-dependent /// transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter /// caspase activation /// intracellular signaling cascade /// I-kappaB kinase/NF-kappaB cascade /// tyrosine phosph	NM_007315
cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C(p57, Kip2)	CDKN1C	regulation of cyclin dependent protein kinase activity /// G1 phase of mitotic cell cycle /// cell cycle /// cell cycle arrest /// negative regulation of cell proliferation /// negative regulation of cell cycle	NM_000076
actinin, alpha 2	ACTN2	—	NM_001103
histone 1, H2bh	HIST1H2BH	nucleosome assembly /// nucleosome assembly /// chromosome organization and biogenesis (sensu Eukaryota)	NM_003524
SH3-domain binding protein 4	SH3BP4	endocytosis /// cell cycle	NM_014521
origin recognition complex, subunit 1-like (yeast)	ORC1L	DNA replication /// DNA replication initiation	NM_004153
KIAA0644 gene product	KIAA0644	—	NM_014817
Heparan sulfate (glucosamine) 3-O-sulfotransferase 1	HS3ST1	—	NM_005114
ropporin, rhophilin associated protein 1B	ROPN1B	cytokinesis /// signal transduction /// Rho protein signal transduction /// spermatogenesis /// acrosome reaction /// fusion of sperm to egg plasma membrane /// cell-cell adhesion /// sperm motility	NM_001012337
outer dense fiber of sperm tails 2	ODF2	—	NM_002540
—	—	—	—
unknown protein	—	—	—
1-acylglycerol-3-phosphate O-acetyltransferase 7	AGPAT7	metabolism	NM_153613
zinc finger protein 804A	ZNF804A	—	NM_194250
TRAF-type zinc finger domain containing 1	TRAFD1	—	NM_006700

Example 6

Confirmation of Gene Expression Data Obtained
with Microarray Analysis by Real-Time PCR

[0157] Data obtained with microarray analysis were confirmed by quantitative real-time PCR. For this purpose, 4 genes were selected that encoded proteins known to regulate immune regulation (see Table 4): PTGER4, CXCL5, IL11 and CASP2. Results of real-time PCR are shown in FIG. 3A-D. Results obtained with real-time PCR confirm the data obtained with microarray analysis (FIG. 3A-D, and Tables 3 and 4).

Discussion

[0158] The present study was designed to identify genes that are differentially expressed in peripheral T cells of patients with RRMS in acute exacerbation after treatment with IVIG. Peripheral T cells (CD4+ and CD8+ T cells) have been shown to be involved in the disease pathogenesis, in particular in the process of demyelination and axonal damage (Stinissen P. et al., *Mult Scler.*, 4:203-11 (1998)). This is supported by a recent study in which a number of genes in peripheral blood cells of MS patients were shown to be differentially expressed compared with those in healthy twins (Särkijärvi S. et al., *BMC Medical Genetics*, 7:11 (2006)).

[0159] Statistical data analysis revealed 360 genes that were at least 2-fold up- or down-regulated in all patients following IVIG treatment. The effect of IVIG treatment was most prominent at 21 days after the beginning of IVIG treatment. Genes mostly affected in expression by IVIG treatment included genes that encode proteins that regulate cell cycle, signal transduction, transcription, inflammation, cell-cell interactions and apoptosis. These processes are likely to be involved in the pathogenesis of MS. When we compared the effects on gene expression caused by IVIG treatment with the effects caused by IVMP treatment, we found 583 genes to be differentially regulated upon IVMP treatment. The majority of these genes was altered in expression at day 6 compared to day 0 after the beginning of therapy. These results indicate that IVMP might be a faster acting drug than UVIG.

[0160] We identified 17 genes that were significantly changed in expression in both groups of patients. Most of the proteins that are encoded by these 17 genes regulate cell cycle. These results strongly suggest that the regulation of cell proliferation, in particular the regulation of T cell proliferation, is a mechanism of action that both drugs have in common. These results agree with published data that indicate that IVIG suppresses the proliferation of activated T cells when given to patients with MS (Andersson U. et al., *Immunol Rev.* 139:21-42 (1994); Bayry J. et al., *Intravenous immunoglobulin in autoimmune disorders: An insight into the immunoregulatory mechanisms*).

[0161] An important mechanism of action of UVIG in MS seems to be the modulation of chemokine expression. This conclusion is based on our findings that a number of genes that encode chemokines (CXCL3, CXCL5, CCL13 and XCL2) are differentially expressed upon IVIG treatment. These changes in gene expression were not found in patients treated with IVMP. Therefore, we believe that the modulation of chemokine expression in peripheral T cells might be a specific mechanism of action of IVIG in MS. Several studies have shown that chemokines and chemokine receptors are involved in the pathogenesis of MS (Trebst C. and Ransohoff R. M., *Arch Neurol*, 58:1975-80 (2001)). Chemokines have

been shown to mediate trafficking of immune cells across the blood-brain barrier and to direct migration of immune cells towards sites of active lesions (Szcucinski A. and Losy J., *Acta Neurol Scand*, 115:137-146 (2007)). Moreover, chemokines were detected in active lesions and were found to be elevated in the cerebrospinal fluid of patients with MS during relapse (Sindern E. et al., *J Neuroimmunol*, 131:186-90 (2002)). Two of the chemokines (CXCL3 and CXCL5) that were significantly down-regulated in our study are known to specifically interact with the chemokine receptor CXCR2 (Omari K. et al., *Brain*, 128:1003-1015 (2005)). Previous studies have shown that CXCR2 is not only expressed on peripheral blood cells such as granulocytes, monocytes or lymphocytes (Murdoch C. et al., *Brain*, 128: 1003-1015 (2005(?)); Murphy P. M. et al., *Pharmacol Rev.*, 52:145-76 (2000)) but also on oligodendrocytes in the brain. Oligodendrocytes are most essential for the myelination of axons in the white matter of the Central Nervous System and for remyelination after demyelination of axons during inflammation in MS (Blakemore W. F., *J Neurol Sci.*, (2007)). Recently it was shown that CXCR2 expressed on oligodendrocytes is essential for the development and maintenance of the oligodendrocyte lineage, myelination and white matter in the vertebrate CNS (Tsai H. H. et al., *Cell*, 110:373-83 (2002); Padovani-Claudio D. et al., *Glia*, 54:471-483 (2006)). The regulation of oligodendrocyte development and migration depends on the localized expression of the chemokine CXCL1 and its interaction with CXCR2 expressed on oligodendrocyte precursor cells and oligodendrocytes (Padovani-Claudio D. et al., *Glia*, 54:471-483 (2006)). Any event that disrupts the interaction between CXCL1 and CXCR2 expressed on oligodendrocytes or the signalling induced by this interaction could therefore cause a disruption of the remyelination processes in MS patients. Based on these findings we propose the following hypothesis for a new mechanism of action of IVIG in RRMS patients during relapse. Peripheral T cells and monocytes enter the CNS in response to chemokines produced by the inflammation in the brain. The disrupted blood-brain barrier (Man S. et al., *Brain Pathol.*, 17:243-50 (2007)) facilitates this process. Both T cells and monocytes produce chemokines in the brain that interfere with the tightly regulated activity of oligodendrocyte precursor cells and oligodendrocytes. This interference could be caused by either a desensitization of the CXCR2 receptor expressed on oligodendrocytes or by interference with the interaction between locally expressed CXCL1 and CXCR2 on oligodendrocytes. IVIG down-regulates the expression of chemokines in peripheral T cells, monocytes or both. Consequently, the interference of chemokines produced by these cells with the function of oligodendrocytes would be prevented and the natural process of remyelination induced by oligodendrocytes would be re-established. It remains to be shown whether IVIG might not only modulate the expression of chemokines in peripheral T cells but also the expression of chemokines in cells of the CNS, e.g., in astrocytes.

[0162] The aim of our study was to identify genes that are likely to be associated with T cell responses in MS. The strategy that we used for positive cell selection does not exclude the possibility that some of the identified genes are associated with peripheral monocytes rather than T cells. This has to be taken into consideration when interpreting the above data. The genes that we found to be differentially expressed under IVIG treatment will be confirmed in a second clinical trial with a larger study group. Differentially expressed genes

can be used as diagnostic markers for the therapeutic efficacy of IVIG treatment. Furthermore, some of the proteins encoded by the genes of interest will provide suitable targets for future drug development.

[0163] It is understood that the examples and embodiments described herein are for illustrative purposes only and that

various modifications or changes in light thereof will be suggested to persons skilled in the art and are to be included within the spirit and purview of this application and scope of the appended claims. All publications, patents, and patent applications cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes.

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<210> SEQ ID NO 4

<211> LENGTH: 480

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chromosome 19 open reading frame 28 (C19orf28)

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

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Asp	Leu	Cys	Ala	Ser	Met	Trp	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Leu	His
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Ser	Val	Arg	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Arg	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu	Leu
	50					55					60				
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65					70					75				80	
Asp	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Cys	Cys	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Pro	Arg	Lys	Ala	Trp
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His	Leu	Val	Gly	Thr	Val	Cys	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Phe	Pro	Phe	Ile	Phe
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Ser	Pro	Cys	Leu	Gly	Cys	Gly	Ala	Ala	Thr	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ala	Ala	Leu
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Leu	Ala	Pro	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gln	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Trp	Leu
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Arg	Glu	Pro	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Gln	Val	Gly	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Met	Thr	Thr	Arg
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Cys	Ile	Gly	Arg	Asn	Met	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Ser	Gly	Leu	Leu	Val	Ile	Leu
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Ala	Phe	Ala	Ala	Trp	Val	Ala	Leu	Ala	Glu	Gly	Leu	Gly	Val	Ala	Val
		355					360					365			
Tyr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Cys	Ala	Thr	Ile	Leu	Val
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385					390					395				400	
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Leu Cys Cys Arg Ala Cys Val Ser Phe Tyr His Trp Ala Met Val Ala
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Val Thr Gly Gly Val Gly Val Ala Ala Ala Leu Cys Leu Cys Ser Leu
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Leu Leu Trp Pro Thr Arg Leu Arg Arg Trp Asp Arg Asp Ala Arg Pro
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<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 1511
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (CDKN1C,
p57, Kip2) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (261)..(1211)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CDKN1C
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<400> SEQUENCE: 5

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<210> SEQ ID NO 6
<211> LENGTH: 316
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (CDKN1C,
p57, Kip2)

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

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35 40 45
Arg Leu Ala Glu Leu Asn Ala Glu Asp Gln Asn Arg Trp Asp Tyr Asp
50 55 60
Phe Gln Gln Asp Met Pro Leu Arg Gly Pro Gly Arg Leu Gln Trp Thr
65 70 75 80
Glu Val Asp Ser Asp Ser Val Pro Ala Phe Tyr Arg Glu Thr Val Gln
85 90 95
Val Gly Arg Cys Arg Leu Leu Leu Ala Pro Arg Pro Val Ala Val Ala
100 105 110
Val Ala Val Ser Pro Pro Leu Glu Pro Ala Ala Glu Ser Leu Asp Gly
115 120 125
Leu Glu Glu Ala Pro Glu Gln Leu Pro Ser Val Pro Val Pro Ala Pro
130 135 140
Ala Ser Thr Pro Pro Pro Val Pro Val Leu Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
145 150 155 160
Ala Pro Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Val Ala
165 170 175
Val Leu Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
180 185 190
Ala Pro Val Ala Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
195 200 205
Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Asp Ala Ala Pro Gln Glu Ser Ala
210 215 220
Glu Gln Gly Ala Asn Gln Gly Gln Arg Gly Gln Glu Pro Leu Ala Asp
225 230 235 240
Gln Leu His Ser Gly Ile Ser Gly Arg Pro Ala Ala Gly Thr Ala Ala
245 250 255
Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Ala Ala Ile Lys Lys Leu Ser Gly Pro Leu Ile
260 265 270
Ser Asp Phe Phe Ala Lys Arg Lys Arg Ser Ala Pro Glu Lys Ser Ser
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<210> SEQ ID NO 7
<211> LENGTH: 7190
<212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: breast cancer 1, early onset (BRCA1) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (201)..(5792)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: BRCA1

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

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<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 1863
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: breast cancer 1, early onset (BRCA1)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 8

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1           5           10          15

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20          25          30

Glu Pro Val Ser Thr Lys Cys Asp His Ile Phe Cys Lys Phe Cys Met
35          40          45

Leu Lys Leu Leu Asn Gln Lys Lys Gly Pro Ser Gln Cys Pro Leu Cys
50          55          60

Lys Asn Asp Ile Thr Lys Arg Ser Leu Gln Glu Ser Thr Arg Phe Ser
65          70          75          80

Gln Leu Val Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys Ile Ile Cys Ala Phe Gln Leu Asp
85          90          95

Thr Gly Leu Glu Tyr Ala Asn Ser Tyr Asn Phe Ala Lys Lys Glu Asn
100         105         110

Asn Ser Pro Glu His Leu Lys Asp Glu Val Ser Ile Ile Gln Ser Met
115         120         125

Gly Tyr Arg Asn Arg Ala Lys Arg Leu Leu Gln Ser Glu Pro Glu Asn
130         135         140

Pro Ser Leu Gln Glu Thr Ser Leu Ser Val Gln Leu Ser Asn Leu Gly
145         150         155         160

Thr Val Arg Thr Leu Arg Thr Lys Gln Arg Ile Gln Pro Gln Lys Thr
165         170         175

Ser Val Tyr Ile Glu Leu Gly Ser Asp Ser Ser Glu Asp Thr Val Asn
180         185         190

Lys Ala Thr Tyr Cys Ser Val Gly Asp Gln Glu Leu Leu Gln Ile Thr
195         200         205

Pro Gln Gly Thr Arg Asp Glu Ile Ser Leu Asp Ser Ala Lys Lys Ala
210         215         220

Ala Cys Glu Phe Ser Glu Thr Asp Val Thr Asn Thr Glu His His Gln
225         230         235         240

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His	Pro	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Ser	Ser	Val	Ser	Asn	Leu	His	Val	Glu	260	265	270	
Pro	Cys	Gly	Thr	Asn	Thr	His	Ala	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	275	280	285	
Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Lys	Asp	Arg	Met	Asn	Val	Glu	Lys	Ala	Glu	Phe	290	295	300	
Cys	Asn	Lys	Ser	Lys	Gln	Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Arg	Ser	Gln	His	Asn	Arg	305	310	315	320
Trp	Ala	Gly	Ser	Lys	Glu	Thr	Cys	Asn	Asp	Arg	Arg	Thr	Pro	Ser	Thr	325	330	335	
Glu	Lys	Lys	Val	Asp	Leu	Asn	Ala	Asp	Pro	Leu	Cys	Glu	Arg	Lys	Glu	340	345	350	
Trp	Asn	Lys	Gln	Lys	Leu	Pro	Cys	Ser	Glu	Asn	Pro	Arg	Asp	Thr	Glu	355	360	365	
Asp	Val	Pro	Trp	Ile	Thr	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ser	Ile	Gln	Lys	Val	Asn	Glu	370	375	380	
Trp	Phe	Ser	Arg	Ser	Asp	Glu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ser	Asp	Asp	Ser	His	Asp	385	390	395	400
Gly	Glu	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asn	Ala	Lys	Val	Ala	Asp	Val	Leu	Asp	Val	Leu	405	410	415	
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Ala	Ser	Asp	Pro	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ile	Cys	Lys	Ser	Glu	Arg	Val	His	435	440	445	
Ser	Lys	Ser	Val	Glu	Ser	Asn	Ile	Glu	Asp	Lys	Ile	Phe	Gly	Lys	Thr	450	455	460	
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Asn	Arg	Leu	Arg	Arg	Lys	Ser	Ser	Thr	Arg	His	Ile	His	Ala	Leu	Glu	610	615	620	
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Gly	Cys	Ser	Lys	Asp	Asn	Arg	Asn	Asp	Thr	Glu	Gly	Phe	Lys	Tyr	Pro	
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Glu	Cys	Ala	Thr	Phe	Ser	Ala	His	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Gln	Ser	
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Pro	Lys	Val	Thr	Phe	Glu	Cys	Glu	Gln	Lys	Glu	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gly	Lys	
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Val Tyr Lys Phe Ala Arg Lys His His Ile Thr Leu Thr Asn Leu Ile		
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Cys Glu Arg Thr Leu Lys Tyr Phe Leu Gly Ile Ala Gly Gly Lys Trp		
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Val Val Ser Tyr Phe Trp Val Thr Gln Ser Ile Lys Glu Arg Lys Met		
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Leu Asn Glu His Asp Phe Glu Val Arg Gly Asp Val Val Asn Gly Arg		
1730	1735	1740
Asn His Gln Gly Pro Lys Arg Ala Arg Glu Ser Gln Asp Arg Lys Ile		
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1765	1770	1775
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Lys Glu Leu Ser Ser Phe Thr Leu Gly Thr Gly Val His Pro Ile Val		
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Val Val Gln Pro Asp Ala Trp Thr Glu Asp Asn Gly Phe His Ala Ile		
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Gln Ile Pro His Ser His Tyr
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<210> SEQ ID NO 10
<211> LENGTH: 963
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: SH3-domain binding protein 4 (SH3BP4)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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20          25          30

Thr Ser Phe Asn Asp Ile Lys Val Pro Ser Pro Ser Ala Leu Leu Val
35          40          45

Asp Asn Pro Thr Pro Phe Gly Asn Ala Lys Glu Val Ile Ala Ile Lys
50          55          60

Asp Tyr Cys Pro Thr Asn Phe Thr Thr Leu Lys Phe Ser Lys Gly Asp
65          70          75          80

His Leu Tyr Val Leu Asp Thr Ser Gly Gly Glu Trp Trp Tyr Ala His
85          90          95

Asn Thr Thr Glu Met Gly Tyr Ile Pro Ser Ser Tyr Val Gln Pro Leu
100         105         110

Asn Tyr Arg Asn Ser Thr Leu Ser Asp Ser Gly Met Ile Asp Asn Leu
115         120         125

Pro Asp Ser Pro Asp Glu Val Ala Lys Glu Leu Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly
130         135         140

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Leu	Leu	Phe	Asp	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ser	Ser	Phe	Thr	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ala
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Ser	Lys	Arg	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Gln	Ala	Lys
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Ser	Asp	Ala	Pro	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ser	Phe	Phe	Thr	Gly	Leu	Lys	Ser	Pro
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Asn	His	Arg	Lys	Leu	Ala	Arg	Ser	Cys	His	Asp	Leu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Gly
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Gln	Ser	Pro	Gly	Trp	Gly	Gln	Thr	Gln	Ala	Val	Glu	Thr	Asn	Ile	Val
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Cys	Lys	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ser	Gly	Gly	Ala	Val	Gln	Leu	Pro	Asp	Thr	Ser
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Ile	Ser	Ile	His	Val	Pro	Glu	Gly	His	Val	Ala	Pro	Gly	Glu	Thr	Gln
			340					345					350		
Gln	Ile	Ser	Met	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Asp	Pro	Pro	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asn	Ser
		355					360					365			
Asp	Arg	Ser	Cys	Ser	Ile	Ser	Pro	Val	Leu	Glu	Val	Lys	Leu	Ser	Asn
	370					375					380				
Leu	Glu	Val	Lys	Thr	Ser	Ile	Ile	Leu	Glu	Met	Lys	Val	Ser	Ala	Glu
385					390					395					400
Ile	Lys	Asn	Asp	Leu	Phe	Ser	Lys	Ser	Thr	Val	Gly	Leu	Gln	Cys	Leu
			405					410					415		
Arg	Ser	Asp	Ser	Lys	Glu	Gly	Pro	Tyr	Val	Ser	Val	Pro	Leu	Asn	Cys
		420					425					430			
Ser	Cys	Gly	Asp	Thr	Val	Gln	Ala	Gln	Leu	His	Asn	Leu	Glu	Pro	Cys
		435					440					445			
Met	Tyr	Val	Ala	Val	Val	Ala	His	Gly	Pro	Ser	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Ser
	450					455					460				
Thr	Val	Trp	Asp	Phe	Ile	Asn	Lys	Lys	Val	Thr	Val	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Gly
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Pro	Lys	His	Ile	His	Pro	Ser	Phe	Lys	Thr	Val	Val	Thr	Ile	Phe	Gly
			485					490					495		
His	Asp	Cys	Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Glu	Val	Thr	Arg	Gln
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Gly Phe Gln Leu Lys Leu Gly Lys Val Ser Arg Leu Ile Phe Pro Ile	565	570	575
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Val Lys Asp Asp Gln Glu Ala Ile Leu Thr Gln Phe Cys Val Gln Thr	595	600	605
Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Lys Ser Ala Ile Lys Pro Ser Gly Gln Arg Arg	610	615	620
Phe Leu Lys Lys Asn Glu Val Gly Lys Ile Ile Leu Ser Pro Phe Ala	625	630	635
Thr Thr Thr Lys Tyr Pro Thr Phe Gln Asp Arg Pro Val Ser Ser Leu	645	650	655
Lys Phe Gly Lys Leu Leu Lys Thr Val Val Arg Gln Asn Lys Asn His	660	665	670
Tyr Leu Leu Glu Tyr Lys Lys Gly Asp Gly Ile Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu	675	680	685
Glu Arg Val Arg Leu Arg Gly Gln Leu Trp Thr Lys Glu Trp Tyr Ile	690	695	700
Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Gly Arg Val Gly Leu Val His Thr Lys Asn Val Leu	705	710	715
Val Val Gly Arg Ala Arg Pro Ser Leu Cys Ser Gly Pro Glu Leu Ser	725	730	735
Thr Ser Val Leu Leu Glu Gln Ile Leu Arg Pro Cys Lys Phe Leu Thr	740	745	750
Tyr Ile Tyr Ala Ser Val Arg Thr Leu Leu Met Glu Asn Ile Ser Ser	755	760	765
Trp Arg Ser Phe Ala Asp Ala Leu Gly Tyr Val Asn Leu Pro Leu Thr	770	775	780
Phe Phe Cys Arg Ala Glu Leu Asp Ser Glu Pro Glu Arg Val Ala Ser	785	790	795
Val Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Asp Cys Asn Asn Thr Glu Asn Lys Glu	805	810	815
Arg Lys Ser Phe Gln Lys Glu Leu Val Met Ala Leu Leu Lys Met Asp	820	825	830
Cys Gln Gly Leu Val Val Arg Leu Ile Gln Asp Phe Val Leu Leu Thr	835	840	845
Thr Ala Val Glu Val Ala Gln Arg Trp Arg Glu Leu Ala Glu Lys Leu	850	855	860
Ala Lys Val Ser Lys Gln Gln Met Asp Ala Tyr Glu Ser Pro His Arg	865	870	875
Asp Arg Asn Gly Val Val Asp Ser Glu Ala Met Trp Lys Pro Ala Tyr	885	890	895
Asp Phe Leu Leu Thr Trp Ser His Gln Ile Gly Asp Ser Tyr Arg Asp	900	905	910
Val Ile Gln Glu Leu His Leu Gly Leu Asp Lys Met Lys Asn Pro Ile	915	920	925
Thr Lys Arg Trp Lys His Leu Thr Gly Thr Leu Ile Leu Val Asn Ser	930	935	940
Leu Asp Val Leu Arg Ala Ala Ala Phe Ser Pro Ala Asp Gln Asp Asp	945	950	955
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Phe Val Ile

<210> SEQ ID NO 11
<211> LENGTH: 5490
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant) (COL3A1)
cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (118)..(4518)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: COL3A1

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

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<210> SEQ ID NO 12

<211> LENGTH: 1466

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: collagen, type III, alpha 1 (Ehlers-Danlos syndrome type IV, autosomal dominant) (COL3A1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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20          25          30

Ser His Leu Gly Gln Ser Tyr Ala Asp Arg Asp Val Trp Lys Pro Glu
35          40          45

Pro Cys Gln Ile Cys Val Cys Asp Ser Gly Ser Val Leu Cys Asp Asp
50          55          60

Ile Ile Cys Asp Asp Gln Glu Leu Asp Cys Pro Asn Pro Glu Ile Pro
65          70          75          80

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Pro	Pro	Gly	Ile	Pro	Gly	Arg	Asn	Gly	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ile	Pro	Gly	Gln	115	120	125
Pro	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ile	Cys	Glu	Ser	Cys	130	135	140
Pro	Thr	Gly	Pro	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Gln	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Val	145	150	155
Lys	Ser	Gly	Val	Ala	Val	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	165	170	175
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Ser	Pro	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Glu	Pro	Gly	Gln	195	200	205
Ala	Gly	Pro	Ser	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ile	Gly	Pro	Ser	210	215	220
Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Lys	Asp	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Pro	Gly	Arg	Pro	Gly	225	230	235
Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Ile	245	250	255
Pro	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gly	Met	Lys	Gly	His	Arg	Gly	Phe	Asp	Gly	Arg	Asn	260	265	270
Gly	Glu	Lys	Gly	Glu	Thr	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Leu	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	275	280	285
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Pro	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Arg	Pro	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Arg	305	310	315
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Glu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Asn	Gly	Ala	Lys	Gly	Glu	Pro	Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Glu	435	440	445
Arg	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ile	Pro	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Ala	Lys	Gly	Glu	Asp	450	455	460
Gly	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	465	470	475

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Ala	Ala	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Phe	Arg	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Pro	485	490	495
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Val	Met	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gly	Pro	Lys	Gly	Asn	Asp	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Lys	580	585	590
Asn	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Gly	Pro	Pro	595	600	605
Gly	Lys	Asn	Gly	Glu	Thr	Gly	Pro	Gln	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Thr	Gly	610	615	620
Pro	Gly	Gly	Asp	Lys	Gly	Asp	Thr	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Gly	Leu	625	630	635
Gln	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Gly	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Pro	645	650	655
Gly	Glu	Pro	Gly	Pro	Lys	Gly	Asp	Ala	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	660	665	670
Gly	Lys	Gly	Asp	Ala	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Leu	675	680	685
Ala	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gly	Ala	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Glu	690	695	700
Gly	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly	705	710	715
Thr	Pro	Gly	Leu	Gln	Gly	Met	Pro	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly	Ser	725	730	735
Pro	Gly	Pro	Lys	Gly	Asp	Lys	Gly	Glu	Pro	Gly	Gly	Pro	Gly	Ala	Asp	740	745	750
Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Lys	Asp	Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Pro	Thr	Gly	Pro	Ile	Gly	755	760	765
Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Gln	Pro	Gly	Asp	Lys	Gly	Glu	Gly	Gly	Ala	770	775	780
Pro	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ile	Ala	Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Glu	Arg	785	790	795
Gly	Glu	Thr	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	805	810	815
Gln	Asn	Gly	Glu	Pro	Gly	Gly	Lys	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Glu	820	825	830
Lys	Gly	Glu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Val	Ala	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly	Ser	835	840	845
Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Gly	Val	Lys	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	850	855	860
Ser	Pro	Gly	Gly	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gly	Ala	Arg	Gly	Leu	865	870	875
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885						890						895					
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Pro	Gly	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Ala	Gln	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro		
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945				950						955					960		
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Lys	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Pro	Gly	Ala	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gly	Glu	Arg		
		980						985					990				
Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ala	Gly		
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Glu	Pro	Gly	Arg	Asp	Gly	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Arg		
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Asp	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	Gly	Lys	Gly	Asp	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Pro		
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Pro	Ala	Gly	Lys	Ser	Gly	Asp	Arg	Gly	Glu	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Pro		
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Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Asp	Lys	Gly	Glu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly		
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Ile	Lys	Gly	His	Arg	Gly	Phe	Pro	Gly	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ser		
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Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Pro	Val	Gly	Pro	Ser	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Lys	Asp	Gly		
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Thr	Ser	Gly	His	Pro	Gly	Pro	Ile	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Arg	Gly	Asn		
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Arg	Gly	Glu	Arg	Gly	Ser	Glu	Gly	Ser	Pro	Gly	His	Pro	Gly	Gln	Pro		
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Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Pro	Cys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Val		
1185				1190						1195					1200		
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Ala	Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Glu	Pro	Met	Asp	Phe	Lys	Ile	Asn	Thr	Asp		
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Glu	Ile	Met	Thr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ser	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ile	Glu	Ser	Leu		
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Ile	Ser	Pro	Asp	Gly	Ser	Arg	Lys	Asn	Pro	Ala	Arg	Asn	Cys	Arg	Asp		
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Leu	Lys	Phe	Cys	His	Pro	Glu	Leu	Lys	Ser	Gly	Glu	Tyr	Trp	Val	Asp		
1265				1270						1275					1280		
Pro	Asn	Gln	Gly	Cys	Lys	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ile	Lys	Val	Phe	Cys	Asn	Met		
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Glu Thr Gly Glu Thr Cys Ile Ser Ala Asn Pro Leu Asn Val Pro Arg
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 Lys His Trp Trp Thr Asp Ser Ser Ala Glu Lys Lys His Val Trp Phe
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 Gly Glu Ser Met Asp Gly Gly Phe Gln Phe Ser Tyr Gly Asn Pro Glu
 1330 1335 1340
 Leu Pro Glu Asp Val Leu Asp Val Gln Leu Ala Phe Leu Arg Leu Leu
 1345 1350 1355 1360
 Ser Ser Arg Ala Ser Gln Asn Ile Thr Tyr His Cys Lys Asn Ser Ile
 1365 1370 1375
 Ala Tyr Met Asp Gln Ala Ser Gly Asn Val Lys Lys Ala Leu Lys Leu
 1380 1385 1390
 Met Gly Ser Asn Glu Gly Glu Phe Lys Ala Glu Gly Asn Ser Lys Phe
 1395 1400 1405
 Thr Tyr Thr Val Leu Glu Asp Gly Cys Thr Lys His Thr Gly Glu Trp
 1410 1415 1420
 Ser Lys Thr Val Phe Glu Tyr Arg Thr Arg Lys Ala Val Arg Leu Pro
 1425 1430 1435 1440
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<210> SEQ ID NO 13
 <211> LENGTH: 3215
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta
 1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 2 (B3GALT2) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (696)..(1964)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: B3GALT2

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gttattagta gaaatatgga tactgagacg agaacacagc actgcattgt ccagccagga	240
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cataatcttc ttcacataaa tggcctgacc aaggagaatg actacaagag agacaatgtg	600
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caatctctca tataaccacta ctggatatatt acaacatgct tcagtggagg agaagacact	720
gctgctttgc aaagatgacc tggaatgcca aaaggtctct gttccgcact catcttattg	780
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tcaatgtgca atttgtaaat attgctaaaa gcatgtatag ttaggaactg attacatccg	2040
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<210> SEQ ID NO 14
<211> LENGTH: 422
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: UDP-Gal:betaGlcNAc beta
      1,3-galactosyltransferase, polypeptide 2 (B3GALT2)
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<400> SEQUENCE: 14
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      20             25             30

Leu Val Phe Leu Phe Ala Met Phe Leu Phe Phe Asn His His Asp Trp
      35             40             45

Leu Pro Gly Arg Ala Gly Phe Lys Glu Asn Pro Val Thr Tyr Thr Phe
      50             55             60

Arg Gly Phe Arg Ser Thr Lys Ser Glu Thr Asn His Ser Ser Leu Arg
      65             70             75             80

Asn Ile Trp Lys Glu Thr Val Pro Gln Thr Leu Arg Pro Gln Thr Ala
      85             90             95

Thr Asn Ser Asn Asn Thr Asp Leu Ser Pro Gln Gly Val Thr Gly Leu
      100            105            110

Glu Asn Thr Leu Ser Ala Asn Gly Ser Ile Tyr Asn Glu Lys Gly Thr
      115            120            125

Gly His Pro Asn Ser Tyr His Phe Lys Tyr Ile Ile Asn Glu Pro Glu
      130            135            140

Lys Cys Gln Glu Lys Ser Pro Phe Leu Ile Leu Leu Ile Ala Ala Glu
      145            150            155            160

Pro Gly Gln Ile Glu Ala Arg Arg Ala Ile Arg Gln Thr Trp Gly Asn
      165            170            175

Glu Ser Leu Ala Pro Gly Ile Gln Ile Thr Arg Ile Phe Leu Leu Gly
      180            185            190

Leu Ser Ile Lys Leu Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Arg Ala Ile Leu Glu Glu
      195            200            205

Ser Arg Gln Tyr His Asp Ile Ile Gln Gln Glu Tyr Leu Asp Thr Tyr
      210            215            220

Tyr Asn Leu Thr Ile Lys Thr Leu Met Gly Met Asn Trp Val Ala Thr
      225            230            235            240

Tyr Cys Pro His Ile Pro Tyr Val Met Lys Thr Asp Ser Asp Met Phe
      245            250            255

Val Asn Thr Glu Tyr Leu Ile Asn Lys Leu Leu Lys Pro Asp Leu Pro
      260            265            270

Pro Arg His Asn Tyr Phe Thr Gly Tyr Leu Met Arg Gly Tyr Ala Pro
      275            280            285

Asn Arg Asn Lys Asp Ser Lys Trp Tyr Met Pro Pro Asp Leu Tyr Pro
      290            295            300

Ser Glu Arg Tyr Pro Val Phe Cys Ser Gly Thr Gly Tyr Val Phe Ser
      305            310            315            320
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Gly Asp Leu Ala Glu Lys Ile Phe Lys Val Ser Leu Gly Ile Arg Arg
 325 330 335

Leu His Leu Glu Asp Val Tyr Val Gly Ile Cys Leu Ala Lys Leu Arg
 340 345 350

Ile Asp Pro Val Pro Pro Pro Asn Glu Phe Val Phe Asn His Trp Arg
 355 360 365

Val Ser Tyr Ser Ser Cys Lys Tyr Ser His Leu Ile Thr Ser His Gln
 370 375 380

Phe Gln Pro Ser Glu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Trp Asn His Leu Gln Gln Asn
 385 390 395 400

Lys His Asn Ala Cys Ala Asn Ala Ala Lys Glu Lys Ala Gly Arg Tyr
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Arg His Arg Lys Leu His
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<210> SEQ ID NO 15
 <211> LENGTH: 3489
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: glycosylphosphatidylinositol specific
 phospholipase D1 (GPLD1) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (112)..(2634)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: GPLD1

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

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aatgggcgtg ttaactacag agagctgtta ctagaacacc aggatgcgta tcaggctgga      300
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<210> SEQ ID NO 16

<211> LENGTH: 840

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: glycosylphosphatidylinositol specific
phospholipase D1 (GPLD1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

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          20           25           30

Gly His Arg Ala Leu Glu Phe Leu Gln Leu His Asn Gly Arg Val Asn
35           40           45

Tyr Arg Glu Leu Leu Leu Glu His Gln Asp Ala Tyr Gln Ala Gly Ile
50           55           60

Val Phe Pro Asp Cys Phe Tyr Pro Ser Ile Cys Lys Gly Gly Lys Phe
65           70           75           80

His Asp Val Ser Glu Ser Thr His Trp Thr Pro Phe Leu Asn Ala Ser
85           90           95

Val His Tyr Ile Arg Glu Asn Tyr Pro Leu Pro Trp Glu Lys Asp Thr
100          105          110

Glu Lys Leu Val Ala Phe Leu Phe Gly Ile Thr Ser His Met Ala Ala
115          120          125

Asp Val Ser Trp His Ser Leu Gly Leu Glu Gln Gly Phe Leu Arg Thr
130          135          140

Met Gly Ala Ile Asp Phe His Gly Ser Tyr Ser Glu Ala His Ser Ala
145          150          155          160

Gly Asp Phe Gly Gly Asp Val Leu Ser Gln Phe Glu Phe Asn Phe Asn
165          170          175

Tyr Leu Ala Arg Arg Trp Tyr Val Pro Val Lys Asp Leu Leu Gly Ile
180          185          190

Tyr Glu Lys Leu Tyr Gly Arg Lys Val Ile Thr Glu Asn Val Ile Val
195          200          205

Asp Cys Ser His Ile Gln Phe Leu Glu Met Tyr Gly Glu Met Leu Ala
210          215          220

Val Ser Lys Leu Tyr Pro Thr Tyr Ser Thr Lys Ser Pro Phe Leu Val
225          230          235          240

Glu Gln Phe Gln Glu Tyr Phe Leu Gly Gly Leu Asp Asp Met Ala Phe
245          250          255

Trp Ser Thr Asn Ile Tyr His Leu Thr Ser Phe Met Leu Glu Asn Gly
260          265          270

Thr Ser Asp Cys Asn Leu Pro Glu Asn Pro Leu Phe Ile Ala Cys Gly
275          280          285

Gly Gln Gln Asn His Thr Gln Gly Ser Lys Met Gln Lys Asn Asp Phe
290          295          300

His Arg Asn Leu Thr Thr Ser Leu Thr Glu Ser Val Asp Arg Asn Ile
305          310          315          320

Asn Tyr Thr Glu Arg Gly Val Phe Phe Ser Val Asn Ser Trp Thr Pro
325          330          335

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Asp	Ser	Met	Ser	Phe	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Leu	Glu	Arg	Asn	Ile	Arg	Thr
			340					345					350		
Met	Phe	Ile	Gly	Gly	Ser	Gln	Leu	Ser	Gln	Lys	His	Val	Ser	Ser	Pro
		355					360					365			
Leu	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Ser	Phe	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Leu	Gly	Trp	Ala
	370					375					380				
Met	Thr	Ser	Ala	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gln	Asp	Gly	His	Gly	Asp	Leu	Val	Val
385					390					395					400
Gly	Ala	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Pro	Gly	His	Ile	His	Ile	Gly	Arg	Val
			405						410					415	
Tyr	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Asp	Leu	Gly	Leu	Pro	Pro	Val	Asp	Leu	Asp
			420					425					430		
Leu	Asp	Lys	Glu	Ala	His	Arg	Ile	Leu	Glu	Gly	Phe	Gln	Pro	Ser	Gly
		435					440					445			
Arg	Phe	Gly	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Asp	Phe	Asn	Val	Asp	Gly	Val
	450					455					460				
Pro	Asp	Leu	Ala	Val	Gly	Ala	Pro	Ser	Val	Gly	Ser	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr
465				470						475					480
Tyr	Lys	Gly	Ala	Val	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Ser	Lys	Gln	Gly	Gly	Met
			485						490					495	
Ser	Ser	Ser	Pro	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ile	Ser	Cys	Gln	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Cys	Asn
			500					505					510		
Leu	Gly	Trp	Thr	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Asp	Val	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ser	Glu	Pro
		515					520					525			
Asp	Leu	Val	Ile	Gly	Ser	Pro	Phe	Ala	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gly	Lys	Gln	Lys
	530					535						540			
Gly	Ile	Val	Ala	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ser	Leu	Ser	Asp	Lys	Glu
545					550					555					560
Lys	Leu	Asn	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala	Asn	Trp	Thr	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Glu	Asp
			565						570					575	
Phe	Ser	Trp	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Leu	His	Gly	Val	Thr	Val	Asp	Asn	Arg
			580					585					590		
Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Gly	Ser	Pro	Thr	Trp	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ser	Arg	Leu
		595					600					605			
Gly	His	Leu	Leu	His	Ile	Arg	Asp	Glu	Lys	Lys	Ser	Leu	Gly	Arg	Val
	610				615							620			
Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ser	Trp	Phe	Thr	Ile	Ser	Gly
625					630					635					640
Asp	Lys	Ala	Met	Gly	Lys	Leu	Gly	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	His	Val
			645						650					655	
Leu	Met	Asn	Gly	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gln	Val	Leu	Leu	Val	Gly	Ala	Pro	Thr
			660					665					670		
Tyr	Asp	Asp	Val	Ser	Lys	Val	Ala	Phe	Leu	Thr	Val	Thr	Leu	His	Gln
		675					680					685			
Gly	Gly	Ala	Thr	Arg	Met	Tyr	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ala	Gln	Pro	Leu
	690					695					700				
Leu	Leu	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ser	Gly	Asp	Arg	Arg	Phe	Ser	Arg	Phe	Gly	Gly
705					710					715					720
Val	Leu	His	Leu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Asp	Asp	Asp	Gly	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ile
					725				730					735	
Met	Ala	Ala	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ala	Asp	Val	Thr	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ile	Gly

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740	745	750
Gly Glu Asp Gly Arg Val Tyr Val Tyr Asn Gly Lys Glu Thr Thr Leu		
755	760	765
Gly Asp Met Thr Gly Lys Cys Lys Ser Trp Ile Thr Pro Cys Pro Glu		
770	775	780
Glu Lys Ala Gln Tyr Val Leu Ile Ser Pro Glu Ala Ser Ser Arg Phe		
785	790	795
Gly Ser Ser Leu Ile Thr Val Arg Ser Lys Ala Lys Asn Gln Val Val		
805	810	815
Ile Ala Ala Gly Arg Ser Ser Leu Gly Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Ala Leu		
820	825	830
His Val Tyr Ser Leu Gly Ser Asp		
835	840	

<210> SEQ ID NO 17
 <211> LENGTH: 3882
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: myotubularin related protein 7 (MTMR7) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (36)..(2018)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: MTMR7

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

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atttgacggc tacccatgtc atattcgtgg aaaattcacc tgacgcaaga aaagaaacat      180
ggattcttca cagtcagatt tccaccattg agaaacaggc aacaaccgct accggatgcc      240
ctctgctgat tcgctgcaag aactttcaga taatacagct catcatacct caggaaagag      300
attgccacga cgtgtacatc tccctgatac gccttgcaag gccagtgaag tatgaggagt      360
tatactgctt ttcattcaac cccatgctgg ataaagaaga aagagagcaa ggctgggtgc      420
tgatcgatct tagtgaagaa tacacgcgga tgggcctccc taatcattac tggcagctca      480
gcgatgtgaa tagagactac agagtctgtg actcttatcc tactgaactg tacgttccca      540
aatcgggcac ggcacacatc atagtgggga gttccaaatt ccggagtaga cggcgatttc      600
ctgtcctttc ttactattat aaagataacc acgcctccat ctgccggagc agccagcccc      660
tgtccggctt cagtgcccggtg gctctggagg acgagcagat gctccaggcc attaggaaag      720
ccaatccagg aagtgaactc gtttatgtcg ttgacgcccg gcctaaactt aatgcaatgg      780
caaactgtgc tgcagggaag ggctatgaga atgaagacaa ttattccaat atcaagtttc      840
agtttatcgg gatagagaac atccatgtca tgaggaacag tctgcagaaa atgctggaag      900
tgtgtgaact taaatctccc tccatgagtg atttctctgt gggtctggag aactctggct      960
ggttaaggca cattaaagcc ataatggatg caggaatctt cattgcaaag gcagtgtcag     1020
aggaaggggc aagtgtgctt gttcactgtt ctgatggctg ggacaggacc gctcagggtg     1080
gctcgggtgc aagcctgctg ctggaccctc actaccggac tctgaagggc ttcatggtat     1140
taattgaaaa ggactggatt tcctttgggtc ataagtttaa tcaccgatat ggcaatctag     1200
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taatggaaca atttcctgt gcctttgagt tcaatgagag gtttttgatt cacattcaac	1320
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aactcaagat tcaagaaaga acatactcat tatgggctca cctgtggaag aatcgggccg	1440
actacctgaa tcctctgttt agagctgac acagccagac tcagggaacc cttcatctcc	1500
ctacaacacc atgtaacttc atgtacaagt tttggagtgg aatgtataac cgctttgaaa	1560
aggggatgca gccccgacag tcagttacag attacctaatt ggcagtgaag gaagaaactc	1620
agcagctaga ggaagaacta gaggcctgg aagaaaggct ggaaaaaatt caaaagggtcc	1680
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ttccatcccg gagcccttca caaggcgatg aagattctgc tctgattcta acccaagaca	1860
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caggaaatgg tgcattgcat tgagaactat tttaatgcag ctatgaaaag ggaaaaaagt	2160
gcccgattct tgatttctta gatactgaag aggacgtagt catttcattt atcaaatata	2220
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cctcttatac atatttctaa aaacaggcac attggtgaga tgcacccttt ttagttaata	2520
gatgcattcc taaggagctt ttaattgctt atctttcagg cataatcatc actttaactt	2580
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actgatttaa tagctaagca ggtagaagca acattcatc tcctgggtctt acatatgaat	2760
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tttacatcaa tattttgaat atctgatttt ttttaatggg agaattatta catttcgctg	3360
aatgaggac gagggcaaga aagcaacatt gctgatctct ctagtatgaa agatttgagg	3420
ggagtgttgc aatatatata aatgaaaaca tttaattgtg ttcacatcat ttaaaaatat	3480
agaatatatt agagaactgt gatttaaaag tactgttaat gtaaaaaata aagcaagtgt	3540

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aattaattct ttcagaatat aaaatttggg cattctctgc tgagcagttc ccaaattaag 3600
tacaaggaat gtttattcat tttctgcaat atactatatg taatagggaa taccttgcta 3660
aaataaaaact taggatatag tggtaatggc tttcacattt ttataacata acataactca 3720
cttcacaacc ttcttgagac tgtccactct tagaaactct gttgctaata attgaggatg 3780
tggttttaat ttcttccgtt tgacagtgtg tgtctataaa aacaataaac attttttaa 3840
aatgacaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aa 3882

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<210> SEQ ID NO 18
<211> LENGTH: 660
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: myotubularin related protein 7 (MTMR7)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 18

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Met Glu His Ile Arg Thr Pro Lys Val Glu Asn Val Arg Leu Val Asp
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Arg Val Ser Pro Lys Lys Ala Ala Leu Gly Thr Leu Tyr Leu Thr Ala
20          25          30
Thr His Val Ile Phe Val Glu Asn Ser Pro Asp Ala Arg Lys Glu Thr
35          40          45
Trp Ile Leu His Ser Gln Ile Ser Thr Ile Glu Lys Gln Ala Thr Thr
50          55          60
Ala Thr Gly Cys Pro Leu Leu Ile Arg Cys Lys Asn Phe Gln Ile Ile
65          70          75          80
Gln Leu Ile Ile Pro Gln Glu Arg Asp Cys His Asp Val Tyr Ile Ser
85          90          95
Leu Ile Arg Leu Ala Arg Pro Val Lys Tyr Glu Glu Leu Tyr Cys Phe
100         105        110
Ser Phe Asn Pro Met Leu Asp Lys Glu Glu Arg Glu Gln Gly Trp Val
115        120        125
Leu Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu Glu Tyr Thr Arg Met Gly Leu Pro Asn His
130        135        140
Tyr Trp Gln Leu Ser Asp Val Asn Arg Asp Tyr Arg Val Cys Asp Ser
145        150        155        160
Tyr Pro Thr Glu Leu Tyr Val Pro Lys Ser Ala Thr Ala His Ile Ile
165        170        175
Val Gly Ser Ser Lys Phe Arg Ser Arg Arg Arg Phe Pro Val Leu Ser
180        185        190
Tyr Tyr Tyr Lys Asp Asn His Ala Ser Ile Cys Arg Ser Ser Gln Pro
195        200        205
Leu Ser Gly Phe Ser Ala Arg Cys Leu Glu Asp Glu Gln Met Leu Gln
210        215        220
Ala Ile Arg Lys Ala Asn Pro Gly Ser Asp Phe Val Tyr Val Val Asp
225        230        235        240
Ala Arg Pro Lys Leu Asn Ala Met Ala Asn Arg Ala Ala Gly Lys Gly
245        250        255
Tyr Glu Asn Glu Asp Asn Tyr Ser Asn Ile Lys Phe Gln Phe Ile Gly
260        265        270
Ile Glu Asn Ile His Val Met Arg Asn Ser Leu Gln Lys Met Leu Glu
275        280        285

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Val	Cys	Glu	Leu	Lys	Ser	Pro	Ser	Met	Ser	Asp	Phe	Leu	Trp	Gly	Leu
290						295					300				
Glu	Asn	Ser	Gly	Trp	Leu	Arg	His	Ile	Lys	Ala	Ile	Met	Asp	Ala	Gly
305					310					315					320
Ile	Phe	Ile	Ala	Lys	Ala	Val	Ser	Glu	Glu	Gly	Ala	Ser	Val	Leu	Val
				325					330					335	
His	Cys	Ser	Asp	Gly	Trp	Asp	Arg	Thr	Ala	Gln	Val	Cys	Ser	Val	Ala
			340					345					350		
Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Pro	His	Tyr	Arg	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gly	Phe	Met	Val
	355						360					365			
Leu	Ile	Glu	Lys	Asp	Trp	Ile	Ser	Phe	Gly	His	Lys	Phe	Asn	His	Arg
370						375					380				
Tyr	Gly	Asn	Leu	Asp	Gly	Asp	Pro	Lys	Glu	Ile	Ser	Pro	Val	Ile	Asp
385					390					395					400
Gln	Phe	Ile	Glu	Cys	Val	Trp	Gln	Leu	Met	Glu	Gln	Phe	Pro	Cys	Ala
				405					410					415	
Phe	Glu	Phe	Asn	Glu	Arg	Phe	Leu	Ile	His	Ile	Gln	His	His	Ile	Tyr
			420					425					430		
Ser	Cys	Gln	Phe	Gly	Asn	Phe	Leu	Cys	Asn	Ser	Gln	Lys	Glu	Arg	Arg
	435						440					445			
Glu	Leu	Lys	Ile	Gln	Glu	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Trp	Ala	His	Leu	Trp
	450					455					460				
Lys	Asn	Arg	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Pro	Leu	Phe	Arg	Ala	Asp	His	Ser
465					470					475					480
Gln	Thr	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu	His	Leu	Pro	Thr	Thr	Pro	Cys	Asn	Phe	Met
			485						490					495	
Tyr	Lys	Phe	Trp	Ser	Gly	Met	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Phe	Glu	Lys	Gly	Met	Gln
			500					505					510		
Pro	Arg	Gln	Ser	Val	Thr	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Met	Ala	Val	Lys	Glu	Glu	Thr
	515						520					525			
Gln	Gln	Leu	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Lys
	530					535					540				
Ile	Gln	Lys	Val	Gln	Leu	Asn	Cys	Thr	Lys	Val	Lys	Ser	Lys	Gln	Ser
545					550					555					560
Glu	Pro	Ser	Lys	His	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Thr	Ser	Asp	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ala
			565					570						575	
Asn	Thr	Pro	Gln	Asp	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Asn	Met	Lys	Ser	Phe	Pro	Ser	Arg
	580							585					590		
Ser	Pro	Ser	Gln	Gly	Asp	Glu	Asp	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Thr	Gln	Asp
	595					600						605			
Asn	Leu	Lys	Ser	Ser	Asp	Pro	Asp	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asn	Ser	Asp	Gln	Glu
	610					615					620				
Ser	Gly	Val	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ser	Cys	Arg	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gly	Gly	Glu	His
625					630					635					640
Ala	Pro	Ser	Glu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Lys	Asp	Arg	Asp	Ser	Asp	Glu	Ala	Val
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Phe	Leu	Thr	Ala												
			660												

<210> SEQ ID NO 19

<211> LENGTH: 2299

<212> TYPE: DNA

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<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein with EGF-like and two
follistatin-like domains 1 (TMEFF1) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (110)..(1252)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TMEFF1

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

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agccgctgag gcgcgcctcc ggctgcctgc cgcgcctccg ctgccttct gctgtacac 180
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gggtggtggc ggcggcagcg gcggggactg tcccgcggc aaaggcaaga gcatcaactg 300
ctcagaatta aatgtgaggg agtctgacgt aagagtttgt gatgagtcac catgtaata 360
tggaggagtc tgtaagaag atggagatgg tttgaaatgt gcatgccaat ttcagtcca 420
tacaaattat attcctgtct gtggatcaaa tggggacact tatcaaaatg aatgcttct 480
cagaagggct gcttgtaagc accagaaaga gataacagta atagcaagag gaccatgcta 540
ctctgataat ggatctggat ctggagaagg agaagaggaa gggtcagggg cagaagttca 600
cagaaaacac tccaagtgtg gacctgcaa atataaagct gagtgtgatg aagatgcaga 660
aatgttggg tgtgtatgta atatatattg cagtggatac agttttaatc ctgtgtgtgc 720
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agaagatggt tatattggaa accacatgcc ttgccctgaa aacctcaatg gttactgcat 960
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gaagcaaac ctaggctcatt ttacttcaga tacgtcatcc agaatggttt aaactgatga 1260
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cagattactt ttcttcaaaa aaatctaga agacactgtg tttaaataga tatttaaatg 1680
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tttgaaaaaa tagtctaata aatttgaaca aatatgttag taatgatgga acagatcaat 1860
gaaaagtaga tatagatatt gtgaaaatag gctgtttaac aaacagattg gaataaagcc 1920
tattctacca gttaaactac tttaatacac attcattttt aaagaaaatg tttgttttaa 1980

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cataaataaa caaatcgat cagtgtttgt gaataaaata caaaaatgat tgtaaatgat 2040
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taatagatta atattcatag attgttggtg tttaaagatc tgaagtgtga gtagaatgta 2160
ttcagctggt taacatgtag tttagatatt caaaagtatg catgtagaat ttaaagaata 2220
tgtaaaaaat tattaatctt aatattttgt ttggaaaagc atgttataat ataatgtttt 2280
cacaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2299

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<210> SEQ ID NO 20
<211> LENGTH: 380
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein with EGF-like and two
follistatin-like domains 1 (TMEFF1)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 20

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          20          25          30
Ser Leu Pro Gly Ser Arg Ala Ser Asn Gln Pro Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly
          35          40          45
Gly Ser Gly Gly Asp Cys Pro Gly Gly Lys Gly Lys Ser Ile Asn Cys
          50          55          60
Ser Glu Leu Asn Val Arg Glu Ser Asp Val Arg Val Cys Asp Glu Ser
          65          70          75          80
Ser Cys Lys Tyr Gly Gly Val Cys Lys Glu Asp Gly Asp Gly Leu Lys
          85          90          95
Cys Ala Cys Gln Phe Gln Cys His Thr Asn Tyr Ile Pro Val Cys Gly
          100          105          110
Ser Asn Gly Asp Thr Tyr Gln Asn Glu Cys Phe Leu Arg Arg Ala Ala
          115          120          125
Cys Lys His Gln Lys Glu Ile Thr Val Ile Ala Arg Gly Pro Cys Tyr
          130          135          140
Ser Asp Asn Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Glu Gly Glu Glu Gly Ser Gly
          145          150          155          160
Ala Glu Val His Arg Lys His Ser Lys Cys Gly Pro Cys Lys Tyr Lys
          165          170          175
Ala Glu Cys Asp Glu Asp Ala Glu Asn Val Gly Cys Val Cys Asn Ile
          180          185          190
Asp Cys Ser Gly Tyr Ser Phe Asn Pro Val Cys Ala Ser Asp Gly Ser
          195          200          205
Ser Tyr Asn Asn Pro Cys Phe Val Arg Glu Ala Ser Cys Ile Lys Gln
          210          215          220
Glu Gln Ile Asp Ile Arg His Leu Gly His Cys Thr Asp Thr Asp Asp
          225          230          235          240
Thr Ser Leu Leu Gly Lys Lys Asp Asp Gly Leu Gln Tyr Arg Pro Asp
          245          250          255
Val Lys Asp Ala Ser Asp Gln Arg Glu Asp Val Tyr Ile Gly Asn His
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Met Pro Cys Pro Glu Asn Leu Asn Gly Tyr Cys Ile His Gly Lys Cys

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Val Pro Ser Arg Gln Lys Leu Thr His Val Leu Ile Ala Ala Ile Ile		
325	330	335
Gly Ala Val Gln Ile Ala Ile Ile Val Ala Ile Val Met Cys Ile Thr		
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Gly His Phe Thr Ser Asp Thr Ser Ser Arg Met Val		
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<210> SEQ ID NO 21
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 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) 1 alpha
 subcomplex, 5, 13kDa (NDUFA5), nuclear gene
 encoding mitochondrial protein cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (110)..(460)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: NDUFA5

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<210> SEQ ID NO 22
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<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
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subcomplex, 5, 13kDa (NDUFA5), nuclear gene
encoding mitochondrial protein

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<400> SEQUENCE: 22

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35          40          45
Glu Gln Ile Thr Asn Glu Lys Leu Ala Met Val Lys Ala Glu Pro Asp
50          55          60
Val Lys Lys Leu Glu Asp Gln Leu Gln Gly Gly Gln Leu Glu Glu Val
65          70          75          80
Ile Leu Gln Ala Glu His Glu Leu Asn Leu Ala Arg Lys Met Arg Glu
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Lys Trp Pro Ile
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<210> SEQ ID NO 23
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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2 (Drosophila)
(FAT2) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (14)..(13063)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: FAT2

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<400> SEQUENCE: 23

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<210> SEQ ID NO 24
<211> LENGTH: 4349
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: FAT tumor suppressor homolog 2 (Drosophila)
(FAT2)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 24

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Thr Cys Glu Lys Pro Leu Glu Gly Ile Leu Ser Ser Ser Ala Trp His
          20          25          30
Phe Thr His Ser His Tyr Asn Ala Thr Ile Tyr Glu Asn Ser Ser Pro
          35          40          45
Lys Thr Tyr Val Glu Ser Phe Glu Lys Met Gly Ile Tyr Leu Ala Glu
          50          55          60
Pro Gln Trp Ala Val Arg Tyr Arg Ile Ile Ser Gly Asp Val Ala Asn
          65          70          75          80
Val Phe Lys Thr Glu Glu Tyr Val Val Gly Asn Phe Cys Phe Leu Arg
          85          90          95
Ile Arg Thr Lys Ser Ser Asn Thr Ala Leu Leu Asn Arg Glu Val Arg
          100         105         110
Asp Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ile Ile Gln Ala Thr Glu Lys Thr Leu Glu Leu
          115         120         125
Glu Ala Leu Thr Arg Val Val Val His Ile Leu Asp Gln Asn Asp Leu
          130         135         140
Lys Pro Leu Phe Ser Pro Pro Ser Tyr Arg Val Thr Ile Ser Glu Asp
          145         150         155         160
Met Pro Leu Lys Ser Pro Ile Cys Lys Val Thr Ala Thr Asp Ala Asp
          165         170         175
Leu Gly Gln Asn Ala Glu Phe Tyr Tyr Ala Phe Asn Thr Arg Ser Glu
          180         185         190
Met Phe Ala Ile His Pro Thr Ser Gly Val Val Thr Val Ala Gly Lys
          195         200         205
Leu Asn Val Thr Trp Arg Gly Lys His Glu Leu Gln Val Leu Ala Val
          210         215         220
Asp Arg Met Arg Lys Ile Ser Glu Gly Asn Gly Phe Gly Ser Leu Ala
          225         230         235         240
Ala Leu Val Val His Val Glu Pro Ala Leu Arg Lys Pro Pro Ala Ile
          245         250         255

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Ala	Ser	Val	Val	Val	Thr	Pro	Pro	Asp	Ser	Asn	Asp	Gly	Thr	Thr	Tyr	260	265	270
Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Val	Asp	Ala	Asn	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Glu	Ser	275	280	285
Val	Glu	Val	Val	Gly	Gly	Asp	Pro	Gly	Lys	His	Phe	Lys	Ala	Ile	Lys	290	295	300
Ser	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Ser	Asn	Glu	Phe	Ser	Leu	Val	Ser	Val	Lys	Asp	Ile	305	310	315
Asn	Trp	Met	Glu	Tyr	Leu	His	Gly	Phe	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gln	Ala	Arg	325	330	335
Ser	Gly	Ser	Gly	Pro	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Ile	Arg	Gly	Phe	His	Leu	340	345	350
Pro	Pro	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Lys	Phe	Glu	Lys	Ala	Val	Tyr	Arg	355	360	365
Val	Gln	Leu	Ser	Glu	Phe	Ser	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ser	Arg	Val	Val	Met	Val	370	375	380
Arg	Val	Thr	Pro	Ala	Phe	Pro	Asn	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Leu	Lys	Pro	Ser	385	390	395
Ser	Glu	Asn	Val	Gly	Phe	Lys	Leu	Asn	Ala	Arg	Thr	Gly	Leu	Ile	Thr	405	410	415
Thr	Thr	Lys	Leu	Met	Asp	Phe	His	Asp	Arg	Ala	His	Tyr	Gln	Leu	His	420	425	430
Ile	Arg	Thr	Ser	Pro	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ser	Thr	Val	Val	Val	Ile	Asp	Ile	435	440	445
Val	Asp	Cys	Asn	Asn	His	Ala	Pro	Leu	Phe	Asn	Arg	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Asp	450	455	460
Gly	Thr	Leu	Asp	Glu	Asn	Ile	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Ser	Val	Leu	Ala	Val	465	470	475
Thr	Ala	Thr	Asp	Arg	Asp	His	Gly	Glu	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Val	Thr	Tyr	Ser	485	490	495
Ile	Ala	Gly	Pro	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Phe	Ser	Ile	Asp	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Gly	500	505	510
Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	Ser	Lys	Pro	Met	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Met	Lys	Arg	Ile	515	520	525
Tyr	Thr	Phe	Arg	Val	Arg	Ala	Ser	Asp	Trp	Gly	Ser	Pro	Phe	Arg	Arg	530	535	540
Glu	Lys	Glu	Val	Ser	Ile	Phe	Leu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Asn	Leu	Asn	Asp	Asn	545	550	555
Gln	Pro	Met	Phe	Glu	Glu	Val	Asn	Cys	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ile	Arg	Gln	Asp	565	570	575
Trp	Pro	Val	Gly	Lys	Ser	Ile	Met	Thr	Met	Ser	Ala	Ile	Asp	Val	Asp	580	585	590
Glu	Leu	Gln	Asn	Leu	Lys	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Val	Ser	Gly	Asn	Glu	Leu	Glu	595	600	605
Tyr	Phe	Asp	Leu	Asn	His	Phe	Ser	Gly	Val	Ile	Ser	Leu	Lys	Arg	Pro	610	615	620
Phe	Ile	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ala	Gly	Gln	Pro	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ile	625	630	635
Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Pro	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asn	Ile	645	650	655
Thr	Val	Val	Lys	Asp	Pro	His	Phe	Glu	Val	Pro	Val	Thr	Cys	Asp	Lys			

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660							665					670				
Thr	Gly	Val	Leu	Thr	Gln	Phe	Thr	Lys	Thr	Ile	Leu	His	Phe	Ile	Gly	
675							680					685				
Leu	Gln	Asn	Gln	Glu	Ser	Ser	Asp	Glu	Glu	Phe	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Thr	
690							695					700				
Tyr	Gln	Ile	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Gln	Phe	Glu	Asp	His	Phe	Pro	Gln	
705							710					715				
Ser	Ile	Asp	Val	Leu	Glu	Ser	Val	Pro	Ile	Asn	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ala	Arg	
725							730					735				
Leu	Ala	Ala	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asp	Ala	Gly	Phe	Asn	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val	Tyr	
740							745					750				
Val	Ile	Ala	Asp	Gly	Asn	Glu	Glu	Gly	Cys	Phe	Asp	Ile	Glu	Leu	Glu	
755							760					765				
Thr	Gly	Leu	Leu	Thr	Val	Ala	Ala	Pro	Leu	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Thr	Asn	
770							775					780				
Phe	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Asn	Val	Thr	Val	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Gln	Lys	
785							790					795				
Ser	Ser	Trp	Lys	Leu	Leu	Thr	Val	Asn	Val	Lys	Asp	Trp	Asn	Asp	Asn	
805							810					815				
Ala	Pro	Arg	Phe	Pro	Pro	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Glu	Asp	
820							825					830				
Thr	Glu	Val	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ile	Ala	Glu	Leu	Thr	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp	
835							840					845				
Ser	Glu	Asp	Asn	Gly	Arg	Val	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Leu	Ser	Pro	Thr	Glu	
850							855					860				
Lys	Phe	Ser	Leu	His	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Thr	Gly	His	
865							870					875				
Leu	Asp	Arg	Glu	Ser	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Lys	Val	Glu	Ala	Arg	
885							890					895				
Asp	Gln	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly	His	Gln	Leu	Phe	Ser	Val	Thr	Asp	Leu	Ile	
900							905					910				
Ile	Thr	Leu	Glu	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	Ser	Pro	Gln	Cys	Ile	Thr	Glu	
915							920					925				
His	Asn	Arg	Leu	Lys	Val	Pro	Glu	Asp	Leu	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Val	Leu	
930							935					940				
Thr	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Asp	Pro	Asp	Leu	Gly	Pro	Ala	Gly	Glu	Val	
945							950					955				
Arg	Tyr	Val	Leu	Met	Asp	Gly	Ala	His	Gly	Thr	Phe	Arg	Val	Asp	Leu	
965							970					975				
Met	Thr	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Arg	Glu	Leu	Asp	Phe	Glu	Arg	Arg	
980							985					990				
Ala	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gly	Gly	Arg	Pro	Leu	
995							1000					1005				
Ala	Arg	Arg	Thr	Leu	Cys	His	Val	Glu	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Asp	Val	Asn	
1010							1015					1020				
Glu	Asn	Leu	His	Pro	Pro	His	Phe	Ala	Ser	Phe	Val	His	Gln	Gly	Gln	
1025							1030					1035				
Val	Gln	Glu	Asn	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gly	Thr	Gln	Val	Ile	Val	Val	Ala	Ala	
1045							1050					1055				
Gln	Asp	Asp	Asp	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Gly	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Arg	
1060							1065					1070				

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Ala Gly Thr Gly Leu Ala Ala Phe Ser Ile Asn Gln Asp Thr Gly Met	1075	1080	1085
Ile Gln Thr Leu Ala Pro Leu Asp Arg Glu Phe Ala Ser Tyr Tyr Trp	1090	1095	1100
Leu Thr Val Leu Ala Val Asp Arg Gly Ser Val Pro Leu Ser Ser Val	1105	1110	1115 1120
Thr Glu Val Tyr Ile Glu Val Thr Asp Ala Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Gln	1125	1130	1135
Met Ser Gln Ala Val Phe Tyr Pro Ser Ile Gln Glu Asp Ala Pro Val	1140	1145	1150
Gly Thr Ser Val Leu Gln Leu Asp Ala Trp Asp Pro Asp Ser Ser Ser	1155	1160	1165
Lys Gly Lys Leu Thr Phe Asn Ile Thr Ser Gly Asn Tyr Met Gly Phe	1170	1175	1180
Phe Met Ile His Pro Val Thr Gly Leu Leu Ser Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu	1185	1190	1195 1200
Asp Arg Glu Asn Lys Asp Glu His Ile Leu Glu Val Thr Val Leu Asp	1205	1210	1215
Asn Gly Glu Pro Ser Leu Lys Ser Thr Ser Arg Val Val Val Gly Ile	1220	1225	1230
Leu Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Ile Phe Ser His Lys Leu Phe Asn	1235	1240	1245
Val Arg Leu Pro Glu Arg Leu Ser Pro Val Ser Pro Gly Pro Val Tyr	1250	1255	1260
Arg Leu Val Ala Ser Asp Leu Asp Glu Gly Leu Asn Gly Arg Val Thr	1265	1270	1275 1280
Tyr Ser Ile Glu Asp Ser Asp Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Ile Asp Leu Val	1285	1290	1295
Thr Gly Val Val Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Phe Thr Ala Gly Glu Tyr Asn	1300	1305	1310
Ile Leu Thr Ile Lys Ala Thr Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Pro Leu Ser Ala	1315	1320	1325
Ser Val Arg Leu His Ile Glu Trp Ile Pro Trp Pro Arg Pro Ser Ser	1330	1335	1340
Ile Pro Leu Ala Phe Asp Glu Thr Tyr Tyr Ser Phe Thr Val Met Glu	1345	1350	1355 1360
Thr Asp Pro Val Asn His Met Val Gly Val Ile Ser Val Glu Gly Arg	1365	1370	1375
Pro Gly Leu Phe Trp Phe Asn Ile Ser Gly Gly Asp Lys Asp Met Asp	1380	1385	1390
Phe Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Thr Gly Ser Ile Val Ile Ala Arg Pro Leu	1395	1400	1405
Asp Thr Arg Arg Arg Ser Asn Tyr Asn Leu Thr Val Glu Val Thr Asp	1410	1415	1420
Gly Ser Arg Thr Ile Ala Thr Gln Val His Ile Phe Met Ile Ala Asn	1425	1430	1435 1440
Ile Asn His His Arg Pro Gln Phe Leu Glu Thr Arg Tyr Glu Val Arg	1445	1450	1455
Val Pro Gln Asp Thr Val Pro Gly Val Glu Leu Leu Arg Val Gln Ala	1460	1465	1470

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Ile Asp Gln Asp Lys Gly Lys Ser Leu Ile Tyr Thr Ile His Gly Ser	1475	1480	1485
Gln Asp Pro Gly Ser Ala Ser Leu Phe Gln Leu Asp Pro Ser Ser Gly	1490	1495	1500
Val Leu Val Thr Val Gly Lys Leu Asp Leu Gly Ser Gly Pro Ser Gln	1505	1510	1515 1520
His Thr Leu Thr Val Met Val Arg Asp Gln Glu Ile Pro Ile Lys Arg	1525	1530	1535
Asn Phe Val Trp Val Thr Ile His Val Glu Asp Gly Asn Leu His Pro	1540	1545	1550
Pro Arg Phe Thr Gln Leu His Tyr Glu Ala Ser Val Pro Asp Thr Ile	1555	1560	1565
Ala Pro Gly Thr Glu Leu Leu Gln Val Arg Ala Met Asp Ala Asp Arg	1570	1575	1580
Gly Val Asn Ala Glu Val His Tyr Ser Leu Leu Lys Gly Asn Ser Glu	1585	1590	1595 1600
Gly Phe Phe Asn Ile Asn Ala Leu Leu Gly Ile Ile Thr Leu Ala Gln	1605	1610	1615
Lys Leu Asp Gln Ala Asn His Ala Pro His Thr Leu Thr Val Lys Ala	1620	1625	1630
Glu Asp Gln Gly Ser Pro Gln Trp His Asp Leu Ala Thr Val Ile Ile	1635	1640	1645
His Val Tyr Pro Ser Asp Arg Ser Ala Pro Ile Phe Ser Lys Ser Glu	1650	1655	1660
Tyr Phe Val Glu Ile Pro Glu Ser Ile Pro Val Gly Ser Pro Ile Leu	1665	1670	1675 1680
Leu Val Ser Ala Met Ser Pro Ser Glu Val Thr Tyr Glu Leu Arg Glu	1685	1690	1695
Gly Asn Lys Asp Gly Val Phe Ser Met Asn Ser Tyr Ser Gly Leu Ile	1700	1705	1710
Ser Thr Gln Lys Lys Leu Asp His Glu Lys Ile Ser Ser Tyr Gln Leu	1715	1720	1725
Lys Ile Arg Gly Ser Asn Met Ala Gly Ala Phe Thr Asp Val Met Val	1730	1735	1740
Val Val Asp Ile Ile Asp Glu Asn Asp Asn Ala Pro Met Phe Leu Lys	1745	1750	1755 1760
Ser Thr Phe Val Gly Gln Ile Ser Glu Ala Ala Pro Leu Tyr Ser Met	1765	1770	1775
Ile Met Asp Lys Asn Asn Asn Pro Phe Val Ile His Ala Ser Asp Ser	1780	1785	1790
Asp Lys Glu Ala Asn Ser Leu Leu Val Tyr Lys Ile Leu Glu Pro Glu	1795	1800	1805
Ala Leu Lys Phe Phe Lys Ile Asp Pro Ser Met Gly Thr Leu Thr Ile	1810	1815	1820
Val Ser Glu Met Asp Tyr Glu Ser Met Pro Ser Phe Gln Phe Cys Val	1825	1830	1835 1840
Tyr Val His Asp Gln Gly Ser Pro Val Leu Phe Ala Pro Arg Pro Ala	1845	1850	1855
Gln Val Ile Ile His Val Arg Asp Val Asn Asp Ser Pro Pro Arg Phe	1860	1865	1870
Ser Glu Gln Ile Tyr Glu Val Ala Ile Val Gly Pro Ile His Pro Gly			

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1875	1880	1885
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Tyr Ser Ile Lys Thr Gly Asn Ala Asp Glu Ala Val Thr Ile His Pro 1905 1910 1915 1920		
Val Thr Gly Ser Ile Ser Val Leu Asn Pro Ala Phe Leu Gly Leu Ser 1925 1930 1935		
Arg Lys Leu Thr Ile Arg Ala Ser Asp Gly Leu Tyr Gln Asp Thr Ala 1940 1945 1950		
Leu Val Lys Ile Ser Leu Thr Gln Val Leu Asp Lys Ser Leu Gln Phe 1955 1960 1965		
Asp Gln Asp Val Tyr Trp Ala Ala Val Lys Glu Asn Leu Gln Asp Arg 1970 1975 1980		
Lys Ala Leu Val Ile Leu Gly Ala Gln Gly Asn His Leu Asn Asp Thr 1985 1990 1995 2000		
Leu Ser Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Met Phe His Met Val Gln 2005 2010 2015		
Ser Ala Gly Val Leu Gln Thr Arg Gly Val Ala Phe Asp Arg Glu Gln 2020 2025 2030		
Gln Asp Thr His Glu Leu Ala Val Glu Val Arg Asp Asn Arg Thr Pro 2035 2040 2045		
Gln Arg Val Ala Gln Gly Leu Val Arg Val Ser Ile Glu Asp Val Asn 2050 2055 2060		
Asp Asn Pro Pro Lys Phe Lys His Leu Pro Tyr Tyr Thr Ile Ile Gln 2065 2070 2075 2080		
Asp Gly Thr Glu Pro Gly Asp Val Leu Phe Gln Val Ser Ala Thr Asp 2085 2090 2095		
Glu Asp Leu Gly Thr Asn Gly Ala Val Thr Tyr Glu Phe Ala Glu Asp 2100 2105 2110		
Tyr Thr Tyr Phe Arg Ile Asp Pro Tyr Leu Gly Asp Ile Ser Leu Lys 2115 2120 2125		
Lys Pro Phe Asp Tyr Gln Ala Leu Asn Lys Tyr His Leu Lys Val Ile 2130 2135 2140		
Ala Arg Asp Gly Gly Thr Pro Ser Leu Gln Ser Glu Glu Glu Val Leu 2145 2150 2155 2160		
Val Thr Val Arg Asn Lys Ser Asn Pro Leu Phe Gln Ser Pro Tyr Tyr 2165 2170 2175		
Lys Val Arg Val Pro Glu Asn Ile Thr Leu Tyr Thr Pro Ile Leu His 2180 2185 2190		
Thr Gln Ala Arg Ser Pro Glu Gly Leu Arg Leu Ile Tyr Asn Ile Val 2195 2200 2205		
Glu Glu Glu Pro Leu Met Leu Phe Thr Thr Asp Phe Lys Thr Gly Val 2210 2215 2220		
Leu Thr Val Thr Gly Pro Leu Asp Tyr Glu Ser Lys Thr Lys His Val 2225 2230 2235 2240		
Phe Thr Val Arg Ala Thr Asp Thr Ala Leu Gly Ser Phe Ser Glu Ala 2245 2250 2255		
Thr Val Glu Val Leu Val Glu Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe 2260 2265 2270		
Ser Gln Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr Ser Ile Ser Glu Gly Leu Pro Ala Gln 2275 2280 2285		

-continued

Thr	Pro	Val	Ile	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ser	Gly	Arg	Asn
2290							2295				2300				
Arg	Asp	Val	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Val	Glu	Asp	Gly	Ser	Asp	Val	Ser	Lys
2305					2310					2315					2320
Phe	Phe	Gln	Ile	Asn	Gly	Ser	Thr	Gly	Glu	Met	Ser	Thr	Val	Gln	Glu
				2325					2330					2335	
Leu	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Gln	Gln	His	Phe	His	Val	Lys	Val	Arg	Ala	Met
			2340					2345					2350		
Asp	Lys	Gly	Asp	Pro	Pro	Leu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Thr	Leu	Val	Val	Val	Asn
	2355						2360					2365			
Val	Ser	Asp	Ile	Asn	Asp	Asn	Pro	Pro	Glu	Phe	Arg	Gln	Pro	Gln	Tyr
	2370					2375					2380				
Glu	Ala	Asn	Val	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ala	Thr	Cys	Gly	His	Leu	Val	Leu	Lys
2385					2390					2395					2400
Val	Gln	Ala	Ile	Asp	Pro	Asp	Ser	Arg	Asp	Thr	Ser	Arg	Leu	Glu	Tyr
			2405						2410					2415	
Leu	Ile	Leu	Ser	Gly	Asn	Gln	Asp	Arg	His	Phe	Phe	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ser
			2420					2425					2430		
Ser	Gly	Ile	Ile	Ser	Met	Phe	Asn	Leu	Cys	Lys	Lys	His	Leu	Asp	Ser
	2435						2440					2445			
Ser	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Arg	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gly	Val	Phe	Arg	Ala	Thr
	2450					2455				2460					
Val	Pro	Val	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Thr	Thr	Asn	Ala	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Glu
2465					2470					2475					2480
Phe	Gln	Gln	His	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ala	Met	Val
			2485						2490					2495	
Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Ile	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ile	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ser	Gly	Pro
		2500						2505					2510		
Tyr	Gly	Thr	Ile	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Ile	Asn	Lys	Leu	Ala	Ser	Glu	Lys
	2515						2520					2525			
Phe	Ser	Ile	Asn	Pro	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Leu	Gln	Lys	Leu	Asp
	2530					2535					2540				
Arg	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Glu	Arg	Val	Ile	Ala	Ile	Lys	Val	Met	Ala	Arg
2545					2550					2555					2560
Asp	Gly	Gly	Gly	Arg	Val	Ala	Phe	Cys	Thr	Val	Lys	Ile	Ile	Leu	Thr
			2565						2570					2575	
Asp	Glu	Asn	Asp	Asn	Pro	Pro	Gln	Phe	Lys	Ala	Ser	Glu	Tyr	Thr	Val
		2580						2585					2590		
Ser	Ile	Gln	Ser	Asn	Val	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Pro	Val	Ile	Gln	Val	Leu
	2595						2600					2605			
Ala	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Asp	Glu	Gly	Gln	Asn	Ala	Asp	Val	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Val
	2610					2615					2620				
Asn	Pro	Glu	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Asp	Val	Ile	Glu	Ile	Asn	Pro	Val	Thr
2625					2630					2635					2640
Gly	Val	Val	Lys	Val	Lys	Asp	Ser	Leu	Val	Gly	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gln	Thr
			2645						2650				2655		
Leu	Asp	Phe	Phe	Ile	Lys	Ala	Gln	Asp	Gly	Gly	Pro	Pro	His	Trp	Asn
		2660						2665					2670		
Ser	Leu	Val	Pro	Val	Arg	Leu	Gln	Val	Val	Pro	Lys	Lys	Val	Ser	Leu
	2675						2680					2685			

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Pro	Lys	Phe	Ser	Glu	Pro	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Ser	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asp	Leu	2690	2695	2700	
Pro	Glu	Gly	Ser	Glu	Ile	Gly	Ile	Val	Lys	Ala	Val	Ala	Ala	Gln	Asp	2705	2710	2715	2720
Pro	Val	Ile	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Val	Arg	Gly	Thr	Thr	Pro	Glu	Ser	Asn	Lys	2725	2730	2735	
Asp	Gly	Val	Phe	Ser	Leu	Asp	Pro	Asp	Thr	Gly	Val	Ile	Lys	Val	Arg	2740	2745	2750	
Lys	Pro	Met	Asp	His	Glu	Ser	Thr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Ile	Asp	Val	Met	2755	2760	2765	
Ala	His	Cys	Leu	Gln	Asn	Thr	Asp	Val	Val	Ser	Leu	Val	Ser	Val	Asn	2770	2775	2780	
Ile	Gln	Val	Gly	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	Arg	Pro	Val	Phe	Glu	Ala	Asp	2785	2790	2795	2800
Pro	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Val	Leu	Thr	Glu	Asn	Met	Pro	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Val	2805	2810	2815	
Ile	Gln	Val	Thr	Ala	Ile	Asp	Lys	Asp	Thr	Gly	Arg	Asp	Gly	Gln	Val	2820	2825	2830	
Ser	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Ser	Ala	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asn	Val	His	Glu	Leu	Phe	2835	2840	2845	
Ala	Ile	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Gly	Trp	Ile	Thr	Thr	Leu	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asp	2850	2855	2860	
Cys	Glu	Thr	Cys	Gln	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	His	Val	Val	Ala	Tyr	Asp	His	2865	2870	2875	2880
Gly	Gln	Thr	Ile	Gln	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gln	Ala	Leu	Val	Gln	Val	Ser	Ile	2885	2890	2895	
Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Asp	Asn	Ala	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ala	Ser	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Arg	2900	2905	2910	
Gly	Ser	Val	Val	Glu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Pro	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val	Ala	Thr	Leu	2915	2920	2925	
Lys	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ser	Glu	Gln	Asn	Arg	Gln	Val	Thr	Cys	2930	2935	2940	
Tyr	Ile	Thr	Glu	Gly	Asp	Pro	Leu	Gly	Gln	Phe	Gly	Ile	Ser	Gln	Val	2945	2950	2955	2960
Gly	Asp	Glu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Ser	Ser	Arg	Lys	Thr	Leu	Asp	Arg	Glu	His	2965	2970	2975	
Thr	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Arg	Val	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp	Gly	Lys	Phe	Gln	2980	2985	2990	
Ala	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Glu	Ile	Phe	Val	Leu	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	Ser	2995	3000	3005	
Pro	Gln	Cys	Ser	Gln	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Lys	Val	His	Glu	Asp	Val	3010	3015	3020	
Phe	Pro	Gly	His	Phe	Ile	Leu	Lys	Val	Ser	Ala	Thr	Asp	Leu	Asp	Thr	3025	3030	3035	3040
Asp	Thr	Asn	Ala	Gln	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Leu	His	Gly	Pro	Gly	Ala	His	3045	3050	3055	
Glu	Phe	Lys	Leu	Asp	Pro	His	Thr	Gly	Glu	Leu	Thr	Thr	Leu	Thr	Ala	3060	3065	3070	
Leu	Asp	Arg	Glu	Arg	Lys	Asp	Val	Phe	Asn	Leu	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Thr	3075	3080	3085	
Asp	Gly	Gly	Gly	Arg	Ser	Cys	Gln	Ala	Asp	Ile	Thr	Leu	His	Val	Glu				

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3090	3095	3100
Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Ala Pro Arg Phe Phe Pro Ser His Cys Ala Val 3105 3110 3115 3120		
Ala Val Phe Asp Asn Thr Thr Val Lys Thr Pro Val Ala Val Val Phe 3125 3130 3135		
Ala Arg Asp Pro Asp Gln Gly Ala Asn Ala Gln Val Val Tyr Ser Leu 3140 3145 3150		
Pro Asp Ser Ala Glu Gly His Phe Ser Ile Asp Ala Thr Thr Gly Val 3155 3160 3165		
Ile Arg Leu Glu Lys Pro Leu Gln Val Arg Pro Gln Ala Pro Leu Glu 3170 3175 3180		
Leu Thr Val Arg Ala Ser Asp Leu Gly Thr Pro Ile Pro Leu Ser Thr 3185 3190 3195 3200		
Leu Gly Thr Val Thr Val Ser Val Val Gly Leu Glu Asp Tyr Leu Pro 3205 3210 3215		
Val Phe Leu Asn Thr Glu His Ser Val Gln Val Pro Glu Asp Ala Pro 3220 3225 3230		
Pro Gly Thr Glu Val Leu Gln Leu Ala Thr Leu Thr Arg Pro Gly Ala 3235 3240 3245		
Glu Lys Thr Gly Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Gly Asn Glu Gln Gly Arg Phe 3250 3255 3260		
Arg Leu Asp Ala Arg Thr Gly Ile Leu Tyr Val Asn Ala Ser Leu Asp 3265 3270 3275 3280		
Phe Glu Thr Ser Pro Lys Tyr Phe Leu Ser Ile Glu Cys Ser Arg Lys 3285 3290 3295		
Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Ser Asp Val Thr Thr Val Met Val Asn Ile Thr 3300 3305 3310		
Asp Val Asn Glu His Arg Pro Gln Phe Pro Gln Asp Pro Tyr Ser Thr 3315 3320 3325		
Arg Val Leu Glu Asn Ala Leu Val Gly Asp Val Ile Leu Thr Val Ser 3330 3335 3340		
Ala Thr Asp Glu Asp Gly Pro Leu Asn Ser Asp Ile Thr Tyr Ser Leu 3345 3350 3355 3360		
Ile Gly Gly Asn Gln Leu Gly His Phe Thr Ile His Pro Lys Lys Gly 3365 3370 3375		
Glu Leu Gln Val Ala Lys Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Gln Ala Ser Ser Tyr 3380 3385 3390		
Ser Leu Lys Leu Arg Ala Thr Asp Ser Gly Gln Pro Pro Leu His Glu 3395 3400 3405		
Asp Thr Asp Ile Ala Ile Gln Val Ala Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Pro Pro 3410 3415 3420		
Arg Phe Phe Gln Leu Asn Tyr Ser Thr Thr Val Gln Glu Asn Ser Pro 3425 3430 3435 3440		
Ile Gly Ser Lys Val Leu Gln Leu Ile Leu Ser Asp Pro Asp Ser Pro 3445 3450 3455		
Glu Asn Gly Pro Pro Tyr Ser Phe Arg Ile Thr Lys Gly Asn Asn Gly 3460 3465 3470		
Ser Ala Phe Arg Val Thr Pro Asp Gly Trp Leu Val Thr Ala Glu Gly 3475 3480 3485		
Leu Ser Arg Arg Ala Gln Glu Trp Tyr Gln Leu Gln Ile Gln Ala Ser 3490 3495 3500		

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Asp Ser Gly Ile Pro	Pro Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Val Arg Val His
3505	3510 3515 3520
Val Thr Glu Gln Ser His Tyr Ala Pro Ser Ala Leu Pro Leu Glu Ile	
	3525 3530 3535
Phe Ile Thr Val Gly Glu Asp Glu Phe Gln Gly Gly Met Val Gly Lys	
	3540 3545 3550
Ile His Ala Thr Asp Arg Asp Pro Gln Asp Thr Leu Thr Tyr Ser Leu	
	3555 3560 3565
Ala Glu Glu Glu Thr Leu Gly Arg His Phe Ser Val Gly Ala Pro Asp	
	3570 3575 3580
Gly Lys Ile Ile Ala Ala Gln Gly Leu Pro Arg Gly His Tyr Ser Phe	
	3585 3590 3595 3600
Asn Val Thr Val Ser Asp Gly Thr Phe Thr Thr Thr Ala Gly Val His	
	3605 3610 3615
Val Tyr Val Trp His Val Gly Gln Glu Ala Leu Gln Gln Ala Met Trp	
	3620 3625 3630
Met Gly Phe Tyr Gln Leu Thr Pro Glu Glu Leu Val Ser Asp His Trp	
	3635 3640 3645
Arg Asn Leu Gln Arg Phe Leu Ser His Lys Leu Asp Ile Lys Arg Ala	
	3650 3655 3660
Asn Ile His Leu Ala Ser Leu Gln Pro Ala Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Val	
	3665 3670 3675 3680
Asp Val Leu Leu Val Phe Glu Gly His Ser Gly Thr Phe Tyr Glu Phe	
	3685 3690 3695
Gln Glu Leu Ala Ser Ile Ile Thr His Ser Ala Lys Glu Met Glu His	
	3700 3705 3710
Ser Val Gly Val Gln Met Arg Ser Ala Met Pro Met Val Pro Cys Gln	
	3715 3720 3725
Gly Pro Thr Cys Gln Gly Gln Ile Cys His Asn Thr Val His Leu Asp	
	3730 3735 3740
Pro Lys Val Gly Pro Thr Tyr Ser Thr Ala Arg Leu Ser Ile Leu Thr	
	3745 3750 3755 3760
Pro Arg His His Leu Gln Arg Ser Cys Ser Cys Asn Gly Thr Ala Thr	
	3765 3770 3775
Arg Phe Ser Gly Gln Ser Tyr Val Arg Tyr Arg Ala Pro Ala Ala Arg	
	3780 3785 3790
Asn Trp His Ile His Phe Tyr Leu Lys Thr Leu Gln Pro Gln Ala Ile	
	3795 3800 3805
Leu Leu Phe Thr Asn Glu Thr Ala Ser Val Ser Leu Lys Leu Ala Ser	
	3810 3815 3820
Gly Val Pro Gln Leu Glu Tyr His Cys Leu Gly Gly Phe Tyr Gly Asn	
	3825 3830 3835 3840
Leu Ser Ser Gln Arg His Val Asn Asp His Glu Trp His Ser Ile Leu	
	3845 3850 3855
Val Glu Glu Met Asp Ala Ser Ile Arg Leu Met Val Asp Ser Met Gly	
	3860 3865 3870
Asn Thr Ser Leu Val Val Pro Glu Asn Cys Arg Gly Leu Arg Pro Glu	
	3875 3880 3885
Arg His Leu Leu Leu Gly Gly Leu Ile Leu Leu His Ser Ser Ser Asn	
	3890 3895 3900

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Val	Ser	Gln	Gly	Phe	Glu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Asp	Ala	Val	Val	Val	Asn	Glu	
3905					3910					3915					3920	
Glu	Ala	Leu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ala	Pro	Gly	Lys	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	
				3925					3930					3935		
Glu	Thr	Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Gln	Cys	Cys	Leu	His	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Cys	Ser	
			3940					3945					3950			
Gln	Asn	Thr	Cys	Leu	Asn	Gly	Gly	Lys	Cys	Ser	Trp	Thr	His	Gly	Ala	
		3955					3960					3965				
Gly	Tyr	Val	Cys	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser	Gly	Lys	His	Cys	Glu	
	3970					3975					3980					
Gln	Gly	Arg	Glu	Asn	Cys	Thr	Phe	Ala	Pro	Cys	Leu	Glu	Gly	Gly	Thr	
3985				3990					3995						4000	
Cys	Ile	Leu	Ser	Pro	Lys	Gly	Ala	Ser	Cys	Asn	Cys	Pro	His	Pro	Tyr	
				4005					4010					4015		
Thr	Gly	Asp	Arg	Cys	Glu	Met	Glu	Ala	Arg	Gly	Cys	Ser	Glu	Gly	His	
		4020						4025					4030			
Cys	Leu	Val	Thr	Pro	Glu	Ile	Gln	Arg	Gly	Asp	Trp	Gly	Gln	Gln	Glu	
	4035						4040					4045				
Leu	Leu	Ile	Ile	Thr	Val	Ala	Val	Ala	Phe	Ile	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	Val	
	4050				4055							4060				
Gly	Leu	Leu	Phe	Tyr	Cys	Arg	Arg	Cys	Lys	Ser	His	Lys	Pro	Val	Ala	
4065				4070					4075					4080		
Met	Glu	Asp	Pro	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ala	Arg	Ser	Val	Gly	Val	Asp	Thr	Gln	
			4085					4090					4095			
Ala	Met	Pro	Ala	Ile	Glu	Leu	Asn	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Cys	Asn	
		4100						4105				4110				
Asn	Leu	Asn	Gln	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ser	Val	Pro	Asn	Glu	Leu	
	4115						4120					4125				
Val	Thr	Phe	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ser	Lys	Gln	Arg	Pro	Val	Val	Cys	Ser	Val	
	4130				4135						4140					
Pro	Pro	Arg	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ala	Ala	Val	Pro	Ser	His	Ser	Asp	Asn	Glu	
4145				4150					4155					4160		
Pro	Val	Ile	Lys	Arg	Thr	Trp	Ser	Ser	Glu	Glu	Met	Val	Tyr	Pro	Gly	
		4165					4170					4175				
Gly	Ala	Met	Val	Trp	Pro	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Arg	Asn	Glu	Arg	Trp	Glu	
	4180						4185					4190				
Tyr	Pro	His	Ser	Glu	Val	Thr	Gln	Gly	Pro	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Ala	His	
	4195					4200					4205					
Arg	His	Ser	Thr	Pro	Val	Val	Met	Pro	Glu	Pro	Asn	Gly	Leu	Tyr	Gly	
	4210				4215						4220					
Gly	Phe	Pro	Phe	Pro	Leu	Glu	Met	Glu	Asn	Lys	Arg	Ala	Pro	Leu	Pro	
4225				4230					4235				4240			
Pro	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Asn	Gln	Asn	Leu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Met	Pro	Ser	Arg	Pro	
			4245					4250				4255				
Pro	Ser	Pro	Arg	Glu	Arg	Leu	Val	Ala	Pro	Cys	Leu	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Thr	
		4260					4265					4270				
Ala	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Tyr	His	Ser	Gln	Phe	Arg	Gln	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Pro	
	4275					4280					4285					
Cys	Leu	Ala	Asp	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Val	Gly	Met	Arg	Leu	Ser	Arg	
	4290				4295					4300						
Ala	Gly	Pro	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Val	Cys	Glu	Val	Glu	Gly	Ala	Pro	Leu	Ala	

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4305	4310	4315	4320
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Gly Gln Gly Gln Pro Arg Val Pro Pro Asn Tyr Glu Gly Ser Asp Met
 4325 4330 4335

Val Glu Ser Asp Tyr Gly Ser Cys Glu Glu Val Met Phe
 4340 4345

<210> SEQ ID NO 25
 <211> LENGTH: 2475
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (119)..(463)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CXCL5

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

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gagcctctctg tccagccgcg cggtcccggt ccccggtcct tcgagctcct tgtgcgcgct   180
gttggtgtctg ctgctgtctg tgacgcagcc agggcccatc gccagcgtg gtctgtccgc   240
tgctgtgttg agagagctgc gttgcgtttg ttacagacc acgcaaggag ttcattccaa   300
aatgatcagt aatctgcaag tgttcgccat agggccacag tgctccaagg tggaagtggc   360
agcctccctg aagaacggga aggaaatttg tcttgatcca gaagccctt ttctaagaa   420
agtcattccag aaatttttgg acgttggaac caaggaaaac tgattaagag aaatgagcac   480
gcatggaaaa gtttcccgat cttcagcaga gaagttttct ggaggtctct gaaccaggg   540
aagacaagaa ggaagattt tggtgtgtgt tgtttatttg tttttccagt agttagcttt   600
cttctgggat tcctcacttt gaagagtgtg aggaaaacct atgtttgccg cttaagcttt   660
cagctcagct aatgaagtgt ttagcatagt acctctgcta tttgtgtta ttttatctgc   720
tatgtatttg aagttttggc aattgactat agtgtgagcc aggaatcact ggctgttaat   780
ctttcaaagt gtcttgaatt gtaggtgact attatatctc caagaaatat tccttaagat   840
attaactgag aaggtgtgtg atttaagtgt gaaatgatgt ttcataagaa ttctgttgat   900
ggaaatacac tggtatcttc acttttataa gaaataggaa atattttaat gtttcttggg   960
gaatatgtta gagaatttcc ttactcttga ttgtgggata ctatttaatt atttcacttt  1020
agaaagctga gtgtttcaca ccttatctat gtagaatata tttccttatt cagaatttct  1080
aaaagttaa gtctctagag ggctaataac ttatcttctc ataatttttag acattcttta  1140
tctttttagt atggcaaac gccatcattt acttttaaac ttgtatttta tatgtatttt  1200
attaagtatt ttattaggag taccataatt ctggtagcta aatatatatt ttagatagat  1260
gaagaagcta gaaaacaggc aaattcctga ctgctagttt atatagaaat gtattctttt  1320
agtttttaaa gtaaaggcaa acttaacaat gacttgtagt ctgaaagtgt tggaaacgta  1380
ttcaaacaat ttgaatataa atttatcatt tagttataaa aatatatagc gacatcctcg  1440
aggccctagc atttctcctt ggatagggga ccagagagag cttggaatgt taaaaacaaa  1500
acaaaacaaa aaaaaacaag gagaagttgt ccaagggatg tcaatttttt atccctctgt  1560
atgggttaga ttttccaaa tcataatttg aagaaggcca gcatttatgg tagaatatat  1620

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aattatatat aaggtggcca cgctggggca agttccctcc ccaactcacag ctttggeccc 1680
tttcacagag tagaacctgg gttagaggat tgcagaagac gagcggcagc ggggagggca 1740
gggaagatgc ctgtcggtgt tttagcacag ttcatttcac tgggattttg aagcattttct 1800
gtctgaatgt aaagcctgtt ctagtcctgg tgggacacac tggggttggg ggtgggggaa 1860
gatgcggtaa tgaaaccggt tagtcagtgt tgtcttaata tccttgataa tgctgtaaag 1920
tttattttta caaatatttc tgtttaagct atttcacctt tgtttggaaa tccttcctct 1980
ttaaagagaa aatgtgacac ttgtgaaaag gctttagtaga aagctcctcc ctttttttct 2040
ttaaaccttt aaatgacaaa cctaggtaat taatggttgt gaatttctat ttttgctttg 2100
tttttaatga acatttgtct ttcagaatag gattctgtga taatatttaa atggcaaaaa 2160
caaaacataa ttttgtgcaa ttaacaaagc tactgcaaga aaaataaaac atttcttgg 2220
aaaaacgtat gtatttatat attatatatt tatatataat atatattata tatttagcat 2280
tgctgagctt tttagatgcc tattgtgtat cttttaagg ttttgaccat tttgttatga 2340
gtaattacat atatattaca ttcactatat taaaattgta cttttttact atgtgtctca 2400
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aaaaaaaaaaaa 2475

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<210> SEQ ID NO 26
<211> LENGTH: 114
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 26

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Ser Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Pro Gly
20           25           30
Pro Ile Ala Ser Ala Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Val Leu Arg Glu Leu Arg
35           40           45
Cys Val Cys Leu Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Val His Pro Lys Met Ile Ser
50           55           60
Asn Leu Gln Val Phe Ala Ile Gly Pro Gln Cys Ser Lys Val Glu Val
65           70           75           80
Val Ala Ser Leu Lys Asn Gly Lys Glu Ile Cys Leu Asp Pro Glu Ala
85           90           95
Pro Phe Leu Lys Lys Val Ile Gln Lys Ile Leu Asp Gly Gly Asn Lys
100          105          110
Glu Asn

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<210> SEQ ID NO 27
<211> LENGTH: 1905
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 771 (ZNF771), mesenchymal
stem cell protein DSC43 (LOC51333) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (25)..(852)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZNF771

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<400> SEQUENCE: 27

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cgctccacgc tggcgaagca cgcgcgcacg cacacgggcg aacggccctt cgggtgcacc      180
gagtgcgggc ggcgcttctc acagaagtcg gcgctgacca aacacggccg cacgcacacg      240
ggcgagcggc cctacgagtg ccccgagtcg gacaaacgct tctcgccgcg ctggaacctg      300
cggcagcacc gacggcggca cacgggcgag aagccgtacg catgcgcgca ctgcggccgc      360
cgcttcgcgc agagctccaa ctacgcacag cacctgcgcg tgcacacggg cgagaagccg      420
tacgctgcc cgactgcgg acgcgccttt ggcggcagct cgtgcctggc gcgccaccga      480
cgcacgcaca cgggcgagcg gccctacgct tgccgcgact gcggcacgcg cttcgctcag      540
agctcgcgcg tggccaagca ccggcgcgtg cacacgggcg agaagccgca ccgctgcgct      600
gtgtgtggcc gtcgcttcgg ccacgcctcc aacctggcgg agcacgcgcg cacgcacaca      660
ggcgagcggc cctaccctcg gcgcgagtcg ggccgcccgt tccgcctaag ctgcgacttc      720
attcgccacc gacgcgcgca catgcggcgc cgctgtata tttgcgcggg ctgcggcagg      780
gacttcaagc tgcccctcgg cgcacaggcc gccactgcca ccgagcgttg cccggagtg      840
gagggcagct gagtcccgca gggctgcgga ggggcgcgct ggggcttcga cctggctgca      900
ctaaccagg ctctctctcg ccccgccctc cgggtctggg aaattgaggg gacggcaggc      960
ccggtgccc tggaaactgg agacagggag aatccctcgc cggggtcctt ggaacacagt      1020
ccccccac atcactacat tcctcggcc cgtgttagtg aataaagtat tatatcctca      1080
ccccaccgt gcctgtgagt gagtggggtg ggagagggaag aaagttgggg ttctccaggc      1140
tcaggtgcca agtgagttgt caagggaacca aatggggatg taaacctaaa aggggttccc      1200
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cggcgcacag tgactcacgc ctgtaatccc agcactttgg gagggcgagg ctagcagatc      1500
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tgaggcatga gaatcacttg aacctgggag acagagggtg caatgaaccg agatagtgcc      1680
attgcactcc ggccctgggca acagagggaag actgcctcaa acaacaaaaa aacaacaaac      1740
caaacaaac caaaaaaatc tcaagcgat tggacctagc agtcgatgcc tgtaatctcc      1800
agcactttgg gaggcggagg caggaggatc tcttgaagtc aagagtttga gatcagcctg      1860
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<210> SEQ ID NO 28

<211> LENGTH: 275

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 771 (ZNF771), mesenchymal stem cell protein DSC43 (LOC51333)

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

-continued

Met Asp Asn Lys Glu Val Pro Gly Glu Ala Pro Ala Pro Ser Ala Asp
 1 5 10 15

Pro Ala Arg Pro His Ala Cys Pro Asp Cys Gly Arg Ala Phe Ala Arg
 20 25 30

Arg Ser Thr Leu Ala Lys His Ala Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro
 35 40 45

Phe Gly Cys Thr Glu Cys Gly Arg Arg Phe Ser Gln Lys Ser Ala Leu
 50 55 60

Thr Lys His Gly Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Glu Cys Pro
 65 70 75 80

Glu Cys Asp Lys Arg Phe Ser Ala Ala Ser Asn Leu Arg Gln His Arg
 85 90 95

Arg Arg His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Ala Cys Ala His Cys Gly Arg
 100 105 110

Arg Phe Ala Gln Ser Ser Asn Tyr Ala Gln His Leu Arg Val His Thr
 115 120 125

Gly Glu Lys Pro Tyr Ala Cys Pro Asp Cys Gly Arg Ala Phe Gly Gly
 130 135 140

Ser Ser Cys Leu Ala Arg His Arg Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro
 145 150 155 160

Tyr Ala Cys Ala Asp Cys Gly Thr Arg Phe Ala Gln Ser Ser Ala Leu
 165 170 175

Ala Lys His Arg Arg Val His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro His Arg Cys Ala
 180 185 190

Val Cys Gly Arg Arg Phe Gly His Arg Ser Asn Leu Ala Glu His Ala
 195 200 205

Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Pro Cys Ala Glu Cys Gly Arg
 210 215 220

Arg Phe Arg Leu Ser Ser His Phe Ile Arg His Arg Arg Ala His Met
 225 230 235 240

Arg Arg Arg Leu Tyr Ile Cys Ala Gly Cys Gly Arg Asp Phe Lys Leu
 245 250 255

Pro Pro Gly Ala Thr Ala Ala Thr Ala Thr Glu Arg Cys Pro Glu Cys
 260 265 270

Glu Gly Ser
 275

<210> SEQ ID NO 29
 <211> LENGTH: 2651
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: natriuretic peptide receptor C/guanylate
 cyclase C (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor C) (NPR3) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (219)..(1841)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: NPR3

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

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atcttttggc gcattagtga aggggggtatt ctattttgtt aaagcgccca agggggcgca	120
gggaccttgg agagaagagt ggggaggaaa gaggaagggt ggggtggggg cagagggcga	180

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gtcggcgggcg gcgagggcaa gctcttttctt gcggcacgat gccgtctctg ctggtgctca	240
ctttctcccc gtgcgtacta ctcggtctggg cgttgctggc cggcggcacc ggtggcggtg	300
gcgttgggcg cggcgggcgtt ggcgcgggca taggcggcgg acgccaggag agagaggcgc	360
tgcgccaca gaagatcgag gtgctggtgt tactgcccc ggatgactcg tacttgtttt	420
cactcaccgc ggtgcggccg gccatcgagt atgctctgcg cagcgtggag ggcaacggga	480
ctgggaggcg gcttctgccc cggggcactc gcttcaggt ggcttacgag gattcagact	540
gtgggaaccg tgcgctcttc agcttggtgg accgcgtggc ggcgcgcggg ggcgccaagc	600
cagaccttat cctggggcca gtgtgcgagt atgcagcagc gccagtggcc cggcttgcat	660
cgcactggga cctgcccctg ctgtcggtg gggcgctggc cgctggcttc cagcacaagg	720
actctgagta ctgcacctc acgcgcgtgg cggccgcta cgccaagatg ggcgagatga	780
tgtctgcctt gttccgccac caccactgga gccgcgtgc actggtctac agcgacgaca	840
agctggagcg gaactgctac ttcacctcg aggggtcca cgaggtcttc caggaggagg	900
gtttgcacac gtccatctac agtttcgacg agaccaaaga cttgcatctg gaagacatcg	960
tgcgcaatat ccaggccagt gagagagtgg tgatcatgtg tgcgagcagt gacaccatcc	1020
ggagcatcat gctggtggcg cacaggcatg gcatgaccag tggagactac gccttcttca	1080
acattgagct cttcaacagc tcttctctat gagatggctc atggaagaga ggagacaaac	1140
acgactttga agctaagca gcatactctt ccctccagac agtcactcta ctgaggacag	1200
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tcaatatgga ggattacgtt aacatgtttg ttgaaggatt ccacgatgcc atcctcctct	1320
acgtcttggc tctacatgaa gtactcagag ctggttacag caaaaaggat ggagggaaaa	1380
ttatacagca gacttggaa acgaacattt aaggtatcgc cgggcagggtg tccatagatg	1440
ccaacggaga ccgatatggg gatttctctg tgattgccat gactgatgtg gaggcgggca	1500
cccaggaggt tattggtgat tattttgaa aagaaggtcg ttttgaaatg cggccgaatg	1560
tcaaatatcc ttggggccct ttaaaactga gaatagatga aaaccgaatt gtagagcata	1620
caaacagctc tccctgcaaa tcatgtggcc tagaagaatc ggagtgaca ggaattgtcg	1680
tgggggcttt actaggagct ggttgctaa tggccttcta ctttttcagg aagaaataca	1740
gaataacat tgagaggcga acccagcaag aagaaagtaa ccttgaaaa catcggaat	1800
tacgggaaga ttccatcaga tcccatTTTT cagtagctta aaggaagccc ccactTTTT	1860
TTTTTctgc ctgagattct ttaaggagat agacgggttg aaagacatca atgaaacaga	1920
agggcgcttc ttgaagaatt cataatttta agcagttagt aatttcattt taaaatttct	1980
gtagaagctc aggaattatg attaatcacc atctgcctcc aggcctttca tctcatgaca	2040
aacaaatata ataatgatat cgtgtcactc tgttaaatgt tcatactgtt tcaagcccat	2100
atgattagat ttatgttttt aaaatctgtt gtctccatat cttgatggct tttgggagca	2160
tttcacacaa ggatataaaa tgcgggttttc ttaaatgaaa tgtttttag ctagaataaa	2220
atcattttta caagtacagc attcttgga agaatttaac acccaaaaag gggaaaatgt	2280
aatgaaaaat ctcaagggtg gaaatacagc cttactctct ctgagctgg aggacaggtt	2340
tgtggttgag gacttctctg tccgatgtct acattcaggt tctgacttca tatcttga	2400
aaggatttcc tccctgtctt tttcagtgtc tcataaacgc tactctggat tgttgtaaat	2460

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attagtgaga tgggaggatt tacagaagaa aagcaagtca aaaatatttc ctttttgatg 2520
taaaaaaaaa aagccctatt tcgcactaac attttatttt acaagtattt taatcttata 2580
ttttggtatt agaaaaattt gtctattttt tcattttgaa gattaaatgt tgcttacatt 2640
ttaaaaaaaaa a 2651

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<210> SEQ ID NO 30
<211> LENGTH: 540
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: natriuretic peptide receptor C/guanylate
cyclase C (atrionatriuretic peptide receptor C) (NPR3)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 30

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Met Pro Ser Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Phe Ser Pro Cys Val Leu Leu Gly
1           5           10           15
Trp Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Gly Thr Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Gly Gly Gly
20          25          30
Gly Gly Gly Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Arg Gln Glu Arg Glu Ala Leu
35          40          45
Pro Pro Gln Lys Ile Glu Val Leu Val Leu Leu Pro Gln Asp Asp Ser
50          55          60
Tyr Leu Phe Ser Leu Thr Arg Val Arg Pro Ala Ile Glu Tyr Ala Leu
65          70          75          80
Arg Ser Val Glu Gly Asn Gly Thr Gly Arg Arg Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly
85          90          95
Thr Arg Phe Gln Val Ala Tyr Glu Asp Ser Asp Cys Gly Asn Arg Ala
100         105         110
Leu Phe Ser Leu Val Asp Arg Val Ala Ala Ala Arg Gly Ala Lys Pro
115         120         125
Asp Leu Ile Leu Gly Pro Val Cys Glu Tyr Ala Ala Ala Pro Val Ala
130         135         140
Arg Leu Ala Ser His Trp Asp Leu Pro Met Leu Ser Ala Gly Ala Leu
145         150         155         160
Ala Ala Gly Phe Gln His Lys Asp Ser Glu Tyr Ser His Leu Thr Arg
165         170         175
Val Ala Pro Ala Tyr Ala Lys Met Gly Glu Met Met Leu Ala Leu Phe
180         185         190
Arg His His His Trp Ser Arg Ala Ala Leu Val Tyr Ser Asp Asp Lys
195         200         205
Leu Glu Arg Asn Cys Tyr Phe Thr Leu Glu Gly Val His Glu Val Phe
210         215         220
Gln Glu Glu Gly Leu His Thr Ser Ile Tyr Ser Phe Asp Glu Thr Lys
225         230         235         240
Asp Leu Asp Leu Glu Asp Ile Val Arg Asn Ile Gln Ala Ser Glu Arg
245         250         255
Val Val Ile Met Cys Ala Ser Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Met Leu
260         265         270
Val Ala His Arg His Gly Met Thr Ser Gly Asp Tyr Ala Phe Phe Asn
275         280         285
Ile Glu Leu Phe Asn Ser Ser Ser Tyr Gly Asp Gly Ser Trp Lys Arg
290         295         300

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Gly	Asp	Lys	His	Asp	Phe	Glu	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gln	305	310	315	320
Thr	Val	Thr	Leu	Leu	Arg	Thr	Val	Lys	Pro	Glu	Phe	Glu	Lys	Phe	Ser	325	330	335	
Met	Glu	Val	Lys	Ser	Ser	Val	Glu	Lys	Gln	Gly	Leu	Asn	Met	Glu	Asp	340	345	350	
Tyr	Val	Asn	Met	Phe	Val	Glu	Gly	Phe	His	Asp	Ala	Ile	Leu	Leu	Tyr	355	360	365	
Val	Leu	Ala	Leu	His	Glu	Val	Leu	Arg	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Lys	Lys	Asp	370	375	380	
Gly	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln	Gln	Thr	Trp	Asn	Arg	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gly	Ile	385	390	395	400
Ala	Gly	Gln	Val	Ser	Ile	Asp	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Phe	405	410	415	
Ser	Val	Ile	Ala	Met	Thr	Asp	Val	Glu	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gln	Glu	Val	Ile	420	425	430	
Gly	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Gly	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Phe	Glu	Met	Arg	Pro	Asn	Val	435	440	445	
Lys	Tyr	Pro	Trp	Gly	Pro	Leu	Lys	Leu	Arg	Ile	Asp	Glu	Asn	Arg	Ile	450	455	460	
Val	Glu	His	Thr	Asn	Ser	Ser	Pro	Cys	Lys	Ser	Cys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Glu	465	470	475	480
Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Gly	Ile	Val	Val	Gly	Ala	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ala	Gly	Leu	485	490	495	
Leu	Met	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Phe	Phe	Arg	Lys	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Thr	Ile	Glu	500	505	510	
Arg	Arg	Thr	Gln	Gln	Glu	Glu	Ser	Asn	Leu	Gly	Lys	His	Arg	Glu	Leu	515	520	525	
Arg	Glu	Asp	Ser	Ile	Arg	Ser	His	Phe	Ser	Val	Ala	530	535	540					

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
 <211> LENGTH: 2984
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: early growth response 2 (Krox-20 homolog,
 Drosophila) (EGR2) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (339)..(1769)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: EGR2
 <400> SEQUENCE: 31

taactgagcg aggagcaatt gattaatagc tcggcgaggg gactcactga ctgttataat	60
aacactacac cagcaactcc tggcttccca gcagccggaa cacagacagg agagagtcag	120
tggcaaatag acatttttct tattttctaa aaaacagcaa cttgtttgct acttttattt	180
ctgttgattt ttttttcttg gtgtgtgtgg tggttgtttt taagtgtgga gggcaaaagg	240
agataccatc ccaggctcag tccaaccctt ctccaaaacg gcttttctga cactccaggt	300
agcgaggggag ttgggtctcc aggtgtgtgc aggagcaaat gatgaccgcc aaggccgtag	360
acaaaatccc agtaactctc agtgggtttt tgcaccagct gtctgacaac atctaccggg	420
tggaggacct cgccgccacg tcggtgacca tctttcccaa tgccgaactg ggaggccct	480

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ttgaccagat gaacggagtg gccggagatg gcatgatcaa cattgacatg actggagaga	540
agaggtcggt ggatctccca tatccagca gctttgctcc cgtctctgca cctagaaacc	600
agaccttcac ttacatgggc aagttctcca ttgacctca gtacctgggt gccagctgct	660
accagaagg cataatcaat attgtgagtg caggcatctt gcaaggggtc acttcccag	720
cttcaaccac agcctcatcc agcgtcacct ctgcctcccc caaccactg gccacaggac	780
ccctgggtgt gtgcaccatg tccagaccc agcctgacct ggaccactg tactctccgc	840
caccgcctcc tctccttat tctggctgtg caggagacct ctaccaggac ccttctgct	900
tctgtcagc agccaccacc tccacctctt cctctctggc ctaccacca cctccttct	960
atccatcccc caagccagcc acggaccag gtctcttccc aatgatcca gactatcctg	1020
gattctttcc atctcagtg cagagagacc tacatggtac agctggccca gaccgtaagc	1080
cctttccctg cccactggac accctgcggg tgccccctcc actcactcca ctctctacaa	1140
tccgtaactt taccctgggg ggccccagtg ctggggtgac cggaccaggg gccagtgag	1200
gcagcgaggg accccggctg cctggtagca gctcagcagc agcagcagcc gccgccgccg	1260
ccgcctataa cccacaccac ctgccactgc ggccattct gaggcctgc aagtacccca	1320
acagaccag caagacgcc gtgcacgaga ggccctaccc gtgccagca gaaggtgcg	1380
accggcggtt ctcccgtct gacgagctga cacggcacat ccgaatccac actgggcata	1440
agcccttcca gtgtcggatc tgcctgcga acttcagccg cagtgaccac ctcaccacc	1500
atatccgac ccacaccgtt gagaagccct tcgcctgtga ctactgtggc cgaaagtgtg	1560
cccgagtgat tgagaggaag cgccacacca agatccacct gagacagaaa gagcggaaaa	1620
gcagtgcctc ctctgcatg gtgccagccc cctctacagc ctctgctct gggggcgctg	1680
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cttgcctctc tcggaccgg acaccttgag atgagactca ggctgataca ccagctccca	1800
aaggtcccg agggcccttg tccactggag ctgcacaaca aacactacca ccttttctg	1860
tccctctctc cctttgttgg gcaaagggtt ttggtggagc tagcactgcc ccttttccac	1920
ctagaagcag gttcttccta aaacttagcc cattctagtc tctcttaggt gagttgacta	1980
tcaaccaag gcaaagggg ggctcagaag gaggtggtgt ggggatcccc tggccaagag	2040
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ctgatgtgca ctttatggct tgggactgat ttgggggaca ttgtacagtg agtgaagtat	2280
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aacccttgaa gcaatatgta ttatatactc agagaacaga agtgcaatgt gatgggagga	2400
acgtagcaat atctgctcct ttctgagttg ttgagaaat gtaggctatt ttttcagtgt	2460
atatccactc agattttgtg tatttttgat gtaccacac tggtctctaa attctgaatc	2520
tttgggaaaa aatgtaaagc atttatgac tcagagggtta acttatntaa gggggatgta	2580
catattctct gaaactagga tgcatgcaat tgtgttgaa gtgctctgg tcgccttggtg	2640
tgatgtagac aaatgttaca aggtgcatg taaatgggtt gccttattat ggagaaaaaa	2700
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tagaaagtat atttttgtat gctttgtttt gtgacttaaa agtgttacct ttgtagtcaa 2820
atttcagata agaattgtaca taatgttacc ggagctgatt tgttttgtca ttagctctta 2880
atagttgtga aaaaataaat ctattctaac gcaaaaccac taactgaagt tcagatataa 2940
tggatgggtt gtgactatag tgtaataaaa tacttttcaa caat 2984

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<210> SEQ ID NO 32
<211> LENGTH: 476
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: early growth response 2 (Krox-20 homolog,
Drosophila) (EGR2)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 32

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Met Met Thr Ala Lys Ala Val Asp Lys Ile Pro Val Thr Leu Ser Gly
1           5           10          15
Phe Val His Gln Leu Ser Asp Asn Ile Tyr Pro Val Glu Asp Leu Ala
20          25          30
Ala Thr Ser Val Thr Ile Phe Pro Asn Ala Glu Leu Gly Gly Pro Phe
35          40          45
Asp Gln Met Asn Gly Val Ala Gly Asp Gly Met Ile Asn Ile Asp Met
50          55          60
Thr Gly Glu Lys Arg Ser Leu Asp Leu Pro Tyr Pro Ser Ser Phe Ala
65          70          75          80
Pro Val Ser Ala Pro Arg Asn Gln Thr Phe Thr Tyr Met Gly Lys Phe
85          90          95
Ser Ile Asp Pro Gln Tyr Pro Gly Ala Ser Cys Tyr Pro Glu Gly Ile
100         105        110
Ile Asn Ile Val Ser Ala Gly Ile Leu Gln Gly Val Thr Ser Pro Ala
115        120        125
Ser Thr Thr Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Thr Ser Ala Ser Pro Asn Pro Leu
130        135        140
Ala Thr Gly Pro Leu Gly Val Cys Thr Met Ser Gln Thr Gln Pro Asp
145        150        155        160
Leu Asp His Leu Tyr Ser Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Tyr Ser Gly
165        170        175
Cys Ala Gly Asp Leu Tyr Gln Asp Pro Ser Ala Phe Leu Ser Ala Ala
180        185        190
Thr Thr Ser Thr Ser Ser Ser Leu Ala Tyr Pro Pro Pro Pro Ser Tyr
195        200        205
Pro Ser Pro Lys Pro Ala Thr Asp Pro Gly Leu Phe Pro Met Ile Pro
210        215        220
Asp Tyr Pro Gly Phe Phe Pro Ser Gln Cys Gln Arg Asp Leu His Gly
225        230        235        240
Thr Ala Gly Pro Asp Arg Lys Pro Phe Pro Cys Pro Leu Asp Thr Leu
245        250        255
Arg Val Pro Pro Pro Leu Thr Pro Leu Ser Thr Ile Arg Asn Phe Thr
260        265        270
Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Ala Gly Val Thr Gly Pro Gly Ala Ser Gly Gly
275        280        285
Ser Glu Gly Pro Arg Leu Pro Gly Ser Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala
290        295        300

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Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Tyr Asn Pro His His Leu Pro Leu Arg Pro Ile
 305 310 315 320

Leu Arg Pro Arg Lys Tyr Pro Asn Arg Pro Ser Lys Thr Pro Val His
 325 330 335

Glu Arg Pro Tyr Pro Cys Pro Ala Glu Gly Cys Asp Arg Arg Phe Ser
 340 345 350

Arg Ser Asp Glu Leu Thr Arg His Ile Arg Ile His Thr Gly His Lys
 355 360 365

Pro Phe Gln Cys Arg Ile Cys Met Arg Asn Phe Ser Arg Ser Asp His
 370 375 380

Leu Thr Thr His Ile Arg Thr His Thr Gly Glu Lys Pro Phe Ala Cys
 385 390 395 400

Asp Tyr Cys Gly Arg Lys Phe Ala Arg Ser Asp Glu Arg Lys Arg His
 405 410 415

Thr Lys Ile His Leu Arg Gln Lys Glu Arg Lys Ser Ser Ala Pro Ser
 420 425 430

Ala Ser Val Pro Ala Pro Ser Thr Ala Ser Cys Ser Gly Gly Val Gln
 435 440 445

Pro Gly Gly Thr Leu Cys Ser Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Gly Gly
 450 455 460

Pro Leu Ala Pro Cys Ser Ser Arg Thr Arg Thr Pro
 465 470 475

<210> SEQ ID NO 33
 <211> LENGTH: 1725
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor,
 subfamily A (with TM domain), member 4 (LILRA4),
 immunoglobulin-like transcript 7 (ILT7) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (58)..(1557)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: LILRA4

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

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accctcattc tcacaagcct gctcttcttt gggctgagcc tgggccccag gaccgggtg      120
caggcagaaa acctacccaa acccatcctg tgggccgagc caggtcccgt gatcacctgg      180
cataaccccg tgaccatctg gtgtcagggc accctggagg cccaggggta ccgtctggat      240
aaagagggaa actcaatgtc gaggcacata ttaaaaacac tggagtctga aaacaaggtc      300
aaactctcca tccatccat gatgtgggaa catgcagggc gatatcactg ttactatcag      360
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cgggtgtcct caggctggg actgggcagg ttcactctga ttgaggaagg agaccacagg      540
ctctcctgga cctgaactc acaccaacac aacctggaa agttccaggc cctgttcccc      600
atgggcccc tgaccttcag caacaggggt acattcagat gctacggcta tgaaaacaac      660
acccatacgt tgtggtcgga acccagtgac ccctgcagc tactggtgtc aggcgtgtct      720
aggaagccct ccctcctgac cctgcagggc cctgtcgtga cccccggaga gaatctgacc      780
ctccagtgtg gctctgatgt cggctacatc agatacactc tgtacaagga gggggccgat      840

```

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```

ggcctccccc agcgccctgg ccggcagccc caggetgggc tctcccagge caacttcacc 900
ctgagccctg tgagccgctc ctacgggggc cagtacagat gctacggcgc acacaacgtc 960
tcctccgagt ggtcggtccc cagtgacccc ctggacatcc tgatcgagg acagatctct 1020
gacagaccct cctctcagt gcagccgggc cccacggtga cctcaggaga gaaggtgacc 1080
ctgctgtgtc agtcattgga cccgatgttc actttccttc tgaccaagga gggggcagcc 1140
catccccctg tgcgtctgag atcaatgtac ggagtcata agtaccagge tgaattcccc 1200
atgagtctct tgacctcagc ccacgcgggg acctacaggt gctacggctc acgcagctcc 1260
aaccctacc tctgtctca cccctgtgag cccctggagc tctgtgtctc aggagcaact 1320
gagaccctca atccagcaca aaagaagtca gattccaaga ctgccccaca cctccaggat 1380
tacacagtgg agaattctcat ccgcatgggt gtggctggct tggctctgct gttcctcggg 1440
attctgttat ttgaggctca gcacagccag agaagcccc caaggtgcag ccaggaggca 1500
aacagcagaa aggacaatgc accttcaga gtggtggagc cttgggaaca gatctgatga 1560
tctgaggagg ttctggaaga ctggggcagc agttggggaa gtgtctgctg agaatatcaa 1620
ggggaagaag catgggtcag gtgcaggaag atgtctgggt gtctgtagaa gatgcttcct 1680
ccattaaact gtggtgcttt cctcctcaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaa 1725

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 34

<211> LENGTH: 499

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: leukocyte immunoglobulin-like receptor,
subfamily A (with TM domain), member 4 (LILRA4),
immunoglobulin-like transcript 7 (ILT7)

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

```

Met Thr Leu Ile Leu Thr Ser Leu Leu Phe Phe Gly Leu Ser Leu Gly
1           5           10          15
Pro Arg Thr Arg Val Gln Ala Glu Asn Leu Pro Lys Pro Ile Leu Trp
          20          25          30
Ala Glu Pro Gly Pro Val Ile Thr Trp His Asn Pro Val Thr Ile Trp
          35          40          45
Cys Gln Gly Thr Leu Glu Ala Gln Gly Tyr Arg Leu Asp Lys Glu Gly
          50          55          60
Asn Ser Met Ser Arg His Ile Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Ser Glu Asn Lys
65          70          75          80
Val Lys Leu Ser Ile Pro Ser Met Met Trp Glu His Ala Gly Arg Tyr
          85          90          95
His Cys Tyr Tyr Gln Ser Pro Ala Gly Trp Ser Glu Pro Ser Asp Pro
          100         105         110
Leu Glu Leu Val Val Thr Ala Tyr Ser Arg Pro Thr Leu Ser Ala Leu
          115         120         125
Pro Ser Pro Val Val Thr Ser Gly Val Asn Val Thr Leu Arg Cys Ala
          130         135         140
Ser Arg Leu Gly Leu Gly Arg Phe Thr Leu Ile Glu Glu Gly Asp His
145         150         155         160
Arg Leu Ser Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser His Gln His Asn His Gly Lys Phe
          165         170         175

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Gln	Ala	Leu	Phe	Pro	Met	Gly	Pro	Leu	Thr	Phe	Ser	Asn	Arg	Gly	Thr	180	185	190
Phe	Arg	Cys	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Asn	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Val	Trp	Ser	Glu	195	200	205
Pro	Ser	Asp	Pro	Leu	Gln	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	Val	Ser	Arg	Lys	Pro	210	215	220
Ser	Leu	Leu	Thr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Pro	Val	Val	Thr	Pro	Gly	Glu	Asn	Leu	225	230	240
Thr	Leu	Gln	Cys	Gly	Ser	Asp	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Tyr	245	250	255
Lys	Glu	Gly	Ala	Asp	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gln	Arg	Pro	Gly	Arg	Gln	Pro	Gln	260	265	270
Ala	Gly	Leu	Ser	Gln	Ala	Asn	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ser	Pro	Val	Ser	Arg	Ser	275	280	285
Tyr	Gly	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Arg	Cys	Tyr	Gly	Ala	His	Asn	Val	Ser	Ser	Glu	290	295	300
Trp	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ser	Asp	Pro	Leu	Asp	Ile	Leu	Ile	Ala	Gly	Gln	Ile	305	310	315
Ser	Asp	Arg	Pro	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Gln	Pro	Gly	Pro	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	325	330	335
Gly	Glu	Lys	Val	Thr	Leu	Leu	Cys	Gln	Ser	Trp	Asp	Pro	Met	Phe	Thr	340	345	350
Phe	Leu	Leu	Thr	Lys	Glu	Gly	Ala	Ala	His	Pro	Pro	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	355	360	365
Ser	Met	Tyr	Gly	Ala	His	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Glu	Phe	Pro	Met	Ser	Pro	370	375	380
Val	Thr	Ser	Ala	His	Ala	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Cys	Tyr	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ser	385	390	395
Ser	Asn	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ser	His	Pro	Ser	Glu	Pro	Leu	Glu	Leu	Val	405	410	415
Val	Ser	Gly	Ala	Thr	Glu	Thr	Leu	Asn	Pro	Ala	Gln	Lys	Lys	Ser	Asp	420	425	430
Ser	Lys	Thr	Ala	Pro	His	Leu	Gln	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Val	Glu	Asn	Leu	Ile	435	440	445
Arg	Met	Gly	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Val	Leu	Leu	Phe	Leu	Gly	Ile	Leu	Leu	450	455	460
Phe	Glu	Ala	Gln	His	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ser	Pro	Pro	Arg	Cys	Ser	Gln	Glu	465	470	475
Ala	Asn	Ser	Arg	Lys	Asp	Asn	Ala	Pro	Phe	Arg	Val	Val	Glu	Pro	Trp	485	490	495

Glu Gln Ile

<210> SEQ ID NO 35

<211> LENGTH: 837

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin D2 synthase 21kDa (brain) (PTGDS)
cDNA

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (76)..(648)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PTGDS

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

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```

gctctctctg cacacotccc tcgtctctcc acaccactgg caccaggccc cggacacccg    60
ctctgtctga ggagaatggc tactcatcac acgtgttgga tgggactggc cctgtctggg    120
gtgtctggcg acctgcaggc agcaccggag gccaggtct cctgtcagcc caacttcag    180
caggacaagt tctctggggcg ctggttcagc gcgggcctcg cctccaactc gagctggctc    240
cgggagaaga aggcggcggtt gtccatgtgc aagtctgtgg tggccctgc cacggatggt    300
ggcctcaacc tgacctccac ctctctcagg aaaaaccagt gtgagacccg aaccatgctg    360
ctgcagcccg cggggtccct cggtctctac agctaccgga gtccctactg gggcagcacc    420
tactcctgtg cagtgggtga gaccgactac gaccagtacy cgctgtgtga cagccagggc    480
agcaagggcc ctggcgagga ctctcgcatg gccaccctct acagccgaac ccagaccccc    540
agggtctgagt taaaggagaa attcaccgcc ttctgcaagg ccagggtctt cacagaggat    600
accattgtct tcttgcctca aaccgataag tgcattgacg aacaatagga ctcccaggg    660
ctgaagtctg gatccgggcc agccaggtga ccccccacgt ctggatgtct ctgctctgtt    720
ccttccccga gcccctgccc cggctcccc ccaaagcaac cctgcccact caggcttcat    780
cctgcacaat aaactccgga agcaagtacg taataaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa    837

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 36

<211> LENGTH: 190

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin D2 synthase 21kDa (brain) (PTGDS)

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

```

Met Ala Thr His His Thr Leu Trp Met Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Val
1             5             10             15
Leu Gly Asp Leu Gln Ala Ala Pro Glu Ala Gln Val Ser Val Gln Pro
20            25            30
Asn Phe Gln Gln Asp Lys Phe Leu Gly Arg Trp Phe Ser Ala Gly Leu
35            40            45
Ala Ser Asn Ser Ser Trp Leu Arg Glu Lys Lys Ala Ala Leu Ser Met
50            55            60
Cys Lys Ser Val Val Ala Pro Ala Thr Asp Gly Gly Leu Asn Leu Thr
65            70            75            80
Ser Thr Phe Leu Arg Lys Asn Gln Cys Glu Thr Arg Thr Met Leu Leu
85            90            95
Gln Pro Ala Gly Ser Leu Gly Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Ser Pro His Trp
100           105           110
Gly Ser Thr Tyr Ser Val Ser Val Val Glu Thr Asp Tyr Asp Gln Tyr
115           120           125
Ala Leu Leu Tyr Ser Gln Gly Ser Lys Gly Pro Gly Glu Asp Phe Arg
130           135           140
Met Ala Thr Leu Tyr Ser Arg Thr Gln Thr Pro Arg Ala Glu Leu Lys
145           150           155           160
Glu Lys Phe Thr Ala Phe Cys Lys Ala Gln Gly Phe Thr Glu Asp Thr
165           170           175
Ile Val Phe Leu Pro Gln Thr Asp Lys Cys Met Thr Glu Gln
180           185           190

```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 37
<211> LENGTH: 3213
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: periostin, osteoblast specific factor (POSTN)
cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (12)..(2522)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: POSTN

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

agagactcaa gatgattccc tttttaccca tgttttctct actattgctg cttattgtta	60
acctataaaa cgccaacaat cattatgaca agatcttggc tcatagtcgt atcaggggtc	120
gggaccaagg cccaaatgtc tgtgcccttc aacagatttt gggcaccaaa aagaaatact	180
tcagcacttg taagaactgg tataaaaagt ccatctgtgg acagaaaacg actgttttat	240
atgaatgttg ccctggttat atgagaatgg aaggaatgaa aggctgcca gcagttttgc	300
ccattgacca tgtttatggc actctgggca tcgtgggagc caccacaacg cagcgctatt	360
ctgacgcctc aaaactgagg gaggagatcg agggaaaggg atccttcact tactttgcac	420
cgagtaatga ggcttgggac aacttggatt ctgatatccg tagaggtttg gagagcaacg	480
tgaatgttga attactgaat gctttacata gtcacatgat taataagaga atgttgacca	540
aggacttaaa aaatggcatg attattcctt caatgtataa caatttgggg cttttcatta	600
accattatcc taatgggggtt gtcactgtta attgtgctcg aatcatccat gggaaccaga	660
ttgcaacaaa tgggtgtgtc catgtcattg accgtgtgct tacacaaatt ggtacctcaa	720
ttcaagactt cattgaagca gaagatgacc tttcatcttt tagagcagct gccatcacat	780
cggacatatt ggaggccctt ggaagagacg gtcacttcac actctttgct cccaccaatg	840
aggcttttga gaaacttcca cgagggtgctc tagaaagggt catgggagac aaagtggctt	900
ccgaagctct tatgaagtac cacatcttaa atactctcca gtgttctgag tctattatgg	960
gaggagcagt ctttgagacg ctggaaggaa atacaattga gataggatgt gacggtgaca	1020
gtataacagt aaatggaatc aaaatgggtg acaaaaagga tattgtgaca aataatgggtg	1080
tgatccatctt gattgatcag gtctctaattc ctgattctgc caaacaagtt attgagctgg	1140
ctggaaaaca gcaaaccacc ttcacggatc ttgtggccca attaggcttg gcatctgctc	1200
tgaggccaga tggagaatac actttgctgg cacctgtgaa taatgcattt tctgatgata	1260
ctctcagcat gggtcagcgc ctctttaa atattctgca gaatcacata ttgaaagtaa	1320
aagttggcct taatgagctt tacaacgggc aaatactgga aaccatcgga ggcaaacagc	1380
tcagagtctt cgtatatcgt acagctgtct gcattgaaaa ttcatgcatg gagaaaggga	1440
gtaagcaagg gagaaacggt gcgattcaca tattccgcga gatcatcaag ccagcagaga	1500
aatccctcca tgaaaagtta aaacaagata agcgcttttag caccttctc agcctacttg	1560
aagctgcaga cttgaaagag ctcttgacac aacctggaga ctggacatta tttgtgcaa	1620
ccaatgatgc ttttaaggga atgactagtg aagaaaaaga aattctgata cgggacaaaa	1680
atgctcttca aaacatcatt ctttatcacc tgacaccagg agttttcatt ggaaaaggat	1740
ttgaacctgg tgttactaac attttaaaga ccacacaagg aagcaaaatc tttctgaaag	1800
aagtaaatga tacacttctg gtgaatgaat tgaaatcaaa agaactctgac atcatgacaa	1860

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caaatggtgt aattcatggt gtagataaac tcctctatcc agcagacaca cctggttgaa 1920
atgatcaact gctggaaata cttataaat taatcaaata catccaaatt aagtttggtc 1980
gtggtagcac cttcaaagaa atccccgtga ctgtctatac aactaaaatt ataaccaaag 2040
ttgtggaacc aaaaattaaa gtgattgaag gcagtcttca gcctattatc aaaactgaag 2100
gacccacact aacaaaagtc aaaattgaag gtgaacctga attcagactg attaaagaag 2160
gtgaaacaat aactgaagtg atccatggag agccaattat taaaaaatc accaaaatca 2220
ttgatggagt gcctgtggaa ataactgaaa aagagacacg agaagaacga atcattacag 2280
gtcctgaat aaaatacact aggtatttcta ctggagggtg agaacagaa gaaactctga 2340
agaaattggt acaagaagag gtcaccaagg tcaccaaatt cattgaaggt ggtgatggtc 2400
atttatttga agatgaagaa attaaaagac tgcttcaggg agacacaccc gtgaggaagt 2460
tgcaagccaa caaaaagtt caaggttcta gaagacgatt aagggaaggt cgttctcagt 2520
gaaaatccaa aaaccagaaa aaaatgttta tacaacccta agtcaataac ctgaccttag 2580
aaaattgtga gagccaagtt gacttcagga actgaaacat cagcacaag aagcaatcat 2640
caaataattc tgaacacaaa tttatatttt tttttctga atgagaaaca tgagggaat 2700
tgtggagtta gcctcctgtg gtaaaggaat tgaagaaat ataacacctt acacctttt 2760
tcctcttgac attaaaagtt ctggctaact ttggaatcca ttagagaaaa atccttgta 2820
ccagattcat tacaattcaa atcgaagagt tgtgaactgt tatccattg aaaagaccga 2880
gccttgatg tatgttatgg atacataaaa tgcacgcaag ccattatctc tccatgggaa 2940
gctaagtatt aaaaataggt gcttggtgta caaaactttt tatatcaaaa ggctttgcac 3000
atttctatat gagtgggttt actggtaaat tatgttattt tttaacta attttgtact 3060
ctcagaatgt ttgtcatatg cttcttgcaa tgcattttt ttaatctcaa acgtttcaat 3120
aaaaccattt ttcagatata aagagaatta cttcaaattg agtaattcag aaaaactcaa 3180
gatttaagtt aaaaagtggg ttggacttgg gaa 3213

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 38

<211> LENGTH: 836

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: periostin, osteoblast specific factor (POSTN)

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

```

Met Ile Pro Phe Leu Pro Met Phe Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu Ile Val
1           5           10          15

```

```

Asn Pro Ile Asn Ala Asn Asn His Tyr Asp Lys Ile Leu Ala His Ser
20           25           30

```

```

Arg Ile Arg Gly Arg Asp Gln Gly Pro Asn Val Cys Ala Leu Gln Gln
35           40           45

```

```

Ile Leu Gly Thr Lys Lys Lys Tyr Phe Ser Thr Cys Lys Asn Trp Tyr
50           55           60

```

```

Lys Lys Ser Ile Cys Gly Gln Lys Thr Thr Val Leu Tyr Glu Cys Cys
65           70           75           80

```

```

Pro Gly Tyr Met Arg Met Glu Gly Met Lys Gly Cys Pro Ala Val Leu
85           90           95

```

```

Pro Ile Asp His Val Tyr Gly Thr Leu Gly Ile Val Gly Ala Thr Thr
100          105          110

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Thr	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ser	Lys	Leu	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Gly	115	120	125	
Lys	Gly	Ser	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Phe	Ala	Pro	Ser	Asn	Glu	Ala	Trp	Asp	Asn	130	135	140	
Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ile	Arg	Arg	Gly	Leu	Glu	Ser	Asn	Val	Asn	Val	Glu	145	150	155	160
Leu	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	His	Ser	His	Met	Ile	Asn	Lys	Arg	Met	Leu	Thr	165	170	175	
Lys	Asp	Leu	Lys	Asn	Gly	Met	Ile	Ile	Pro	Ser	Met	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Leu	180	185	190	
Gly	Leu	Phe	Ile	Asn	His	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Gly	Val	Val	Thr	Val	Asn	Cys	195	200	205	
Ala	Arg	Ile	Ile	His	Gly	Asn	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Val	His	210	215	220	
Val	Ile	Asp	Arg	Val	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ile	Gly	Thr	Ser	Ile	Gln	Asp	Phe	225	230	235	240
Ile	Glu	Ala	Glu	Asp	Asp	Leu	Ser	Ser	Phe	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ile	Thr	245	250	255	
Ser	Asp	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Arg	Asp	Gly	His	Phe	Thr	Leu	Phe	260	265	270	
Ala	Pro	Thr	Asn	Glu	Ala	Phe	Glu	Lys	Leu	Pro	Arg	Gly	Val	Leu	Glu	275	280	285	
Arg	Phe	Met	Gly	Asp	Lys	Val	Ala	Ser	Glu	Ala	Leu	Met	Lys	Tyr	His	290	295	300	
Ile	Leu	Asn	Thr	Leu	Gln	Cys	Ser	Glu	Ser	Ile	Met	Gly	Gly	Ala	Val	305	310	315	320
Phe	Glu	Thr	Leu	Glu	Gly	Asn	Thr	Ile	Glu	Ile	Gly	Cys	Asp	Gly	Asp	325	330	335	
Ser	Ile	Thr	Val	Asn	Gly	Ile	Lys	Met	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp	Ile	Val	340	345	350	
Thr	Asn	Asn	Gly	Val	Ile	His	Leu	Ile	Asp	Gln	Val	Leu	Ile	Pro	Asp	355	360	365	
Ser	Ala	Lys	Gln	Val	Ile	Glu	Leu	Ala	Gly	Lys	Gln	Gln	Thr	Thr	Phe	370	375	380	
Thr	Asp	Leu	Val	Ala	Gln	Leu	Gly	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Leu	Arg	Pro	Asp	385	390	395	400
Gly	Glu	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Leu	Ala	Pro	Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Phe	Ser	Asp	Asp	405	410	415	
Thr	Leu	Ser	Met	Val	Gln	Arg	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ile	Leu	Gln	Asn	His	420	425	430	
Ile	Leu	Lys	Val	Lys	Val	Gly	Leu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ile	435	440	445	
Leu	Glu	Thr	Ile	Gly	Gly	Lys	Gln	Leu	Arg	Val	Phe	Val	Tyr	Arg	Thr	450	455	460	
Ala	Val	Cys	Ile	Glu	Asn	Ser	Cys	Met	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Gln	Gly	465	470	475	480
Arg	Asn	Gly	Ala	Ile	His	Ile	Phe	Arg	Glu	Ile	Ile	Lys	Pro	Ala	Glu	485	490	495	
Lys	Ser	Leu	His	Glu	Lys	Leu	Lys	Gln	Asp	Lys	Arg	Phe	Ser	Thr	Phe	500	505	510	

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Leu Ser Leu Leu Glu Ala Ala Asp Leu Lys Glu Leu Leu Thr Gln Pro
   515                               520                   525

Gly Asp Trp Thr Leu Phe Val Pro Thr Asn Asp Ala Phe Lys Gly Met
   530                               535                   540

Thr Ser Glu Glu Lys Glu Ile Leu Ile Arg Asp Lys Asn Ala Leu Gln
   545                               550                   555                   560

Asn Ile Ile Leu Tyr His Leu Thr Pro Gly Val Phe Ile Gly Lys Gly
   565                               570                   575

Phe Glu Pro Gly Val Thr Asn Ile Leu Lys Thr Thr Gln Gly Ser Lys
   580                               585                   590

Ile Phe Leu Lys Glu Val Asn Asp Thr Leu Leu Val Asn Glu Leu Lys
   595                               600                   605

Ser Lys Glu Ser Asp Ile Met Thr Thr Asn Gly Val Ile His Val Val
   610                               615                   620

Asp Lys Leu Leu Tyr Pro Ala Asp Thr Pro Val Gly Asn Asp Gln Leu
   625                               630                   635                   640

Leu Glu Ile Leu Asn Lys Leu Ile Lys Tyr Ile Gln Ile Lys Phe Val
   645                               650                   655

Arg Gly Ser Thr Phe Lys Glu Ile Pro Val Thr Val Tyr Thr Thr Lys
   660                               665                   670

Ile Ile Thr Lys Val Val Glu Pro Lys Ile Lys Val Ile Glu Gly Ser
   675                               680                   685

Leu Gln Pro Ile Ile Lys Thr Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Thr Lys Val Lys
   690                               695                   700

Ile Glu Gly Glu Pro Glu Phe Arg Leu Ile Lys Glu Gly Glu Thr Ile
   705                               710                   715                   720

Thr Glu Val Ile His Gly Glu Pro Ile Ile Lys Lys Tyr Thr Lys Ile
   725                               730                   735

Ile Asp Gly Val Pro Val Glu Ile Thr Glu Lys Glu Thr Arg Glu Glu
   740                               745                   750

Arg Ile Ile Thr Gly Pro Glu Ile Lys Tyr Thr Arg Ile Ser Thr Gly
   755                               760                   765

Gly Gly Glu Thr Glu Glu Thr Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Gln Glu Glu Val
   770                               775                   780

Thr Lys Val Thr Lys Phe Ile Glu Gly Gly Asp Gly His Leu Phe Glu
   785                               790                   795                   800

Asp Glu Glu Ile Lys Arg Leu Leu Gln Gly Asp Thr Pro Val Arg Lys
   805                               810                   815

Leu Gln Ala Asn Lys Lys Val Gln Gly Ser Arg Arg Arg Leu Arg Glu
   820                               825                   830

Gly Arg Ser Gln
   835

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 39

<211> LENGTH: 5855

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: wingless-type MMTV integration site family,
member 5A (WNT5A) cDNA

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (319)..(1461)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: WNT5A

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<400> SEQUENCE: 39

agttgctgc gcgcctcgc cggaccggcg gctccctagt tgcgccccga ccaggccctg	60
cccttgctgc cggtcgcgc gcgtccgcgc cccctccatt cctgggcgca tcccagctct	120
gccccaaactc gggagtcagc gcccgggcgc cagtgcgcgc ttcagctccg gttcaactgcg	180
cccgccggac gcgcgcggga ggactccgca gccctgctcc tgaccgtccc cccaggctta	240
acccggtcgc tccgctcgga ttctcgggt gcgtcgcgc gggggcgac ttctccccg	300
cgccccctcc cctcgcctat gaagaagtc attggaatat taagcccagg agttgctttg	360
gggatggctg gaagtgcatt gtcttccaag ttcttctag tggctttggc catatttttc	420
tccttcgccc aggttgtaat tgaagccaat tcttggtgt cgctaggtat gaataaccct	480
gttcagatgt cagaagtata tattatagga gcacagcctc tctgcagcca actggcagga	540
ctttctcaag gacagaagaa actgtgccac ttgtatcagg accacatgca gtacatcgga	600
gaaggcgcga agacaggcat caaagaatgc cagtatcaat tccgacatcg aaggtggaac	660
tgcagcactg tggataaac ctctgttttt ggcagggtga tgcagatagg cagccgcgag	720
acggccttca catacgcgtt gagcgcagca ggggtggtga acgccatgag cggggcgctg	780
cgcgagggcg agctgtccac ctgcggctgc agccgcgcgc cgcgccccaa ggacctgccc	840
cgggactggc tctggggcgc ctgcggcgac aacatcgact atggctaccg ctttgccaag	900
gagttcgtgg acgcccgcga gcgggagcgc atccacgcca agggctccta cgagagtgt	960
cgcacctca tgaacctgca caacaacgag gccggccgca ggacgggtga caacctggct	1020
gatgtggcct gcaagtgcga tgggggtgct ggctcatgta gcctgaagac atgctggctg	1080
cagctggcag acttccgcaa ggtgggtgat gccctgaagg agaagtacga cagcgcggcg	1140
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ttgcagacag accgtcatat tctaatagct catgaaattt gggcagcagg gaggaagtc	2160
cccagaaatt aaaaaattta aaactcttat gtcaagatgt tgatttgaag ctgttataag	2220

-continued

aattaggatt ccagattgta aaaagatccc caaatgattc tggacactag atttttttgt	2280
ttggggaggt tggcttgaac ataaatgaaa atatcctgtt attttcttag ggatacttg	2340
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ctattgcacc tctctatttg aatttactgt ggaccatgtg tgggtgtctc atgcccttg	4440
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-continued

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aaaggttcat tgtgttaagt gcaattaata caagttattg tgcttttcaa aaatgtacac 4560
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taaccttgta acatattgaa acctttttaag gatgccaaga atgcattatt ccacaaaaaa 4680
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ggttctagga ctcacatctg ttccagtttt tcctcagttg tatattgacc agtgttcttt 4800
attgcaaaaa catatacccg atttagcagt gtcagcgtat tttttcttct catcctggag 4860
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```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 40
<211> LENGTH: 380
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: wingless-type MMTV integration site family,
member 5A (WNT5A)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

```

```

Met Lys Lys Ser Ile Gly Ile Leu Ser Pro Gly Val Ala Leu Gly Met
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Ala Gly Ser Ala Met Ser Ser Lys Phe Phe Leu Val Ala Leu Ala Ile
20          25          30
Phe Phe Ser Phe Ala Gln Val Val Ile Glu Ala Asn Ser Trp Trp Ser
35          40          45
Leu Gly Met Asn Asn Pro Val Gln Met Ser Glu Val Tyr Ile Ile Gly
50          55          60
Ala Gln Pro Leu Cys Ser Gln Leu Ala Gly Leu Ser Gln Gly Gln Lys
65          70          75          80
Lys Leu Cys His Leu Tyr Gln Asp His Met Gln Tyr Ile Gly Glu Gly
85          90          95
Ala Lys Thr Gly Ile Lys Glu Cys Gln Tyr Gln Phe Arg His Arg Arg

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100					105					110					
Trp	Asn	Cys	Ser	Thr	Val	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Arg	Val	Met
115					120					125					
Gln	Ile	Gly	Ser	Arg	Glu	Thr	Ala	Phe	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala
130					135					140					
Gly	Val	Val	Asn	Ala	Met	Ser	Arg	Ala	Cys	Arg	Glu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser
145					150					155					
Thr	Cys	Gly	Cys	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ala	Arg	Pro	Lys	Asp	Leu	Pro	Arg	Asp
165					170					175					
Trp	Leu	Trp	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Asp	Asn	Ile	Asp	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Arg	Phe
180					185					190					
Ala	Lys	Glu	Phe	Val	Asp	Ala	Arg	Glu	Arg	Glu	Arg	Ile	His	Ala	Lys
195					200					205					
Gly	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Ala	Arg	Ile	Leu	Met	Asn	Leu	His	Asn	Asn	Glu
210					215					220					
Ala	Gly	Arg	Arg	Thr	Val	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Asp	Val	Ala	Cys	Lys	Cys
225					230					235					
His	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Ser	Leu	Lys	Thr	Cys	Trp	Leu	Gln	Leu
245					250					255					
Ala	Asp	Phe	Arg	Lys	Val	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Ser
260					265					270					
Ala	Ala	Ala	Met	Arg	Leu	Asn	Ser	Arg	Gly	Lys	Leu	Val	Gln	Val	Asn
275					280					285					
Ser	Arg	Phe	Asn	Ser	Pro	Thr	Thr	Gln	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr	Ile	Asp	Pro
290					295					300					
Ser	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Cys	Val	Arg	Asn	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gly	Thr
305					310					315					
Gln	Gly	Arg	Leu	Cys	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ser	Glu	Gly	Met	Asp	Gly	Cys	Glu
325					330					335					
Leu	Met	Cys	Cys	Gly	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Gln	Phe	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln	Thr
340					345					350					
Glu	Arg	Cys	His	Cys	Lys	Phe	His	Trp	Cys	Cys	Tyr	Val	Lys	Cys	Lys
355					360					365					
Lys	Cys	Thr	Glu	Ile	Val	Asp	Gln	Phe	Val	Cys	Lys				
370					375					380					

<210> SEQ ID NO 41

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

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<210> SEQ ID NO 42

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

000

<210> SEQ ID NO 43

<211> LENGTH: 487

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: defensin, alpha 3, neutrophil-specific (DEFA3)

cDNA

<220> FEATURE:

-continued

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (86)..(370)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: DEFA3

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

```
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agctagagga tctgtgaccc cagccatgag gaccctcgcc atccttgctg ccattctcct    120
ggtggccctg caggcccagg ctgagccact ccaggcaaga gotgatgagg ttgctgcagc    180
cccgagcagc attgcagcgg acatcccaga agtggttggt tcccttgcat gggacgaaag    240
cttggtctcca aagcatccag gctcaaggaa aaacatggac tgctattgca gaataccagc    300
gtgcattgca ggagaacgtc gctatggaac ctgcatctac caggaagac tctgggcatt    360
ctgctgctga gcttgcagaa aaagaaaaat gagctcaaaa tttgctttga gagctacagg    420
gaattgctat tactcctgta ccttctgctc aatttccttt cctcatctca aataaatgcc    480
ttgttac                                           487
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 44
 <211> LENGTH: 91
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: defensin, alpha 3, neutrophil-specific (DEFA3)

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

```
Met Arg Thr Leu Ala Ile Leu Ala Ala Ile Leu Leu Val Ala Leu Gln
1           5           10          15
Ala Gln Ala Glu Pro Leu Gln Ala Arg Ala Asp Glu Val Ala Ala Ala
          20          25          30
Pro Glu Gln Ile Ala Ala Asp Ile Pro Glu Val Val Val Ser Leu Ala
          35          40          45
Trp Asp Glu Ser Leu Ala Pro Lys His Pro Gly Ser Arg Lys Asn Met
          50          55          60
Asp Cys Tyr Cys Arg Ile Pro Ala Cys Ile Ala Gly Glu Arg Arg Tyr
          65          70          75          80
Gly Thr Cys Ile Tyr Gln Gly Arg Leu Trp Ala
          85          90
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 45
 <211> LENGTH: 1262
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: POU domain, class 1, transcription factor 1
 (POU1F1), growth hormone factor 1 (GHF-1),
 pituitary-specific transcription factor 1 (Pit1)
 cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (86)..(370)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: DEFA3

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

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ctcagagcct tcctgatgta tatatgcagg tagtgagaat tgaatcggcc ctttgagaca    60
gtaatataat aaaactctga tttggggagc agcggttctc cttatttttc tactctcttg    120
tggaatgagc ttgccaagct tttacttcgg ctgatacctt tatacctctg aattctgacg    180
cctctgcaac tctgcctctg ataatgcata acagtgcctgc cgagtgtcta ccagtctcca    240
```

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accatgccac caatgtgatg tctacagcaa caggacttca ttattctgtt ccttctgtc 300
attatggaaa ccagccatca acctatggag tgatggcagg tagtttaacc ccttgtcttt 360
ataaatttcc tgaccacacc ttgagtcatg gatttcctcc tatacaccag cctcttctgg 420
cagaggaccc cacagctgct gatttcaagc aggaactcag gcgaaaaagt aaattggtgg 480
aagagccaat agacatggat tctccagaaa tcagagaact tgaaaagttt gccaatgaat 540
ttaaagtgag acgaattaaa ttaggataca ccagacaaa tgttggggag gccctggcag 600
ctgtgcatgg ctctgaattc agtcaaacaa caatctgccg atttgaaaat ctgcagctca 660
gctttaaaaa tgcattgcaaa ctgaaagcaa tattatccaa atggctggag gaagctgagc 720
aagtaggagc tttgtacaat gaaaaagtgg gagcaaatga aaggaaaaga aaacgaagaa 780
caactataag cattgtctgt aaagatgctc tggagagaca ctttgagaaa cagaataaac 840
cttcttctca agagatcatg aggatggctg aagaactgaa tctggagaaa gaagtagtaa 900
gagtttggtt ttgcaaccgg aggcagagag aaaaacgggt gaaaacaagt ctgaatcaga 960
gtttattttc tatttctaag gaacatcttg agtcagata agatttttct attgtataat 1020
agcctttttc tcccgtttca ttcctttctc ttctcaaca aaaacagaaa ttacttggtt 1080
gacttaaaat cattttatat caatagcttt tacagaagct ttacttttcc actttttttt 1140
aaaaaaaaa aaccaacaat ttaaattata ttgatgttat ttacttaaaa taattattct 1200
cagaagccac attatctatt ttaagccaaa tatattaaca gtaataaaat gatctctctg 1260
tc 1262

```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 46
<211> LENGTH: 291
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: POU domain, class 1, transcription factor 1
      (POU1F1), growth hormone factor 1 (GHF-1),
      pituitary-specific transcription factor 1 (Pit1)
<400> SEQUENCE: 46

```

```

Met Ser Cys Gln Ala Phe Thr Ser Ala Asp Thr Phe Ile Pro Leu Asn
1           5           10          15
Ser Asp Ala Ser Ala Thr Leu Pro Leu Ile Met His His Ser Ala Ala
20          25          30
Glu Cys Leu Pro Val Ser Asn His Ala Thr Asn Val Met Ser Thr Ala
35          40          45
Thr Gly Leu His Tyr Ser Val Pro Ser Cys His Tyr Gly Asn Gln Pro
50          55          60
Ser Thr Tyr Gly Val Met Ala Gly Ser Leu Thr Pro Cys Leu Tyr Lys
65          70          75          80
Phe Pro Asp His Thr Leu Ser His Gly Phe Pro Pro Ile His Gln Pro
85          90          95
Leu Leu Ala Glu Asp Pro Thr Ala Ala Asp Phe Lys Gln Glu Leu Arg
100         105         110
Arg Lys Ser Lys Leu Val Glu Glu Pro Ile Asp Met Asp Ser Pro Glu
115         120         125
Ile Arg Glu Leu Glu Lys Phe Ala Asn Glu Phe Lys Val Arg Arg Ile
130         135         140

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Lys Leu Gly Tyr Thr Gln Thr Asn Val Gly Glu Ala Leu Ala Ala Val
 145 150 155 160
 His Gly Ser Glu Phe Ser Gln Thr Thr Ile Cys Arg Phe Glu Asn Leu
 165 170 175
 Gln Leu Ser Phe Lys Asn Ala Cys Lys Leu Lys Ala Ile Leu Ser Lys
 180 185 190
 Trp Leu Glu Glu Ala Glu Gln Val Gly Ala Leu Tyr Asn Glu Lys Val
 195 200 205
 Gly Ala Asn Glu Arg Lys Arg Lys Arg Arg Thr Thr Ile Ser Ile Ala
 210 215 220
 Ala Lys Asp Ala Leu Glu Arg His Phe Gly Glu Gln Asn Lys Pro Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Gln Glu Ile Met Arg Met Ala Glu Glu Leu Asn Leu Glu Lys Glu
 245 250 255
 Val Val Arg Val Trp Phe Cys Asn Arg Arg Gln Arg Glu Lys Arg Val
 260 265 270
 Lys Thr Ser Leu Asn Gln Ser Leu Phe Ser Ile Ser Lys Glu His Leu
 275 280 285
 Glu Cys Arg
 290

<210> SEQ ID NO 47

<211> LENGTH: 3842

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: cadherin 13, H-cadherin (heart) (CDH13) cDNA

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: CDS

<222> LOCATION: (121)..(2262)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CDH13

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

```

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atgctcagtg cagccgcgtg catgaatgaa aacgcgcgcg ggcgcttcta gtcggacaaa    120
atgcagccga gaactccgct cgttctgtgc gttctcctgt ccaggtgct gctgctaaca    180
tctgcagaag atttgactg cactcctgga ttccagcaga aagtgttcca tatcaatcag    240
ccagctgaat tcattgagga ccagtcaatt cttaaactga ccttcagtga ctgtaaggga    300
aacgacaagc tacgctatga ggtctcgagc ccatacttca aggtgaacag cgatggcggc    360
ttagttgctc tgagaacat aactgcagtg ggcaaaactc tgttcgtcca tgcacggacc    420
ccccatgcgg aagatatggc agaactcgtg attgtcgggg ggaaagacat ccagggtctc    480
ttgcaggata tatttaatt tgcaagaact tctcctgtcc caagacaaaa gaggtccatt    540
gtggtatctc ccatTTtaT tccagagaat cagagacagc ctttccaag agatgttggc    600
aaggtagtcg atagtacag gccagaaagg tccaagttcc ggctcactgg aaagggagtg    660
gatcaagagc ctaaaggaaT ttccagaatc aatgagaaca caggagcgt ctccgtgaca    720
cggaccttgg acagagaagt aatcgctgtt tatcaactat ttgtggagac cactgatgtc    780
aatggcaaaa ctctcgaggg gccgggtgct ctggaagtca ttgtgattga tcagaatgac    840
aaccgaccga tctttcggga aggcccttac atcgccacag tcatggaagg gtcaccacaca    900
ggcaccacag tgatgcggat gacagccttt gatgcagatg acccagccac cgataatgcc    960

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ctcctgcggt ataatatccg tcagcagacg cctgacaagc catctcccaa catgtttctac	1020
atcgatcctg agaaaggaga cattgtcact gttgtgtcac ctgcgctgct ggaccgagag	1080
actctggaat atcccaagta tgaactgatc atcgaggctc aagatatggc tggactggat	1140
gttgatttaa caggcacggc cacagccacg atcatgatcg atgacaaaaa tgatcactca	1200
ccaaaattca ccaagaaaga gtttcaagcc acagtcgagg aaggagctgt gggagtatt	1260
gtcaatttga cagttgaaga taaggatgac cccaccacag gtgcatggag ggctgcctac	1320
accatcatca acggaaaacc cgggcagagc tttgaaatcc acaccaacc tcaaaccaac	1380
gaagggatgc tttctgtgtt caaaccattg gactatgaaa tttctgcctt ccacaccctg	1440
ctgatcaaag tggaaaatga agaccactc gtaccgacg tctcctacgg cccagctcc	1500
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cgtgagtcct catttgcga caacagcgtg tacactgctc tcttctggc aattgacagt	1800
ggcaaccctc ccgctacggg cactgggact ttgctgataa cctggagga cgtgaatgac	1860
aatgccccgt tcatctacc caccagtagt gaagtctgtg atgatgcaa aaacctcagt	1920
gtagtcattt tgggagcatc agataaggat cttcaccga atacagatcc tttcaaattt	1980
gaaatccaca aacaagctgt tcttgataaa gtctggaaga tctccaagat caacaataca	2040
cacgccttgg taagccttct tcaaaatctg aacaaagcaa actacaacct gccatcatg	2100
gtgacagatt cagggaacc acccatgacg aatatcacag atctcagggt acaagtgtgc	2160
tcttcgagga attccaaagt ggactgcaac gcggcagggg cctgcgctt cagcctgccc	2220
tcagtctgc tctcagcct cttcagctta gcttgtctgt gagaactcct gacgtctgaa	2280
gcttgactcc caagtttcca tagcaacagg aaaaaaaaa atctatccaa atctgaagat	2340
tgcggtttac agctatcgaa cttcacaaact aggcctcaat tgttcgggtt ttttatttcc	2400
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ccaggcacc agctttgtct tggtgttagt attggtgtat gtatgagtat ctgtatgtat	2640
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tccttgcaag gtttaagcaag gtgggtggaa actaagacac ctgaaccctc cagggcctcc	2760
cgcacaaagg tcagcatgag gacagaccac agagctgtca ctttctgctc gaagctactt	2820
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gagagcagag aaagaagtcc tttctcttta ttgagttcga ggactacaac caatttacac	2940
tgccatctga tgccgtgatc ctgagccaag gaggtgagga gcagagcagg caatttcacc	3000
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tgccccgaat ccacagtcgt actgattcta atggggacac agatcatggg agagaatctc	3120
tccctctca gtaaatgtac aactgcacct gtcacatgag aggtcataca tgcatacaaa	3180
gaggtgtaca ggtaccatct tgtatacaca tatataccca catgtacaga catacattta	3240

-continued

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tgcacattca cgctgtttgt ttcatatata caggcataaa atagagtaaa tacaggtagt 3300
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<210> SEQ ID NO 48
<211> LENGTH: 713
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: cadherin 13, H-cadherin (heart) (CDH13)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 48

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Met Gln Pro Arg Thr Pro Leu Val Leu Cys Val Leu Leu Ser Gln Val
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Leu Leu Leu Thr Ser Ala Glu Asp Leu Asp Cys Thr Pro Gly Phe Gln
20          25          30
Gln Lys Val Phe His Ile Asn Gln Pro Ala Glu Phe Ile Glu Asp Gln
35          40          45
Ser Ile Leu Asn Leu Thr Phe Ser Asp Cys Lys Gly Asn Asp Lys Leu
50          55          60
Arg Tyr Glu Val Ser Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Val Asn Ser Asp Gly Gly
65          70          75          80
Leu Val Ala Leu Arg Asn Ile Thr Ala Val Gly Lys Thr Leu Phe Val
85          90          95
His Ala Arg Thr Pro His Ala Glu Asp Met Ala Glu Leu Val Ile Val
100         105         110
Gly Gly Lys Asp Ile Gln Gly Ser Leu Gln Asp Ile Phe Lys Phe Ala
115         120         125
Arg Thr Ser Pro Val Pro Arg Gln Lys Arg Ser Ile Val Val Ser Pro
130         135         140
Ile Leu Ile Pro Glu Asn Gln Arg Gln Pro Phe Pro Arg Asp Val Gly
145         150         155         160
Lys Val Val Asp Ser Asp Arg Pro Glu Arg Ser Lys Phe Arg Leu Thr
165         170         175
Gly Lys Gly Val Asp Gln Glu Pro Lys Gly Ile Phe Arg Ile Asn Glu
180         185         190
Asn Thr Gly Ser Val Ser Val Thr Arg Thr Leu Asp Arg Glu Val Ile
195         200         205
Ala Val Tyr Gln Leu Phe Val Glu Thr Thr Asp Val Asn Gly Lys Thr
210         215         220
Leu Glu Gly Pro Val Pro Leu Glu Val Ile Val Ile Asp Gln Asn Asp
225         230         235         240

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Asn Arg Pro Ile Phe Arg Glu Gly Pro Tyr Ile Gly His Val Met Glu	245	250	255
Gly Ser Pro Thr Gly Thr Thr Val Met Arg Met Thr Ala Phe Asp Ala	260	265	270
Asp Asp Pro Ala Thr Asp Asn Ala Leu Leu Arg Tyr Asn Ile Arg Gln	275	280	285
Gln Thr Pro Asp Lys Pro Ser Pro Asn Met Phe Tyr Ile Asp Pro Glu	290	295	300
Lys Gly Asp Ile Val Thr Val Val Ser Pro Ala Leu Leu Asp Arg Glu	305	310	320
Thr Leu Glu Asn Pro Lys Tyr Glu Leu Ile Ile Glu Ala Gln Asp Met	325	330	335
Ala Gly Leu Asp Val Gly Leu Thr Gly Thr Ala Thr Ala Thr Ile Met	340	345	350
Ile Asp Asp Lys Asn Asp His Ser Pro Lys Phe Thr Lys Lys Glu Phe	355	360	365
Gln Ala Thr Val Glu Glu Gly Ala Val Gly Val Ile Val Asn Leu Thr	370	375	380
Val Glu Asp Lys Asp Asp Pro Thr Thr Gly Ala Trp Arg Ala Ala Tyr	385	390	400
Thr Ile Ile Asn Gly Asn Pro Gly Gln Ser Phe Glu Ile His Thr Asn	405	410	415
Pro Gln Thr Asn Glu Gly Met Leu Ser Val Val Lys Pro Leu Asp Tyr	420	425	430
Glu Ile Ser Ala Phe His Thr Leu Leu Ile Lys Val Glu Asn Glu Asp	435	440	445
Pro Leu Val Pro Asp Val Ser Tyr Gly Pro Ser Ser Thr Ala Thr Val	450	455	460
His Ile Thr Val Leu Asp Val Asn Glu Gly Pro Val Phe Tyr Pro Asp	465	470	480
Pro Met Met Val Thr Arg Gln Glu Asp Leu Ser Val Gly Ser Val Leu	485	490	495
Leu Thr Val Asn Ala Thr Asp Pro Asp Ser Leu Gln His Gln Thr Ile	500	505	510
Arg Tyr Ser Val Tyr Lys Asp Pro Ala Gly Trp Leu Asn Ile Asn Pro	515	520	525
Ile Asn Gly Thr Val Asp Thr Thr Ala Val Leu Asp Arg Glu Ser Pro	530	535	540
Phe Val Asp Asn Ser Val Tyr Thr Ala Leu Phe Leu Ala Ile Asp Ser	545	550	555
Gly Asn Pro Pro Ala Thr Gly Thr Gly Thr Leu Leu Ile Thr Leu Glu	565	570	575
Asp Val Asn Asp Asn Ala Pro Phe Ile Tyr Pro Thr Val Ala Glu Val	580	585	590
Cys Asp Asp Ala Lys Asn Leu Ser Val Val Ile Leu Gly Ala Ser Asp	595	600	605
Lys Asp Leu His Pro Asn Thr Asp Pro Phe Lys Phe Glu Ile His Lys	610	615	620
Gln Ala Val Pro Asp Lys Val Trp Lys Ile Ser Lys Ile Asn Asn Thr	625	630	635
			640

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His Ala Leu Val Ser Leu Leu Gln Asn Leu Asn Lys Ala Asn Tyr Asn
645 650 655

Leu Pro Ile Met Val Thr Asp Ser Gly Lys Pro Pro Met Thr Asn Ile
660 665 670

Thr Asp Leu Arg Val Gln Val Cys Ser Cys Arg Asn Ser Lys Val Asp
675 680 685

Cys Asn Ala Ala Gly Ala Leu Arg Phe Ser Leu Pro Ser Val Leu Leu
690 695 700

Leu Ser Leu Phe Ser Leu Ala Cys Leu
705 710

<210> SEQ ID NO 49
<211> LENGTH: 5158
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: tripartite motif-containing 58 (TRIM58) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (49)..(1509)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TRIM58

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

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gagccggtca gcgtggactg cggccacagc ttctgctca ggtgcatttc cgagttctgc 180
gagaagtcgg acggcgcgca gggcgcgctc tacgcctgtc cgcagtgccg gggccccttc 240
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ggccttact ttttcatctg tgatgcaact cctcttatct tgccaccac aacaatagca 1440

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gaagattata gagcataata	attttgtaaa tggagcaatc	tcaacctcta tttctagatc	1740
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acattttcta tgactttact	caattacttt taaaatcctt	tctattctga gactaatttt	2160
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<210> SEQ ID NO 50
<211> LENGTH: 486
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: tripartite motif-containing 58 (TRIM58)

<400> SEQUENCE: 50

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Met Ala Trp Ala Pro Pro Gly Glu Arg Leu Arg Glu Asp Ala Arg Cys
1           5           10           15

Pro Val Cys Leu Asp Phe Leu Gln Glu Pro Val Ser Val Asp Cys Gly
20           25           30

His Ser Phe Cys Leu Arg Cys Ile Ser Glu Phe Cys Glu Lys Ser Asp
35           40           45

Gly Ala Gln Gly Gly Val Tyr Ala Cys Pro Gln Cys Arg Gly Pro Phe
50           55           60

Arg Pro Ser Gly Phe Arg Pro Asn Arg Gln Leu Ala Gly Leu Val Glu
65           70           75           80

Ser Val Arg Arg Leu Gly Leu Gly Ala Gly Pro Gly Ala Arg Arg Cys
85           90           95

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Ala Arg His Gly Glu Asp Leu Ser Arg Phe Cys Glu Glu Asp Glu Ala	100	105	110
Ala Leu Cys Trp Val Cys Asp Ala Gly Pro Glu His Arg Thr His Arg	115	120	125
Thr Ala Pro Leu Gln Glu Ala Ala Gly Ser Tyr Gln Val Lys Leu Gln	130	135	140
Met Ala Leu Glu Leu Met Arg Lys Glu Leu Glu Asp Ala Leu Thr Gln	145	150	155
Glu Ala Asn Val Gly Lys Lys Thr Val Ile Trp Lys Glu Lys Val Glu	165	170	175
Met Gln Arg Gln Arg Phe Arg Leu Glu Phe Glu Lys His Arg Gly Phe	180	185	190
Leu Ala Gln Glu Glu Gln Arg Gln Leu Arg Arg Leu Glu Ala Glu Glu	195	200	205
Arg Ala Thr Leu Gln Arg Leu Arg Glu Ser Lys Ser Arg Leu Val Gln	210	215	220
Gln Ser Lys Ala Leu Lys Glu Leu Ala Asp Glu Leu Gln Glu Arg Cys	225	230	235
Gln Arg Pro Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu Glu Gly Val Arg Gly Val Leu Ser	245	250	255
Arg Ser Lys Ala Val Thr Arg Leu Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Pro Met Glu	260	265	270
Leu Lys Thr Ala Cys Cys Ile Pro Gly Arg Arg Glu Leu Leu Arg Lys	275	280	285
Phe Gln Val Asp Val Lys Leu Asp Pro Ala Thr Ala His Pro Ser Leu	290	295	300
Leu Leu Thr Ala Asp Leu Arg Ser Val Gln Asp Gly Glu Pro Trp Arg	305	310	315
Asp Val Pro Asn Asn Pro Glu Arg Phe Asp Thr Trp Pro Cys Ile Leu	325	330	335
Gly Leu Gln Ser Phe Ser Ser Gly Arg His Tyr Trp Glu Val Leu Val	340	345	350
Gly Glu Gly Ala Glu Trp Gly Leu Gly Val Cys Gln Asp Thr Leu Pro	355	360	365
Arg Lys Gly Glu Thr Thr Pro Ser Pro Glu Asn Gly Val Trp Ala Leu	370	375	380
Trp Leu Leu Lys Gly Asn Glu Tyr Met Val Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Val	385	390	395
Pro Leu Leu Gln Leu Glu Ser Pro Arg Cys Ile Gly Ile Phe Leu Asp	405	410	415
Tyr Glu Ala Gly Glu Ile Ser Phe Tyr Asn Val Thr Asp Gly Ser Tyr	420	425	430
Ile Tyr Thr Phe Asn Gln Leu Phe Ser Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Tyr Phe	435	440	445
Phe Ile Cys Asp Ala Thr Pro Leu Ile Leu Pro Pro Thr Thr Ile Ala	450	455	460
Gly Ser Gly Asn Trp Ala Ser Arg Asp His Leu Asp Pro Ala Ser Asp	465	470	475
Val Arg Asp Asp His Leu	485		

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<210> SEQ ID NO 51
<211> LENGTH: 3194
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zwilch, kinetochore associated, homolog
(Drosophila) (ZWILCH, FLJ10036) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (247)..(1509)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZWILCH

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

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taaataataa tctttttaag agttaatgat aagcatatgt tatgtgcatt attaataaaa 2820
tagtggccac ttaggtaata cccactttta tcttgtgtgc tgggtactct ggttactgag 2880
ataaataagg cactggacat cctcacgtgg agttcacagg ctcacagtg aattctgtac 2940
cacatttcaa ccttgtttat ttaggtttaa tggaatatac attcttagta ttgcttgatt 3000
atttaaatgt gttgaggggg attgcatggt gctttattgg cctgtaaaaa tagctagttt 3060
ggtaagattt ggtctgcac cttccatctt tgctaccaca ttaaagatga gcttggtaaa 3120
aaggaaagca tatttctctg attgccctta tggagaaata aagataaaat tcaaagaaac 3180
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 3194

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 52

<211> LENGTH: 591

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Zwilch, kinetochore associated, homolog
(Drosophila) (ZWILCH, FLJ10036)

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

```

Met Trp Glu Arg Leu Asn Cys Ala Ala Glu Asp Phe Tyr Ser Arg Leu
1      5      10      15

Leu Gln Lys Phe Asn Glu Glu Lys Lys Gly Ile Arg Lys Asp Pro Phe
      20      25      30

Leu Tyr Glu Ala Asp Val Gln Val Gln Leu Ile Ser Lys Gly Gln Pro
      35      40      45

Asn Pro Leu Lys Asn Ile Leu Asn Glu Asn Asp Ile Val Phe Ile Val
      50      55      60

Glu Lys Val Pro Leu Glu Lys Glu Glu Thr Ser His Ile Glu Glu Leu
      65      70      75      80

Gln Ser Glu Glu Thr Ala Ile Ser Asp Phe Ser Thr Gly Glu Asn Val
      85      90      95

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Gly	Pro	Leu	Ala	Leu	Pro	Val	Gly	Lys	Ala	Arg	Gln	Leu	Ile	Gly	Leu	100	105	110
Tyr	Thr	Met	Ala	His	Asn	Pro	Asn	Met	Thr	His	Leu	Lys	Ile	Asn	Leu	115	120	125
Pro	Val	Thr	Ala	Leu	Pro	Pro	Leu	Trp	Val	Arg	Cys	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asp	130	135	140
Pro	Glu	Gly	Thr	Cys	Trp	Leu	Gly	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ile	Thr	Thr	Asn	Asn	145	150	155
Ser	Ile	Thr	Gly	Ile	Val	Leu	Tyr	Val	Val	Ser	Cys	Lys	Ala	Asp	Lys	165	170	175
Asn	Tyr	Ser	Val	Asn	Leu	Glu	Asn	Leu	Lys	Asn	Leu	His	Lys	Lys	Arg	180	185	190
His	His	Leu	Ser	Thr	Val	Thr	Ser	Lys	Gly	Phe	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Glu	Leu	195	200	205
Phe	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asp	Thr	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ser	Gln	Thr	Ala	210	215	220
Ile	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser	Trp	Ser	Pro	Val	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Gln	Ile	225	230	235
Pro	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ala	Thr	Leu	Asn	Ile	Lys	Val	Glu	Ser	Gly	245	250	255
Glu	Pro	Arg	Gly	Pro	Leu	Asn	His	Leu	Tyr	Arg	Glu	Leu	Lys	Phe	Leu	260	265	270
Leu	Val	Leu	Ala	Asp	Gly	Leu	Arg	Thr	Gly	Val	Thr	Glu	Trp	Leu	Glu	275	280	285
Pro	Leu	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ala	Val	Glu	Leu	Val	Gln	Glu	Phe	Leu	Asn	290	295	300
Asp	Leu	Asn	Lys	Leu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Gly	Asp	Ser	Thr	Lys	Lys	Asp	Thr	305	310	315
Glu	Val	Glu	Thr	Leu	Lys	His	Asp	Thr	Ala	Ala	Val	Asp	Arg	Ser	Val	325	330	335
Lys	Arg	Leu	Phe	Lys	Val	Arg	Ser	Asp	Leu	Asp	Phe	Ala	Glu	Gln	Leu	340	345	350
Trp	Cys	Lys	Met	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	355	360	365
Cys	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ile	Ile	Gln	Ser	Leu	Gln	Arg	Gly	Asp	Ile	Gln	Pro	370	375	380
Trp	Leu	His	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asn	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Ile	His	Gln	385	390	395
Ser	Tyr	His	Gly	Thr	Met	Asp	Thr	Val	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ile	Pro	405	410	415
Val	Gln	Met	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ile	Gly	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asp	Tyr	420	425	430
Ile	Ser	Phe	Phe	Ile	Gly	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Asn	His	Leu	Glu	435	440	445
Tyr	Phe	Ile	Ala	Pro	Ser	Val	Asp	Ile	Gln	Glu	Gln	Val	Tyr	Arg	Val	450	455	460
Gln	Lys	Leu	His	His	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ile	Leu	Val	Ser	Cys	Met	Pro	Phe	465	470	475
Ile	Lys	Ser	Gln	His	Glu	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ser	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ile	Cys	Ile	485	490	495
Lys	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Asn	Pro	Leu	Asp	Glu	Gln	His	Ile	Phe	Gln	Leu			

-continued

500	505	510	
Pro Val Arg Pro Thr Ala Val Lys Asn Leu Tyr Gln Ser Glu Lys Pro			
515	520	525	
Gln Lys Trp Arg Val Glu Ile Tyr Ser Gly Gln Lys Lys Ile Lys Thr			
530	535	540	
Val Trp Gln Leu Ser Asp Ser Ser Pro Ile Asp His Leu Asn Phe His			
545	550	555	560
Lys Pro Asp Phe Ser Glu Leu Thr Leu Asn Gly Ser Leu Glu Glu Arg			
565	570	575	
Ile Phe Phe Thr Asn Met Val Thr Cys Ser Gln Val His Phe Lys			
580	585	590	
 <210> SEQ ID NO 53			
<211> LENGTH: 2941			
<212> TYPE: DNA			
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens			
<220> FEATURE:			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pelota homolog (Drosophila) (PELO) cDNA			
<220> FEATURE:			
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS			
<222> LOCATION: (986)..(2143)			
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PELO			
 <400> SEQUENCE: 53			
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gcttctacag cccgtggact ttagcctaaa cacggaccgc cgaagctggc tttatttgtc	120		
catgtctcgg acagagcctg ggaagctgcc agtgagattt cagagaccaa gagcgcgaag	180		
gggcgggcga tgtgccaatc cgtctgggat gtgaaaagcg tggagcgcac ttagaggaat	240		
tcgacgaaaa cacaggaaat cactcctctc ccgctcctgg gcgcgcgtgc cactggggca	300		
gaggactggg aaccgcggca gcgggataag tggcccagcc agagagcgca gctcccgcgc	360		
ccggtctctc cctgcgaacc agcgcggccc cctggcgctg aggctgctcc ggccatggcc	420		
cctcggeccc gcgcccgcgc aggggtcgtc gtcgcctgct gctggctcct cactgacagg	480		
gatggaagag aaaacttagg aagttgaagt ttggcattaa aataaaggac tcgccaccac	540		
tctgtgcacc ttcttgaggg agttcattcg tccggagcgc ctacacagctt agtgcgcctg	600		
cgcacgcgcg aactgcggcc ccgcctctcc ttgggggacg ggagacgtgc gtcgggtcgc	660		
gggacggggg ctgcgcctgc gccttcattt cgtcagcccc ctgttgctgt ctgccagcgg	720		
gaactgtgta ggggtagatt ttgcgtgcag tgttccccga gcctgttaga cgcagcgcgc	780		
cgggagactg agagaggaaa ggatagagga agtgctgccc taggctgcat gagtccaagc	840		
aagcgtgttt ccttcccgc aggcaagtgc ccttagaaac cgggccccgc ccccttctg	900		
gcctgcattc ccatcccctc tcccggggcg gaggtgagga cctccttggc tcctttggtt	960		
ctgtcagtga gccccttctc tggccatgaa gctcgtgagg aagaacatcg agaaggacaa	1020		
tgcggggccg gtgacctggg tcccagagga gcctgaggac atgtggcaca cttacaacct	1080		
cgtgcagggt ggccagacgc tgcgcgcctc caccatccgc aaggtacaga cagagtctc	1140		
cacgggcagc gtgggcagca accgggtccg cactaccctc actctctgcg tggaggccat	1200		
cgacttcgac tctcaagcct gccagctgcg ggttaagggg accaacaatcc aagagaatga	1260		
gtatgtcaag atgggggctt accacacat cgagctggag cccaaccgcc agttcacct	1320		
ggccaagaag cagtgggata gtgtggtact ggagcgcac gagcaggcct gtgaccacgc	1380		

-continued

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ctggagcgct gatgtggcgg ctgtggtcac gcaggaaggc ctcgccata tctgcttagt 1440
cactcccagc atgacctca ctcgggcca ggtggagggt aacatcccta ggaaaaggaa 1500
aggcaattgc tctcagcatg accgggcctt ggagcgggtc tatgaacagg tggccaggc 1560
tatccagcgc cacatacact ttgatgttgt aaagtgcac ctcgtggcca gccagggatt 1620
tgtgagggag cagttctgcg actacctgtt tcaacaagca gtgaagaccg acaacaaact 1680
gctcctggaa aaccggtcca aatttcttca ggtacatgcc tctccggac acaagtactc 1740
cctgaaagag gccctttgtg acctactgt ggctagccgc ctttcagaca ctaaagctgc 1800
tggggaagtc aaagccttgg atgacttcta taaaatgtta cagcatgaac cggatcgagc 1860
tttctatgga ctcaagcagg tggagaaggc caatgaagcc atggcaattg acacattgct 1920
catcagcgat gagctcttca ggcacagga tctagccaca cggagccggt atgtgaggct 1980
ggtggacagt gtgaaagaga atgcaggcac cgttaggata ttctctagtc ttcacgttcc 2040
tggggaacag ctcagccagt tgactggggt agctgccatt ctcgcttcc ctgttcccga 2100
actttctgac caagaggggt attccagttc tgaagaggat taatgattga aacttaaaat 2160
tgagacaatc ttgtgtttcc taaactgtta cagtacattt ctcagcatcc ttgtgacaga 2220
aagctgaag aatggcactt ttgattcat acagggattt cttatgtctt tggctacact 2280
agatattttg tgattggcaa gacatgtatt taaacaataa actaaaagga aataatctcc 2340
acgtactacc atcttgatta aattgtgtaa ttttttatag gaattatgag ttatctgtag 2400
tacttggaag cagaaaatgt gtgtatttaa agacgatgcc tatgcagtat attggttggg 2460
atagattgca aaatttcaca ctgcatgctt tgaacagtt ttccttagaa aaagcttttg 2520
ctatcttacc ctgtttacat tatttcttta ttttaattct gcttgggtgt cttgcattgc 2580
atttaatgat cctttttctc cccacctcca cacactacat tttttttaga tttaaatagt 2640
tttactatct taaatgattg ccgtacaatt agtagacttg aagacaagtt ttaaatatct 2700
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tagaactttg atctgctagg gattgtcaaa ataatctcct tgaggcatct ttatttttaa 2880
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a 2941

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<210> SEQ ID NO 54
<211> LENGTH: 385
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: pelota homolog (Drosophila) (PELO)

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<400> SEQUENCE: 54

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```

Met Lys Leu Val Arg Lys Asn Ile Glu Lys Asp Asn Ala Gly Gln Val
1           5           10          15

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Thr Leu Val Pro Glu Glu Pro Glu Asp Met Trp His Thr Tyr Asn Leu
20          25          30

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```

Val Gln Val Gly Asp Ser Leu Arg Ala Ser Thr Ile Arg Lys Val Gln
35          40          45

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Thr Glu Ser Ser Thr Gly Ser Val Gly Ser Asn Arg Val Arg Thr Thr
50          55          60

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-continued

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Leu Thr Leu Cys Val Glu Ala Ile Asp Phe Asp Ser Gln Ala Cys Gln
65                               70                               75                               80

Leu Arg Val Lys Gly Thr Asn Ile Gln Glu Asn Glu Tyr Val Lys Met
85                               90                               95

Gly Ala Tyr His Thr Ile Glu Leu Glu Pro Asn Arg Gln Phe Thr Leu
100                              105                              110

Ala Lys Lys Gln Trp Asp Ser Val Val Leu Glu Arg Ile Glu Gln Ala
115                              120                              125

Cys Asp Pro Ala Trp Ser Ala Asp Val Ala Ala Val Val Met Gln Glu
130                              135                              140

Gly Leu Ala His Ile Cys Leu Val Thr Pro Ser Met Thr Leu Thr Arg
145                              150                              155                              160

Ala Lys Val Glu Val Asn Ile Pro Arg Lys Arg Lys Gly Asn Cys Ser
165                              170                              175

Gln His Asp Arg Ala Leu Glu Arg Phe Tyr Glu Gln Val Val Gln Ala
180                              185                              190

Ile Gln Arg His Ile His Phe Asp Val Val Lys Cys Ile Leu Val Ala
195                              200                              205

Ser Pro Gly Phe Val Arg Glu Gln Phe Cys Asp Tyr Leu Phe Gln Gln
210                              215                              220

Ala Val Lys Thr Asp Asn Lys Leu Leu Leu Glu Asn Arg Ser Lys Phe
225                              230                              235                              240

Leu Gln Val His Ala Ser Ser Gly His Lys Tyr Ser Leu Lys Glu Ala
245                              250                              255

Leu Cys Asp Pro Thr Val Ala Ser Arg Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ala Ala
260                              265                              270

Gly Glu Val Lys Ala Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Lys Met Leu Gln His Glu
275                              280                              285

Pro Asp Arg Ala Phe Tyr Gly Leu Lys Gln Val Glu Lys Ala Asn Glu
290                              295                              300

Ala Met Ala Ile Asp Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Asp Glu Leu Phe Arg His
305                              310                              315                              320

Gln Asp Val Ala Thr Arg Ser Arg Tyr Val Arg Leu Val Asp Ser Val
325                              330                              335

Lys Glu Asn Ala Gly Thr Val Arg Ile Phe Ser Ser Leu His Val Ser
340                              345                              350

Gly Glu Gln Leu Ser Gln Leu Thr Gly Val Ala Ala Ile Leu Arg Phe
355                              360                              365

Pro Val Pro Glu Leu Ser Asp Gln Glu Gly Asp Ser Ser Ser Glu Glu
370                              375                              380

Asp
385

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<210> SEQ ID NO 55
<211> LENGTH: 4182
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 711 (ZNF711), zinc finger
protein 6 (ZNF6, CMPX1) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (348)..(2633)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: ZNF711

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<400> SEQUENCE: 55

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ctggcggcac ggaggcggcg gcggcggcgg cggcggcagc ggcggcggca gcggcggcgg	180
cagctgtagc tgcagcagca ggtaaagaga gcgttttccc aaagaaaata acatagcaca	240
gaaggaaaaa taaaaagaaa ttgctgcaga ttttacttta tgtgagaaaa tctacaattt	300
cttcgagaca ctcatataaa gatattggtg aatgaacttt gctaagtatg gattcaggcg	360
gtggaagtct tggattgcac acgccagact ctagaatggc ccataccatg attatgcaag	420
attttgtggc tggaatggct ggtactgcac atatcgatgg agaccatatt gttgtttcag	480
ttcctgaagc tgttttagtt tctgatgttg tcacagatga tgggataact cttgatcatg	540
gccttgacgc tgaagtgtc catggacctg atatcatcac agagactgat gtagtaacag	600
aagtgatgat tgttcctgaa gcggtacttg aagctgatgt tgccattgaa gaggatttag	660
aggaagatga tggatgcac atcttgactt ctgaactaat tacagaaacc gttagggtag	720
cagagcaggt tttcgtggc gacctgttta ctggtcctaa tggacactta gaacatgtgg	780
tccaagattg tgtttcagga gtcgactctc ccacaatggt atcagaggag gttcttgtaa	840
ctaattcaga tacagaaact gtgattcaag cagctggagg tgttcctggg tctacagtta	900
ctataaaaac cgaagatgat gatgatgatg atgtcaagag cacttctgaa gactacttaa	960
tgatatcttt ggatgatgtt ggagaaaaat tagagcatat ggggaataca ccattaaaaa	1020
ttggcagtga tggttcaca gaagatgcta aagaagatgg gtttggttct gaagttataa	1080
aagtgatat atttaaacg gagctgaag atgatgttga aatagggtga acagaaattg	1140
tcacagagag tgagtagacc agtgagcatt cagtagctgg agtgcttgac cagagccgaa	1200
tgcagcggga gaagatggtt tacatggcag ttaaagattc ttctcaagaa gaagatgata	1260
tcagagatga aagaagagtt tcccgaaggt atgaagattg tcaagcatca ggaaatactt	1320
tggactcagc attagaaagc agaagtagta cagcagcaca gtaccttcaa atttgtgacg	1380
gcattaatac aaataaagta cttaaacaaa aagccaaaaa gaggagaagg ggagaaacca	1440
ggcagtgcca aacagctgtt ataataggct ctgatggaca gccctcaca gtgtaccctt	1500
gccatatttg cacaaaaaag tttaaatcca ggggattctt aaaaagacac atgaagaatc	1560
atcctgatca tttaatgaga aaaaaatac agtgtacaga ttgtgacttt acaactaaca	1620
agaaagttag ttccataac cacttagaaa gccataagct cataaacaaa gtcgacaaaa	1680
cccatgaatt tacagaatac acacgaagat acagagaggc tagtcactg agttccaata	1740
aacttatttt aagagacaag gagccgaaga tgcacaagtg caaatactgt gactatgaaa	1800
ctgcagaaca aggactgtta aacaggcatt tgttgccgt tcacagcaag aattttctc	1860
atgttttgtg tgagtgtggg aagggttttc gacatccttc tgaactcaag aaacatatga	1920
gaaccatac tggatgaga ccatatcagt gtcagtattg tattttcagg tgtgcagatc	1980
aatcaaatct gaaaactcac attaatgcta aacatggtaa caatttgcca tataaatgtg	2040
agcattgtcc ccaagcattt ggtgatgaga gggagcttca acgccatctg gatttgtttc	2100
aaggacataa gacacaccag gtgcctcatt gtgaccataa gagaccaat tcaagtgacc	2160
ttaagcggca catcatatct gtccatacta aggattttcc tcacaaatgt gaggtctgtg	2220

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ataaagggttt tcctcgctct tctgagctca aaaagcatag tgatatccat aagggttagga 2280
agattcatca gtgcaggcac tgtgacttta aaacatccga tccatttatt cttagtggcc 2340
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catcagaaaa aaatcagcat attatgaggc accacaaaga ggctcttatg taataagatc 2640
aatataaaga aagaagctat ttaggagata tgatatgcta cttgggagaa aactctcact 2700
aactgtctca ccgggtttca aagcttgata ctaaaccatg actttacatt ctttgtatta 2760
aagatcttaa aatatttgaa ttcacagggg atcccatagc cctttgaaaa ttacttaaaag 2820
aatttaagaa gcactataga atggttacag aaaaacttct taagtatctg tgtaatagta 2880
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tatagcaagc aaaccactt ttatgcaatt ttagaaatgg ggcagggaaa caaaatgtgg 3060
tcattcatca gtcacttagt cattgagcct tttatattgt acctggaaat taaattccag 3120
caatgacaaa agttttgtgt attcattaaa agaaaactaa ctggaaaaa ggttagatta 3180
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ctagagtttt ttaggacag tcttagcaag tatgattgtt ctagtcttac ttgctctaatt 3540
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gattaacatg cattttcaat atgaggcagt gtttatgcag tatttaacag agcaatctgc 3660
tgccaataga gtttgagggt ggatatttag ttacagtgat ataaacttaa aatatgcac 3720
cctttaacaa cgctttgtgt tagcatgctg caaatcaaaa tggcacttaa tattaaaagc 3780
tggttttaggg aaattttatg aaaatcctgt tcataaatgt aatgcatatg atatgtactt 3840
ttaagtttta gttgcttcat gtttacattc agctgttcaa cataattaaa atgtaatttt 3900
acttcagtct atattgtggc tttgtgttcc aaataatgtt cacctttctg tttttgcacc 3960
agataagaat cagttccttg agaataaatt ttttatcttt cttaacttca gaatattaaa 4020
tttgaatat ctactaaaaa tgtgtgttat gtggctgtaa atgatgtaca cgctgtaaaa 4080
taagatcgct actgttatgt gggattatta tttctaaatg ttactcattg aaatgagcat 4140
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<210> SEQ ID NO 56

<211> LENGTH: 761

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: zinc finger protein 711 (ZNF711), zinc finger protein 6 (ZNF6, CMPX1)

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

```

Met Asp Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu His Thr Pro Asp Ser Arg
1           5           10           15

Met Ala His Thr Met Ile Met Gln Asp Phe Val Ala Gly Met Ala Gly
          20           25           30

Thr Ala His Ile Asp Gly Asp His Ile Val Val Ser Val Pro Glu Ala
35           40           45

Val Leu Val Ser Asp Val Val Thr Asp Asp Gly Ile Thr Leu Asp His
50           55           60

Gly Leu Ala Ala Glu Val Val His Gly Pro Asp Ile Ile Thr Glu Thr
65           70           75           80

Asp Val Val Thr Glu Gly Val Ile Val Pro Glu Ala Val Leu Glu Ala
85           90           95

Asp Val Ala Ile Glu Glu Asp Leu Glu Glu Asp Asp Gly Asp His Ile
100          105          110

Leu Thr Ser Glu Leu Ile Thr Glu Thr Val Arg Val Pro Glu Gln Val
115          120          125

Phe Val Ala Asp Leu Val Thr Gly Pro Asn Gly His Leu Glu His Val
130          135          140

Val Gln Asp Cys Val Ser Gly Val Asp Ser Pro Thr Met Val Ser Glu
145          150          155          160

Glu Val Leu Val Thr Asn Ser Asp Thr Glu Thr Val Ile Gln Ala Ala
165          170          175

Gly Gly Val Pro Gly Ser Thr Val Thr Ile Lys Thr Glu Asp Asp Asp
180          185          190

Asp Asp Asp Val Lys Ser Thr Ser Glu Asp Tyr Leu Met Ile Ser Leu
195          200          205

Asp Asp Val Gly Glu Lys Leu Glu His Met Gly Asn Thr Pro Leu Lys
210          215          220

Ile Gly Ser Asp Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Ala Lys Glu Asp Gly Phe Gly
225          230          235          240

Ser Glu Val Ile Lys Val Tyr Ile Phe Lys Ala Glu Ala Glu Asp Asp
245          250          255

Val Glu Ile Gly Gly Thr Glu Ile Val Thr Glu Ser Glu Tyr Thr Ser
260          265          270

Gly His Ser Val Ala Gly Val Leu Asp Gln Ser Arg Met Gln Arg Glu
275          280          285

Lys Met Val Tyr Met Ala Val Lys Asp Ser Ser Gln Glu Glu Asp Asp
290          295          300

Ile Arg Asp Glu Arg Arg Val Ser Arg Arg Tyr Glu Asp Cys Gln Ala
305          310          315          320

Ser Gly Asn Thr Leu Asp Ser Ala Leu Glu Ser Arg Ser Ser Thr Ala
325          330          335

Ala Gln Tyr Leu Gln Ile Cys Asp Gly Ile Asn Thr Asn Lys Val Leu
340          345          350

Lys Gln Lys Ala Lys Lys Arg Arg Arg Gly Glu Thr Arg Gln Trp Gln
355          360          365

Thr Ala Val Ile Ile Gly Pro Asp Gly Gln Pro Leu Thr Val Tyr Pro
370          375          380

Cys His Ile Cys Thr Lys Lys Phe Lys Ser Arg Gly Phe Leu Lys Arg
385          390          395          400

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His Met Lys Asn	His Pro Asp	His Leu Met	Arg Lys Lys	Tyr Gln Cys	
405		410		415	
Thr Asp Cys Asp	Phe Thr Thr	Asn Lys Lys	Val Ser Phe	His Asn His	
420		425		430	
Leu Glu Ser His	Lys Leu Ile	Asn Lys Val	Asp Lys Thr	His Glu Phe	
435		440		445	
Thr Glu Tyr Thr	Arg Arg Tyr	Arg Glu Ala	Ser Pro Leu	Ser Ser Asn	
450		455		460	
Lys Leu Ile Leu	Arg Asp Lys	Glu Pro Lys	Met His Lys	Cys Lys Tyr	
465		470		480	
Cys Asp Tyr Glu	Thr Ala Glu	Gln Gly Leu	Leu Asn Arg	His Leu Leu	
	485		490	495	
Ala Val His Ser	Lys Asn Phe	Pro His Val	Cys Val Glu	Cys Gly Lys	
	500		505	510	
Gly Phe Arg His	Pro Ser Glu	Leu Lys Lys	His Met Arg	Thr His Thr	
	515		520	525	
Gly Glu Lys Pro	Tyr Gln Cys	Gln Tyr Cys	Ile Phe Arg	Cys Ala Asp	
	530		535	540	
Gln Ser Asn Leu	Lys Thr His	Ile Lys Ser	Lys His Gly	Asn Asn Leu	
	545		550	555	560
Pro Tyr Lys Cys	Glu His Cys	Pro Gln Ala	Phe Gly Asp	Glu Arg Glu	
	565		570	575	
Leu Gln Arg His	Leu Asp Leu	Phe Gln Gly	His Lys Thr	His Gln Cys	
	580		585	590	
Pro His Cys Asp	His Lys Ser	Thr Asn Ser	Ser Asp Leu	Lys Arg His	
	595		600	605	
Ile Ile Ser Val	His Thr Lys	Asp Phe Pro	His Lys Cys	Glu Val Cys	
	610		615	620	
Asp Lys Gly Phe	His Arg Pro	Ser Glu Leu	Lys Lys His	Ser Asp Ile	
	625		630	635	640
His Lys Gly Arg	Lys Ile His	Gln Cys Arg	His Cys Asp	Phe Lys Thr	
	645		650	655	
Ser Asp Pro Phe	Ile Leu Ser	Gly His Ile	Leu Ser Val	His Thr Lys	
	660		665	670	
Asp Gln Pro Leu	Lys Cys Lys	Arg Cys Lys	Arg Gly Phe	Arg Gln Gln	
	675		680	685	
Asn Glu Leu Lys	Lys His Met	Lys Thr His	Thr Gly Arg	Lys Ile Tyr	
	690		695	700	
Gln Cys Glu Tyr	Cys Glu Tyr	Ser Thr Thr	Asp Ala Ser	Gly Phe Lys	
	705		710	715	720
Arg His Val Ile	Ser Ile His	Thr Lys Asp	Tyr Pro His	Arg Cys Glu	
	725		730	735	
Phe Cys Lys Lys	Gly Phe Arg	Arg Pro Ser	Glu Lys Asn	Gln His Ile	
	740		745	750	
Met Arg His His	Lys Glu Ala	Leu Met			
	755	760			

<210> SEQ ID NO 57

<211> LENGTH: 6439

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

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<223> OTHER INFORMATION: intersectin 1 (SH3 domain protein) (ITSN1) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (269) .. (5434)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: ITSN1

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

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acagagaggc gggcggggat ggtgtgcggg gctgcggctc ctgcgtccct ccagcggcg	180
cgtgagcggc actgatttgt ccctggggcg gcagcgcgga ccgcccga gatgaggcgt	240
cgattagcaa ggtaaaagta acagaaccat ggctcagttt ccaacacctt ttggtggcag	300
cctggatata tgggccataa ctgtagagga aagagcgaag catgatcagc agttccatag	360
tttaaagcca atatctggat tcattactgg tgatcaagct agaaactttt tttttcaatc	420
tgggttacct caacctgttt tagcacagat atgggcacta gctgacatga ataatgatgg	480
aagaatggat caagtggagt ttcccatagc tatgaaactt atcaaactga agtacaagg	540
atatcagcta cctctgcac ttccccctgt catgaaacag caaccagttg ctatttctag	600
cgcaccagca ttggtatgg gaggtatgc cagcatgcca ccgcttacag ctgttgctcc	660
agtgcgaatg ggatccattc cagttgttgg aatgtctcca accctagtat cttctgttcc	720
cacagcagct gtgccccccc tggctaacgg ggctccccct gttatacaac ctctgcctgc	780
atttgcctat cctgcagcca cattgccaaa gagttcttcc tttagtagat ctgggtccagg	840
gtcacaacta aacactaaat taaaaaggc acagtcattt gatgtggcca gtgtcccacc	900
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tcattgacaaa actatgagtg gacacttaac aggtccccc gcaagaacta ttcttatgca	1020
gtcaagtta ccacaggctc agctggcttc aatatggaat cttctgaca ttgatcaaga	1080
tggaaaactt acagcagagg aatttatcct ggcaatgcac ctcatgtatg tagctatgtc	1140
tggccaacca ctgccacctg tctgcctcc agaatacatt ccaccttctt ttagaagagt	1200
tcgatctggc agtggatat ctgtcataag ctcaacatct gtagatcaga ggtaccaga	1260
ggaaccagtt ttagaagatg aacaacaaca attagaaaag aaattacotg taacgtttga	1320
agataagaag cgggagaact ttgaacgtgg caacctggaa ctggagaaac gaaggcaagc	1380
tctcctggaa cagcagcgcg aggagcagga gcgcctggcc cagctggagc gggcgagca	1440
ggagaggaag gagcgtgagc gccaggagca agagcgcaaa agacaactgg aactggagaa	1500
gcaactggaa aagcagcggg agctagaacg gcagagagag gaggagagga ggaagaaat	1560
tgagaggcga gaggtgcaa aacgggaact tgaaggcaa cgacaacttg agtgggaacg	1620
gaatcgaagg caagaactac taaatcaaag aaacaaagaa caagaggaca tagttgtact	1680
gaaagcaaag aaaaagactt tggaatttga attagaagct ctaaatgata aaaagcatca	1740
actagaaggg aaacttcaag atatcagatg tcgattgacc acccaaaggc aagaaattga	1800
gagcacaac aaatctagag agttgagaat tgccgaaatc acccatctac agcaacaatt	1860
acaggaatct cagcaaatgc ttggaagact tattccagaa aaacagatac tcaatgacca	1920
attaaaaaa gttcagcaga acagtttgca cagagattca cttgttacac ttaaaagagc	1980
cttagaagca aaagaactag ctcggcagca cctacgagac caactggatg aagtggagaa	2040

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agaaactaga tcaaaactac aggagattga tattttcaat aatcagctga aggaactaag	2100
agaaatacac aataagcaac aactccagaa gcaaaagtcc atggaggctg aacgactgaa	2160
acagaaagaa caagaacgaa agatcataga attagaaaaa caaaaagaag aagcccaaag	2220
acgagctcag gaaagggaca agcagtggct ggagcatgtg cagcaggagg acgagcatca	2280
gagaccaaga aaactccacg aagaggaaaa actgaaaagg gaggagagtg tcaaaaagaa	2340
ggatggcgag gaaaaaggca aacagggaagc acaagacaag ctgggtcggc ttttccatca	2400
acaccaagaa ccagctaagc cagctgtcca ggcacctgg tccactgcag aaaaaggctc	2460
acttaccatt tctgcacag aaaatgtaa agtgggtgat taccgggcac tgtaccctt	2520
tgaatccaga agccatgatg aaatcactat ccagccagga gacatagtca tggtaaagg	2580
ggaatgggtg gatgaaagcc aaactggaga acccggtctg cttggaggag aattaaaagg	2640
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gccataagg aagtctacaa gcatggattc tggttcttca gagagtctg ctagtctaaa	3240
gcgagtagcc tctccagcag ccaagccggt cgttcggga gaagaattta ttgccatgta	3300
cacttacgag agttctgagc aaggagattt aaccttcag caaggggatg tgattttggt	3360
taccaagaaa gatggtgact ggtggacagg aacagtgggc gacaaggccg gagtcttccc	3420
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cgatgagctg gccttcaaca agggccagat catcaacgct ctcaacaagg aggacctga	3840
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tgtgaagatg attggagaca tcctgagcgc acagctgccg cacatgcagc cctacatccg	4260
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agacttcaag gagttcgtca aaagattggc aatggatcct cggtgtaaag ggatgccact	4380
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tatcctggaa aacacccctg aaaaccacc ggaccacagc cacttgaagc acgccctgga	4500
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caattcagtg accaattgct tggggccgag caaatttctg cacagtggga agctctacaa	4680
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gcagtataaa atgtataaaa cacctatttt cctaatgag gttctagtaa aattaccac	4860
cgacccttct ggagacgagc ccatcttcca catctccac attgaccgag tctatactct	4920
ccgagcagaa agcataaatg aaaggactgc ctgggtgcag aaaatcaaag ctgcttctga	4980
actctacata gagactgaga aaaagaagcg cgagaaagcg tacctggtcc gttcccaaag	5040
ggcaacaggc attggaaggt tgatggtgaa cgtggtgaa ggcacgagtg tgaaccctg	5100
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tggttactat aaaatagatt tataaatgca atgtctatat ttttgagaa ctcatgtaac	5820
cctcctgttt cttacatcca ccagtcacca agtagacttc ttggcctaca atgccagtc	5880
cttggtgtga gtttagaaac aattatgacg gtctgtcat tgcttcagaa tccatctct	5940
cctgcaggga aatgctgcct agagctgac actcggtag acggtctgat caggccctgg	6000
cttagctctt tgaagagctg gtctatggaa gtttcagca tgtgcaccgt tatagccgtt	6060
cctccccct ctaggccttg tattaatata tgtcaatgaa aacacactgg tgtattgttg	6120
cgtggattca gttctgatto ccagcatgct tagaatatgg tcacagaaag tcattatcta	6180
gaaagtcacc cctctgctgg atcagatcac tacaggtcac tggaaaggca actttacaat	6240
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ctgtgatatt tcatagcagc agtcgttgct ggtgacctgt tctgtgcttg aatgtgctga	6360
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tcctagatcc ccaaggcgt	6439

<210> SEQ ID NO 58

<211> LENGTH: 1721

<212> TYPE: PRT

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<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: intersectin 1 (SH3 domain protein) (ITSN1)

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

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Ile Thr Val Glu Glu Arg Ala Lys His Asp Gln Gln Phe His Ser Leu
20 25 30
Lys Pro Ile Ser Gly Phe Ile Thr Gly Asp Gln Ala Arg Asn Phe Phe
35 40 45
Phe Gln Ser Gly Leu Pro Gln Pro Val Leu Ala Gln Ile Trp Ala Leu
50 55 60
Ala Asp Met Asn Asn Asp Gly Arg Met Asp Gln Val Glu Phe Ser Ile
65 70 75 80
Ala Met Lys Leu Ile Lys Leu Lys Leu Gln Gly Tyr Gln Leu Pro Ser
85 90 95
Ala Leu Pro Pro Val Met Lys Gln Gln Pro Val Ala Ile Ser Ser Ala
100 105 110
Pro Ala Phe Gly Met Gly Gly Ile Ala Ser Met Pro Pro Leu Thr Ala
115 120 125
Val Ala Pro Val Pro Met Gly Ser Ile Pro Val Val Gly Met Ser Pro
130 135 140
Thr Leu Val Ser Ser Val Pro Thr Ala Ala Val Pro Pro Leu Ala Asn
145 150 155 160
Gly Ala Pro Pro Val Ile Gln Pro Leu Pro Ala Phe Ala His Pro Ala
165 170 175
Ala Thr Leu Pro Lys Ser Ser Ser Phe Ser Arg Ser Gly Pro Gly Ser
180 185 190
Gln Leu Asn Thr Lys Leu Gln Lys Ala Gln Ser Phe Asp Val Ala Ser
195 200 205
Val Pro Pro Val Ala Glu Trp Ala Val Pro Gln Ser Ser Arg Leu Lys
210 215 220
Tyr Arg Gln Leu Phe Asn Ser His Asp Lys Thr Met Ser Gly His Leu
225 230 235 240
Thr Gly Pro Gln Ala Arg Thr Ile Leu Met Gln Ser Ser Leu Pro Gln
245 250 255
Ala Gln Leu Ala Ser Ile Trp Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile Asp Gln Asp Gly
260 265 270
Lys Leu Thr Ala Glu Glu Phe Ile Leu Ala Met His Leu Ile Asp Val
275 280 285
Ala Met Ser Gly Gln Pro Leu Pro Pro Val Leu Pro Pro Glu Tyr Ile
290 295 300
Pro Pro Ser Phe Arg Arg Val Arg Ser Gly Ser Gly Ile Ser Val Ile
305 310 315 320
Ser Ser Thr Ser Val Asp Gln Arg Leu Pro Glu Glu Pro Val Leu Glu
325 330 335
Asp Glu Gln Gln Gln Leu Glu Lys Lys Leu Pro Val Thr Phe Glu Asp
340 345 350
Lys Lys Arg Glu Asn Phe Glu Arg Gly Asn Leu Glu Leu Glu Lys Arg
355 360 365
Arg Gln Ala Leu Leu Glu Gln Gln Arg Lys Glu Gln Glu Arg Leu Ala

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370					375					380					
Gln 385	Leu	Glu	Arg	Ala	Glu 390	Gln	Glu	Arg	Lys	Glu 395	Arg	Glu	Arg	Gln	Glu 400
Gln	Glu	Arg	Lys	Arg 405	Gln	Leu	Glu	Leu	Glu 410	Lys	Gln	Leu	Glu	Lys 415	Gln
Arg	Glu	Leu	Glu	Arg 420	Gln	Arg	Glu	Glu	Glu 425	Arg	Arg	Lys	Glu	Ile	Glu
Arg	Arg	Glu	Ala	Ala 435	Lys	Arg	Glu	Leu	Glu 440	Arg	Gln	Arg	Gln	Leu	Glu
Trp	Glu	Arg	Asn	Arg 450	Arg	Gln	Glu	Leu	Leu 455	Asn	Gln	Arg	Asn	Lys	Glu
Gln	Glu	Asp	Ile	Val 465	Val 470	Leu	Lys	Ala	Lys 475	Lys	Lys	Thr	Leu	Glu	Phe 480
Glu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu 485	Asn	Asp	Lys	Lys	His 490	Gln	Leu	Glu	Gly	Lys 495	Leu
Gln	Asp	Ile	Arg 500	Cys	Arg	Leu	Thr	Thr 505	Gln	Arg	Gln	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ser
Thr	Asn	Lys 515	Ser	Arg	Glu	Leu	Arg 520	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr 525	His	Leu	Gln
Gln	Gln	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gln 535	Gln	Met	Leu	Gly	Arg 540	Leu	Ile	Pro	Glu
Lys 545	Gln	Ile	Leu	Asn	Asp 550	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gln	Val 555	Gln	Gln	Asn	Ser	Leu 560
His	Arg	Asp	Ser	Leu 565	Val	Thr	Leu	Lys	Arg 570	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ala	Lys 575	Glu
Leu	Ala	Arg	Gln	His 580	Leu	Arg	Asp	Gln	Leu 585	Asp	Glu	Val	Glu	Lys 590	Glu
Thr	Arg	Ser 595	Lys	Leu	Gln	Glu	Ile 600	Asp	Ile	Phe	Asn 605	Asn	Gln	Leu	Lys
Glu 610	Leu	Arg	Glu	Ile	His	Asn 615	Lys	Gln	Gln	Leu	Gln 620	Lys	Gln	Lys	Ser
Met 625	Glu	Ala	Glu	Arg 630	Leu	Lys	Gln	Lys	Glu	Gln 635	Glu	Arg	Lys	Ile	Ile 640
Glu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Gln 645	Lys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Gln 650	Arg	Arg	Ala	Gln	Glu	Arg 655
Asp	Lys	Gln	Trp 660	Leu	Glu	His	Val	Gln 665	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu 670	His	Gln	Arg
Pro	Arg	Lys 675	Leu	His	Glu	Glu	Glu 680	Lys	Leu	Lys	Arg 685	Glu	Glu	Ser	Val
Lys 690	Lys	Lys	Asp	Gly	Glu	Glu 695	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gln	Glu 700	Ala	Gln	Asp	Lys
Leu 705	Gly	Arg	Leu	Phe 710	His	Gln	His	Gln	Glu	Pro 715	Ala	Lys	Pro	Ala	Val 720
Gln	Ala	Pro	Trp 725	Ser	Thr	Ala	Glu	Lys	Gly 730	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ala 735
Gln	Glu	Asn	Val 740	Lys	Val	Val	Tyr	Tyr 745	Arg	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Pro 750	Phe	Glu
Ser	Arg	Ser 755	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Thr 760	Ile	Gln	Pro	Gly 765	Asp	Ile	Val	Met
Val 770	Lys	Gly	Glu	Trp 775	Val	Asp	Glu	Ser	Gln	Thr	Gly 780	Glu	Pro	Gly	Trp

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Leu	Gly	Gly	Glu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Lys	Thr	Gly	Trp	Phe	Pro	Ala	Asn	Tyr	785	790	795	800
Ala	Glu	Lys	Ile	Pro	Glu	Asn	Glu	Val	Pro	Ala	Pro	Val	Lys	Pro	Val	805	810	815	
Thr	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ser	Ala	Pro	Ala	Pro	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Arg	Glu	Thr	820	825	830	
Pro	Ala	Pro	Leu	Ala	Val	Thr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Pro	Ser	Thr	Thr	Pro	Asn	835	840	845	
Asn	Trp	Ala	Asp	Phe	Ser	Ser	Thr	Trp	Pro	Thr	Ser	Thr	Asn	Glu	Lys	850	855	860	
Pro	Glu	Thr	Asp	Asn	Trp	Asp	Ala	Trp	Ala	Ala	Gln	Pro	Ser	Leu	Thr	865	870	875	880
Val	Pro	Ser	Ala	Gly	Gln	Leu	Arg	Gln	Arg	Ser	Ala	Phe	Thr	Pro	Ala	885	890	895	
Thr	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ser	Ser	Pro	Ser	Pro	Val	Leu	Gly	Gln	Gly	Glu	Lys	900	905	910	
Val	Glu	Gly	Leu	Gln	Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Pro	Trp	Arg	Ala	Lys	Lys	915	920	925	
Asp	Asn	His	Leu	Asn	Phe	Asn	Lys	Asn	Asp	Val	Ile	Thr	Val	Leu	Glu	930	935	940	
Gln	Gln	Asp	Met	Trp	Trp	Phe	Gly	Glu	Val	Gln	Gly	Gln	Lys	Gly	Trp	945	950	955	960
Phe	Pro	Lys	Ser	Tyr	Val	Lys	Leu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ile	Arg	Lys	Ser	965	970	975	
Thr	Ser	Met	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Ser	Glu	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ser	Leu	Lys	Arg	980	985	990	
Val	Ala	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ala	Lys	Pro	Val	Val	Ser	Gly	Glu	Glu	Phe	Ile	995	1000	1005	
Ala	Met	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Ser	Glu	Gln	Gly	Asp	Leu	Thr	Phe	Gln	1010	1015	1020	
Gln	Gly	Asp	Val	Ile	Leu	Val	Thr	Lys	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Trp	Trp	Thr	1025	1030	1035	1040
Gly	Thr	Val	Gly	Asp	Lys	Ala	Gly	Val	Phe	Pro	Ser	Asn	Tyr	Val	Arg	1045	1050	1055	
Leu	Lys	Asp	Ser	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ala	Gly	Lys	Thr	Gly	Ser	Leu	1060	1065	1070	
Gly	Lys	Lys	Pro	Glu	Ile	Ala	Gln	Val	Ile	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Thr	1075	1080	1085	
Gly	Pro	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ala	Pro	Gly	Gln	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ile	Arg	1090	1095	1100	
Lys	Lys	Asn	Pro	Gly	Gly	Trp	Trp	Glu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Gln	Ala	Arg	Gly	1105	1110	1115	1120
Lys	Lys	Arg	Gln	Ile	Gly	Trp	Phe	Pro	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	1125	1130	1135	
Ser	Pro	Gly	Thr	Ser	Lys	Ile	Thr	Pro	Thr	Glu	Pro	Pro	Lys	Ser	Thr	1140	1145	1150	
Ala	Leu	Ala	Ala	Val	Cys	Gln	Val	Ile	Gly	Met	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Ala	1155	1160	1165	
Gln	Asn	Asp	Asp	Glu	Leu	Ala	Phe	Asn	Lys	Gly	Gln	Ile	Ile	Asn	Val	1170	1175	1180	

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Leu	Asn	Lys	Glu	Asp	Pro	Asp	Trp	Trp	Lys	Gly	Glu	Val	Asn	Gly	Gln	1185	1190	1195	1200
Val	Gly	Leu	Phe	Pro	Ser	Asn	Tyr	Val	Lys	Leu	Thr	Thr	Asp	Met	Asp	1205	1210	1215	
Pro	Ser	Gln	Gln	Trp	Cys	Ser	Asp	Leu	His	Leu	Leu	Asp	Met	Leu	Thr	1220	1225	1230	
Pro	Thr	Glu	Arg	Lys	Arg	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Ile	His	Glu	Leu	Ile	Val	Thr	1235	1240	1245	
Glu	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Val	Asn	Asp	Leu	Gln	Leu	Val	Thr	Glu	Ile	Phe	Gln	1250	1255	1260	
Lys	Pro	Leu	Met	Glu	Ser	Glu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Glu	Lys	Glu	Val	Ala	Met	1265	1270	1275	1280
Ile	Phe	Val	Asn	Trp	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ile	Met	Cys	Asn	Ile	Lys	Leu	Leu	1285	1290	1295	
Lys	Ala	Leu	Arg	Val	Arg	Lys	Lys	Met	Ser	Gly	Glu	Lys	Met	Pro	Val	1300	1305	1310	
Lys	Met	Ile	Gly	Asp	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ala	Gln	Leu	Pro	His	Met	Gln	Pro	1315	1320	1325	
Tyr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Cys	Ser	Arg	Gln	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ile	Gln	1330	1335	1340	
Gln	Lys	Thr	Asp	Glu	Ala	Pro	Asp	Phe	Lys	Glu	Phe	Val	Lys	Arg	Leu	1345	1350	1355	1360
Ala	Met	Asp	Pro	Arg	Cys	Lys	Gly	Met	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ser	Phe	Ile	Leu	1365	1370	1375	
Lys	Pro	Met	Gln	Arg	Val	Thr	Arg	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Ile	Ile	Lys	Asn	Ile	1380	1385	1390	
Leu	Glu	Asn	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	His	Pro	Asp	His	Ser	His	Leu	Lys	His	1395	1400	1405	
Ala	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ala	Glu	Glu	Leu	Cys	Ser	Gln	Val	Asn	Glu	Gly	Val	1410	1415	1420	
Arg	Glu	Lys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asp	Arg	Leu	Glu	Trp	Ile	Gln	Ala	His	Val	1425	1430	1435	1440
Gln	Cys	Glu	Gly	Leu	Ser	Glu	Gln	Leu	Val	Phe	Asn	Ser	Val	Thr	Asn	1445	1450	1455	
Cys	Leu	Gly	Pro	Arg	Lys	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Gly	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Lys	Ala	1460	1465	1470	
Lys	Ser	Asn	Lys	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Leu	Phe	Asn	Asp	Phe	Leu	Leu	1475	1480	1485	
Leu	Thr	Gln	Ile	Thr	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gly	Ser	Ser	Gly	Thr	Asp	Lys	Val	1490	1495	1500	
Phe	Ser	Pro	Lys	Ser	Asn	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Lys	Met	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Ile	1505	1510	1515	1520
Phe	Leu	Asn	Glu	Val	Leu	Val	Lys	Leu	Pro	Thr	Asp	Pro	Ser	Gly	Asp	1525	1530	1535	
Glu	Pro	Ile	Phe	His	Ile	Ser	His	Ile	Asp	Arg	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Arg	1540	1545	1550	
Ala	Glu	Ser	Ile	Asn	Glu	Arg	Thr	Ala	Trp	Val	Gln	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ala	1555	1560	1565	
Ala	Ser	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Thr	Glu	Lys	Lys	Lys	Arg	Glu	Lys	Ala	1570	1575	1580	
Tyr	Leu	Val	Arg	Ser	Gln	Arg	Ala	Thr	Gly	Ile	Gly	Arg	Leu	Met	Val				

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1585	1590	1595	1600
Asn Val Val Glu Gly Ile Glu Leu Lys Pro Cys Arg Ser His Gly Lys	1605	1610	1615
Ser Asn Pro Tyr Cys Glu Val Thr Met Gly Ser Gln Cys His Ile Thr	1620	1625	1630
Lys Thr Ile Gln Asp Thr Leu Asn Pro Lys Trp Asn Ser Asn Cys Gln	1635	1640	1645
Phe Phe Ile Arg Asp Leu Glu Gln Glu Val Leu Cys Ile Thr Val Phe	1650	1655	1660
Glu Arg Asp Gln Phe Ser Pro Asp Asp Phe Leu Gly Arg Thr Glu Ile	1665	1670	1675
Arg Val Ala Asp Ile Lys Lys Asp Gln Gly Ser Lys Gly Pro Val Thr	1685	1690	1695
Lys Cys Leu Leu Leu His Glu Val Pro Thr Gly Glu Ile Val Val Arg	1700	1705	1710
Leu Asp Leu Gln Leu Phe Asp Glu Pro	1715	1720	

<210> SEQ ID NO 59
 <211> LENGTH: 1954
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate-induced
 protein 1 (PMAIP1) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (219)..(383)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: PMAIP1

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

actggacaaa agcgtggtct ctggcgcggg gatctcagag tttcccgggc actcaccgtg	60
tgtagttggc atctccgcgc gtccggacac ccgatcccag catccctgcc tgcaggactg	120
ttcgtgttca gctcgcgtcc tgcagctgtc cgaggtgctc cagttggagg ctgaggttcc	180
cgggctctgt agctgagtgg gcggcggcac cggcggagat gcctgggaag aaggcgcgca	240
agaacgctca accgagcccc gcgcgggctc cagcagagct ggaagtcgag tgtgctactc	300
aactcaggag atttgagac aaactgaact tccggcagaa acttctgaat ctgatatcca	360
aactcttctg ctccaggaacc tgactgcatc aaaaacttgc atgaggggac tccttcaaaa	420
gagttttctc aggaggtgca cgtttcatca atttgaagaa agactgcatt gtaattgaga	480
ggaatgtgaa ggtgcattca tgggtgccct tggaaacgga agatggaata catcaaagtg	540
aatttctgtt caagttttcc cagattatca ttctttggga tgagagaaca ttataaaacc	600
actttgttta ttttaaagca agaattggaag acccttgaaa ataagaagt aattattgac	660
acattttctt tttacttaga gaatcgttct agtgtttttg ccgaagatta ccgctggcct	720
actgtgaagg gagatgacct gtgattagac tgggcggctg gggagaaaca gttcagtgca	780
ttgttgttgt tgctgttttt ggtgttttgc ttttcagtgc caactcagca cattgtatat	840
gattcggttt atacatatta ccttggtata atgaaaaaac tcattctgag aacctgaaa	900
tggtatactc agtgttgatt tcttcggcca ctacacaacg taaaatcatt tgtttctttt	960
gactcaaatt gtattgcttc tgttcagatg atctttcatt caatgtgttc ctgttgggcg	1020
ttactagaaa ctatggaaaa ctggaaaaata actttgaaaa aattggataa agtataggag	1080

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ggttacttgg ggccagtaaa tcagtagact gaacattcaa tataataaaa gaacatgggg 1140
at ttgtata accaggata ataaaaagaa aaaagaagtt aatttttaaat tgatgttttt 1200
gaaacttagt agaacaata ttcagaagta acttgataag atatgaatgt ttctaagaa 1260
gtttctaaag gtccgaaaa tgctcctgt cacattagtg tgcacctac aaaaagtgat 1320
ctcttaagt aaattaagaa tttttcata attggaatat acttttctta aaaaaagga 1380
acagttagtt ctcactaga atgaaagttc catatatgca ttggtgaata tatatgtata 1440
cacatactta catacttata tgggtatctg tatagataat ttgtattaga gtattatata 1500
gcttcttagt agggctcaa gtaagtttca tttttttat ctgggtata tacagctctc 1560
aaataaataa tgtcttgatt ttatttcagc aggaataatt ttatttattt tgcctattta 1620
taattaaagt atttttcttt agtttgaaaa tgtgtattaa agttacattt ttgagttaca 1680
agagtcttat aactacttga atttttagtt aaaatgtctt aatgtagggt gtagtcactt 1740
tagatggaaa attacotcac atctgttttc ttcagtatta cttaagattg tttatttagt 1800
ggtagagagt ttttttttc agcctagagg cagctatttt accatctggg atttatggtc 1860
taatttgat ttaaacatat gcacacatat aaaagttgat actgtggcag taaactatta 1920
aaagttttca ctgttcaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1954

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<210> SEQ ID NO 60
<211> LENGTH: 54
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: phorbol-12-myristate-13-acetate-induced protein
1 (PMAIP1)

```

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<400> SEQUENCE: 60

```

```

Met Pro Gly Lys Lys Ala Arg Lys Asn Ala Gln Pro Ser Pro Ala Arg
1           5           10          15

```

```

Ala Pro Ala Glu Leu Glu Val Glu Cys Ala Thr Gln Leu Arg Arg Phe
20          25          30

```

```

Gly Asp Lys Lys Leu Asn Phe Arg Gln Lys Leu Leu Asn Leu Ile Ser Lys
35          40          45

```

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Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Thr
50

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<210> SEQ ID NO 61
<211> LENGTH: 4068
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein 47 (TMEM47) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (260)..(805)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: TMEM47

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

```

```

ggcagagcgc ggcgcggggc cggcggcgaa ggtccggggg ggaatcgacg tcgctgcggc 60
tgccgacgac ccacacccgg ccggccgctt ccgcagaccc accttggccg cgcggcagg 120
ggcgcgcaga gcccccaggg agcgagtccc cgcgcgtggc agctcggcgg cttctccctt 180
cgggaggtcc ggctcccggc tctccggacc cgctggcgt cctcgctgc ggcggggcgg 240

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acgacagcgg cgcccaggaa tggcttcggc gggcagcggc atggaggagg tgcgcgtgtc	300
ggtgctgacc cccttgaagc tggtcgggct ggtgtgcato ttcttggcgc tgtgtctgga	360
cctgggggcg gtgctgagcc cggcctgggt cacagctgac caccagtact acctgtcgtt	420
gtgggagtc tgcgcgaaac ccgcccagctt ggacatctgg cactgcgagt ccacgctcag	480
cagcgatttg cagattgcta ctctggcttt actcctgggc ggcgctgcca tcattctcat	540
tgcattcctg gtgggtttga tttctatctg cgtgggatct cgaaggcgtt tctatagacc	600
tgttgcggtc atgctttttg cagcagttgt ttacaggtt tgcagcctgg tcctttaccc	660
aatcaagttc attgaaactg tgagcttgaa aatttaccat gagttcaact ggggttatgg	720
cctggcctgg ggtgcaacta tattttcgtt tgggggtgcc atcctttatt gctgaaccc	780
taagaactat gaagactact actagaacca atagtctcaa agtaaaaaa accaccacca	840
tccaacaaaa ggattacgct tgcactcttt ctaacttact attttctaaa acacttgtag	900
agcatcaagc agtttgctca gttgatttaa tcttttttgc cttttgctg tcaacatcat	960
aaccagcttt tacatccatt ttagaaatct gcacaaatta agagagctga ttagacatag	1020
gcaaatgctg caaacttcca atatgttcat atcgtttttc ttgacaaatg aagggtctat	1080
atgacagcaa ccattgtgag aaactagttg gaatgagatt tgcctcaatc tcctattgcc	1140
tgcaggggag cagttggcat aagcaacatt tagaagttcc tttgcgctga caaggattcc	1200
actgttagag cccttaccgc ctgcttatcc taccatga ctacattggc tgttggttat	1260
ttgcttgagt gagcccttga aaaatgaact gcccttcagc atctaattgg agttgtgaat	1320
gtaactgggt aatgatacac attccacctt caggaaact ctttttaatg ggaggttatg	1380
ctttggcaat cagcgtctcc ctgggaagag agtcaagact tggagacatg tgcctctcat	1440
tatgtggtta gaaattggtg cctcagccct atctagactg gggaaaaatt gaggatctct	1500
gtttttcctg gggcaaacag aaagaaatct gcatgagttg cttttgtacc ctttaaatca	1560
tttgccaaac attgcagcaa acaagtgtgc gtatgtaaca agcttctactg tttttataga	1620
agggtgaacca ttagtataaa tggtaataag ttgttcctca accctccaca tacatttgcc	1680
tatcacacgt aaaattaata tttactctag tgaagtgggt tgagcactaa ccttgtacac	1740
attgttaaga ggcttagatt ggtattcata cttatttacc atacaaaagt atggtacctt	1800
aaagcttttg ctctatgttc tttactgttt cactggaaag tgtcaataga gttgcctaag	1860
aataaaaaatt gaaatggtg taatctgaaa attaatgatt ctctgtaagc actgtagttg	1920
aaaagagagt agcaattagg atgatcattt tgtgtaaaat tcattaaaat agaaggctgc	1980
tattttttgc aagtatttta aatgtcttca tttttttaag aaaggaatag cgatagattt	2040
atataaatat ctaaatgtct cagtagagga gtagaattca tctggttatc acctggctct	2100
ctgaagttaa ctgatgggct aaccgatttg tgcacacact taggatggat ttatgttaag	2160
ggaattactt actgactgtt caatggaagg aagtattaat aataggaat aagtttgcaa	2220
ctaactctcat gctgcaact tgtgttaatt ctgtttaata taaaaattg gatagcttaa	2280
ttataaacat atttttatat caaatatata gttctaata aaaagttata aataattatt	2340
tttgtaaca aagacactaa aacagtatgt tctggttttg gccctcttgc agaaagaagc	2400
attagaaaaa ttactttaaa agtagctata tgttactgta ttgcaaaatc tgttaagagc	2460
aggaccacat cgatagtatt taataatttg ttttacctcc caaaacacag ttcttcttcc	2520

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agcttgctctt aagaatgggt gccaaaaaca acagccaaaa aaaaaaaacc tattttatta 2580
tccaaatgct agaaaacaca catgaatttt ctataaaatc acgaatatga agtaccaggt 2640
ttagtctttac ttagcaatg atagacaaaa gcgaataaat acatcacaga cagaaacctt 2700
tataaaaaata tatgattcta taaagaatca ttagaaatta tgagtggaaa ttctccagaa 2760
agatagtatt atagagtctt ttgaagcaat tttttgagaa atagtaaaat ctggggcaga 2820
gtgtcttgca gttaattgca tattgtcaga gcagcatgag aaatatgata ttggatagg 2880
gatttcagca actaaacatt ctctgtcttg agatctcttt attcctgaat aatgaaagaa 2940
tagtactttg gtgctgacac caatgaggca cttctcttgg tctagtaga ggatgcagtg 3000
tactgttaaa ccaatatcat cacatctoga gtcttatcaa gttttcattc tctgtcaata 3060
tgacaagctc aaagtgcag aatatgttat aggttgaagc acacatattt gcagtttact 3120
gaaaagtaga tttcttatgt gacttttttc ccttctcagc aaagagccct aactagatt 3180
tctaccatca ctaatatattg gaagtatttc attactaaca atctcagtac aacatgaaaa 3240
ttgttgcttc tcatctaaaa tacaattttg tctatcagaa taaacacaag tgaatttttc 3300
acctacatta acattatgtc tttgcagctt taggtttgtt agatgtgttc ttaagcataa 3360
tttttagcca caaacocatt gttagataga tatctatgga tatagatcta catctataga 3420
tatagatata cacacatata tatactcaca cacatatagc ataaaatact cagcagggt 3480
agttattccg atttcttgca caattattta gctttttgta agttcaacat gtaaatttta 3540
aagacataaa tatagagaga cttatgtgtt tgaatataaa tgatatatat ggattagcat 3600
gtacctgtat attattaaac atgcaatgaa ctgactggta agtgacgtct aattgtatgg 3660
ctagcaatgt aatttattca gactgtattt ttgtacagag cagtgcactc taacctatgc 3720
ctctgtgtcc tctttaatgc ctaaagctgt gcctagaaat ttcactgtgc ttaaaagtaa 3780
aatatacttc atgctgttta tgctattagt ttctgtactg ctattctata tttattattt 3840
ttaaatatat gacatgttta ctacttaaac atgaattcat ggtatcctgg ttattttttt 3900
taagtcatct gggggaaaac ctgtttatca ctccagtgat ttgagtttg cagtttcaca 3960
atcagttctt catttcatga tttttgtagt tgacatgaag tcatctatgt ggaaaaaaat 4020
aaaaataaaa gtgatttcac ggatgtgggt tgaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 4068

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<210> SEQ ID NO 62

<211> LENGTH: 181

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: transmembrane protein 47 (TMEM47)

<400> SEQUENCE: 62

```

Met Ala Ser Ala Gly Ser Gly Met Glu Glu Val Arg Val Ser Val Leu
1           5           10          15
Thr Pro Leu Lys Leu Val Gly Leu Val Cys Ile Phe Leu Ala Leu Cys
20          25          30
Leu Asp Leu Gly Ala Val Leu Ser Pro Ala Trp Val Thr Ala Asp His
35          40          45
Gln Tyr Tyr Leu Ser Leu Trp Glu Ser Cys Arg Lys Pro Ala Ser Leu
50          55          60
Asp Ile Trp His Cys Glu Ser Thr Leu Ser Ser Asp Trp Gln Ile Ala
65          70          75          80

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Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Leu Gly Gly Ala Ala Ile Ile Leu Ile Ala Phe
 85 90 95

Leu Val Gly Leu Ile Ser Ile Cys Val Gly Ser Arg Arg Arg Phe Tyr
 100 105 110

Arg Pro Val Ala Val Met Leu Phe Ala Ala Val Val Leu Gln Val Cys
 115 120 125

Ser Leu Val Leu Tyr Pro Ile Lys Phe Ile Glu Thr Val Ser Leu Lys
 130 135 140

Ile Tyr His Glu Phe Asn Trp Gly Tyr Gly Leu Ala Trp Gly Ala Thr
 145 150 155 160

Ile Phe Ser Phe Gly Gly Ala Ile Leu Tyr Cys Leu Asn Pro Lys Asn
 165 170 175

Tyr Glu Asp Tyr Tyr
 180

<210> SEQ ID NO 63
 <211> LENGTH: 2354
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: interleukin 11 (IL11) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (137)..(736)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: IL11

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

```

gctcagggca catgcctccc cteccacaggc cgcggcccag ctgacctctg gggctcccc   60
ggcagcggac agggaagggg taaaggcccc cggctccctg cccctgccc tggggaaccc   120
ctggccctgt ggggacatga actgtgtttg ccgcctggtc ctggctgtgc tgagcctgtg   180
gccagataca gctgtgcccc ctggggcacc acctggcccc cctcgagttt cccagaccc   240
tcgggcccag ctggacagca ccgtgctcct gacccgctct ctcctggcgg acacgcggca   300
gctggctgca cagctgaggg acaaattccc agctgacggg gaccacaacc tggattccct   360
gcccacccctg gccatgagtg cgggggcaact gggagctcta cagctcccag gtgtgtgac   420
aaggctcgca gcggacctac tgtcctacct gcggcacgtg cagtggctgc gccgggcagg   480
tggtctttcc ctgaagaccc tggagcccga gctgggcacc ctgcaggccc gactggaccg   540
gctgctgcgc cggctgcagc tcctgatgtc ccgcctggcc ctgcccagc caccgccgga   600
ccgcgccggc ccccgctgg cgccccctc ctcagcctgg gggggcatca gggccgccc   660
cgccatcctg ggggggctgc acctgacct tgactgggccc gtgaggggac tgctgtgtct   720
gaagactcgg ctgtgaccgg gggcccaaag ccaccaccgt ccttccaaag ccagatctta   780
tttatttatt tatttcagta ctgggggcga aacagccagg tgatcccccc gccattatct   840
ccccctagtt agagacagtc cttccgtgag gcctgggggg catctgtgcc ttatttatac   900
ttattttatt caggagcagg ggtgggaggg aggtggactc ctgggtcccc gaggaggagg   960
ggactggggg cccggattct tgggtctcca agaagtctgt ccacagactt ctgccctggc  1020
tcttccccat ctaggcctgg gcaggaacat atattattta tttaagcaat tacttttcat  1080
gttgggggtg ggacggaggg gaaaggggag cctgggtttt tgtacaaaaa tgtgagaaac  1140
ctttgtgaga cagagaacag ggaattaaat gtgtcataca tatccacttg agggcgattt  1200

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gtctgagagc tggggctgga tgcttgggta actggggcag ggcaggtgga ggggagacct 1260
ccattcaggt ggaggtcccg agtgggcggg gcagcgactg ggagatgggt cggtcaccca 1320
gacagctctg tggaggcagg gtctgagcct tgcttggggc cccgcactgc atagggcctt 1380
ttgtttgttt ttgagatgg agtctcgctc tgttgcttag gctggagtgc agtgaggcaa 1440
tctgaggtca ctgcaacctc cacctcccg gttcaagcaa ttctcctgcc tcagcctccc 1500
gattagctgg gatcacaggt gtgcaccacc atgccagct aattatttat ttcttttgta 1560
tttttagtag agacagggtt tcaccatggt gccaggctg gtttcgaact cctgacctca 1620
ggtgatcctc ctgcctcggc ctcccaaagt gctgggatta caggtgtgag ccaccacacc 1680
tgaccatag gtcttcaata aatatttaat ggaaggttcc acaagtcacc ctgtgatcaa 1740
cagtaccctg atgggacaaa gctgcaaggt caagatgggt cattatggct gtgttcacca 1800
tagcaaatg gaaacaatct agatatccaa cagtgagggt taagcaacat ggtgcatctg 1860
tggatagaac gccaccacgc cgcccgagc agggactgtc attcaggag gctaaggaga 1920
gaggcttgct tgggatatag aaagatatcc tgacattggc caggcatggt ggctcacgcc 1980
tgtaatcctg gcactttggg aggacgaagc gagtggatca ctgaagtcca agagttcgag 2040
accggcctgc gagacatggc aaaacctgt ctcaaaaaag aaagaatgat gtctgacat 2100
gaaacagcag gctacaaaaa cactgcatgc tgtgatccca attttgtgtt ttcttttcta 2160
tatatggatt aaaacaaaaa tcctaaaggg aaatacgcca aaatgttgac aatgactgtc 2220
tccaggtaaa aggagagagg tgggattgtg ggtgactttt aatgtgtatg attgtctgta 2280
ttttacagaa tttctgccat gactgtgtat ttgcatgac acattttaaa aataataaac 2340
actattttta gaat 2354

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 64

<211> LENGTH: 199

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: interleukin 11 (IL11)

<400> SEQUENCE: 64

```

Met Asn Cys Val Cys Arg Leu Val Leu Val Val Leu Ser Leu Trp Pro
1           5           10          15

Asp Thr Ala Val Ala Pro Gly Pro Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Arg Val Ser
20          25          30

Pro Asp Pro Arg Ala Glu Leu Asp Ser Thr Val Leu Leu Thr Arg Ser
35          40          45

Leu Leu Ala Asp Thr Arg Gln Leu Ala Ala Gln Leu Arg Asp Lys Phe
50          55          60

Pro Ala Asp Gly Asp His Asn Leu Asp Ser Leu Pro Thr Leu Ala Met
65          70          75          80

Ser Ala Gly Ala Leu Gly Ala Leu Gln Leu Pro Gly Val Leu Thr Arg
85          90          95

Leu Arg Ala Asp Leu Leu Ser Tyr Leu Arg His Val Gln Trp Leu Arg
100         105         110

Arg Ala Gly Gly Ser Ser Leu Lys Thr Leu Glu Pro Glu Leu Gly Thr
115         120         125

Leu Gln Ala Arg Leu Asp Arg Leu Leu Arg Arg Leu Gln Leu Leu Met
130         135         140

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Ser Arg Leu Ala Leu Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Asp Pro Pro Ala Pro Pro
 145 150 155 160

Leu Ala Pro Pro Ser Ser Ala Trp Gly Gly Ile Arg Ala Ala His Ala
 165 170 175

Ile Leu Gly Gly Leu His Leu Thr Leu Asp Trp Ala Val Arg Gly Leu
 180 185 190

Leu Leu Leu Lys Thr Arg Leu
 195

<210> SEQ ID NO 65
 <211> LENGTH: 552
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C motif) ligand 2 (XCL2) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (21)..(365)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: XCL2

<400> SEQUENCE: 65

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gcctcactac ccagcgactg ccagtttagca gaatcaagac ctacaccatc acggaaggct   180
ccttgagagc agtaattttt attaccaaac gtggcctaaa agtctgtgct gatccacaag   240
ccacgtgggt gagagacgtg gtcaggagca tggacaggaa atccaacacc agaaataaca   300
tgatccagac caagccaaca ggaaccagc aatcgaccaa tacagctgtg accctgactg   360
gctagtagtc tctggcacc tgtccgtctc cagccagcca gctcatttca ctttacacc   420
tcatggactg agattatact caccttttat gaaagcactg catgaataaa attattcctt   480
tgtattttta cttttaaatg tcttctgtat tcacttatat gttctaatta ataaattatt   540
tattattaag aa                                     552

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<210> SEQ ID NO 66
 <211> LENGTH: 114
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C motif) ligand 2 (XCL2)

<400> SEQUENCE: 66

Met Arg Leu Leu Ile Leu Ala Leu Leu Gly Ile Cys Ser Leu Thr Ala
 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ile Val Glu Gly Val Gly Ser Glu Val Ser His Arg Arg Thr Cys
 20 25 30

Val Ser Leu Thr Thr Gln Arg Leu Pro Val Ser Arg Ile Lys Thr Tyr
 35 40 45

Thr Ile Thr Glu Gly Ser Leu Arg Ala Val Ile Phe Ile Thr Lys Arg
 50 55 60

Gly Leu Lys Val Cys Ala Asp Pro Gln Ala Thr Trp Val Arg Asp Val
 65 70 75 80

Val Arg Ser Met Asp Arg Lys Ser Asn Thr Arg Asn Asn Met Ile Gln
 85 90 95

Thr Lys Pro Thr Gly Thr Gln Gln Ser Thr Asn Thr Ala Val Thr Leu

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	100	105	110	
Thr Gly				
<210> SEQ ID NO 67				
<211> LENGTH: 3432				
<212> TYPE: DNA				
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens				
<220> FEATURE:				
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin E receptor 4 (subtype EP4)				
(PTGER4) cDNA				
<220> FEATURE:				
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS				
<222> LOCATION: (593)..(2059)				
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: PTGER4				
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cgaaactcc agtagccgcc cgtgctgccc gtggctgggg cggagggcag ccagagctgg				180
ggaccaaggc tccgcgccac ctgcgcgcac agcctcacac ctgaacgctg tctctccgca				240
gacgagaccg gcgggcactg caaagctggg actcgtcttt gaaggaaaa aaatagcgag				300
taagaaatcc agcaccatcc ttcactgacc catcccgctg cacctcttgt tteccaagtt				360
tttgaaagct ggcaactctg acctcggtgt ccaaaaatcg acagccactg agaccggcctt				420
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ggcgggtcca ggacatctga gggctgacct tgggggctcg tgaggctgcc accgctgctg				540
ccgctacaga cccagccttg cactccaagg ctgcgcaccg ccagccacta tcatgtccac				600
tcccggggtc aattcgtccg cctccttgag ccccgaccgg ctgaacagcc cagtgacct				660
cccgggcggg atgttcattc tcgggggtgt gggcaacctg gtggccatcg tgggtgctgtg				720
caagtgcgcg aaggagcaga aggagacgac cttctacacg ctggtatgtg ggctggctgt				780
caccgacctg ttgggcactt tgttggtgag cccggtgacc atcgccacgt acatgaaggg				840
ccaatggccc gggggccagc cgctgtgcga gtacagcacc ttcatcttgc tcttcttcag				900
cctgtccggc ctcagcatca tctgcccatt gactgtcgag cgctacctgg ccatcaacca				960
tgctatttcc tacagccact acgtggacaa gcgattggcg ggcctcacgc tctttgcagt				1020
ctatgcgtcc aacgtgctct tttgcgcgct gcccaacatg ggtctcggta gctcgggct				1080
gcagtacca gacacotggt gcttcacga ctggaccacc aacgtgacgg cgcacgccgc				1140
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cgtgcttggt tgccggcgcc tgcctccgat gcaccgccag ttcattgcgc gcacctcgct				1260
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gcgagaagtc agtaaaaatc cagatttgca ggccatccga attgcttctg tgaaccccat				1560
cctagacccc tggatatata tctcctgag aaagacagt ctcagtaaag caatagagaa				1620
gatcaaatgc ctcttctgcc gcattggcgg gtcccgagg gagcgctccg gacagcactg				1680
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ggagctgaag gagatcagca gtacatctca gaccctcctg ccagacctct cactgccaga 1800
cctcagtga aatggccttg gaggcaggaa tttgcttcca ggtgtgcctg gcatgggcct 1860
ggcccaggaa gacaccacct cactgaggac tttgcgaata tcagagacct cagactcttc 1920
acagggtcag gactcagaga gtgtcttact ggtggatgag gctggtgga gcggcagggc 1980
tgggcctgcc cctaagggga gctccctgca agtcacattt cccagtga aa cactgaactt 2040
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aaaatcctgt gcaatagaca catacatgct acatttagct gtgctcagaa gggctatcat 2160
catcctacaa ctcacattag agaacatcct ggcttttgag cacttttcaa acaatcaagt 2220
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tatcgcaacc cctctccttc cagtataacc agctgaagtt gcagatgtta gatatttttc 2640
ataaacaagt tcgagtcaaa gttgaaaatt catagtaaga ttgatatcta taaaatagat 2700
ataaattttt aagagaaaa atttagtatt atcaaaggga taaagaaaaa aatactattt 2760
aagatgtgaa aattacagtc caaaatactg ttctttccag gctatgtata aaatacatag 2820
tgaaaattgt ttagtgatat tacatttatt tatccagaaa actgtgattt caggagaacc 2880
taacatgctg gtgaatattt tcaacttttt ccctcactaa ttggtacttt taaaaacata 2940
acataaattt ttgaagctt ttaataaata acccataatt gaagtgtata atataaaaaa 3000
ttttaaaaat ctaagcagct tattgtttct ctgaaagtgt gtgtagtttt actttcctaa 3060
ggaattacca agaatatcct ttaaaattta aaaggatggc aagttgcac agaaagcttt 3120
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gtgcagaatt ggggcactta atggtcacct tgtaacagtt ttgtgtaact cccagtgatg 3240
ctgtacacat atttgaaggg tcttttctca agaaatatta agcatgtttt gttgtcagat 3300
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aagcagttgt accaagtga attattttgg agattataat aaatatatac attcaaaaaa 3420
aaaaaaaaaa aa 3432

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<210> SEQ ID NO 68
<211> LENGTH: 488
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: prostaglandin E receptor 4 (subtype EP4)
(PTGER4)

<400> SEQUENCE: 68

```

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Met Ser Thr Pro Gly Val Asn Ser Ser Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Asp Arg
1           5           10           15

Leu Asn Ser Pro Val Thr Ile Pro Ala Val Met Phe Ile Phe Gly Val
          20           25           30

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-continued

Val	Gly	Asn	Leu	Val	Ala	Ile	Val	Val	Leu	Cys	Lys	Ser	Arg	Lys	Glu
	35						40					45			
Gln	Lys	Glu	Thr	Thr	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Val	Cys	Gly	Leu	Ala	Val	Thr
	50					55					60				
Asp	Leu	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Pro	Val	Thr	Ile	Ala	Thr	Tyr
65					70				75						80
Met	Lys	Gly	Gln	Trp	Pro	Gly	Gly	Gln	Pro	Leu	Cys	Glu	Tyr	Ser	Thr
			85					90						95	
Phe	Ile	Leu	Leu	Phe	Phe	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Cys	Ala
		100						105					110		
Met	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Ile	Asn	His	Ala	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Ser
	115					120						125			
His	Tyr	Val	Asp	Lys	Arg	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Thr	Leu	Phe	Ala	Val	Tyr
	130					135					140				
Ala	Ser	Asn	Val	Leu	Phe	Cys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Asn	Met	Gly	Leu	Gly	Ser
145					150				155						160
Ser	Arg	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Pro	Asp	Thr	Trp	Cys	Phe	Ile	Asp	Trp	Thr	Thr
			165					170						175	
Asn	Val	Thr	Ala	His	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Tyr	Met	Tyr	Ala	Gly	Phe	Ser
	180							185					190		
Ser	Phe	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Cys	Asn	Val	Leu	Val	Cys	Gly
	195						200					205			
Ala	Leu	Leu	Arg	Met	His	Arg	Gln	Phe	Met	Arg	Arg	Thr	Ser	Leu	Gly
	210					215						220			
Thr	Glu	Gln	His	His	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ser	Val	Ala	Ser	Arg	Gly
225					230					235					240
His	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Pro	Ala	Leu	Pro	Arg	Leu	Ser	Asp	Phe	Arg	Arg
		245						250						255	
Arg	Arg	Ser	Phe	Arg	Arg	Ile	Ala	Gly	Ala	Glu	Ile	Gln	Met	Val	Ile
		260					265						270		
Leu	Leu	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ser	Leu	Val	Val	Leu	Ile	Cys	Ser	Ile	Pro	Leu
	275					280						285			
Val	Val	Arg	Val	Phe	Val	Asn	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Pro	Ser	Leu	Glu	Arg
	290					295					300				
Glu	Val	Ser	Lys	Asn	Pro	Asp	Leu	Gln	Ala	Ile	Arg	Ile	Ala	Ser	Val
305				310					315						320
Asn	Pro	Ile	Leu	Asp	Pro	Trp	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Leu	Arg	Lys	Thr	Val
		325						330						335	
Leu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ile	Glu	Lys	Ile	Lys	Cys	Leu	Phe	Cys	Arg	Ile	Gly
		340					345						350		
Gly	Ser	Arg	Arg	Glu	Arg	Ser	Gly	Gln	His	Cys	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gln	Arg
	355						360					365			
Thr	Ser	Ser	Ala	Met	Ser	Gly	His	Ser	Arg	Ser	Phe	Ile	Ser	Arg	Glu
	370					375					380				
Leu	Lys	Glu	Ile	Ser	Ser	Thr	Ser	Gln	Thr	Leu	Leu	Pro	Asp	Leu	Ser
385				390						395					400
Leu	Pro	Asp	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Gly	Gly	Arg	Asn	Leu	Leu	Pro
		405						410					415		
Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Met	Gly	Leu	Ala	Gln	Glu	Asp	Thr	Thr	Ser	Leu	Arg
		420						425					430		
Thr	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ser	Glu	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Gln	Gly	Gln	Asp	Ser

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435	440	445
Glu Ser Val Leu Leu Val Asp	Glu Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Arg Ala Gly	
450	455	460
Pro Ala Pro Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu Gln Val Thr	Phe Pro Ser Glu Thr	
465	470	475
Leu Asn Leu Ser Glu Lys Cys Ile		
485		

<210> SEQ ID NO 69
 <211> LENGTH: 4145
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: caspase 2, apoptosis-related cysteine peptidase
 (neural precursor cell expressed, developmentally
 down-regulated 2) (CASP2) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (148)..(1506)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CASP2

<400> SEQUENCE: 69

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tgaggggagg gatgtggggg aagcgacggc ccccggtttg tttgggctgt gggcggtgag   120
cagcggagag cccgggaaaa gcgggaaatg gcggcgccga gcgcggggtc ttggtccacc   180
ttccagcaca aggagctgat ggccgctgac aggggacgca ggatattggg agtgtgtggc   240
atgcacctc atcatcagga aactctaaaa aagaaccgag tgggtgctagc caaacagctg   300
ttgttgagcg aattgttaga acatctcttg gagaaggaca tcatcacctt ggaaatgagg   360
gagctcatcc aggccaaagt gggcagtttc agccagaatg tggaaactct caacttgctg   420
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ttgagctgtg actacgactt gagtctccct tttccggtgt gtgagtcctg tcccccttac   600
aagaagctcc gcctgtcgac agatactgtg gaacactccc tagacaataa agatggtcct   660
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tataggttgc agtctcggcc tcgtggccta gcactggtgt tgagcaatgt gcacttcact   780
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ctcttcaagc ttttgggcta tgacgtccat gttctatgtg accagactgc acaggaaatg   900
caagagaaac tgcagaattt tgcacagtta cctgcacacc gagtcacgga ctctgcatc   960
gtggcactcc tctcgcattg tgtggagggc gccatctatg gtgtggatgg gaaactgctc  1020
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ccaaaaatgt tcttcatcca ggctgcccgt ggagatgaga ctgacgtggg ggttgaccaa  1140
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aagttgccga agatgagact gcccacgcgc tcagacatga tatcgggcta tgccctgctc  1260
aaagggactg ccgccatgag gaacacccaa cgaggttcct ggtacatcga ggctcttgct  1320
caagtgtttt ctgagcgggc ttgtgatatg cacgtggcgc acatgctggt taaggtgaac  1380
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atgtctgaat actgcagcac tctgtgcgcg cacctctacc tgttcccagg acaccctccc  1500
  
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taatgtagac attatctttt ggctctgaag aagcaaacat gactagagac gcacctgtct	2040
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gagctttgtt actgaaatga gcctcgtggg gagcatcaga gaaggccagg aagaatggtg	2280
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gagggcagaa accttgtttg ttttattcac catcatgtac caagtgcttg gcacatagtg	3720
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gtgtgagata acttccttca catctcccat ggtccctagc aaaatgctag gcctgtagta 3960
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ctttgggtcg acatagtatg gaagtatttg agagagagaa cctttccact cccactgccca 4080
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aaaaa 4145

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<210> SEQ ID NO 70
<211> LENGTH: 452
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: caspase 2, apoptosis-related cysteine peptidase
(neural precursor cell expressed, developmentally
down-regulated 2) (CASP2)

```

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<400> SEQUENCE: 70

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Leu Met Ala Ala Asp Arg Gly Arg Arg Ile Leu Gly Val Cys Gly Met
      20      25      30
His Pro His His Gln Glu Thr Leu Lys Lys Asn Arg Val Val Leu Ala
      35      40      45
Lys Gln Leu Leu Leu Ser Glu Leu Leu Glu His Leu Leu Glu Lys Asp
      50      55      60
Ile Ile Thr Leu Glu Met Arg Glu Leu Ile Gln Ala Lys Val Gly Ser
65      70      75      80
Phe Ser Gln Asn Val Glu Leu Leu Asn Leu Leu Pro Lys Arg Gly Pro
      85      90      95
Gln Ala Phe Asp Ala Phe Cys Glu Ala Leu Arg Glu Thr Lys Gln Gly
      100     105     110
His Leu Glu Asp Met Leu Leu Thr Thr Leu Ser Gly Leu Gln His Val
      115     120     125
Leu Pro Pro Leu Ser Cys Asp Tyr Asp Leu Ser Leu Pro Phe Pro Val
      130     135     140
Cys Glu Ser Cys Pro Leu Tyr Lys Lys Leu Arg Leu Ser Thr Asp Thr
145     150     155     160
Val Glu His Ser Leu Asp Asn Lys Asp Gly Pro Val Cys Leu Gln Val
      165     170     175
Lys Pro Cys Thr Pro Glu Phe Tyr Gln Thr His Phe Gln Leu Ala Tyr
      180     185     190
Arg Leu Gln Ser Arg Pro Arg Gly Leu Ala Leu Val Leu Ser Asn Val
      195     200     205
His Phe Thr Gly Glu Lys Glu Leu Glu Phe Arg Ser Gly Gly Asp Val
      210     215     220
Asp His Ser Thr Leu Val Thr Leu Phe Lys Leu Leu Gly Tyr Asp Val
225     230     235     240
His Val Leu Cys Asp Gln Thr Ala Gln Glu Met Gln Glu Lys Leu Gln
      245     250     255
Asn Phe Ala Gln Leu Pro Ala His Arg Val Thr Asp Ser Cys Ile Val

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Ala Leu Leu Ser His Gly Val	Glu Gly Ala Ile Tyr Gly Val Asp Gly	
275	280	285
Lys Leu Leu Gln Leu Gln Glu Val Phe Gln Leu Phe Asp Asn Ala Asn		
290	295	300
Cys Pro Ser Leu Gln Asn Lys Pro Lys Met Phe Phe Ile Gln Ala Cys		
305	310	315
Arg Gly Asp Glu Thr Asp Arg Gly Val Asp Gln Gln Asp Gly Lys Asn		
325	330	335
His Ala Gly Ser Pro Gly Cys Glu Glu Ser Asp Ala Gly Lys Glu Lys		
340	345	350
Leu Pro Lys Met Arg Leu Pro Thr Arg Ser Asp Met Ile Cys Gly Tyr		
355	360	365
Ala Cys Leu Lys Gly Thr Ala Ala Met Arg Asn Thr Lys Arg Gly Ser		
370	375	380
Trp Tyr Ile Glu Ala Leu Ala Gln Val Phe Ser Glu Arg Ala Cys Asp		
385	390	395
Met His Val Ala Asp Met Leu Val Lys Val Asn Ala Leu Ile Lys Asp		
405	410	415
Arg Glu Gly Tyr Ala Pro Gly Thr Glu Phe His Arg Cys Lys Glu Met		
420	425	430
Ser Glu Tyr Cys Ser Thr Leu Cys Arg His Leu Tyr Leu Phe Pro Gly		
435	440	445
His Pro Pro Thr		
450		

<210> SEQ ID NO 71
 <211> LENGTH: 1101
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two domains, short cytoplasmic tail, 1 (KIR2DS1) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (14)..(928)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: KIR2DS1

<400> SEQUENCE: 71

caccggcagc accatgtcgc tcacggctgc cagcatggcg tgtgttgggt tcttcttgc	60
gcagggggcc tggccacatg agggagtcca cagaaaacct tccctcctgg cccaccagg	120
tcgcctgggtg aaatcagaag agacagtcac cctgcaatgt tggtcagatg tcatgtttga	180
acacttcctt ctgcacagag aggggatgtt taacgacact ttgcgcctca ttggagaaca	240
ccatgatggg gtctccaagg ccaacttctc catcagtcgc atgaagcaag acctggcagg	300
gacctacaga tgctacgggt ctgttactca ctccccctat cagttgtcag ctcccagtga	360
ccctctggac atcgtgatca taggtctata tgagaaacct tctctctcag ccagccggg	420
ccccacgggt ctggcaggag agaattgtgac cttgtcctgc agctcccgga gctcctatga	480
catgtacat ctatccaggg aaggggaggg ccatgaacgt aggtccctg cagggaccaa	540
gggtcaacga acattccagg ccaactttcc tctgggcct gccacccatg gagggacct	600
cagatgcttc ggctctttcc gtgactctcc atacgagtgg tcaaagtcaa gtgacccact	660
gcttgtttct gtcacaggaa acccttcaaa tagttggcct tcacccactg aaccaagctc	720

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cgaaaccggt aaccccagac acctacatgt tctgattggg acctcagtgg tcaaaatccc 780
tttcaccatc ctctctttct ttctccttca tcgctgggtgc tccgacaaaa aaatgctgc 840
tgtaatggac caagagcctg caggggaacag aacagtgaac agcgaggatt ctgatgaaca 900
agaccatcag gaggtgtcat acgcataatt ggatcactgt gttttcacac agagaaaaat 960
cactcgccct tctgagaggg ccaagacacc cccaacagat accagcatgt acatagaact 1020
tccaaatgct gagcccagat ccaaagttgt cttctgtcca cgagcaccac agtcaggcct 1080
tgaggggatc ttctagggag a 1101

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 72
<211> LENGTH: 304
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two
domains, short cytoplasmic tail, 1 (KIR2DS1)

```

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<400> SEQUENCE: 72

```

```

Met Ser Leu Thr Val Val Ser Met Ala Cys Val Gly Phe Phe Leu Leu
1          5          10          15

Gln Gly Ala Trp Pro His Glu Gly Val His Arg Lys Pro Ser Leu Leu
          20          25          30

Ala His Pro Gly Arg Leu Val Lys Ser Glu Glu Thr Val Ile Leu Gln
          35          40          45

Cys Trp Ser Asp Val Met Phe Glu His Phe Leu Leu His Arg Glu Gly
          50          55          60

Met Phe Asn Asp Thr Leu Arg Leu Ile Gly Glu His His Asp Gly Val
          65          70          75          80

Ser Lys Ala Asn Phe Ser Ile Ser Arg Met Lys Gln Asp Leu Ala Gly
          85          90          95

Thr Tyr Arg Cys Tyr Gly Ser Val Thr His Ser Pro Tyr Gln Leu Ser
          100          105          110

Ala Pro Ser Asp Pro Leu Asp Ile Val Ile Ile Gly Leu Tyr Glu Lys
          115          120          125

Pro Ser Leu Ser Ala Gln Pro Gly Pro Thr Val Leu Ala Gly Glu Asn
          130          135          140

Val Thr Leu Ser Cys Ser Ser Arg Ser Ser Tyr Asp Met Tyr His Leu
          145          150          155          160

Ser Arg Glu Gly Glu Ala His Glu Arg Arg Leu Pro Ala Gly Thr Lys
          165          170          175

Val Asn Gly Thr Phe Gln Ala Asn Phe Pro Leu Gly Pro Ala Thr His
          180          185          190

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Arg Cys Phe Gly Ser Phe Arg Asp Ser Pro Tyr Glu
          195          200          205

Trp Ser Lys Ser Ser Asp Pro Leu Leu Val Ser Val Thr Gly Asn Pro
          210          215          220

Ser Asn Ser Trp Pro Ser Pro Thr Glu Pro Ser Ser Glu Thr Gly Asn
          225          230          235          240

Pro Arg His Leu His Val Leu Ile Gly Thr Ser Val Val Lys Ile Pro
          245          250          255

Phe Thr Ile Leu Leu Phe Phe Leu Leu His Arg Trp Cys Ser Asp Lys
          260          265          270

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Lys Asn Ala Ala Val Met Asp Gln Glu Pro Ala Gly Asn Arg Thr Val
275 280 285

Asn Ser Glu Asp Ser Asp Glu Gln Asp His Gln Glu Val Ser Tyr Ala
290 295 300

```
<210> SEQ ID NO 73
<211> LENGTH: 2964
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase
kinase 2 (MAP4K2) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (93)..(2555)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: MAP4K2
```

<400> SEQUENCE: 73

cagagccacg	ggcgcccgcc	cgcgcccgcg	ccgcgcccgcg	cgggctccgc	agctcgcgcc	60
cgccccctg	ccggccccgc	cggcgccggg	ccatggcgct	gctgcgggat	gtgtcgctgc	120
aggaccgcg	ggaccgcttc	gagctgctgc	agcgctggg	ggccgggacc	tatggcgacg	180
tctacaaggc	ccgcgacacg	gtcacgtccg	aactggccgc	cgtgaagata	gtcaagctag	240
accacgggga	cgacatcagc	tccctccagc	aggaaatcac	catcctgcgt	gagtgcgcgc	300
accccaatgt	ggtggcctac	attggcagct	acctcaggaa	tgaccgcttg	tggatctgca	360
tggagtctg	cggagggggc	tccctgcagg	agatttacca	tgccactggg	cccctggagg	420
agcggcagat	tgccctacgc	tgccgagagg	cactgaaggg	gctccaccac	ctgcattctc	480
aggggaagat	ccacagagac	atcaagggag	ccaaccttct	cctcactctc	caggggagatg	540
tcaaactggc	tgactttggg	gtgtcaggcg	agctgacagc	gtctgtggcc	aagaggaggt	600
ctttcattgg	gactccctac	tggatggctc	ccgaggtggc	tgctgtggag	cgaaaagggtg	660
gctacaatga	gctatgtgac	gtctggggcc	tgggcatcac	tgccattgag	ctgggcgagc	720
tgcagcccc	tctgttccac	ctgcacccca	tgagggccct	gatgctcatg	tcgaagagca	780
gcttcagcc	gccccaaactg	agagataaga	ctcgtctggc	ccagaatttc	caccactttc	840
tcaaactggc	cctgaccaag	aatcctaaga	agaggccgag	agcagagaag	ctcctgcagc	900
acccgttcac	gactcagcag	ctccctcggg	ccctcctcac	acagctgctg	gacaaagcca	960
gtgacctca	tctggggacc	ccctccctcg	aggactgtga	gctggagacc	tatgacatgt	1020
ttccagacac	cattcactcc	cgggggcagc	acggcccagc	cgagaggacc	ccctcggaga	1080
tccagtttca	ccaggtgaaa	tttgcgcccc	cacgcaggaa	ggaactgac	ccactgaatg	1140
agccgtggga	ggaagagtgg	acactactgg	gaaaggaaga	gttgagtggg	agcctgctgc	1200
agtcggtcca	ggaggccctg	gaggaaaagg	gtctgactat	tcggtcagcc	tcagaatttc	1260
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cactccccac	tgacctccca	gcagaggagc	ctctgtccag	tccccaggga	acctgcccc	1380
cacctccttc	aggccccaac	agctccccc	tgctgcccac	ggcctggggc	accatgaagc	1440
agcgggagga	tcctgagagg	tcctcctgcc	acgggctccc	cccaactccc	aaggtgcata	1500
tgggcgcctg	cttctccaag	gtcttcaatg	gtgccccct	gcggatccac	gtgctgtca	1560
cttgaattca	ccctgttact	cgggaccagt	tctgtgtgt	aggggcccag	gaagggcatct	1620

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acacactcaa cctgcatgaa ctgcatgagg atacgctgga gaagctgatt tcacatcgct 1680
gctcctggct ctactgcgtg aacaacgtgc tgctgtcact ctacaggaaa tccacgcaca 1740
tctggggcca tgacctccca ggctgtttg agcagcggag gctacagcaa cagggtcccc 1800
tctccatccc caccaaccgc ctcaccagc gcacatcccc caggcgcttt gctctgtcca 1860
ccaagattcc tgacacaaaa ggctgcttgc agtgtcgtgt ggtgcggaac ccctacacgg 1920
gtgccacctt cctgctggcc gccctgcccc ccagcctgct cctgctgcag tggatatgac 1980
cgctgcagaa gtttctgtgt ctgaagaact tctccagccc tctgccagc ccagctggga 2040
tgtcggagcc gctggtgtgt gatgggaagg agctgccgca ggtgtgtgtt ggggccgagg 2100
ggcctgaggg gcccggtcgc cgctcctgt tccatgtct gccctggag gctggcctga 2160
cgcccgacat cctcatccca cctgagggga tcccaggctc ggcccagcag gtgatccagg 2220
tggacaggga cacaatecta gtcagctttg aacgctgtgt gaggattgtc aacatgcagg 2280
gcgagcccac ggccacactg gcacctgagc tgacctttga tttcccatc gagactgtgg 2340
tgtgcctgca ggacagtgtg ctggccttct ggagccatgg gatgcaaggc cgaagcctgg 2400
ataccaatga ggtgacccag gagatcacag atgaacaag gatcttccga gtgcttgggg 2460
cccacagaga catcatcctg gagagcattc ccactgacaa ccagaggcg cacagcaacc 2520
tctacatcct cacgggccac cagagcacct actaagagca gcgggcctgt ccaggggctc 2580
cccgcccccac cccacgcctt agctgcaggc ccttttgggc aaaggggccc atcctagacc 2640
agaggagccc aggccttggc cctgctgggg ctgaagggtca gaagtaatcc tgagaaatgt 2700
ttcaggcctg gggaggagg ggagccccc acgcctctgc aataactgga ccagggggag 2760
ctgctgtcac tccccatcc ccgaggcagc ccagtccta gtgcccaagg cagggaccct 2820
gggctgggc catccattcc atttgttcc acatttcctt tctactcttt ctgccaagag 2880
cctgcccctg catttgtct gggaaacacg gtatttaaga gagaactata ttggtattaa 2940
agctggttg ttttaaaaa aaaa 2964

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<210> SEQ ID NO 74

<211> LENGTH: 820

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<220> FEATURE:

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: mitogen-activated protein kinase kinase kinase 2 (MAP4K2)

<400> SEQUENCE: 74

```

Met Ala Leu Leu Arg Asp Val Ser Leu Gln Asp Pro Arg Asp Arg Phe
1         5         10        15
Glu Leu Leu Gln Arg Val Gly Ala Gly Thr Tyr Gly Asp Val Tyr Lys
20        25        30
Ala Arg Asp Thr Val Thr Ser Glu Leu Ala Ala Val Lys Ile Val Lys
35        40        45
Leu Asp Pro Gly Asp Asp Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Gln Glu Ile Thr Ile
50        55        60
Leu Arg Glu Cys Arg His Pro Asn Val Val Ala Tyr Ile Gly Ser Tyr
65        70        75        80
Leu Arg Asn Asp Arg Leu Trp Ile Cys Met Glu Phe Cys Gly Gly Gly
85        90        95
Ser Leu Gln Glu Ile Tyr His Ala Thr Gly Pro Leu Glu Arg Gln

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100							105					110				
Ile	Ala	Tyr	Val	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ala	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	His	His	Leu	His	
	115						120					125				
Ser	Gln	Gly	Lys	Ile	His	Arg	Asp	Ile	Lys	Gly	Ala	Asn	Leu	Leu	Leu	
	130					135					140					
Thr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Asp	Val	Lys	Leu	Ala	Asp	Phe	Gly	Val	Ser	Gly	Glu	
145					150					155					160	
Leu	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val	Ala	Lys	Arg	Arg	Ser	Phe	Ile	Gly	Thr	Pro	Tyr	
			165						170					175		
Trp	Met	Ala	Pro	Glu	Val	Ala	Ala	Val	Glu	Arg	Lys	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Asn	
		180						185					190			
Glu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Val	Trp	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ile	Glu	Leu	Gly	
		195					200					205				
Glu	Leu	Gln	Pro	Pro	Leu	Phe	His	Leu	His	Pro	Met	Arg	Ala	Leu	Met	
	210					215					220					
Leu	Met	Ser	Lys	Ser	Ser	Phe	Gln	Pro	Pro	Lys	Leu	Arg	Asp	Lys	Thr	
225					230					235					240	
Arg	Trp	Thr	Gln	Asn	Phe	His	His	Phe	Leu	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Thr	Lys	
			245						250					255		
Asn	Pro	Lys	Lys	Arg	Pro	Thr	Ala	Glu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Gln	His	Pro	Phe	
		260						265					270			
Thr	Thr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Leu	Leu	Asp	Lys	
	275						280					285				
Ala	Ser	Asp	Pro	His	Leu	Gly	Thr	Pro	Ser	Pro	Glu	Asp	Cys	Glu	Leu	
	290					295					300					
Glu	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Met	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	Ile	His	Ser	Arg	Gly	Gln	His	
305					310					315					320	
Gly	Pro	Ala	Glu	Arg	Thr	Pro	Ser	Glu	Ile	Gln	Phe	His	Gln	Val	Lys	
			325					330					335			
Phe	Gly	Ala	Pro	Arg	Arg	Lys	Glu	Thr	Asp	Pro	Leu	Asn	Glu	Pro	Trp	
		340					345					350				
Glu	Glu	Glu	Trp	Thr	Leu	Leu	Gly	Lys	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	
	355						360					365				
Leu	Gln	Ser	Val	Gln	Glu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Glu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ile	Arg	
	370					375					380					
Ser	Ala	Ser	Glu	Phe	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ser	Pro	Asp	Asp	Thr	Met	Gly	
385					390					395					400	
Thr	Ile	Lys	Arg	Ala	Pro	Phe	Leu	Gly	Pro	Leu	Pro	Thr	Asp	Pro	Pro	
			405						410					415		
Ala	Glu	Glu	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ser	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Pro	Pro	
			420					425					430			
Ser	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ser	Ser	Pro	Leu	Leu	Pro	Thr	Ala	Trp	Ala	Thr	Met	
	435						440					445				
Lys	Gln	Arg	Glu	Asp	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ser	Ser	Cys	His	Gly	Leu	Pro	Pro	
	450					455					460					
Thr	Pro	Lys	Val	His	Met	Gly	Ala	Cys	Phe	Ser	Lys	Val	Phe	Asn	Gly	
465					470				475					480		
Cys	Pro	Leu	Arg	Ile	His	Ala	Ala	Val	Thr	Trp	Ile	His	Pro	Val	Thr	
			485						490					495		
Arg	Asp	Gln	Phe	Leu	Val	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Glu	Gly	Ile	Tyr	Thr	Leu	
		500					505					510				

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Asn Leu His Glu Leu His Glu Asp Thr Leu Glu Lys Leu Ile Ser His
  515                      520                      525

Arg Cys Ser Trp Leu Tyr Cys Val Asn Asn Val Leu Leu Ser Leu Ser
  530                      535                      540

Gly Lys Ser Thr His Ile Trp Ala His Asp Leu Pro Gly Leu Phe Glu
  545                      550                      555                      560

Gln Arg Arg Leu Gln Gln Gln Val Pro Leu Ser Ile Pro Thr Asn Arg
  565                      570                      575

Leu Thr Gln Arg Ile Ile Pro Arg Arg Phe Ala Leu Ser Thr Lys Ile
  580                      585                      590

Pro Asp Thr Lys Gly Cys Leu Gln Cys Arg Val Val Arg Asn Pro Tyr
  595                      600                      605

Thr Gly Ala Thr Phe Leu Leu Ala Ala Leu Pro Thr Ser Leu Leu Leu
  610                      615                      620

Leu Gln Trp Tyr Glu Pro Leu Gln Lys Phe Leu Leu Leu Lys Asn Phe
  625                      630                      635                      640

Ser Ser Pro Leu Pro Ser Pro Ala Gly Met Leu Glu Pro Leu Val Leu
  645                      650                      655

Asp Gly Lys Glu Leu Pro Gln Val Cys Val Gly Ala Glu Gly Pro Glu
  660                      665                      670

Gly Pro Gly Cys Arg Val Leu Phe His Val Leu Pro Leu Glu Ala Gly
  675                      680                      685

Leu Thr Pro Asp Ile Leu Ile Pro Pro Glu Gly Ile Pro Gly Ser Ala
  690                      695                      700

Gln Gln Val Ile Gln Val Asp Arg Asp Thr Ile Leu Val Ser Phe Glu
  705                      710                      715                      720

Arg Cys Val Arg Ile Val Asn Met Gln Gly Glu Pro Thr Ala Thr Leu
  725                      730                      735

Ala Pro Glu Leu Thr Phe Asp Phe Pro Ile Glu Thr Val Val Cys Leu
  740                      745                      750

Gln Asp Ser Val Leu Ala Phe Trp Ser His Gly Met Gln Gly Arg Ser
  755                      760                      765

Leu Asp Thr Asn Glu Val Thr Gln Glu Ile Thr Asp Glu Thr Arg Ile
  770                      775                      780

Phe Arg Val Leu Gly Ala His Arg Asp Ile Ile Leu Glu Ser Ile Pro
  785                      790                      795                      800

Thr Asp Asn Pro Glu Ala His Ser Asn Leu Tyr Ile Leu Thr Gly His
  805                      810                      815

Gln Ser Thr Tyr
  820

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<210> SEQ ID NO 75
<211> LENGTH: 2475
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (119)..(463)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CXCL5

<400> SEQUENCE: 75

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gtgcagaagg caccaggaag ccacagtgc cggatcctc caatcttcgc tctccaatc 60

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tccgctcttc caccagttc aggaacccgc gaccgctcgc agcgtctctc tgaccactat	120
gagctctctg tccagccgcg cggcccggtg ccccggtcct tcgagctcct tgtgcgcgct	180
gttggtgctg ctgctgctgc tgacgcagcc agggcccatc gccagcgctg gtctcgccgc	240
tgctgtgttg agagagctgc gttgcgtttg tttacagacc acgcaaggag ttcattccaa	300
aatgatcagt aatctgcaag tgttcgcat aggccacag tgctccaagg tggaagtggg	360
agctccctg aagaacggga aggaatttg tcttgatcca gaagccctt ttctaagaa	420
agtcattccag aaaattttg acggtggaaa caaggaaaac tgattaagag aatgagcac	480
gcattgaaaa gtttccagc cttcagcaga gaagttttc ggaggtctct gaaccaggg	540
aagacaagaa ggaagattt tgtgtgtgtt tgtttattt tttttccagt agttagcttt	600
cttctggat tctcacttt gaagagtgtg aggaaaacct atgtttgccg cttaagcttt	660
cagctcagct aatgaagtgt ttagcatagt acctctgcta tttgctgtta ttttatctgc	720
tatgctattg aagttttggc aattgactat agtgtgagcc aggaatcact ggctgttaat	780
ctttcaaagt gtctgaatt gtaggtgact attatattc caagaaatat tcttaagat	840
attaactgag aaggctgtgg atttaatgtg gaaatgatgt ttcataagaa tctgttgat	900
ggaaatacac tgttatctc acttttataa gaaataggaa atattttaat gtttcttggg	960
gaatatgtta gagaatttcc tttactctga ttgtgggata ctatttaatt atttcacttt	1020
agaaagtga gtgtttcaca cttatctat gtagaatata tttcttatt cagaatttct	1080
aaaagttaa gttctatgag ggctaatac ttatcttctc ataattttag acattcttta	1140
tctttttagt atggcaaac gccatcattt acttttaaac tttgatttta tatgctattt	1200
attaagtatt ttattaggag taccataatt ctggtagcta aatatatatt ttagatagat	1260
gaagaagcta gaaaacaggc aaattcctga ctgctagttt atatagaaat gtattctttt	1320
agttttttaa gtaaaggcaa acttaacaat gacttgact ctgaaagttt tggaaacgta	1380
ttcaacaat ttgaatataa atttatcatt tagttataaa aatatatagc gacatcctcg	1440
aggccctagc atttctcctt ggatagggga ccagagagag cttggaatgt taaaaacaaa	1500
acaaaacaaa aaaaaacaag gagaagtgtt ccaagggatg tcaatttttt atccctctgt	1560
atgggttaga ttttccaaaa tcataatttg aagaaggcca gcatttatgg tagaatatat	1620
aattatatat aaggtggcca cgctggggca agttccctcc ccactcacag ctttggcccc	1680
tttcacagag tagaacctgg gttagaggat tgcagaagac gagcggcagc ggggagggca	1740
gggaagatgc ctgtcgggtt tttagcacag ttcatttcac tgggattttg aagcatttct	1800
gtctgaatgt aaagcctgtt ctagtctgg tgggacacac tggggttggg ggtgggggaa	1860
gatgcggtaa tgaaacggg tagtcagtgt tgtcttaata tcttgataa tgctgtaaag	1920
tttattttta caaatattt tgtttaagc atttcacct tgtttggaaa tcttccctt	1980
ttaaagagaa aatgtgacac ttgtgaaaag gctttagga aagctcctc ctttttttct	2040
ttaaacctt aatgacaaa cctaggtaat taatggtgt gaatttctat ttttctttg	2100
tttttaatga acatttgtct ttcagaatag gattctgtga taatatttaa atggcaaaaa	2160
caaaacataa ttttgtcaa ttaacaaagc tactgcaaga aaaataaac atttcttggg	2220
aaaaacgtat gtatttatat attatatatt tatatataat atatattata tatttagcat	2280
tgctgagctt tttagatgcc tattgtgtat cttttaagg ttttgacct tttgttatga	2340

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gtaattacat atatattaca ttactatat taaaattgta cttttttact atgtgtotca 2400
ttgggttcata gtctttatatt tgctccttga ataaacatta aaagatttct aaacttcaaa 2460
aaaaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 2475

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```

<210> SEQ ID NO 76
<211> LENGTH: 114
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 5 (CXCL5)

```

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<400> SEQUENCE: 76

```

```

Met Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Arg Ala Ala Arg Val Pro Gly Pro Ser Ser
1          5          10          15
Ser Leu Cys Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Pro Gly
          20          25          30
Pro Ile Ala Ser Ala Gly Pro Ala Ala Ala Val Leu Arg Glu Leu Arg
          35          40          45
Cys Val Cys Leu Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Val His Pro Lys Met Ile Ser
          50          55          60
Asn Leu Gln Val Phe Ala Ile Gly Pro Gln Cys Ser Lys Val Glu Val
65          70          75          80
Val Ala Ser Leu Lys Asn Gly Lys Glu Ile Cys Leu Asp Pro Glu Ala
          85          90          95
Pro Phe Leu Lys Lys Val Ile Gln Lys Ile Leu Asp Gly Gly Asn Lys
          100         105         110
Glu Asn

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 77
<211> LENGTH: 1166
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3 (CXCL3) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (163)..(486)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: CXCL3

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<400> SEQUENCE: 77

```

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gtcccgaggaa tttccctggc ccggccgctc cgggctttcc agtctcaacc atgcataaaa 60
agggttcgcc gatcttgggg agccacacag cccgggtcgc aggcacctcc ccgccagctc 120
tcccgtttct cgcacagctt cccgacgcgt ctgctgagcc ccattggcca cggccagctc 180
tccgcgcgcc ccagcaatcc ccggctcctg cgggtggcgc tgctgtcctc gtccttggtg 240
gccgccagcc ggcgcgcagc aggagcgtcc gtggtcactg aactgcgctg ccagtgcctg 300
cagacactgc agggaattca cctcaagaac atccaaagtg tgaatgtaag gtcccccgga 360
ccccactgcy cccaaaccga agtcatagcc aactcaaga atgggaagaa agcttgcttc 420
aaccgcccat ccccatggt tcagaaaatc atcgaaaaga tactgaacaa ggggagcacc 480
aactgacagg agagaagtaa gaagcttacc agcgtatcat tgacacttcc tgcagggtgg 540
tccttgccct taccagagct gaaaatgaaa aagagaacag cagctttcta gggacagctg 600
gaaaggactt aatgtgtttg actatttctt acgagggttc tacttattta tgtatttatt 660

```

-continued

```

tttgaaagct tgtattttaa tattttacat gctgttattt aaagatgtga gtgtgtttca    720
tcaaacatag ctcagtcctg attatttaat tggaatatga tgggttttaa atgtgtcatt    780
aaactaatat ttagtgggag accataatgt gtcagccacc ttgataaatg acaggggtgg    840
gaactggagg gtggggggat tgaaatgcaa gcaattatgt gatcactgtt agggtaaggg    900
aatgtatgta cacatctatt ttttatactt tttttttaa aaaagaatgt cagttgttat    960
ttattcaaat tatctcacat tatgtgttca acatttttat gotgaagttt cccttagaca   1020
ttttatgtct tgettgtagg gcataatgcc ttgtttaatg tccattctgc agcgtttctc   1080
tttcccttgg aaaagagaat ttatcattac tgttacattt gtacaaatga catgataata   1140
aaagttttat gaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa                                     1166

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 78
 <211> LENGTH: 107
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-X-C motif) ligand 3 (CXCL3) cDNA

<400> SEQUENCE: 78

```

Met Ala His Ala Thr Leu Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser Asn Pro Arg Leu Leu
1           5           10          15
Arg Val Ala Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Ala Ser Arg Arg Ala
20          25          30
Ala Gly Ala Ser Val Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Cys Gln Cys Leu Gln Thr
35          40          45
Leu Gln Gly Ile His Leu Lys Asn Ile Gln Ser Val Asn Val Arg Ser
50          55          60
Pro Gly Pro His Cys Ala Gln Thr Glu Val Ile Ala Thr Leu Lys Asn
65          70          75          80
Gly Lys Lys Ala Cys Leu Asn Pro Ala Ser Pro Met Val Gln Lys Ile
85          90          95
Ile Glu Lys Ile Leu Asn Lys Gly Ser Thr Asn
100         105

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 79
 <211> LENGTH: 861
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13 (CCL13) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (73)..(372)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CCL13

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

```

aaaaggccgg cggaacagcc agaggagcag agaggcaaag aaacattgtg aaatctccaa    60
ctcttaacct tcaacatgaa agtctctgca gtgcttctgt gctgtctgct catgacagca   120
gctttcaacc cccagggaact tgctcagcca gatgcactca acgtcccatc tacttgtctgc   180
ttcacattta gcagtaagaa gatctccttg cagaggctga agagctatgt gatcaccacc   240
agcaggtgtc ccagaaaggc tgtcatcttc agaaccaaac tgggcaagga gatctgtgct   300
gacccaaagg agaagtgggt ccagaattat atgaaacacc tgggccggaa agctcacacc   360
ctgaagactt gaactctgct acccctactg aatcaagct ggagtacgtg aaatgacttt   420

```

-continued

```

tccattctcc tctggcctcc tcttctatgc ttggaatac ttctaccata attttcaaatt 480
aggatgcatt cggttttgtg attcaaaatg tactatgtgt taagtaatat tggctattat 540
ttgacttggt gctggttttg agtttatttg agtattgctg atcttttcta aagcaaggcc 600
ttgagcaagt aggttgctgt ctctaagccc ccttcccttc cactatgagc tgctggcagt 660
gggtttgtat tcggttccca ggggttgaga gcatgcctgt gggagtcatt gacatgaagg 720
gatgctgcaa tgtaggaagg agagctcttt gtgaatgtga ggtgttgcta aatatgttat 780
tgtggaaga tgaatgcaat agtaggactg ctgacatttt gcagaaaata cattttattt 840
aaaatctcct aaaaaaaaaa a 861

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 80
<211> LENGTH: 98
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 13 (CCL13)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 80

```

```

Met Lys Val Ser Ala Val Leu Leu Cys Leu Leu Leu Met Thr Ala Ala
1      5      10      15
Phe Asn Pro Gln Gly Leu Ala Gln Pro Asp Ala Leu Asn Val Pro Ser
      20      25      30
Thr Cys Cys Phe Thr Phe Ser Ser Lys Lys Ile Ser Leu Gln Arg Leu
      35      40      45
Lys Ser Tyr Val Ile Thr Thr Ser Arg Cys Pro Gln Lys Ala Val Ile
      50      55      60
Phe Arg Thr Lys Leu Gly Lys Glu Ile Cys Ala Asp Pro Lys Glu Lys
65      70      75      80
Trp Val Gln Asn Tyr Met Lys His Leu Gly Arg Lys Ala His Thr Leu
      85      90      95

```

```

Lys Thr

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 81
<211> LENGTH: 2032
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) cDNA
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (48)..(1877)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: AFP

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 81

```

```

tccatattgt gcttccacca ctgccaataa caaaataact agcaaccatg aagtgggtgg 60
aatcaatttt tttaattttc ctactaaatt ttactgaatc cagaacactg catagaaatg 120
aatatggaat agcttcata ttgattctt accaatgtac tgcagagata agtttagctg 180
acctggctac catatttttt gccagtttg ttcaagaagc cacttacaag gaagtaagca 240
aaatggtgaa agatgcattg actgcaattg agaaaccac tggagatgaa cagtcttcag 300
ggtgtttaga aaaccagcta cctgcctttc tggaagaact ttgccatgag aaagaaattt 360
tggaagaagta cggacattca gactgctgca gccaaagtga agagggaaga cataactgtt 420
ttcttgacaa caaaaagccc actccagcat cgatccact tttccaagtt ccagaacctg 480

```

-continued

```

tcacaagctg tgaagcatat gaagaagaca gggagacatt catgaacaaa ttcatttatg 540
agatagcaag aaggcatccc ttctgtatg cacctacaat tcttctttgg gctgctcgct 600
atgacaaaat aattccatct tgctgcaaag ctgaaaatgc agttgaatgc ttccaaacaa 660
aggcagcaac agttacaaaa gaattaagag aaagcagctt gttaaataca catgcatgtg 720
cagtaatgaa aaattttggg acccgaactt tccaagccat aactgttact aaactgagtc 780
agaagtttac caaagttaat tttactgaaa tccagaaact agtcctggat gtggcccatg 840
tacatgagca ctgttcgaga ggagatgtgc tggattgtct gcaggatggg gaaaaaatca 900
tgtctacat atgttctcaa caagacactc tgtcaaaca aataacagaa tgctgcaaac 960
tgaccacgct ggaacgtggt caatgtataa ttcatgcaga aaatgatgaa aaacctgaag 1020
gtctatctcc aaatctaaac aggttttttag gagatagaga ttttaaccaa ttttcttcag 1080
gggaaaaaaa tatcttcttg gcaagttttg ttcatgaata ttcaagaaga catcctcagc 1140
ttgtgtgtct agtaattcta agagttgcta aaggatacca ggagttattg gagaagtgtt 1200
tccagactga aaacctctt gaatgccaag ataaaggaga agaagaatta cagaaataca 1260
tccaggagag ccaagcattg gcaaacgcaa gctgcggcct cttccagaaa ctaggagaat 1320
attacttaca aaatgcgttt ctggttgctt acacaaagaa agccccccag ctgacctcgt 1380
cggagctgat ggccatcacc agaaaaatgg cagccacagc agccacttgt tgccaactca 1440
gtgaggacaa actattggcc tgtggcgagg gagcggtga cattattatc ggacacttat 1500
gtatcagaca tgaaatgact ccagtaaacc ctggtgttgg ccagtgtgc acttcttcat 1560
atgccaacag gaggccatgc ttcagcagct tgggtgtgga tgaaacatat gtccctcctg 1620
cattctctga tgacaagttc attttcata aggatctgtg ccaagctcag ggtgtagcgc 1680
tgcaaacgat gaagcaagag tttctcatta accttgtgaa gcaaaagcca caaataacag 1740
aggaacaact tgaggctgtc attgcagatt tctcaggcct gttggagaaa tgctgccaa 1800
gccaggaaca ggaagtctgc tttgctgaag agggacaaaa actgatttca aaaactcgtg 1860
ctgctttggg agtttaaat acttcagggg aagagaagac aaaacgagtc tttcattcgg 1920
tgtgaacttt tctctttaat ttaactgat ttaacacttt ttgtgaatta atgaaatgat 1980
aaagactttt atgtgagatt tccttatcac agaaataaaa tatctccaaa tg 2032

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 82
<211> LENGTH: 609
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: alpha-fetoprotein (AFP)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

```

```

Met Lys Trp Val Glu Ser Ile Phe Leu Ile Phe Leu Leu Asn Phe Thr
1           5           10           15

```

```

Glu Ser Arg Thr Leu His Arg Asn Glu Tyr Gly Ile Ala Ser Ile Leu
20           25           30

```

```

Asp Ser Tyr Gln Cys Thr Ala Glu Ile Ser Leu Ala Asp Leu Ala Thr
35           40           45

```

```

Ile Phe Phe Ala Gln Phe Val Gln Glu Ala Thr Tyr Lys Glu Val Ser
50           55           60

```

```

Lys Met Val Lys Asp Ala Leu Thr Ala Ile Glu Lys Pro Thr Gly Asp

```

-continued

65	70	75	80
Glu Gln Ser Ser Gly Cys Leu Glu Asn Gln Leu Pro Ala Phe Leu Glu	85	90	95
Glu Leu Cys His Glu Lys Glu Ile Leu Glu Lys Tyr Gly His Ser Asp	100	105	110
Cys Cys Ser Gln Ser Glu Glu Gly Arg His Asn Cys Phe Leu Ala His	115	120	125
Lys Lys Pro Thr Pro Ala Ser Ile Pro Leu Phe Gln Val Pro Glu Pro	130	135	140
Val Thr Ser Cys Glu Ala Tyr Glu Glu Asp Arg Glu Thr Phe Met Asn	145	150	155
Lys Phe Ile Tyr Glu Ile Ala Arg Arg His Pro Phe Leu Tyr Ala Pro	165	170	175
Thr Ile Leu Leu Trp Ala Ala Arg Tyr Asp Lys Ile Ile Pro Ser Cys	180	185	190
Cys Lys Ala Glu Asn Ala Val Glu Cys Phe Gln Thr Lys Ala Ala Thr	195	200	205
Val Thr Lys Glu Leu Arg Glu Ser Ser Leu Leu Asn Gln His Ala Cys	210	215	220
Ala Val Met Lys Asn Phe Gly Thr Arg Thr Phe Gln Ala Ile Thr Val	225	230	235
Thr Lys Leu Ser Gln Lys Phe Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Thr Glu Ile Gln	245	250	255
Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Val Ala His Val His Glu His Cys Cys Arg Gly	260	265	270
Asp Val Leu Asp Cys Leu Gln Asp Gly Glu Lys Ile Met Ser Tyr Ile	275	280	285
Cys Ser Gln Gln Asp Thr Leu Ser Asn Lys Ile Thr Glu Cys Cys Lys	290	295	300
Leu Thr Thr Leu Glu Arg Gly Gln Cys Ile Ile His Ala Glu Asn Asp	305	310	315
Glu Lys Pro Glu Gly Leu Ser Pro Asn Leu Asn Arg Phe Leu Gly Asp	325	330	335
Arg Asp Phe Asn Gln Phe Ser Ser Gly Glu Lys Asn Ile Phe Leu Ala	340	345	350
Ser Phe Val His Glu Tyr Ser Arg Arg His Pro Gln Leu Ala Val Ser	355	360	365
Val Ile Leu Arg Val Ala Lys Gly Tyr Gln Glu Leu Leu Glu Lys Cys	370	375	380
Phe Gln Thr Glu Asn Pro Leu Glu Cys Gln Asp Lys Gly Glu Glu Glu	385	390	395
Leu Gln Lys Tyr Ile Gln Glu Ser Gln Ala Leu Ala Lys Arg Ser Cys	405	410	415
Gly Leu Phe Gln Lys Leu Gly Glu Tyr Tyr Leu Gln Asn Ala Phe Leu	420	425	430
Val Ala Tyr Thr Lys Lys Ala Pro Gln Leu Thr Ser Ser Glu Leu Met	435	440	445
Ala Ile Thr Arg Lys Met Ala Ala Thr Ala Ala Thr Cys Cys Gln Leu	450	455	460
Ser Glu Asp Lys Leu Leu Ala Cys Gly Glu Gly Ala Ala Asp Ile Ile	465	470	475
			480

-continued

Ile	Gly	His	Leu	Cys	Ile	Arg	His	Glu	Met	Thr	Pro	Val	Asn	Pro	Gly
			485						490					495	
Val	Gly	Gln	Cys	Cys	Thr	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Arg	Arg	Pro	Cys	Phe
			500					505					510		
Ser	Ser	Leu	Val	Val	Asp	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Val	Pro	Pro	Ala	Phe	Ser	Asp
		515					520					525			
Asp	Lys	Phe	Ile	Phe	His	Lys	Asp	Leu	Cys	Gln	Ala	Gln	Gly	Val	Ala
		530					535				540				
Leu	Gln	Thr	Met	Lys	Gln	Glu	Phe	Leu	Ile	Asn	Leu	Val	Lys	Gln	Lys
					550					555					560
Pro	Gln	Ile	Thr	Glu	Glu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ala	Val	Ile	Ala	Asp	Phe	Ser
				565					570					575	
Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Cys	Cys	Gln	Gly	Gln	Glu	Gln	Glu	Val	Cys	Phe
			580					585					590		
Ala	Glu	Glu	Gly	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ile	Ser	Lys	Thr	Arg	Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly
		595					600					605			

Val

<210> SEQ ID NO 83
 <211> LENGTH: 2158
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: C-type lectin domain 4, member E (CLEC4E) cDNA
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (166)..(825)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: CLEC4E

<400> SEQUENCE: 83

atattctaca tctatcggag ctgaacttcc taaaagacaa agtgtttatac tttcaagatt	60
cattctccct gaatcttacc aacaaaacac tctgaggag aaagaaagag agggaggagg	120
agaaaaagag agagagagaa acaaaaaacc aaagagagag aaaaaatgaa ttcattctaaa	180
tcattctgaaa cacaatgcac agagagagga tgcttctctt cccaaatggt cttatggact	240
gttgctggga tccccatcct atttctcagt gcctgtttca tcaccagatg tgttgtgaca	300
tttcgcatct ttcaaacctg tgatgagaaa aagtttcagc tacctgagaa ttccacagag	360
ctctcctgct acaattatgg atcagggtca gtcaagaatt gttgtccatt gaactgggaa	420
tattttcaat ccagctgcta cttcttttct actgacacca tttcctgggc gttaagttaa	480
aagaactgct cagccatggg ggctcacctg gtggttatca actcacagga ggagcaggaa	540
ttcctttcct acaagaaacc taaaatgaga gagtttttta ttggactgtc agaccagggt	600
gtcgaggggc agtggcaatg ggtggacggc acacctttga caaagtctct gagcttctgg	660
gatgtagggg agcccaacaa catagctacc ctggaggact gtgccaccat gagagactct	720
tcaaacccaa ggcaaaattg gaatgatgta acctgtttcc tcaattatct tcggatttgt	780
gaaatggtag gaataaatcc tttgaacaaa ggaaaatctc ttttaagaaca gaaggcacaa	840
ctcaaattgt taaagaagga agagcaagaa catggccaca cccaccgccc cacacgagaa	900
atttgtgctc tgaacttcaa aggacttcat aagtatttgt tactctgata taaataaaaa	960
taagtagttt taaatgttat aattcatggt actggctgaa gtgcattttc tctctacgtt	1020
agtctcaggt cctcttccca gaatttacaa agcaattcac taccttttgc tacatttgcc	1080

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tcatttttta gtgttcgtat gaaagtacag ggacacggag ccaagacaga gtctagcaaa 1140
gaaggggatt ttggaagggtg ccttccaaaa atctcctgaa tccgggctct gtagcaggtc 1200
ctcttctttc tagcttctga caagtctgtc ttctcttctt ggtttcatac cgttcttate 1260
tcctgcccac gcatatctcg tctctttact cccctgtata atgagtaaga agcttcttca 1320
agtcacgaaa cttattcctg ctcagaatac cgggtgtggc tttctggcta caggcctcca 1380
ctgcaccttc ttagggaagg gcatgccagc catcagctcc aaacaggctg taaccaagtc 1440
caccateccc tggggcttcc tttgctctgc cttattttca attgactgaa tggatctcac 1500
cagattttgt atctattgct cagctaggac ccgagtccaa tagtcaattt attctaagcg 1560
aacattcatc tccacacttt cctgtctcaa gcccatccat tatttcttaa cttttatatt 1620
agctttcggg ggtacatgtt aaaggctttt tatataggta aactcatgtc gtggagggtt 1680
gttgtagaca ttatttcac acccaggtat taagcccagt gcctaataatt gtttttttcg 1740
gtcctctctc cctcctctac cttccgccct caagtagact ccagtgtctg ttattccctt 1800
ctttgtgttt atgaattctc atcatttagc tcccacttat aagtgaggac atgcagtatt 1860
tggtttctctg tteccatgtt tgctaaggat aatggtttcc agttctaccg atgttccac 1920
aaaagacata attttctttt ttaaggctgc ttagtattcc atggtatcta tgtatcacat 1980
tttctctatc caatctattg ttgactcaca tttagattga ttccatgttt ttgctattgt 2040
gaatagtgtc gcaatgaaca ttctgtgtga tgtgtcttta tggtagaaag atttatattt 2100
ctctgagtat gtatccagta atagcccatt catttattgc ataaaattct accaatac 2158

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```

<210> SEQ ID NO 84
<211> LENGTH: 218
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: C-type lectin domain 4, member E (CLEC4E)

```

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

```

```

Met Asn Ser Ser Lys Ser Ser Glu Thr Gln Cys Thr Glu Arg Gly Cys
1      5      10     15
Phe Ser Ser Gln Met Phe Leu Trp Thr Val Ala Gly Ile Pro Ile Leu
20     25     30
Phe Leu Ser Ala Cys Phe Ile Thr Arg Cys Val Val Phe Arg Ile Phe
35     40     45
Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Lys Lys Phe Gln Leu Pro Glu Asn Phe Thr Glu
50     55     60
Leu Ser Cys Tyr Asn Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Lys Asn Cys Cys Pro
65     70     75     80
Leu Asn Trp Glu Tyr Phe Gln Ser Ser Cys Tyr Phe Phe Ser Thr Asp
85     90     95
Thr Ile Ser Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Lys Asn Cys Ser Ala Met Gly Ala
100    105    110
His Leu Val Val Ile Asn Ser Gln Glu Glu Gln Glu Phe Leu Ser Tyr
115    120    125
Lys Lys Pro Lys Met Arg Glu Phe Phe Ile Gly Leu Ser Asp Gln Val
130    135    140
Val Glu Gly Gln Trp Gln Trp Val Asp Gly Thr Pro Leu Thr Lys Ser
145    150    155    160

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Leu	Ser	Phe	Trp	Asp	Val	Gly	Glu	Pro	Asn	Asn	Ile	Ala	Thr	Leu	Glu
				165					170					175	
Asp	Cys	Ala	Thr	Met	Arg	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asn	Pro	Arg	Gln	Asn	Trp	Asn
		180						185					190		
Asp	Val	Thr	Cys	Phe	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Phe	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Met	Val	Gly
		195					200					205			
Ile	Asn	Pro	Leu	Asn	Lys	Gly	Lys	Ser	Leu						
	210					215									

What is claimed is:

1. A method of providing a prognosis of multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject treated with intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG), the method comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a biological sample from the subject treated with UVIG with a reagent that specifically binds to at least one marker selected from the group consisting of the nucleic acid and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, and Table 4; and
- (b) determining whether or not the marker is overexpressed or underexpressed in the sample; thereby providing a prognosis for multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject treated with IVIG.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is an antibody.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the antibody is monoclonal.

5. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is a nucleic acid.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is an oligonucleotide.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the reagent is an RT PCR primer set.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is a blood sample.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the blood sample comprises T cells.

10. The method of claim 1, wherein the sample is cerebrospinal fluid.

11. The method of claim 1, wherein said at least one marker is a chemokine.

12. The method of claim 10, wherein said chemokine is selected from the group consisting of CXCL3, CXCL5, CCL13, and XCL2.

13. A method of identifying a compound that prevents or treats multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease, the method comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a compound with a sample comprising a cell that expresses a marker selected from the group consisting of the nucleic acid and corresponding protein sequences shown in Table 3a, Table 3b, Table 3c, Table 3d, and Table 4; and
- (b) determining the functional effect of the compound on the marker, thereby identifying a compound that prevents or treats multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

15. The method of claim 13, wherein the functional effect is an increase or decrease in expression of the marker.

16. The method of claim 13, wherein the functional effect is an increase or decrease in activity of the marker.

17. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is a small molecule.

18. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is a siRNA.

19. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is a ribozyme.

20. The method of claim 13, wherein the compound is an antibody.

21. The method of claim 20, wherein the antibody is monoclonal.

22. A method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject, the method comprising the step of administering to said subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine selected from the group consisting of CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, wherein said effective amount is sufficient to inactivate chemokine cell signaling, thereby treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

23. The method of claim 22, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

24. A method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject, the method comprising the step of administering to said subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds a chemokine receptor selected from the group consisting of receptors for CXCL5, CXCL3, and CCL13, wherein said effective amount is sufficient to inactivate said chemokine receptor, thereby treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

25. The method of claim 24, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

26. A method of treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease in a subject, the method comprising the step of administering to said subject an effective amount of an antibody which binds to a XCL2 chemokine receptor, wherein said effective amount is sufficient to activate said XCL2 chemokine receptor, thereby treating or preventing multiple sclerosis, Alzheimer's disease, or Parkinson's disease.

27. The method of claim 26, wherein the multiple sclerosis is relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS).

* * * * *

专利名称(译)	ivig调节趋化因子治疗多发性硬化症，阿尔茨海默氏病和帕金森氏病		
公开(公告)号	US20090148463A1	公开(公告)日	2009-06-11
申请号	US12/189367	申请日	2008-08-11
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ HANS PETER ELOVAARA IRINA		
申请(专利权)人(译)	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ 汉斯 - 彼得· ELOVAARA IRINA		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ 汉斯 - 彼得· ELOVAARA IRINA		
[标]发明人	REIPERT BIRGIT EHRlich HARTMUT SCHWARZ HANS PETER ELOVAARA IRINA		
发明人	REIPERT, BIRGIT EHRlich, HARTMUT SCHWARZ, HANS-PETER ELOVAARA, IRINA		
IPC分类号	A61K39/395 G01N33/53 A61P25/00 A61P37/06 C12Q1/68		
CPC分类号	C12Q1/6886 C12Q2600/158 C12Q2600/136 C12Q2600/118 A61P25/00 A61P25/16 A61P25/28 A61P37/06		
优先权	60/955610 2007-08-13 US		
其他公开文献	US7968293		
外部链接	Espacenet USPTO		

摘要(译)

本发明提供了使用显示过表达的分子标记物提供治疗与脑炎性疾病相关的疾病（包括MS，例如复发缓解型多发性硬化症（RRMS），阿尔茨海默氏病和帕金森病）的预后的方法。或静脉注射免疫球蛋白（IVIG）治疗的患者表达不足。还提供了鉴定可用于治疗或预防MS的化合物的方法，例如复发缓解型多发性硬化症（RRMS），阿尔茨海默氏病和帕金森氏病。

