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(12) **United States Patent**
Sahin et al.(10) **Patent No.:** **US 8,399,210 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Mar. 19, 2013**(54) **AUTOANTIGENES FOR IMPROVED
DIAGNOSIS, PROGNOSIS AND TREATMENT
OF INFLAMMATORY NEUROLOGICAL
DISEASES**

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WO WO 02/22819 3/2002
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WO WO 2006/032126 3/2006(75) Inventors: **Ugur Sahin**, Mainz (DE); **Özlem
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Hainburg (DE)

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(73) Assignees: **Ganymed Pharmaceuticals AG**, Mainz
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Gutenberg-Universität**, Mainz (DE)O' Dwyer et al., "Pituitary autoantibodies in lymphocytic
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1-2, Apr. 2002. XP009099986.(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 130 days.International Preliminary Report on Patentability for International
Patent Application Serial No. PCT/EP2007/008776, mailed May 14,
2009.(21) Appl. No.: **12/420,627**Maruyama et al., "Autoimmune mechanisms in molecular pathology
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April 105(4):205-12 (2001).(22) Filed: **Apr. 8, 2009**Lisiany et al., "Humoral link of autoimmune reactions to neuron-
specific enolase in post-radiation encephalopathy patients." Ukr
Biokhim Zh; Nov.-Dec. 70(6):76-82 (1998).(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2009/0252714 A1 Oct. 8, 2009

Patricia Krause "SeroGRID: an improved method for the rapid selec-
tion of antigens with disease related immunogenicity", Journal of
Immunological Methods 283 (2003) 261-267.**Related U.S. Application Data**

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(63) Continuation of application No. PCT/EP2007/
008776, filed on Oct. 9, 2007.*Primary Examiner* — Olga N Chernyshev(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Oct. 11, 2006 (DE) 10 2006 048 201

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — McAndrews, Held &
Malloy Ltd.(51) **Int. Cl.****G01N 33/53** (2006.01)**G01N 33/537** (2006.01)**G01N 33/567** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** **435/7.92**; 435/7.1; 435/7.21; 435/7.8;
435/7.9; 436/501; 436/503(58) **Field of Classification Search** None
See application file for complete search history.(56) **References Cited**

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2005/0142616 A1 6/2005 Hanson et al.(57) **ABSTRACT**According to the invention, autoantibodies, the appearance of
which is characteristic of neurological autoimmune diseases,
especially multiple sclerosis, are detected and the respective
autoantigens identified. It can further be shown that many of
these autoantigens are expressed specifically in the brain. The
identification of the autoantigens and autoantibodies is useful
for diagnosis and treatment. A brain-specific expression of
the autoantigens further emphasizes an important role of the
antigens and antibodies in the origin and development of
neurological autoimmune diseases.**9 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets**

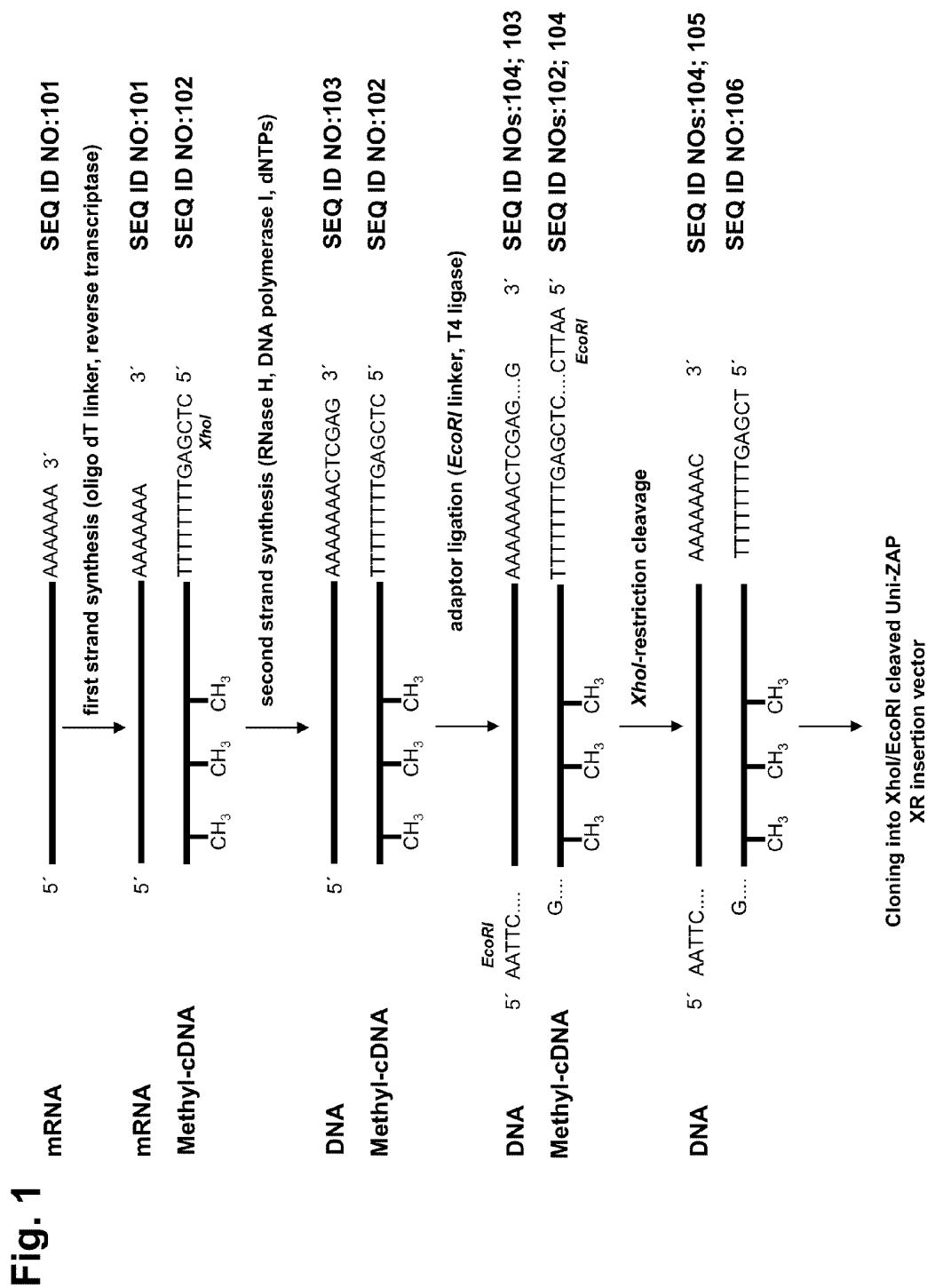


Fig. 2

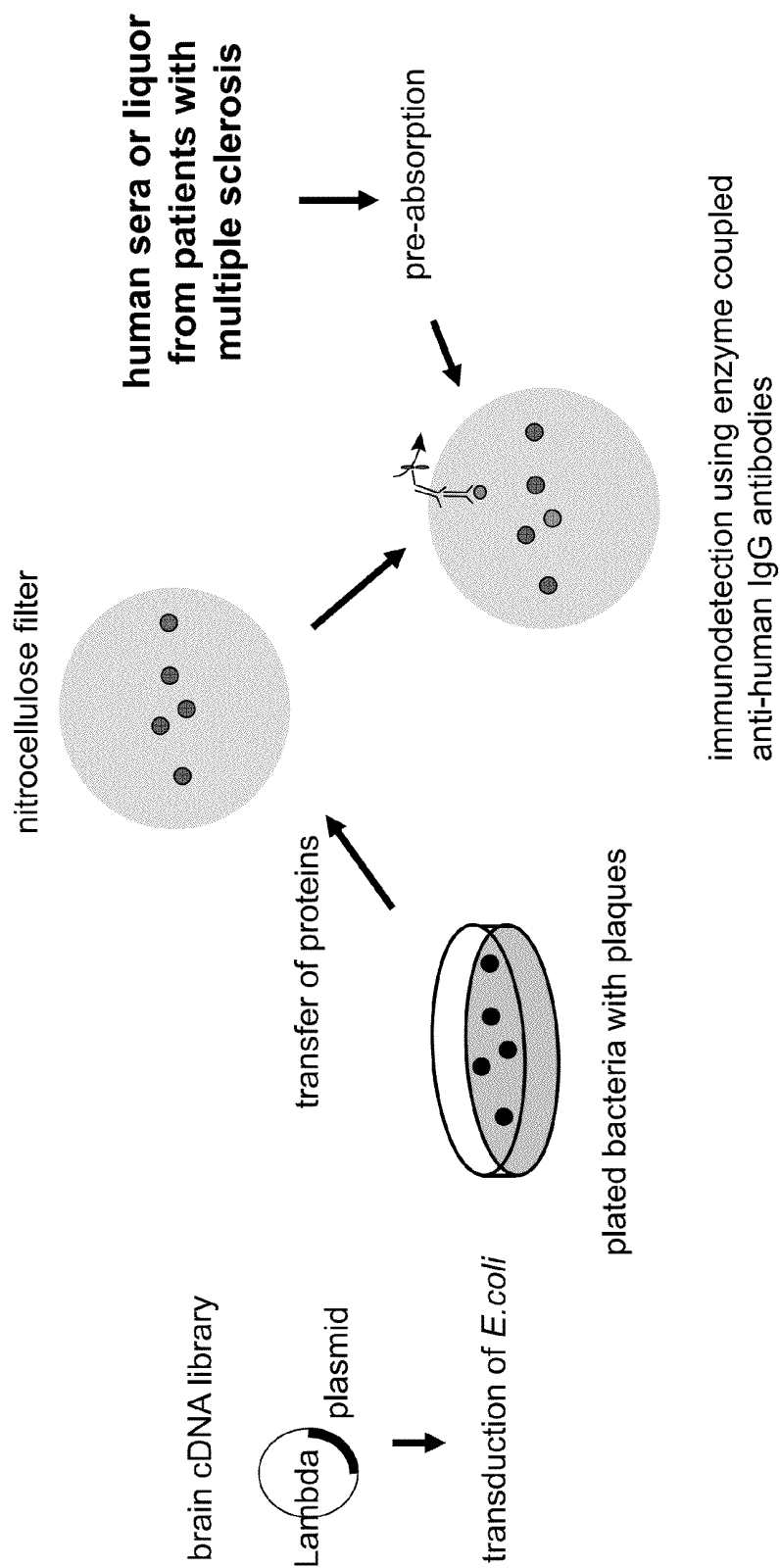


Fig. 3

class	number	gene
brain specific antigens	8	ARPP-19, NAP1L3, CLSTN1, CMTM2, CPE, LITAF, ENO2, TUBG1
other autoantigens	4	SDCCAG8, HSP90B1, SAT, EXOSC5
unknown antigens	10	chromosome 20 sequence; CEP63; LOC115648; chromosome 18 sequence; chromosome 14 sequence 1; chromosome 14 sequence 2; IQWD1; c6ORF199; chromosome 22 sequence; LOC400843
other cellular antigens	17	IRF2BP2, SREBF1, XPO4, ZFP64, FNPB1, CCL4, COPA, GHITM, NGLY1, KTN1, SFRS11, NME1-NME2, RPS15, APC2, GLS2, TECAL8, PPIF
mitochondrial antigens	5	ND4; ATP5H; COX1; COX2; COX3
summary	44 autoantigens	

Fig. 4
CLSTN1

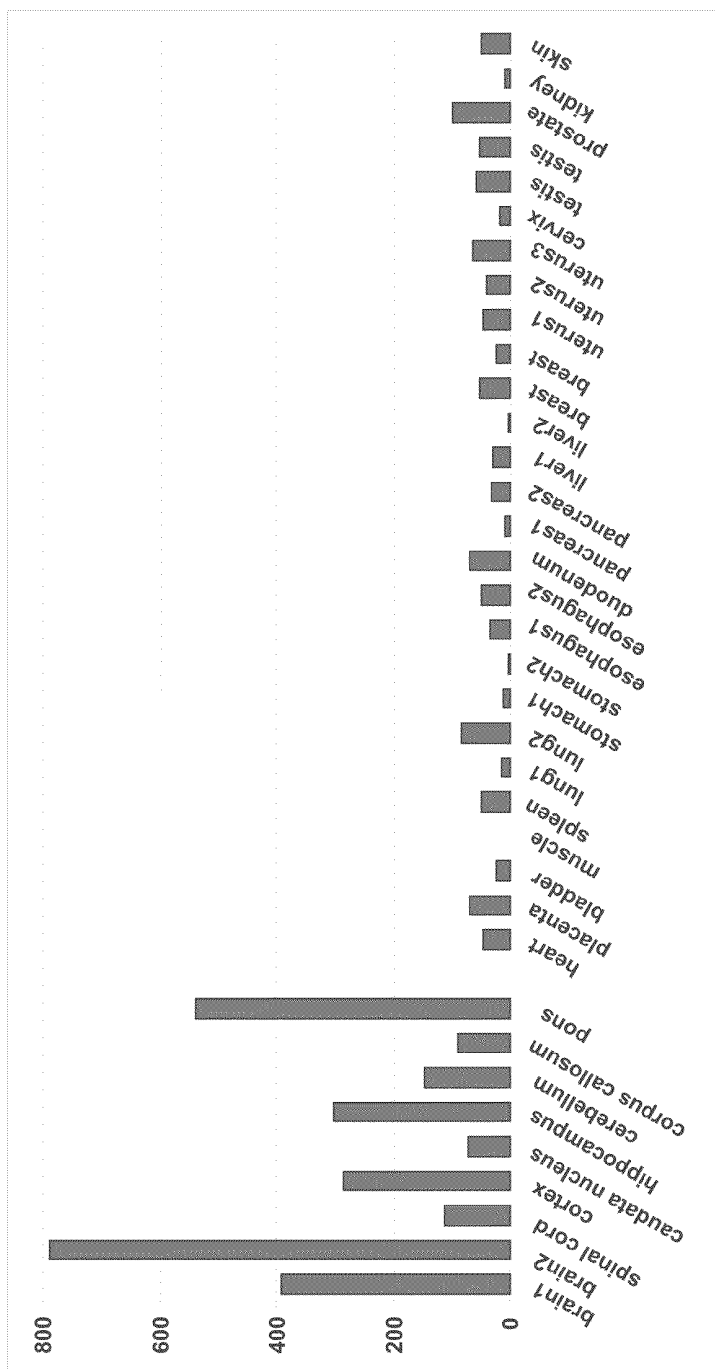


Fig. 5
ARPP-19

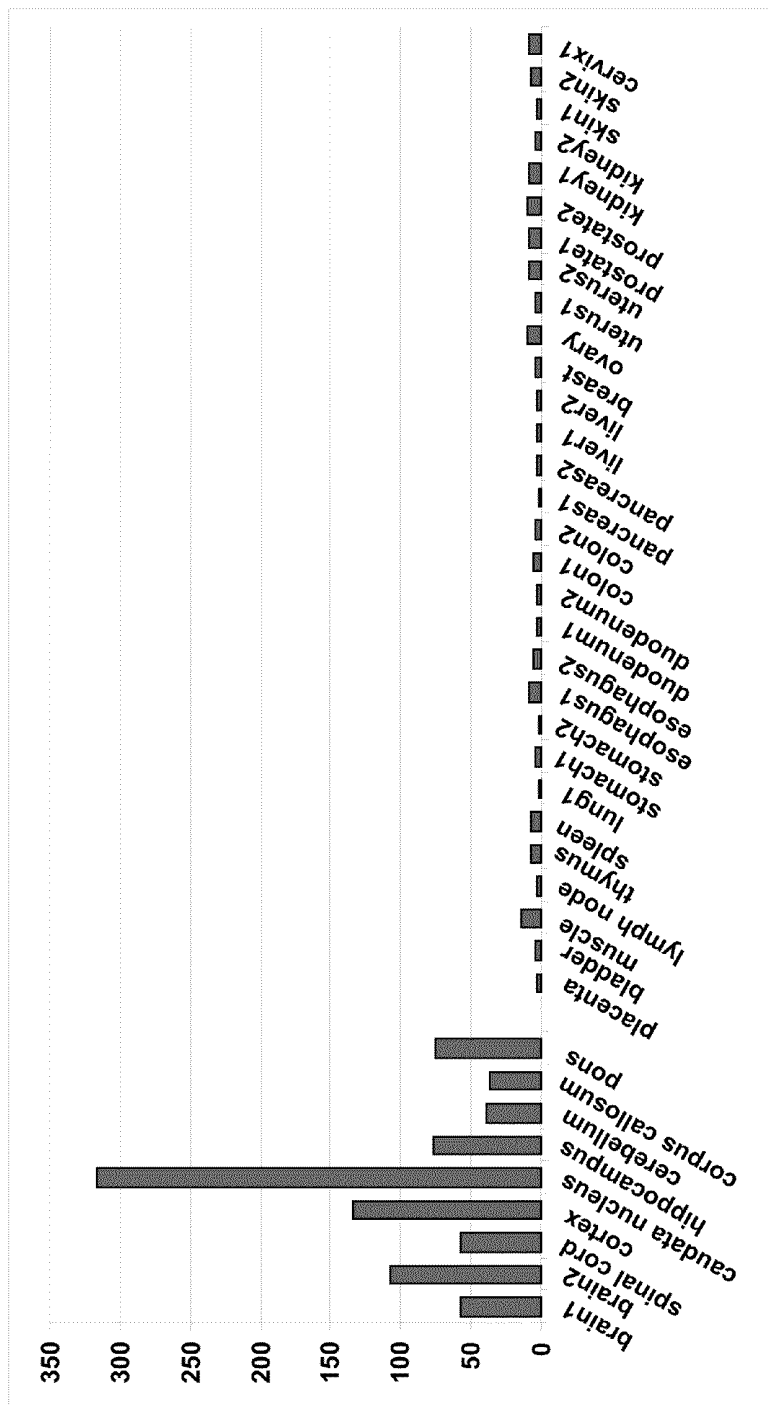


Fig. 6
CMTM2

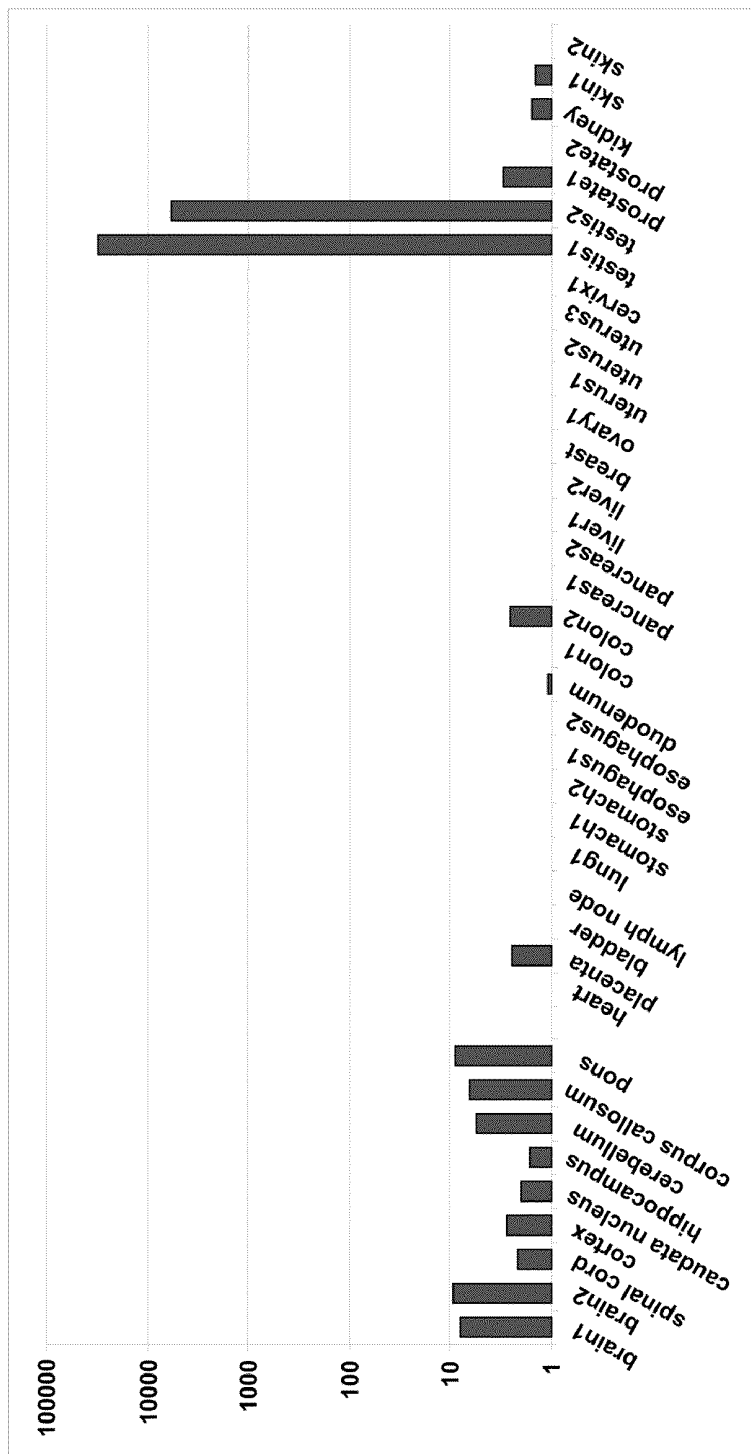


Fig. 7
CPE

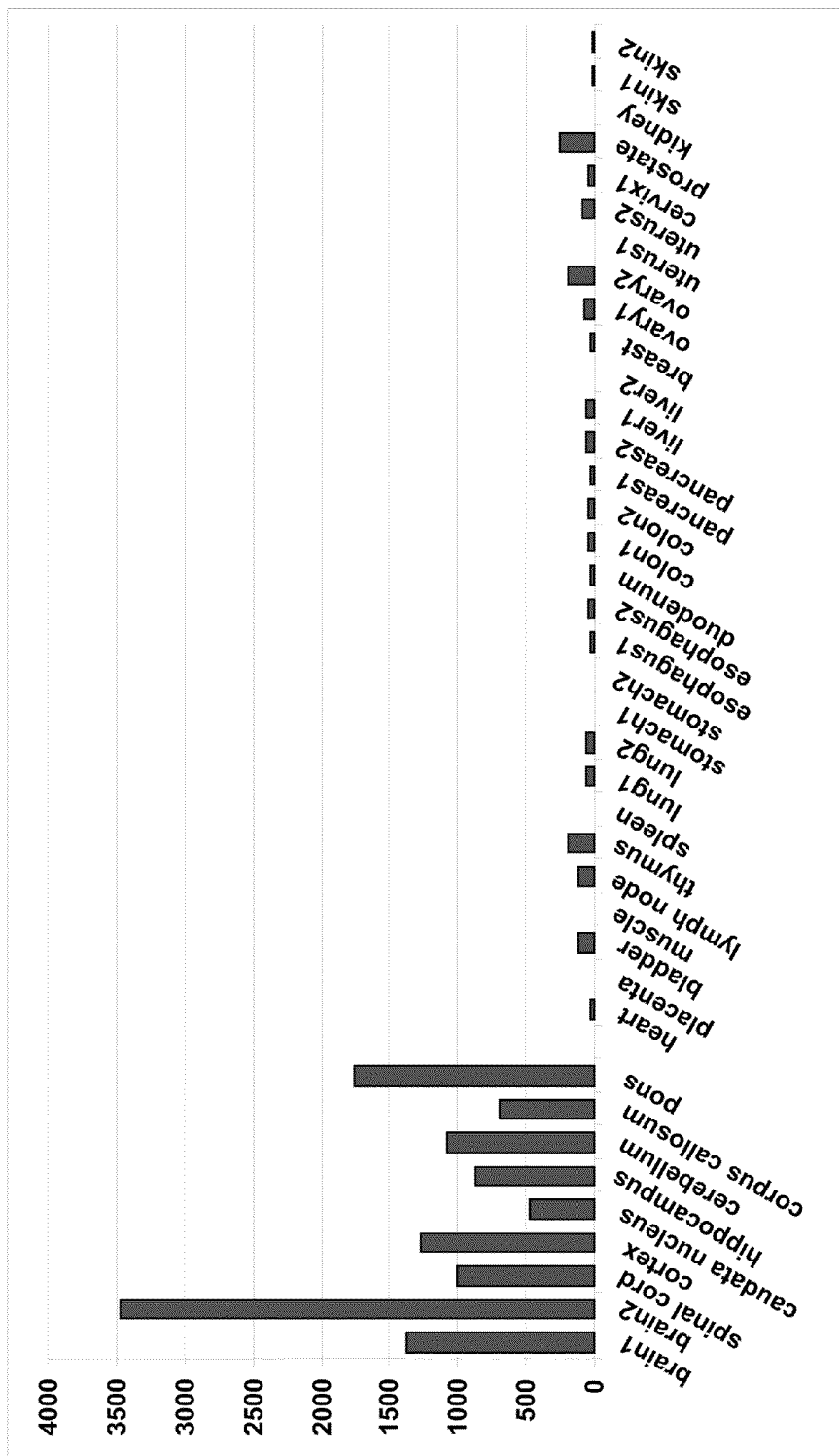


Fig. 8

LITAF

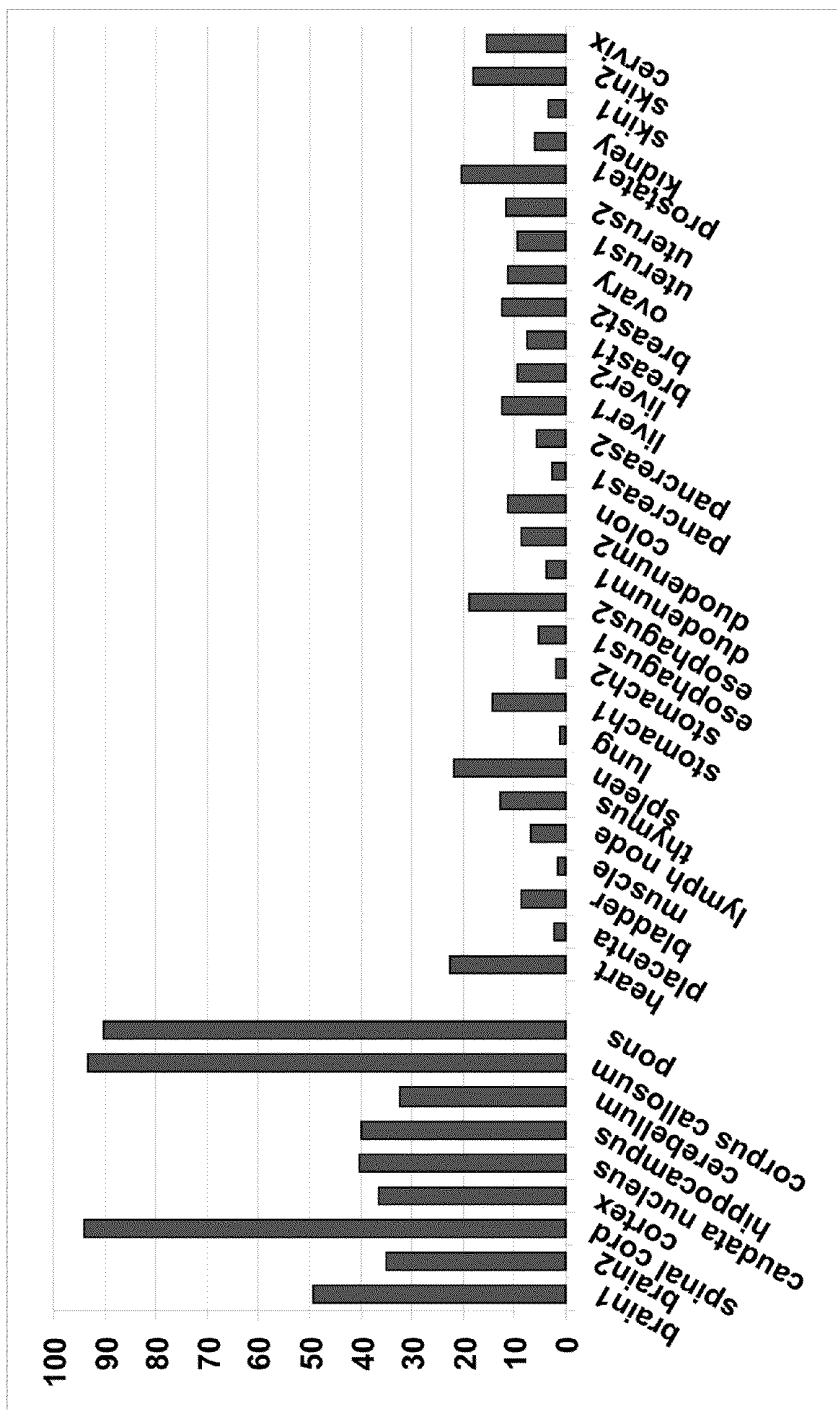


Fig. 9
TUBG1

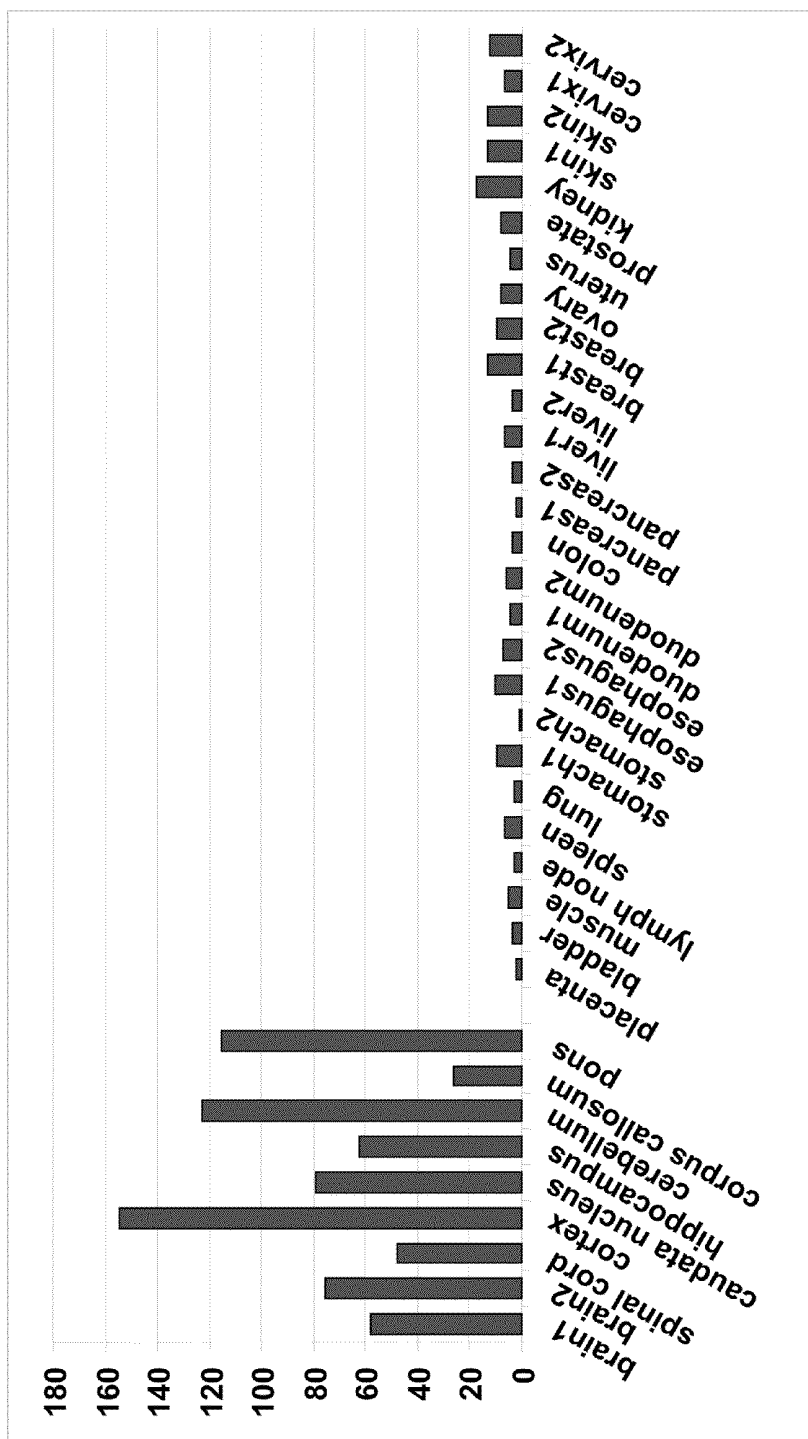
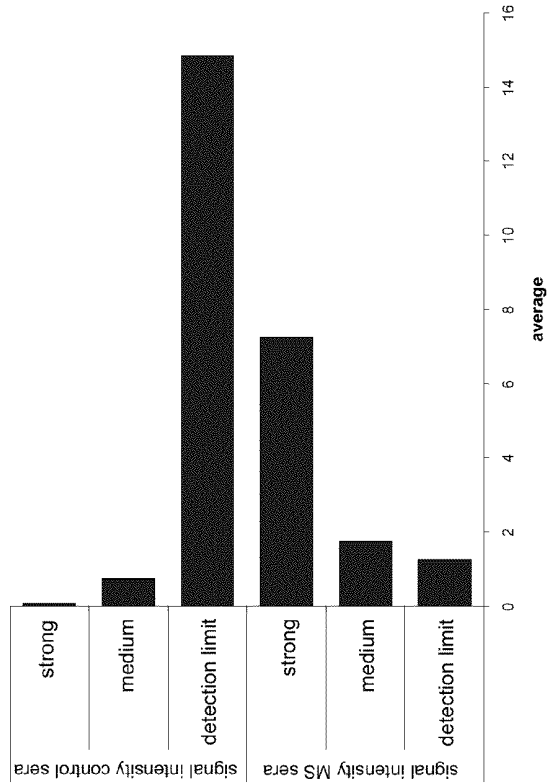


Fig. 10

clone	signal intensity MS sera			signal intensity control sera			MS n	control n
	detection limit	medium	strong	detection limit	medium	strong		
SREBF1	1	3	6	18	0	0	10	18
TUBG1	0	1	9	18	0	0	10	18
ARPP-19	0	1	9	17	1	0	10	18
XPO4	0	2	8	16	2	0	10	18
CMTM2	0	2	10	15	2	0	12	17
PPIF	0	2	8	18	0	0	10	18
LITAF	0	1	9	16	2	0	10	18
Chrom. 14 seq. 1	0	2	8	18	0	0	10	18
SDCCAG8	0	2	8	18	0	0	10	18
ZFP64	0	1	6	12	0	0	7	12
EXOSC5	0	1	6	12	0	0	7	12
NAP1L3	0	1	11	17	0	0	12	17
HSP90B1	0	2	10	16	2	0	12	18
CCL4	0	1	11	16	1	0	12	17
CLSTN1	0	4	9	16	1	0	13	17
IRF2BP2	0	6	6	17	0	0	12	17
TCEAL8	0	1	11	17	0	0	12	17
Chrom. 20 Seq.	0	1	11	18	0	0	12	18
CEP61	1	2	9	18	0	0	12	18
LOC400843	9	1	0	12	0	0	10	12
NGLY1	8	4	6	9	2	1	10	12
END2	8	1	1	9	2	0	10	11
GLS2	10	0	0	11	0	0	10	11
Chrom. 14 seq. 2	1	0	2	2	3	1	3	6
average	1,25	1,75	7,25	14,53	0,75	0,08		

A



B

**AUTOANTIGENES FOR IMPROVED
DIAGNOSIS, PROGNOSIS AND TREATMENT
OF INFLAMMATORY NEUROLOGICAL
DISEASES**

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a Continuation Application of International Application Number PCT/EP2007/008776, filed Oct. 9, 2007, and claiming priority benefit of German Patent Application Number 10 2008 048 201.8, filed on Oct. 11, 2006, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties.

FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR
DEVELOPMENT

[Not Applicable]

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A maximally comprehensive analysis of the autoimmune response of the immune system is necessary for developing efficient serodiagnostic agents and therapeutic agents for neurological autoimmune diseases. The serodiagnosis of autoimmune diseases is based on detection of autoantibodies which circulate in the blood and are specifically directed against immunogenic constituents (antigens) of autologous proteins. These antigens are also the sites of action of preventive and therapeutic strategies for autoimmune diseases. Knowledge of these antigens therefore permits the development of methods for the specific diagnosis and therapy of inflammatory neurological diseases.

Inflammatory neurological diseases, and especially multiple sclerosis (MS), are widespread diseases. According to statements by the WHO, multiple sclerosis is the commonest neurological disease in young adults around the world, with a prevalence of about 1:800 in Europe and North America. The chronic inflammatory disease of the nervous system, which appears for the first time in patients between 15 and 40 years of age, leads to a demyelination of dendrites of the central nervous system (CNS). This results in a progressive paralysis of the muscles, losses of sensitivity and psychological disorders. Both the clinical course and the pathology of the cerebral disease are extremely heterogeneous (Lucchinetti et al., 2000 *Ann Neurol* 47, 707). The disease has either a chronic progressive or episodic course. General neurological symptoms appear initially and can be differentiated only with difficulty from other neurological diseases.

The etiology of the neurological autoimmune diseases and especially of MS has not been completely elucidated as yet, despite intensive research. An important role is ascribed to genetic and immunological and viral/bacterial factors (Kalman et al., 1999, *Biomed Pharmac* 53, 358; Lucchinetti et al., 2001, *Curr Opin Neurol* 14, 259; Kurtzke, 2001, *J Clin Epidemiol* 54, 1). A crucial role is, however, played by autoimmune processes, and various hypotheses concerning the immune dysregulation have been suggested. Thus, for example, the loss of regulatory mechanisms of autoreactive T cells has been described. The pathogenesis of MS lesions (Lucchinetti et al., 2000, *Ann Neurol* 47, 707) additionally supports the importance of autoimmune processes in the course of the disease. The reasons for the autoimmunity might be for example the similarity of viral antigens to encephalitogenic antigens ("Molecular mimicry") or traumatic tissue death (Levin et al., 2002, *Nat Med* 8, 509; Ludewig et al., 2004, *J Exp Med* 200, 837) as underlying

mechanism. The significance of the immune dysregulation in inflammatory neurological diseases is additionally supported by numerous experiments in model organisms in which an "experimental autoimmune encephalitis" (EAE) can be induced by autoimmunological processes (Hart et al., 2003, *Curr Opin Neurol* 18, 375).

The diagnosis of neurological autoimmune diseases and of MS in particular is currently a great problem. The first symptoms such as, for example, vision or coordination impairments and signs of paralysis and deafness apply to numerous neurological diseases, and differential diagnosis from autoimmune diseases is scarcely possible (Schmitt, 2003, *Biomed Pharmacother* 57, 261). A reliable diagnosis of MS is ultimately obtained only by combination with other criteria such as, for example, the number of inflammatory brain lesions which are obtained with the aid of MRI spectroscopy (magnetic resonance imaging), or analysis of oligoclonal IgG bands in the CSF. A rapid and reliable diagnosis using serum or urine is not at present possible, although various markers have been analyzed for their diagnostic power (Berger et al., 2003, *New Engl J Med* 349, 139; Chamczuk et al., 2002, *J Imm Methods* 262, 21; Vojdani et al., 2003, *J Int Med* 254, 383) and immunological tests in the form of ELISA and RIA are commercially available (e.g. from Diagnostics Systems Laboratory, Dakocytomation). There is as yet furthermore no laboratory diagnostic method which characterizes the course of MS in relation to imminent pathological episodes, and characterizes the course of pathological episodes and determines whether the disease is about to take a more active or aggressive course in patients (e.g. episodic course of the disease to chronic progressive). Ultimately, there is no diagnostic method which gives prognostic indications of possible MS and/or a diagnostic method which characterizes the course of treatment of MS.

A disease-specific treatment of MS has not been established to date. The treatment of MS is currently predominantly symptomatic using antiinflammatory medicaments. Steroids and various interferons are employed in particular (Jacobs et al., 2003, *J Exp Med* 343, 598; EP1289541). In principle, these medicaments reduce the inflammatory immune response through toxic effects on lymphocytes, but do not prevent the further episodic or chronic progressive course of the disease. Other substances currently being tested are statins (US2002159974) and glatiramer acetate, which is said to inhibit T-cell proliferation by competition (Duda et al., 1999, *J Clin Invest* 105, 987; EP1487783; WO2004078145). In addition, some antigen-specific approaches are currently being analyzed. Attempts to treat MS by T-cell vaccinations are still in the early stages (WO9115225). Therapeutic approaches with various monoclonal antibodies directed against the antigens α_4 -integrin (Bielekova et al. 2000, *Nat Med* 6, 1145), CD40 (patent publication: WO03045978) and CD52 (patent publication: EP1455826) are moreover in different clinical phases. It has moreover been possible to test successfully an antigen-specific tolerance therapy in EAE models (Robinson et al., 2003, *Nat Biotechnol* 21, 1033).

It has not been possible to utilize the information obtained to date in order to provide maximally sensitive and specific test methods enabling reliable and generally accepted diagnostic methods using serum for neurological autoimmune diseases, especially multiple sclerosis. Nor has it been possible on the basis of the antigens known to date to establish either an effective preventive or a therapeutic vaccination, although a wide variety of methods have been published, and some substances are still being tested.

There is thus a need for an effective diagnosis, prognosis and therapy of neurological autoimmune diseases, and especially multiple sclerosis.

It was the object of the present invention to provide target structures for a diagnosis, prognosis and therapy of neurological autoimmune diseases such as multiple sclerosis. It was the particular object of the present invention to identify molecular markers which enable differential diagnosis between neurological autoimmune diseases such as multiple sclerosis and other neurological diseases.

This object is achieved according to the invention by the subject matter of the claims.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the invention, autoantibodies whose occurrence is characteristic of neurological autoimmune diseases, especially multiple sclerosis, are detected and the respective autoantigens are identified. It has further been possible to show according to the invention that some of these autoantigens are specifically expressed in the brain. Identification of the autoantigens and autoantibodies is of diagnostic and therapeutic use, with brain-specific expression of the autoantigens further underlining an important role of the antigens and antibodies in the development and course of neurological autoimmune diseases.

Accordingly, the invention relates to methods which enable assessment and/or prognosis of a neurological autoimmune disease. The methods of the invention preferably make it possible to state whether a neurological autoimmune disease has been contracted or will be contracted. The methods of the invention preferably allow a distinction to be made between a neurological disease which is not an autoimmune disease, and a neurological autoimmune disease, especially between a neurological disease which is not multiple sclerosis, and multiple sclerosis. The methods of the invention may also give information about the success of a treatment of a neurological autoimmune disease. In this embodiment, success of a treatment of a neurological autoimmune disease is preferably indicated by a decrease in one or more of the auto-antibodies or T lymphocytes described herein. The methods of the invention also make it possible to monitor the course of the disease, and if the disease deteriorates, as indicated for example by an increase in one or more of the autoantibodies or T lymphocytes described herein, the planning of a more aggressive therapy such as a treatment by immunosuppression is made possible.

In one aspect, the invention relates to a method for the diagnosis, prognosis and/or monitoring, i.e. determination of the regression, progression and/or course, of a neurological autoimmune disease in a patient, comprising the detection and/or determination of the amount of an antibody which is specific for a protein or peptide which is encoded by a nucleic acid which is selected from the group consisting of:

(a) a nucleic acid which comprises a nucleic acid sequence which is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, a part and a derivative thereof, (b) a nucleic acid which hybridizes under stringent conditions with the nucleic acid of (a), (c) a nucleic acid which is degenerate in relation to the nucleic acid of (a) or (b), and (d) a nucleic acid which is complementary to the nucleic acid of (a), (b) or (c), or is specific for a part or a derivative of the protein or peptide, in a biological sample isolated from a patient. The protein or peptide for which the antibody is specific preferably comprises a sequence which is selected

from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, a part and derivative thereof.

In one embodiment of the invention, the method of the invention further comprises the detection and/or determination of the amount of the antibody in a biological sample isolated from a patient without the autoimmune disease and/or without a risk of the autoimmune disease.

Presence of the antibody and/or an amount of the antibody which is increased by comparison with a patient without the autoimmune disease and/or without a risk of the autoimmune disease in the biological sample indicates preferentially the presence of the autoimmune disease or a risk of the development of the autoimmune disease.

In a preferred embodiment, the detection and/or determination of the amount of the antibody takes place with an immunoassay. The detection and/or determination of the amount of the antibody preferably comprises (i) contacting the biological sample with an agent which specifically binds to the antibody, and (ii) detecting the formation of a complex between the agent and the antibody. The agent which specifically binds to the antibody is preferably immobilized on a support material and/or is preferably a protein or peptide or derivative thereof which specifically binds to the antibody. In a preferred embodiment, the protein or peptide which specifically binds to the antibody comprises a sequence which is encoded by a nucleic acid which is selected from the group consisting of: (a) a nucleic acid which comprises a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, a part and a derivative thereof, (b) a nucleic acid which hybridizes under stringent conditions with the nucleic acid of (a), (c) a nucleic acid which is degenerate in relation to the nucleic acid of (a) or (b), and (d) a nucleic acid which is complementary to the nucleic acid of (a), (b) or (c). The protein or peptide which specifically binds to the antibody preferably comprises a sequence which is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 68, 68, 70, 72, 74, 78, 78, 80, 82, 84, 88, 88, and a part thereof. A derivative of the protein or peptide is accordingly preferably derived from such a protein or peptide.

In a further aspect, the invention relates to a method for the diagnosis, prognosis and/or monitoring of a neurological autoimmune disease in a patient, comprising the detection and/or determination of the amount of a T lymphocyte which is specific for a protein or peptide which is encoded by a nucleic acid which is selected from the group consisting of: (a) a nucleic acid which comprises a nucleic acid sequence which is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, a part and a derivative thereof, (b) a nucleic acid which hybridizes under stringent conditions with the nucleic acid of (a), (c) a nucleic acid which is degenerate in relation to the nucleic acid of (a) or (b), and (d) a nucleic acid which is complementary to the nucleic acid of (a), (b) or (c), or is specific for a part or a derivative of the protein or peptide, in a biological sample isolated from a patient. The protein or peptide for which the T lymphocyte is specific preferably comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52,

54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, a part and derivative thereof.

In one embodiment of the invention, the method of the invention further comprises the detection and/or determination of the amount of the T lymphocyte in a biological sample isolated from a patient without the autoimmune disease and/or without a risk of the autoimmune disease.

Presence of the T lymphocyte and/or an amount of the T lymphocyte which is increased by comparison with a patient without the autoimmune disease and/or without a risk of the autoimmune disease in the biological sample indicates preferentially the presence of the autoimmune disease or a risk of the development of the autoimmune disease.

In a preferred embodiment, the detection and/or determination of the amount of the T lymphocyte takes place with a lymphocyte proliferation test. The detection and/or determination of the amount of the T lymphocyte preferably comprises (i) contacting the biological sample with an agent which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte, and (ii) detecting the formation of a complex between the agent and the T lymphocyte. The agent which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte is preferably immobilized on a support material. In one embodiment, the agent which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte is a protein or peptide or a derivative thereof which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte. In a further embodiment, the agent which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte is a complex which comprises an MHC molecule or a part thereof and a protein or peptide or derivative thereof and which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte. In one embodiment, the complex is presented by a cell such as an antigen-presenting cell.

The protein or peptide which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte, or which is comprised in the complex which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte, preferably comprises a sequence which is encoded by a nucleic acid which is selected from the group consisting of: (a) a nucleic acid which comprises a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 81, 83, 65, 87, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, a part and a derivative thereof, (b) a nucleic acid which hybridizes under stringent conditions with the nucleic acid of (a), (c) a nucleic acid which is degenerate in relation to the nucleic acid of (a) or (b), and (d) a nucleic acid which is complementary to the nucleic acid of (a), (b) or (c). The protein or peptide which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte, or which is comprised in the complex which specifically binds to the T lymphocyte, preferably comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 8, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 18, 20, 22, 24, 28, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 48, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 82, 64, 68, 88, 70, 72, 74, 78, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, and a part thereof. A derivative of the protein or peptide is accordingly preferably derived from such a protein or peptide.

In one embodiment, the methods of the invention for monitoring a neurological autoimmune disease comprise a determination of the regression, the course or the onset of the disease in a sample from the patient. In particular embodiments, the methods of the invention for monitoring a neurological autoimmune disease serve to monitor a successful therapy of the neurological autoimmune disease, in which case a decrease in the level of antibodies and/or T lymphocytes which are detected and/or determined according to the invention indicates a successful therapy.

In particular embodiments, the methods of the invention for the diagnosis, prognosis and/or monitoring of a neurological autoimmune disease comprise a detection or determina-

tion of the amount in a first sample at a first time and in a further sample at a second time and comparison of the two samples.

A biological sample comprises according to the invention preferably body fluid and/or body tissue, where the body fluid is preferably selected from serum, plasma, urine and cerebrospinal fluid.

The neurological autoimmune disease is preferably according to the invention multiple sclerosis.

In a particularly preferred embodiment, the invention in the foregoing aspects relates to a method for the diagnosis of a neurological autoimmune disease, especially multiple sclerosis.

In particular embodiments of the methods of the invention for the diagnosis, prognosis and/or monitoring of a neurological autoimmune disease, the patient is suffering from a neurological disease, in particular from a neurological autoimmune disease, and displays in particular symptoms of such a disease, is suspected of suffering from a neurological disease, in particular from a neurological autoimmune disease, or of developing such a disease, or exhibits a risk of a neurological disease, in particular a neurological autoimmune disease.

In a preferred embodiment, the biological sample isolated from a patient is compared with a comparable normal biological sample such as a sample from a healthy individual.

The agent used for a detection or determination of the amount of antibodies or T lymphocytes, in particular the protein, peptide or derivative thereof, or the agent which binds to a complex formed between an antibody or T lymphocyte and an agent binding thereto, in particular an anti-immunoglobulin antibody or an antibody directed against T lymphocytes, are preferably detectably labeled. In particular embodiments, the detectable marker is a radioactive marker, fluorescent marker or enzyme marker.

In particular embodiments, the methods of the invention comprise a detection of a plurality of the autoantibodies and/or T lymphocytes described herein.

In a further aspect, the invention relates to a kit which comprises one or more agents which make it possible to detect and/or determine the amount of the antibodies or T lymphocytes described herein in a biological sample isolated from a patient. Such agents are described herein and known to the person skilled in the art.

The invention in this aspect relates in particular to a kit for the diagnosis, prognosis and/or monitoring of a neurological autoimmune disease in a patient, comprising a protein or peptide which comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 8, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 48, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 82, 64, 68, 88, 70, 72, 74, 78, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, and a part thereof or a derivative of the protein or peptide. The protein or peptide or the derivative thereof is preferably immobilized on a support.

The kit of the invention preferably further comprises instructions for use of the kit in a method for the diagnosis, prognosis and/or monitoring of a neurological autoimmune disease in a patient, where the method is preferably a method of the invention.

In one embodiment, the kit further comprises a reagent for detecting a binding of an antibody to the protein or peptide contained therein, or the derivative thereof, where the reagent preferably comprises a detectably labeled binding partner for the antibody. The binding partner for the antibody is preferably an anti-immunoglobulin antibody, in particular an anti-human immunoglobulin antibody coupled to a detectable

marker such as an enzyme. The kit of the invention may further also comprise an enzyme substrate, and positive controls and negative controls.

In a further aspect, the invention relates to a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or more components which are selected from the group consisting of (i) a protein or peptide which comprises a sequence which is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 8, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 58, 58, 80, 62, 64, 86, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, and a part thereof or a derivative of the protein or peptide, (ii) a nucleic acid which expresses the protein or peptide or the derivative thereof in (i), and (iii) a host cell which comprises the nucleic acid in (ii). The nucleic acid may be present in an expression vector. The host cell will preferably express the peptide or protein or derivative thereof.

A host cell present in the pharmaceutical composition of the invention may secrete the protein or peptide or derivative thereof, express it on the surface or may additionally express an MHC molecule which binds to the protein or peptide or derivative thereof or to a processed form thereof. In one embodiment, the host cell expresses the MHC molecule endogenously. In a further embodiment, the host cell expresses the MHC molecule and/or the protein or peptide or derivative thereof recombinantly. The host cell is preferably non-proliferative. In a preferred embodiment, the host cell is an antigen-presenting cell.

A pharmaceutical composition of the invention may comprise a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or an adjuvant, and is preferably suitable for the treatment of a neurological autoimmune disease, especially for the treatment of multiple sclerosis.

The invention further relates to a method for the treatment of a neurological autoimmune disease, especially multiple sclerosis, comprising the administration of a pharmaceutical composition of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1. Diagrammatic representation of the strategy for producing a brain-specific cDNA expression library.

FIG. 2. Immunoscreening with sera from MS patients and identification of a reactive antigen.

FIG. 3. Classification of the antigens identified according to the invention.

FIG. 4: Analysis of CLSTN1-specific expression. Quantitative analysis of CLSTN1-specific expression in healthy tissue samples. The relative expression (-fold activation) is shown.

FIG. 5: Analysis of ARPP19-specific expression. Quantitative analysis of ARPP19-specific expression in healthy tissue samples. The relative expression (-fold activation) is shown.

FIG. 6: Analysis of CMTM2-specific expression. Quantitative analysis of CMTM2-specific expression in healthy tissue samples. The relative expression (-fold activation) is shown.

FIG. 7: Analysis of CPE-specific expression. Quantitative analysis of CPE-specific expression in healthy tissue samples. The relative expression (-fold activation) is shown.

FIG. 8: Analysis of LITAF-specific expression. Quantitative analysis of LITAF-specific expression in healthy tissue samples. The relative expression (-fold activation) is shown.

FIG. 9: Analysis of TUBG1-specific expression. Quantitative analysis of TUBG1-specific expression in healthy tissue samples. The relative expression (-fold activation) is shown.

FIG. 10. Differential serology of selected antigens. A: Representation of the qualitative analysis of the signal intensity for selected antigens after incubation with sera from MS patients compared with healthy control sera.

B: Summary of the signal intensities of all the antigens depicted in FIG. 10 A after incubation with sera from MS patients compared with healthy control sera.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The term "autoantigen" relates according to the invention to a substance which generates an immune response such as the production of antibodies in the creature from which it is derived. In particular, the term "autoantigen" relates according to the invention to a protein or peptide which is encoded by a nucleic acid which is selected from the group consisting of:

(a) a nucleic acid which comprises a nucleic acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 83, 65, 67, 89, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, a part and a derivative thereof, (b) a nucleic acid which hybridizes under stringent conditions with the nucleic acid of (a), (c) a nucleic acid which is degenerate in relation to the nucleic acid of (a) or (b), and (d) a nucleic acid which is complementary to the nucleic acid of (a), (b) or (c), or a part or a derivative of the protein or peptide. The term "autoantigen" refers according to the invention in particular to a protein or peptide which comprises a sequence which is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 2, 4, 8, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 38, 38, 40, 42, 44, 48, 48, 50, 52, 54, 58, 58, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 88, 88, a part and derivative thereof.

The term "autoantibody" relates according to the invention to antibodies which are directed against an autoantigen. Autoantibodies recognize an endogenous antigen and occur inter alia in association with autoimmune diseases. In particular, the term "autoantibody" relates according to the invention to an antibody which is directed against an autoantigen described above and in particular specifically binds thereto.

The term "detection and/or determination of the amount" in relation to a substance relates according to the invention to the determination of the occurrence or absence and/or the absolute and/or relative amount of the substance. The term also includes situations in which no substance is detected, either because it is not present, or its amount is below the limit of detection of the detection system.

It is generally possible according to the invention to employ all methods suitable for a detection and analysis of antibodies or T lymphocytes for a detection and/or determination of the amount thereof. Possibilities for carrying out a detection and/or determination of the amount of antibodies and T lymphocytes in the methods of the invention are known to the person skilled in the art.

It is possible in particular to use according to the invention any direct or indirect method for detecting antibodies.

In the direct methods, the binding of the antibodies to be detected to the antigen is determined via a change in the chemical or physical properties, so that subsequent detection steps with labeled binding partners are unnecessary.

It is preferred according to the invention for antibodies to be detected in an immunoassay, preferably in a solid-phase immunoassay, with direct or indirect coupling of a binding partner.

The detection can particularly preferably take place in an ELISA, an RIA or a fluorescence immunoassay. The procedure for these detection methods is known to the person skilled in the art.

It is possible to use as solid phase for example any support able to bind to antigen or antibody. Such supports include materials such as glass, polystyrene, polypropylene, polyethylene, dextran, nylon, natural or modified celluloses, polyacrylamides, agaroses and magnetite. The support may have any possible structural configuration as long as the molecule bound thereto, such as antigen or antibody, is able to bind to its binding partner. Suitable configurations include a spherical configuration, a cylindrical configuration such as the inside of a test vessel, or a flat configuration such as test strips etc.

In an ELISA for example antigen is bound directly or indirectly to a support substance such as polystyrene. Incubation with the antibodies to be detected is followed by detection of antigen-bound antibodies directly or indirectly by means of enzyme-coupled substances. These substances may be antibodies, fragments of antibodies or high-affinity ligands. Examples of suitable enzymes are peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase, β -galactosidase, urease or glucose oxidase. It is possible by adding a chromogenic substrate for the bound enzymes, and thus for example the bound antibodies, to be quantified.

In a radioimmunoassay, the antigen is bound directly or indirectly to a support substance such as polystyrene. Incubation with the antibodies to be detected is followed by detection of antigen-bound antibodies by means of substances having a radioactive label such as ^{125}I . These substances may be antibodies, fragments of antibodies or high-affinity ligands. The bound radioactivity can be quantified by means of a suitable measuring instrument.

By the same principle, in a fluorescence immunoassay the antigen-bound antibodies are detected by means of substances which have a fluorescent label such as fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC). These substances may be antibodies, fragments of antibodies or high-affinity ligands. The bound amount of fluorescent dye is then quantified by means of a suitable measuring instrument.

It is also possible according to the invention to detect antibodies in an agglutination test or gel diffusion test. These detection methods are also known to the person skilled in the art.

In the gel diffusion test, the antigen solutions or antibody solutions are preferably put into neighboring, adjacent wells of agar or agarose plates. If the substances diffuse out of their wells, concentration gradients form, starting from the wells. If the overlapping antigen and antibody concentrations in the gel are within certain proportions, and the antibody solution contains antibodies against the antigen, visible precipitates are formed in the gel.

In the agglutination test, antigen-carrying particles such as particles of latex or polystyrene are crosslinked by antibodies. The aggregates formed can be detected for example by turbidimetry.

A detection or determination of the amount of a T lymphocyte can take place according to the invention with a cell which presents a complex, for which the T lymphocyte is specific, between a protein, peptide or derivative thereof and an MHC molecule, where the cell is preferably an antigen-presenting cell. Detection or determination of the amount of a T lymphocyte takes place where appropriate through detection of its proliferation, cytokine production and/or cytotoxic activity which is induced by the specific stimulation with the complex between the protein, peptide or derivatives thereof

and an MHC molecule. A detection or determination of the amount of a T lymphocyte can moreover take place through a recombinant MHC molecule or a complex of two or more MHC molecules which are loaded with one or more proteins, peptides, or derivatives thereof.

In one embodiment, the cell expresses the MHC molecule endogenously. In a further embodiment, the cell expresses the MHC molecule and/or the protein or peptide or derivative thereof recombinantly. The host cell is preferably non-proliferative. In a preferred embodiment, the host cell is an antigen-presenting cell.

A binding agent such as antibody is specific for its target, such as an antigen, if it binds thereto. The term "binding" relates according to the invention preferably to a specific binding. "Specific binding" means that a binding to a target such as an epitope for which a binding agent such as an antibody is specific is stronger by comparison with the binding to another target. A "stronger binding" can be characterized for example by a lower dissociation constant.

It is possible according to the invention to use a "reference" such as a reference sample or a reference organism in order to correlate or compare the results obtained in the methods of the invention. A reference organism is typically a healthy organism, especially an organism which is not suffering from a neurological autoimmune disease, especially from multiple sclerosis.

A "reference value" can be determined on the basis of a reference empirically by measuring a sufficient number of references.

A nucleic acid is according to the invention preferably deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) or ribonucleic acid (RNA). Nucleic acids include according to the invention genomic DNA, cDNA, mRNA, recombinantly prepared and chemically synthesized molecules. A nucleic acid may according to the invention be in the form of a single-stranded or double-stranded and linear or covalently circularly closed molecule.

The nucleic acids described according to the invention are preferably isolated. The term "isolated nucleic acid" means according to the invention that the nucleic acid (i) has been amplified *in vitro*, for example by polymerase chain reaction (PCR), (ii) has been produced recombinantly by cloning, (iii) has been purified, for example by cleavage and fractionation by gel electrophoresis, or (iv) has been synthesized, for example by chemical synthesis. An isolated nucleic acid is a nucleic acid which is available for manipulation by recombinant DNA techniques.

A degenerate nucleic acid is according to the invention a nucleic acid which differs from a reference nucleic acid in terms of the codon sequence on the basis of the degeneracy of the genetic code.

The term "nucleic acid" also includes according to the invention derivatives of nucleic acids. By "derivative" of a nucleic acid is meant according to the invention that single or multiple, preferably at least 2, at least 4, at least 6 and preferably up to 3, up to 4, up to 5, up to 6, up to 10, up to 15 or up to 20, substitutions, deletions and/or additions of nucleotides are present in the nucleic acid.

The term "derivative" of a nucleic acid further includes also a chemical derivatization of a nucleic acid on a nucleotide base, on the sugar or on the phosphate and nucleic acids which contain non-naturally occurring nucleotides and nucleotide analogs.

The degree of identity between a nucleic acid and a nucleic acid which is a derivative of the first nucleic acid, which hybridizes with the first nucleic acid and/or which is degenerate in relation to the first nucleic acid is preferably according to the invention at least 70%, in particular at least 75%, at

least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 97%, at least 98%, and preferably at least 99%. The degree of identity is preferably indicated for a region of at least about 30, at least about 50, at least about 70, at least about 90, at least about 100, at least about 150, at least about 200, at least about 300, at least about 400, at least about 500, at least about 1000, or at least about 2000 consecutive nucleotides. In preferred embodiments, the degree of identity is indicated for the complete length of the reference nucleic acid like the nucleic acid sequences indicated in the sequence listing.

A nucleic acid is "complementary" to another nucleic acid if the two sequences are able to hybridize together and enter into a stable duplex, the hybridization preferably taking place under conditions which permit a specific hybridization between polynucleotides (stringent conditions). Stringent conditions are described for example in *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, J. Sambrook et al., editors, 2nd edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1989 or *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, F. M. Ausubel et al., editors, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, and relate for example to hybridization at 65° C. in hybridization buffer (3.5×SSC, 0.02% Ficoll, 0.02% polyvinylpyrrolidone, 0.02% bovine serum albumin, 2.5 mM NaH₂PO₄ (pH 7), 0.5% SDS, 2 mM EDTA). SSC is 0.15 M sodium chloride/0.15 M sodium citrate, pH 7. After the hybridization, the membrane to which the DNA has been transferred is washed for example in 2×SSC at room temperature and then in 0.1-0.5×SSC/0.1×SDS at temperatures up to 68° C.

Percent complementarity indicates the percentage of consecutive nucleotides in a nucleic acid which are able to form hydrogen bonds (e.g. by Watson-Crick base pairing) with a second nucleic acid. Complementary nucleic acids preferably exhibit according to the invention at least 40%, in particular at least 50%, at least 80%, at least 70%, at least 80%, at least 90% and preferably at least 95%, at least 98% or at least 99% complementary nucleotides. Complementary nucleic acids are preferably completely complementary, meaning that all consecutive nucleotides can enter into hydrogen bonds with the same number of consecutive nucleotides in a second nucleic acid.

"Sequence similarity" indicates the percentage of amino acids which either are identical or represent conservative amino acid substitutions. "Sequence identity" between two polypeptides or nucleic acids indicates the percentage of amino acids or nucleotides which are identical between the sequences.

The term "% identity" is intended to refer to a percentage of nucleotides which are identical between two sequences to be compared with an optimal alignment, this percentage being purely statistical, it being possible for the differences between the two sequences to be distributed at random and over the complete sequence length, and it being possible for the sequence to be compared to include additions or deletions by comparison with the reference sequence in order to achieve an optimal alignment between two sequences. Sequence comparisons between two sequences are generally carried out by comparing the sequences after an optimal alignment in relation to a segment or "comparison window" in order to identify local regions of sequence agreement. The optimal alignment for a comparison can be carried out manually or with the aid of the local homology algorithm of Smith and Waterman, 1981, *Ads App. Math.* 2, 482, with the aid of the local homology algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch, 1970, *J. Mol. Biol.* 48, 443, and with the aid of the similarity search algorithm of Pearson and Lipman, 1988, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85, 2444, or with the aid of computer programs

which use these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, FASTA, BLAST P, BLAST N and TFasta in Wisconsin Genetics Software Package, Genetics Computer Group, 575 Science Drive, Madison, Wis.).

The percent identity is obtained by determining the number of identical positions in which the sequences to be compared agree, dividing this number by the compared positions and multiplying this result by 100.

It is for example possible to use the program BLAST "BLAST 2 sequences" which is obtainable from the website <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/bl2seq/wblast2.cgi>.

Derivatives of a particular nucleic acid relate in particular to variants of the nucleic acid, especially splice variants, isoforms and species homologs of the nucleic acid, especially those which are expressed naturally.

Nucleic acids can be analyzed in relation to variants such as splice variants according to the invention in a manner known per se. Techniques for analyzing splice variants include reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR), Northern blotting and in situ hybridization.

A technique called "RNase protection" can also be used in order to identify alternatively spliced mRNAs. RNase protection includes transcription of a gene sequence into synthetic RNA, which is hybridized onto RNA derived for example from other cells. The hybridized RNA is then incubated with enzymes which recognize RNA:RNA hybrid mismatches. Fragments which are smaller than expected indicate the presence of alternatively spliced mRNAs. The putative alternatively spliced mRNAs can be cloned and sequenced in a manner known per se.

RT-PCR can also be used in order to identify alternatively spliced mRNAs. In RT-PCR, mRNA is converted into cDNA by the enzyme reverse transcriptase in a manner known per se. The complete coding sequence of the cDNA is then amplified by means of PCR using a forward primer which is located in the 3'-nontranslated region, and a reverse primer which is located in the 5'-nontranslated region. The amplification products can be analyzed for alternative splice forms for example by comparing the size of the amplified products with the size of the expected product from normally spliced mRNA for example by means of agarose gel electrophoresis. Any changes in the size of the amplification products may indicate alternative splicing.

mRNA derived from mutated genes can also be easily identified with the aid of the techniques described above for identifying alternative splice forms. Thus, for example, allelic forms of genes, and the mRNA produced thereby, which are considered according to the invention to be "mutants", can be identified.

Nucleic acids may according to the invention be present alone or in combination with other nucleic acids, which may be homologous or heterologous. In particular embodiments, a nucleic acid is present according to the invention functionally connected to expression control sequences which may be homologous or heterologous in relation to the nucleic acid, where the term "homologous" here indicates that a nucleic acid is also naturally functionally connected to the expression control sequence, and the term "heterologous" indicates that a nucleic acid is not naturally functionally connected to the expression control sequence.

A nucleic acid, preferably a transcribable nucleic acid, and especially one which codes for a peptide or protein, and an expression control sequence are "functionally" connected together if they are covalently linked together in such a way that transcription or expression of the nucleic acid is under the control or under the influence of the expression control sequence. If the nucleic acid is to be translated into a func-

tional peptide or protein, when an expression control sequence is functionally connected to the coding sequence an induction of the expression control sequence leads to a transcription of the coding sequence without there being a shift in the reading frame in the coding sequence or an inability of the coding sequence to be translated into the desired peptide or protein.

The term "expression control sequence" includes according to the invention promoters, ribosome binding sequences, enhancers and other control elements which control the transcription of a gene or the translation of mRNA. In particular embodiments of the invention, the expression control sequences are regulatable. The exact structure of expression control sequences may vary depending on species or depending on cell type, but generally includes 5'-nontranscribed and 5'- and 3'-nontranslated sequences which are involved in the initiation of transcription or translation, such as TATA box, capping sequence, CAAT sequence and the like. 5'-Nontranscribed expression control sequences include in particular a promoter region which includes a promoter sequence for transcriptional control of the functionally connected nucleic acid. Expression control sequences may also include enhancer sequences or activator sequences located upstream.

The term "promoter" or "promoter region" relates to a nucleic acid sequence which is located upstream (5') of the sequence to be expressed and controls the expression of the sequence by providing a recognition and binding site for RNA polymerase. The promoter region may include further recognition or binding sites for further factors involved in regulating the transcription of a gene. A promoter can control the transcription of a prokaryotic or eukaryotic gene. A promoter may be "inducible" and initiate transcription in response to an inducer, or it may be "constitutive" if the transcription is not controlled by an inducer. An inducible promoter is not expressed or is expressed to only a very small extent if an inducer is absent. In the presence of the inducer, the gene is "switched on" or the transcription level is raised. This is ordinarily mediated by binding of a specific transcription factor.

Promoters preferred according to the invention are for example promoters for SP6, T3 or T7 polymerase, human U6 RNA promoter and CMV promoter.

The term "expression" is used according to the invention in its most general meaning and includes the production of RNA or of RNA and protein/peptide. It also includes partial expression of nucleic acids. The expression may furthermore take place transiently or stably.

It is further possible for a nucleic acid which codes for a protein or peptide to be present according to the invention in conjunction with another nucleic acid which codes for a peptide sequence which controls secretion of the protein or peptide encoded by the nucleic acid from a host cell. It is also possible for a nucleic acid to be present according to the invention in conjunction with another nucleic acid which codes for a peptide sequence which brings about anchoring of the encoded protein or peptide on the cell membrane of a host cell or its compartmentalization in particular organelles of this cell. Conjunction with a nucleic acid which represents a reporter gene or any type of "tag" is equally possible.

In a preferred embodiment, a nucleic acid is present according to the invention in a vector, where appropriate with a promoter which controls the expression of the nucleic acid. The term "vector" is used in this connection in its most general meaning and includes all intermediate vehicles for a nucleic acid which make it possible for example for the nucleic acid to be introduced into prokaryotic and/or into eukaryotic cells and, where appropriate, be integrated into a

genome. Such vectors are preferably replicated and/or expressed in the cell. Vectors include plasmids, phagemids, bacteriophages or viral genomes. The term "plasmid" as used herein relates generally to a construct of extrachromosomal genetic material, usually a circular DNA duplex, which can replicate independently of chromosomal DNA.

The term "host cell" relates according to the invention to any cell which can be transformed or transfected with an exogenous nucleic acid, preferably DNA or RNA. The term "host cell" includes according to the invention prokaryotic (e.g. *E. coli*) or eukaryotic cells (e.g. mammalian cells, especially human cells, yeast cells and insect cells). Mammalian cells such as human cells, mouse cells, hamster cells, pig cells, goat cells and primate cells are particularly preferred. The cells can be derived from a large number of tissue types and include primary cells and cell lines. Specific examples include keratinocytes, peripheral blood leukocytes, bone marrow stem cells and embryonic stem cells. In further embodiments, the host cell is an antigen-presenting cell, where the term "antigen-presenting cell" includes according to the invention dendritic cells, monocytes and macrophages. A nucleic acid may be present in the host cell in a single or in a plurality of copies and is expressed in one embodiment in the host cell.

In the cases of the invention in which an MHC molecule presents a protein or peptide, it is possible for an expression vector also to include a nucleic acid sequence which codes for the MHC molecule. The nucleic acid sequence which codes for the MHC molecule may be present on the same expression vector as the nucleic acid which codes for the protein or peptide, or the two nucleic acids may be present on different expression vectors. In the latter case, the two expression vectors may be cotransfected into a cell. If a host cell expresses neither the protein or peptide nor the MHC molecule, the two nucleic acids coding therefor may be transfected either on the same expression vector or on different expression vectors into the cell. If the cell already expresses the MHC molecule, it is possible for only the nucleic acid sequence which codes for the protein or peptide to be transfected into the cell.

The term "peptide" relates according to the invention to substances which include at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, at least 8, at least 10, at least 13, at least 16, at least 20 and preferably up to 8, 10, 20, 30, 50, or 100 consecutive amino acids which are connected together by peptide linkages. The term "protein" relates to large peptides, preferably peptides having more than 100 amino acids, but the terms "peptide" and "protein" are generally used interchangeably herein. The term "protein or peptide" is also intended to include, unless indicated otherwise, derivatives thereof.

The proteins and peptides described according to the invention are preferably isolated. The terms "isolated protein" or "isolated peptide" mean that the protein or peptide is separated from its natural environment. An isolated protein or peptide may be in an essentially purified state. The term "essentially purified" means that the protein or peptide is essentially free of other substances with which it is present in nature or in vivo.

Proteins and peptides are used according to the invention for example for preparing antibodies and can be employed in immunological or diagnostic assays or as therapeutic agents. Proteins and peptides described according to the invention can be isolated from biological samples such as tissue or cell homogenates and can also be expressed recombinantly in a large number of prokaryotic or eukaryotic expression systems. It is further possible according to the invention for

proteins and peptides to be synthesized on solid or liquid phase in a manner known per se.

The proteins, peptides or derivatives thereof described herein can be used in their free or bound form for the diagnosis or treatment of patients with a neurological autoimmune disease, where the proteins, peptides or derivatives thereof have the ability in particular to bind, neutralize and/or selectively remove autoantibodies.

"Derivatives" of a protein or peptide or of an amino acid sequence in the context of this invention include amino acid insertion variants, amino acid deletion variants and/or amino acid substitution variants.

Amino acid insertion variants include amino- and/or carboxy-terminal fusions, and insertions of individual or a plurality of amino acids in a particular amino acid sequence. In amino acid sequence variants with an insertion, one or more amino acid residues are introduced into a predetermined position in an amino acid sequence, although random insertion with suitable screening of the resulting product is also possible.

Amino acid deletion variants are characterized by the removal of one or more amino acids from the sequence.

Amino acid substitution variants are distinguished by at least one residue in the sequence being removed and another residue being inserted in its place. The modifications are preferably located at positions in the amino acid sequence which are not conserved between homologous proteins or peptides, and/or amino acids are replaced by others having similar properties, such as hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, electronegativity, volume of the side chain and the like (conservative substitution). Conservative substitutions relate for example to the exchange of one amino acid by another amino acid mentioned below in the same group as the substituted amino acid:

1. small aliphatic, nonpolar or slightly polar residues: Ala, Ser, Thr (Pro, Gly)
2. negatively charged residues and their amides: Asn, Asp, Glu, Gln
3. positively charged residues: His, Arg, Lys
4. large aliphatic, nonpolar residues: Met, Leu, Ile, Val (Cys)
5. large aromatic residues: Phe, Tyr, Trp.

Three residues are placed in parentheses because of their particular role for protein architecture. Gly is the only residue without a side chain and thus confers flexibility on the chain. Pro has an unusual geometry which greatly restricts the chain. Cys can form a disulfide bridge.

The degree of similarity, preferably identity, between one amino acid sequence and an amino acid sequence which is a derivative of the former amino acid sequence is preferably at least 70%, in particular at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, at least 97%, at least 98%, and preferably at least 99%. The degree of identity is preferably indicated for a range of at least about 10, at least about 30, at least about 50, at least about 70, at least about 90, at least about 100, at least about 150, at least about 200, at least about 300, at least about 400, or at least about 500 consecutive amino acids. In preferred embodiments, the degree of identity is indicated for the complete length of the reference amino acid sequence like the amino acid sequences indicated in the sequence listing.

The amino acid variants described above can easily be prepared with the aid of known peptide synthesis techniques such as, for example, by "solid-phase synthesis" (Merrifield, 1964) and similar methods or by recombinant DNA manipulation. The manipulation of DNA sequences for preparing

proteins and peptides with substitutions, insertions or deletions is described in detail for example in Sambrook et al. (1989).

"Derivatives" of proteins or peptides include according to the invention also single or multiple substitutions, deletions and/or additions of any molecules associated with the protein or peptide, such as carbohydrates, lipids and/or proteins or peptides. The term "derivative" also extends further to all functional chemical equivalents of the proteins and peptides and substances which comprise not only amino acid constituents but also non-amino acid constituents such as sugars and phosphate structures and also include substances which comprise linkages such as ester linkages, thioether linkages and disulfide linkages. A derivative of a protein or peptide preferably has a better stability, preferably a longer in vivo half-life, than the protein or peptide from which it is derived.

Derivatives of a particular protein or peptide also relate to post-translationally modified variants, isoforms and species homologs of the protein or peptide, especially those which are expressed naturally.

A part, i.e. fragment, or derivative of a protein or peptide preferably displays according to the invention a functional property of the protein or peptide from which it is derived. Such functional properties include for example immunoreactivity, especially the interaction with antibodies or the interaction with other peptides or proteins. An important property is the ability to enter into a complex with MHC molecules and where appropriate to generate or prevent an immune response for example by stimulating or inhibiting cytotoxic or helper T cells. A part of a protein or peptide preferably includes a sequence of at least 6, at least 8, at least 1, at least 1, at least 1, at least 2, at least 30 and preferably up to , up to 1, up to 1, up to 1, up to 2, up to 30 or up to 50 consecutive amino acids from the protein or peptide. In one embodiment, a part of a protein or peptide relates according to the invention to one or a plurality of epitopes from the complete peptide or protein, where the plurality of epitopes may be present in their natural connection or may have an artificial, i.e. non-naturally occurring connection, i.e. the epitopes may be separated from one another for example by an artificial linker. A part of a protein or peptide preferably relates according to the invention to a sequence which is a target, in particular an epitope, for an immune response in a patient, for example in a patient with a neurological autoimmune disease. In preferred embodiments, the sequence is the target for an antibody- and/or T-cell-mediated immune response. A peptide, protein or derivative used according to the invention may also include a plurality of sequences which represent epitopes for antibodies or T cells.

A part, i.e. fragment, of a nucleic acid which codes for a protein or peptide relates according to the invention preferably to the part of the nucleic acid which codes at least for the protein or peptide and/or for a part of the protein or peptide as defined above. A part of a nucleic acid which codes for a protein or peptide preferably relates to the part of the nucleic acid which corresponds to the open reading frame. In a further embodiment, a part of a nucleic acid is the part of a nucleic acid which codes only for one or more epitopes of the protein or peptide which is encoded by the complete nucleic acid, in particular by the complete open reading frame.

The proteins, peptides or derivatives thereof which are employed for a therapeutic use are preferably those which inhibit a binding of the autoantibodies described herein to the autoantigens described herein, or compete therefor and/or inhibit the stimulation of T lymphocytes which recognize the autoantigens or parts thereof described herein, and thus protect a patient from an autoimmune disease of the nervous

system such as multiple sclerosis. Proteins, peptides or derivatives which can be employed therapeutically are in particular those which interact with the binding of T cells via their T-cell receptor to the MHC/antigen complex which is necessary for initiating or propagating an immune recognition or an inflammatory course.

A protein or peptide which includes an antibody epitope and/or a T-cell epitope and is administered according to the invention to a patient may be able to modify the patient's response to an autoantigen, leading to inhibition of an autoimmune response. In particular, therefore, proteins, peptides or derivatives thereof able to compete with the autoantigens or fragments thereof for recognition by T lymphocytes or autoantibodies are used according to the invention. Peptides particularly preferred according to the invention are those which include or represent a modified version of the T-cell epitope from the naturally occurring autoantigen which can bind to MHC molecules but, in contrast to the naturally occurring epitope, does not activate specific T cells. The proteins, peptides or derivatives employed for a therapeutic use preferably compete for the binding of autoantigens to antibodies and/or MHC molecules and do not initiate proliferation and/or induction of a T cell which reacts with the autoantigen or parts thereof.

Candidate proteins, peptides, or derivatives can be screened in a test which measures a binding, in particular a competitive binding to antibodies and/or MHC molecules, and/or a test which measures a T-cell proliferation.

"MHC-binding peptides" relates according to the invention to peptides which bind to an MHC class I and/or an MHC class II molecule. In the case of class I MHC/peptide complexes, the binding peptides are typically 8-10 amino acids long, although longer or shorter peptides may be active. In the case of class II MHC/peptide complexes, the binding peptides are typically 10-25 amino acids long and in particular 13-18 amino acids long, although longer and shorter peptides may be active. It is possible according to the invention to administer an MHC-binding peptide for a direct binding to MHC molecules, or an MHC-binding peptide may result after suitable processing, especially in vivo after administration, from an administered protein, peptide or derivative thereof. It is also possible for an MHC-binding peptide to result through processing of an autoantigen. In particular embodiments, therefore, an MHC-binding peptide is a part of an administered protein, peptide or derivative thereof or of an autoantigen. Such cases are included when reference is made according to the invention to proteins, peptides or derivatives employed for a therapeutic use, or to T cells which react with an autoantigen.

The ability of a peptide to bind to an antibody can be determined for example with one of the immunoassays described herein.

The ability to bind competitively to MHC molecules can be determined according to the invention for example with known binding tests which measure the displacement of a labeled binding molecule.

Autoantigens described according to the invention can be employed in peptide libraries, including phage display libraries, in order for example to identify and select peptide binding partners of antibodies or MHC molecules. Such molecules can be used for example for screening assays, purification protocols, for interference with the function of the antibodies or MHC molecules and for other purposes known to the person skilled in the art.

Phage display may be particularly effective for identifying binding peptides. In this case, for example, a phage library which presents inserts of a length of from 4 to about 80 amino

acid residues is prepared (by using for example the m13, fd or lambda phage). Phages which harbor inserts which bind to the target are then selected. This process can be repeated over a plurality of cycles of back-selection of phages which bind to the target. Repeated rounds lead to an enrichment of phages which harbor particular sequences. It is possible to analyze DNA sequences in order to identify the sequences of the expressed peptides. The smallest linear portion of the sequence which binds to the target can be determined.

The yeast "two-hybrid system" can also be employed for identifying peptides which bind to a target.

The ability to initiate a proliferation and/or induction of T cells can be determined simply by an in vitro test. Typically, T cells are provided for the tests by transformed T-cell lines, such as T-cell hybridomas or T cells which are isolated from a mammal such as a human or a rodent such as a mouse. Suitable T-cell hybridomas are freely available or can be prepared in a manner known per se. T cells can be isolated from a mammal in a manner known per se; cf., for example, Shimonkevitz, R. et al., 1983, J. Exp. Med. 158:303.

A suitable test for determining whether a peptide is capable of modulating the activity of T cells takes place as follows by steps 1-4 below. T cells express in a suitable manner a marker which can be tested and indicates T-cell activation or modulation of T-cell activity after activation. Thus, the mouse T-cell hybridoma DO11.10 which expresses interleukin-2 (IL-2) on activation can be used. IL-2 concentrations can be measured in order to determine whether a specific presented peptide is capable of modulating the activity of this T-cell hybridoma. A suitable test of this type takes place by the following steps:

1. T cells are obtained for example from an interesting T-cell hybridoma or by isolation from a mammal.
2. The T cells are cultured under conditions permitting proliferation.
3. The growing T cells are contacted with antigen-presenting cells which in turn have been contacted with a peptide to be presented or with a nucleic acid coding therefor.
4. The T cells are tested for a marker, e.g. IL-2 production is measured.

The T cells used in the tests are incubated under conditions suitable for proliferation. For example, a DO11.10 T-cell hybridoma is suitably incubated at about 37° C. and 5% CO₂ in complete medium (RPMI 1640, supplemented with 10% FBS, penicillin/streptomycin, L-glutamine and 5×10⁻⁵ M 2-mercaptoethanol). Serial dilutions of the investigated peptide can be tested. T-cell activation signals are provided by antigen-presenting cells which have been loaded with the peptide.

As an alternative to measuring an expressed protein such as IL-2, it is possible to determine the modulation of T-cell activation in a suitable manner through alterations in the proliferation of T cells as measured by known radiolabeling methods. For example, a labeled (such as tritiated) nucleotide can be introduced into a test culture medium. The introduction of such a labeled nucleotide into the DNA serves as quantity for measuring T-cell proliferation.

Identification of modified and substituted proteins or peptides which are suitable in the diagnostic and therapeutic methods of the invention can also easily be tested through their ability to inhibit proliferative responses in vitro of the patient's T cells or of T-cell lines or clones which are specific for an autoantigen, or a binding of the autoantigen to autoantibodies specific therefor. Epitopes in autoantigens against which antibodies and T cells in patients with multiple sclerosis are directed are identified by using truncated and/or

mutagenized recombinant proteins and peptides. These peptide epitopes are tested for their antigenicity in generating a T-cell response or in binding to antibodies.

What has been stated above about therapeutically employed proteins, peptides or derivatives applies analogously to therapeutically employed nucleic acids which encode such proteins, peptides or derivatives.

Proteins, peptides or derivatives thereof described herein, where appropriate coupled to a polymer such as PEG which makes the protein, peptide or derivative tolerogenic, and/or in conjunction with an adjuvant, can also be employed therapeutically in order to generate tolerance. The proteins, peptides or derivatives are preferably employed in high doses in this embodiment. The method of tolerization is described for example in WO 94/06828. Thus, in one embodiment, a pharmaceutical composition of the invention is used to tolerize a patient to one or more autoantigens described herein. In this embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition preferably includes a peptide or protein which comprises an amino acid sequence which corresponds to a sequence motif of an autoantigen described herein, which is associated with a neurological autoimmune disease described herein, or is derived therefrom. Such peptides or proteins preferably bind to MHC molecules to form a complex which activates autoreactive T cells in patients with the autoimmune disease. The use of such a tolerization in relation to autoimmune diseases is known and need not therefore be explained in more detail.

Antibodies directed against the autoantigens described herein can be used to identify antigenic epitopes on the autoantigen. As soon as such epitopes have been identified, it is possible for synthetic peptides to be prepared and be employed for example as antigens in diagnostic tests or kits or for developing therapeutic agents.

Antisera containing antibodies which bind specifically to a target can be prepared by various standard methods; cf. for example "Monoclonal Antibodies: A Practical Approach" by Philip Shepherd, Christopher Dean ISBN 0-19-983722-9, "Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual" by Ed Harlow, David Lane ISBN: 0879893142 and "Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual: Portable protocol NO" by Edward Harlow, David Lane, Ed Harlow ISBN: 0879895447. It is also possible in this connection to generate antibodies which have affinity and specificity and which recognize complex membrane proteins in their native form (Azorsa et al., *J. Immunol. Methods* 229: 35-48, 1999; Anderson et al., *J. Immunol.* 143: 1899-1904, 1989; Gardsvoll, *J. Immunol. Methods*, 234: 107-116, 2000). This is important in particular for the production of antibodies which are to be employed therapeutically, but also for many diagnostic applications. It is possible for this purpose to use the complete protein, extracellular partial sequences as well as cells which express the target molecule in a physiologically folded form for immunization.

Monoclonal antibodies are traditionally produced with the aid of hybridoma technology (for technical details: see "Monoclonal Antibodies: A Practical Approach" by Philip Shepherd, Christopher Dean ISBN 0-19-963722-9, "Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual" by Ed Harlow, David Lane ISBN: 0879893142, "Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual: Portable protocol NO" by Edward Harlow, David Lane, Ed Harlow ISBN: 0879695447).

It is known that only a small part of an antibody molecule, the paratope, is involved in binding of the antibody to its epitope (cf. Clark, W. R. (1988), *The Experimental Foundations of Modern Immunology*, Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York; Roitt, I. (1991), *Essential Immunology*, 7th edition, Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford). The pFc' and Fc regions are for example effectors of the complement cascade, but are not

involved in antigen binding. An antibody from which the pFc' region has been eliminated enzymatically or which has been prepared without the pFc' region, referred to as F(ab')₂ fragment, carries both antigen binding sites of a complete antibody. In a similar way, an antibody from which the Fc region has been eliminated enzymatically, or which has been produced without the Fc region, referred to as Fab fragment, carries one antigen binding site of an intact antibody molecule. In addition, Fab fragments consist of a covalently bonded light chain of an antibody and a part of the heavy chain of the antibody, referred to as Fd. The Fd fragments are the principal determinants of antibody specificity (a single Fd fragment can be associated with up to ten different light chains without altering the specificity of the antibody) and Fd fragments retain on isolation the ability to bind to an epitope.

Within the antigen-binding part of an antibody there are complementarity-determining regions (CDRs) which interact directly with the epitope of the antigen, and framework regions (FRs) which maintain the tertiary structure of the paratope. Four framework regions (FR1 to FR4) are located both in the Fd fragment of the heavy chain and in the light chain of IgG immunoglobulins and are in each case separated by three complementarity-determining regions (CDR1 to CDR3). The CDRs and especially the CDRS regions, and even more the CDRS region of the heavy chain, are mostly responsible for antibody specificity.

It is known that the non-CDR regions of a mammalian antibody can be replaced by similar regions of antibodies with the same or a different specificity, with the specificity for the epitope of the original antibody being retained. This made it possible to develop so-called "humanized" antibodies in which non-human CDRs are covalently connected to human FR regions and/or Fc/pFc' regions to produce a functional antibody.

As another example, WO 92/04381 describes the preparation and use of humanized mouse RSV antibodies in which at least one part of the mouse FR regions have been replaced by FR regions of a human origin. Such antibodies, including fragments of intact antibodies with an antigen-binding capability, are often referred to as "chimeric" antibodies.

The term "antibody" includes according to the invention also F(ab')₂, Fab, Fv and Fd fragments of antibodies, chimeric antibodies in which the Fc and/or FR and/or CDR1 and/or CDR2 and/or light chain CDRS regions have been replaced by homologous human or non-human sequences, chimeric F(ab')₂ fragment antibodies in which the FR and/or CDR1 and/or CDR2 and/or light chain CDR3 regions have been replaced by homologous human or non-human sequences, chimeric Fab fragment antibodies in which the FR and/or CDR1 and/or CDR2 and/or light chain CDR3 regions have been replaced by homologous human or non-human sequences, and chimeric Fd fragment antibodies in which the FR and/or CDR1 and/or CDR2 regions have been replaced by homologous human or non-human sequences. The term "antibody" also includes according to the invention single-chain antibodies.

Antibodies can also be coupled to specific diagnostic agents in order for example to demonstrate cells and tissues which express particular proteins or peptides like the autoantigens described herein. They can further be coupled to therapeutic agents.

Diagnostic agents include any type of label which is suitable: (i) for providing a detectable signal, (ii) for interacting with a second label in order to modify the detectable signal provided by the first or second label, e.g. FRET (fluorescence resonance energy transfer), (iii) for influencing the mobility such as electrophoretic mobility through charge, hydropho-

bicity, shape or other physical parameters, or (iv) for providing a capture group, e.g. affinity, antibody/antigen or ionic complexation.

Suitable labels are structures such as fluorescent labels, luminescent labels, chromophore labels, radioisotope labels, isotope labels, preferably stable isotope labels, enzyme labels, particle labels, especially metal particle labels, magnetic particle labels, polymer particle labels, small organic molecules such as biotin, ligands of receptors or binding molecules such as cell adhesion proteins or lectins, and label sequences which include nucleic acid sequences and/or amino acid sequences. Diagnostic agents include in a non-limiting manner barium sulfate, iocetamic acid, iopanoic acid, calcium ipodate, sodium diatrizoate, meglumine diatrizoate, metrizamide, sodium tyropanoate and radiodiagnostic agents, including positron emitters such as fluorine-18 and carbon-11, gamma emitters such as iodine-123, technetium-99m, iodine-131 and indium-111, and nuclides for magnetic nuclear resonance such as fluorine and gadolinium.

The term "therapeutic agent" relates according to the invention to any substance which may have a therapeutic effect.

The term "major histocompatibility complex" or "MHC" relates to a complex of genes which is present in all vertebrates. MHC proteins or molecules are involved in the signaling between lymphocytes and antigen-presenting cells in normal immune responses, in which case they bind peptides and present them for recognition by T-cell receptors. MHC molecules bind peptides within an intracellular processing compartment and present these peptides on the surface of antigen-presenting cells for recognition by T cells. The human MHC region, also called HLA, is located on chromosome 6 and includes the class I and class II regions. In a preferred embodiment in all aspects of the invention, an MHC molecule is an HLA molecule.

The term "patient", "creature" or "organism" includes according to the invention humans, non-human primates or another animal, especially mammal such as cow, horse, pig, sheep, goat, dog, cat or rodent such as mouse and rat. In a particularly preferred embodiment, the patient is a human.

The term "disease" relates according to the invention to a pathological condition. The term "autoimmune disease" relates according to the invention to a disease caused by an excessive reaction of the immune system to endogenous tissue. The immune system erroneously recognizes endogenous tissue as a foreign body against which defence is necessary. This results in severe inflammatory reactions which lead to damage to the affected organs. The term "neurological autoimmune disease" relates according to the invention to an autoimmune disease of the nervous system. If the immune system in the CNS gets out of control in a neurological autoimmune disease it is possible for inflammatory cascades of damage to trigger nerve cell death and a neuropathological state associated therewith. Inflammatory processes and networks are involved in the development and progression of many neurodegenerative diseases such as multiple sclerosis, stroke, Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease.

In a preferred embodiment, the term "neurological autoimmune disease" relates according to the invention to multiple sclerosis. Multiple sclerosis is an inflammatory, demyelinating disease of the central nervous system which causes motor, sensory and cognitive deficits. Multiple sclerosis arises if T lymphocytes and other cells of the immune system infiltrate the white matter of the CNS. Inflammatory messengers block conduction at the Ranvier's nodes and soluble and cellular effectors bring about breakdown of the myelin layer. This results in so-called demyelination or demyelination. This

brings about progressive paralysis and other neurological symptoms such as, for example, muscle tremor, numbness, itching, color blindness, double vision, blindness, loss of coordination and balance, acute paralysis and a deterioration in cognitive abilities.

The term "increased amount" preferably relates to an increase of at least 10%, in particular at least 20%, at least 50% or at least 100%. The amount of a substance is also increased in a test object such as a biological sample in relation to a reference if it is detectable in the test object but not present and/or not detectable in the reference.

"Reduce" or "inhibit" relates here to the ability to bring about a decrease, such as a decrease of 20% or more, more preferably of 50% or more, most preferably of 75% or more.

A biological sample may according to the invention be a tissue sample, including body fluids, and/or a cellular sample and can be obtained in a conventional way, such as by tissue biopsy, including punch biopsy, and removal of blood, bronchial aspirate, sputum, urine, feces or other body fluids. The term "biological sample" also includes according to the invention fractions of biological samples.

The terms "T cell" and "T lymphocyte" are used here interchangeably and include T-helper cells and cytolytic T cells such as cytotoxic T cells.

The pharmaceutical compositions described according to the invention may also be employed preventively, i.e. as vaccines, in order to prevent the diseases described herein.

Proteins and peptides can be administered according to the invention in a manner known per se.

It is possible according to the invention to administer nucleic acids either as naked nucleic acid or in conjunction with an administration reagent. For example, the invention also provides for administration of nucleic acids in vivo by means of targeted liposomes.

It is possible to employ for administering nucleic acids vectors which are derived from adenovirus (AV), adeno-associated virus (AAV), retroviruses (such as Antiviruses (LV), rhabdoviruses, murine leukemia virus), or herpesvirus, and the like. The tropism of the viral vectors can be suitably modified by pseudotyping the vectors with envelope proteins or other surface antigens of other viruses or by replacing various viral capsid proteins.

Liposomes can assist delivery of the nucleic acid to a particular tissue and may also increase the half-life of the nucleic acid. Liposomes suitable according to the invention are formed from standard vesicle-forming lipids which generally include neutral or negatively charged phospholipids, and a sterol such as cholesterol. The selection of lipids is generally determined by factors such as the desired size of the liposomes and the half-life of the liposomes. A large number of methods for preparing liposomes is known; cf., for example, Szoka et al. (1980), *Ann. Rev. Biophys. Bioeng.* 9: 467; and U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,235,871, 4,501,728, 4,837,028 and 5,019,389.

In particular embodiments, direction of the nucleic acid to particular cells is preferred. In such embodiments, a carrier which is employed for administering a nucleic acid to a cell (e.g. a retrovirus or a liposome) may have a bound targeting molecule. For example, a molecule such as an antibody which is specific for a surface membrane protein on the target cell, or a ligand for a receptor on the target cell, can be incorporated in the nucleic acid carrier or bound thereto. If administration of a nucleic acid by liposomes is desired, it is possible to incorporate proteins which bind to a surface membrane protein which is associated with endocytosis into the liposome formulation in order to make targeting and/or uptake possible. Such proteins include capsid proteins or fragments

thereof which are specific for a particular cell type, antibodies against proteins which are internalized, proteins which aim at an intracellular site, and the like.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention can be administered in pharmaceutically acceptable preparations. Such preparations may comprise usual pharmaceutically acceptable concentrations of salts, buffer substances, preservatives, carriers, supplementary immunity-enhancing substances such as adjuvants, CpG oligo-nucleotides, cytokines, chemokines, saponin, GM-CSF and/or RNA and, where appropriate, other therapeutic active ingredients.

The therapeutic active ingredients of the invention can be administered in any conventional way, including by injection or by infusion. Administration is possible for example orally, intravenously, intraperitoneally, intramuscularly, subcutaneously or transdermally.

Suitable methods for administering nucleic acids to cells include administration of the nucleic acid to a creature by means of a gene gun, electroporation, nanoparticles, microencapsulation and the like, or by parenteral and enteral delivery.

The compositions of the invention are administered in effective amounts. An "effective amount" relates to the amount which, alone or together with further doses, achieves a desired response or a desired effect. In the case of treatment of a particular disease or of a particular condition, the desired response preferably relates to inhibition of the course of the disease. This includes slowing the progression of the disease and in particular stopping or reversing progression of the disease. The desired response on treatment of a disease or of a condition may also be delaying the onset or preventing the onset of the disease or condition.

An effective amount of a composition of the invention will depend on the condition to be treated, the severity of the disease, the individual parameters of a patient, including age, physiological condition, height and weight, the duration of the treatment, the nature of a concomitant therapy (if present), the specific route of administration and similar factors.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention are preferably sterile and comprise an effective amount of the therapeutically effective substance for generating the desired response or the desired effect.

The doses of the compositions of the invention which are administered may depend on various parameters such as the mode of administration, the patient's condition, the desired period of administration etc. In the case where a response of a patient is inadequate with an initial dose, it is possible to employ higher doses (or effectively higher doses which are achieved by a different, more localized administration route).

The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention are generally administered in pharmaceutically acceptable amounts and in pharmaceutically acceptable compositions. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable" relates to a non-toxic material which does not interact with the effect of the active ingredient of the pharmaceutical composition. Such preparations may usually comprise salts, buffer substances, preservatives, carriers and, where appropriate, other therapeutic active ingredients. For use in medicine, the salts should be pharmaceutically acceptable. Non-pharmaceutically acceptable salts can, however, be used to prepare pharmaceutically acceptable salts and are included by the invention. Such pharmacologically and pharmaceutically acceptable salts include in a non-limiting manner those prepared from the following acids: hydrochloric, hydrobromic, sulfuric, nitric, phosphoric, maleic, acetic, salicylic, citric, formic, malonic, succinic acids and the like. Pharmaceutically suitable salts can also be

prepared as alkali metal or alkaline earth metal salts such as sodium, potassium or calcium salts.

A pharmaceutical composition of the invention may include a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" relates according to the invention to one or more compatible solid or liquid fillers, diluents, or capsule substances which are suitable for administration in particular to a human. The term "carrier" relates to an organic or inorganic ingredient, natural or synthetic in nature, in which the active ingredient is combined in order to facilitate use. The ingredients of the pharmaceutical composition of the invention are ordinarily of such a nature that no interaction which substantially impairs the desired pharmaceutical efficacy occurs.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may comprise suitable buffer substances such as acetic acid in a salt, citric acid in a salt, boric acid in a salt and phosphoric acid in a salt.

The pharmaceutical compositions may also include where appropriate suitable preservatives such as benzalkonium chloride, chlorobutanol, parabens and thimerosal.

The pharmaceutical compositions are ordinarily supplied in a standard dose form and can be produced in a manner known per se. Pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may for example be in the form of capsules, tablets, pastilles, suspensions, syrups, elixirs or as emulsion.

Compositions suitable for parenteral administration include ordinarily a sterile aqueous or nonaqueous preparation of the active ingredient, which is preferably isotonic with the recipient's blood. Suitable carriers and solvents are for example Ringer's solution and isotonic sodium chloride solution. Ordinarily employed additionally as dissolving or suspending medium are sterile, fixed oils.

The present invention is described in detail by the following figures and examples which serve exclusively for illustration and are not to be understood as limiting. Further embodiments which are likewise encompassed by the invention are accessible to the person skilled in the art on the basis of the description and the examples.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

Production of a Brain-Specific cDNA Library

A brain-specific cDNA expression library was produced in lambda phages (FIG. 1). In this system, a complete pBlue-script plasmid is present in a lambda phage genome and thus combines the properties of a phage and of a plasmid. Human mRNA isolated from brain tissue was transcribed into methylated cDNA in a first-strand synthesis using a reverse transcriptase and an oligo-dT linker on whose 5' end an XhoI cleavage site was attached. After targeted degradation of the mRNA, the DNA was made double-stranded in a second-strand synthesis. An EcoRI linker was ligated onto the double-stranded DNA, and the construct was then cleaved with the restriction endonuclease XhoI. The use of methylated dCTPs in the first-strand synthesis protects the cDNA first strand from XhoI cleavage. The cDNA fragments obtained in this way were cloned into vector previously cleaved with XhoI/EcoRI. Over 1×10^6 recombinant clones were obtained.

Example 2

Immunoscreening Methods and Antigen Identification

The immunoscreening was carried out as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, J. Sambrook et al.,

editors, 2nd edition, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, N.Y., 1989 or Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, F. M. Ausubel et al., editors, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York. The method is depicted diagrammatically in FIG. 2. Bacteria of the strain XL1 MRF derived from *E. coli* K12 were harvested in the exponential phase of growth, adjusted to an OD₆₀₀ of 0.5 and infected with the lambda phages of the described expression library. The number of plaque-forming units (pfu) was adjusted so that the plaques were subconfluent (e.g. ~5000 pfu/145 mm Petri dish). With addition of TOP agar and IPTG, the infection mixture was plated out on agar plates with tetracycline. Phage plaques formed on the bacterial lawn in an overnight culture at 37° C. Each individual plaque represents a lambda phage clone with the nucleic acid inserted into this clone and simultaneously comprises the recombinantly expressed protein encoded by the nucleic acid.

Nitrocellulose membranes were put on in order to produce plaque-lift preparations of the recombinant proteins. Washing steps in TBS-Tween and blocking of nonspecific binding sites in TBS+10% milk powder were followed by incubation in serum overnight. Serum diluted 1:100-1:1000 was used for this purpose. After further washing steps, the nitrocellulose membranes were incubated with a secondary AP-conjugated antibody directed against human IgG. It was possible to visualize bindings of serum antibodies to proteins expressed recombinantly in phage plaques by a color reaction in this way. It was possible to trace clones identified as reacting with sera back to the culture plate and to isolate therefrom the corresponding phage construct monoclally. Such positive clones were confirmed after renewed plating out. The lambda phage clone was recircularized to the phagemid by *in vivo* excision.

To analyze the brain-specific phage library, in total about 1 000 000 clones were analyzed, using a total of 17 different sera. Pooled sera were used in some cases, initially identified clones were firstly isolated oligoclonally augmented by adjacent non-reactive phage plaques and were monoclonalized after confirmation. The integrated human DNA was amplified from the monoclonal clones by PCR with the T7/T3 standard primers of the integrated plasmid vector, and the amplicon was then sequenced by standard methods. The sequences found in this way were compared with known sequences in the gene library by BLAST analysis. It was possible through the analysis to isolate in total 44 different clones which reacted with serum from MS patients. The antigens were assigned to different groups according to their properties (FIG. 3).

Example 3

Molecular Biological and Serological Validation of the Autoantigens

Validation of the antigens identified according to the invention is of central importance for utilization of the autoantigens for immunotherapeutic purposes (antibody therapy using monoclonal antibodies, vaccination to induce an improved autoantigen tolerance, T-cell receptor-mediated therapeutic approaches; cf. EP-B 0 879 282) or other targeted approaches (small compounds, siRNA etc.) in the treatment of autoimmune diseases and for diagnostic questions. In this case, validation takes place by expression analysis at the RNA level and by serological analyses.

1. Investigation of RNA Expression

The first validation of the identified autoantigens takes place with the aid of RNA obtained from various tissues or

from tissue-specific cell lines. Brain-specific expression of the autoantigens associated with the neurological diseases is of decisive importance in this connection for the later therapeutic use. Isolation of total RNA from native tissue samples or from cell lines takes place with standard methods of molecular biology. For example, isolation is possible with the aid of the RNeasy Maxi Kit (Qiagen, cat. No. 75162) according to the manufacturer's instructions. This isolation method is based on the use of guanidinium isothiocyanate as chaotropic reagent. Isolation can be carried out alternatively with acidic phenol (Chomczynski & Sacchi, Anal. Biochem. 162: 156-159, 1987). After the tissue has been worked up with guanidinium isothiocyanate, the RNA is extracted with acidic phenol, and then the RNA is precipitated with isopropanol and taken up in DEPC-treated water.

2-4 µg of the RNA isolated in this way are then transcribed into cDNA, e.g. using Superscript II (Invitrogen) in accordance with the manufacturers protocol. The cDNA synthesis is in this case primed with the aid of random hexamers (e.g. Roche Diagnostics) according to the standard protocols of the respective manufacturer. For quality control, the cDNAs are amplified in 30 cycles with primers which are specific for the only slightly expressed p53 gene. Only p53-positive cDNA samples are used for further reaction steps.

For detailed analysis, the target candidates are investigated by PCR or quantitative PCR (qPCR) for their expression in a comprehensive set of normal tissues. For this purpose, 0.5 µl of cDNA from the above batch is amplified with a DNA polymerase (e.g. 1 U of HotStarTaq DNA polymerase, Qiagen) in analogy to the protocols of the respective manufacturer (total volume of the mixture: 25-50 µl). Besides the polymerase, the amplification mixture contains 0.3 mM dNTPs, reaction buffer (final concentration 1×, depending on the manufacturer of the DNA polymerase) and 0.3 mM each of the gene-specific forward and reverse primer.

The specific primers of the target gene are selected, where possible, so that they are located in two different exons and thus genomic contamination does not lead to any false-positive results. In a non-quantitative endpoint PCR, the cDNA is typically incubated at 95° C. for 15 minutes in order to denature the DNA and activate the Hot-Start enzyme. The DNA is then amplified in 35 cycles (1 min 95° C., 1 min primer-specific hybridization temperature (about 55-65° C.), 1 min 72° C. for elongation of the amplicons). 10 µl of the PCR mixture are then loaded onto agarose gels and fractionated in an electrical field. The DNA in the gels is visualized by staining with ethidium bromide, and the result of the PCR is documented by photograph.

As alternative to conventional PCR, the expression analysis of a target gene can also take place by quantitative real time PCR. Various analysis systems are now obtainable for this analysis, the best-known being the ABI PRISM sequence detection system (TaqMan, Applied Biosystems), the iCycler (Biorad) and the Light cycler (Roche Diagnostics). As described above, a specific PCR mixture is subjected to a run in the real time apparatuses. The newly synthesized DNA is visualized by addition of a DNA-intercalating dye (e.g. ethidium bromide, CybrGreen) by specific photoexcitation (according to information from the dye manufacturers). The complete process can be followed by a large number of measurement points during the amplification, and a quantitative determination of the nucleic acid concentration of the target gene can be carried out. Normalization of the PCR mixture takes place by measuring a housekeeping gene (e.g. 18S RNA, β-actin). Alternative strategies with fluorescence-labeled DNA probes likewise permit quantitative determina-

tion of the target gene from a specific tissue sample (see TaqMan applications of Applied Biosystems).

2. Cloning

The complete target gene is cloned, as is necessary for further characterization of the antigen, by conventional methods of molecular biology (e.g. in "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology", John Wiley & Sons Ltd., Wiley InterScience). For cloning and sequence analysis of the target gene, the latter is initially amplified with a DNA polymerase with proofreading function (e.g. pfu, Roche Diagnostics). The amplicon is then ligated into a cloning vector by standard methods. Positive clones are identified by sequence analysis and then characterized with the aid of prediction programs and known algorithms.

3. Expression and Purification

For detailed characterization and for product development it is necessary for the identified antigens to be synthesized in an expression system and then purified.

Very diverse systems are well established and commercially available for antigen expression, some examples of commercial suppliers are indicated, and detailed protocols are published by the suppliers. The commonest expression systems are in vitro transcription/translation (Roche Diagnostics, Invitrogen), antigen expression in *E. coli* (Qiagen, Invitrogen), in yeast (Invitrogen, Stratagene, RCT) and in eukaryotic cells after transfection of the cells or after infection with viral expression vectors such as, for example, with recombinant baculoviruses or vaccinia viruses (Invitrogen, Roche Diagnostics). Very diverse methods (e.g. electroporation, liposome-based transfection, calcium phosphate precipitation) are well established (e.g. Lemoine et al., *Methods Mol. Biol.* 75: 441-7, 1997) for transfecting cells with DNA for antigen expression.

Antigen expression is followed by purification of the antigen by commercially available methods. A wide selection of chromatographic methods in particular is established (Biorad, Amersham Biosciences). Affinity chromatography is particularly suitable for antigen purification. It is possible to employ for this purpose on the one hand short, universally employable protein anchors such as, for example, the His tag, the FLAG tag or glutathione S-transferase (GST) (Biorad, Amersham Biosciences, Qiagen). Purification then takes place via the specific properties of the anchor molecule. Affinity chromatography can, however, also take place using an antigen-specific antibody. A large number of protocols are to be found with the commercial suppliers or in the literature, e.g. in "Current Protocols of Proteinsciences" (John Wiley & Sons Ltd., Wiley InterScience).

4. Serological Analysis of the Identified Antigens

In order to detect disease-associated antigens, all the antigens found are investigated for the presence of specific immune responses (antibodies) in patients with MS, and in control groups without the disease. This allows antigens of clinical relevance to be determined. It is possible to employ for this purpose several detection and measurement methods such as protein arrays based on proteomic analyses or mostly immunological analytical methods such as, for example, ELISA, CrELISA or Western blotting. Direct serological detection with the aid of the expression system used in the immunoscreening is also possible.

The most widely used serological detection method is the enzyme-linked immune sorbent assay (ELISA) which is published in very diverse embodiments. In principle, a protein (peptide, antigen or antibody) is bound to a surface for this purpose. The sample to be analyzed is analyzed with this bound protein. The next step is incubation, usually with a further antibody which is coupled to a dye (e.g. FITC, Cy3) or

an enzyme (e.g. peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase). The antigen detection then takes place depending on the coupled substance, e.g. by a color reaction or by fluorescence. ELISA for detecting very diverse antigens are commercially available (Amersham Bioscience, Biorad etc), and detailed protocols are for example in the "Short Protocols in Molecular Biology" (Asubel, 2003; Wiley & Sons, ISBN: 047132938X) or in the "Current Protocols of Proteinsciences" (John Wiley & Sons Ltd., Wiley InterScience). In analogy to the ELISA, the crude lysate enzyme-linked immune sorbent assay (CrELISA) is based on the binding of lysates of the antigen-expressing bacteria on a surface (Türeci et al., 2004, *J Imm Methods* 289, 191). The sample to be analyzed is then analyzed with this bound protein. The next step is incubation, usually with a further antibody which is coupled to a dye (e.g. FITC, Cy3) or an enzyme (e.g. peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase). The antigen detection then takes place depending on the coupled substance, e.g. by a color reaction or by fluorescence. Direct detection using the expression system used for the antigen screening is possible with the SEROGRID method (Krause et al., 2003, *J Imm Methods* 283, 261). For this purpose, *E. coli* bacteria are harvested in the exponential growth phase and infected subconfluently with antigen-specific, monoclonal lambda phages. The infection mixture is plated out, with addition of TOP agar and IPTG, on large-area agar plates with tetracycline. The individual clones are in this case separated from one another with the aid of spacers. Phage plaques form on the bacterial lawn on overnight culture at 37° C., each individual plaque representing a specific lambda phage clone with the inserted nucleic acid of the antigen which is to be analyzed and which is expressed recombinantly. The antigens are then blotted as in a normal immunoscreening method onto a nitrocellulose membrane and then incubated with the human sera. The advantage of the SEROGRID method is the parallelized analysis of numerous identified antigens in one test mixture.

Further validation of the identified antigens permits the use of protein arrays which makes simultaneous analysis of a plurality of antigens in one mixture possible. In this case, the antigen molecules are bound at defined positions in wells or on planar surfaces such as, for example, on filter membranes such as nitrocellulose or modified glass surfaces. The antigens can be bound covalently through chemical linkers or non-covalently via hydrophobic van der Waals, ionic or other interactions. The directed binding of the antigens onto the surface can be facilitated for example via a tag (e.g. histidine tag). Spotting of the protein arrays mostly takes place by pin-based systems which transfer solutions in the nanoliter range. Antigen detection is frequently based on fluorescence. One application of protein arrays is investigation of antigen-antibody interactions. Protein array technology can also be employed as clinical diagnostic tests.

Example 4

Obtaining Antibodies

Antibodies can be used for example for characterizing the peptides and/or proteins of the invention and in the diagnostic and therapeutic methods of the invention. It is possible for antibodies to recognize proteins in native and/or denatured state (Anderson et al., *J. Immunol.* 143: 1899-1904, 1989; Gardsvoll, *J. Immunol. Methods* 234: 107-116, 2000; Kayyem et al., *Eur. J. Biochem.* 208: 1-8, 1992; Spiller et al., *J. Immunol. Methods* 224: 51-60, 1999).

Antisera containing specific antibodies which bind specifically to the target protein can be prepared by various standard

methods; cf. for example "Monoclonal Antibodies: A Practical Approach" by Philip Shepherd, Christopher Dean ISBN 0-19-963722-9, "Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual" by Ed Harlow, David Lane ISBN: 0879893142 and "Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual: Portable protocol NO" by Edward Harlow, David Lane, Ed Harlow ISBN: 0879695447. It is also possible in this connection to generate antibodies which have affinity and specificity and which recognize complex membrane proteins in their native form (Azorsa et al., *J. Immunol. Methods* 229: 35-48, 1999; Anderson et al., *J. Immunol.* 143: 1899-1904, 1989; Gardsvoll, *J. Immunol. Methods*, 234: 107-118, 2000). This is important in particular for the production of antibodies which are to be employed therapeutically, but also for many diagnostic applications. It is possible for this purpose to use the complete protein as well as extracellular partial sequences for immunization.

Immunization and Obtaining Polyclonal Antibodies

A species (e.g. rabbits, mice) is immunized by a first injection of the desired target protein. The immune response of the animal to the immunogen can be enhanced by a second or third immunization within a defined period (e.g. about 2-4 weeks after the last immunization). Again after various defined time intervals (e.g. 1st bleed after 4 weeks, subsequently every 2-3 weeks up to 5 removals) blood is taken from the animals, and immune serum is obtained. The immune sera taken in this way contain polyclonal antibodies with which the target protein can be detected and characterized in Western blotting, by flow cytometry, immunofluorescence or immunohistochemistry.

The animals are usually immunized by one of four well-established methods, although other methods exist. Immunization is possible in this connection with the peptides specific for the target protein, with the complete protein, with extracellular partial sequences of a protein which are identifiable by experiment or via prediction programs. Since the prediction programs do not always operate error-free, in some circumstances two domains separated from one another by a transmembrane domain are also used. One of the two domains must then be extracellular, which can then be demonstrated experimentally (see below).

(1) In the first case, peptides (with a length of, for example, 8-12 amino acids) are synthesized by in vitro methods (possible by a commercial service) and these peptides are used for the immunization. Usually 3 immunizations take place (e.g. with a concentration of 5-100 µg/immunization). The immunization can also be carried out as a service by service providers.

(2) Alternatively, immunization is possible with recombinant proteins. For this purpose, the cloned DNA of the target gene is cloned into an expression vector, and the target protein is synthesized in analogy to the conditions of the respective manufacturer (e.g. Roche Diagnostics, Invitrogen, Clontech, Qiagen), e.g. cell-free in vitro, in bacteria (e.g. *E. coli*), in yeast (e.g. *S. pombe*), in insect cells or in mammalian cells. It is also possible in this connection for the target protein to be synthesized with the aid of viral expression systems (e.g. baculovirus, vacciniavirus, adenovirus). After synthesis in one of the systems, the target protein is purified. The purification in this case usually takes place by chromatographic methods. It is also possible in this connection to use for the immunization proteins which have a molecular anchor as aid to purification (e.g. His tag, Qiagen; FLAG tag, Roche Diagnostics; GST fusion proteins). A large number of protocols are to be found for example in "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology", John Wiley & Sons Ltd., Wiley InterScience. Purification of the target protein is followed by immunization as described above.

(3) If a cell line which synthesizes the desired protein endogenously is available, this cell line can also be used directly for producing the specific antiserum. The immunization takes place in this case in 1-3 injections with in each case about 1-5×10⁷ cells.

(4) The immunization can also take place by injecting DNA (DNA immunization). For this purpose, the target gene is initially cloned into an expression vector so that the target sequence is under the control of a strong eukaryotic promoter (e.g. CMV promoter). DNA (e.g. 1-10 µg per injection) is then transferred as immunogen using a gene gun into capillary regions with a strong blood flow in an organism (e.g. mouse, rabbit). The transferred DNA is taken up by the animal's cells, the target gene is expressed, and the animal finally develops an immune response to the target protein (Jung et al., *Mol. Cells* 12: 41-49, 2001; Kasinrerker et al., *Hybrid Hybridomics* 21: 287-293, 2002).

Obtaining Monoclonal Antibodies

Monoclonal antibodies are traditionally produced with the aid of hybridoma technology (for technical details: see "Monoclonal Antibodies: A Practical Approach" by Philip Shepherd, Christopher Dean ISBN 0-19-983722-9, "Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual" by Ed Harlow, David Lane ISBN: 0879893142 and "Using Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual: Portable protocol NO" by Edward Harlow, David Lane, Ed Harlow ISBN: 0879695447). A new method also employed is the so-called SLAM technology. This entails B cells being isolated from whole blood, and the cells being monoclonalized. The supernatant of the isolated B cell is then analyzed for its antibody specificity. In contrast to hybridoma technology, the variable region of the antibody gene is then amplified by a single-cell PCR and cloned into a suitable vector. The obtaining of monoclonal antibodies is expedited in this manner (de Wildt et al. *J. Immunol. Methods* 207: 81-67, 1997).

Example 5

Construction of a Test System for Diagnosing Autoimmune Diseases

The identified autoantigens form the basis for a diagnostic system which is specific for the diagnosis of autoimmune diseases and/or specific for the diagnosis or prognosis of multiple sclerosis. Diagnosis involves in this case the detection of the presence or quantification of one or more human autoantibodies which are specific for an epitope or specific for a plurality of epitopes of the identified autoantigens. The presence or the increased concentration of one or more of these autoantibodies in this case indicates a particular stage of the MS disease or a possible more aggressive stage of the disease.

A test system for diagnosis can in this case be based on the use of one or on the use of a combination of the identified autoantigens. This includes specific antigens as markers of autoimmune diseases and/or multiple sclerosis and/or polyclonal/monoclonal antibodies specific for antigens whose prevalence is associated with autoimmune diseases. The test system for diagnosis is based on the use of the antigens or antibodies for example immunoassays such as, for example, ELISA assays or protein arrays (see Example 3). Detection includes the removal of a biological sample such as, for example, serum or CSF from MS patients.

Example 6

Identification of CLSTN1 as Autoantigen

Calsynenin 1 or CLSTN1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) is a gene which is located on chromosome 1 (1p36.22). The gene encodes a

type I transmembrane protein with a size of about 110 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 2). The protein contains two cadherin domains and might, according to analyses of homology, be a calcium-dependent neurotransmitter.

It was possible according to the invention to identify CLSTN1 as an autoantigen in the autoimmunoscreening. To analyze the tissue-specific expression of CLSTN1, establishment of a gene-specific quantitative RT-PCR (primer pair SEQ ID NO: 89 and 90) was followed by analysis of the amount of the specific transcripts in various regions of the brain and in other healthy tissues. CLSTN1 is distinctly overexpressed in all the investigated regions of the brain by comparison with the other tissues investigated (FIG. 4) and can thus be regarded as brain-specific. Expression in the analyzed tissues might be attributable to expression in peripheral nerve tissue.

Example 7

Identification of ARPP-19 as Autoantigen

Cyclic AMP phosphoprotein 19 or ARPP-19 (SEQ ID NO: 3) is a gene located on chromosome 15 (15q21). The gene encodes a protein which is probably localized in the cytoplasm and has a size of about 12 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 4). Analyses of homology indicate that ARPP-19 is a phosphoprotein and belongs to the endosulfine family. ARPP-19 might thus be a substrate for a cAMP-dependent kinase.

It was possible according to the invention to identify ARPP-19 as an autoantigen in autoimmunoscreening. To analyze the tissue-specific expression of ARPP-19, establishment of a gene-specific quantitative RT-PCR (primer pair SEQ ID NO: 91 and 92) was followed by analysis of the amount of the specific transcripts in various regions of the brain and in other healthy tissues. ARPP-19 is at least 10-fold overexpressed in all the regions of the brain investigated by comparison with the other tissues investigated (FIG. 5) and is thus to be regarded as brain-specific. Expression in the analyzed tissues might be attributable to expression in peripheral nerve tissue.

Example 8

Identification of CMTM2 as Autoantigen

CMTM2 (SEQ ID NO: 5) is a gene which is located on chromosome 16 (16q22.1). The gene encodes an integral membrane protein with a size of about 27 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 6). The protein belongs to the family of chemokine-like factors and has in addition significant homologies with the family of signal molecules with four transmembrane domains. CMTM2 might thus be an important molecule in cellular signal transduction. It was possible according to the invention to identify CMTM2 as an autoantigen in autoimmunoscreening. To analyze the tissue-specific expression of CMTM2, establishment of a gene-specific quantitative RT-PCR (primer pair SEQ ID NO: 93 and 94) was followed by analysis of the amount of the specific transcripts in various regions of the brain and in other healthy tissues. CMTM2 is highly overexpressed in the immunoprivileged testis (FIG. 6). In the other tissues investigated, CMTM2 was very selectively expressed especially in the various regions of the brain, so that the autoimmune response is to be regarded as brain-specific.

Example 9

Identification of CPE as Autoantigen

Carboxypeptidase E or CPE (SEQ ID NO: 7) is a gene which is located on chromosome 4 (4q32). The gene encodes

a soluble protein with a size of about 53 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 8) which is localized in the cytoplasm. CPE is a carboxypeptidase which activates prohormones and neurotransmitters through its enzymatic function and is thus involved in the biosynthesis of these biological regulators.

It was possible according to the invention to identify CPE as an autoantigen in autoimmunoscreening. To analyze the tissue-specific expression of CPE, establishment of a gene-specific quantitative RT-PCR (primer pair SEQ ID NO: 95 and 96) was followed by analysis of the amount of the specific transcripts in various regions of the brain and in other healthy tissues. It was possible to detect in a quantitative RT-PCR an at least 5-fold overexpression in the brain by comparison with all the other tissues investigated (FIG. 7).

Example 10

Identification of LITAF as Autoantigen

LPS-induced TNF-alpha factor or LITAF (SEQ ID NO: 9) is a gene which is located on chromosome 16 (16p13). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 24 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 10) which is localized in the nucleus. LITAF has an important role in the regulation of transcription of the cytokine TNF-alpha and is thought to be associated with the neurological Charcot-Marie-tooth disease (Street, 2003. *Neurology* 60: 22-26).

It was possible according to the invention to identify LITAF as an autoantigen in autoimmunoscreening. To analyze the tissue-specific expression of LITAF, establishment of a gene-specific quantitative RT-PCR (primer pair SEQ ID NO: 97 and 98) was followed by analysis of the amount of the specific transcripts in various regions of the brain and in other healthy tissues. It was possible to detect an at least 2- to 5-fold overexpression in the brain by comparison with all the other tissues investigated (FIG. 8).

Example 11

Identification of TUBG1 as Autoantigen

Tubulin gamma 1 or TUBG1 (SEQ ID NO: 11) is a gene which is located on chromosome 17 (17q21). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 51 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 12) which is localized in the nucleus. TUBG1 is a member of the tubulin family and constituent of the microtubules in the cell nucleus. The protein plays an important part in regulating division of the cell nucleus.

It was possible according to the invention to identify TUBG1 as an autoantigen in autoimmunoscreening. To analyze the tissue-specific expression of TUBG1, establishment of a gene-specific quantitative RT-PCR (primer pair SEQ ID NO: 99 and 100) was followed by analysis of the amount of the specific transcripts in various regions of the brain and in other healthy tissues. It was possible to detect an at least 2- to 5-fold overexpression in the brain by comparison with all the other tissues investigated (FIG. 9).

Example 12

Identification of NAP1L3 as Autoantigen

Nucleosome assembly protein 1-like 3 or NAP1L3 (SEQ ID NO: 13) is a gene which is located on chromosome X (Xq21-22). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 58 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 14) which is localized in the

nucleus. NAP1L3 is a member of the nucleosome assembly family and plays an important role in regulating the cell nucleus.

Example 13

Identification of ENO2 as Autoantigen

Enolase 2 or ENO2 (SEQ ID NO: 15) is a gene which is located on chromosome 12 (12q13). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 47 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 16) which is localized in the cytoplasm. The ENO2 gene codes for an enzyme of the glycolytic metabolic pathway which is mainly expressed in neurons and cells of neuronal origin.

Example 14

Identification of Autoantigens Already Associated With Other Autoimmune Diseases

It was surprisingly possible by the immunoscreening to identify a total of four autoantigens which have previously been described in connection with other autoimmune responses.

The gene SDCCAG8 (SEQ ID NO: 17) is located on chromosome 1 (1q43-44). The gene codes for a protein with a size of about 49 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 18) with as yet unknown function. SDCCAG8 has been described as a colon-specific tumor autoantigen.

The gene HSP90B1 (SEQ ID NO: 19) is located on chromosome 12 (12q24) and codes for a protein having a size of about 92 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 20). The gene belongs to the family of chaperones which have an important function in the genesis and transport of secreted proteins in the lumen of the ER. HSP90B1 is upregulated in myelomas.

The gene SAT (SEQ ID NO: 21) is located on the X chromosome (Xp22) and codes for a protein about 20 kDa in size (SEQ ID NO: 22). The soluble enzyme is present in the cytoplasm as a homotetramer and fulfills a catalytic function in the regulation of polyamines.

The gene EXOSC5 (SEQ ID NO: 23) is located on chromosome 19 (19q13) and codes for a nuclear protein about 25 kDa in size (SEQ ID NO: 24). The enzyme has exonuclease activity and is a constituent of the nuclear exosome. EXOSC5-specific autoantibodies were detectable in patients with myopathies and skin diseases.

Example 15

Identification of Autoantigens of as Yet Unknown Function

It was surprisingly possible to identify by the immunoscreening a total of ten novel, previously hypothetical genes and some chromosomal regions to which no gene has yet been assignable to date. Accordingly, the function and properties of their gene products are unknown. These genes and the relevant gene products are as follows: chromosome 20 sequence: SEQ ID NO: 25, 26; CEP63: SEQ ID NO: 27, 28; LOC115648: SEQ ID NO: 29, 30; chromosome 18 sequence: SEQ ID NO: 31, 32; chromosome 14 sequence 1: SEQ ID NO: 33, 34; chromosome 14 sequence 2: SEQ ID NO: 35, 36; IQWD1: SEQ ID NO: 37, 38; C60ORF199: SEQ ID NO: 39, 40; chromosome 22 sequence: SEQ ID NO: 41, 42; LOC400843: SEQ ID NO: 43, 44. The gene product with SEQ ID NO: 28 is a soluble centrosomally located protein of unknown function. IQWD1 codes for a nuclear protein with a size of about 96 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 38) with several WD40 domains and a nuclear translocation sequence. WD40 domains probably have a function in protein-protein interac-

tions. The gene with SEQ ID NO: 39 codes for a protein with a size of about 48 kDa, which is possibly localized in mitochondria and has an adenylate kinase function.

Example 16

Identification of Further Human Autoantigens

It was surprisingly possible to identify by the immunoscreening a total of 17 cellular antigens not previously known to be involved in autoimmune responses.

Interferon regulatory factor 2 binding protein 2 or IRF2BP2 (SEQ ID NO: 45) is a gene which is located on chromosome 1 (1p42). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 61 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 46) which is probably localized in the nucleus. The exact function of IRF2BP2 is not yet known. The protein binds to the transcription factor IRF2 and influences IRF2-specific gene regulation.

Sterol regulatory element binding factor 1 or SREBF1 (SEQ ID NO: 47) is a gene which is located on chromosome 17 (17p11). The gene encodes a protein with a size of about 122 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 48). SREBF1 has a transmembrane domain and plays a role in the regulation of transcription and in sterol transport. In the unactivated state, SREBF1 is localized in the ER but, after activation, it is translocated into the nucleus where the protein regulates the transcription of various genes by direct DNA binding.

Exportin4 or XP04 (SEQ ID NO: 49) is a gene which is located on chromosome 1 (13q11). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 130 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 50). XPO4 binds to the elongation factor eIF-5A and mediates the transport of the elongation factor from the nucleus into the cytoplasm.

Zinc finger protein 64 or ZFP64 (SEQ ID NO: 51) is a gene which is located on chromosome 1 (20q13). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 75 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 52) which is localized in the nucleus. ZFP64 probably binds to DNA and has the function of a transcription factor.

Formin binding protein 1 or FNBP1 (SEQ ID NO: 53) is a gene which is located on chromosome 9 (9q34). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 70 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 54) which is probably localized in the cytoplasm. The protein is assigned a function in cellular growth regulation.

CCL4 (SEQ ID NO: 55) is a gene which is located on chromosome 17 (17q24). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 10.5 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 56) which is secreted. The protein binds to cytokine receptors and belongs to the family of chemokines.

COPA (SEQ ID NO: 57) is a gene which is located on chromosome 1 (1q23-25). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 138 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 58) which is localized in the cytoplasm. The protein is involved in regulating secretory vesicles and is also secreted during this.

GHITM (SEQ ID NO: 59) is a gene which is located on chromosome 10 (10q23.1). The gene encodes an integral membrane protein with a size of about 34 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 60) whose expression is probably chemokine-dependent. The protein is assigned a function in the interferon signaling system and a potential receptor function.

NGLY1 (SEQ ID NO: 61) is a gene which is located on chromosome 3 (3q24.2). The gene encodes an integral membrane protein with a size of about 55 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 62). The protein is assigned a function in the degradation of incorrectly folded proteins.

KTN1 (SEQ ID NO: 63) is a gene which is located on chromosome 14 (14q22.1). The gene encodes a membrane protein with a size of about 156 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 64). The protein is assigned a function as kinesin receptor and thus in kinesin-driven vesicle motility.

SFRS11 (SEQ ID NO: 65) is a gene which is located on chromosome 1 (1q31). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 54 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 66) which is probably localized in the nucleus. The protein is assigned a function in pre-mRNA splicing.

NME1-NME2 (SEQ ID NO: 67) is a gene which is located on chromosome 17 (17q21.3). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 17 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 68) which is probably localized in the cytoplasm and nucleus. The protein has, as nucleoside-diphosphate kinase, a function in the synthesis of non-ATP nucleoside triphosphates.

RPS15 (SEQ ID NO: 69) is a gene which is located on chromosome 19 (19q13.3). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 17 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 70) which is probably localized in the cytoplasm. RPS15 is a member of the S19P family of ribosomal proteins and plays a part in protein synthesis.

APC2 (SEQ ID NO: 71) is a gene which is located on chromosome 19 (19q13.3). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 245 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 72) which is localized in the cytoplasm and possibly colocalized with tubular structures and the golgi apparatus. The protein is assigned a function as tumor suppressor.

GLS2 (SEQ ID NO: 73) is a gene which is located on chromosome 12 (12q13). The gene encodes a soluble protein with a size of about 68 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 74) which is localized in mitochondria. The protein is assigned an enzymatic function as glutaminase in the hydrolysis of glutamine.

TECAL8 (SEQ ID NO: 75) is a gene which is located on chromosome X (Xq22.1). The gene codes for a soluble protein with a size of about 14 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 76). The protein is assigned a function as transcription elongation factor.

PPIF (SEQ ID NO: 77) is a gene which is located on chromosome 10 (10q22-q23). The gene codes for a protein

with a size of about 22 kDa (SEQ ID NO: 78) which is localized in the mitochondria. The protein is assigned an enzymatic function in protein folding and a possible function in the induction of apoptotic and necrotic cell death.

Example 17

Identification of Mitochondrial Autoantigens

It was possible by the immunoscreening to identify a total of five mitochondrial genes against whose gene products autoantibodies are formed in patients with multiple sclerosis. These genes and relevant gene products are as follows: ND4: SEQ ID NO: 79, 80; ATP5H: SEQ ID NO: 81, 82; COX1: SEQ ID NO: 83, 84; COX2: SEQ ID NO: 85, 88; COX3: SEQ ID NO: 87, 88.

Example 18

Serological Analysis of Selected Autoimmune Antigens

In order to investigate the prevalence of the identified antigens in patients with multiple sclerosis, 24 of the 44 identified antigens were investigated with up to 12 sera from MS patients and up to 18 sera from control patients in a Serogrid analysis (Krause et al., 2003, *J Imm Methods* 283, 261) (see Example 3). The result of the analysis is depicted in FIG. 10. The identified antigens were moderately to strongly positive in almost all the samples investigated originating from patients with an MS disease and thus demonstrated a high prevalence of the identified autoantibodies in patients with multiple sclerosis. It was by contrast possible to identify at the most only a weak reactivity close to the limit of detection in the control samples (n=18) derived from healthy subjects.

SEQUENCE LISTING

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<400> SEQUENCE: 1

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<210> SEQ ID NO 2

<211> LENGTH: 981

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 2

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Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Cys Gly Gly Gly Val Trp Ala Ala Arg Val Asn
 20 25 30

Lys His Lys Pro Trp Leu Glu Pro Thr Tyr His Gly Ile Val Thr Glu
 35 40 45

Asn Asp Asn Thr Val Leu Leu Asp Pro Pro Leu Ile Ala Leu Asp Lys
 50 55 60

Asp Ala Pro Leu Arg Phe Ala Glu Ser Phe Glu Val Thr Val Thr Lys
 65 70 75 80

Glu Gly Glu Ile Cys Gly Phe Lys Ile His Gly Gln Asn Val Pro Phe
 85 90 95

Asp Ala Val Val Val Asp Lys Ser Thr Gly Glu Gly Val Ile Arg Ser
 100 105 110

Lys Glu Lys Leu Asp Cys Glu Leu Gln Lys Asp Tyr Ser Phe Thr Ile
 115 120 125

Gln Ala Tyr Asp Cys Gly Lys Gly Pro Asp Gly Thr Asn Val Lys Lys
 130 135 140

Ser His Lys Ala Thr Val His Ile Gln Val Asn Asp Val Asn Glu Tyr
 145 150 155 160

Ala Pro Val Phe Lys Glu Lys Ser Tyr Lys Ala Thr Val Ile Glu Gly
 165 170 175

Lys Gln Tyr Asp Ser Ile Leu Arg Val Glu Ala Val Asp Ala Asp Cys
 180 185 190

Ser Pro Gln Phe Ser Gln Ile Cys Ser Tyr Glu Ile Ile Thr Pro Asp
 195 200 205

Val Pro Phe Thr Val Asp Lys Asp Gly Tyr Ile Lys Asn Thr Glu Lys
 210 215 220

Leu Asn Tyr Gly Lys Glu His Gln Tyr Lys Leu Thr Val Thr Ala Tyr
 225 230 235 240

Asp Cys Gly Lys Lys Arg Ala Thr Glu Asp Val Leu Val Lys Ile Ser
 245 250 255

Ile Lys Pro Thr Cys Thr Pro Gly Trp Gln Gly Trp Asn Asn Arg Ile
 260 265 270

Glu Tyr Glu Pro Gly Thr Gly Ala Leu Ala Val Phe Pro Asn Ile His
 275 280 285

Leu Glu Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Val Ala Ser Val Gln Ala Thr Val Glu
 290 295 300

Leu Glu Thr Ser His Ile Gly Lys Gly Cys Asp Arg Asp Thr Tyr Ser
 305 310 315 320

Glu Lys Ser Leu His Arg Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Ala Gly Thr Ala Glu
 325 330 335

Leu Leu Pro Ser Pro Ser Gly Ser Leu Asn Trp Thr Met Gly Leu Pro
 340 345 350

Thr Asp Asn Gly His Asp Ser Asp Gln Val Phe Glu Phe Asn Gly Thr
 355 360 365

Gln Ala Val Arg Ile Pro Asp Gly Val Val Ser Val Ser Pro Lys Glu
 370 375 380

Pro Phe Thr Ile Ser Val Trp Met Arg His Gly Pro Phe Gly Arg Lys
 385 390 395 400

Lys Glu Thr Ile Leu Cys Ser Ser Asp Lys Thr Asp Met Asn Arg His
 405 410 415

His Tyr Ser Leu Tyr Val His Gly Cys Arg Leu Ile Phe Leu Phe Arg
 420 425 430

Gln Asp Pro Ser Glu Glu Lys Lys Tyr Arg Pro Ala Glu Phe His Trp

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435					440					445					
Lys	Leu	Asn	Gln	Val	Cys	Asp	Glu	Glu	Trp	His	His	Tyr	Val	Leu	Asn
450					455							460			
Val	Glu	Phe	Pro	Ser	Val	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Val	Asp	Gly	Thr	Ser	His	Glu
465					470					475					480
Pro	Phe	Ser	Val	Thr	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Pro	Leu	His	Pro	Ser	Lys	Ile	Glu
				485					490					495	
Thr	Gln	Leu	Val	Val	Gly	Ala	Cys	Trp	Gln	Glu	Phe	Ser	Gly	Val	Glu
			500					505					510		
Asn	Asp	Asn	Glu	Thr	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Val	Ala	Ser	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asp
		515					520					525			
Leu	His	Met	Thr	Gln	Phe	Phe	Arg	Gly	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gly	Leu	Thr	Leu
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Arg	Ser	Gly	Lys	Leu	Ala	Asp	Lys	Lys	Val	Ile	Asp	Cys	Leu	Tyr	Thr
545					550					555					560
Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gln	Val	Leu	Glu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Arg	Gly
				565					570					575	
Val	Gln	Ile	Gln	Ala	His	Pro	Ser	Gln	Leu	Val	Leu	Thr	Leu	Glu	Gly
			580					585						590	
Glu	Asp	Leu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Asp	Lys	Ala	Met	Gln	His	Ile	Ser	Tyr	Leu
		595					600					605			
Asn	Ser	Arg	Gln	Phe	Pro	Thr	Pro	Gly	Ile	Arg	Arg	Leu	Lys	Ile	Thr
		610				615						620			
Ser	Thr	Ile	Lys	Cys	Phe	Asn	Glu	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ile	Ser	Val	Pro	Pro
625					630					635					640
Val	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Val	Met	Val	Leu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Glu	Pro	Lys	Ile	Ser
				645					650					655	
Leu	Ser	Gly	Val	His	His	Phe	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ala	Ser	Glu	Phe	Glu	Ser
			660					665						670	
Ser	Glu	Gly	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Glu	Leu	Arg	Ile	Ile	Ser	Thr	Ile
			675					680				685			
Thr	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu	Pro	Glu	Gly	Asp	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Pro	Thr	Val
				690			695					700			
Gln	Glu	Ser	Leu	Val	Ser	Glu	Glu	Ile	Val	His	Asp	Leu	Asp	Thr	Cys
				705			710					715			720
Glu	Val	Thr	Val	Glu	Gly	Glu	Glu	Leu	Asn	His	Glu	Gln	Glu	Ser	Leu
				725					730					735	
Glu	Val	Asp	Met	Ala	Arg	Leu	Gln	Gln	Lys	Gly	Ile	Glu	Val	Ser	Ser
			740					745						750	
Ser	Glu	Leu	Gly	Met	Thr	Phe	Thr	Gly	Val	Asp	Thr	Met	Ala	Ser	Tyr
			755				760					765			
Glu	Glu	Val	Leu	His	Leu	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Asn	Trp	His	Ala	Arg	Ser
			770				775					780			
Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Lys	Phe	Lys	Leu	Ile	Cys	Ser	Glu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Arg
785				790						795				800	
Tyr	Ile	Ser	Asn	Glu	Phe	Lys	Val	Glu	Val	Asn	Val	Ile	His	Thr	Ala
				805					810					815	
Asn	Pro	Met	Glu	His	Ala	Asn	His	Met	Ala	Ala	Gln	Pro	Gln	Phe	Val
			820					825					830		
His	Pro	Glu	His	Arg	Ser	Phe	Val	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gly	His	Asn	Leu	Ala
			835				840					845			
Asn	Pro	His	Pro	Phe	Ala	Val	Val	Pro	Ser	Thr	Ala	Thr	Val	Val	Ile
			850				855					860			

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Val Val Cys Val Ser Phe Leu Val Phe Met Ile Ile Leu Gly Val Phe
 865 870 875 880

Arg Ile Arg Ala Ala His Arg Arg Thr Met Arg Asp Gln Asp Thr Gly
 885 890 895

Lys Glu Asn Glu Met Asp Trp Asp Asp Ser Ala Leu Thr Ile Thr Val
 900 905 910

Asn Pro Met Glu Thr Tyr Glu Asp Gln His Ser Ser Glu Glu Glu Glu
 915 920 925

Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Ser Glu Asp Gly Glu Glu Glu Asp Asp
 930 935 940

Ile Thr Ser Ala Glu Ser Glu Ser Ser Glu Glu Glu Gly Glu Gln
 945 950 955 960

Gly Asp Pro Gln Asn Ala Thr Arg Gln Gln Gln Leu Glu Trp Asp Asp
 965 970 975

Ser Thr Leu Ser Tyr
 980

<210> SEQ ID NO 3
 <211> LENGTH: 5162
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 3

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 cactatgtct gcggaagtcc ccgaggcagc ctccgaggag gagcagaagg aatggaaga 180
 taaagtgact agtccagaga aagcagaaga agcaaaatta aaagcaagat atcctcatct 240
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 ttttgattct ggggattaca acatggctaa agcaaaaatg aagaacaagc aacttcctac 360
 tgcagctccg gataagacgg aggtcactgg tgaccacatt cccactccgc aagaccttcc 420
 tcaacggaag ccgtcccttg ttgctagcaa gctggctggc tgattaagag gctgaactgc 480
 atgaatctgc taaatctcat tatttctcct taatatgtta cttatctact ttttatttcc 540
 tttcattcac tagtcatttg agactgacag ctttgagggt agcagtagtg tgtgctgcta 600
 ttgtggaata tacgtgtgta gagtttttga ttagtttaac agtgcactgg tgaagaggac 660
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 tgatttcttc tgtatttacc ttttgattt tgtaaaacag aagtttaaga ccacaagtta 900
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 gcagtgcac taactgttga attcactttt gtgccathtt tgtaataca gtagttttgc 1200
 acaacctctc acaaatgtct gtattaatth cacatactta aaaagtagat aatgtgccaa 1260
 ccagaagcac aagagtctct acacaaaact ctgtaaatca ttatagcttt tgtataataa 1320
 gagtagttta caatctcggg cttatagaat accaaaactga aatcttagtt caatctgcca 1380
 tagacttaag cttttcattt gttactaata tccatgacat tcagtggcct tgtgcaataa 1440

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cgatatgttg cttaggcata tcttttgtcc tatgcagaac ctttcatttt gattttttatg	1500
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actcagtttt ggagacccta gaataaaaagg cttcaatact ctgcattcca tgcctctctgc	1620
cacctgcttt tttttccctt ttgttctttg actcaaatgg tattgagctg tttgttgat	1680
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cacctgagct ctagtgcagt agtgcaatca cagctcactg caaccttact cctaggctca	1860
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gtaatttaca tgacaggtaa aactcctatt aaaaatgttt agatgtttgc tctgttagat	2100
gtcactttag taaaatacca atttagtttt acttgtggct tatctagtta gaacttagca	2160
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ctgtaagaga tacattccaa gaccctagt ggatgctgta aacctcagat agtactgaac	3720
cctttatcaa ctatgttttt tcaagtctgac aaccaaggcg gctactaagt gactaagggg	3780
caggtagtat acagtgtgga taagcaggac aaaggggtga ttcacatccc aggcaggaca	3840

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cctcggcctc ccaaagtgtc gggattatag gcatgcgcca ccatgcccgg ccggcttatg 4200
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gcctcaggta acaaaactaca gaaagtgaaa ttgcagataa aggggattac tgctcctctg 4320
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tttgttttgc tttttgttaa aacatgtcta tagagtggc agttaatgct gaatttgta 5100
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tg 5162

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<210> SEQ ID NO 4
<211> LENGTH: 112
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 4

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Met Ser Ala Glu Val Pro Glu Ala Ala Ser Ala Glu Glu Gln Lys Glu
1 5 10 15
Met Glu Asp Lys Val Thr Ser Pro Glu Lys Ala Glu Glu Ala Lys Leu
20 25 30
Lys Ala Arg Tyr Pro His Leu Gly Gln Lys Pro Gly Gly Ser Asp Phe
35 40 45
Leu Arg Lys Arg Leu Gln Lys Gly Gln Lys Tyr Phe Asp Ser Gly Asp
50 55 60
Tyr Asn Met Ala Lys Ala Lys Met Lys Asn Lys Gln Leu Pro Thr Ala
65 70 75 80
Ala Pro Asp Lys Thr Glu Val Thr Gly Asp His Ile Pro Thr Pro Gln
85 90 95
Asp Leu Pro Gln Arg Lys Pro Ser Leu Val Ala Ser Lys Leu Ala Gly
100 105 110

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<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 1073
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 5

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aacaggccag ctgtgagaag ccaaggacac cgagtcagtc atggcaccta aggcggcaaa    180
gggggccaag ccagagccag caccagctcc acctccaccg ggggccaac ccgaggaaga    240
caagaaggac ggtaaggagc catcggacaa acctcaaaag gcggtgcagg accataagga    300
gccatcggac aaacctcaaa aggcgggtgca gcccaagcac gaagtgggca cgaggagggg    360
gtgtcgccgc taccggtggg aattaaaaga cagcaataaa gagttctggc tcttggggca    420
cgctgagatc aagattcggg gtttgggctg cctaataagct gcaatgatac tgttgcctc    480
actcaccgtg caccccatct tgaggcttat catcaccatg gagatcctct tcttcagctt    540
cttcacttta ctgtacagct ttgccattca tagatacata ccttcaccc tgtggcccat    600
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tgtgagaagt cggcgatcca tgaatctcca ctacttactt gctgtgatcc ttattggtgc    720
ggctggagtt tttgctttta tcgatgtgtg tcttcaaaga aaccacttca gaggcaagaa    780
ggcaaaaaag catatgctgg ttccctctcc aggaaaggaa aaaggacccc agcagggcaa    840
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gaaatgactt ggaggaggct cctgggtgtc gaaacggcag tgtattttac agcaatatgt    960
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<210> SEQ ID NO 6

<211> LENGTH: 248

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

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Met Ala Pro Lys Ala Ala Lys Gly Ala Lys Pro Glu Pro Ala Pro Ala
 1                5                10                15

Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Ala Lys Pro Glu Glu Asp Lys Lys Asp Gly Lys
 20                25                30

Glu Pro Ser Asp Lys Pro Gln Lys Ala Val Gln Asp His Lys Glu Pro
 35                40                45

Ser Asp Lys Pro Gln Lys Ala Val Gln Pro Lys His Glu Val Gly Thr
 50                55                60

Arg Arg Gly Cys Arg Arg Tyr Arg Trp Glu Leu Lys Asp Ser Asn Lys
 65                70                75                80

Glu Phe Trp Leu Leu Gly His Ala Glu Ile Lys Ile Arg Ser Leu Gly
 85                90                95

Cys Leu Ile Ala Ala Met Ile Leu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Val His Pro
100                105                110

Ile Leu Arg Leu Ile Ile Thr Met Glu Ile Ser Phe Phe Ser Phe Phe
115                120                125

Ile Leu Leu Tyr Ser Phe Ala Ile His Arg Tyr Ile Pro Phe Ile Leu
130                135                140

Trp Pro Ile Ser Asp Leu Phe Asn Asp Leu Ile Ala Cys Ala Phe Leu
145                150                155                160

Val Gly Ala Val Val Phe Ala Val Arg Ser Arg Arg Ser Met Asn Leu
165                170                175

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His Tyr Leu Leu Ala Val Ile Leu Ile Gly Ala Ala Gly Val Phe Ala
 180 185 190

Phe Ile Asp Val Cys Leu Gln Arg Asn His Phe Arg Gly Lys Lys Ala
 195 200 205

Lys Lys His Met Leu Val Pro Pro Pro Gly Lys Glu Lys Gly Pro Gln
 210 215 220

Gln Gly Lys Gly Pro Glu Pro Ala Lys Pro Pro Glu Pro Gly Lys Pro
 225 230 235 240

Pro Gly Pro Ala Lys Gly Lys Lys
 245

<210> SEQ ID NO 7
 <211> LENGTH: 2443
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

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gtggccccag tgcgcgggct gacactcatt cagccgggga aggtgaggcg agtagaggct 180
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gagggggcag cgcgctgctg gctctgtgcg gggcactggc tgcctgcggg tggtcctctg 360
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tgtccgtgtg gctgcagtgc accgccatca gcaggattta cacggtgggg cgcagcttcg 540
agggccggga gctcctggtc atcgagtgt ccgacaaccc tggcgtccat gagcctggtg 600
agcctgaatt taaatacatt gggaaatgac atgggaatga ggctgttggg cgagaactgc 660
tcattttctt ggcccagtac ctatgcaacg aataccagaa ggggaacgag acaattgtca 720
acctgatcca cagtaccgca attcacatca tgccttcctc gaaccagat ggctttgaga 780
aggcagcgtc tcagcctggt gaactcaagg actggtttgt gggtcgaagc aatgccagg 840
gaatagatct gaaccggaac ttccagacc tggataggat agtgtacgtg aatgagaaaag 900
aaggtggtcc aaataatcat ctgttgaaaa atatgaagaa aattgtggat caaaaacaaa 960
agcttgctcc tgagaccaag gctgtcattc attggattat ggatattcct tttgtgcttt 1020
ctgccaatct ccatggagga gacctgtgg ccaattatcc atatgatgag acgcgagtg 1080
gtagtgtcga cgaatacagc tcctcccag atgacgcat tttccaaagc ttggcccggg 1140
catactcttc tttcaaccgc gccatgtctg accccaatcg gccaccatgt cgcaagaatg 1200
atgatgacag cagctttgta gatggaacca ccaacggtgg tgcttggtac agcgtacctg 1260
gagggatgca agacttcaat taccttagca gcaactgttt tgagatcacc gtggagctta 1320
gctgtgagaa gttcccacct gaagagactc tgaagaccta ctggggaggat aacaaaaact 1380
ccctcattag ctaccttgag cagatacacc gaggaggtta aggatttctc cgagaccttc 1440
aaggtaaccc aattggaat gccaccatct ccgtggaagg aatagaccac gatgttacat 1500
ccgcaaagga tggtgattac tggagattgc ttatacctgg aaactataaa cttacagcct 1560
cagctccagg ctatctggca ataacaaga aagtggcagt tccttacagc cctgctgctg 1620
gggttgattt tgaactggag tcattttctg aaaggaaaga agaggagaag gaagaattga 1680
tggaatggtg gaaaatgatg tcagaaaact taaattttta aaaaggcttc tagttagctg 1740
    
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ctttaaactct atctatataa tgtagtatga tgtaatgtgg tctttttttt agattttgtg 1800
cagttaatac ttaacattga tttatttttt aatcatttaa atattaatca actttcctta 1860
aaataaatag cctcttaggt aaaaatataa gaacttgata tatttcattc tcttatatag 1920
tattcatttt cctacctata ttacacaaaa aagtatagaa aagatttaag taattttgcc 1980
atcctaggct taaatgcaat attcctggta ttatttacia tgcagaattt tttgagtaat 2040
tctagctttc aaaaattagt gaagttcttt tactgttaatt ggtgacaatg tcacataatg 2100
aatgctattg aaaagggttaa cagatacagc tcggagttgt gagcactcta ctgcaagact 2160
taaatagttc agtataaatt gtcgtttttt tcttgtgtg actaactata agcatgatct 2220
tgtaaatgca tttttgatgg gaagaaaagg tacatgttta caaagaggtt ttatgaaaag 2280
aataaaaatt gacttcttgc ttgtacatat aggagcaata ctattatatt atgtagtccg 2340
ttaaactac ttaaaagttt agggttttct cttggttcta gagtggccca gaattgcatt 2400
ctgaatgaat aaagggttaaa aaaaatccc cagtgaaaaa aaa 2443
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 476
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 8

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Met Ala Gly Arg Gly Gly Ser Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Leu
1          5          10         15
Ala Ala Cys Gly Trp Leu Leu Gly Ala Glu Ala Gln Glu Pro Gly Ala
20         25         30
Pro Ala Ala Gly Met Arg Arg Arg Arg Arg Leu Gln Gln Glu Asp Gly
35         40         45
Ile Ser Phe Glu Tyr His Arg Tyr Pro Glu Leu Arg Glu Ala Leu Val
50         55         60
Ser Val Trp Leu Gln Cys Thr Ala Ile Ser Arg Ile Tyr Thr Val Gly
65         70         75         80
Arg Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Glu Leu Leu Val Ile Glu Leu Ser Asp Asn
85         90         95
Pro Gly Val His Glu Pro Gly Glu Pro Glu Phe Lys Tyr Ile Gly Asn
100        105        110
Met His Gly Asn Glu Ala Val Gly Arg Glu Leu Leu Ile Phe Leu Ala
115        120        125
Gln Tyr Leu Cys Asn Glu Tyr Gln Lys Gly Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Asn
130        135        140
Leu Ile His Ser Thr Arg Ile His Ile Met Pro Ser Leu Asn Pro Asp
145        150        155        160
Gly Phe Glu Lys Ala Ala Ser Gln Pro Gly Glu Leu Lys Asp Trp Phe
165        170        175
Val Gly Arg Ser Asn Ala Gln Gly Ile Asp Leu Asn Arg Asn Phe Pro
180        185        190
Asp Leu Asp Arg Ile Val Tyr Val Asn Glu Lys Glu Gly Gly Pro Asn
195        200        205
Asn His Leu Leu Lys Asn Met Lys Lys Ile Val Asp Gln Asn Thr Lys
210        215        220
Leu Ala Pro Glu Thr Lys Ala Val Ile His Trp Ile Met Asp Ile Pro
225        230        235        240
Phe Val Leu Ser Ala Asn Leu His Gly Gly Asp Leu Val Ala Asn Tyr
245        250        255
    
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Pro Tyr Asp Glu Thr Arg Ser Gly Ser Ala His Glu Tyr Ser Ser Ser
 260 265 270

Pro Asp Asp Ala Ile Phe Gln Ser Leu Ala Arg Ala Tyr Ser Ser Phe
 275 280 285

Asn Pro Ala Met Ser Asp Pro Asn Arg Pro Pro Cys Arg Lys Asn Asp
 290 295 300

Asp Asp Ser Ser Phe Val Asp Gly Thr Thr Asn Gly Gly Ala Trp Tyr
 305 310 315 320

Ser Val Pro Gly Gly Met Gln Asp Phe Asn Tyr Leu Ser Ser Asn Cys
 325 330 335

Phe Glu Ile Thr Val Glu Leu Ser Cys Glu Lys Phe Pro Pro Glu Glu
 340 345 350

Thr Leu Lys Thr Tyr Trp Glu Asp Asn Lys Asn Ser Leu Ile Ser Tyr
 355 360 365

Leu Glu Gln Ile His Arg Gly Val Lys Gly Phe Val Arg Asp Leu Gln
 370 375 380

Gly Asn Pro Ile Ala Asn Ala Thr Ile Ser Val Glu Gly Ile Asp His
 385 390 395 400

Asp Val Thr Ser Ala Lys Asp Gly Asp Tyr Trp Arg Leu Leu Ile Pro
 405 410 415

Gly Asn Tyr Lys Leu Thr Ala Ser Ala Pro Gly Tyr Leu Ala Ile Thr
 420 425 430

Lys Lys Val Ala Val Pro Tyr Ser Pro Ala Ala Gly Val Asp Phe Glu
 435 440 445

Leu Glu Ser Phe Ser Glu Arg Lys Glu Glu Glu Lys Glu Glu Leu Met
 450 455 460

Glu Trp Trp Lys Met Met Ser Glu Thr Leu Asn Phe
 465 470 475

<210> SEQ ID NO 9
 <211> LENGTH: 2368
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

gtttctctcc ctgccccgc gacttcgcg aagatccggg aaggacaccc gaggccctg 60

ggagaccctg gggagtgaa agtcagagag cgaagcgggc cgtggcccct aggcctgacc 120

cctccccgcg gggtaaggcg ggcacccgc gagcgcagg gtcctcttac tgetgatggc 180

accagctct gggcccagac cccgctcacc gtccaccgc ggtgctgggt aaaatgtcgg 240

ttccaggacc ttaccaggcg gccactgggc cttcctcagc accatccgca cctccatcct 300

atgaagagac agtggctgtt aacagttatt accccacacc tccagctccc atgcctgggc 360

caactacggg gcttgtgacg gggcctgatg ggaagggcat gaatcctcct tcgtattata 420

cccagccagc gcccatcccc aataacaatc caattaccgt gcagacggtc tacgtgcagc 480

acccatcac ctttttggac cgcctatcc aaatgtgttg tccttctgc aacaagatga 540

tcgtgagtca gctgtcctat aacgccggcg ctctgacctg gctgtcctgc gggagcctgt 600

gcctgctggg gtgcatagcg ggctgctgct tcateccctt ctgcgtggat gcctgcagg 660

acgtggacca ttactgtccc aactgcagag ctctcctggg cacctacaag cgtttgtagg 720

actcagccag acgtggaggg agccgggtgc cgcaggaagt cctttccacc tctcatccag 780

cttcacgct ggtggaggtt ctgcctcgtt ggtctcacct ctccaggggg cccacctca 840

tgtcttcttt tggggggaat acgtcgcaaa actaacaat ctccaaaccc cagaaattgc 900

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tgcttgagtg cgtgcatagg acttgcaaa acattceect tgagtgtag ttccacggtt 960
tctgacctcc ctgagaccct gagtctgccc atctaactgt gatcattgcc ctatccgaat 1020
atcttctgt gatctgccat cagtggctct ttttctctgc ttccatgggc ctttctggtg 1080
gcagtctcaa actgagaagc cacagttgcc ttatttttga ggctgttctg cccagagctc 1140
ggctgaacca gccttttagtg cctaccatta tcttatccgt ctcttcccg cctgatgac 1200
aaagatcttg ccttacagac tttacaggct tggctttgag attctgtaac tgcagacttc 1260
attagcacac agattcactt taatttctta attttttttt taaatacaag gagggggcta 1320
ttaacacca gtacagacat atccacaagg tcgtaaatgc atgctagaaa aatagggctg 1380
gatcttatca ctgccctgtc tcccctgttt tctctgtgcc agatctttag tcccccttc 1440
catacagga ttttttctc atagagtaat tatatgaaca gtttttatga cctccttttg 1500
gtctgaaata cttttgaaca gaatttcttt tttttaaaaa aaaacagaga tggggcttta 1560
ctatgttgcc caggctgggtg tcgaactcct gggctcaagc gatccttctg ccttggcctc 1620
ccgaagtgt gggattgacg gcataagcta ccatgctggg cctgaacata atttcaagag 1680
gaggatttat aaaaccattt tctgtaatca aatgattggt gtcattttcc catttgccaa 1740
tgtagtctca cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaagaa aaagaaatgg ataatttcat ctactgcctt 1800
tacttggggg taatgtgatt cttaaacacc ttcacatgga aactctcaga gtggggctccg 1860
ttttggtttc ctgggtgggtg gttttgaaag ataagggaaa gcacattttg agcatgtctg 1920
ggtaacctgg tgcggatgct tgggaaccag aactgtttca gaggaatcta aagtctgatt 1980
ttagttttca gagacacagc ttggtgtaaa acatgagaag acatgatttc taggactcaa 2040
gcagcaagcc aggattctag gttggctgct gtgtcatctt tgaagtcaag acaaaagctgg 2100
gctcgacctt caagggtcct cgttttgata atacttcaga atagggaaact catgtgaata 2160
ctactatgta gaaataaaac cttagacctg agcgaacatc tgtatattgg ttgaaaacga 2220
tagtggtaac cattgatccc ccttcatttg atgtttgaa aattccagta attatcattt 2280
ttgcaacgaa tatggatacc acatagtact ttgggtgtac ctgcttttga aaaataaagt 2340
ctttggttca cccggtaaaa aaaaaaaaa 2368

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<210> SEQ ID NO 10
<211> LENGTH: 161
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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Met Ser Val Pro Gly Pro Tyr Gln Ala Ala Thr Gly Pro Ser Ser Ala
1           5           10          15
Pro Ser Ala Pro Pro Ser Tyr Glu Glu Thr Val Ala Val Asn Ser Tyr
20          25          30
Tyr Pro Thr Pro Pro Ala Pro Met Pro Gly Pro Thr Thr Gly Leu Val
35          40          45
Thr Gly Pro Asp Gly Lys Gly Met Asn Pro Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Thr Gln
50          55          60
Pro Ala Pro Ile Pro Asn Asn Asn Pro Ile Thr Val Gln Thr Val Tyr
65          70          75          80
Val Gln His Pro Ile Thr Phe Leu Asp Arg Pro Ile Gln Met Cys Cys
85          90          95
Pro Ser Cys Asn Lys Met Ile Val Ser Gln Leu Ser Tyr Asn Ala Gly
100         105         110

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Ala Leu Thr Trp Leu Ser Cys Gly Ser Leu Cys Leu Leu Gly Cys Ile
 115 120 125

Ala Gly Cys Cys Phe Ile Pro Phe Cys Val Asp Ala Leu Gln Asp Val
 130 135 140

Asp His Tyr Cys Pro Asn Cys Arg Ala Leu Leu Gly Thr Tyr Lys Arg
 145 150 155 160

Leu

<210> SEQ ID NO 11
 <211> LENGTH: 1645
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

```

gctggctggc gtcggcgccc gttcgggcg ggagcggctg caacgccggt gctgaggag    60
cgatgccgag ggaatcctc accctacagt tgggccagtg cggcaatcag attgggttcg    120
agttctggaa acagctgtgc gccagcatg gtatcagccc cgagggcctc gtggaggagt    180
tcgccaccga gggcactgac cgcaaggacg tctttttcta ccaggcagac gatgagcact    240
acatcccccg ggcctgtctg ctggacttgg aaccccggtg gatccactcc atcctcaact    300
ccccctatgc caagctctac aaccagaga acatctacct gtcggaacat ggaggaggag    360
ctggcaacaa ctggggcagc ggattctccc agggagaaaa gatccatgag gacatttttg    420
acatcataga cggggaggca gatggtagtg acagtctaga gggctttgtg ctgtgtcact    480
ccattgctgg ggggacaggc tctggactgg gttcctacct cttagaacgg ctgaatgaca    540
ggatccctaa gaagctgggt cagacatact cagtgtttcc caaccaggac gagatgagcg    600
atgtggtggt ccagccttac aattcactcc tcacactcaa gaggctgacg cagaatgcag    660
actgtgtggt ggtgctggac aacacagccc tgaaccggat tgccacagac cgctgcaca    720
tccagaaccc atccttctcc cagatcaacc agctggtgtc taccatcatg tcagccagca    780
ccaccacctc gcgctacctg ggctacatga acaatgacct catcggcctc atcgctcgc    840
tcattcccac ccaacggctc cacttctca tgaccggcta caccctctc actacggacc    900
agtcagtggc cagcgtgagg aagaccacgg tcttgatgtg catgaggcgg ctgctgcagc    960
ccaagaacgt gatggtgtcc acaggccgag accgccagac caaactctgc tacatcgcca   1020
tcttcaacat catccaggga gaggtggacc ccaccaggtt ccacaagagc ttgcagagga   1080
tccgggaacg caagttggcc aacttcatcc cgtggggccc cgccagcctc caggtggccc   1140
tgtcgaggaa gtctcctac ctgcccctcg cccaccgggt cagcgggctc atgatggcca   1200
accacaccag catctcctcg ctcttcgaga gaacctgtcg ccagtatgac aagctgcgta   1260
agcgggaggc cttcctggag cagttccgca aggaggacat gttcaaggac aactttgatg   1320
agatggacac atccaggag attgtgcagc agctcatcga tgagtacat gcggccacac   1380
ggccagacta catctcctgg ggcacccagg agcagtgagt ccccaggac agggaccctc   1440
atctgcctta ctggttggcc caagccctgc ctgactgacc acccctcag agcacagatc   1500
agggacctca cgcactcttt ttctatatac atggactctc tgttggcctg caaacacatt   1560
tacttctcct cttatgagac tatttatctt taataaagca ctggatataa aaaaaaaaaa   1620
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa                                     1645
    
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 451
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 12

Met Pro Arg Glu Ile Ile Thr Leu Gln Leu Gly Gln Cys Gly Asn Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Gly Phe Glu Phe Trp Lys Gln Leu Cys Ala Glu His Gly Ile Ser
 20 25 30
 Pro Glu Gly Ile Val Glu Glu Phe Ala Thr Glu Gly Thr Asp Arg Lys
 35 40 45
 Asp Val Phe Phe Tyr Gln Ala Asp Asp Glu His Tyr Ile Pro Arg Ala
 50 55 60
 Val Leu Leu Asp Leu Glu Pro Arg Val Ile His Ser Ile Leu Asn Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Tyr Ala Lys Leu Tyr Asn Pro Glu Asn Ile Tyr Leu Ser Glu His
 85 90 95
 Gly Gly Gly Ala Gly Asn Asn Trp Ala Ser Gly Phe Ser Gln Gly Glu
 100 105 110
 Lys Ile His Glu Asp Ile Phe Asp Ile Ile Asp Arg Glu Ala Asp Gly
 115 120 125
 Ser Asp Ser Leu Glu Gly Phe Val Leu Cys His Ser Ile Ala Gly Gly
 130 135 140
 Thr Gly Ser Gly Leu Gly Ser Tyr Leu Leu Glu Arg Leu Asn Asp Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Pro Lys Lys Leu Val Gln Thr Tyr Ser Val Phe Pro Asn Gln Asp
 165 170 175
 Glu Met Ser Asp Val Val Val Gln Pro Tyr Asn Ser Leu Leu Thr Leu
 180 185 190
 Lys Arg Leu Thr Gln Asn Ala Asp Cys Val Val Val Leu Asp Asn Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Asn Arg Ile Ala Thr Asp Arg Leu His Ile Gln Asn Pro Ser
 210 215 220
 Phe Ser Gln Ile Asn Gln Leu Val Ser Thr Ile Met Ser Ala Ser Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu Arg Tyr Pro Gly Tyr Met Asn Asn Asp Leu Ile Gly Leu
 245 250 255
 Ile Ala Ser Leu Ile Pro Thr Pro Arg Leu His Phe Leu Met Thr Gly
 260 265 270
 Tyr Thr Pro Leu Thr Thr Asp Gln Ser Val Ala Ser Val Arg Lys Thr
 275 280 285
 Thr Val Leu Asp Val Met Arg Arg Leu Leu Gln Pro Lys Asn Val Met
 290 295 300
 Val Ser Thr Gly Arg Asp Arg Gln Thr Asn His Cys Tyr Ile Ala Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Asn Ile Ile Gln Gly Glu Val Asp Pro Thr Gln Val His Lys Ser
 325 330 335
 Leu Gln Arg Ile Arg Glu Arg Lys Leu Ala Asn Phe Ile Pro Trp Gly
 340 345 350
 Pro Ala Ser Ile Gln Val Ala Leu Ser Arg Lys Ser Pro Tyr Leu Pro
 355 360 365
 Ser Ala His Arg Val Ser Gly Leu Met Met Ala Asn His Thr Ser Ile
 370 375 380
 Ser Ser Leu Phe Glu Arg Thr Cys Arg Gln Tyr Asp Lys Leu Arg Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Glu Ala Phe Leu Glu Gln Phe Arg Lys Glu Asp Met Phe Lys Asp
 405 410 415

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Asn Phe Asp Glu Met Asp Thr Ser Arg Glu Ile Val Gln Gln Leu Ile
      420                               425                               430
Asp Glu Tyr His Ala Ala Thr Arg Pro Asp Tyr Ile Ser Trp Gly Thr
      435                               440                               445
Gln Glu Gln
      450

<210> SEQ ID NO 13
<211> LENGTH: 2687
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

gatctaaaac gagaagagat ctccgggtct catactgcgc cattcggctg cggtagatct    60
cggcacteta gctgcagccg ggagaggcct tgccgccacc gctgtcgcgc aagcctccac    120
tgccgctgcc acctcagcgc cggcctctgc atccccagct ccagctccgc tctgcgccgc    180
tgetgccatc gccgctgcca cctccgcagc ccgggcctcc gccgcccca ctcaagcatc    240
cgtgagtcac tttctgcccc tctctggctg cgcggctctc ctggtagagt ttgtaggctt    300
gcaagatggc agaagcagat tttaaaatgg tctcgggaacc tgtcgcccat ggggttgccg    360
aagaggagat ggctagctcg actagtgatt ctggggaaga atctgacagc agtagctcta    420
gcagcagcac tagtgacagc agcagcagca gcagcactag tggcagcagc agcggcagcg    480
gcagcagcag cagcagcagc ggcagcacta gcagccgcag ccgcttgtat agaaagaaga    540
gggtacctga gccttcagca agggcgcggc gggccccgtt gggaaacaaat tctgtggata    600
ggctgcctca ggcagttaga aatcgtgtgc aagcgcttag aacattcaa gatgaatgtg    660
acaaggtaga taccctgttc ttaaaagcaa ttcattgatct tgaagaaaa tatgctgaac    720
tcaacaagcc tctgtatgat agggcggtttc aaatcatcaa tgcagaatac gaccctacag    780
aagaagaatg tgaatggaat tcagaggatg aggagtctag cagtgatgag gaggtgcagg    840
ataacacccc tagtgaatg cctcccttag aggggtgagga agaagaaaac cctaaagaaa    900
accagaggtg gaaagctgaa gagaaggaag ttctaaaga aattcctgag gtgaaggatg    960
aagaaaagga agttcctaaa gaaattcctg aggtaaaaggc tgaagaaaaa gcagattcta   1020
aagactgtat ggaggcaacc cctgaagtaa aagaagatcc taaagaagtc cccaggttaa   1080
aggcagatga taaagaacag cctaaagcaa cagaggctaa ggcaagggtc gcagtaagag   1140
agactcataa aagagtctct gaggaaaggc ttcaggacag tgtagatctt aaaagagcta   1200
ggaagggaaa gcctaaaaga gaagacccta aaggcattcc tgaactattg ctgattgttt   1260
taaagaatgt tgacaagctc gggcctatga ttcagaagta tgatgagccc attctgaagt   1320
tcttgcgga tgttagcctg aagttctcaa aacctggcca gcctgtaagt tacaccttg   1380
aatttcattt tctacceaac ccatacttca gaaatgaggt gctgggtgaag acatatataa   1440
taaaggcaaa accagatcac aatgatccct tcttttcttg gggatgggaa attgaagatt   1500
gcaaaggctg caagatagac tggagaagag gaaaagatgt tactgtgaca actaccaga   1560
gtcgacaac tgctactgga gaaattgaaa tccagccaag agtggttcct aatgcatcat   1620
tcttcaactt ctttagtcct cctgagattc ctatgattgg gaagctggaa ccacgagaag   1680
atgctatcct ggatgaggac tttgaaattg ggcagathtt acatgataat gtcactcctga   1740
aatcaatcta ttactatact ggagaagtca atggtacctc ctatcaattt ggcaaacatt   1800
atggaaacaa gaaatacaga aaataagtca atctgaaaga tttttcaaga atcttaaaat   1860

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ctcaagaagt gaagcagatt catacagcct tgaaaaaagt aaaaccctga cctgtaacct 1920
gaacactatt attccttata gtcaagtttt tgtggtttct tggtagtcta tattttaaaa 1980
atagtcctaa aaagtgtcta agtgccagtt tattctatct aggctgttgt agtataatat 2040
tcttcaaaat atgtaagctg ttgtcaatta tctaaagcat gttagtttgg tgctacacag 2100
tgttgatttt tgtgatgtcc tttggtcacg tttctgtag actgtagctg tgaactgtc 2160
agaattgtta actgaaacaa atatttgctt gaaaaaaaa gtccatgaag taccaatgca 2220
agtgttttat tttttcttt tttccagccc ataagactaa gggtttaaat ctgcttgcac 2280
tagctgtgcc ttcattagtt tgctatagaa atccagtact tatagtaaat aaaacagtgt 2340
atthtgaagt ttgactgctt gaaaaagatt agcatacatc taatgtgaaa agaccacatt 2400
tgattcaact gagacctgtg gtatgtgaca tatagtggcc tataaattta atcataatga 2460
tgttattgtt taccactgag gtgttaatat aacatagtat tttgaaaaa gtttcttcat 2520
cttatattgt gtaattgtaa actaaagata cctgttttcc tttgtattgt gttctacctt 2580
ccctttcact gaaaatgatc acttcatttg atactgtttt tcatgttctt gtattgcaac 2640
ctaaaataaa taaatattaa agtgtgttat actataaaaa aaaaaaa 2687
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 14
<211> LENGTH: 506
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 14

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Met Ala Glu Ala Asp Phe Lys Met Val Ser Glu Pro Val Ala His Gly
1           5           10           15
Val Ala Glu Glu Glu Met Ala Ser Ser Thr Ser Asp Ser Gly Glu Glu
20          25          30
Ser Asp Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Thr Ser Asp Ser Ser Ser Ser
35          40          45
Ser Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser
50          55          60
Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Ser Arg Ser Arg Leu Tyr Arg Lys Lys Arg Val
65          70          75          80
Pro Glu Pro Ser Arg Arg Ala Arg Arg Ala Pro Leu Gly Thr Asn Phe
85          90          95
Val Asp Arg Leu Pro Gln Ala Val Arg Asn Arg Val Gln Ala Leu Arg
100         105         110
Asn Ile Gln Asp Glu Cys Asp Lys Val Asp Thr Leu Phe Leu Lys Ala
115         120         125
Ile His Asp Leu Glu Arg Lys Tyr Ala Glu Leu Asn Lys Pro Leu Tyr
130         135         140
Asp Arg Arg Phe Gln Ile Ile Asn Ala Glu Tyr Glu Pro Thr Glu Glu
145         150         155         160
Glu Cys Glu Trp Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Glu Phe Ser Ser Asp Glu Glu
165         170         175
Val Gln Asp Asn Thr Pro Ser Glu Met Pro Pro Leu Glu Gly Glu Glu
180         185         190
Glu Glu Asn Pro Lys Glu Asn Pro Glu Val Lys Ala Glu Glu Lys Glu
195         200         205
Val Pro Lys Glu Ile Pro Glu Val Lys Asp Glu Glu Lys Glu Val Pro
210         215         220
Lys Glu Ile Pro Glu Val Lys Ala Glu Glu Lys Ala Asp Ser Lys Asp
225         230         235         240
    
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Cys Met Glu Ala Thr Pro Glu Val Lys Glu Asp Pro Lys Glu Val Pro
 245 250 255
 Gln Val Lys Ala Asp Asp Lys Glu Gln Pro Lys Ala Thr Glu Ala Lys
 260 265 270
 Ala Arg Ala Ala Val Arg Glu Thr His Lys Arg Val Pro Glu Glu Arg
 275 280 285
 Leu Gln Asp Ser Val Asp Leu Lys Arg Ala Arg Lys Gly Lys Pro Lys
 290 295 300
 Arg Glu Asp Pro Lys Gly Ile Pro Asp Tyr Trp Leu Ile Val Leu Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Val Asp Lys Leu Gly Pro Met Ile Gln Lys Tyr Asp Glu Pro Ile
 325 330 335
 Leu Lys Phe Leu Ser Asp Val Ser Leu Lys Phe Ser Lys Pro Gly Gln
 340 345 350
 Pro Val Ser Tyr Thr Phe Glu Phe His Phe Leu Pro Asn Pro Tyr Phe
 355 360 365
 Arg Asn Glu Val Leu Val Lys Thr Tyr Ile Ile Lys Ala Lys Pro Asp
 370 375 380
 His Asn Asp Pro Phe Phe Ser Trp Gly Trp Glu Ile Glu Asp Cys Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Cys Lys Ile Asp Trp Arg Arg Gly Lys Asp Val Thr Val Thr Thr
 405 410 415
 Thr Gln Ser Arg Thr Thr Ala Thr Gly Glu Ile Glu Ile Gln Pro Arg
 420 425 430
 Val Val Pro Asn Ala Ser Phe Phe Asn Phe Phe Ser Pro Pro Glu Ile
 435 440 445
 Pro Met Ile Gly Lys Leu Glu Pro Arg Glu Asp Ala Ile Leu Asp Glu
 450 455 460
 Asp Phe Glu Ile Gly Gln Ile Leu His Asp Asn Val Ile Leu Lys Ser
 465 470 475 480
 Ile Tyr Tyr Tyr Thr Gly Glu Val Asn Gly Thr Tyr Tyr Gln Phe Gly
 485 490 495
 Lys His Tyr Gly Asn Lys Lys Tyr Arg Lys
 500 505

<210> SEQ ID NO 15
 <211> LENGTH: 2423
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

accgcgctc gtactgtgctc ctccgccggc agctcctgac tcatcggggg ctccgggtca 60
 catgcgccg cgcggcccta taggcgctc ctccgccgc cgccgggag ccgcagccgc 120
 cgccgccact gccactcccg ctctctcagc gccgcgctg ccacgccac cgcaaccgc 180
 actaccaccg tctgagtctg cagtcccgag atcccagcca tcatgtccat agagaagatc 240
 tggccccggg agatcttggc ctcccgccgg aaccccacag tggaggtgga tctctatact 300
 gccaaaggtc ttttccgggc tgcagtgccc agtggagcct ctacgggcat ctatgaggcc 360
 ctggagctga gggatggaga caaacagcgt tacttaggca aaggtgtcct gaaggcagtg 420
 gaccacatca actccaccat cgcgccagcc ctcatcagct caggtctctc tgtggtggag 480
 caagaaaac tggacaacct gatgctggag ttggatggga ctgagaacaa atccaagttt 540
 ggggccaatg ccactctggg tgtgtctctg gccgtgtgta aggcaggggc agctgagcgg 600

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gaactgcccc tgtatcgcca cattgctcag ctggccggga actcagacct catcctgcct 660
gtgccggcct tcaacgtgat caatgggtggc tctcatgctg gcaacaagct ggccatgcag 720
gagttcatga tctctccagt gggagctgag agctttcggg atgccatgcg actaggtgca 780
gaggtctacc atacactcaa gggagtcatc aaggacaaat acggcaagga tgcaccaat 840
gtgggggatg aaggtggctt tgcccccaat atcctggaga acagtgaagc cttggagctg 900
gtgaaggaag ccatacgaaa ggctggctac acggaaaaga tcgttattgg catggatggt 960
gctgcctcag agttttatcg tgatggcaaa tatgacttgg acttcaagtc tcccactgat 1020
ccttcccgat acatcactgg ggaccagctg ggggcaactc accaggactt tgtcagggac 1080
tatctgtgg tctccattga ggaccattt gaccaggatg attgggctgc ctggccaag 1140
ttcacagcca atgtaggat ccagattgtg ggtgatgacc tgacagtgc caaccacaaa 1200
cgtattgagc gggcagtgga agaaaaggcc tgcaactgct tgcctgctca ggtcaaccag 1260
atcggtcgg tcactgaagc catccaagcg tgcaagctgg cccaggagaa tggctggggg 1320
gtcatggtga gtcacgctc aggagagact gaggacacat tcattgctga cctggtggtg 1380
gggctgtgca caggccagat caagactggt gccccgtgcc gttctgaacg tctggctaaa 1440
tacaaccagc tcatgagaat tgaggaagag ctgggggatg aagctcgtt tgcggacat 1500
aacttccgta atcccagtgt gctgtgattc ctctgcttgc ctggagacgt ggaacctctg 1560
tctcatctc ctggaacctt gctgtcctga tctgtgatag ttcaccccct gagatcccct 1620
gagccccagg gtgcccagaa ctccctgat tgacctgctc cgctgctcct tggcttacct 1680
gacctcttgc tgtctctgt cgccctcctt tctgtgacct actcattggg gttccgcact 1740
ttccacttct tcttttctt ttctctctc cctcagaaac tagaaatgtg aatgaggatt 1800
attataaaag ggggtccgtg gaagaatgat cagcatctgt gatgggagcg tcagggttgg 1860
tgtgctgagg tgttagagag ggaccatgtg tcacttgtgc tttgctcttg tcccacgtgt 1920
cttcactttt gcatatgagc cgtgaactgt gcatagtgtc gggatggagg ggagtgttgg 1980
gcatgtgatc acgctgggt aataaggctt tagtgtattt atttatttat ttattttatt 2040
tgtttttcat tcatccatt aatcatttcc ccataactca atggcctaaa actggcctga 2100
cttgggggaa cgatgtgtc gtatttcatg tggctgtaga tccaagatg actggggtgg 2160
gaggtcttgc tagaatggga agggcatag aaaggcctt gacatcagtt cctttgtgtg 2220
tactcactga agcctgcgtt ggtccagagc ggaggctgtg tgcctggggg agttttcctc 2280
tatacatctc tcccacacc taggttccct gttcttctc cagctgcacc agagcaacct 2340
ctcactcccc atgccacgtt ccacagttgc caccacctct gtggcattga aatgagcacc 2400
tccattaaag tctgaatcag tgc 2423

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<210> SEQ ID NO 16
<211> LENGTH: 434
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 16

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Met Ser Ile Glu Lys Ile Trp Ala Arg Glu Ile Leu Asp Ser Arg Gly
1           5           10           15
Asn Pro Thr Val Glu Val Asp Leu Tyr Thr Ala Lys Gly Leu Phe Arg
          20           25           30
Ala Ala Val Pro Ser Gly Ala Ser Thr Gly Ile Tyr Glu Ala Leu Glu
          35           40           45
Leu Arg Asp Gly Asp Lys Gln Arg Tyr Leu Gly Lys Gly Val Leu Lys

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50				55				60							
Ala	Val	Asp	His	Ile	Asn	Ser	Thr	Ile	Ala	Pro	Ala	Leu	Ile	Ser	Ser
65					70					75					80
Gly	Leu	Ser	Val	Val	Glu	Gln	Glu	Lys	Leu	Asp	Asn	Leu	Met	Leu	Glu
				85					90					95	
Leu	Asp	Gly	Thr	Glu	Asn	Lys	Ser	Lys	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asn	Ala	Ile	Leu
				100					105					110	
Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Lys	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ala	Glu	Arg	Glu	Leu
				115					120					125	
Pro	Leu	Tyr	Arg	His	Ile	Ala	Gln	Leu	Ala	Gly	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ile
				130		135					140				
Leu	Pro	Val	Pro	Ala	Phe	Asn	Val	Ile	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ser	His	Ala	Gly
145					150					155					160
Asn	Lys	Leu	Ala	Met	Gln	Glu	Phe	Met	Ile	Leu	Pro	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu
				165					170						175
Ser	Phe	Arg	Asp	Ala	Met	Arg	Leu	Gly	Ala	Glu	Val	Tyr	His	Thr	Leu
				180					185					190	
Lys	Gly	Val	Ile	Lys	Asp	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ala	Thr	Asn	Val	Gly
				195			200							205	
Asp	Glu	Gly	Gly	Phe	Ala	Pro	Asn	Ile	Leu	Glu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ala	Leu
				210		215					220				
Glu	Leu	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ile	Asp	Lys	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Lys	Ile
225					230					235					240
Val	Ile	Gly	Met	Asp	Val	Ala	Ala	Ser	Glu	Phe	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Gly	Lys
				245					250					255	
Tyr	Asp	Leu	Asp	Phe	Lys	Ser	Pro	Thr	Asp	Pro	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Ile	Thr
				260					265					270	
Gly	Asp	Gln	Leu	Gly	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Phe	Val	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Pro
				275			280						285		
Val	Val	Ser	Ile	Glu	Asp	Pro	Phe	Asp	Gln	Asp	Asp	Trp	Ala	Ala	Trp
				290		295							300		
Ser	Lys	Phe	Thr	Ala	Asn	Val	Gly	Ile	Gln	Ile	Val	Gly	Asp	Asp	Leu
305					310					315					320
Thr	Val	Thr	Asn	Pro	Lys	Arg	Ile	Glu	Arg	Ala	Val	Glu	Glu	Lys	Ala
				325					330					335	
Cys	Asn	Cys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Val	Asn	Gln	Ile	Gly	Ser	Val	Thr	Glu
				340					345					350	
Ala	Ile	Gln	Ala	Cys	Lys	Leu	Ala	Gln	Glu	Asn	Gly	Trp	Gly	Val	Met
				355			360						365		
Val	Ser	His	Arg	Ser	Gly	Glu	Thr	Glu	Asp	Thr	Phe	Ile	Ala	Asp	Leu
				370		375					380				
Val	Val	Gly	Leu	Cys	Thr	Gly	Gln	Ile	Lys	Thr	Gly	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg
385					390					395					400
Ser	Glu	Arg	Leu	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Leu	Met	Arg	Ile	Glu	Glu	Glu
				405					410					415	
Leu	Gly	Asp	Glu	Ala	Arg	Phe	Ala	Gly	His	Asn	Phe	Arg	Asn	Pro	Ser
				420					425					430	
Val	Leu														

<210> SEQ ID NO 17
 <211> LENGTH: 2142
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <400> SEQUENCE: 17

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atggcgaagt ccccgagaa ctctaccctg gaggagattc tggggcagta tcaacggagt    60
ctccgggaac atgccagcag aagcattcac caactgacat gtgcctgaa agaaggcgat    120
gtcactattg gagaagatgc accaaatctt tcttttagca ccagtgtggg aaatgaggac    180
gccaggacag cctggcccga attacaacag agccatgctg ttaatcagct caaagatttg    240
ttgcccacac aagcagataa ggaaagtgaa gtatctccgt caagaagaag aaaaatgtcc    300
cccttgaggt cattagaaca tgaggaaacc aatatgccta ctatgcacga ccttgttcat    360
actattaatg accagctcctc atatattcat catttagagg cagaagtaa gttctgcaag    420
gaggaactct ctggaatgaa aaataaata caagtagttg tgcttgaaaa cgaagggtc    480
cagcaacagc taaatctca aagacaagag gagacactga gggacaacac acttctggat    540
gcctccggaa acatgcacaa ttcttgatt acaacagggt aagattctgg ggtggcgaa    600
acctcaaaa gaccatttcc ccatgacaat gcagattttg gcaaagctgc atctgctggt    660
gagcagctag aactggagaa gctaaaactt acttatgagg aaaagtgtga aattgaggaa    720
tcccattga agttttgag gaacgactta gctgaatc agagaacttg tgaagatctt    780
aaagagcaac taaagcataa agaatttctt ctggctgcta atacttgtaa cctgtttggt    840
ggtctttggt tgaatgtgc tcagcatgaa gctgttcttt cccaaacca tactaatgtt    900
catatgcaga ccatcgaaag actggttaaa gaaagagatg acttgatgct tgcactagtt    960
tccgtaagga gcagcttggc agatacgcac caagagaag caagtgtta tgaacagggtg  1020
aaacaagttt tgcaaatatc tgaggaagcc aattttgaaa aaaccaaggc ttaatccag  1080
tgtgaccagt tgaggaagga gctggagagg caggcggagc gacttgaaaa agaacttgca  1140
tctcagcaag agaaaagggc cattgagaaa gacatgatga aaaaggaaat aacgaaagaa  1200
agggagtaca tgggatcaaa gatgttgatc ttgtctcaga atattgccc actggaggcc  1260
caggtggaag aggttacaaa ggaaaagatt tcagctatta atcaactgga ggaattcaa  1320
agccagctgg cttctcggga aatggatgct acaaagggtg gtggagaaat gcgctatcag  1380
ctgaataaaa ccaactgga gaaggatgag gcagaaaagg agcacagaga gttcagagca  1440
aaaactaaca gggatcttga aattaaagat caggaaatag agaaattgag aatagaactg  1500
gatgaaagca aacaacactt ggaacaggag cagcagaagg cagccctggc cagagaggag  1560
tgctgagac taacagaact gctggggcga tctgagcacc aactgcacct caccagacag  1620
gaaaaagata gcattcagca gagctttagc aaggaagcaa aggcccaagc ccttcaggcc  1680
cagcaaaagag agcaggagct gacacagaag atacagcaaa tggaagccca gcatgacaaa  1740
actgaaaatg aacagtattt gttgtgacc tcccagaata catttttgac aaagttaaag  1800
gaagaatgct gtacattagc caagaaactg gaacaaatct ctcaaaaaac cagatctgaa  1860
atagctcaac tcagtcaaga aaaaaggat acatagata aattgggaaa gttacagaga  1920
agaaatgaag aattggagga acagtgtgct cagcatggga gactacatga gacgatgaag  1980
caaaggctaa ggcagctgga taagcacagc caggccacag cccagcagct ggtgcagctc  2040
ctcagcaagc agaaccagct tctcctggag aggcagagcc tgtcggaaga ggtggaccgg  2100
ctgcggaccc agttaccag catgccaaa tctgattgct ga                                2142

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<210> SEQ ID NO 18

<211> LENGTH: 713

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

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Met Ala Lys Ser Pro Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Glu Glu Ile Leu Gly Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Tyr Gln Arg Ser Leu Arg Glu His Ala Ser Arg Ser Ile His Gln Leu
 20 25 30
 Thr Cys Ala Leu Lys Glu Gly Asp Val Thr Ile Gly Glu Asp Ala Pro
 35 40 45
 Asn Leu Ser Phe Ser Thr Ser Val Gly Asn Glu Asp Ala Arg Thr Ala
 50 55 60
 Trp Pro Glu Leu Gln Gln Ser His Ala Val Asn Gln Leu Lys Asp Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Arg Gln Gln Ala Asp Lys Glu Ser Glu Val Ser Pro Ser Arg Arg
 85 90 95
 Arg Lys Met Ser Pro Leu Arg Ser Leu Glu His Glu Glu Thr Asn Met
 100 105 110
 Pro Thr Met His Asp Leu Val His Thr Ile Asn Asp Gln Ser Gln Tyr
 115 120 125
 Ile His His Leu Glu Ala Glu Val Lys Phe Cys Lys Glu Glu Leu Ser
 130 135 140
 Gly Met Lys Asn Lys Ile Gln Val Val Val Leu Glu Asn Glu Gly Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Gln Gln Leu Lys Ser Gln Arg Gln Glu Glu Thr Leu Arg Glu Gln
 165 170 175
 Thr Leu Leu Asp Ala Ser Gly Asn Met His Asn Ser Trp Ile Thr Thr
 180 185 190
 Gly Glu Asp Ser Gly Val Gly Glu Thr Ser Lys Arg Pro Phe Ser His
 195 200 205
 Asp Asn Ala Asp Phe Gly Lys Ala Ala Ser Ala Gly Glu Gln Leu Glu
 210 215 220
 Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Leu Thr Tyr Glu Glu Lys Cys Glu Ile Glu Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Gln Leu Lys Phe Leu Arg Asn Asp Leu Ala Glu Tyr Gln Arg Thr
 245 250 255
 Cys Glu Asp Leu Lys Glu Gln Leu Lys His Lys Glu Phe Leu Leu Ala
 260 265 270
 Ala Asn Thr Cys Asn Arg Val Gly Gly Leu Cys Leu Lys Cys Ala Gln
 275 280 285
 His Glu Ala Val Leu Ser Gln Thr His Thr Asn Val His Met Gln Thr
 290 295 300
 Ile Glu Arg Leu Val Lys Glu Arg Asp Asp Leu Met Ser Ala Leu Val
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Val Arg Ser Ser Leu Ala Asp Thr Gln Gln Arg Glu Ala Ser Ala
 325 330 335
 Tyr Glu Gln Val Lys Gln Val Leu Gln Ile Ser Glu Glu Ala Asn Phe
 340 345 350
 Glu Lys Thr Lys Ala Leu Ile Gln Cys Asp Gln Leu Arg Lys Glu Leu
 355 360 365
 Glu Arg Gln Ala Glu Arg Leu Glu Lys Glu Leu Ala Ser Gln Gln Glu
 370 375 380
 Lys Arg Ala Ile Glu Lys Asp Met Met Lys Lys Glu Ile Thr Lys Glu
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Glu Tyr Met Gly Ser Lys Met Leu Ile Leu Ser Gln Asn Ile Ala
 405 410 415
 Gln Leu Glu Ala Gln Val Glu Lys Val Thr Lys Glu Lys Ile Ser Ala

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420				425				430							
Ile	Asn	Gln	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ile	Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ser	Arg	Glu	Met
	435						440					445			
Asp	Val	Thr	Lys	Val	Cys	Gly	Glu	Met	Arg	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Asn	Lys	Thr
	450				455						460				
Asn	Met	Glu	Lys	Asp	Glu	Ala	Glu	Lys	Glu	His	Arg	Glu	Phe	Arg	Ala
	465				470					475					480
Lys	Thr	Asn	Arg	Asp	Leu	Glu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Gln	Glu	Ile	Glu	Lys	Leu
			485						490					495	
Arg	Ile	Glu	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ser	Lys	Gln	His	Leu	Glu	Gln	Glu	Gln	Gln
		500							505					510	
Lys	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Arg	Glu	Glu	Cys	Leu	Arg	Leu	Thr	Glu	Leu	Leu
	515						520					525			
Gly	Glu	Ser	Glu	His	Gln	Leu	His	Leu	Thr	Arg	Gln	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ser
	530					535					540				
Ile	Gln	Gln	Ser	Phe	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ala
	545				550					555					560
Gln	Gln	Arg	Glu	Gln	Glu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ile	Gln	Gln	Met	Glu	Ala
			565						570					575	
Gln	His	Asp	Lys	Thr	Glu	Asn	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Ser	Gln
		580							585					590	
Asn	Thr	Phe	Leu	Thr	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Glu	Cys	Cys	Thr	Leu	Ala	Lys
		595					600					605			
Lys	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ile	Ser	Gln	Lys	Thr	Arg	Ser	Glu	Ile	Ala	Gln	Leu
	610					615					620				
Ser	Gln	Glu	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Leu	Gly	Lys	Leu	Gln	Arg
	625				630					635					640
Arg	Asn	Glu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Cys	Val	Gln	His	Gly	Arg	Val	His	
			645						650					655	
Glu	Thr	Met	Lys	Gln	Arg	Leu	Arg	Gln	Leu	Asp	Lys	His	Ser	Gln	Ala
			660						665					670	
Thr	Ala	Gln	Gln	Leu	Val	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Gln	Asn	Gln	Leu	Leu
		675					680							685	
Leu	Glu	Arg	Gln	Ser	Leu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Val	Asp	Arg	Leu	Arg	Thr	Gln
	690					695					700				
Leu	Pro	Ser	Met	Pro	Gln	Ser	Asp	Cys							
	705					710									

<210> SEQ ID NO 19
 <211> LENGTH: 2780
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

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gtgggcgac cgcgcgctg gaggtgtgag gatccgaacc caggggtggg gggtgaggc 60
ggctcctgcg atcgaagggg acttgagact caccggccgc acgccatgag ggcctgtgg 120
gtgctgggcc tctgctgctg cctgctgacc ttcgggtcgg tcagagctga cgatgaagtt 180
gatgtggatg gtacagtaga agaggatctg ggtaaaagta gagaaggatc aaggacggat 240
gatgaagtag tacagagaga ggaagaagct attcagttgg atggattaaa tgcatacaaa 300
ataagagaac ttagagagaa gtcggaaaag tttgccttcc aagccgaagt taacagaatg 360
atgaaactta tcatcaattc attgtataaa aataaagaga ttttctgag agaactgatt 420
tcaaatgctt ctgatgcttt agataagata aggctaatat cactgactga tgaaaatgct 480
    
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ctttctggaa atgaggaact aacagtcaaa attaagtgtg ataaggagaa gaacctgctg	540
catgtcacag acaccgggtg aggaatgacc agagaagagt tggttaaaa ccttggtacc	600
atagccaaat ctgggacaag cgagttttta aacaaaatga ctgaagcaca ggaagatggc	660
cagtcaactt ctgaattgat tggccagttt ggtgtcggtt tctattccgc cttccttgta	720
gcagataagg ttattgtcac ttcaaaacac aacaacgata cccagcacat ctgggagtct	780
gactccaatg aatcttctgt aattgtctgac ccaagaggaa aactcttagg acggggaacg	840
acaattacc tttctttaa agaagaagca tctgattacc ttgaattgga tacaattaaa	900
aatctctgca aaaaatattc acagttcata aactttccta tttatgtatg gagcagcaag	960
actgaaactg ttgaggagcc catggaggaa gaagaagcag ccaaagaaga gaaagaagaa	1020
tctgatgatg aagctgcagt agaggaagaa gaagaagaaa agaaaccaa gactaaaaaa	1080
gttgaaaaa ctgtctggga ctgggaactt atgaatgata tcaaccaat atggcagaga	1140
ccatcaaaag aagtagaaga agatgaatac aaagctttct acaaatcatt ttcaaaggaa	1200
agtgatgacc ccattggcta tttcacttt actgctgaag gggagttac cttcaaatca	1260
atcttatttg taccacatc tgctccacgt ggtctgttg acgaatatgg atctaaaaag	1320
agcgattaca ttaagctcta tgtgcgccgt gtattcatca cagacgactt ccatgatatg	1380
atgcctaaat acctcaattt tgtcaaggtt gtgggtggact cagatgatct ccccttgaat	1440
gtttcccgcg agactcttca gcaacataaa ctgcttaagg tgattaggaa gaagcttgtt	1500
cgtaaaacgc tggacatgat caagaagatt gctgatgata aatacaatga tactttttgg	1560
aaagaatttg gtaccaacat caagcttggg gtgattgaag accactcgaa tcgaacacgt	1620
cttgctaaac ttcttaggtt ccagctctct catcatccaa ctgacattac tagcctagac	1680
cagtatgtgg aaagaatgaa ggaaaaacaa gacaaaatct acttcattggc tgggtccagc	1740
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atctacctca cagaacctgt ggatgaatac tgtattcagg cccttccga atttgatggg	1860
aagaggttcc agaatttggc caaggaagga gtgaagttcg atgaaagtga gaaaactaag	1920
gagagtcgtg aagcagttga gaaagaattt gagcctctgc tgaattggat gaaagataaa	1980
gcccttaagg acaagattga aaaggctgtg gtgtctcagc gcctgacaga atctccgtgt	2040
gctttggtgg ccagccagta cggatggtct ggcaacatgg agagaatcat gaaagcacia	2100
gcgtacaaa cgggcaagga catctctaca aattactatg cgagtcagaa gaaaacattt	2160
gaaattaatc ccagacacc cctgatcaga gacatgcttc gacgaattaa ggaagatgaa	2220
gatgataaaa cagtttttga tcttgcctgt gttttgttg aaacagcaac gcttcgggtca	2280
gggtatcttt taccagacac taaagcatat ggagatagaa tagaagaat gcttcgcctc	2340
agtttgaaca ttgacctga tgcaaagggt gaagaagagc ccgaagaaga acctgaagag	2400
acagcagaag acacaacaga agacacagag caagacgaag atgaagaaat ggatgtggga	2460
acagatgaag aagaagaaac agcaaaggaa tctacagctg aaaaagatga attgtaaatt	2520
atactctcac catttggatc ctgtgtggag agggaatgtg aaatttcat catttctttt	2580
tgggagagac ttgttttgg tgcacctaa tccccttctc cctgcactg taaaatgtgg	2640
gattatgggt cacagaaaa agtgggtttt ttagttgaat ttttttaac attcctcatg	2700
aatgtaaatt tgtactatct aactgactat tcttgatgta aaatcttctc atgtgtataa	2760
aaataaaaa gatcccaaat	2780

<210> SEQ ID NO 20

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<211> LENGTH: 803
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 20
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Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Asp Asp Glu Val Asp Val Asp Gly Thr Val Glu
20     25     30
Glu Asp Leu Gly Lys Ser Arg Glu Gly Ser Arg Thr Asp Asp Glu Val
35     40     45
Val Gln Arg Glu Glu Glu Ala Ile Gln Leu Asp Gly Leu Asn Ala Ser
50     55     60
Gln Ile Arg Glu Leu Arg Glu Lys Ser Glu Lys Phe Ala Phe Gln Ala
65     70     75     80
Glu Val Asn Arg Met Met Lys Leu Ile Ile Asn Ser Leu Tyr Lys Asn
85     90     95
Lys Glu Ile Phe Leu Arg Glu Leu Ile Ser Asn Ala Ser Asp Ala Leu
100    105    110
Asp Lys Ile Arg Leu Ile Ser Leu Thr Asp Glu Asn Ala Leu Ser Gly
115    120    125
Asn Glu Glu Leu Thr Val Lys Ile Lys Cys Asp Lys Glu Lys Asn Leu
130    135    140
Leu His Val Thr Asp Thr Gly Val Gly Met Thr Arg Glu Glu Leu Val
145    150    155    160
Lys Asn Leu Gly Thr Ile Ala Lys Ser Gly Thr Ser Glu Phe Leu Asn
165    170    175
Lys Met Thr Glu Ala Gln Glu Asp Gly Gln Ser Thr Ser Glu Leu Ile
180    185    190
Gly Gln Phe Gly Val Gly Phe Tyr Ser Ala Phe Leu Val Ala Asp Lys
195    200    205
Val Ile Val Thr Ser Lys His Asn Asn Asp Thr Gln His Ile Trp Glu
210    215    220
Ser Asp Ser Asn Glu Phe Ser Val Ile Ala Asp Pro Arg Gly Asn Thr
225    230    235    240
Leu Gly Arg Gly Thr Thr Ile Thr Leu Val Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser
245    250    255
Asp Tyr Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Ile Lys Asn Leu Val Lys Lys Tyr Ser
260    265    270
Gln Phe Ile Asn Phe Pro Ile Tyr Val Trp Ser Ser Lys Thr Glu Thr
275    280    285
Val Glu Glu Pro Met Glu Glu Glu Glu Ala Ala Lys Glu Glu Lys Glu
290    295    300
Glu Ser Asp Asp Glu Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Lys Lys
305    310    315    320
Pro Lys Thr Lys Lys Val Glu Lys Thr Val Trp Asp Trp Glu Leu Met
325    330    335
Asn Asp Ile Lys Pro Ile Trp Gln Arg Pro Ser Lys Glu Val Glu Glu
340    345    350
Asp Glu Tyr Lys Ala Phe Tyr Lys Ser Phe Ser Lys Glu Ser Asp Asp
355    360    365
Pro Met Ala Tyr Ile His Phe Thr Ala Glu Gly Glu Val Thr Phe Lys
370    375    380
Ser Ile Leu Phe Val Pro Thr Ser Ala Pro Arg Gly Leu Phe Asp Glu
385    390    395    400

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Tyr Gly Ser Lys Lys Ser Asp Tyr Ile Lys Leu Tyr Val Arg Arg Val
 405 410 415
 Phe Ile Thr Asp Asp Phe His Asp Met Met Pro Lys Tyr Leu Asn Phe
 420 425 430
 Val Lys Gly Val Val Asp Ser Asp Asp Leu Pro Leu Asn Val Ser Arg
 435 440 445
 Glu Thr Leu Gln Gln His Lys Leu Leu Lys Val Ile Arg Lys Lys Leu
 450 455 460
 Val Arg Lys Thr Leu Asp Met Ile Lys Lys Ile Ala Asp Asp Lys Tyr
 465 470 475 480
 Asn Asp Thr Phe Trp Lys Glu Phe Gly Thr Asn Ile Lys Leu Gly Val
 485 490 495
 Ile Glu Asp His Ser Asn Arg Thr Arg Leu Ala Lys Leu Leu Arg Phe
 500 505 510
 Gln Ser Ser His His Pro Thr Asp Ile Thr Ser Leu Asp Gln Tyr Val
 515 520 525
 Glu Arg Met Lys Glu Lys Gln Asp Lys Ile Tyr Phe Met Ala Gly Ser
 530 535 540
 Ser Arg Lys Glu Ala Glu Ser Ser Pro Phe Val Glu Arg Leu Leu Lys
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Gly Tyr Glu Val Ile Tyr Leu Thr Glu Pro Val Asp Glu Tyr Cys
 565 570 575
 Ile Gln Ala Leu Pro Glu Phe Asp Gly Lys Arg Phe Gln Asn Val Ala
 580 585 590
 Lys Glu Gly Val Lys Phe Asp Glu Ser Glu Lys Thr Lys Glu Ser Arg
 595 600 605
 Glu Ala Val Glu Lys Glu Phe Glu Pro Leu Leu Asn Trp Met Lys Asp
 610 615 620
 Lys Ala Leu Lys Asp Lys Ile Glu Lys Ala Val Ser Gln Arg Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Thr Glu Ser Pro Cys Ala Leu Val Ala Ser Gln Tyr Gly Trp Ser Gly
 645 650 655
 Asn Met Glu Arg Ile Met Lys Ala Gln Ala Tyr Gln Thr Gly Lys Asp
 660 665 670
 Ile Ser Thr Asn Tyr Tyr Ala Ser Gln Lys Lys Thr Phe Glu Ile Asn
 675 680 685
 Pro Arg His Pro Leu Ile Arg Asp Met Leu Arg Arg Ile Lys Glu Asp
 690 695 700
 Glu Asp Asp Lys Thr Val Leu Asp Leu Ala Val Val Leu Phe Glu Thr
 705 710 715 720
 Ala Thr Leu Arg Ser Gly Tyr Leu Leu Pro Asp Thr Lys Ala Tyr Gly
 725 730 735
 Asp Arg Ile Glu Arg Met Leu Arg Leu Ser Leu Asn Ile Asp Pro Asp
 740 745 750
 Ala Lys Val Glu Glu Glu Pro Glu Glu Glu Pro Glu Glu Thr Ala Glu
 755 760 765
 Asp Thr Thr Glu Asp Thr Glu Gln Asp Glu Asp Glu Glu Met Asp Val
 770 775 780
 Gly Thr Asp Glu Glu Glu Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Ser Thr Ala Glu Lys
 785 790 795 800
 Asp Glu Leu

<210> SEQ ID NO 21

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<211> LENGTH: 1060
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 21
cgcgggccga ctggtgttta tccgtcactc gccgagggttc cttgggtcat ggtgccagcc    60
tgactgagaa gaggacgctc ccgggagacg aatgaggaac cacctcctcc tactgttcaa    120
gtacaggggc ctggtccgca aaggaagaa aagcaaaaga cgaatggc taaattcgtg    180
atccgccag ccactgccgc cgactgcagt gacatactgc ggctgatcaa ggagctggct    240
aaatatgaat acatgaaga acaagtaatc ttaactgaaa aagatctgct agaagatggt    300
tttgagagc acccctttta ccactgcctg gttgcagaag tgccgaaaga gcactggact    360
ccggaaggac acagcattgt tggttttgcc atgtactatt ttacctatga cccgtggatt    420
ggcaagtat tgtatcttga ggactttctc gtgatgagtg attatagagg ctttggcata    480
ggatcagaaa ttctgaagaa tctaagccag gttgcaatga ggtgtcgtc cagcagcatg    540
cacttcttgg tagcagaatg gaatgaacca tccatcaact tctataaaag aagaggtgct    600
tctgatctgt ccagtgaaga gggttggaga ctgttcaaga tcgacaagga gtacttgcta    660
aaaatggcaa cagaggagtg aggagtgctg ctgtagatga caacctccat tctattttag    720
aataaattcc caacttctct tgctttctat gctgtttgta gtgaaataat agaatgagca    780
cccattccaa agctttatta ccagtggcgt tgttgcattg ttgaaatgag gtctgtttaa    840
agtggcaatc tcagatgcag tttggagagt cagatcttct tccttgaata tctttcgata    900
aacaacaagg tgggtgtagc ttaatatatt tgaaaaaaac ttcattctcg tgagtcattt    960
aaatgtgtac aatgtacaca ctggtactta gagtttctgt ttgattcttt ttaataaac   1020
tactctttga tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa   1060

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<210> SEQ ID NO 22
<211> LENGTH: 171
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 22
Met Ala Lys Phe Val Ile Arg Pro Ala Thr Ala Ala Asp Cys Ser Asp
 1             5             10            15
Ile Leu Arg Leu Ile Lys Glu Leu Ala Lys Tyr Glu Tyr Met Glu Glu
 20            25            30
Gln Val Ile Leu Thr Glu Lys Asp Leu Leu Glu Asp Gly Phe Gly Glu
 35            40            45
His Pro Phe Tyr His Cys Leu Val Ala Glu Val Pro Lys Glu His Trp
 50            55            60
Thr Pro Glu Gly His Ser Ile Val Gly Phe Ala Met Tyr Tyr Phe Thr
 65            70            75            80
Tyr Asp Pro Trp Ile Gly Lys Leu Leu Tyr Leu Glu Asp Phe Phe Val
 85            90            95
Met Ser Asp Tyr Arg Gly Phe Gly Ile Gly Ser Glu Ile Leu Lys Asn
100           105           110
Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Met Arg Cys Arg Cys Ser Ser Met His Phe Leu
115           120           125
Val Ala Glu Trp Asn Glu Pro Ser Ile Asn Phe Tyr Lys Arg Arg Gly
130           135           140
Ala Ser Asp Leu Ser Ser Glu Glu Gly Trp Arg Leu Phe Lys Ile Asp
145           150           155           160

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Lys Glu Tyr Leu Leu Lys Met Ala Thr Glu Glu
 165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 23
 <211> LENGTH: 1006
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 23

cagccgcacg tgggctcggc gcgatggagg aggagacgca tactgacgcc aaaatccgtg 60
 ctgaaaatgg aacagggtcc agccctcggg gtctctggctg cagcctccgg cactttgcct 120
 gcgaacagaa cctgctgtcg cggccagatg gctctgcttc cttcctgcaa ggtgacacct 180
 ctgtcctggc ggggtgtgtac gggccggcgc aggtgaaggt cagcaaagag attttcaaca 240
 aggccacact cgaagtgatc ctgaggccga agattgggct gcctgggtgt gcagagaaga 300
 gccgggagcg gctgatcagg aacacgtgcg aggcggtggt gctgggcacg ttgcaccccc 360
 gcaectecat caccgtggtg ctgcaggttg tcagcgatgc cggetctctc ctggcctggt 420
 gtctgaatgc cgctcatg gcattggttg atgcaggtgt gcccatgcgg gctctcttct 480
 gtggggtcgc ctgcccctg gactctgatg ggaccctcgt gctggatcct acatccaagc 540
 aagaaaagga ggccccggca gtctgacct ttgcctgga cagcgtgga cggaaagctgc 600
 tgatgtccag caccaagggg ctctactcag aactgagct ccagcagtgc ctggctgcgg 660
 cccaggccgc ttcgcaacac gtcttccgtt tctaccggga atcgctgcag aggcgttact 720
 ccaagagctg aggcaagctg gggcaagggg ccgctcccat tgcctccacc cactcacccc 780
 ctacagctg aagcaaacca gcagcccagc cttgcctctc tgaecatgg gctccttgag 840
 cctgcagctc tgtaaccaca gggctcctgt ggggaggcct tggcctgtga cagccccag 900
 gcctgggggc acagatcccc ccagcaagga taacattcaa aggagctcac atttatggaa 960
 tggatgaatc aataaattaa ttcactttaa caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 1006

<210> SEQ ID NO 24
 <211> LENGTH: 235
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

Met Glu Glu Glu Thr His Thr Asp Ala Lys Ile Arg Ala Glu Asn Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Gly Ser Ser Pro Arg Gly Pro Gly Cys Ser Leu Arg His Phe Ala
 20 25 30
 Cys Glu Gln Asn Leu Leu Ser Arg Pro Asp Gly Ser Ala Ser Phe Leu
 35 40 45
 Gln Gly Asp Thr Ser Val Leu Ala Gly Val Tyr Gly Pro Ala Glu Val
 50 55 60
 Lys Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Phe Asn Lys Ala Thr Leu Glu Val Ile Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Pro Lys Ile Gly Leu Pro Gly Val Ala Glu Lys Ser Arg Glu Arg
 85 90 95
 Leu Ile Arg Asn Thr Cys Glu Ala Val Val Leu Gly Thr Leu His Pro
 100 105 110
 Arg Thr Ser Ile Thr Val Val Leu Gln Val Val Ser Asp Ala Gly Ser
 115 120 125
 Leu Leu Ala Cys Cys Leu Asn Ala Ala Cys Met Ala Leu Val Asp Ala
 130 135 140

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Gly Val Pro Met Arg Ala Leu Phe Cys Gly Val Ala Cys Ala Leu Asp
 145 150 155 160

Ser Asp Gly Thr Leu Val Leu Asp Pro Thr Ser Lys Gln Glu Lys Glu
 165 170 175

Ala Arg Ala Val Leu Thr Phe Ala Leu Asp Ser Val Glu Arg Lys Leu
 180 185 190

Leu Met Ser Ser Thr Lys Gly Leu Tyr Ser Asp Thr Glu Leu Gln Gln
 195 200 205

Cys Leu Ala Ala Ala Gln Ala Ala Ser Gln His Val Phe Arg Phe Tyr
 210 215 220

Arg Glu Ser Leu Gln Arg Arg Tyr Ser Lys Ser
 225 230 235

<210> SEQ ID NO 25
 <211> LENGTH: 315
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

gctctctata aaaattattt gtgttctata tagtgagttt taccagtaaa tgtggcttaa 60
 tattttaatt cttagaatgt gtcttctcta cgtgatgtga ctaaattctg ttttgtttgt 120
 ggaatgacta gcacagggcg actccctctc tccctcactt aacaaaagac caatgagctg 180
 ttaatcgagc tgttatctcc atgggtattac ttgctaaatg cactgatttc ataagtatgt 240
 ggaatccttt tccttttgaa tctgtatatac atatataaga ctgaatctac ttaataaaca 300
 ctgaacaaca aaccg 315

<210> SEQ ID NO 26
 <211> LENGTH: 10
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

Ala Leu Tyr Lys Asn Tyr Leu Cys Ser Ile
 1 5 10

<210> SEQ ID NO 27
 <211> LENGTH: 1970
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

caaacgcgcc gactacagag gctggacgta agcttagcgg tggcgcgcgt ggcgagcgcc 60
 ggcccagatt gccaaaacaa aggggatttg gtgatggagg ctttgttaga aggaatacaa 120
 aatcgagggc atgggtgggg atttttgaca tcttgtgaag cagaactaca ggagctcatg 180
 aaacagattg acataatggt ggctcataaa aaatctgaat gggaggagc tacacatgct 240
 ctgaaaactt gcttgaatat ccgtgaacag gaacttaaga gtcttaggag tcagttggat 300
 gtgacacata aggaggttgg aatgttgcac cagcaggtag aagaacatga aaaaatcaag 360
 caagagatga ccatggaata taagcaggag ttgaagaaac tacatgaaga attatgcata 420
 ctgaagagaa gctatgaaaa gcttcagaaa aagcaaatga gggaaatcag aggaaatacc 480
 aaaaatcaca gggaagatcg gtctgaaatt gagaggttaa ctgcaaaaat agaggaattc 540
 cgtcagaaat cgctggactg ggagaagcaa cgcttgattt atcagcaaca ggtatcttca 600
 ctggaggcac aaaggaagcc tctggctgaa caatcagaga taattcagc tcagcttgtc 660
 aatcggaac agaattaga gtctgtggaa ctttctagcc aatcagaaat tcaacactta 720

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agcagtaaac tggagcgggc taatgacact atctgtgcca atgagttgga aatagagcgc 780
ctcaccatga gggtaaatga cttgggttga accagtatga ctgtcctaca ggagcagcag 840
caaaaagaag aaaaattgag ggaatctgaa aaactattag aggctctgca ggaagaaaag 900
agagaattga aggcagctct tcagtctcaa gaaaatctca tacatgaggc cagaatacaa 960
aaggagaagt tacaagaaaa agtaaaggca actaacactc aacatgctgt agaagctata 1020
aggccacggg aagaatctct ggcagaaaag aagtacacct ctcaagggca gggggactta 1080
gacagtgtgc tctcccagtt gaattttacc catactagtg aggaccttct gcaggcagag 1140
gtgacttgtc ttgaaggcag tttggaatct gtgagtgcaa cgtgtaaaaca gctgagccaa 1200
gaactaatgg aaaaatatga agaactgaag aggatggaag cacataacaa tgaatacaaa 1260
gcagagatta agaagttgaa agaacagatt ttacagggtg aacaaagtta cagttctgca 1320
ctagaaggaa tgaagatgga aatctcccat ctaactcagg agttacatca gcgagatata 1380
actattgctt ccaccaaaag ttcttcctca gacatggaaa agcgactcag agcagagatg 1440
caaaaaggcag aagacaaagc agtagagcat aaggagattt tggatcagct ggagtcactc 1500
aaattagaaa atcgctcatct ttctgaaatg gtgatgaaat tgggaattggg tttacatgag 1560
tgttccttgc ctgtatctcc ccttggttca atagctacca gatttttggg agaggaggaa 1620
ctgaggtctc atcacattct agagegcttg gatgccata ttgagaact aaaaagagag 1680
agtgaaaaga cagtgagaca attcacagcc ttaaagtagc ctcttaaaaa aatcacaatc 1740
ttggaataaa aaataaacac caaagagtta ctgtcatctg aagtagcagc tctttaaaaa 1800
catgaagaga taaaattata aaaaatgatac atctaagca gtggtgaaga aagctgaaaa 1860
actgatactt ttgataggca ttttctctgc actggtttgt ttaaaggact tcttcagca 1920
ataagttgaa agaataaacc actttgctag acaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1970

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<210> SEQ ID NO 28
<211> LENGTH: 541
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 28

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Met Glu Ala Leu Leu Glu Gly Ile Gln Asn Arg Gly His Gly Gly Gly
1      5      10      15
Phe Leu Thr Ser Cys Glu Ala Glu Leu Gln Glu Leu Met Lys Gln Ile
20     25     30
Asp Ile Met Val Ala His Lys Lys Ser Glu Trp Glu Gly Arg Thr His
35     40     45
Ala Leu Glu Thr Cys Leu Lys Ile Arg Glu Gln Glu Leu Lys Ser Leu
50     55     60
Arg Ser Gln Leu Asp Val Thr His Lys Glu Val Gly Met Leu His Gln
65     70     75     80
Gln Val Glu Glu His Glu Lys Ile Lys Gln Glu Met Thr Met Glu Tyr
85     90     95
Lys Gln Glu Leu Lys Lys Leu His Glu Glu Leu Cys Ile Leu Lys Arg
100    105    110
Ser Tyr Glu Lys Leu Gln Lys Lys Gln Met Arg Glu Phe Arg Gly Asn
115    120    125
Thr Lys Asn His Arg Glu Asp Arg Ser Glu Ile Glu Arg Leu Thr Ala
130    135    140
Lys Ile Glu Glu Phe Arg Gln Lys Ser Leu Asp Trp Glu Lys Gln Arg
145    150    155    160

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Leu Ile Tyr Gln Gln Gln Val Ser Ser Leu Glu Ala Gln Arg Lys Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu Ala Glu Gln Ser Glu Ile Ile Gln Ala Gln Leu Val Asn Arg Lys
 180 185 190
 Gln Lys Leu Glu Ser Val Glu Leu Ser Ser Gln Ser Glu Ile Gln His
 195 200 205
 Leu Ser Ser Lys Leu Glu Arg Ala Asn Asp Thr Ile Cys Ala Asn Glu
 210 215 220
 Leu Glu Ile Glu Arg Leu Thr Met Arg Val Asn Asp Leu Val Gly Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Met Thr Val Leu Gln Glu Gln Gln Gln Lys Glu Glu Lys Leu Arg
 245 250 255
 Glu Ser Glu Lys Leu Leu Glu Ala Leu Gln Glu Glu Lys Arg Glu Leu
 260 265 270
 Lys Ala Ala Leu Gln Ser Gln Glu Asn Leu Ile His Glu Ala Arg Ile
 275 280 285
 Gln Lys Glu Lys Leu Gln Glu Lys Val Lys Ala Thr Asn Thr Gln His
 290 295 300
 Ala Val Glu Ala Ile Arg Pro Arg Glu Glu Ser Leu Ala Glu Lys Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Tyr Thr Ser Gln Gly Gln Gly Asp Leu Asp Ser Val Leu Ser Gln Leu
 325 330 335
 Asn Phe Thr His Thr Ser Glu Asp Leu Leu Gln Ala Glu Val Thr Cys
 340 345 350
 Leu Glu Gly Ser Leu Glu Ser Val Ser Ala Thr Cys Lys Gln Leu Ser
 355 360 365
 Gln Glu Leu Met Glu Lys Tyr Glu Glu Leu Lys Arg Met Glu Ala His
 370 375 380
 Asn Asn Glu Tyr Lys Ala Glu Ile Lys Lys Leu Lys Glu Gln Ile Leu
 385 390 395 400
 Gln Gly Glu Gln Ser Tyr Ser Ser Ala Leu Glu Gly Met Lys Met Glu
 405 410 415
 Ile Ser His Leu Thr Gln Glu Leu His Gln Arg Asp Ile Thr Ile Ala
 420 425 430
 Ser Thr Lys Gly Ser Ser Ser Asp Met Glu Lys Arg Leu Arg Ala Glu
 435 440 445
 Met Gln Lys Ala Glu Asp Lys Ala Val Glu His Lys Glu Ile Leu Asp
 450 455 460
 Gln Leu Glu Ser Leu Lys Leu Glu Asn Arg His Leu Ser Glu Met Val
 465 470 475 480
 Met Lys Leu Glu Leu Gly Leu His Glu Cys Ser Leu Pro Val Ser Pro
 485 490 495
 Leu Gly Ser Ile Ala Thr Arg Phe Leu Glu Glu Glu Glu Leu Arg Ser
 500 505 510
 His His Ile Leu Glu Arg Leu Asp Ala His Ile Glu Glu Leu Lys Arg
 515 520 525
 Glu Ser Glu Lys Thr Val Arg Gln Phe Thr Ala Leu Lys
 530 535 540

<210> SEQ ID NO 29

<211> LENGTH: 1733

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

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ctccaggctt acccttcaact gctctgtgtc ctcagecgtgt gtggcttcgt gacctgaaga      60
tactgggaaa tccatagcta agatgccagg accccctgaa agcctagaca tggggccggt      120
gacatttagg gatgtggcca tagaattctc tctggaggag tggcaatgcc tggacactgc      180
tcagcaggat ttgtatagga aagtgatggt agagaactac agaaacctgg tcttcttgge      240
aggattgct gtctctaagc cagatctggg cacctgtctg gagcaaggaa aagatccctg      300
gaatatgaag ggacacagta cggtagtcaa acccccagta gagacggggg ttcaccggtt      360
tggccaggat ggtctctatc tctgacctc gtgatccgcc cgcctcagtc tcccaaagtg      420
ctgggtattac aggcgtgagc caccatgccc agcctaataa aaattttttt atttctattg      480
tatccaatag cttgttttaa gtgtgtagaa caataactta cacttttatg ttaattttat      540
attttgtaa tttactgact gtattattag tttagacaaa tttcaatgta ctgtggtttt      600
ttatgtgtaa gattatata tctcaaaaca gcaacttttt acttatttgt ctccagtttc      660
aatggcttta aaaagaattc ttttttcatt attctgccac atgcttcagc tgctatggtta      720
aaatagaaac attgacaaaag ggcacaatag agtttactat tgggtgctgt gaatttgaaa      780
tggcaaacaa ctccttaagt ttttataagc tgatttcagg aggtaaagat cttcttttct      840
tgtgttcccc agggttttgg gatgccctct gggttttag tggagtgggg ttgtaacttg      900
gttgcaaggc tctgtgttct acattagggg ccatatttag ttgtcatggt acaagaggct      960
tgggtagttg tacttcccaa tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttgag acaggagtct    1020
cgctctgtcg cctggctgga gtgcagtggt gtgatctcag ctcacaaaaa cctttgcctc    1080
cctagtcaa gcgattttcc tacctcagcc tctgagtag ctgggattac aggtgcccac    1140
cagcacgccc agctaatttt ttgtgtgttt ttagtggaga cggggtttca ccatgttggc    1200
taagctgggt ctgaactcc tgacctcagg tgatccaccc gccttgccct cctgggtgct    1260
gggattacag acgtgagcca ccacccccgg ccaactgttt cttttaaag cttattaaaa    1320
gtttctcacc agaataattt atttataatt atactgcata ttctctgaaa ttttactgcc    1380
aattttcaa aatacctgtt tttgatgagt acagttacag tcaaaactcg tagttagaca    1440
aattctttt taatggtata ttaatgttc ataccaaat gtatgagtta aacgtctctt    1500
cctgtgcagt tccatattag tgggtgtttc agtgtaggta tcttaataac agcttatcgt    1560
ggtttttggg tatgtattat aattttagtc aatttgcaat tctgtctgta tactttatgt    1620
caatgtgagg ttgaattaaa agatagccat atgtctatca caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa    1680
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaacctc ggg          1733

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<210> SEQ ID NO 30
<211> LENGTH: 103
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 30

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Met Pro Gly Pro Pro Glu Ser Leu Asp Met Gly Pro Leu Thr Phe Arg
1           5           10          15
Asp Val Ala Ile Glu Phe Ser Leu Glu Glu Trp Gln Cys Leu Asp Thr
          20          25          30
Ala Gln Gln Asp Leu Tyr Arg Lys Val Met Leu Glu Asn Tyr Arg Asn
          35          40          45
Leu Val Phe Leu Ala Gly Ile Ala Val Ser Lys Pro Asp Leu Val Thr
          50          55          60
Cys Leu Glu Gln Gly Lys Asp Pro Trp Asn Met Lys Gly His Ser Thr

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	20		25		30											
Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Pro	Leu	Ile	Phe	Ser	Thr	Ile	Lys	
		35					40					45				
Asn	Asn	Lys	Leu	Leu	Lys	Asn	Asn	Lys	Thr	Cys	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Thr	
		50				55					60					

<210> SEQ ID NO 35
 <211> LENGTH: 799
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

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cctctgatca acagcccgga agaaagagat atcttttctc agcaagtagc agttcttttc      60
tacagtcaag cctcagttca tcctatttcc aactgtctgg aagaatggtc cacaaaaggag    120
ccacgataag atgactgaaa agaaacctcc agtgcacatc cccccacagg gggaaaacaa    180
aattgaacaa ctattcatgc aagaaagcac cttcataaga actaaaaatc agtgaggagtc    240
tcaactctgtc gcccaagctg gaatgcaggg gcgtgatctt ggctcactgc aagctccacc    300
tcctgggttc acgcgggttt tctgcttcgg catccccgag agctgggatt acaggatttt    360
ttgctgtttt tccaatgaga agatgagcgg ggagcagagc aggtgacaga gttatcttgg    420
aagtcccact gaaactcagt ctgtactagc ggtctctggg agccctagct ttggaccaga    480
tgtattgccc acaggaggcc tcttgtgctc tgctgctctc agcttgacaga gttgctacct    540
gtgaggtttc atctatgtaa ccagatcacc tttgctagct atgcctcctc tccccctct    600
cccatacact gcttgccat taaagcctga tatacacta taacctgttt gtagccatac    660
tttgagcctg cattctttct gtagcctcaa gatggtatgt tagtttccta ttgggggtcg    720
ggctttcttt ctaaaaggctc ttatgtataa gaattaaata aatztatgtg ccttttctcc    780
tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                     799
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 36
 <211> LENGTH: 91
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

Met	Thr	Glu	Lys	Lys	Pro	Pro	Val	Ile	Ile	Pro	Pro	Gln	Gly	Glu	Asn	
1				5					10					15		
Lys	Ile	Glu	Gln	Leu	Phe	Met	Gln	Glu	Ser	Thr	Phe	Ile	Arg	Thr	Lys	
			20						25				30			
Asn	Gln	Val	Glu	Ser	His	Ser	Val	Ala	Gln	Ala	Gly	Met	Gln	Gly	Arg	
			35				40				45					
Asp	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Gln	Ala	Pro	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Thr	Arg	Phe	Phe	
		50				55					60					
Cys	Phe	Gly	Ile	Pro	Ser	Ser	Trp	Asp	Tyr	Arg	Ile	Phe	Cys	Cys	Phe	
		65			70				75				80			
Ser	Asn	Glu	Lys	Met	Ser	Gly	Glu	Gln	Ser	Arg						
				85					90							

<210> SEQ ID NO 37
 <211> LENGTH: 3243
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

```

gttgctgac tttggatgtt ctggttagtc taagaaggag agtatgaggc gagctccggc      60
    
```

-continued

ccgggtgcgg ccgggttca ggggccagg cgcgctgct gccaccgcca tctaacgctg	120
cgccctggag gcccgcgcg cggatggtgc cggcgcgct cgggtgtga aacgggtgtc	180
ccctccccct cctccccctc cccacgcggt ggtctccct cccaccggc tcaggcagag	240
ccatgtctcg ggtggctcc taccacacc tgttgaggga cgtgaggaaa aggtccctcg	300
ggctggagga ccgctcccg ctgctggagtc gctacctggg aagaagagaa tttatccaaa	360
gattaaaact tgaagcaacc cttaatgtgc atgatggttg tgtaataca atctgttga	420
atgacactgg agaataatatt ttatctggct cagatgacac caaattagta attagtaatc	480
cttacagcag aaaggttttg acaacaattc gttcagggca cggagcaaac atatttagtg	540
caaagtctct accttgatac aatgataaac agattgtatc ctgctctgga gatggagtaa	600
tattttatc caacgttgag caagatgcag aaaccaacag acaatgcaa tttactgtc	660
attatggaac tacttatgag attatgactg taccacatga cccttacct tttctctctt	720
gtggtgaaga tggaactgtt aggtggtttg atacacgcat caaaactagc tgcacaaaag	780
aagattgtaa agatgatatt ttaattaact gtcgactgct tgccactctt gttgctattt	840
gcccaccaat accatattac cttgctggtt gttgtctgta cagctcagta cgaatatatg	900
atcggcgaat gctgggcaca agagctacag ggaattatgc aggtcgaggg actactggaa	960
tggttgcccg ttttattctc tcccatctta ataataagtc ctgcagagtg acatctctgt	1020
gttacagtga agatggtcaa gagattctcg ttagttactc ttcagattac atatatcttt	1080
ttgaccgaa agatgataca gcacgagaac ttaaaactcc ttctgcgaa gagagaagag	1140
aagagttgag acaaccaaca gttaagcgtt tgagacttcg tggtgattgg tcagatactg	1200
gaccagagc aagcccgag agtgaacgag aacgagatgg agagcagagt cccaatgtgt	1260
cattgatgca gagaatgtct gatatgttat caagatggtt tgaagaagca agtgaggttg	1320
cacaaagcaa tagaggacga ggaagatctc gaccagaggg tggaaacaagt caatcagata	1380
tttcaactct tctacaggc ccatcaagtc ctgatttggg agtgagtga actgcaatgg	1440
aagtagatac tccagctgaa caatttcttc agccttctac atcctctaca atgtcagctc	1500
aggctcattc gacatcatct cccacagaaa gccctcattc tactccttg ctatcttctc	1560
cagacagtga acaaaaggc tctgttgagg catctggaca ccacacacat catcagtctg	1620
ataacaataa tgaaaagctg agccccaaac caggacaggg tgaaccagtt ttaagtttgc	1680
actacagcac agaaggaaca actacaagca caataaaact gaactttaca gatgaatgga	1740
gcagtatagc atcaagttct agaggaattg ggagccattg caaatctgag ggtcaggagg	1800
aatcttctg cccacagagc tcagtgcaac caccagaagg agacagtga acaaaagctc	1860
ctgaagaatc atcagaggat gtgacaaaat atcaggaagg agtatctgca gaaaaccag	1920
ttgagaacca tatcaatata acacaatcag ataagttcac agccaagcca ttggattcca	1980
actcaggaga aagaaatgac ctcaatcttg atcgtcttg tggggttcca gaagaatctg	2040
cttcactgca aaaagccaag gaaccagaaa cttcagatca gactagcact gagagtgcta	2100
ccaatgaaaa taacaccaat cctgagcctc agttccaaac agaagccact gggccttcag	2160
ctcatgaaga aacatccacc agggactctg ctcttcagga cacagatgac agtgatgatg	2220
accagtcct gatcccaggt gcaaggtatc gagcaggacc tggatgata cgctctgctg	2280
ttgcccgtat tcaggagttc ttcagacgga gaaaagaaag gaaagaaatg gaagaattgg	2340
atactttgaa cattagaagg ccgctagtaa aaatggttta taaaggccat cgcaactcca	2400
ggacaatgat aaaagaagcc aatttctggg gtgctaactt tgtaatgagt ggttctgact	2460

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gtggccacat tttcatctgg gatcggcaca ctgctgagca tttgatgctt ctggaagctg 2520
ataatcatgt ggtaaactgc ctgcagccac atccgtttga cccaatttta gectcatctg 2580
gcatagatta tgacataaag atctgggtcac cattagaaga gtcaaggatt ttaaccgaa 2640
aacttgctga tgaagtata actcgaaacg aactcatgct ggaagaaact agaaacacca 2700
ttacagttcc agcctctttc atgttgagga tgttggttc acttaatcat atccgagctg 2760
accggttgga gggtgacaga tcagaaggct ctggtcaaga gaatgaaat gaggatgagg 2820
aataataaac tctttttggc aagcacttaa atgttctgaa atttgataa gacatttatt 2880
atattttttt ctttacagag ctttagtgca attttaaggt tatggttttt ggagtttttc 2940
cctttttttg ggataaccta acattggttt ggaatgattg tgtgcatgaa tttgggagat 3000
tgtataaac aaaactagca gaatgttttt aaaacttttt gccgtgtatg aggagtgtta 3060
gaaaatgcaa agtgaatat tttccctaac cttcaaatgt gggagcttgg atcaatgttg 3120
aagaataatt ttcacatag tgaaaatggt ggttcaaata aatttctaca cttgccattt 3180
gcatgtttgt tgctttctaa ttaaagaaac tggttgtttt aagatacctt gaaaaaaaaa 3240
aaa 3243

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<210> SEQ ID NO 38
<211> LENGTH: 860
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<400> SEQUENCE: 38

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Met Ser Arg Gly Gly Ser Tyr Pro His Leu Leu Trp Asp Val Arg Lys
1          5          10          15
Arg Ser Leu Gly Leu Glu Asp Pro Ser Arg Leu Arg Ser Arg Tyr Leu
20         25         30
Gly Arg Arg Glu Phe Ile Gln Arg Leu Lys Leu Glu Ala Thr Leu Asn
35         40         45
Val His Asp Gly Cys Val Asn Thr Ile Cys Trp Asn Asp Thr Gly Glu
50         55         60
Tyr Ile Leu Ser Gly Ser Asp Asp Thr Lys Leu Val Ile Ser Asn Pro
65         70         75         80
Tyr Ser Arg Lys Val Leu Thr Thr Ile Arg Ser Gly His Arg Ala Asn
85         90         95
Ile Phe Ser Ala Lys Phe Leu Pro Cys Thr Asn Asp Lys Gln Ile Val
100        105        110
Ser Cys Ser Gly Asp Gly Val Ile Phe Tyr Thr Asn Val Glu Gln Asp
115        120        125
Ala Glu Thr Asn Arg Gln Cys Gln Phe Thr Cys His Tyr Gly Thr Thr
130        135        140
Tyr Glu Ile Met Thr Val Pro Asn Asp Pro Tyr Thr Phe Leu Ser Cys
145        150        155        160
Gly Glu Asp Gly Thr Val Arg Trp Phe Asp Thr Arg Ile Lys Thr Ser
165        170        175
Cys Thr Lys Glu Asp Cys Lys Asp Asp Ile Leu Ile Asn Cys Arg Arg
180        185        190
Ala Ala Thr Ser Val Ala Ile Cys Pro Pro Ile Pro Tyr Tyr Leu Ala
195        200        205
Val Gly Cys Ser Asp Ser Ser Val Arg Ile Tyr Asp Arg Arg Met Leu
210        215        220
Gly Thr Arg Ala Thr Gly Asn Tyr Ala Gly Arg Gly Thr Thr Gly Met
225        230        235        240

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Val Ala Arg Phe Ile Pro Ser His Leu Asn Asn Lys Ser Cys Arg Val
 245 250 255
 Thr Ser Leu Cys Tyr Ser Glu Asp Gly Gln Glu Ile Leu Val Ser Tyr
 260 265 270
 Ser Ser Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Leu Phe Asp Pro Lys Asp Asp Thr Ala Arg
 275 280 285
 Glu Leu Lys Thr Pro Ser Ala Glu Glu Arg Arg Glu Glu Leu Arg Gln
 290 295 300
 Pro Pro Val Lys Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Gly Asp Trp Ser Asp Thr Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Pro Arg Ala Arg Pro Glu Ser Glu Arg Glu Arg Asp Gly Glu Gln Ser
 325 330 335
 Pro Asn Val Ser Leu Met Gln Arg Met Ser Asp Met Leu Ser Arg Trp
 340 345 350
 Phe Glu Glu Ala Ser Glu Val Ala Gln Ser Asn Arg Gly Arg Gly Arg
 355 360 365
 Ser Arg Pro Arg Gly Gly Thr Ser Gln Ser Asp Ile Ser Thr Leu Pro
 370 375 380
 Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Pro Asp Leu Glu Val Ser Glu Thr Ala Met Glu
 385 390 395 400
 Val Asp Thr Pro Ala Glu Gln Phe Leu Gln Pro Ser Thr Ser Ser Thr
 405 410 415
 Met Ser Ala Gln Ala His Ser Thr Ser Ser Pro Thr Glu Ser Pro His
 420 425 430
 Ser Thr Pro Leu Leu Ser Ser Pro Asp Ser Glu Gln Arg Gln Ser Val
 435 440 445
 Glu Ala Ser Gly His His Thr His His Gln Ser Asp Asn Asn Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Lys Leu Ser Pro Lys Pro Gly Thr Gly Glu Pro Val Leu Ser Leu His
 465 470 475 480
 Tyr Ser Thr Glu Gly Thr Thr Thr Ser Thr Ile Lys Leu Asn Phe Thr
 485 490 495
 Asp Glu Trp Ser Ser Ile Ala Ser Ser Ser Arg Gly Ile Gly Ser His
 500 505 510
 Cys Lys Ser Glu Gly Gln Glu Glu Ser Phe Val Pro Gln Ser Ser Val
 515 520 525
 Gln Pro Pro Glu Gly Asp Ser Glu Thr Lys Ala Pro Glu Glu Ser Ser
 530 535 540
 Glu Asp Val Thr Lys Tyr Gln Glu Gly Val Ser Ala Glu Asn Pro Val
 545 550 555 560
 Glu Asn His Ile Asn Ile Thr Gln Ser Asp Lys Phe Thr Ala Lys Pro
 565 570 575
 Leu Asp Ser Asn Ser Gly Glu Arg Asn Asp Leu Asn Leu Asp Arg Ser
 580 585 590
 Cys Gly Val Pro Glu Glu Ser Ala Ser Ser Glu Lys Ala Lys Glu Pro
 595 600 605
 Glu Thr Ser Asp Gln Thr Ser Thr Glu Ser Ala Thr Asn Glu Asn Asn
 610 615 620
 Thr Asn Pro Glu Pro Gln Phe Gln Thr Glu Ala Thr Gly Pro Ser Ala
 625 630 635 640
 His Glu Glu Thr Ser Thr Arg Asp Ser Ala Leu Gln Asp Thr Asp Asp
 645 650 655
 Ser Asp Asp Asp Pro Val Leu Ile Pro Gly Ala Arg Tyr Arg Ala Gly

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Pro Gly Asp Arg Arg Ser Ala Val Ala Arg Ile Gln Glu Phe Phe Arg 675 680 685
Arg Arg Lys Glu Arg Lys Glu Met Glu Glu Leu Asp Thr Leu Asn Ile 690 695 700
Arg Arg Pro Leu Val Lys Met Val Tyr Lys Gly His Arg Asn Ser Arg 705 710 715 720
Thr Met Ile Lys Glu Ala Asn Phe Trp Gly Ala Asn Phe Val Met Ser 725 730 735
Gly Ser Asp Cys Gly His Ile Phe Ile Trp Asp Arg His Thr Ala Glu 740 745 750
His Leu Met Leu Leu Glu Ala Asp Asn His Val Val Asn Cys Leu Gln 755 760 765
Pro His Pro Phe Asp Pro Ile Leu Ala Ser Ser Gly Ile Asp Tyr Asp 770 775 780
Ile Lys Ile Trp Ser Pro Leu Glu Glu Ser Arg Ile Phe Asn Arg Lys 785 790 795 800
Leu Ala Asp Glu Val Ile Thr Arg Asn Glu Leu Met Leu Glu Glu Thr 805 810 815
Arg Asn Thr Ile Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Phe Met Leu Arg Met Leu Ala 820 825 830
Ser Leu Asn His Ile Arg Ala Asp Arg Leu Glu Gly Asp Arg Ser Glu 835 840 845
Gly Ser Gly Gln Glu Asn Glu Asn Glu Asp Glu Glu 850 855 860

<210> SEQ ID NO 39
 <211> LENGTH: 2584
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

```

atagggaggt cgggtagagg ctccccggac ctgcgtgctg ccgagagagg aagcgaaggg    60
caccatcttt gtatcttctg tcatgacttc tcaagagaag acagaagagt atccttttgc    120
agatatatct gatgaagatg aaactgaaag gaattttttg ttgtocaaac ctgtttgctt    180
tgttgtatct gggaaaccag gtgttgggaa aacaacatta gcccgttaca taacacaggc    240
atggaaatgt attcgtgttg aagctttgcc aatttttagaa gaacagattg ctgctgaaac    300
cgaatcagga gttatgttgc aatcaatggt gatcagcggg caaagcattc cagatgaact    360
tgtcataaag ctaatgtttg agaagctcaa ctccccagaa gtctgtcact ttggttatat    420
tattactgaa ataccatcac ttccacagga tgccatgact accttacagc aaatagaatt    480
aattaaaaac ttaaacctga aacctgatgt tataatcaat ataaagtgtc ctgactatga    540
tttgtgccag agaatttctg ggcaaagaca gcacaataat acgggatata tacaagtag    600
agaccagtgg gatcctgaag tcattgagaa tcataggaag aagaagaaag aagcccaaaa    660
ggacggaaaa ggagaagagg aagaagagga agaagagcaa gaagaagaag aggcatttat    720
tgccgaaatg cagatggtgg ctgaaattct tcatcatcta gtccagaggc ctgaagatta    780
tttgaaaaat gttgaaaaaa ttgttaagct ttataaggaa acaattctcc aaactttaga    840
agaagtaatg gctgaacaca atccccagta tctcattgag ctaaatggaa ataaaccagc    900
agaggagctc tttatgattg ttatggatcg acttaaatat ctgaacctaa aaagagcagc    960
tattctaacc aaacttcagg gtgcagagga agaaattaat gacacaatgg aaaatgatga   1020
    
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gctatttcgt actcttgcac cttataaaact tattgcacca agatacagat ggcaaagaag 1080
taaatgggga cgtacatgtc ctgtgaattht aaaagatggt aacatttatt caggattacc 1140
agattattct gtgagttttc taggtaaaat ctactgtctt tcatcagaag aagcattaaa 1200
accatttttg ttgaaccac gtcctatct gttccacct atgccaggac caccatgtaa 1260
agtattcata cttggacctc aatattcagg gaaaacaaca ctttgcaata tgcttgaga 1320
aaattacaaa ggaagggtga ctaactaact atctgtctat ctatctatct atctatctat 1380
ctatctatct atctatctat gtctatctgt catgtatcta tactcgatta taattttag 1440
gattttattht gtactcagtt tttaaaattht catgttttaa ttgaataatt gttccactgg 1500
gcttggggta gggtaggcat tctttttgtht gtttattgct gcttcagac cagagtcct 1560
ccttgcttcc caaaagctcc cacatgtgaa tatcgtgtca ttcagactct gccacctatt 1620
agctttcttg gttctactca tctctgtccc cctgggttcc acttctctcg gctcactctc 1680
actctcccca tataactcact cctgtcctaa ttcttggtga tttcagatt acaaagatga 1740
tcctcccaac accttgacac ctccctcagt aatcttgtht tccactctca gtaaatgaaa 1800
ttatttttag cttagacaag agtgatagca gtaaaagtggt tatgaaacaa gcatatttgg 1860
gatataattht gaagacaaaag ctgaaagatt tgatgagggga ttggaatgtg gaggaattct 1920
agaaggggca atgtggcttg aggattgctt atgcaagaag gaatggcaca agatcatggc 1980
taaagacaga gcaattcagg ccacagaaaag gtgttagaag ttgttcaaag tctgttgca 2040
ttcttttaag cgccggagta tcaattttcta tttgctttta actttttcat tgtgaaacat 2100
gacaaacata cagaaaagtg aagcccactg agttaccgca aaatgaaacc ccatgtaacc 2160
accaaccagg tcaaatctgg aatgttgcca gcaccagac gccctctcat gtttcttctc 2220
aataccagtc tctcactct ccacacaaaag gtaaccactg cccagaattht tatggcatct 2280
actccatac tctcctatg gttttgcccgt ggaagcatac atccaaatac cataggetag 2340
ttttgcatgg tttttttgaa ttttatagac ctaaacaatt tatcttcttt gtgcctggct 2400
tctttcactt aacattataa ttatgatatt tgtccagact attgaatgta gctgtagtht 2460
attcatttht attgttttat tgtattctgt tgattgactt ataccataat gtatttatcc 2520
acatttgagc actaataaaaa cttggattga ttccagattg gagtaaacaa aaaaaaaaaa 2580
aaaa 2584

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<210> SEQ ID NO 40
<211> LENGTH: 421
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

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Met Thr Ser Gln Glu Lys Thr Glu Glu Tyr Pro Phe Ala Asp Ile Phe
1          5          10         15
Asp Glu Asp Glu Thr Glu Arg Asn Phe Leu Leu Ser Lys Pro Val Cys
20         25         30
Phe Val Val Phe Gly Lys Pro Gly Val Gly Lys Thr Thr Leu Ala Arg
35         40         45
Tyr Ile Thr Gln Ala Trp Lys Cys Ile Arg Val Glu Ala Leu Pro Ile
50         55         60
Leu Glu Glu Gln Ile Ala Ala Glu Thr Glu Ser Gly Val Met Leu Gln
65         70         75         80
Ser Met Leu Ile Ser Gly Gln Ser Ile Pro Asp Glu Leu Val Ile Lys
85         90         95

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Leu Met Leu Glu Lys Leu Asn Ser Pro Glu Val Cys His Phe Gly Tyr
 100 105 110

Ile Ile Thr Glu Ile Pro Ser Leu Ser Gln Asp Ala Met Thr Thr Leu
 115 120 125

Gln Gln Ile Glu Leu Ile Lys Asn Leu Asn Leu Lys Pro Asp Val Ile
 130 135 140

Ile Asn Ile Lys Cys Pro Asp Tyr Asp Leu Cys Gln Arg Ile Ser Gly
 145 150 155 160

Gln Arg Gln His Asn Asn Thr Gly Tyr Ile Tyr Ser Arg Asp Gln Trp
 165 170 175

Asp Pro Glu Val Ile Glu Asn His Arg Lys Lys Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln
 180 185 190

Lys Asp Gly Lys Gly Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Glu Gln Glu Glu
 195 200 205

Glu Glu Ala Phe Ile Ala Glu Met Gln Met Val Ala Glu Ile Leu His
 210 215 220

His Leu Val Gln Arg Pro Glu Asp Tyr Leu Glu Asn Val Glu Asn Ile
 225 230 235 240

Val Lys Leu Tyr Lys Glu Thr Ile Leu Gln Thr Leu Glu Glu Val Met
 245 250 255

Ala Glu His Asn Pro Gln Tyr Leu Ile Glu Leu Asn Gly Asn Lys Pro
 260 265 270

Ala Glu Glu Leu Phe Met Ile Val Met Asp Arg Leu Lys Tyr Leu Asn
 275 280 285

Leu Lys Arg Ala Ala Ile Leu Thr Lys Leu Gln Gly Ala Glu Glu Glu
 290 295 300

Ile Asn Asp Thr Met Glu Asn Asp Glu Leu Phe Arg Thr Leu Ala Ser
 305 310 315 320

Tyr Lys Leu Ile Ala Pro Arg Tyr Arg Trp Gln Arg Ser Lys Trp Gly
 325 330 335

Arg Thr Cys Pro Val Asn Leu Lys Asp Gly Asn Ile Tyr Ser Gly Leu
 340 345 350

Pro Asp Tyr Ser Val Ser Phe Leu Gly Lys Ile Tyr Cys Leu Ser Ser
 355 360 365

Glu Glu Ala Leu Lys Pro Phe Leu Leu Asn Pro Arg Pro Tyr Leu Leu
 370 375 380

Pro Pro Met Pro Gly Pro Pro Cys Lys Val Phe Ile Leu Gly Pro Gln
 385 390 395 400

Tyr Ser Gly Lys Thr Thr Leu Cys Asn Met Leu Ala Glu Asn Tyr Lys
 405 410 415

Gly Lys Val Thr Asn
 420

<210> SEQ ID NO 41
 <211> LENGTH: 212
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

```

tgccctccc cctgtggaga agacgcttag ttgggggtgt gggtttgggc tccattctgg      60
attcggcggg tccgggggag ggggtgggtct gtgccgatta ctctgtcttg tacgtttgtt      120
ctgctgctct tcaatattgt atcaacgccca ggaaaggggg gtgaaaagcc tcttttaccc      180
cccaaataaa ttgtcacatt ccgaagctga aa                                     212
    
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-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 42
 <211> LENGTH: 71
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (71)..(71)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

Ala Pro Pro Pro Val Glu Lys Thr Leu Ser Trp Gly Cys Gly Phe Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Leu His Ser Gly Phe Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Val Gly Leu Cys Arg
 20 25 30
 Leu Leu Cys Leu Val Arg Leu Phe Cys Cys Ser Ser Ile Leu Tyr Gln
 35 40 45
 Arg Gln Glu Arg Gly Val Lys Ser Leu Phe Tyr Pro Pro Asn Lys Leu
 50 55 60
 Ser His Ser Glu Ala Glu Xaa
 65 70

<210> SEQ ID NO 43
 <211> LENGTH: 1882
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

atggaggttg caggtctttt cctgggtggg cgtggggcgg ggcagcgggt tcccagcgtc 60
 ctcttgacct gggcgtcttg gaggctgttg gggtgcatc cgtccccttg cgcgggcgcg 120
 ggccttgagg cgctggggcg ggattggcgg gggacggctg cggagccccg ccccgaagca 180
 cagggctgag tccctctttt ccgctccaac gcacggaggg tgaggctgggt acgcggtggt 240
 ggcgtcacgg cgccagctcc tcccagcgc gaggtgggtt cggggagacc cgcggtctctg 300
 gctgcgagag accatggggg ctcagctaag cggcggccgc ggcgcccccg agcctgcgca 360
 aaccagccc cagccccagc cccagcctgc ggcgcccggg ggccccgaac agccccggca 420
 tccgccccag ccccagcccc agccccagcc ccagccccag cccagaccca gcccgtgggg 480
 gccgctggac gaegtgcgct tccctcatgc ctgcacttcc tggtaactgac ggctgctctc 540
 gcaggatgtc gccctctctg ccgcccctcc ctgtggttct tgctgcctt gtctctctct 600
 cccacgtccc tgcgtctctt acacccccct ccacccgagg ctcccagag atagcagaga 660
 attcgaagag gtcgcccggg actggaaga agtcccggca gggccgcctt cgcagtctac 720
 acccagcct gcttcccagc ctacaccag acccagctca gacctctgtg accacccat 780
 ccctttctcc ggtggtctgg gtcgggggca tccctctctg tgcctggctt ccagaggcag 840
 gacaggctc ctggttaagc cgcaaagtgt ctgacctcct gacttctctt gccttttatt 900
 aatatctgta ttgctgataa ccgtgctctt gactatgtgt cccaggtcat gtcccaggtc 960
 atggagaagc ccgtgccaca gtgacctcct ccatactcct gggggggctg ctctccatcc 1020
 tggatcgtaa ggagcatca tcaggctgtg ttcttggaac cccaataacc ctgggcccc 1080
 agggccagcc tgtttagag ggaggctatc tgaccgccgg tctggcagag gagatgggtg 1140
 ggcagctccc agacaccca aaggaccgg ttctcttccc agagcgtcct aaggttactc 1200
 ttggaacctg atctttgttc cctcatccca gggaaatgac acactctgta tttctgtttt 1260
 atttagaat gatttaaaaa acattataca aaggctgatc agtttaaaat gtgactgaca 1320
 ctgaaatgct gtgatgtccc ccaggctgag gggaaagctag gctctggggc ccccagtgct 1380

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ttgccctct gtctgccctg tctctgggtg atggacaaac agatgaccac aggcaggaga 1440
atctgagatt ggaagcctct aggetgagcc ctctgggcct ggccccacat cctcacctc 1500
tgcagcctgg gctgcctgcc tccatctcct gttcattctc agctggcctg ccaggagcca 1560
atggggagcc tggcgggagg cgggggtgcc tagagcttct aagaagtgag agcaccaacc 1620
tgaggagtgg acagggacca ggaagtgggg gaaggaggc caggaagagg tggatacagg 1680
agacattct catctcatct cagaccctag aggggtccac agatggggac acaagacca 1740
gccagccac tggatggccc gggcaagtaa caacctctct gtgcttcac tgagggcacg 1800
gtgagagtta ccgtcggcct cccagggcct aacacgagtt tcatgtgagt ggacaggtgt 1860
gagctaataa agtgctttgc aa 1882
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 44
<211> LENGTH: 217
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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```

<400> SEQUENCE: 44
Met Glu Val Ala Gly Leu Phe Leu Gly Gly Arg Gly Ala Gly Gln Arg
1 5 10 15
Val Pro Ser Val Leu Leu Ala Trp Ala Ser Trp Arg Leu Leu Gly Cys
20 25 30
Ile Pro Ser Pro Cys Ala Gly Arg Gly Leu Glu Ala Leu Gly Arg Asp
35 40 45
Trp Arg Gly Thr Val Ala Glu Pro Arg Pro Glu Ala Gln Gly Arg Val
50 55 60
Pro Ser Phe Arg Ser Asn Ala Arg Arg Val Arg Ser Val Arg Gly Gly
65 70 75 80
Gly Val Thr Ala Pro Ala Pro Pro Asp Ala Glu Val Gly Ser Gly Arg
85 90 95
Pro Ala Gly Leu Ala Ala Arg Asp His Gly Gly Ser Ala Lys Arg Arg
100 105 110
Pro Arg Arg Pro Gly Ala Cys Ala Asn Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro
115 120 125
Ala Cys Gly Ala Gly Gly Pro Gly Thr Ala Pro Ala Ser Ala Pro Ala
130 135 140
Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Ala Arg Ala Gln Pro Val Gly
145 150 155 160
Ala Ala Gly Arg Arg Ala Leu Pro His Arg Leu His Phe Leu Val Leu
165 170 175
Thr Ala Ser Ser Ala Gly Cys Arg Pro Ser Val Arg Arg Pro Leu Trp
180 185 190
Phe Leu Pro Ala Leu Ser Pro Leu Pro Thr Ser Leu Arg Leu Leu His
195 200 205
Pro Leu Pro Pro Glu Ala Pro Gln Arg
210 215
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 45
<211> LENGTH: 1900
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 45
ctctctctcc ggcgtcggg gctcctcgga catggccgcg gcggtggcgg tggcggccgc 60
gtcccggcgg cagtcgtgct acctgtgtga cctgcccgc atgcctggg ccatgatctg 120
    
```

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ggacttcacc gaaccctctc gcccgggctg cgtcaactac gagggcgccg accgcgtcga 180
gttcgtcatc gagacggcgc ggcagctcaa gcggggcgac ggtgcttcc cggagggtcg 240
ctccccacc ggccgcggcg cctcggccgc cgccaagccg ccgccgctct ccgccaagga 300
catccttttg cagcagcagc agcagcttgg ccacggcggc cccgaggcgg ccccgcgcgc 360
gccgcaggcc ttggagcgct acccgttggc ggccgcggcc gagaggcccc cgcgctcgg 420
ctctgacttc ggcagcagcc gcccggcagc gagcctggcc cagccgcccga cgcgcagcc 480
gccgcccgtg aacggcatcc tgggtgccaa cggtctctcc aagctagagg aaccgcccga 540
gctgaatcgc cagagcccga aaccacggcg cgccacacg gtgccgccc cctgtgtgce 600
gctcatgaac ggtcgggcca cgccgctgcc caccgcgctc ggccctcggc gccgcgctgc 660
cgctcctta gcccggggtg ccggaaccgc ggccgcccag ctggggtccg cgcagcccac 720
cgatctgggc gccacaagc ggccggcatc cgtgtcgagc agcgtaccg tggagcacga 780
gcagcgtgag gcggcagcca aggagaaaca accgcgcggc cctgcgcacc ggggcccggc 840
cgacagcctg tccaccgcgg ccggggccgc cgagctgagc gcggaaggtg cgggcaagag 900
ccgcggtctt ggagagcagg actgggtcaa caggcccga accgtgcgcg acacgctgct 960
ggcgctgcac cagcacggcc actcggggcc ctteggagag aagtttaaga aggagccggc 1020
cctgactgca ggcaggttgt tgggtttcga ggccaacggg gccaacgggt ctaaagcagt 1080
tgcaagaaca gcaagaaaaa ggaagccctc tccagaacca gaaggtgaag tcgggcccc 1140
taagatcaac ggagagggcc agccgtggct gtccacatcc acagaggggc tcaagatccc 1200
catgactcct acatcctctt ttgtgtctcc gccaccaacc actgcctcac ctcaattcaa 1260
ccggaccaca ccgctgaag cggcccagaa tggccagtcc cccatggcag cctgatctt 1320
agtagcagac aatgcagggg gcagtcatgc ctcaaaagat gccaacaggg ttcactccac 1380
taccaggagg aatagcaaca gtccgcctc tccgtcctct atgaacaaa gaaggctggg 1440
ccccagagag gtggggggcc agggagcagg caacacagga ggactggagc cagtgcaccc 1500
tgccagcctc ccgactcct ctctggcaac cagtgcctcg ctgtgctgca cctctgcca 1560
cgagcggctg gaggacacc attttgtgca gtgcccgtcc gtcctctgc acaagttctg 1620
cttccttgc tccagacaaa gcatcaaaac gcagggagct agtggagagg tetattgtcc 1680
cagtgggaa aaatgccctc ttgtgggctc caatgtcccc tgggcttta tgcaagggga 1740
aattgcaacc atccttctgt gagatgtgaa agtgaaaaa gagagagact cgtgactttt 1800
ccggtttcag aaaaaccaa tgattacct taattaaac tgcttgaatt gtatatatat 1860
ctccatatat atatatatcc aagacaaggg aatgtagac 1900

```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 46
<211> LENGTH: 587
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

```

<400> SEQUENCE: 46

```

Met Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Ser Arg Arg Gln Ser Cys
1           5           10          15
Tyr Leu Cys Asp Leu Pro Arg Met Pro Trp Ala Met Ile Trp Asp Phe
20          25          30
Thr Glu Pro Val Cys Arg Gly Cys Val Asn Tyr Glu Gly Ala Asp Arg
35          40          45
Val Glu Phe Val Ile Glu Thr Ala Arg Gln Leu Lys Arg Ala His Gly
50          55          60

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Cys Phe Pro Glu Gly Arg Ser Pro Pro Gly Ala Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala
65 70 75 80

Ala Lys Pro Pro Pro Leu Ser Ala Lys Asp Ile Leu Leu Gln Gln Gln
85 90 95

Gln Gln Leu Gly His Gly Gly Pro Glu Ala Ala Pro Arg Ala Pro Gln
100 105 110

Ala Leu Glu Arg Tyr Pro Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Glu Arg Pro Pro Arg
115 120 125

Leu Gly Ser Asp Phe Gly Ser Ser Arg Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Ala Gln
130 135 140

Pro Pro Thr Pro Gln Pro Pro Val Asn Gly Ile Leu Val Pro Asn
145 150 155 160

Gly Phe Ser Lys Leu Glu Glu Pro Pro Glu Leu Asn Arg Gln Ser Pro
165 170 175

Lys Pro Arg Arg Gly His Thr Val Pro Pro Thr Leu Val Pro Leu Met
180 185 190

Asn Gly Ser Ala Thr Pro Leu Pro Thr Ala Leu Gly Leu Gly Gly Arg
195 200 205

Ala Ala Ala Ser Leu Ala Ala Val Ser Gly Thr Ala Ala Ala Ser Leu
210 215 220

Gly Ser Ala Gln Pro Thr Asp Leu Gly Ala His Lys Arg Pro Ala Ser
225 230 235 240

Val Ser Ser Ser Ala Thr Val Glu His Glu Gln Arg Glu Ala Ala Ala
245 250 255

Lys Glu Lys Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala His Arg Gly Pro Ala Asp Ser
260 265 270

Leu Ser Thr Ala Ala Gly Ala Ala Glu Leu Ser Ala Glu Gly Ala Gly
275 280 285

Lys Ser Arg Gly Ser Gly Glu Gln Asp Trp Val Asn Arg Pro Lys Thr
290 295 300

Val Arg Asp Thr Leu Leu Ala Leu His Gln His Gly His Ser Gly Pro
305 310 315 320

Phe Glu Ser Lys Phe Lys Lys Glu Pro Ala Leu Thr Ala Gly Arg Leu
325 330 335

Leu Gly Phe Glu Ala Asn Gly Ala Asn Gly Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Arg
340 345 350

Thr Ala Arg Lys Arg Lys Pro Ser Pro Glu Pro Glu Gly Glu Val Gly
355 360 365

Pro Pro Lys Ile Asn Gly Glu Ala Gln Pro Trp Leu Ser Thr Ser Thr
370 375 380

Glu Gly Leu Lys Ile Pro Met Thr Pro Thr Ser Ser Phe Val Ser Pro
385 390 395 400

Pro Pro Pro Thr Ala Ser Pro His Ser Asn Arg Thr Thr Pro Pro Glu
405 410 415

Ala Ala Gln Asn Gly Gln Ser Pro Met Ala Ala Leu Ile Leu Val Ala
420 425 430

Asp Asn Ala Gly Gly Ser His Ala Ser Lys Asp Ala Asn Gln Val His
435 440 445

Ser Thr Thr Arg Arg Asn Ser Asn Ser Pro Pro Ser Pro Ser Ser Met
450 455 460

Asn Gln Arg Arg Leu Gly Pro Arg Glu Val Gly Gly Gln Gly Ala Gly
465 470 475 480

Asn Thr Gly Gly Leu Glu Pro Val His Pro Ala Ser Leu Pro Asp Ser
485 490 495

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Ser Leu Ala Thr Ser Ala Pro Leu Cys Cys Thr Leu Cys His Glu Arg
 500 505 510
 Leu Glu Asp Thr His Phe Val Gln Cys Pro Ser Val Pro Ser His Lys
 515 520 525
 Phe Cys Phe Pro Cys Ser Arg Gln Ser Ile Lys Gln Gln Gly Ala Ser
 530 535 540
 Gly Glu Val Tyr Cys Pro Ser Gly Glu Lys Cys Pro Leu Val Gly Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Asn Val Pro Trp Ala Phe Met Gln Gly Glu Ile Ala Thr Ile Leu Ala
 565 570 575
 Gly Asp Val Lys Val Lys Lys Glu Arg Asp Ser
 580 585

<210> SEQ ID NO 47
 <211> LENGTH: 4284
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

agcagagctg cgcccggggg aaccagttt ccgaggaact ttctgcccgc gccgggcccgc 60
 ctctgaggcc agggcaggac acgaacgcgc ggagcggcgg cggcgactga gagccggggc 120
 cgccggcggc ctccctagga agggccgtac gaggcggcgg gccccggcgg cctcccggag 180
 gagcggcctg cgccatggac gagccaccct tcagcggagg ggctttggag caggcgctgg 240
 gcgagccgtg cgatctggac gcggcgtctc tgaccgacat cgaaggtgaa gtcggcgcgg 300
 ggaggggtag ggccaacggc ctggacgccc caaggcgggg cgcagatcgc ggagccatgg 360
 attgcacttt cgaagacatg cttcagctta tcaacaacca agacagtgc ttcctgggcc 420
 tatttgacc accctatgct gggagtgggg cagggggcac agaccctgcc agccccgata 480
 ccagctcccc aggcagcttg tctccacctc ctgccacatt gagctcctct cttgaagcct 540
 tctgagcgg gccgcaggca gcgcctcacc ccctgtcccc tcccagcct gacccactc 600
 cattgaagat gtaccctgac atgcccgtct tctcccctgg gcctggatc aaggaagagt 660
 cagtgccact gagcactctg cagaccccca ccccacagcc cctgccaggg gcctcctctc 720
 cacagagctt cccagcccca gcccccacgc agttcagctc caccctgtg ttaggctacc 780
 ccagccctcc gggaggcttc tctacaggaa gccctcccgg gaacaccag cagccgctgc 840
 ctggcctgcc actggtctcc ccgcccgggg tcccggcctg ctccttgacc acccaggctc 900
 agagtgtggt cccccagcag ctactgacag tcacagctgc ccccacggca gccctgtaa 960
 cgaccactgt gacctcgcag atccagcagg tcccgtcct gctgcagccc cacttcatca 1020
 aggcagactc gctgctctg acagccatga agacagacgg agccactgtg aaggcggcag 1080
 gtctcagtc cctggtctct ggcaccactg tgcagacagg gcctttgccg acctggtga 1140
 gtggcggaac catcttgcca acagtccac tggctgtaga tgcggagaag ctgcctatca 1200
 accggctcgc agctggcagc aaggccccgg cctctgcccc gagccgtgga gagaagcgc 1260
 cagccccaaa cgccattgag aagcgtacc gctcctccat caatgacaaa atcattgagc 1320
 tcaaggatct ggtggtgggc actgaggcaa agctgaataa atctgctgtc ttgccaagg 1380
 ccacgacta cattcgcttt ctgcaacaca gcaaccagaa actcaagcag gagaacctaa 1440
 gtctgcgcac tgctgtccc aaaagcaaat ctctgaagga tctggtgtcg gctgtggca 1500
 gtggagggaa cacagacgtg ctcatggagg gcgtgaagac tgagggtggag gacacactga 1560
 ccccccccc ctccgatgct ggctcaccct tccagagcag cccctgttcc cttggcagca 1620

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ggggcagtg	cagcggg	agtgccagtg	actcggagcc	tgacagccca	gtctttgagg	1680
acagcaaggc	aaagccagag	cagcggccgt	ctctgcacag	ccggggcatg	ctggaccgct	1740
cccgcctggc	cctgtgcacg	ctcgtcttcc	tctgcctgtc	ctgcaacccc	ttggcctcct	1800
tgtggggggc	ccgggggctt	cccagccctc	cagataccac	cagcgtctac	catagccctg	1860
ggcgcaacgt	gctggggcacc	gagagcagag	atggccctgg	ctggggccag	tggtctgtgc	1920
ccccagtggt	ctggctgctc	aatgggctgt	tggtgctcgt	ctccttggtg	cttctctttg	1980
tctacggtga	gccagtcaca	cgccccact	caggccccgc	cgtgtacttc	tgagggcatc	2040
gcaagcaggc	tgacctggac	ctggccccgg	gagactttgc	ccaggctgcc	cagcagctgt	2100
ggctggccct	gcggggcactg	ggcgggcccc	tgccccctc	ccacctggac	ctggcttcta	2160
gcctcctctg	gaacctcacc	cgtaacctgc	tgacagctct	ctgggtgggc	cgctggctgg	2220
caggccgggc	agggggcctg	cagcaggact	gtgctctgcg	agtggatgct	agcggcagcg	2280
cccagacgc	agccctggct	taccataagc	tgaccagct	gcacaccatg	gggaagcaca	2340
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agaaggccag	tggttacctg	caggacagcc	tggtaccac	accagccagc	agctccattg	3180
acaaggccgt	gcagctgttc	ctgtgtgacc	tgcttcttgt	ggtgcgcacc	agcctgtggc	3240
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cacagttcga	cctggggctg	ctgtgtgctc	tcgggtgga	aggcccaggg	ggcggatct	3900
tgaccctaag	accggcggcc	atgatggtgc	tgacctctgg	tgcccgatcg	gggcaactga	3960
ggggccgagc	cattttgggg	ggccccctc	cttgcctctg	aggcaactta	gtggcttttt	4020

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tctctctgtg tacaggaag agaggggtac atttccctgt gctgacggaa gccaacttgg 4080
ctttcccgga ctgcaagcag ggctctgcc cagaggcctc tctctccgtc gtgggagaga 4140
gacgtgtaca tagttaggt cagcgtgctt agcctcctga cctgaggctc ctgtgctact 4200
ttgccttttg caaactttat tttcatagat tgagaagttt tgtacagaga attaaaaatg 4260
aaattattta taactctgaa aaaa 4284
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 48
<211> LENGTH: 1177
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
```

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

```
Met Asp Glu Pro Pro Phe Ser Glu Ala Ala Leu Glu Gln Ala Leu Gly
1 5 10 15
Glu Pro Cys Asp Leu Asp Ala Ala Leu Leu Thr Asp Ile Glu Gly Glu
20 25 30
Val Gly Ala Gly Arg Gly Arg Ala Asn Gly Leu Asp Ala Pro Arg Ala
35 40 45
Gly Ala Asp Arg Gly Ala Met Asp Cys Thr Phe Glu Asp Met Leu Gln
50 55 60
Leu Ile Asn Asn Gln Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Gly Leu Phe Asp Pro Pro
65 70 75 80
Tyr Ala Gly Ser Gly Ala Gly Gly Thr Asp Pro Ala Ser Pro Asp Thr
85 90 95
Ser Ser Pro Gly Ser Leu Ser Pro Pro Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Ser Ser
100 105 110
Leu Glu Ala Phe Leu Ser Gly Pro Gln Ala Ala Pro Ser Pro Leu Ser
115 120 125
Pro Pro Gln Pro Ala Pro Thr Pro Leu Lys Met Tyr Pro Ser Met Pro
130 135 140
Ala Phe Ser Pro Gly Pro Gly Ile Lys Glu Glu Ser Val Pro Leu Ser
145 150 155 160
Ile Leu Gln Thr Pro Thr Pro Gln Pro Leu Pro Gly Ala Leu Leu Pro
165 170 175
Gln Ser Phe Pro Ala Pro Ala Pro Pro Gln Phe Ser Ser Thr Pro Val
180 185 190
Leu Gly Tyr Pro Ser Pro Pro Gly Gly Phe Ser Thr Gly Ser Pro Pro
195 200 205
Gly Asn Thr Gln Gln Pro Leu Pro Gly Leu Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Pro
210 215 220
Gly Val Pro Pro Val Ser Leu His Thr Gln Val Gln Ser Val Val Pro
225 230 235 240
Gln Gln Leu Leu Thr Val Thr Ala Ala Pro Thr Ala Ala Pro Val Thr
245 250 255
Thr Thr Val Thr Ser Gln Ile Gln Gln Val Pro Val Leu Leu Gln Pro
260 265 270
His Phe Ile Lys Ala Asp Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Met Lys Thr Asp
275 280 285
Gly Ala Thr Val Lys Ala Ala Gly Leu Ser Pro Leu Val Ser Gly Thr
290 295 300
Thr Val Gln Thr Gly Pro Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Ser Gly Gly Thr Ile
305 310 315 320
Leu Ala Thr Val Pro Leu Val Val Asp Ala Glu Lys Leu Pro Ile Asn
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325					330					335					
Arg	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ala	Gln	Ser	Arg	Gly
			340					345					350		
Glu	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	His	Asn	Ala	Ile	Glu	Lys	Arg	Tyr	Arg	Ser	Ser
		355					360					365			
Ile	Asn	Asp	Lys	Ile	Ile	Glu	Leu	Lys	Asp	Leu	Val	Val	Gly	Thr	Glu
		370					375					380			
Ala	Lys	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ser	Ala	Val	Leu	Arg	Lys	Ala	Ile	Asp	Tyr	Ile
		385					390					395			400
Arg	Phe	Leu	Gln	His	Ser	Asn	Gln	Lys	Leu	Lys	Gln	Glu	Asn	Leu	Ser
				405					410					415	
Leu	Arg	Thr	Ala	Val	His	Lys	Ser	Lys	Ser	Leu	Lys	Asp	Leu	Val	Ser
			420						425					430	
Ala	Cys	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gly	Asn	Thr	Asp	Val	Leu	Met	Glu	Gly	Val	Lys
		435					440					445			
Thr	Glu	Val	Glu	Asp	Thr	Leu	Thr	Pro	Pro	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ala	Gly	Ser
		450					455					460			
Pro	Phe	Gln	Ser	Ser	Pro	Leu	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser
		465					470					475			480
Gly	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Pro	Asp	Ser	Pro	Val	Phe	Glu	Asp
				485					490					495	
Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Pro	Glu	Gln	Arg	Pro	Ser	Leu	His	Ser	Arg	Gly	Met
			500						505					510	
Leu	Asp	Arg	Ser	Arg	Leu	Ala	Leu	Cys	Thr	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Cys	Leu
			515					520				525			
Ser	Cys	Asn	Pro	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ala	Arg	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ser
		530					535					540			
Pro	Ser	Asp	Thr	Thr	Ser	Val	Tyr	His	Ser	Pro	Gly	Arg	Asn	Val	Leu
		545					550					555			560
Gly	Thr	Glu	Ser	Arg	Asp	Gly	Pro	Gly	Trp	Ala	Gln	Trp	Leu	Leu	Pro
				565					570					575	
Pro	Val	Val	Trp	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Leu	Val	Leu	Val	Ser	Leu	Val
			580						585					590	
Leu	Leu	Phe	Val	Tyr	Gly	Glu	Pro	Val	Thr	Arg	Pro	His	Ser	Gly	Pro
			595				600					605			
Ala	Val	Tyr	Phe	Trp	Arg	His	Arg	Lys	Gln	Ala	Asp	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ala
			610				615					620			
Arg	Gly	Asp	Phe	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ala	Gln	Gln	Leu	Trp	Leu	Ala	Leu	Arg
		625					630					635			640
Ala	Leu	Gly	Arg	Pro	Leu	Pro	Thr	Ser	His	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Cys	Ser
			645						650					655	
Leu	Leu	Trp	Asn	Leu	Ile	Arg	His	Leu	Leu	Gln	Arg	Leu	Trp	Val	Gly
			660						665					670	
Arg	Trp	Leu	Ala	Gly	Arg	Ala	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gln	Gln	Asp	Cys	Ala	Leu
		675					680					685			
Arg	Val	Asp	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala	Arg	Asp	Ala	Ala	Leu	Val	Tyr	His
		690					695					700			
Lys	Leu	His	Gln	Leu	His	Thr	Met	Gly	Lys	His	Thr	Gly	Gly	His	Leu
		705					710					715			720
Thr	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ala	Glu	Cys	Ala
			725						730					735	
Gly	Asp	Ala	Val	Ser	Val	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ala	Glu	Ile	Tyr	Val	Ala	Ala
			740						745					750	

-continued

Ala Leu Arg Val Lys Thr Ser Leu Pro Arg Ala Leu His Phe Leu Thr
 755 760 765

Arg Phe Phe Leu Ser Ser Ala Arg Gln Ala Cys Leu Ala Gln Ser Gly
 770 775 780

Ser Val Pro Pro Ala Met Gln Trp Leu Cys His Pro Val Gly His Arg
 785 790 795 800

Phe Phe Val Asp Gly Asp Trp Ser Val Leu Ser Thr Pro Trp Glu Ser
 805 810 815

Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ala Gly Asn Pro Val Asp Pro Leu Ala Gln Val Thr
 820 825 830

Gln Leu Phe Arg Glu His Leu Leu Glu Arg Ala Leu Asn Cys Val Thr
 835 840 845

Gln Pro Asn Pro Ser Pro Gly Ser Ala Asp Gly Asp Lys Glu Phe Ser
 850 855 860

Asp Ala Leu Gly Tyr Leu Gln Leu Leu Asn Ser Cys Ser Asp Ala Ala
 865 870 875 880

Gly Ala Pro Ala Tyr Ser Phe Ser Ile Ser Ser Ser Met Ala Thr Thr
 885 890 895

Thr Gly Val Asp Pro Val Ala Lys Trp Trp Ala Ser Leu Thr Ala Val
 900 905 910

Val Ile His Trp Leu Arg Arg Asp Glu Glu Ala Ala Glu Arg Leu Cys
 915 920 925

Pro Leu Val Glu His Leu Pro Arg Val Leu Gln Glu Ser Glu Arg Pro
 930 935 940

Leu Pro Arg Ala Ala Leu His Ser Phe Lys Ala Ala Arg Ala Leu Leu
 945 950 955 960

Gly Cys Ala Lys Ala Glu Ser Gly Pro Ala Ser Leu Thr Ile Cys Glu
 965 970 975

Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Leu Gln Asp Ser Leu Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Ser
 980 985 990

Ser Ser Ile Asp Lys Ala Val Gln Leu Phe Leu Cys Asp Leu Leu Leu
 995 1000 1005

Val Val Arg Thr Ser Leu Trp Arg Gln Gln Gln Pro Pro Ala Pro
 1010 1015 1020

Ala Pro Ala Ala Gln Gly Thr Ser Ser Arg Pro Gln Ala Ser Ala
 1025 1030 1035

Leu Glu Leu Arg Gly Phe Gln Arg Asp Leu Ser Ser Leu Arg Arg
 1040 1045 1050

Leu Ala Gln Ser Phe Arg Pro Ala Met Arg Arg Val Phe Leu His
 1055 1060 1065

Glu Ala Thr Ala Arg Leu Met Ala Gly Ala Ser Pro Thr Arg Thr
 1070 1075 1080

His Gln Leu Leu Asp Arg Ser Leu Arg Arg Arg Ala Gly Pro Gly
 1085 1090 1095

Gly Lys Gly Gly Ala Val Ala Glu Leu Glu Pro Arg Pro Thr Arg
 1100 1105 1110

Arg Glu His Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Leu Ala Ser Cys Tyr Leu Pro
 1115 1120 1125

Pro Gly Phe Leu Ser Ala Pro Gly Gln Arg Val Gly Met Leu Ala
 1130 1135 1140

Glu Ala Ala Arg Thr Leu Glu Lys Leu Gly Asp Arg Arg Leu Leu
 1145 1150 1155

His Asp Cys Gln Gln Met Leu Met Arg Leu Gly Gly Gly Thr Thr
 1160 1165 1170

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Val Thr Ser Ser
1175

<210> SEQ ID NO 49
<211> LENGTH: 8256
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

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<210> SEQ ID NO 50
<211> LENGTH: 1124
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 50

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20           25           30
Thr Ser Lys Val Asp Tyr Val Leu Phe Gln Ala Ala Thr Ala Ile Met
35           40           45
Glu Ala Val Val Arg Glu Trp Ile Leu Leu Glu Lys Gly Ser Ile Glu
50           55           60
Ser Leu Arg Thr Phe Leu Leu Thr Tyr Val Leu Gln Arg Pro Asn Leu
65           70           75           80
Gln Lys Tyr Val Arg Glu Gln Ile Leu Leu Ala Val Ala Val Ile Val
85           90           95
Lys Arg Gly Ser Leu Asp Lys Ser Ile Asp Cys Lys Ser Ile Phe His
100          105          110
Glu Val Ser Gln Leu Ile Ser Ser Gly Asn Pro Thr Val Gln Thr Leu
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Lys	Thr	Ser	Asn	Ile	Gly	Leu	Ser	Met	Glu	Phe	His	Gly	Asn	Cys	Lys	145	150	155	160
Arg	Val	Phe	Gln	Glu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg	Gln	Ile	Phe	Met	Leu	Thr	Val	165	170	175	
Glu	Val	Leu	Gln	Glu	Phe	Ser	Arg	Arg	Glu	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Gln	Met	180	185	190	
Ser	Ser	Val	Phe	Gln	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Asn	Gln	Val	Leu	Ser	195	200	205	
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Glu	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Thr	Glu	Ser	Trp	Arg	Glu	225	230	235	240
Thr	Leu	Leu	Asp	Ser	Arg	Val	Met	Glu	Leu	Phe	Phe	Thr	Val	His	Arg	245	250	255	
Lys	Ile	Arg	Glu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Met	Ala	Gln	Asp	Ser	Leu	Gln	Cys	Leu	260	265	270	
Ala	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	His	Gly	Pro	Ile	Phe	Pro	Asp	Glu	Gly	Ser	275	280	285	
Gln	Val	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Ala	His	Phe	Ile	Glu	Gly	Leu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ile	290	295	300	
Asn	Gly	Ile	Glu	Ile	Glu	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ala	Val	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ser	Ile	305	310	315	320
Ile	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ile	Thr	Val	Phe	Pro	Arg	Asn	Val	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ile	325	330	335	
Pro	Ser	Glu	Leu	Phe	Ser	Ser	Phe	Val	Asn	Cys	Leu	Thr	His	Leu	Thr	340	345	350	
Cys	Ser	Phe	Gly	Arg	Ser	Ala	Ala	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val	Leu	Asp	Lys	Asp	355	360	365	
Asp	Met	Val	Tyr	Met	Glu	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ser	Trp	Leu	370	375	380	
Thr	Leu	Val	Gln	Asp	Asp	Lys	His	Phe	His	Lys	Gly	Phe	Phe	Thr	Gln	385	390	395	400
His	Ala	Val	Gln	Val	Phe	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Cys	His	Leu	Ala	Ala	405	410	415	
Pro	Asp	Gly	Thr	Arg	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ala	Asn	Gly	Val	Ala	Ser	Arg	Glu	420	425	430	
Glu	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ser	Glu	Leu	Gln	Glu	Asp	Asp	Arg	Asp	Gln	Phe	Ser	435	440	445	
Asp	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ser	Val	Gly	Met	Leu	Gly	Arg	Ile	Ala	Ala	Glu	His	450	455	460	
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His	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gln	Arg	His	Gln	Gln	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Pro	Gly	485	490	495	
Ser	Ser	Thr	Val	Asp	Asn	Lys	Met	Leu	Asp	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Asp	Ile	500	505	510	
His	Trp	Leu	Ile	Leu	Val	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asp	Asp	Thr	Gln	515	520	525	
Gly	Glu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ile	Pro	Pro	Glu	Ile	Met	Glu	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Lys	530	535	540	
His	Ser	Ser	Glu	Val	Asp	Ile	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ile	Leu	Gly	Ser	545	550	555	560

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 Asp Thr Glu Thr Lys Gln Gln Tyr Trp Thr Glu Val Leu Gln Pro Leu
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 755 760 765
 Cys Gln Gln Glu Glu Val Lys Gln Glu Ile Thr Ala Thr Leu Glu Ala
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 Leu Cys Gly Ile Ala Glu Ala Thr Gln Ile Asp Asn Val Ala Ile Leu
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 900 905 910
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<210> SEQ ID NO 51
 <211> LENGTH: 3281
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

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<210> SEQ ID NO 52
<211> LENGTH: 681
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

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Pro Gly Gly Thr Thr Val Leu Val Glu Leu Thr Pro Asp Ile His Ile
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Cys Gly Ile Cys Lys Gln Gln Phe Asn Asn Leu Asp Ala Phe Val Ala
 35 40 45
 His Lys Gln Ser Gly Cys Gln Leu Thr Gly Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Pro
 50 55 60
 Ser Thr Val Gln Phe Val Ser Glu Glu Thr Val Pro Ala Thr Gln Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Gln Thr Thr Thr Arg Thr Ile Thr Ser Glu Thr Gln Thr Ile Thr Val
 85 90 95
 Ser Ala Pro Glu Phe Val Phe Glu His Gly Tyr Gln Thr Tyr Leu Pro
 100 105 110
 Thr Glu Ser Asn Glu Asn Gln Thr Ala Thr Val Ile Ser Leu Pro Ala
 115 120 125
 Lys Ser Arg Thr Lys Lys Pro Thr Thr Pro Pro Ala Gln Lys Arg Leu
 130 135 140
 Asn Cys Cys Tyr Pro Gly Cys Gln Phe Lys Thr Ala Tyr Gly Met Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Met Glu Arg His Leu Lys Ile His Thr Gly Asp Lys Pro His Lys
 165 170 175
 Cys Glu Val Cys Gly Lys Cys Phe Ser Arg Lys Asp Lys Leu Lys Thr
 180 185 190
 His Met Arg Cys His Thr Gly Val Lys Pro Tyr Lys Cys Lys Thr Cys
 195 200 205
 Asp Tyr Ala Ala Ala Asp Ser Ser Ser Leu Asn Lys His Leu Arg Ile
 210 215 220
 His Ser Asp Glu Arg Pro Phe Lys Cys Gln Ile Cys Pro Tyr Ala Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Asn Ser Ser Gln Leu Thr Val His Leu Arg Ser His Thr Gly Asp
 245 250 255
 Ala Pro Phe Gln Cys Trp Leu Cys Ser Ala Lys Phe Lys Ile Ser Ser
 260 265 270
 Asp Leu Lys Arg His Met Arg Val His Ser Gly Glu Lys Pro Phe Lys
 275 280 285
 Cys Glu Phe Cys Asn Val Arg Cys Thr Met Lys Gly Asn Leu Lys Ser
 290 295 300
 His Ile Arg Ile Lys His Ser Gly Asn Asn Phe Lys Cys Pro His Cys
 305 310 315 320
 Asp Phe Leu Gly Asp Ser Lys Ala Thr Leu Arg Lys His Ser Arg Val
 325 330 335
 His Gln Ser Glu His Pro Glu Lys Cys Ser Glu Cys Ser Tyr Ser Cys
 340 345 350
 Ser Ser Lys Ala Ala Leu Arg Ile His Glu Arg Ile His Cys Thr Asp
 355 360 365
 Arg Pro Phe Lys Cys Asn Tyr Cys Ser Phe Asp Thr Lys Gln Pro Ser
 370 375 380
 Asn Leu Ser Lys His Met Lys Lys Phe His Gly Asp Met Val Lys Thr
 385 390 395 400
 Glu Ala Leu Glu Arg Lys Asp Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Ser Arg Gln Val
 405 410 415
 Ala Lys Leu Asp Ala Lys Lys Ser Phe His Cys Asp Ile Cys Asp Ala
 420 425 430
 Ser Phe Met Arg Glu Asp Ser Leu Arg Ser His Lys Arg Gln His Ser
 435 440 445
 Glu Tyr Ser Glu Ser Lys Asn Ser Asp Val Thr Val Leu Gln Phe Gln

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450			455			460									
Ile	Asp	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gln	Pro	Ala	Thr	Pro	Leu	Thr	Val	Gly	His	Leu
465					470					475					480
Gln	Val	Pro	Leu	Gln	Pro	Ser	Gln	Val	Pro	Gln	Phe	Ser	Glu	Gly	Arg
			485						490					495	
Val	Lys	Ile	Ile	Val	Gly	His	Gln	Val	Pro	Gln	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ile	Val
			500					505					510		
Gln	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Val	Asn	Ile	Val	Pro	Pro	Ala	Leu	Val	Ala
		515					520					525			
Gln	Asn	Pro	Glu	Glu	Leu	Pro	Gly	Asn	Ser	Arg	Leu	Gln	Ile	Leu	Arg
		530					535				540				
Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ala	Pro	Pro	Gln	Ser	Ser	Arg	Cys	Pro	Ser	Glu
545				550						555					560
Ala	Gly	Ala	Met	Thr	Gln	Pro	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu	Thr	Thr	His	Glu	Gln
			565					570						575	
Thr	Asp	Gly	Ala	Thr	Leu	His	Gln	Thr	Leu	Ile	Pro	Thr	Ala	Ser	Gly
		580						585					590		
Gly	Pro	Gln	Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asn	Gln	Thr	Phe	Ile	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gly
		595					600					605			
Ile	Thr	Cys	Thr	Asp	Phe	Glu	Gly	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Ile	Gln	Glu	Gly
610					615						620				
Thr	Ala	Glu	Val	Thr	Val	Val	Ser	Asp	Gly	Gly	Gln	Asn	Ile	Ala	Val
625					630					635					640
Ala	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro	Pro	Val	Phe	Ser	Ser	Ser	Ser	Gln	Gln	Glu	Leu
			645					650						655	
Pro	Lys	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Ile	Gln	Gly	Ala	Ala	His	Pro	Ala	Leu
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		675					680								

<210> SEQ ID NO 53
 <211> LENGTH: 5457
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

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ccgcgcgtgc ggggatctcg gggggcaaag ggatcgccgg ggagggggac cagagagccg      180
cgcccgccgc gcgagagcgc ccttcgcgtc ccctgcacca tgagctgggg caccgagctc      240
tgggatcagt ttgacaactt agaaaaaac acacagtggg gaattgatat tcttgagaaa      300
tatatcaagt ttgtgaaaga aaggacagag attgaactca gctatgcaaa gcaactcagg      360
aatctttcaa agaagtacac acctaaaaag aactcgaagg aggaagaaga atacaagtat      420
acgtcatgta aagctttcat ttccaacctg aacgaaatga atgattacgc agggcagcat      480
gaagttatct ccgagaacat ggcatacag atcattgtgg acttggcacg ctatgttcag      540
gaactgaaac aggagaggaa atcaaaactt cacgatggcc gtaaagcaca gcagcacatc      600
gagacttgct ggaagcagct tgaatctagt aaaaggcgat ttgaacgca ttgcaaagag      660
gcggacaggg cgcagcagta ctttgagaaa atggacgctg acatcaatgt cacaaaagcg      720
gatgttgaaa aggcccgcaca acaagctcaa atacgtcacc aaatggcaga ggacagcaaa      780
gcagattact catccattct ccagaaattc aacctgagc agcatgaata ttaccatact      840
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 54

<211> LENGTH: 617

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 54

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 Lys Glu Arg Thr Glu Ile Glu Leu Ser Tyr Ala Lys Gln Leu Arg Asn
 35 40 45
 Leu Ser Lys Lys Tyr Gln Pro Lys Lys Asn Ser Lys Glu Glu Glu Glu
 50 55 60
 Tyr Lys Tyr Thr Ser Cys Lys Ala Phe Ile Ser Asn Leu Asn Glu Met
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Asp Tyr Ala Gly Gln His Glu Val Ile Ser Glu Asn Met Ala Ser
 85 90 95
 Gln Ile Ile Val Asp Leu Ala Arg Tyr Val Gln Glu Leu Lys Gln Glu
 100 105 110
 Arg Lys Ser Asn Phe His Asp Gly Arg Lys Ala Gln Gln His Ile Glu
 115 120 125
 Thr Cys Trp Lys Gln Leu Glu Ser Ser Lys Arg Arg Phe Glu Arg Asp
 130 135 140
 Cys Lys Glu Ala Asp Arg Ala Gln Gln Tyr Phe Glu Lys Met Asp Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Ile Asn Val Thr Lys Ala Asp Val Glu Lys Ala Arg Gln Gln Ala
 165 170 175
 Gln Ile Arg His Gln Met Ala Glu Asp Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Ser Ser
 180 185 190
 Ile Leu Gln Lys Phe Asn His Glu Gln His Glu Tyr Tyr His Thr His
 195 200 205
 Ile Pro Asn Ile Phe Gln Lys Ile Gln Glu Met Glu Glu Arg Arg Ile
 210 215 220
 Val Arg Met Gly Glu Ser Met Lys Thr Tyr Ala Glu Val Asp Arg Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Val Ile Pro Ile Ile Gly Lys Cys Leu Asp Gly Ile Val Lys Ala Ala
 245 250 255
 Glu Ser Ile Asp Gln Lys Asn Asp Ser Gln Leu Val Ile Glu Ala Tyr
 260 265 270
 Lys Ser Gly Phe Glu Pro Pro Gly Asp Ile Glu Phe Glu Asp Tyr Thr
 275 280 285
 Gln Pro Met Lys Arg Thr Val Ser Asp Asn Ser Leu Ser Asn Ser Arg
 290 295 300
 Gly Glu Gly Lys Pro Asp Leu Lys Phe Gly Gly Lys Ser Lys Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Trp Pro Phe Ile Lys Lys Asn Lys Leu Met Ser Leu Leu Thr Ser
 325 330 335
 Pro His Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Ser Ala Ser Pro Ser Ala
 340 345 350
 Val Pro Asn Gly Pro Gln Ser Pro Lys Gln Gln Lys Glu Pro Leu Ser
 355 360 365
 His Arg Phe Asn Glu Phe Met Thr Ser Lys Pro Lys Ile His Cys Phe
 370 375 380
 Arg Ser Leu Lys Arg Gly Leu Ser Leu Lys Leu Gly Ala Thr Pro Glu
 385 390 395 400
 Asp Phe Ser Asn Leu Pro Pro Glu Gln Arg Arg Lys Lys Leu Gln Gln
 405 410 415

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Lys Val Asp Glu Leu Asn Lys Glu Ile Gln Lys Glu Met Asp Gln Arg
 420 425 430

Asp Ala Ile Thr Lys Met Lys Asp Val Tyr Leu Lys Asn Pro Gln Met
 435 440 445

Gly Asp Pro Ala Ser Leu Asp His Lys Leu Ala Glu Val Ser Gln Asn
 450 455 460

Ile Glu Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Thr Gln Lys Phe Glu Ala Trp Leu Ala
 465 470 475 480

Glu Val Glu Gly Arg Leu Pro Ala Arg Ser Glu Gln Ala Arg Arg Gln
 485 490 495

Ser Gly Leu Tyr Asp Ser Gln Asn Pro Pro Thr Val Asn Asn Cys Ala
 500 505 510

Gln Asp Arg Glu Ser Pro Asp Gly Ser Tyr Thr Glu Glu Gln Ser Gln
 515 520 525

Glu Ser Glu Met Lys Val Leu Ala Thr Asp Phe Asp Asp Glu Phe Asp
 530 535 540

Asp Glu Glu Pro Leu Pro Ala Ile Gly Thr Cys Lys Ala Leu Tyr Thr
 545 550 555 560

Phe Glu Gly Gln Asn Glu Gly Thr Ile Ser Val Val Glu Gly Glu Thr
 565 570 575

Leu Tyr Val Ile Glu Glu Asp Lys Gly Asp Gly Trp Thr Arg Ile Arg
 580 585 590

Arg Asn Glu Asp Glu Glu Gly Tyr Val Pro Thr Ser Tyr Val Glu Val
 595 600 605

Cys Leu Asp Lys Asn Ala Lys Asp Ser
 610 615

<210> SEQ ID NO 55
 <211> LENGTH: 696
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 55

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ccaatgggct cagaccctcc caccgctgc tgettttctt acaccgcgag gaagcttctc      240
cgcaactttg tggtagatta ctatgagacc agcagcctct gctcccagcc agctgtggta      300
ttccaaaaca aaagaagcaa gcaagtctgt gctgatccca gtgaatcctg ggtccaggag      360
tacgtgtatg acctggaact gaactgagct gctcagagac aggaagtctt cagggagggt      420
cacctgagcc cggatgcttc tccatgagac acatctcctc catactcagg actcctctcc      480
gcagttcctg tcccttctct taatttaate ttttttatgt gccgtgttat tgtattaggt      540
gtcatttcca ttatttatat tagtttagcc aaaggataag tgctctatgg ggatgggtcca      600
ctgtcactgt ttctctgctg ttgcaaatac atggataaca catttgatc tgtgtgtttt      660
ccataataaa actttaaaat aaaatgcaga cagtta                                  696
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 56
 <211> LENGTH: 92
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

Met Lys Leu Cys Val Thr Val Leu Ser Leu Leu Met Leu Val Ala Ala

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1	5	10	15
Phe Cys Ser Pro Ala Leu Ser Ala Pro Met Gly Ser Asp Pro Pro Thr	20	25	30
Ala Cys Cys Phe Ser Tyr Thr Ala Arg Lys Leu Pro Arg Asn Phe Val	35	40	45
Val Asp Tyr Tyr Glu Thr Ser Ser Leu Cys Ser Gln Pro Ala Val Val	50	55	60
Phe Gln Thr Lys Arg Ser Lys Gln Val Cys Ala Asp Pro Ser Glu Ser	65	70	75
Trp Val Gln Glu Tyr Val Tyr Asp Leu Glu Leu Asn	85	90	

<210> SEQ ID NO 57
 <211> LENGTH: 5064
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <400> SEQUENCE: 57

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agaggattta caggggtgggg ggacagaggg gcagcaggaa ccagaaggga gacagtggcg    120
gtcgcacccg ggcgatccg agagttcccc ttagagaacg gagctcacgg gcggggaggc    180
ctcacctgct agtaggacgc agaaagacag aaggcgaagg agaccccctg ccgtagccat    240
cttgccctct tctgagcgg aagccccctg tgggctcctg tctgttagcg gectctctag    300
gctaccactg acaccgtctc tgtggcccgg agcctaagag accggaagtt cgtgtttcca    360
ggcgcttccg gaaaccgcgg gagagggtcg ctgacgtgga ggcgtccgaa gggcagcagg    420
gtgtgtcggg gctcggatta agacatcggg gtcggagacc tgagagatgt taaccaaat    480
cgagaccaag agcgcgcggg tcaaagggct cagctttcac cccaaaagac cttggtcct    540
gactagttta cataatgggg tcatocagtt atgggactat cggatgtgca ctctcattga    600
caagtttgat gaacatgatg gtccagtgcg aggcattgac ttccataagc agcagccact    660
gttcgtctct ggaggagatg actataagat taaggtttgg aattacaagc ttcggcgctg    720
tcttttcaca ttgcttgggc acttagatta tattcgcacc acgttttttc atcatgaata    780
tccctggatt ctgagtgcct ccgatgatca gaccatccga gtgtggaatt ggcaatctag    840
aacctgtggt tgtgtgttaa cagggcacia ccattatgtg atgtgtgctc agttccacc    900
cacagaagac ttggtagtat cagccagcct ggaccagact gtgcgcgctt gggatatttc    960
tggtctgagg aaaaaaaaaa tgtcccctgg tgcggtggaa tcggatgtga gaggaataac    1020
tggggttgat ctatttgaa ctacagatgc agtggtgaag catgtactag agggtcacga    1080
tcgtggagta aactgggctg ccttccaccc cactatgccc cttattgtat ctggggcaga    1140
tgatcgtcaa gtgaagatct ggcgcatgaa tgaatcaaag gcatgggagg ttgataacctg    1200
ccggggccat tacaacaatg tatcttgtgc cgtcttccac cctcgccaag agttgatcct    1260
cagcaattct gaggacaaga gtattcgagt ctgggatatg tctaagcggg ctggggttca    1320
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ctttgcagca ggccatgatg gtggtatgat tgtgtttaag ctggaacggg aacggccagc    1440
ctatgctggt catggcaata tgctacacta tgtcaaggac cgattcttac gacagctgga    1500
tttcaacagc tccaaagatg tagctgtgat gcagttgcgg agtgggtcca agtttccagt    1560
attcaatagc tcatacaatc cagcagaaaa tgcagtcctg ctttgtaaa gagctagcaa    1620
tctagagaat agtacctatg acctgtacac catccctaaa gatctgact ccagaaatcc    1680
    
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tgatgcgcct gaagggaaac gatcctcagg cctgacagcc gtttgggtcg ctgaaatcg	1740
gtttgcgtgc ctatagcggg tgcattcgtc tctgatcaag aatctgaaga atgagatcac	1800
caaaaaggta caggtgccca actgtgatga gatcttctat gctggcacag gcaatctcct	1860
gcttcgagat gcggactcta tcacactctt tgacgtacag cagaagcggg ctctggcatc	1920
tgtgaagatt tctaaagtga aatacgttat ctggtcagca gacatgtcac atgtagcact	1980
actagccaaa cacgccattg tgatctgtaa ccgcaactg gatgctttat gtaacattca	2040
tgagaacatt cgtgtcaaga gtggggcctg ggatgagagt ggggtattta tctataccac	2100
aagcaaccac atcaaatatg ctgtcaccac tggggaccac gggatcattc gaactctgga	2160
tttaccatc tatgtcacac ggggtgaagg caacaatgta tactgcctag acagggagtg	2220
tcgtccccgg gtactcacca ttgatccac tgagttcaaa ttcaagctgg cctgatcaa	2280
cagaaaatat gatgaggtac tgcacatggt gaggaatgcc aaactagttg gccagtctat	2340
tattgcttat ctccagaaga agggctatcc tgaagtggca ctgcattttg tcaagatga	2400
gaaaactcgc tttagtctgg cactggagtg tggaaacatt gagattgctc tggaaagcagc	2460
caaagcactg gatgacaaga actgctggga aaagctggga gaagtggccc tgetgcaggg	2520
gaaccaccag attgtggaaa tgtgctatca gcgtacccaa aactttgaca aagtttcctt	2580
cctgtatctt atcactggca acttagaaaa acttcgcaag atgatgaaga ttgctgagat	2640
cagaaaggac atgagtggcc actatcagaa tgcctatac ctgggtgatg tgtcagagcg	2700
tgtgcggatc ctgaagaact gtggacagaa gtccctggcc tatctcacag ctgctacca	2760
tggttagat gaagaagctg agagcctaaa ggagacattt gaccagaga aggagacaat	2820
cccagacatt gaccctaatg ccaagctgct ccagccacct gcacctatca tgccattgga	2880
taccaattgg cctttattga ctgtatccaa aggatttttt gaaggcaca ttgccagcaa	2940
aggaaggga ggagcactgg ctgctgacat tgacattgac actgttggtg cagagggtg	3000
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gggggatgat gctcttggca agggacagga agaaggaggt ggctgggatg tagaagaaga	3120
tctggagctc cctcctgagc tggatatatc ccctggggca gctgggtggg ctgaagatgg	3180
tttctttgtg ccccaacca agggaacaag tccaactcag atctggtgta ataactctca	3240
gcttcagatt gatcacatcc tggcaggctc tttcgaaaca gccatgcggc tccttcatga	3300
ccaagtaggg gtaatccagt ttggccccta caagcaactg ttcctacaga catacgcccg	3360
aggccgcaca acctatcagg ctctgcctg cctaccctcc atgtatggct atcctaateg	3420
caactggaag gatgcagggc tgaagaatgg tgtaccagct gtgggcctga agcttaatga	3480
cctcatccaa cgtttgcagc tgtgctacca gctcaccaca gttggcaaat ttgaggaggc	3540
tgtggaaaaa ttcggtcca tccttctcag tgtgccactt cttgttggtg acaataaaca	3600
agagattgca gaggcccagc agctcatcac catttgccgt gagtacattg tgggtttgtc	3660
cgtggagaca gaaaggaaga agctgcccaa agagactcta gaacagcaga agcgcactg	3720
tgagatggca gcctatttca cccactcaaa cctgcagcct gtgcacatga tcctggtgct	3780
gcgtacagcc ctcaatctgt tcttcaagct caagaacttc aagacagctg ccacctttgc	3840
tgggcgcta ctgaactcg gggccaaagg tgaggtggcc caacagacc gaaaaatcct	3900
gtctgcctgt gagaagaatc ccacagatgc ctaccagctc aattatgaca tgcacaaccc	3960
ctttgacatt tgtgctgcat catatcgcc catctaccgt ggaaagccag tagaaaagtg	4020
tccactcagt ggggcctgct attcccctga gttcaagggt caaatctgca gggtcaccac	4080

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agtgacagag attggcaaag atgtgattgg tttaaggatc agtcctctgc agtttegcta 4140
aggccccctt tgtgtgcatg ggtcagtcac catatgttcc ccccagagaa tgtgtctata 4200
tcctccttct aacagcacct tccccctgca gctactcttc agatctggct ctctgtaccc 4260
taaaacctag tatcttttct tcttctatgg aaaatccgaa ggtctaaact tgactttttt 4320
gagggtctct caacttgact acagttgtgc tcataattgt ccttgccttt ccagcttaat 4380
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gcactttggg aggctacggg gggcagatca tctgaggcca ggagttcgag acctgcctgg 4500
ccaacatggc aacacccctc ctctaataaa aatataaaaa ttagcctggc atggttagcat 4560
ggcctatag tcccagctgc tcaggaggct gaggcagtag aatcgctga acctaggagg 4620
tggaggttgc attcaactga gatcatacca cttcattcca gcctgggtga cagagcaaga 4680
ctctgtctca aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaggaaaac tctgtgatgg 4740
acatttgttt agtaaatccc ttcagtattt atccctcctt tccccacagc agctttcttt 4800
cctgtcaact agaaaaggagc aggatgtaat aaatacattt tgggtgtgact aggccacacc 4860
aactcttaat catctcccat tttccttaga catttaaatt tcaaggcagg taccctctgt 4920
gtactcagaa atttgaagaa gttatttggg ttccaaaat gcacactgcg ggttattgat 4980
ttgttcttta caactattgt tctcatattt ctcacactaa ataaatctct atgagagctt 5040
cttgaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa agcg 5064
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 58
<211> LENGTH: 1224
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 58

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Met Leu Thr Lys Phe Glu Thr Lys Ser Ala Arg Val Lys Gly Leu Ser
1          5          10
Phe His Pro Lys Arg Pro Trp Ile Leu Thr Ser Leu His Asn Gly Val
20         25         30
Ile Gln Leu Trp Asp Tyr Arg Met Cys Thr Leu Ile Asp Lys Phe Asp
35         40         45
Glu His Asp Gly Pro Val Arg Gly Ile Asp Phe His Lys Gln Gln Pro
50         55         60
Leu Phe Val Ser Gly Gly Asp Asp Tyr Lys Ile Lys Val Trp Asn Tyr
65         70         75         80
Lys Leu Arg Arg Cys Leu Phe Thr Leu Leu Gly His Leu Asp Tyr Ile
85         90         95
Arg Thr Thr Phe Phe His His Glu Tyr Pro Trp Ile Leu Ser Ala Ser
100        105        110
Asp Asp Gln Thr Ile Arg Val Trp Asn Trp Gln Ser Arg Thr Cys Val
115        120        125
Cys Val Leu Thr Gly His Asn His Tyr Val Met Cys Ala Gln Phe His
130        135        140
Pro Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Val Ser Ala Ser Leu Asp Gln Thr Val Arg
145        150        155        160
Val Trp Asp Ile Ser Gly Leu Arg Lys Lys Asn Leu Ser Pro Gly Ala
165        170        175
Val Glu Ser Asp Val Arg Gly Ile Thr Gly Val Asp Leu Phe Gly Thr
180        185        190
Thr Asp Ala Val Val Lys His Val Leu Glu Gly His Asp Arg Gly Val
    
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195					200					205					
Asn	Trp	Ala	Ala	Phe	His	Pro	Thr	Met	Pro	Leu	Ile	Val	Ser	Gly	Ala
210						215					220				
Asp	Asp	Arg	Gln	Val	Lys	Ile	Trp	Arg	Met	Asn	Glu	Ser	Lys	Ala	Trp
225					230					235					240
Glu	Val	Asp	Thr	Cys	Arg	Gly	His	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Val	Ser	Cys	Ala	Val
				245					250					255	
Phe	His	Pro	Arg	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ser	Asn	Ser	Glu	Asp	Lys	Ser
			260					265						270	
Ile	Arg	Val	Trp	Asp	Met	Ser	Lys	Arg	Thr	Gly	Val	Gln	Thr	Phe	Arg
		275					280					285			
Arg	Asp	His	Asp	Arg	Phe	Trp	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	His	Pro	Asn	Leu	Asn
290						295					300				
Leu	Phe	Ala	Ala	Gly	His	Asp	Gly	Gly	Met	Ile	Val	Phe	Lys	Leu	Glu
305					310					315					320
Arg	Glu	Arg	Pro	Ala	Tyr	Ala	Val	His	Gly	Asn	Met	Leu	His	Tyr	Val
			325						330					335	
Lys	Asp	Arg	Phe	Leu	Arg	Gln	Leu	Asp	Phe	Asn	Ser	Ser	Lys	Asp	Val
			340					345						350	
Ala	Val	Met	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Gly	Ser	Lys	Phe	Pro	Val	Phe	Asn	Met
		355					360					365			
Ser	Tyr	Asn	Pro	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu	Cys	Thr	Arg	Ala	Ser
		370				375						380			
Asn	Leu	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Pro	Lys	Asp	Ala
385					390					395					400
Asp	Ser	Gln	Asn	Pro	Asp	Ala	Pro	Glu	Gly	Lys	Arg	Ser	Ser	Gly	Leu
			405						410					415	
Thr	Ala	Val	Trp	Val	Ala	Arg	Asn	Arg	Phe	Ala	Val	Leu	Asp	Arg	Met
			420					425						430	
His	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ile	Lys	Asn	Leu	Lys	Asn	Glu	Ile	Thr	Lys	Lys	Val
		435					440						445		
Gln	Val	Pro	Asn	Cys	Asp	Glu	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gly	Asn	Leu
		450				455					460				
Leu	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ala	Asp	Ser	Ile	Thr	Leu	Phe	Asp	Val	Gln	Gln	Lys
465					470					475					480
Arg	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Lys	Val	Lys	Tyr	Val	Ile	Trp
			485						490					495	
Ser	Ala	Asp	Met	Ser	His	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ala	Lys	His	Ala	Ile	Val
			500					505					510		
Ile	Cys	Asn	Arg	Lys	Leu	Asp	Ala	Leu	Cys	Asn	Ile	His	Glu	Asn	Ile
		515					520					525			
Arg	Val	Lys	Ser	Gly	Ala	Trp	Asp	Glu	Ser	Gly	Val	Phe	Ile	Tyr	Thr
		530				535					540				
Thr	Ser	Asn	His	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Val	Thr	Thr	Gly	Asp	His	Gly	Ile
545					550					555					560
Ile	Arg	Thr	Leu	Asp	Leu	Pro	Ile	Tyr	Val	Thr	Arg	Val	Lys	Gly	Asn
			565						570					575	
Asn	Val	Tyr	Cys	Leu	Asp	Arg	Glu	Cys	Arg	Pro	Arg	Val	Leu	Thr	Ile
			580					585					590		
Asp	Pro	Thr	Glu	Phe	Lys	Phe	Lys	Leu	Ala	Leu	Ile	Asn	Arg	Lys	Tyr
		595					600					605			
Asp	Glu	Val	Leu	His	Met	Val	Arg	Asn	Ala	Lys	Leu	Val	Gly	Gln	Ser
		610					615					620			

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Ile	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Lys	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Glu	Val	Ala	Leu	His
625					630					635					640
Phe	Val	Lys	Asp	Glu	Lys	Thr	Arg	Phe	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Cys	Gly
				645					650					655	
Asn	Ile	Glu	Ile	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asn
			660					665					670		
Cys	Trp	Glu	Lys	Leu	Gly	Glu	Val	Ala	Leu	Leu	Gln	Gly	Asn	His	Gln
		675					680					685			
Ile	Val	Glu	Met	Cys	Tyr	Gln	Arg	Thr	Lys	Asn	Phe	Asp	Lys	Val	Ser
	690					695						700			
Phe	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Thr	Gly	Asn	Leu	Glu	Lys	Leu	Arg	Lys	Met	Met
	705				710					715					720
Lys	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ile	Arg	Lys	Asp	Met	Ser	Gly	His	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Ala
				725					730					735	
Leu	Tyr	Leu	Gly	Asp	Val	Ser	Glu	Arg	Val	Arg	Ile	Leu	Lys	Asn	Cys
		740						745					750		
Gly	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Thr	His	Gly	Leu	Asp
		755					760					765			
Glu	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ser	Leu	Lys	Glu	Thr	Phe	Asp	Pro	Glu	Lys	Glu	Thr
	770					775					780				
Ile	Pro	Asp	Ile	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Gln	Pro	Pro	Ala	Pro
	785				790					795					800
Ile	Met	Pro	Leu	Asp	Thr	Asn	Trp	Pro	Leu	Leu	Thr	Val	Ser	Lys	Gly
			805						810					815	
Phe	Phe	Glu	Gly	Thr	Ile	Ala	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys	Gly	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ala
			820					825					830		
Ala	Asp	Ile	Asp	Ile	Asp	Thr	Val	Gly	Thr	Glu	Gly	Trp	Gly	Glu	Asp
		835				840						845			
Ala	Glu	Leu	Gln	Leu	Asp	Glu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Val	Glu	Ala	Thr	Glu	Gly
	850					855					860				
Leu	Gly	Asp	Asp	Ala	Leu	Gly	Lys	Gly	Gln	Glu	Glu	Gly	Gly	Gly	Trp
	865				870				875						880
Asp	Val	Glu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Glu	Leu	Pro	Pro	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser	Pro
			885						890					895	
Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe	Val	Pro	Pro	Thr	Lys
			900					905					910		
Gly	Thr	Ser	Pro	Thr	Gln	Ile	Trp	Cys	Asn	Asn	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Val
		915				920						925			
Asp	His	Ile	Leu	Ala	Gly	Ser	Phe	Glu	Thr	Ala	Met	Arg	Leu	Leu	His
	930					935					940				
Asp	Gln	Val	Gly	Val	Ile	Gln	Phe	Gly	Pro	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Leu	Phe	Leu
	945				950					955					960
Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ala	Arg	Gly	Arg	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Leu	Pro	Cys	Leu
			965						970					975	
Pro	Ser	Met	Tyr	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Asn	Arg	Asn	Trp	Lys	Asp	Ala	Gly	Leu
			980					985					990		
Lys	Asn	Gly	Val	Pro	Ala	Val	Gly	Leu	Lys	Leu	Asn	Asp	Leu	Ile	Gln
		995					1000					1005			
Arg	Leu	Gln	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Thr	Thr	Val	Gly	Lys	Phe	Glu	
	1010					1015					1020				
Glu	Ala	Val	Glu	Lys	Phe	Arg	Ser	Ile	Leu	Leu	Ser	Val	Pro	Leu	
	1025					1030					1035				
Leu	Val	Val	Asp	Asn	Lys	Gln	Glu	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ala	Gln	Gln	Leu	
	1040					1045					1050				

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Ile Thr Ile Cys Arg Glu Tyr Ile Val Gly Leu Ser Val Glu Thr
 1055 1060 1065
 Glu Arg Lys Lys Leu Pro Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu Gln Gln Lys Arg
 1070 1075 1080
 Ile Cys Glu Met Ala Ala Tyr Phe Thr His Ser Asn Leu Gln Pro
 1085 1090 1095
 Val His Met Ile Leu Val Leu Arg Thr Ala Leu Asn Leu Phe Phe
 1100 1105 1110
 Lys Leu Lys Asn Phe Lys Thr Ala Ala Thr Phe Ala Arg Arg Leu
 1115 1120 1125
 Leu Glu Leu Gly Pro Lys Pro Glu Val Ala Gln Gln Thr Arg Lys
 1130 1135 1140
 Ile Leu Ser Ala Cys Glu Lys Asn Pro Thr Asp Ala Tyr Gln Leu
 1145 1150 1155
 Asn Tyr Asp Met His Asn Pro Phe Asp Ile Cys Ala Ala Ser Tyr
 1160 1165 1170
 Arg Pro Ile Tyr Arg Gly Lys Pro Val Glu Lys Cys Pro Leu Ser
 1175 1180 1185
 Gly Ala Cys Tyr Ser Pro Glu Phe Lys Gly Gln Ile Cys Arg Val
 1190 1195 1200
 Thr Thr Val Thr Glu Ile Gly Lys Asp Val Ile Gly Leu Arg Ile
 1205 1210 1215
 Ser Pro Leu Gln Phe Arg
 1220

<210> SEQ ID NO 59
 <211> LENGTH: 2374
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

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 accaccacca tgttgctgc aaggctgggtg tgtctccgga cactaccttc tagggttttc 180
 caccagctt tcaccaaggc ctcccctggt gtgaagaatt ccatcacgaa gaatcaatgg 240
 ctgttaacac ctagcaggga atatgccacc aaaacaagaa ttgggatccg gcgtgggaga 300
 actggccaag aactcaaaga ggcagcattg gaaccatcga tggaaaaaat atttaaaatt 360
 gatcagatgg gaagatgggt ttgttctgga ggggctgctg ttggtcttgg agcattgtgc 420
 tactatggct tgggactgtc taatgagatt ggagctattg aaaaggctgt aatttggcct 480
 cagtatgtca aggatagaat tcattccacc tatatgtact tagcaggag tattggttta 540
 acagctttgt ctgccatagc aatcagcaga acgcctgttc tcatgaactt catgatgaga 600
 ggctcttggg tgacaattgg tgtgacctt gcagccatgg ttggagctgg aatgctggtg 660
 cgatcaatac catatgacca gagcccagc ccaaagcacc ttgcttggtt gctacattct 720
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 tcctcattgg gatctatgtt tcttccacct accaccgtgg ctggtgccac tctttactca 960
 gtggcaatgt acggtggatt agttcttttc agcatgttcc ttctgtatga taccagaaa 1020
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atatcttggt taatggggca gatatgcatt aaatagtttg tacaagcagc tttcgttgaa 1260
gtttagaaga taagaaacat gtcacatata ttaaattgtc cggtaatgtg atgcctcagg 1320
tctgcctttt tttctggaga ataaatgcag taatcctctc ccaataaagc acacacattt 1380
tcaattctca tgtttgagtg attttaaaaa gttttgggtg atgtgaaaac taaagtttgt 1440
gtcatgagaa tgtaagtctt tttctactt taaaatttag taggttctact gagtaactaa 1500
aatttagcaa acctgtggtt gcatattttt ttggagtgca gaattattga attaatgtca 1560
taagtgattt ggagcttttg taaagggacc agagagaagg agtcacctgc agtcttttgt 1620
ttttttaat acttagaact tagcacttgt gttattgatt agtgaggagc cagtaagaaa 1680
catctgggta tttgaaaca agtggctcatt gttacattca tctgctgaac ttaacaaaac 1740
tgttcctcct gaaacaggca caggtgatgc attctcctgc tgttgcttct cagtgtctctc 1800
tttccaatat agatgtggtc atgtttgact tgtacagaat gttaatcata cagagaatcc 1860
ttgatggaat tatatatgtg tgttttactt ttgaatgtta caaaaggaaa taactttaa 1920
actattctca agagaaaata ttcaaagcat gaaatattgt gctttttcca gaatacaaac 1980
agtatactca tgaattgcta agtgtttttt tatttttgca tatttattga actgtcta 2040
tgaatacagc ttgctcttgt cacctcttca agctttcaag cctttataga aaagcttctt 2100
tgtggcttac actggaatt atgaaagcag tttttctcct aagacttttg gtttctcgca 2160
ttgctctca gactaagcag taaaagcaa agcaaacag aactagtctt gtcttaatga 2220
aatatatcaa cccaaaagtg taatgaggaa aatgcttcat tagtttcccc tagcagactt 2280
ttacttctct tacactgcta caccattact ttcttgagac atttgtaagt cctttgatac 2340
agaagagtta tatttaggag gctttaatga aggg 2374

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<210> SEQ ID NO 60

<211> LENGTH: 319

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

```

Met Leu Ala Ala Arg Leu Val Cys Leu Arg Thr Leu Pro Ser Arg Val
1           5           10          15
Phe His Pro Ala Phe Thr Lys Ala Ser Pro Val Val Lys Asn Ser Ile
20          25          30
Thr Lys Asn Gln Trp Leu Leu Thr Pro Ser Arg Glu Tyr Ala Thr Lys
35          40          45
Thr Arg Ile Gly Ile Arg Arg Gly Arg Thr Gly Gln Glu Leu Lys Glu
50          55          60
Ala Ala Leu Glu Pro Ser Met Glu Lys Ile Phe Lys Ile Asp Gln Met
65          70          75          80
Gly Arg Trp Phe Val Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala Val Gly Leu Gly Ala Leu
85          90          95
Cys Tyr Tyr Gly Leu Gly Leu Ser Asn Glu Ile Gly Ala Ile Glu Lys
100         105         110
Ala Val Ile Trp Pro Gln Tyr Val Lys Asp Arg Ile His Ser Thr Tyr
115         120         125
Met Tyr Leu Ala Gly Ser Ile Gly Leu Thr Ala Leu Ser Ala Ile Ala
130         135         140

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Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Val	Leu	Met	Asn	Phe	Met	Met	Arg	Gly	Ser	Trp
145					150					155					160
Val	Thr	Ile	Gly	Val	Thr	Phe	Ala	Ala	Met	Val	Gly	Ala	Gly	Met	Leu
			165						170					175	
Val	Arg	Ser	Ile	Pro	Tyr	Asp	Gln	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Lys	His	Leu	Ala
			180					185					190		
Trp	Leu	Leu	His	Ser	Gly	Val	Met	Gly	Ala	Val	Val	Ala	Pro	Leu	Thr
	195						200					205			
Ile	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Leu	Leu	Ile	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Gly
	210				215						220				
Ile	Val	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser	Thr	Val	Ala	Met	Cys	Ala	Pro	Ser	Glu	Lys
225					230					235					240
Phe	Leu	Asn	Met	Gly	Ala	Pro	Leu	Gly	Val	Gly	Leu	Gly	Leu	Val	Phe
				245					250					255	
Val	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Met	Phe	Leu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly
			260					265					270		
Ala	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Val	Ala	Met	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Leu	Val	Leu	Phe	Ser
		275					280					285			
Met	Phe	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Thr	Gln	Lys	Val	Ser	Ser	Val	Gln	Lys	Tyr
	290					295					300				
His	Gln	Cys	Met	Glu	Phe	Lys	Asn	Met	Ile	Pro	Leu	Thr	Arg	Cys	
305					310					315					

<210> SEQ ID NO 61
 <211> LENGTH: 2182
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

```

ggagagcgag gggcgggcggc ggcgcccgc ggcgctcaag catggcggcg gcggcattgg      60
gcagctcctc aggctcggcg tcccggcgcg tggctgagct ctgccagaac accccggaga      120
cctttttgga ggcctccaag ctgctgctca cctatgctga caacatcctc agaaacccta      180
atgatgaaaa atatagatcc atccggattg gaaacacagc cttttctact agactcttgc      240
ctgtcagagg agctgttgaa tgtttattg aaatgggctt tgaagagga gaaacacatc      300
tcatctttcc taaaaaagct tcaagtggagc agctgcaaaa aatcgtgac ctgattgcca      360
tagagagaag tagcagactg gatggctcaa ataagagcca caaagtaaag tcatctcagc      420
aacctgcagc cagtaccag cttcctacaa caccatcttc aaatcccagt gggttaaacc      480
agcacacaag gaaccgtcaa gggcagtcac cagatccacc atctgcttca acggttgctg      540
ctgactcagc cattctagaa gttcttcagt ccaacattca gcatgtgctg gtctatgaaa      600
atcctgctct tcaggagaaa gcgttggtt gtattccggt ccaagaacta aaaaggaaat      660
cacaagaaaa gttatcgaga gctagaaaat tggataaagg tatcaatata agtgatgagg      720
attttctttt gctggagctt ttgcactggt ttaaggaaga atttttcac tgggtgaata      780
acgttttggt cagcaaatgt ggtggacaga ctaggtctag agatagatca ttactgcca      840
gtgatgatga gctgaagtgg ggtgcaaagg aagtgaaga tcattactgt gatgcctgcc      900
agttcagcaa tcgattccca agatataata accctgagaa acttttgaa acaagatgtg      960
gacgggtggt cgagtggtcc aattgtttta cactgtgctg ccgagctgta gggtttgaag     1020
ctcgctatgt ttgggattac acagaccatg tctggacaga agtctattct cttctcagc     1080
agcggtggtt gactgtgat gcatgtgaag atgtctgtga caagccactc ctttatgaaa     1140
taggatgggg caagaagctt tcctatgtca tagcatttcc aaaagatgag gtagttgatg     1200
    
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tcaacttgccg atattcctgc aaacatgaag aggtgattgc cagaagaact aaggttaaag 1260
aagcattact tcgagacact attaatgggc ttaataagca gaggcaactg tttttgtcag 1320
aaaacagaag gaaagaactt ctccagagga taattgtgga gcttggtgaa tttatatctc 1380
ccaaaacccc taaacctgga gaacttgagg gaagaatata tgggtcagtg gcttgagag 1440
tagcccgagg tgaatgggt ctacagagaa aagaaacctt gtttattccc tgtgaaaatg 1500
agaagatttc taaacagctc cacctttggt acaatattgt gaaagatcgt tatgttcgag 1560
tttcaaataa caatcaaacc atttctggat gggagaatgg cgtgtggaaa atggaatcta 1620
tattcagaaa agttgaaaca gactggcaca tggatatatt ggcccgaag gaaggatcat 1680
cttttgctta ttttctctgg aagtttgagt gtgggtcagt tggcctaaaa gtagatagca 1740
tttctattag aacaagtagt caaacctttc agactggaac agtagaatgg aaattgcat 1800
ctgatacagc acaagtagaa ctgacaggcg ataacagtct tcaactcctat gctgattttt 1860
ctggtgccac tgaagtattt ttggaagcag aattaagcag aggagatggg gatgctcgctt 1920
ggcaacacac ccagctgttt agacaaagct taaatgacca tgaagaaaat tgtttggaga 1980
taattataaa attcagtgac ctttgagaac ctgaacatta tagaaaagct ggcaataatc 2040
aaggacttac tgaagtagtc tgttggttca gtgcatgctt agttggcagt taccaccctg 2100
tgctagcata tttcttttgc tagctatcca tcatgtaacc tcatgaaaa ttatctttat 2160
acgtggacta taataaaata tt 2182

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<210> SEQ ID NO 62
<211> LENGTH: 654
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 62

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```

Met Ala Ala Ala Ala Leu Gly Ser Ser Ser Gly Ser Ala Ser Pro Ala
1          5          10          15
Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Gln Asn Thr Pro Glu Thr Phe Leu Glu Ala Ser
20         25         30
Lys Leu Leu Leu Thr Tyr Ala Asp Asn Ile Leu Arg Asn Pro Asn Asp
35         40         45
Glu Lys Tyr Arg Ser Ile Arg Ile Gly Asn Thr Ala Phe Ser Thr Arg
50         55         60
Leu Leu Pro Val Arg Gly Ala Val Glu Cys Leu Phe Glu Met Gly Phe
65         70         75         80
Glu Glu Gly Glu Thr His Leu Ile Phe Pro Lys Lys Ala Ser Val Glu
85         90         95
Gln Leu Gln Lys Ile Arg Asp Leu Ile Ala Ile Glu Arg Ser Ser Arg
100        105        110
Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Lys Ser His Lys Val Lys Ser Ser Gln Gln Pro
115        120        125
Ala Ala Ser Thr Gln Leu Pro Thr Thr Pro Ser Ser Asn Pro Ser Gly
130        135        140
Leu Asn Gln His Thr Arg Asn Arg Gln Gly Gln Ser Ser Asp Pro Pro
145        150        155        160
Ser Ala Ser Thr Val Ala Ala Asp Ser Ala Ile Leu Glu Val Leu Gln
165        170        175
Ser Asn Ile Gln His Val Leu Val Tyr Glu Asn Pro Ala Leu Gln Glu
180        185        190
Lys Ala Leu Ala Cys Ile Pro Val Gln Glu Leu Lys Arg Lys Ser Gln

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195				200				205							
Glu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Arg	Ala	Arg	Lys	Leu	Asp	Lys	Gly	Ile	Asn	Ile	Ser
210						215					220				
Asp	Glu	Asp	Phe	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Leu	Leu	His	Trp	Phe	Lys	Glu	Glu
225				230						235					240
Phe	Phe	His	Trp	Val	Asn	Asn	Val	Leu	Cys	Ser	Lys	Cys	Gly	Gly	Gln
				245					250					255	
Thr	Arg	Ser	Arg	Asp	Arg	Ser	Leu	Leu	Pro	Ser	Asp	Asp	Glu	Leu	Lys
			260				265						270		
Trp	Gly	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	Glu	Asp	His	Tyr	Cys	Asp	Ala	Cys	Gln	Phe
	275					280						285			
Ser	Asn	Arg	Phe	Pro	Arg	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Pro	Glu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Glu	Thr
290						295					300				
Arg	Cys	Gly	Arg	Cys	Gly	Glu	Trp	Ala	Asn	Cys	Phe	Thr	Leu	Cys	Cys
305					310					315					320
Arg	Ala	Val	Gly	Phe	Glu	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Val	Trp	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Asp	His
			325						330					335	
Val	Trp	Thr	Glu	Val	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Ser	Gln	Gln	Arg	Trp	Leu	His	Cys
			340					345					350		
Asp	Ala	Cys	Glu	Asp	Val	Cys	Asp	Lys	Pro	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Gly
	355						360					365			
Trp	Gly	Lys	Lys	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Val	Ile	Ala	Phe	Ser	Lys	Asp	Glu	Val
	370					375					380				
Val	Asp	Val	Thr	Trp	Arg	Tyr	Ser	Cys	Lys	His	Glu	Glu	Val	Ile	Ala
385					390					395					400
Arg	Arg	Thr	Lys	Val	Lys	Glu	Ala	Leu	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Ile	Asn	Gly
			405					410						415	
Leu	Asn	Lys	Gln	Arg	Gln	Leu	Phe	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asn	Arg	Arg	Lys	Glu
			420					425					430		
Leu	Leu	Gln	Arg	Ile	Ile	Val	Glu	Leu	Val	Glu	Phe	Ile	Ser	Pro	Lys
		435					440					445			
Thr	Pro	Lys	Pro	Gly	Glu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Arg	Ile	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Ala
	450					455					460				
Trp	Arg	Val	Ala	Arg	Gly	Glu	Met	Gly	Leu	Gln	Arg	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu
465					470					475					480
Phe	Ile	Pro	Cys	Glu	Asn	Glu	Lys	Ile	Ser	Lys	Gln	Leu	His	Leu	Cys
			485					490						495	
Tyr	Asn	Ile	Val	Lys	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Val	Arg	Val	Ser	Asn	Asn	Asn	Gln
			500					505					510		
Thr	Ile	Ser	Gly	Trp	Glu	Asn	Gly	Val	Trp	Lys	Met	Glu	Ser	Ile	Phe
		515					520					525			
Arg	Lys	Val	Glu	Thr	Asp	Trp	His	Met	Val	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Arg	Lys	Glu
	530					535					540				
Gly	Ser	Ser	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Trp	Lys	Phe	Glu	Cys	Gly	Ser	Val
545					550					555					560
Gly	Leu	Lys	Val	Asp	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ile	Arg	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gln	Thr	Phe
			565						570					575	
Gln	Thr	Gly	Thr	Val	Glu	Trp	Lys	Leu	Arg	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ala	Gln	Val
			580					585					590		
Glu	Leu	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Ser	Leu	His	Ser	Tyr	Ala	Asp	Phe	Ser	Gly
		595					600					605			
Ala	Thr	Glu	Val	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ser	Arg	Gly	Asp	Gly	Asp
		610				615						620			

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Val Ala Trp Gln His Thr Gln Leu Phe Arg Gln Ser Leu Asn Asp His
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Glu Asn Cys Leu Glu Ile Ile Ile Lys Phe Ser Asp Leu
 645 650

<210> SEQ ID NO 63
 <211> LENGTH: 4816
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

```

cgtcttcccg gtctcctttc ccggccgcac agggtagatt ttcgttccgt caccaggct    60
ggagtgcagt ggtgtgacct tggttgctg caacccttg cctcctgggt tcaagtgatt    120
ctcattgcct cagcctccta agtagctggg attacagggt ttataggatc acattgacaa    180
aagtaccatg gagttttatg agtcagcata ttttattggt cttattcctt caatagtatt    240
tacagtaatt ttctcttctt tctggctttt catgaaagaa acattatatg atgaagtctt    300
tgcaaaacag aaaagagaac aaaagcttat tcctacaaa acagataaaa agaaagcaga    360
aaagaaaaag aataaaaaa aagaaatcca gaatggaaac ctccatgaat ccgactctga    420
gagtgtacct cgagacttta aattatcaga tgctttggca gtagaagatg atcaagttgc    480
acctgttcca ttgaatgtcg ttgaaacttc aagtagtggt agggaaagaa aaaagaagga    540
aaagaaacaa aagcctgtgc ttgaagagca ggtcatcaaa gaaagtgcg catcaaagat    600
tcctggcaaa aaagtagaac ctgtcccagt tactaaacag cccaccctc cctctgaagc    660
agctgcctcg aagaagaaac cagggcagaa gaagtctaaa aatggaagcg atgaccagga    720
taaaaagggt gaaactctca tggtagctac aaaaaggcaa gaagcattgc ccctccacca    780
agagactaaa caagaaagtg gatcagggaa gaagaaagct tcacaaaaga aacaaaagac    840
agaaaatgtc ttcgtagatg aacccttat tcatgcaact acttatattc ctttgatgga    900
taatgctgac tcaagtctcg tggtagataa gagagaggtt attgatttgc ttaaacctga    960
ccaagtagaa gggatccaga aatctgggac taaaaaactg aagaccgaaa ctgacaaaaga    1020
aaatgctgaa gtgaagttta aagatcttct tctgtccttg aagactatga tgttttctga    1080
agatgaggct ctttgtgttg tagacttgct aaaggagaag tctgggtgaa tacaagatgc    1140
tttaagaag tcaagtaagg gagaattgac tacgcttata catcagcttc aagaaaagga    1200
caagttactc gctgctgtga aggaagatgc tgctgtaca aaggatcggg gtaagcagtt    1260
aaccaggaa atgatgacag agaaagaaag aagcaatgtg gttataacaa ggatgaaaga    1320
tcgaattgga acattagaaa aggaacataa tgtatttcaa aacaaaatac atgtcagtta    1380
tcaagagact caacagatgc agatgaagtt tcagcaagtt cgtgagcaga tggaggcaga    1440
gatagctcac ttgaagcagg aaaatggtat actgagagat gcagtcagca aactacaaa    1500
tcaactggaa agcaagcagt ctgcagaact aaataaacta cgccaggatt atgctaggtt    1560
ggtgaatgag ctgactgaga aaacaggaaa gctacagcaa gaggaagtcc aaaagaagaa    1620
tgctgagcaa gcagctactc agttgaaggt tcaactacaa gaagctgaga gaaggtggga    1680
agaagttcag agctacatca ggaagagaac agcggaaacat gaggcagcac agcaagattt    1740
acagagtaaa tttgtggcca aagaaaatga agtacagagt ctgcatagta agcttacaga    1800
taccttggtg tcaaaaacaac agttggagca aagactaatg cagttaatgg aatcagagca    1860
gaaaagggtg aacaaagaag agtctctaca aatgcaggtt caggatattt tggagcagaa    1920
tgaggctttg aaagctcaaa ttcagcagtt ccattcccag atagcagccc agacctccgc    1980
    
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ttcagttcta gcagaagaat tacataaagt gattgcagaa aaggataagc agataaaaca	2040
gactgaagat tctttagcaa gtgaacgtga tegttaaca agtaagaag aggaacttaa	2100
ggatatacag aatatgaatt tcttattaaa agctgaagtg cagaaattac aggccctggc	2160
aatgagcag gctgctgctg cacatgaatt ggagaagatg caacaaagtg tttatgttaa	2220
agatgataaa ataagattgc tggaaagca actacaacat gaaatttcaa acaaaatgga	2280
agaatttaag attctaaatg accaaaacaa agcattaaaa tcagaagtgc agaagctaca	2340
gactcttggt tctgaacagc ctaataagga tgttgaggaa caaatggaaa aatgcattca	2400
agaaaaagat gagaagttaa agactgtgga agaattactt gaaactggac ttattcaggt	2460
ggcaactaaa gaagaggagc tgaatgcaat aagaacagaa aatcatctc tgacaaaaga	2520
agttcaagac ttaaaagcta agcaaatga tcaggtttct tttgctctc tagttgaaga	2580
acttaagaaa gtgatccatg agaagatgg aaagatcaag tctgtagaag agcttctgga	2640
ggcagaactt ctcaaagtgc ctaacaagga gaaaactggt caggattga aacaggaaat	2700
aaaggctcta aaagaagaaa taggaaatgt ccagcttga aaggctcaac agttatctat	2760
cacttccaaa gttcaggagc ttcagaactt attaaaagga aaagaggaac agatgaatac	2820
catgaaggct gttttggaag agaaagagaa agacctagcc aatacagga agtggttaca	2880
ggatcttcaa gaagaaaatg aatctttaa agcacatggt caggaagtag cacaacataa	2940
cttgaaagag gctctctctg catcacagtt tgaagaactt gagattgtgt tgaagaaaa	3000
ggaaaatgaa ttgaagaggt tagaagccat gctaaaagag agggagagtg atcttctag	3060
caaaacacag ctgttacagc atgtacaaga tgaacaacaa ttgtttaagt cccaaattga	3120
gcagcttaaa caacaaaact accaacaggc atcttctttt cccctcatg aagaattatt	3180
aaaagtaatt tcagaagag agaaagaaat aagtgtctc tggaaatgag tagattcttt	3240
gaaggatgca gttgaacacc agaggaagaa aaacaatgac cttcgggaga aaaactggga	3300
agcaatggaa gcattggcat caactgaaaa aatgctgcag gacaaagtga acaagacttc	3360
caaggaaaag cagcaacagc tggaaagctg tgagttggag gctaaagaag ttctcaaaaa	3420
attatttoca aagggtctctg tcccttctaa tttgagttat ggtgaatggt tgcattgatt	3480
tgaaaaaaag gcaaaagaat gtatggctgg aacttcaggc tcagaggagc ttaaggttct	3540
agagcacaag ttgaaagaag ctgatgaaat gcacacattg ttacagctag agtgtgaaaa	3600
atacaaatcc gtccttgagc aaacagaagg aattttacag aagctacaga gaagtgttga	3660
gcaagaagaa aataaatgga aagttaaggt cgatgaatca cacaagacta ttaaacagat	3720
gcagtcatca tttacatctt cagaacaaga gctagagcga ttaagaagcg aaaataagga	3780
tattgaaat ctgagaagag aacgagaaca tttggaaatg gaactagaaa aggcagagat	3840
ggaacgatct acctatgtta cagaagtcag agagctgaaa gatctgttga ctgaattgca	3900
gaaaaaactt gatgattcat attctgaagc agtaagacag aatgaagagc taaattgtt	3960
gaaggcacag ttaaatgaaa cactcacaaa acttagaact gaacaaaatg aaagacagaa	4020
ggtagctggt gatttgcata aggctcaaca gtcactggag cttatccagt caaaaatagt	4080
aaaagctgct ggagacacta ctgttattga aaatagtgat gtttcccag aaacggagtc	4140
ttctgagaag gagacaatgt ctgtaagtct aaatcagact gtaacacagt tacagcagtt	4200
gcttcaggcg gtaaaccaac agctcacaaa ggagaaaagc cactaccagg tgttagagtg	4260
atcatctct ggectacctt gacacatgct ctcttcaaa atgctaattc agagtgaagt	4320
aattgggaaa ctgttcattt gaggataaaa aaggcattgt attatatttt gccaaattaa	4380

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agccttattt atgttttcac ctttctact ttgtcagaaa cactgaacag agttttgtct 4440
tttctaatacc ttgttagact actgatntaa agaaggaaaa aaaaaagcca actctgtaga 4500
caccttcaga gtttagtttt ataataaaaa ctgtttgaat aattagacct ttacattcct 4560
gaagataaac atgtaacttt ttatcttatt ttgctcaata aaattgttca gaagatcaaa 4620
gtggtaaaga caatgtaaaa tttaacattt taatactgat gttgtacact gttttactta 4680
acattttggg aagtaactgc ctctgacttc aactcaagaa aacacttttt tgttgctaata 4740
gtaatcgggt tttgtaatgg cgtcagcaaa taaaaggatg cttattattc aaaaaaaaaa 4800
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 4816
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 64
<211> LENGTH: 1357
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
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<400> SEQUENCE: 64

```

Met Glu Phe Tyr Glu Ser Ala Tyr Phe Ile Val Leu Ile Pro Ser Ile
1 5 10 15
Val Ile Thr Val Ile Phe Leu Phe Phe Trp Leu Phe Met Lys Glu Thr
20 25 30
Leu Tyr Asp Glu Val Leu Ala Lys Gln Lys Arg Glu Gln Lys Leu Ile
35 40 45
Pro Thr Lys Thr Asp Lys Lys Lys Ala Glu Lys Lys Lys Asn Lys Lys
50 55 60
Lys Glu Ile Gln Asn Gly Asn Leu His Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Ser Val
65 70 75 80
Pro Arg Asp Phe Lys Leu Ser Asp Ala Leu Ala Val Glu Asp Asp Gln
85 90 95
Val Ala Pro Val Pro Leu Asn Val Val Glu Thr Ser Ser Ser Val Arg
100 105 110
Glu Arg Lys Lys Lys Glu Lys Lys Gln Lys Pro Val Leu Glu Glu Gln
115 120 125
Val Ile Lys Glu Ser Asp Ala Ser Lys Ile Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Glu
130 135 140
Pro Val Pro Val Thr Lys Gln Pro Thr Pro Pro Ser Glu Ala Ala Ala
145 150 155 160
Ser Lys Lys Lys Pro Gly Gln Lys Lys Ser Lys Asn Gly Ser Asp Asp
165 170 175
Gln Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Thr Leu Met Val Pro Ser Lys Arg Gln Glu
180 185 190
Ala Leu Pro Leu His Gln Glu Thr Lys Gln Glu Ser Gly Ser Gly Lys
195 200 205
Lys Lys Ala Ser Ser Lys Lys Gln Lys Thr Glu Asn Val Phe Val Asp
210 215 220
Glu Pro Leu Ile His Ala Thr Thr Tyr Ile Pro Leu Met Asp Asn Ala
225 230 235 240
Asp Ser Ser Pro Val Val Asp Lys Arg Glu Val Ile Asp Leu Leu Lys
245 250 255
Pro Asp Gln Val Glu Gly Ile Gln Lys Ser Gly Thr Lys Lys Leu Lys
260 265 270
Thr Glu Thr Asp Lys Glu Asn Ala Glu Val Lys Phe Lys Asp Phe Leu
275 280 285
Leu Ser Leu Lys Thr Met Met Phe Ser Glu Asp Glu Ala Leu Cys Val
290 295 300
    
```

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Val Asp Leu Leu Lys Glu Lys Ser Gly Val Ile Gln Asp Ala Leu Lys
305 310 315 320

Lys Ser Ser Lys Gly Glu Leu Thr Thr Leu Ile His Gln Leu Gln Glu
325 330 335

Lys Asp Lys Leu Leu Ala Ala Val Lys Glu Asp Ala Ala Ala Thr Lys
340 345 350

Asp Arg Cys Lys Gln Leu Thr Gln Glu Met Met Thr Glu Lys Glu Arg
355 360 365

Ser Asn Val Val Ile Thr Arg Met Lys Asp Arg Ile Gly Thr Leu Glu
370 375 380

Lys Glu His Asn Val Phe Gln Asn Lys Ile His Val Ser Tyr Gln Glu
385 390 395 400

Thr Gln Gln Met Gln Met Lys Phe Gln Gln Val Arg Glu Gln Met Glu
405 410 415

Ala Glu Ile Ala His Leu Lys Gln Glu Asn Gly Ile Leu Arg Asp Ala
420 425 430

Val Ser Asn Thr Thr Asn Gln Leu Glu Ser Lys Gln Ser Ala Glu Leu
435 440 445

Asn Lys Leu Arg Gln Asp Tyr Ala Arg Leu Val Asn Glu Leu Thr Glu
450 455 460

Lys Thr Gly Lys Leu Gln Gln Glu Glu Val Gln Lys Lys Asn Ala Glu
465 470 475 480

Gln Ala Ala Thr Gln Leu Lys Val Gln Leu Gln Glu Ala Glu Arg Arg
485 490 495

Trp Glu Glu Val Gln Ser Tyr Ile Arg Lys Arg Thr Ala Glu His Glu
500 505 510

Ala Ala Gln Gln Asp Leu Gln Ser Lys Phe Val Ala Lys Glu Asn Glu
515 520 525

Val Gln Ser Leu His Ser Lys Leu Thr Asp Thr Leu Val Ser Lys Gln
530 535 540

Gln Leu Glu Gln Arg Leu Met Gln Leu Met Glu Ser Glu Gln Lys Arg
545 550 555 560

Val Asn Lys Glu Glu Ser Leu Gln Met Gln Val Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu
565 570 575

Gln Asn Glu Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Ile Gln Gln Phe His Ser Gln Ile
580 585 590

Ala Ala Gln Thr Ser Ala Ser Val Leu Ala Glu Glu Leu His Lys Val
595 600 605

Ile Ala Glu Lys Asp Lys Gln Ile Lys Gln Thr Glu Asp Ser Leu Ala
610 615 620

Ser Glu Arg Asp Arg Leu Thr Ser Lys Glu Glu Glu Leu Lys Asp Ile
625 630 635 640

Gln Asn Met Asn Phe Leu Leu Lys Ala Glu Val Gln Lys Leu Gln Ala
645 650 655

Leu Ala Asn Glu Gln Ala Ala Ala Ala His Glu Leu Glu Lys Met Gln
660 665 670

Gln Ser Val Tyr Val Lys Asp Asp Lys Ile Arg Leu Leu Glu Glu Gln
675 680 685

Leu Gln His Glu Ile Ser Asn Lys Met Glu Glu Phe Lys Ile Leu Asn
690 695 700

Asp Gln Asn Lys Ala Leu Lys Ser Glu Val Gln Lys Leu Gln Thr Leu
705 710 715 720

Val Ser Glu Gln Pro Asn Lys Asp Val Val Glu Gln Met Glu Lys Cys

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725					730					735					
Ile	Gln	Glu	Lys	Asp	Glu	Lys	Leu	Lys	Thr	Val	Glu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Glu
			740					745					750		
Thr	Gly	Leu	Ile	Gln	Val	Ala	Thr	Lys	Glu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ile
		755					760					765			
Arg	Thr	Glu	Asn	Ser	Ser	Leu	Thr	Lys	Glu	Val	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Ala
		770				775					780				
Lys	Gln	Asn	Asp	Gln	Val	Ser	Phe	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val	Glu	Glu	Leu	Lys
785				790						795					800
Lys	Val	Ile	His	Glu	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Ile	Lys	Ser	Val	Glu	Glu	Leu
			805					810							815
Leu	Glu	Ala	Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Val	Ala	Asn	Lys	Glu	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln
			820					825							830
Asp	Leu	Lys	Gln	Glu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Leu	Lys	Glu	Glu	Ile	Gly	Asn	Val
		835					840						845		
Gln	Leu	Glu	Lys	Ala	Gln	Gln	Leu	Ser	Ile	Thr	Ser	Lys	Val	Gln	Glu
850						855									
Leu	Gln	Asn	Leu	Leu	Lys	Gly	Lys	Glu	Glu	Gln	Met	Asn	Thr	Met	Lys
865					870					875					880
Ala	Val	Leu	Glu	Glu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ala	Asn	Thr	Gly	Lys	Trp
				885					890						895
Leu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Gln	Glu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Ser	Leu	Lys	Ala	His	Val	Gln
			900					905							910
Glu	Val	Ala	Gln	His	Asn	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ala	Ser	Gln	Phe
			915					920							925
Glu	Glu	Leu	Glu	Ile	Val	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Glu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Lys	Arg
						935						940			
Leu	Glu	Ala	Met	Leu	Lys	Glu	Arg	Glu	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ser	Ser	Lys	Thr
945					950					955					960
Gln	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asp	Val	Gln	Asp	Glu	Asn	Lys	Leu	Phe	Lys	Ser	Gln
				965						970					975
Ile	Glu	Gln	Leu	Lys	Gln	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Gln	Ala	Ser	Ser	Phe	Pro
			980						985						990
Pro	His	Glu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys	Val	Ile	Ser	Glu	Arg	Glu	Lys	Glu	Ile
				995				1000						1005	
Ser	Gly	Leu	Trp	Asn	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ser	Leu	Lys	Asp	Ala	Val	Glu	
						1015						1020			
His	Gln	Arg	Lys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Asp	Leu	Arg	Glu	Lys	Asn	Trp	Glu	
						1030						1035			
Ala	Met	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	Ser	Thr	Glu	Lys	Met	Leu	Gln	Asp	Lys	
						1045						1050			
Val	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ser	Lys	Glu	Arg	Gln	Gln	Gln	Val	Glu	Ala	Val	
						1060						1065			
Glu	Leu	Glu	Ala	Lys	Glu	Val	Leu	Lys	Lys	Leu	Phe	Pro	Lys	Val	
						1075						1080			
Ser	Val	Pro	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Gly	Glu	Trp	Leu	His	Gly	Phe	
						1090						1095			
Glu	Lys	Lys	Ala	Lys	Glu	Cys	Met	Ala	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ser	Glu	
						1105						1110			
Glu	Val	Lys	Val	Leu	Glu	His	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ala	Asp	Glu	Met	
						1120						1125			
His	Thr	Leu	Leu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Cys	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Ser	Val	Leu	
						1135						1140			

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Ala Glu Thr Glu Gly Ile Leu Gln Lys Leu Gln Arg Ser Val Glu
 1145 1150 1155

Gln Glu Glu Asn Lys Trp Lys Val Lys Val Asp Glu Ser His Lys
 1160 1165 1170

Thr Ile Lys Gln Met Gln Ser Ser Phe Thr Ser Ser Glu Gln Glu
 1175 1180 1185

Leu Glu Arg Leu Arg Ser Glu Asn Lys Asp Ile Glu Asn Leu Arg
 1190 1195 1200

Arg Glu Arg Glu His Leu Glu Met Glu Leu Glu Lys Ala Glu Met
 1205 1210 1215

Glu Arg Ser Thr Tyr Val Thr Glu Val Arg Glu Leu Lys Asp Leu
 1220 1225 1230

Leu Thr Glu Leu Gln Lys Lys Leu Asp Asp Ser Tyr Ser Glu Ala
 1235 1240 1245

Val Arg Gln Asn Glu Glu Leu Asn Leu Leu Lys Ala Gln Leu Asn
 1250 1255 1260

Glu Thr Leu Thr Lys Leu Arg Thr Glu Gln Asn Glu Arg Gln Lys
 1265 1270 1275

Val Ala Gly Asp Leu His Lys Ala Gln Gln Ser Leu Glu Leu Ile
 1280 1285 1290

Gln Ser Lys Ile Val Lys Ala Ala Gly Asp Thr Thr Val Ile Glu
 1295 1300 1305

Asn Ser Asp Val Ser Pro Glu Thr Glu Ser Ser Glu Lys Glu Thr
 1310 1315 1320

Met Ser Val Ser Leu Asn Gln Thr Val Thr Gln Leu Gln Gln Leu
 1325 1330 1335

Leu Gln Ala Val Asn Gln Gln Leu Thr Lys Glu Lys Glu His Tyr
 1340 1345 1350

Gln Val Leu Glu
 1355

<210> SEQ ID NO 65
 <211> LENGTH: 2775
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 65

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gccggtgccg gcctagcgtc ctggaattac ttcaatcaac aggagcgaga acccgagcag      120
cgccatgagc aacctaccg tcgtcccag cactgcaggt cggggcccca gcggcgggcc      180
cggtgccgga ggtggtggtg cggcgggagg cggcggcacc gaggtaatcc aggtgactaa      240
tgtctcccgc agcgtagct ctgagcagat gggactctc ttcggtttcc taggcaagat      300
cgacgaactg cgctcttcc cgccggatga ttcgcctttg ccagtctcat ctcgtgtctg      360
ctttgttaag ttccatgatc cagactcagc agttgtggca cagcatctga caaacactgt      420
attcgttgac agagctttga tagtcgtacc atatgcagaa ggagttatc ctgatgaagc      480
taaagctttg tctctgttgg caccagctaa tgcagtggca ggtcttctgc ctggtggtgg      540
actcctgct actcctaacc cacttaccca gattggcget gttccactgg ctgctttggg      600
ggctcctact ctgatcctg cccttctgct acttgggctt cctggagcaa acttgaactc      660
tcagtctctt gctgcagatc agttgctgaa gcttatgagt actgttgatc ccaagttgaa      720
tcatgtagct gctggtctcg ttccaccaag tctgaaatcg gatacctcta gtaaagaaat      780
agaggaagct atgaaaagag tacgagaagc acagtcctca atttctgctg ctatagaacc      840
    
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Glu Val Ile Gln Val Thr Asn Val Ser Pro Ser Ala Ser Ser Glu Gln
 35 40 45
 Met Arg Thr Leu Phe Gly Phe Leu Gly Lys Ile Asp Glu Leu Arg Leu
 50 55 60
 Phe Pro Pro Asp Asp Ser Pro Leu Pro Val Ser Ser Arg Val Cys Phe
 65 70 75 80
 Val Lys Phe His Asp Pro Asp Ser Ala Val Val Ala Gln His Leu Thr
 85 90 95
 Asn Thr Val Phe Val Asp Arg Ala Leu Ile Val Val Pro Tyr Ala Glu
 100 105 110
 Gly Val Ile Pro Asp Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Ser Leu Leu Ala Pro Ala
 115 120 125
 Asn Ala Val Ala Gly Leu Leu Pro Gly Gly Gly Leu Leu Pro Thr Pro
 130 135 140
 Asn Pro Leu Thr Gln Ile Gly Ala Val Pro Leu Ala Ala Leu Gly Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Thr Leu Asp Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Gly Leu Pro Gly Ala Asn
 165 170 175
 Leu Asn Ser Gln Ser Leu Ala Ala Asp Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Met Ser
 180 185 190
 Thr Val Asp Pro Lys Leu Asn His Val Ala Ala Gly Leu Val Ser Pro
 195 200 205
 Ser Leu Lys Ser Asp Thr Ser Ser Lys Glu Ile Glu Glu Ala Met Lys
 210 215 220
 Arg Val Arg Glu Ala Gln Ser Leu Ile Ser Ala Ala Ile Glu Pro Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Lys Glu Glu Lys Arg Arg His Ser Arg Ser Arg Ser Arg Ser Arg
 245 250 255
 Arg Arg Arg Thr Pro Ser Ser Ser Arg His Arg Arg Ser Arg Ser Arg
 260 265 270
 Ser Arg Arg Arg Ser His Ser Lys Ser Arg Ser Arg Arg Arg Ser Lys
 275 280 285
 Ser Pro Arg Arg Arg Arg Ser His Ser Arg Glu Arg Gly Arg Arg Ser
 290 295 300
 Arg Ser Thr Ser Lys Thr Arg Asp Lys Lys Lys Glu Asp Lys Glu Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Arg Ser Lys Thr Pro Pro Lys Ser Tyr Ser Thr Ala Arg Arg Ser
 325 330 335
 Arg Ser Ala Ser Arg Glu Arg Arg Arg Arg Arg Ser Arg Ser Gly Thr
 340 345 350
 Arg Ser Pro Lys Lys Pro Arg Ser Pro Lys Arg Lys Leu Ser Arg Ser
 355 360 365
 Pro Ser Pro Arg Arg His Lys Lys Glu Lys Lys Lys Asp Lys Asp Lys
 370 375 380
 Glu Arg Ser Arg Asp Glu Arg Glu Arg Ser Thr Ser Lys Lys Lys Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Lys Asp Lys Glu Lys Asp Arg Glu Arg Lys Ser Glu Ser Asp Lys
 405 410 415
 Asp Val Lys Gln Val Thr Arg Asp Tyr Asp Glu Glu Glu Gln Gly Tyr
 420 425 430
 Asp Ser Glu Lys Glu Lys Lys Glu Glu Lys Lys Pro Ile Glu Thr Gly
 435 440 445
 Ser Pro Lys Thr Lys Glu Cys Ser Val Glu Lys Gly Thr Gly Asp Ser

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450	455	460	
Leu Arg Glu Ser Lys Val Asn Gly Asp Asp His His Glu Glu Asp Met			
465	470	475	480
Asp Met Ser Asp			
<210> SEQ ID NO 67			
<211> LENGTH: 1107			
<212> TYPE: DNA			
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens			
<400> SEQUENCE: 67			
gcagaagcgt tccgtgcgtg caagtgctgc gaaccacgtg ggtcccgggc gcgtttcggg			60
tgctggcggc tgcagccgga gttcaaacct aagcagctgg aaggaacct ggccaactgt			120
gagcgtacct tcattgcgat caaacagat ggggtccagc ggggtcttgt gggagagatt			180
atcaagcgtt ttgagcagaa aggattccgc cttgttggtc tgaattcat gcaagcttcc			240
gaagatcttc tcaagaaaca ctacgttgac ctgaaggacc gtccattctt tgccggcctg			300
gtgaaataca tgcactcagg gccggtagtt gccatggtct gggaggggct gaatgtggtg			360
aagacgggccc gagtcatgct cggggagacc aaccctgcag actccaagcc tgggaccatc			420
cgtggagact tctgcataca agttggcagg accatggcca acctggagcg caccttcac			480
gccatcaagc cggacggcgt gcagcgcggc ctggtgggcg agatcatcaa gcgcttcgag			540
cagaagggat tccgcctcgt ggccatgaag ttctccggg cctctgaaga acacctgaag			600
cagcactaca ttgacctgaa agaccgacca ttcttccctg ggctggtgaa gtacatgaac			660
tcagggccgg ttgtggccat ggtctgggag gggctgaacg tgggtaagac aggccgagtg			720
atgcttgggg agaccaatcc agcagattca aagccaggca ccattcgtgg ggacttctgc			780
attcaggttg gcaggaacat cattcatggc agtgattcag taaaaagtgc taaaaaagaa			840
atcagcctat ggtttaagcc tgaagaactg gttgactaca agtcttctgc tcatgactgg			900
gtctatgaat aagaggtgga cacaacagca gtctccttca gcacggcgtg gtgtgtccct			960
ggacacagct cttcattcca ttgacttaga ggcaacagga ttgatcattc ttttatagag			1020
catatttgcc aataaagctt ttggaagccg gaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa			1080
aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa			1107
<210> SEQ ID NO 68			
<211> LENGTH: 267			
<212> TYPE: PRT			
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens			
<400> SEQUENCE: 68			
Met Ala Asn Cys Glu Arg Thr Phe Ile Ala Ile Lys Pro Asp Gly Val			
1	5	10	15
Gln Arg Gly Leu Val Gly Glu Ile Ile Lys Arg Phe Glu Gln Lys Gly			
	20	25	30
Phe Arg Leu Val Gly Leu Lys Phe Met Gln Ala Ser Glu Asp Leu Leu			
	35	40	45
Lys Glu His Tyr Val Asp Leu Lys Asp Arg Pro Phe Phe Ala Gly Leu			
	50	55	60
Val Lys Tyr Met His Ser Gly Pro Val Val Ala Met Val Trp Glu Gly			
65	70	75	80
Leu Asn Val Val Lys Thr Gly Arg Val Met Leu Gly Glu Thr Asn Pro			
	85	90	95
Ala Asp Ser Lys Pro Gly Thr Ile Arg Gly Asp Phe Cys Ile Gln Val			

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	100		105		110	
Gly Arg Thr Met Ala Asn Leu Glu Arg Thr Phe Ile Ala Ile Lys Pro	115		120		125	
Asp Gly Val Gln Arg Gly Leu Val Gly Glu Ile Ile Lys Arg Phe Glu	130		135		140	
Gln Lys Gly Phe Arg Leu Val Ala Met Lys Phe Leu Arg Ala Ser Glu	145		150		155	160
Glu His Leu Lys Gln His Tyr Ile Asp Leu Lys Asp Arg Pro Phe Phe		165		170		175
Pro Gly Leu Val Lys Tyr Met Asn Ser Gly Pro Val Val Ala Met Val		180		185		190
Trp Glu Gly Leu Asn Val Val Lys Thr Gly Arg Val Met Leu Gly Glu		195		200		205
Thr Asn Pro Ala Asp Ser Lys Pro Gly Thr Ile Arg Gly Asp Phe Cys		210		215		220
Ile Gln Val Gly Arg Asn Ile Ile His Gly Ser Asp Ser Val Lys Ser		225		230		235
Ala Glu Lys Glu Ile Ser Leu Trp Phe Lys Pro Glu Glu Leu Val Asp		245		250		255
Tyr Lys Ser Cys Ala His Asp Trp Val Tyr Glu		260		265		

<210> SEQ ID NO 69
 <211> LENGTH: 531
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 69

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ggcagtcctcg cgataactgc gcaggcgccg accaaagcga tctcttctga ggatccggca    60
agatggcaga agtagagcag aagaagaagc ggaccttcgg caagttcacc taccgcggcg    120
tggacctcga ccagctgctg gacatgtcct acgagcagct gatgcagctg tacagtgcgc    180
gccagcggcg gcggctgaac cggggcctgc ggcggaagca gcaactccctg ctgaagcgcc    240
tgcgcaaggc caagaaggag gcgcccga tggagaagcc ggaagtggtg aagacgcacc    300
tgcgggacat gatcacccta cccgagatgg tgggcagcat ggtgggcgct tacaacggca    360
agacctcaa ccaggtggag atcaagccc agatgatcgg ccaactacctg ggcgagttct    420
ccatcaccta caagccgta aagcatggcc ggcccggcat cggggccacc cactctccc    480
gcttcacccc tctcaagtaa tggctcagct aataaaggcg cacatgactc c    531
    
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<210> SEQ ID NO 70
 <211> LENGTH: 145
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 70

Met Ala Glu Val Glu Gln Lys Lys Lys Arg Thr Phe Arg Lys Phe Thr	1	5	10	15
Tyr Arg Gly Val Asp Leu Asp Gln Leu Leu Asp Met Ser Tyr Glu Gln	20	25	30	
Leu Met Gln Leu Tyr Ser Ala Arg Gln Arg Arg Arg Leu Asn Arg Gly	35	40	45	
Leu Arg Arg Lys Gln His Ser Leu Leu Lys Arg Leu Arg Lys Ala Lys	50	55	60	
Lys Glu Ala Pro Pro Met Glu Lys Pro Glu Val Val Lys Thr His Leu	65	70	75	80

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Arg Asp Met Ile Ile Leu Pro Glu Met Val Gly Ser Met Val Gly Val
 85 90 95
 Tyr Asn Gly Lys Thr Phe Asn Gln Val Glu Ile Lys Pro Glu Met Ile
 100 105 110
 Gly His Tyr Leu Gly Glu Phe Ser Ile Thr Tyr Lys Pro Val Lys His
 115 120 125
 Gly Arg Pro Gly Ile Gly Ala Thr His Ser Ser Arg Phe Ile Pro Leu
 130 135 140
 Lys
 145

<210> SEQ ID NO 71
 <211> LENGTH: 10151
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 71

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 cgcgagagacc ccggagcccg cgcgctccga ggccaccctg ggccgggatt tccggtgggg 120
 ccccgggagc cgcgagaggc gaggaggccc cagaccaggc cgccccgcca gccagctgc 180
 acgtaagcgg acgctgcagg agctgaagat ggcgagctcc gtggcgccct acgagcagct 240
 ggtgaggcag gtaggagcct tgaaggctga gaacagccac ctgaggcagg agctaaggga 300
 caactccagc cacctgtcca agctggagac agagacgtcg ggcaggaagg aggtcctgaa 360
 gcacctacag gaaaaactgg agcaggaggc ccgagtgctg gtgtcctcgg ggcagacgga 420
 ggtgctggag cagctgaagg ccctacagat ggacatcacc agcctgtaca acctcaagtt 480
 ccagccgccc acctggggcc cggagcctgc cgccccgacc cccgagggca gccaggtaca 540
 cggctccggg ccctccaagg acagctttgg ggagctgagc cgggccacca tccggtctgt 600
 ggaggaactg gaccgggaac ggtgtttcct gctgaatgag attgagaagg aggagaagga 660
 gaagctctgg tactactctc agctgcaggc cctgtccaag cgctggagc agctgccgca 720
 cgtggagacg cagttctcga tgcagatgga cctgatccgg cagcagcttg agttcgaggc 780
 ccagcacatc cgctcgctga tggaggagcg cttcggcacc tcggacgaga tggtcagcgg 840
 ggcacagatc cgcgctcgc gcctggagca gattgacaag gagctgctgg aggcgcagga 900
 ccgagtcagc cagacggagc cccaggcctt gctggcggtg aagtcggtgc cggtggaaga 960
 ggacccccag acagaggtcc ccacacaccc tgaggatggc acccctcagc cgggcaacag 1020
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 cgccccggcc ccaggggac cgggcgccaa ggacgcacgc atgcgcgcca acgcgggcgt 1260
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 gaacgagcta ggtgggctgc aggcctggc agagctgctg cagggtgact atgagatgca 1560
 caagatgacc cgggacccgc tgaacctggc gctgcgcccg tacgcgggca tgaccctcac 1620
 caacctcacc tttgggagc ttgcccaaca ggccaccctg tgtgcgcccg cgggctgcat 1680

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ggaggccatc gtggcccagc tggcctccga cagtgaggag ctccaccagg tgggtgccag	1740
catccttcgg aacttgtcct ggagggccga catcaacagc aagaaggtgc tgagggaggc	1800
gggcagcgtg actgcccctgg tgcagtggtg cctgcggggc accaaggagt ccaccctgaa	1860
gagcgtgctg agcgcctgtt ggaatctgtc tgcacacagc acagagaaca aggcggccat	1920
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caactcgtg gccatcatcg agagcggcgg cggcatcctc cgcaatgtgt ccagcctcgt	2040
cgccaccctg gaggactaca ggcagggtgt cgggatcac aactgtctgc agacgtgct	2100
gcagcatctg acttcgcaca gcctgacct cgtgagcaac gcgtgcggca cgctctggaa	2160
cctgtcggcc cgcagcggcc gtgaccagga gctgctgtgg gacctgggcg ccgtgggcat	2220
gctgcgtaat ctgggtgca ccaagcaca gatgatcgcc atgggcagcg ccgcccct	2280
gcgcaacctg ctggcccact gcccgcgcaa gcaccaggcg gccgccaccg ccgtgtcccc	2340
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cgcaaggcac ctgcgcagc cgttgagca cctggagaag cagggcccgc cggcagccga	2460
ggccgcccact aagaagccgc tgcgcgccc cgcgacacct gacggcctgg cccaagacta	2520
tgcttccgat tcgggtgctt ttgacgacga cgatgcaccg tcatccctgg ctgcggccgc	2580
ggccaccggg gagccagcca gccctgcgc gctgtccctc ttctgggca gcccttct	2640
gcaggggagc gcctggtct gcaccccgc caccgcccga ggcggcaagg aggcagagaa	2700
ggacaccagt ggggagggc cgtgaggcgc caaggccaag gccaaagtgg cgttgcagt	2760
ggcgcgcatc gaccagctgg tggaggacat ctccgcccgt cacacctcgt ccgacgatag	2820
cttcagcctc agctctggag acccgggaca ggaggcgcca cgggagggcc gcgcccagtc	2880
ctgctcgcca tgcggcgccc cggagggcgg gcggcgagag gcaggaagcc gggcgacccc	2940
gctgctgcgg ctcaaggcgg cccaogccc cctctccaac gacagcctca acagcggcag	3000
tgccagcgac gggtaactgc caccgcaaca tatgctgccc tgcccgtgg ccgcactggc	3060
ttcgcggcgc gaggacccca ggtgtgggca gcctcggccc agccggcttg accttgacct	3120
gcccggctgc caggccgagc ccccggccc cagggccacc tcccgcgacg cccgcgtgcg	3180
caccatcaag ctgtgcctc cctatcagca cgtgccactg cttgagggtg cctcaagggc	3240
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<210> SEQ ID NO 72
<211> LENGTH: 2303
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 72

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Ser Ser His Leu Ser Lys Leu Glu Thr Glu Thr Ser Gly Met Lys Glu
35        40        45
Val Leu Lys His Leu Gln Gly Lys Leu Glu Gln Glu Ala Arg Val Leu
50        55        60
Val Ser Ser Gly Gln Thr Glu Val Leu Glu Gln Leu Lys Ala Leu Gln
65        70        75        80
Met Asp Ile Thr Ser Leu Tyr Asn Leu Lys Phe Gln Pro Pro Thr Leu
85        90        95
Gly Pro Glu Pro Ala Ala Arg Thr Pro Glu Gly Ser Pro Val His Gly
100       105       110
Ser Gly Pro Ser Lys Asp Ser Phe Gly Glu Leu Ser Arg Ala Thr Ile
115      120      125
Arg Leu Leu Glu Glu Leu Asp Arg Glu Arg Cys Phe Leu Leu Asn Glu
130      135      140
Ile Glu Lys Glu Glu Lys Glu Lys Leu Trp Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Leu Gln

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His Ile Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Glu Arg Phe Gly Thr Ser Asp Glu Met	195	200	205
Val Gln Arg Ala Gln Ile Arg Ala Ser Arg Leu Glu Gln Ile Asp Lys	210	215	220
Glu Leu Leu Glu Ala Gln Asp Arg Val Gln Gln Thr Glu Pro Gln Ala	225	230	240
Leu Leu Ala Val Lys Ser Val Pro Val Asp Glu Asp Pro Glu Thr Glu	245	250	255
Val Pro Thr His Pro Glu Asp Gly Thr Pro Gln Pro Gly Asn Ser Lys	260	265	270
Val Glu Val Val Phe Trp Leu Leu Ser Met Leu Ala Thr Arg Asp Gln	275	280	285
Glu Asp Thr Ala Arg Thr Leu Leu Ala Met Ser Ser Pro Glu Ser	290	295	300
Cys Val Ala Met Arg Arg Ser Gly Cys Leu Pro Leu Leu Leu Gln Ile	305	310	320
Leu His Gly Thr Glu Ala Ala Ala Gly Gly Arg Ala Gly Ala Pro Gly	325	330	335
Ala Pro Gly Ala Lys Asp Ala Arg Met Arg Ala Asn Ala Ala Leu His	340	345	350
Asn Ile Val Phe Ser Gln Pro Asp Gln Gly Leu Ala Arg Lys Glu Met	355	360	365
Arg Val Leu His Val Leu Glu Gln Ile Arg Ala Tyr Cys Glu Thr Cys	370	375	380
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Gly Ser Ala Pro Ile Pro Ile Glu Pro Gln Ile Cys Gln Ala Thr Cys	405	410	415
Ala Val Met Lys Leu Ser Phe Asp Glu Glu Tyr Arg Arg Ala Met Asn	420	425	430
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Glu Met His Lys Met Thr Arg Asp Pro Leu Asn Leu Ala Leu Arg Arg	450	455	460
Tyr Ala Gly Met Thr Leu Thr Asn Leu Thr Phe Gly Asp Val Ala Asn	465	470	475
Lys Ala Thr Leu Cys Ala Arg Arg Gly Cys Met Glu Ala Ile Val Ala	485	490	495
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Arg Glu Ala Gly Ser Val Thr Ala Leu Val Gln Cys Val Leu Arg Ala	530	535	540
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Thr Ser	Glu Leu Ala Thr	Leu	Ser Gln Pro Pro	Arg	Ser Ala Thr
1850		1855		1860	
Pro Pro	Ala Arg Leu Ala	Lys	Thr Pro Ser Ser	Ser	Ser Ser Gln
1865		1870		1875	
Thr Ser	Pro Ala Ser Gln	Pro	Leu Pro Arg Lys	Arg	Pro Pro Val
1880		1885		1890	
Thr Gln	Ala Ala Gly Ala	Leu	Pro Gly Pro Gly	Ala	Ser Pro Val
1895		1900		1905	
Pro Lys	Thr Pro Ala Arg	Thr	Leu Leu Ala Lys	Gln	His Lys Thr
1910		1915		1920	
Gln Arg	Ser Pro Val Arg	Ile	Pro Phe Met Gln	Arg	Pro Ala Arg
1925		1930		1935	
Arg Gly	Pro Pro Pro Leu	Ala	Arg Ala Val Pro	Glu	Pro Gly Pro
1940		1945		1950	
Arg Gly	Arg Ala Gly Thr	Glu	Ala Gly Pro Gly	Ala	Arg Gly Gly
1955		1960		1965	
Arg Leu	Gly Leu Val Arg	Val	Ala Ser Ala Leu	Ser	Ser Gly Ser
1970		1975		1980	
Glu Ser	Ser Asp Arg Ser	Gly	Phe Arg Arg Gln	Leu	Thr Phe Ile
1985		1990		1995	
Lys Glu	Ser Pro Gly Leu	Arg	Arg Arg Arg Ser	Glu	Leu Ser Ser
2000		2005		2010	
Ala Glu	Ser Ala Ala Ser	Ala	Pro Gln Gly Ala	Ser	Pro Arg Arg
2015		2020		2025	
Gly Arg	Pro Ala Leu Pro	Ala	Val Phe Leu Cys	Ser	Ser Arg Cys
2030		2035		2040	
Glu Glu	Leu Arg Ala Ala	Pro	Arg Gln Gly Pro	Ala	Pro Ala Arg
2045		2050		2055	
Gln Arg	Pro Pro Ala Ala	Arg	Pro Ser Pro Gly	Glu	Arg Pro Ala
2060		2065		2070	
Arg Arg	Thr Thr Ser Glu	Ser	Pro Ser Arg Leu	Pro	Val Arg Ala
2075		2080		2085	
Pro Ala	Ala Arg Pro Glu	Thr	Val Lys Arg Tyr	Ala	Ser Leu Pro
2090		2095		2100	
His Ile	Ser Val Ala Arg	Arg	Pro Asp Gly Ala	Val	Pro Ala Ala
2105		2110		2115	
Pro Ala	Ser Ala Asp Ala	Ala	Arg Arg Ser Ser	Asp	Gly Glu Pro
2120		2125		2130	
Arg Pro	Leu Pro Arg Val	Ala	Ala Pro Gly Thr	Thr	Trp Arg Arg
2135		2140		2145	
Ile Arg	Asp Glu Asp Val	Pro	His Ile Leu Arg	Ser	Thr Leu Pro
2150		2155		2160	
Ala Thr	Ala Leu Pro Leu	Arg	Gly Ser Thr Pro	Glu	Asp Ala Pro
2165		2170		2175	
Ala Gly	Pro Pro Pro Arg	Lys	Thr Ser Asp Ala	Val	Val Gln Thr
2180		2185		2190	
Glu Glu	Val Ala Ala Pro	Lys	Thr Asn Ser Ser	Thr	Ser Pro Ser
2195		2200		2205	

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Leu Glu Thr Arg Glu Pro Pro Gly Ala Pro Ala Gly Gly Gln Leu
 2210 2215 2220
 Ser Leu Leu Gly Ser Asp Val Asp Gly Pro Ser Leu Ala Lys Ala
 2225 2230 2235
 Pro Ile Ser Ala Pro Phe Val His Glu Gly Leu Gly Val Ala Val
 2240 2245 2250
 Gly Gly Phe Pro Ala Ser Arg His Gly Ser Pro Ser Arg Ser Ala
 2255 2260 2265
 Arg Val Pro Pro Phe Asn Tyr Val Pro Ser Pro Met Val Val Ala
 2270 2275 2280
 Ala Thr Thr Asp Ser Ala Ala Glu Lys Ala Pro Ala Thr Ala Ser
 2285 2290 2295
 Ala Thr Leu Leu Glu
 2300

<210> SEQ ID NO 73
 <211> LENGTH: 2636
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 73

caccactag aaagccacc gggtttctct tcatcccaaa cgctcctcac ctageccctg 60
 tctgagggt gccctaacc ctggagccag ctttaaagg gcaggccct tctcctgccc 120
 cagcccagc cccaccacc gggcccacat tctcctctt ccaggccag cgctcctca 180
 cagaactccc ccgacacttg tctcctcgc tcgcccctc cttccagcc acagctagag 240
 gtcccgggcg cacctgcaga gccggaggct tgctggggca tgcctccat gaaggctctg 300
 cagaaggccc tgagccgggc tggcagtcac tgcgggcgag gaggctgggg tcacccgagc 360
 cggagccccc tccttggcgg gggcgtccgg caccacctca gtgaggccgc ggcgcagggc 420
 agagagacgc cacacagcca ccagcccgag caccaggatc atgattcatc agaaagtggc 480
 atgctgtccc gcctgggtga tttgctcttt tacactattg ctgaaggaca ggaacgaatc 540
 cctatccaca agttcaccac tgcactaaag gccactggac tgcagacatc agatcctcgg 600
 ctccgagact gcatgagcga gatgcaccgc gtggtecaag agtccagtag tggggcctc 660
 ttggaccgag atctcttccg aaagtgtgtg agcagcaaca ttgtgctcct gaccaggca 720
 ttccgaaaga agtttgcata tcctgatttt gaggagtcca cgggccatgt ggatcgcac 780
 tttgaggatg tcaaagagct cactggaggc aaagtggcag cctacatccc tcagctggcc 840
 aagtcaaacc cagacctgtg ggggtgtctc ctgtgcactg tggatgttca acggcactct 900
 gtgggccaca caaagatccc cttctgcctg cagtctctgt tgaagccct cacctatgcc 960
 atctccataa gcaccctagg cactgactac gtgcacaagt ttgtgggcaa agagccaagt 1020
 ggctgcgct acaacaagct ctccctcaat gaggaaggaa tccccataa cccatggtc 1080
 aatgctggtg ccattgttgt cagctccctg atcaagatgg actgtaacaa agcagagaag 1140
 tttgattttg tgttgcagta tctcaacaaa atggctggga atgaatacat gggtttcagc 1200
 aatgccacat tccagtcaga gaaggaaaca ggggatcgga attatgcat cgctattat 1260
 ctcaaggaaa agaagtgctt tcctaagggg gtggacatga tggctgccct tgatctctac 1320
 ttccagctgt gttctgtgga ggtcacttgt gaatcaggca gtgtcatggc agccaccctc 1380
 gccaacggtg gcatctgccc caccacaggc gagagtgtgc tgagtgtga agcagtgccc 1440
 aacacctca gcctcatgca ttccctgggc atgtatgact tctctggcca gtttgccttc 1500

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cacgtgggcc tgccagccaa gtcagctgta tcaggagcca tcctctggt ggtaccaat 1560
gtcatgggaa tgatgtgcct gtcaccccca ttggacaagc tggggaacag ccataggggg 1620
accagcttct gccagaagtt ggtgtctctc tccaatttcc acaactatga caacctgagg 1680
cactgtgctc ggaagttaga cccacggcgt gaaggggcag aaattcggaa caagactgtg 1740
gtcaacctgt tatttgctgc ctatagtggc gatgtctcag ctcttcgaag gtttgcttg 1800
tcagccatgg atatggaaca gaaagactat gactcgcgca cagctctgca tgttgctgca 1860
gctgaaggac acatcgaagt tgtaaattc ctgatcgagg cttgcaaagt gaatcctttt 1920
gccaaggaca ggtggggcaa cattcccctg gatgatgctg tgcagttcaa ccatctggag 1980
gtggtcaaac tgcttcaaga ttaccaggac tcctacacac tctctgaaac tcaggctgag 2040
gcagcagctg aggccctgtc caaagagaac ttagaaagca tggtatgagc acaggtcatg 2100
gacagcccct gctcaagaaa aagcatgagc tggccacaca tgtaatccat aaccacaaa 2160
aatactatgg agagctacac tgcttcagtg gggaccaagc agtcatttg tgacttaggc 2220
tagtgctttc tatgggagtc aaaatacccc attccctcag cagacagagt acagagaagg 2280
gcctcagagg acacctgcag tacagctatc cagagagact gggcttcaag gtacagccta 2340
atggcttgcc ccaactcaaaa ccateccagc tcttcacca ggtctctct tctctecct 2400
gaagaaacca tcatgagaga gatactctgg tggagggact ctagtacca tgcacatgta 2460
catatccaca gaatatggga agtgggaatg gctatataca tggctttagt agtctggaga 2520
aatctactcc ccttgccag gacatgtgct tgctactgct aacagccaat tttatagaca 2580
gagaaagtat tttgtgttca aataaacttt aattacaaa tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 2636

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<210> SEQ ID NO 74
<211> LENGTH: 602
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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<400> SEQUENCE: 74

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Met Arg Ser Met Lys Ala Leu Gln Lys Ala Leu Ser Arg Ala Gly Ser
1          5          10          15
His Cys Gly Arg Gly Gly Trp Gly His Pro Ser Arg Ser Pro Leu Leu
20        25        30
Gly Gly Gly Val Arg His His Leu Ser Glu Ala Ala Ala Gln Gly Arg
35        40        45
Glu Thr Pro His Ser His Gln Pro Gln His Gln Asp His Asp Ser Ser
50        55        60
Glu Ser Gly Met Leu Ser Arg Leu Gly Asp Leu Leu Phe Tyr Thr Ile
65        70        75        80
Ala Glu Gly Gln Glu Arg Ile Pro Ile His Lys Phe Thr Thr Ala Leu
85        90        95
Lys Ala Thr Gly Leu Gln Thr Ser Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg Asp Cys Met
100       105       110
Ser Glu Met His Arg Val Val Gln Glu Ser Ser Ser Gly Gly Leu Leu
115       120       125
Asp Arg Asp Leu Phe Arg Lys Cys Val Ser Ser Asn Ile Val Leu Leu
130       135       140
Thr Gln Ala Phe Arg Lys Lys Phe Val Ile Pro Asp Phe Glu Glu Phe
145       150       155       160
Thr Gly His Val Asp Arg Ile Phe Glu Asp Val Lys Glu Leu Thr Gly
165       170       175
Gly Lys Val Ala Ala Tyr Ile Pro Gln Leu Ala Lys Ser Asn Pro Asp

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180				185				190							
Leu	Trp	Gly	Val	Ser	Leu	Cys	Thr	Val	Asp	Gly	Gln	Arg	His	Ser	Val
	195						200					205			
Gly	His	Thr	Lys	Ile	Pro	Phe	Cys	Leu	Gln	Ser	Cys	Val	Lys	Pro	Leu
	210					215					220				
Thr	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ser	Thr	Leu	Gly	Thr	Asp	Tyr	Val	His	Lys
	225				230					235				240	
Phe	Val	Gly	Lys	Glu	Pro	Ser	Gly	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Asn	Lys	Leu	Ser	Leu
			245						250					255	
Asn	Glu	Glu	Gly	Ile	Pro	His	Asn	Pro	Met	Val	Asn	Ala	Gly	Ala	Ile
			260					265					270		
Val	Val	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ile	Lys	Met	Asp	Cys	Asn	Lys	Ala	Glu	Lys	Phe
		275					280					285			
Asp	Phe	Val	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Lys	Met	Ala	Gly	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Met
	290					295					300				
Gly	Phe	Ser	Asn	Ala	Thr	Phe	Gln	Ser	Glu	Lys	Glu	Thr	Gly	Asp	Arg
	305				310					315				320	
Asn	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Glu	Lys	Lys	Cys	Phe	Pro	Lys
			325						330					335	
Gly	Val	Asp	Met	Met	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asp	Leu	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Cys	Ser
			340					345						350	
Val	Glu	Val	Thr	Cys	Glu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Met	Ala	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ala
		355					360						365		
Asn	Gly	Gly	Ile	Cys	Pro	Ile	Thr	Gly	Glu	Ser	Val	Leu	Ser	Ala	Glu
	370					375					380				
Ala	Val	Arg	Asn	Thr	Leu	Ser	Leu	Met	His	Ser	Cys	Gly	Met	Tyr	Asp
	385				390					395					400
Phe	Ser	Gly	Gln	Phe	Ala	Phe	His	Val	Gly	Leu	Pro	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ala
			405						410					415	
Val	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ile	Leu	Leu	Val	Val	Pro	Asn	Val	Met	Gly	Met	Met
			420					425						430	
Cys	Leu	Ser	Pro	Pro	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Gly	Asn	Ser	His	Arg	Gly	Thr
		435					440						445		
Ser	Phe	Cys	Gln	Lys	Leu	Val	Ser	Leu	Phe	Asn	Phe	His	Asn	Tyr	Asp
	450					455					460				
Asn	Leu	Arg	His	Cys	Ala	Arg	Lys	Leu	Asp	Pro	Arg	Arg	Glu	Gly	Ala
	465				470					475				480	
Glu	Ile	Arg	Asn	Lys	Thr	Val	Val	Asn	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Ser
			485						490					495	
Gly	Asp	Val	Ser	Ala	Leu	Arg	Arg	Phe	Ala	Leu	Ser	Ala	Met	Asp	Met
			500					505						510	
Glu	Gln	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Val	Ala	Ala	Ala
		515					520					525			
Glu	Gly	His	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Glu	Ala	Cys	Lys	Val
	530					535					540				
Asn	Pro	Phe	Ala	Lys	Asp	Arg	Trp	Gly	Asn	Ile	Pro	Leu	Asp	Asp	Ala
	545				550					555				560	
Val	Gln	Phe	Asn	His	Leu	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Gln	Asp	Tyr	Gln
			565						570					575	
Asp	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ser	Glu	Thr	Gln	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ala
			580					585						590	
Leu	Ser	Lys	Glu	Asn	Leu	Glu	Ser	Met	Val						
		595					600								

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<210> SEQ ID NO 75
 <211> LENGTH: 1231
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 75

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cgactctcac gtgaccagga gtcgacgtgt gcagaagtcc ttatagtcca gggcctgttt    60
ccctgtagca gctccttatt gctggagaag gagaaaagtg cccaagatcc tttcaggata    120
tttggttttt tgggcgcgac acaaatcgag gtgaggggaag agagaggaaa atccccgaa    180
tcctgcaggg attaatattt tcaaaaagga aataaaaaat actcaatatg caaaagtctt    240
gtgaagaaaa tgagggaaaa ccacagaaca tgccaaaggc cgaggaagat cgccttttgg    300
aggatgtacc acaggaggca gaaggaaatc ctcaaccttc cgaagaaggc gtaagccagg    360
aagcagaagg aaaccccgca ggagggcgca atcagcctgg ccagggattt aaagaggaca    420
caccctgttag gcatttggac cctgaagaaa tgataagagg agtagatgag cttgaaaggc    480
ttaggaaga gataagaaga gtaagaaaca agtttgtgat gatgcattgg aagcaagac    540
attcacgcag cegtccttat cctgtgtgct ttaggccttg aattcatttt tgccataat    600
taaaatctgg ccccagcttt cttctgttta gcattttctg atgtatcttt gacctccatt    660
ttacttttaa tcactctgatg aaattttgtt ttaggtaatt tccttggtac cagcatctca    720
ttggattttg gattttgacc cattttccag gtctatcttt caattggaaa ctttcacaca    780
tttgcatggg aatattgttc ttccatgttg taaagtaaaa cataacaggt tatggcaaa    840
cagcatattt aatatacagc cacatatgta ggataaaatt ccaaactttg tgtgtgtgcg    900
tgtgtgtata catacatcca tataacatat atcacaaact taaccaagct tatttctgtg    960
tgggtgtaaa ttttatttgg tttctctctt ttgttctttt tgcttatatg tactttttaa    1020
tgaacacgtg tctcacacac aaaaagaatt aaggattttt tttacaagta agagtcaaat    1080
aatttgcaac cagcttatga gggcaatggg ggcacctaaa ctcttgatga aagaacttta    1140
aaaagaaatg taaacctcaa attacctctg gatctcttag ccagaggaat aaactggcaa    1200
ttattacaga taaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a                                     1231
    
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 76
 <211> LENGTH: 117
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 76

```

Met Gln Lys Ser Cys Glu Glu Asn Glu Gly Lys Pro Gln Asn Met Pro
1           5           10           15

Lys Ala Glu Glu Asp Arg Pro Leu Glu Asp Val Pro Gln Glu Ala Glu
20           25           30

Gly Asn Pro Gln Pro Ser Glu Glu Gly Val Ser Gln Glu Ala Glu Gly
35           40           45

Asn Pro Arg Gly Gly Pro Asn Gln Pro Gly Gln Gly Phe Lys Glu Asp
50           55           60

Thr Pro Val Arg His Leu Asp Pro Glu Glu Met Ile Arg Gly Val Asp
65           70           75           80

Glu Leu Glu Arg Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Arg Arg Val Arg Asn Lys Phe
85           90           95

Val Met Met His Trp Lys Gln Arg His Ser Arg Ser Arg Pro Tyr Pro
100          105          110

Val Cys Phe Arg Pro
    
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115

<210> SEQ ID NO 77
 <211> LENGTH: 2213
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 77

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gogggactcg gccttctggg cgcgcgcgac gtcagtttga gttctgtgtt ctccccgccc   60
gtgtcccccc cgacccegcg ccgcgatgct ggcgctgcgc tgcggctccc gctggctcgg   120
cctgtctctc gtccccgcgt ccgtgccgct gcgcctcccc gggccccgcg cctgcagcaa   180
gggtcccgcc gacccegtcct ctctctctc ctccgggaac ccgctcgtgt acctggacgt   240
ggagcccaac ggaagccgcg tcggccgcgt ggtgctggag ctgaaggcag atgtctctcc   300
aaagacagct gagaacttca gagccctgtg cactggtgag aagggcttcg gctacaaagg   360
ctccacctc cacagggtga tcccttcctt catgtgccag gcggcgact tcaccaacca   420
caatggcaca ggcgggaagt ccatctacgg aagccgcttt cctgacgaga actttacact   480
gaagcacgtg gggccagggt tcctgtccat ggctaagtct ggtcctaaca ccaacggctc   540
ccagttcttc atctgcacca taaagacaga ctggttggat ggcaagcatg ttgtgttcgg   600
tcacgtcaaa gagggcatgg acgtcgtgaa gaaaatagaa tcttctggct ctaagagtgg   660
gaggacatcc aagaagattg tcatcacaga ctgtggccag ttgagctaat ctgtggccag   720
ggtgctggca tggtgccagc tgcaaatgtc catgcacca ggtggccgcg ttgggtgtc   780
agccaagggt cctgaaacga tacgtgtgcc cactccaactg tcacagtgtg cctgaggaag   840
gctgctaggg atgttagacc tcggccagga cccaccacat tgettccctaa taccaccct   900
tcctcacgac ctcaattctg ggcactcttg tggacatgat gtcaccacc ccttgtcaag   960
cattgctgtg gattgcccag ccagattca tctgtgcctt ggacatggtg atggtgatgg 1020
gttccatcc aagtgaagt ttttctctg accaaggggg acagtcagtt ttgcaaaagg 1080
actctaatac ctgtttaata ttgtcttctt aattgggata atttaattaa caagattgac 1140
tagaagtga actgcaaac taacttcccc gtgctgtggt gtgacctgag ttggtgacac 1200
aggccacaga cccagagct tggcttttga aacacaactc agggcttttg tgaaggttcc 1260
cccgtgaga tcttctctcc tggttactgt gaagcctggt ggtttctgc tctcgttttt 1320
gaggagggcc catgggggta ggagcagttg aaacctggaa caaacctcac ttgagctgtg 1380
cctagacaat gtgaattcct gtgttgctaa cagaagtggc ctgtaagctc ctgtgctccg 1440
gagggaaagca tttcctggta ggctttgatt tttctgtgtg ttaaagaaat tcaatctact 1500
catgatgtgt tatgcataaa acatttctgg aacatggatt tgtgttcacc ttaaatgtga 1560
aaataaatcc tattttctat ggaagactgg tacctggttt ctggaagagg ggtctgtgac 1620
ttggagctga tctttactga gctcgcctg gcagatgcca tgctcaggac gttcatgtgg 1680
atggtttcat gtcacgtgct tggcaacttg tcctccctgc cttagagatg aggctcagac 1740
aaacgacctt agcacccata gcctatgcca tgagcactgg ctccacctg aatcccagct 1800
cctcccccta gtgaccccaa gtctgtttcc ctacagctgca taaggaggcg atatagtgtg 1860
aatatttctc cccagccaaa tctcatgttg aactgtaatc cccagtgtct gaggtggggc 1920
ctgctacgag gtgtttggat catggggacg ggtatttcat ggcttgggtc tgttttcttg 1980
atggtgaatt attgcaagat acggtcattt aaaattgtgt ggcacctccc cctgccccct 2040
tcttgctcct gctttcaaca tgtgacatgc ctgatecccc ttcacctttt gccatggtea 2100

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taagcttct gagcctccc tggaagctga gcagatgccca gcaccatgct tctgtacat 2160
 cctgcagaac cataagccaa ttaaaccttt ttaataataa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 2213

<210> SEQ ID NO 78
 <211> LENGTH: 207
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 78

Met Leu Ala Leu Arg Cys Gly Ser Arg Trp Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Val
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Arg Ser Val Pro Leu Arg Leu Pro Ala Ala Arg Ala Cys Ser Lys
 20 25 30
 Gly Ser Gly Asp Pro Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Gly Asn Pro Leu Val
 35 40 45
 Tyr Leu Asp Val Asp Ala Asn Gly Lys Pro Leu Gly Arg Val Val Leu
 50 55 60
 Glu Leu Lys Ala Asp Val Val Pro Lys Thr Ala Glu Asn Phe Arg Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Cys Thr Gly Glu Lys Gly Phe Gly Tyr Lys Gly Ser Thr Phe His
 85 90 95
 Arg Val Ile Pro Ser Phe Met Cys Gln Ala Gly Asp Phe Thr Asn His
 100 105 110
 Asn Gly Thr Gly Gly Lys Ser Ile Tyr Gly Ser Arg Phe Pro Asp Glu
 115 120 125
 Asn Phe Thr Leu Lys His Val Gly Pro Gly Val Leu Ser Met Ala Asn
 130 135 140
 Ala Gly Pro Asn Thr Asn Gly Ser Gln Phe Phe Ile Cys Thr Ile Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Asp Trp Leu Asp Gly Lys His Val Val Phe Gly His Val Lys Glu
 165 170 175
 Gly Met Asp Val Val Lys Lys Ile Glu Ser Phe Gly Ser Lys Ser Gly
 180 185 190
 Arg Thr Ser Lys Lys Ile Val Ile Thr Asp Cys Gly Gln Leu Ser
 195 200 205

<210> SEQ ID NO 79
 <211> LENGTH: 1668
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

atgccctca ttacataaa tattatacta gcatttacca tctcacttct aggaatacta 60
 gtatatacgt cacacctcat atctcccta ctatgcctag aaggaataat actatcgctg 120
 ttcattatag ctactctcat aacctcaac acccactccc tcttagccaa tattgtgct 180
 attgccatac tagtctttgc cgctgcgaa gcagcgggtgg gcctagccct actagtctca 240
 atctccaaca catatggcct agactacgta cataacctaa acctactcca atgctaaaa 300
 taatcgtoecc aacaattata ttactaccac tgacatgact ttccaaaaaa cacataattt 360
 gaatcaaacac aaccacccac agcctaatta ttagcatcat cctctacta ttttttaacc 420
 aatcaacaa caacctatgt agctgttccc caaccttttc ctccgacccc ctaacaaccc 480
 ccctcctaact actaactacc tgactcctac cctcacaat catggcaagc caacgccact 540
 tatccagtga accactatca cgaaaaaac tctactctc tatactaate tcctacaaa 600
 tctccttaat tataacattc acagccacag aactaatcat attttatc ttcttcgaaa 660

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ccacacttat ccccaccttg gctatcatca ccgatgagg caaccagecca gaacgcctga 720
acgcaggcac atacttccta ttctacaccc tagtaggctc cctccccta ctcatcgcac 780
taatttacac tcacaacacc ctaggctcac taaacattct actactcact ctcaactgcc 840
aagaactatc aaactcctga gccataaact taatatgact agcttacaca atagctttta 900
tagtaaagat acctctttac ggactccact tatgactccc taaagcccat gtcgaagccc 960
ccatcgctgg gtcaatagta cttgcccag tactcttaaa actaggcggc tatggtataa 1020
tacgcctcac actcattctc aaccccctga caaacacat agcctacccc ttcttctgac 1080
tatccctatg aggcataatt ataacaagct ccatctgcct acgacaaaaca gacctaaaat 1140
cgctcattgc atactcttca atcagccaca tagccctcgt agtaacagcc attctcatcc 1200
aaaccccctg aagcttcacc ggcgcagtca ttctcataat cgcccacggg cttacatcct 1260
cattactatt ctgcctagca aactcaaaact acgaacgcac tcacagtcgc atcataatcc 1320
tctctcaagg acttcaaaact ctactcccac taatagcttt ttgatgactt ctagcaagcc 1380
tcgctaaact cgccttacc cccactatta acctactggg agaactctct gtgctagtaa 1440
ccacgttctc ctgatcaaat atcactctcc tacttacagg actcaacata ctagtccacag 1500
ccctatactc cctctacata tttaccacaa cacaatgggg ctcaactcacc caccacatta 1560
acaacataaa accctcattc acacgagaaa acaccctcat gttcatacac ctatccccca 1620
ttctctctct atccctcaac cccgacatca ttaccggggtt ttctctct 1668

```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 80
<211> LENGTH: 459
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<400> SEQUENCE: 80

```

```

Met Leu Lys Leu Ile Val Pro Thr Ile Met Leu Leu Pro Leu Thr Trp
1 5 10 15
Leu Ser Lys Lys His Met Ile Trp Ile Asn Thr Thr Thr His Ser Leu
20 25 30
Ile Ile Ser Ile Ile Pro Leu Leu Phe Phe Asn Gln Ile Asn Asn Asn
35 40 45
Leu Phe Ser Cys Ser Pro Thr Phe Ser Ser Asp Pro Leu Thr Thr Pro
50 55 60
Leu Leu Met Leu Thr Thr Trp Leu Leu Pro Leu Thr Ile Met Ala Ser
65 70 75 80
Gln Arg His Leu Ser Ser Glu Pro Leu Ser Arg Lys Lys Leu Tyr Leu
85 90 95
Ser Met Leu Ile Ser Leu Gln Ile Ser Leu Ile Met Thr Phe Thr Ala
100 105 110
Thr Glu Leu Ile Met Phe Tyr Ile Phe Phe Glu Thr Thr Leu Ile Pro
115 120 125
Thr Leu Ala Ile Ile Thr Arg Trp Gly Asn Gln Pro Glu Arg Leu Asn
130 135 140
Ala Gly Thr Tyr Phe Leu Phe Tyr Thr Leu Val Gly Ser Leu Pro Leu
145 150 155 160
Leu Ile Ala Leu Ile Tyr Thr His Asn Thr Leu Gly Ser Leu Asn Ile
165 170 175
Leu Leu Leu Thr Leu Thr Ala Gln Glu Leu Ser Asn Ser Trp Ala Asn
180 185 190
Asn Leu Met Trp Leu Ala Tyr Thr Met Ala Phe Met Val Lys Met Pro

```

-continued

195				200				205							
Leu	Tyr	Gly	Leu	His	Leu	Trp	Leu	Pro	Lys	Ala	His	Val	Glu	Ala	Pro
210						215					220				
Ile	Ala	Gly	Ser	Met	Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Val	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Gly	Gly
225					230					235					240
Tyr	Gly	Met	Met	Arg	Leu	Thr	Leu	Ile	Leu	Asn	Pro	Leu	Thr	Lys	His
				245						250				255	
Met	Ala	Tyr	Pro	Phe	Leu	Val	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Gly	Met	Ile	Met	Thr
				260						265				270	
Ser	Ser	Ile	Cys	Leu	Arg	Gln	Thr	Asp	Leu	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ala	Tyr
		275					280							285	
Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	His	Met	Ala	Leu	Val	Val	Thr	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ile	Gln
		290				295					300				
Thr	Pro	Trp	Ser	Phe	Thr	Gly	Ala	Val	Ile	Leu	Met	Ile	Ala	His	Gly
305					310						315				320
Leu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Leu	Leu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Ala	Asn	Ser	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Arg
				325						330				335	
Thr	His	Ser	Arg	Ile	Met	Ile	Leu	Ser	Gln	Gly	Leu	Gln	Thr	Leu	Leu
			340						345					350	
Pro	Leu	Met	Ala	Phe	Trp	Trp	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ala	Asn	Leu	Ala
		355					360						365		
Leu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Ile	Asn	Leu	Leu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Thr
		370				375								380	
Thr	Phe	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asn	Ile	Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gly	Leu	Asn	Met
385					390					395					400
Leu	Val	Thr	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Met	Phe	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gln	Trp
			405						410					415	
Gly	Ser	Leu	Thr	His	His	Ile	Asn	Asn	Met	Lys	Pro	Ser	Phe	Thr	Arg
			420						425					430	
Glu	Asn	Thr	Leu	Met	Phe	Met	His	Leu	Ser	Pro	Ile	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ser
		435					440							445	
Leu	Asn	Pro	Asp	Ile	Ile	Thr	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ser					
		450				455									

<210> SEQ ID NO 81
 <211> LENGTH: 628
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 81

```

tgaccacctt cegttacttg ctgctggagga ccgtgggcag ccagggtcgg tgaaggatcc    60
caaaatggct gggcgaaaac ttgctctaaa aaccattgac tgggtagctt ttgcagagat    120
cataccccag aaccaaaggg ccattgctag ttcctgaaa tctggaatg agaccctcac    180
ctccagggtg gctgctttac ctgagaatcc accagctatc gactgggctt actacaaggc    240
caatgtggcc aaggctggct tgggtgatga ctttgagaag aagttaatg cgctgaaggt    300
tcccgtgcca gaggataaat atactgcca ggtggatgcc gaagaaaaag aagatgtgaa    360
atcttgtgct gagtgggtgt ctctctcaaa ggccaggatt gtagaatatg agaaagagat    420
ggagaagatg aagaacttaa ttccatttga tcagatgacc attgaggact tgaatgaagc    480
tttcccagaa accaaattag acaagaaaa gtatccctat tggcctcacc aaccaattga    540
gaatttataa aattgagtc aggaggaagc tctggccctt gtattacaca ttctggacat    600
taaaaataat aattatacag ttaaaaaa
    628
    
```

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<210> SEQ ID NO 82
 <211> LENGTH: 161
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

```

Met Ala Gly Arg Lys Leu Ala Leu Lys Thr Ile Asp Trp Val Ala Phe
1           5           10           15
Ala Glu Ile Ile Pro Gln Asn Gln Lys Ala Ile Ala Ser Ser Leu Lys
20           25           30
Ser Trp Asn Glu Thr Leu Thr Ser Arg Leu Ala Ala Leu Pro Glu Asn
35           40           45
Pro Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Ala Asn Val Ala Lys Ala
50           55           60
Gly Leu Val Asp Asp Phe Glu Lys Lys Phe Asn Ala Leu Lys Val Pro
65           70           75           80
Val Pro Glu Asp Lys Tyr Thr Ala Gln Val Asp Ala Glu Glu Lys Glu
85           90           95
Asp Val Lys Ser Cys Ala Glu Trp Val Ser Leu Ser Lys Ala Arg Ile
100          105          110
Val Glu Tyr Glu Lys Glu Met Glu Lys Met Lys Asn Leu Ile Pro Phe
115          120          125
Asp Gln Met Thr Ile Glu Asp Leu Asn Glu Ala Phe Pro Glu Thr Lys
130          135          140
Leu Asp Lys Lys Lys Tyr Pro Tyr Trp Pro His Gln Pro Ile Glu Asn
145          150          155          160
Leu
    
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 83
 <211> LENGTH: 1617
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 83

```

ctgatgttcg ccgaccggtg actattctct acaaaccaca aagacattgg aacactatac    60
ctattattcg gcgcatgagc tggagtccca ggcacagctc taagcctcct tattcgagcc    120
gagctggggc agccaggcaa ccttctaggt aacgaccaca tctacaacgt tatcgtcaca    180
gcccatgcat ttgtaataat cttcttcata gtaataccca tcataatcgg aggccttggc    240
aactgactag ttccccta atcgggtgcc cccgatatgg cgtttccccg cataaacaac    300
ataagcttct gactcttacc tccctctctc ctactcctgc tcgcatctgc tatagtggag    360
gccggagcag gaacaggttg aacagtctac cctcccttag caggggaacta ctcccaccct    420
ggagcctcgc tagaccta ac catcttctcc ttacacctag caggtgtctc ctctatctta    480
ggggccatca atttcatcac aacaattatc aatataaaac cccctgccaat aaccaatac    540
caaacgcccc tcttcgtctg atccgtccca atcacagcag tctacttctc cctatctctc    600
ccagtcctag ctgctggcat cactatacta ctaacagacc gcaacctcaa caccaccttc    660
ttcgaccccc ccggaggagg agacccatt ctataccaac acctattctg atttttgggt    720
cacctgaag tttatattct taccctacca ggcttcggaa taatctccca tattgtaact    780
tactactccg gaaaaaaga accatttggg tacataggtg tggctgagc tatgatatca    840
attggcttcc tagggtttat cgtgtgagca caccatata ttacagtagg aatagacgta    900
gacacacgag catatttcac ctccgctacc ataactatcg ctatcccac cggcgtcaaa    960
    
```

-continued

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gtatttagct gactcgccac actccacgga agcaatatga aatgatctgc tgcagtgtc 1020
tgagccctag gattcatctt tcttttcacc gtaggtggcc tgaactgcat tgtattagca 1080
aactcatcac tagacatcgt actacacgac acgtactacg ttgtagccca cttccactat 1140
gtcctatcaa taggagctgt atttgccatc ataggaggct tcattcactg atttccccta 1200
ttctcaggct acaccctaga ccaaacctac gccaaaatcc atttcactat catattcatc 1260
ggcgtaaadc taactttctt cccacaacac tttctcggcc tatccggaat gccccgacgt 1320
tactcggact accccgatgc atacaccaca tgaaacatcc tatcatctgt aggtcattc 1380
atttctctaa cagcagtaat attaataatt ttcatgattt gagaagcctt cgcttcgaag 1440
cgaaaagtcc taatagtaga agaaccctcc ataaacctgg agtgactata tggatgcccc 1500
ccaccctacc acacattcga agaaccctga tacataaaat ctagacaaaa aaggaaggaa 1560
tcgaaccccc caaagctggt ttcaagccaa ccccatggcc tccatgactt tttcaaa 1617
    
```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 84
<211> LENGTH: 513
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
    
```

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

```

Met Phe Ala Asp Arg Trp Leu Phe Ser Thr Asn His Lys Asp Ile Gly
1           5           10          15
Thr Leu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Gly Ala Trp Ala Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Ala
20          25          30
Leu Ser Leu Leu Ile Arg Ala Glu Leu Gly Gln Pro Gly Asn Leu Leu
35          40          45
Gly Asn Asp His Ile Tyr Asn Val Ile Val Thr Ala His Ala Phe Val
50          55          60
Met Ile Phe Phe Met Val Met Pro Ile Met Ile Gly Gly Phe Gly Asn
65          70          75          80
Trp Leu Val Pro Leu Met Ile Gly Ala Pro Asp Met Ala Phe Pro Arg
85          90          95
Met Asn Asn Met Ser Phe Trp Leu Leu Pro Pro Ser Leu Leu Leu Leu
100         105         110
Leu Ala Ser Ala Met Val Glu Ala Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Trp Thr Val
115         120         125
Tyr Pro Pro Leu Ala Gly Asn Tyr Ser His Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Asp
130         135         140
Leu Thr Ile Phe Ser Leu His Leu Ala Gly Val Ser Ser Ile Leu Gly
145         150         155         160
Ala Ile Asn Phe Ile Thr Thr Ile Ile Asn Met Lys Pro Pro Ala Met
165         170         175
Thr Gln Tyr Gln Thr Pro Leu Phe Val Trp Ser Val Leu Ile Thr Ala
180         185         190
Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Ser Leu Pro Val Leu Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Met
195         200         205
Leu Leu Thr Asp Arg Asn Leu Asn Thr Thr Phe Phe Asp Pro Ala Gly
210         215         220
Gly Gly Asp Pro Ile Leu Tyr Gln His Leu Phe Trp Phe Phe Gly His
225         230         235         240
Pro Glu Val Tyr Ile Leu Ile Leu Pro Gly Phe Gly Met Ile Ser His
245         250         255
Ile Val Thr Tyr Tyr Ser Gly Lys Lys Glu Pro Phe Gly Tyr Met Gly
260         265         270
    
```

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Met Val Trp Ala Met Met Ser Ile Gly Phe Leu Gly Phe Ile Val Trp
 275 280 285
 Ala His His Met Phe Thr Val Gly Met Asp Val Asp Thr Arg Ala Tyr
 290 295 300
 Phe Thr Ser Ala Thr Met Ile Ile Ala Ile Pro Thr Gly Val Lys Val
 305 310 315 320
 Phe Ser Trp Leu Ala Thr Leu His Gly Ser Asn Met Lys Trp Ser Ala
 325 330 335
 Ala Val Leu Trp Ala Leu Gly Phe Ile Phe Leu Phe Thr Val Gly Gly
 340 345 350
 Leu Thr Gly Ile Val Leu Ala Asn Ser Ser Leu Asp Ile Val Leu His
 355 360 365
 Asp Thr Tyr Tyr Val Val Ala His Phe His Tyr Val Leu Ser Met Gly
 370 375 380
 Ala Val Phe Ala Ile Met Gly Gly Phe Ile His Trp Phe Pro Leu Phe
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Gly Tyr Thr Leu Asp Gln Thr Tyr Ala Lys Ile His Phe Thr Ile
 405 410 415
 Met Phe Ile Gly Val Asn Leu Thr Phe Phe Pro Gln His Phe Leu Gly
 420 425 430
 Leu Ser Gly Met Pro Arg Arg Tyr Ser Asp Tyr Pro Asp Ala Tyr Thr
 435 440 445
 Thr Trp Asn Ile Leu Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Phe Ile Ser Leu Thr Ala
 450 455 460
 Val Met Leu Met Ile Phe Met Ile Trp Glu Ala Phe Ala Ser Lys Arg
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Val Leu Met Val Glu Glu Pro Ser Met Asn Leu Glu Trp Leu Tyr
 485 490 495
 Gly Cys Pro Pro Tyr His Thr Phe Glu Glu Pro Val Tyr Met Lys
 500 505 510

Ser

<210> SEQ ID NO 85
 <211> LENGTH: 709
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 85

atggcacatg cagcgcaagt aggtctacaa gacgctactt ccctatcat agaagagctt 60
 atcaccttcc atgatcacgc cctcataatc attttcctta tctgcttcc agtcctgtat 120
 gcccttttcc taacctcac aacaaaacta actaatacta acatctcaga cgctcaggaa 180
 atagaaaccg tctgaactat cctgcccgcc atcatcctag tctcatcgc cctcccatcc 240
 ctacgcatcc ttacataac agacgaggtc aacgatccct cccttaccat caaatcaatt 300
 ggccaccaat ggtactgaac ctacgagtac accgactacg gggactaat cttcaactcc 360
 tacatacttc cccattatt cctagaacca ggcgacctgc gactccttga cgttgacaat 420
 cgagtagtac tcccgattga agccccatt cgtataataa ttacatcaca agacgtcttg 480
 cactcatgag ctgtccccac attaggctta aaaacagatg caattcccgg acgtctaaac 540
 caaacactt tcaccgctac acgaccgggg gtatactacg gtcaatgctc tgaatctgt 600
 ggagcaaacc acagtttcat gccatcgtc ctagaattaa ttcccctaaa aatctttgaa 660
 atagggccg tatttaccct atagcaccct ctctacccc tctagagcc 709

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<210> SEQ ID NO 86
<211> LENGTH: 227
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 86

Met Ala His Ala Ala Gln Val Gly Leu Gln Asp Ala Thr Ser Pro Ile
1           5           10           15

Met Glu Glu Leu Ile Thr Phe His Asp His Ala Leu Met Ile Ile Phe
                20           25           30

Leu Ile Cys Phe Leu Val Leu Tyr Ala Leu Phe Leu Thr Leu Thr Thr
                35           40           45

Lys Leu Thr Asn Thr Asn Ile Ser Asp Ala Gln Glu Met Glu Thr Val
50           55           60

Trp Thr Ile Leu Pro Ala Ile Ile Leu Val Leu Ile Ala Leu Pro Ser
65           70           75           80

Leu Arg Ile Leu Tyr Met Thr Asp Glu Val Asn Asp Pro Ser Leu Thr
                85           90           95

Ile Lys Ser Ile Gly His Gln Trp Tyr Trp Thr Tyr Glu Tyr Thr Asp
100          105          110

Tyr Gly Gly Leu Ile Phe Asn Ser Tyr Met Leu Pro Pro Leu Phe Leu
115          120          125

Glu Pro Gly Asp Leu Arg Leu Leu Asp Val Asp Asn Arg Val Val Leu
130          135          140

Pro Ile Glu Ala Pro Ile Arg Met Met Ile Thr Ser Gln Asp Val Leu
145          150          155          160

His Ser Trp Ala Val Pro Thr Leu Gly Leu Lys Thr Asp Ala Ile Pro
165          170          175

Gly Arg Leu Asn Gln Thr Thr Phe Thr Ala Thr Arg Pro Gly Val Tyr
180          185          190

Tyr Gly Gln Cys Ser Glu Ile Cys Gly Ala Asn His Ser Phe Met Pro
195          200          205

Ile Val Leu Glu Leu Ile Pro Leu Lys Ile Phe Glu Met Gly Pro Val
210          215          220

Phe Thr Leu
225
    
```

```

<210> SEQ ID NO 87
<211> LENGTH: 781
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 87

atgaccacc aatcacatgc ctatcatata gtaaaaccca gcccatgacc cctaacaggg      60
gccctctcag cctcctaata gacctccggc ctagccatgt gatttcactt cactccata      120
acgctcctca tactaggcct actaaccaac aactaacca tataccaatg gtggcgcat      180
gtaaacagag aaagcacata ccaaggccac cacacaccac ctgtocaaaa aggccttcga      240
tacgggataa tcctatttat tacctcagaa gtttttttct tcgcaggatt tttctgagcc      300
ttttaccact ccagcctagc ccctaccccc caactaggag ggcactggcc cccaacaggg      360
atcaccccgc taaatcccct agaagtccca ctctaaaca catccgtatt actcgcacca      420
ggagtatcaa tcacctgagc tcaccatagt ctaatagaaa acaaccgaaa ccaataaatt      480
caagcactgc ttattacaat tttactgggt ctctatttta cctcctaca agcctcagag      540
tacttcgagt ctcccttcac catttccgac ggcactctag gctcaacatt tttttagcag      600
    
```

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acaggcttcc acggacttca cgtcattatt ggetcaactt tctcactat ctgcttcac 660
 cgccaactaa tatttcaactt tacatccaaa catcactttg gcttcogaagc cgccgcctga 720
 tactggcatt ttgtagatgt ggtttgacta tttctgatg tctccatcta ttgatgaggg 780
 t 781

<210> SEQ ID NO 88
 <211> LENGTH: 260
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 88

Met Thr His Gln Ser His Ala Tyr His Met Val Lys Pro Ser Pro Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Leu Thr Gly Ala Leu Ser Ala Leu Leu Met Thr Ser Gly Leu Ala
 20 25 30
 Met Trp Phe His Phe His Ser Met Thr Leu Leu Met Leu Gly Leu Leu
 35 40 45
 Thr Asn Thr Leu Thr Met Tyr Gln Trp Trp Arg Asp Val Thr Arg Glu
 50 55 60
 Ser Thr Tyr Gln Gly His His Thr Pro Pro Val Gln Lys Gly Leu Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Tyr Gly Met Ile Leu Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Val Phe Phe Phe Ala Gly
 85 90 95
 Phe Phe Trp Ala Phe Tyr His Ser Ser Leu Ala Pro Thr Pro Gln Leu
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly His Trp Pro Pro Thr Gly Ile Thr Pro Leu Asn Pro Leu Glu
 115 120 125
 Val Pro Leu Leu Asn Thr Ser Val Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Ser Ile
 130 135 140
 Thr Trp Ala His His Ser Leu Met Glu Asn Asn Arg Asn Gln Met Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Ala Leu Leu Ile Thr Ile Leu Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Thr Leu Leu
 165 170 175
 Gln Ala Ser Glu Tyr Phe Glu Ser Pro Phe Thr Ile Ser Asp Gly Ile
 180 185 190
 Tyr Gly Ser Thr Phe Phe Val Ala Thr Gly Phe His Gly Leu His Val
 195 200 205
 Ile Ile Gly Ser Thr Phe Leu Thr Ile Cys Phe Ile Arg Gln Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Phe His Phe Thr Ser Lys His His Phe Gly Phe Glu Ala Ala Ala Trp
 225 230 235 240
 Tyr Trp His Phe Val Asp Val Val Trp Leu Phe Leu Tyr Val Ser Ile
 245 250 255
 Tyr Trp Trp Gly
 260

<210> SEQ ID NO 89
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 89

caccgcttcg cagtcgtccc 20

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 90
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 90
 tcgccgtcct cgctttcc 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 91
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 91
 gaaatggaag ataaagtgac 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 92
 <211> LENGTH: 20
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 92
 gttcttcatt tttgctttag 20

<210> SEQ ID NO 93
 <211> LENGTH: 21
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 93
 aagattcgga gtttgggctg c 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 94
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 94
 ccagccgcac caataagg 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 95
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

<400> SEQUENCE: 95
 atgagcctgg tgagcctg 18

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 96
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

 <400> SEQUENCE: 96

 gagacgctgc cttctcaa 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 97
 <211> LENGTH: 19
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

 <400> SEQUENCE: 97

 actacggggc ttgtgacgg 19

<210> SEQ ID NO 98
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

 <400> SEQUENCE: 98

 cccgcaggac agccaggt 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 99
 <211> LENGTH: 21
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

 <400> SEQUENCE: 99

 ctgaatgaca ggtatcctaa g 21

<210> SEQ ID NO 100
 <211> LENGTH: 18
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of the artificial sequence:
 oligonucleotide

 <400> SEQUENCE: 100

 aggatggggt ctggatgt 18

<210> SEQ ID NO 101
 <211> LENGTH: 7
 <212> TYPE: RNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: polyA tail

 <400> SEQUENCE: 101

 aaaaaaa 7

<210> SEQ ID NO 102
 <211> LENGTH: 13
 <212> TYPE: DNA

-continued

<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: OligodT with XhoI cleavage site	
<400> SEQUENCE: 102	
ctcgagtttt ttt	13
<210> SEQ ID NO 103	
<211> LENGTH: 13	
<212> TYPE: DNA	
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: polyA tail with XhoI cleavage site	
<400> SEQUENCE: 103	
aaaaaaaaactc gag	13
<210> SEQ ID NO 104	
<211> LENGTH: 5	
<212> TYPE: DNA	
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: EcoRI linker	
<400> SEQUENCE: 104	
aattc	5
<210> SEQ ID NO 105	
<211> LENGTH: 8	
<212> TYPE: DNA	
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: oligonucleotide	
<400> SEQUENCE: 105	
aaaaaaaaac	8
<210> SEQ ID NO 106	
<211> LENGTH: 12	
<212> TYPE: DNA	
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence	
<220> FEATURE:	
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: XhoI linker	
<400> SEQUENCE: 106	
tcgagttttt tt	12

The invention claimed is:

1. A method for the diagnosis of multiple sclerosis in a patient, comprising detection of moderately to strongly positive presence of autoantibodies, wherein the autoantibody is specific for a protein or peptide which is encoded by the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1 in blood, serum or plasma isolated from a patient.
2. The method as claimed in claim 1, where the protein or peptide for which the autoantibody is specific comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
3. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, which further comprises detection of the autoantibody in blood, serum or plasma isolated from a patient without multiple sclerosis.
4. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, where the detection of the autoantibody takes place with an immunoassay.
5. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, where the detection of the autoantibody comprises
 - (i) contacting the blood, serum or plasma with an agent which specifically binds to the autoantibody, and

(ii) detecting the formation of a complex between the agent and the autoantibody.

6. The method as claimed in claim 5, where the agent which specifically binds to the autoantibody is immobilized on a support material.
7. The method as claimed in claim 5, where the agent which specifically binds to the autoantibody is a protein or peptide which specifically binds to the autoantibody.
8. The method as claimed in claim 7, where the protein or peptide which specifically binds to the autoantibody comprises an amino acid sequence which is encoded by the nucleic acid of SEQ ID NO: 1.
9. The method as claimed in claim 7, where the protein or peptide which specifically binds to the autoantibody comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

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专利名称(译)	自身抗原用于改善炎症性神经疾病的诊断，预后和治疗		
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摘要(译)

根据本发明，检测其外观是神经性自身免疫疾病，特别是多发性硬化的特征的自身抗体，并鉴定各自的自身抗原。可以进一步显示许多这些自身抗原在脑中特异性表达。自身抗原和自身抗体的鉴定可用于诊断和治疗。自身抗原的脑特异性表达进一步强调了抗原和抗体在神经性自身免疫疾病的起源和发展中的重要作用。

