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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Wensvoort et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2003/0118608 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Jun. 26, 2003**(54) **CAUSATIVE AGENT OF THE MYSTERY
SWINE DISEASE, VACCINE COMPOSITIONS
AND DIAGNOSTIC KITS**application No. 08/157,005, filed on Nov. 26, 1993,
now Pat. No. 5,620,691.**Publication Classification**(76) Inventors: **Gert Wensvoort**, Havelte (NL);
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Amsterdam (NL)(51) **Int. Cl.⁷** **A61K 39/12**; C12N 7/00;
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C07K 16/00; C07K 17/00;
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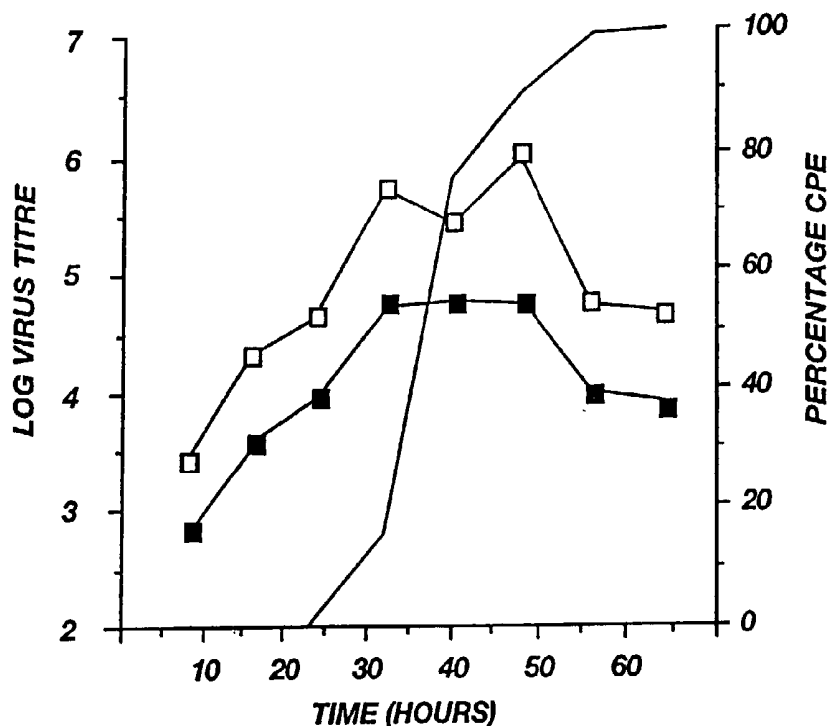
TRASK BRITT**P.O. BOX 2550****SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84110 (US)**(52) **U.S. Cl.** **424/204.1**; 435/235.1; 424/186.1;
424/815; 424/130.1; 424/159.1;
435/5; 530/300(21) Appl. No.: **10/226,065**(57) **ABSTRACT**(22) Filed: **Aug. 21, 2002****Related U.S. Application Data**(62) Division of application No. 09/565,864, filed on May
5, 2000, now Pat. No. 6,455,245, which is a division
of application No. 08/747,863, filed on Nov. 13, 1996,
now Pat. No. 6,197,310, which is a division ofComposition of matter comprising the causative agent of
Mystery Swine Disease, Lelystad Agent, in a live, attenu-
ated, dead, or recombinant form, or a part or component of
it. Vaccine compositions and diagnostic kits based thereon.
Recombinant nucleic acid comprising a Lelystad Agent-
specific nucleotide sequence. Peptides comprising a Lelystad
Agent-specific amino acid sequence. Lelystad Agent-
specific antibodies.

FIG. 1a

GGGTATTCCCCCTACATACACGACACTTCTAGTGTTTGTGTACCTTGGAGGCGTGGGTAC	60
AGCCCCGCCCCACCCCTTGGCCCCCTGTTCTAGCCCAACAGGTATCCTTCTCTCTCGGGGC	120
GAGTGCGCCGCTGCTGCTCCCTTGCAGCGGGAAGGACCTCCCGAGTATTTCCGGAGAGC	180
ACCTGCTTTACGGGATCTCCACCCTTTAACCATGTCTGGGACGTTCTCCCGGTGCATGTG	240
ORF1A M S G T F S R C M C	10
CACCCCGGCTGCCCGGTATTTTGGAAACGCGGCCAAGTCTTTTGCACACGGTGTCTCAG	300
T P A A R V F W N A G Q V F C T R C L S	30
TGCGCGGTCTCTTCTCTCTCCAGAGCTTCAGGACACTGACCTCGGTGCAGTTGGCTTGT	360
A R S L L S P E L Q D T D L G A V G L F	50
TTACAAGCCTAGGGACAAGCTTCACTGGAAAGTCCCTATCGGCATCCCTCAGGTGGAATG	420
Y K P R D K L H W K V P I G T P Q V E C	70
TACTCCATCCGGGTGCTGTTGGCTCTCAGCTGTTTTCCCTTTGCGCGTATGACCTCCGG	480
T P S G C C W L S A V F P L A R M T S G	90
CAATCACAACCTTCTCCAACGACTTGTGAAGGTTGCTGATGTTTTGTACCGTGACGGTTG	540
N H N F L Q R L V K V A D V L Y R D G C	110
CTTGGCACCTCGACACCTTCGTGAACTCCAAGTTTACGAGCGCGGCTGCAACTGGTACCC	600
L A P R H L R E L Q V Y E R G C N W Y P	130
GATCACGGGGCCCGTGCCCGGATGGGTTTGTGTTGCGAACTCCATGCACGTATCCGACCA	660
I T G P V P G M G L F A N S M H V S D Q	150
GCCGTTCCCTGGTGCCACCCATGTGTTGACTAACTCGCCTTTGCCTCAACAGGCTTGTGCG	720
P F P G A T H V L T N S P L P Q Q A C R	170
GCAGCCGTTCTGTCCATTTGAGGAGGCTCATTCTAGCGTGACAGGTGGAAGAAATTTGT	780
Q P F C P F E E A H S S V Y R W K K F V	190
GGTTTTCACGGACTCCTCCCTCAACGGTCGATCTCGCATGATGTGGACGCCGAATCCGA	840
V F T D S S L N G R S R M M W T P E S D	210
TGATTACGCCGCCCTGGAGGTACTACCGCTGAGTTAGAACGTCAGGTGGAATCCTCAT	900
D S A A L E V L P P E L E R Q V E I L I	230
TCGGAGTTTTCTGCTCATCACCTGTGACCTGGCCGACTGGGAGCTCACTGAGTCCCC	960
R S F P A H H P V D L A D W E L T E S P	250
TGAGAACGGTTTTTCTTCAACACGTCTCATTCTTGGCGTACCTTGTCCAGAACCCCGA	1020
E N G F S F <u>N</u> T S H S C G H L V Q N P D	270

FIG. 1b

CGTGTGTTGATGGCAAGTGCTGGCTCTCCTGCTTTTTGGGCCAGTCGGTCGAAGTGCCTG	1080
V F D G K C W L S C F L G Q S V E V R C	290
CCATGAGGAACATCTAGCTGACGCCTTCGGTTACCAAACCAAGTGGGGCGTCATGGTAA	1140
H E E H L A D A F G Y Q T K W G V H G K	310
GTACCTCCAGCGCAGGCTTCAAGTTCGCGGCATTTCGTGCTGTAGTCGATCCTGATGGTCC	1200
Y L Q R R L Q V R G I R A V V D P D G P	330
CATTACAGTTGAAGCGCTGTCTTGCCCCCAGTCTTGGATCAGGCACCTGACTCTGGATGA	1260
I H V E A L S C P Q S W I R H L T L D D	350
TGATGTCACCCAGGATTTCGTTCGCCTGACATCCCTTCGCATTGTGCCGAACACAGAGCC	1320
D V T P G F V R L T S L R I V P N T E P	370
TACCACTTCCCGGATCTTTTCGGTTTGGAGCGCATAAGTGGTATGGCGCTGCCGGCAAACG	1380
T T S R I F R F G A H K W Y G A A G K R	390
GGCTCGTGCTAAGCGTGCCGCTAAAAGTGAGAAGGATTTCGGCTCCCACCCCCAAGGTTGC	1440
A R A K R A A K S E K D S A P T P K V A	410
CCTGCCGGTCCCCACCTGTGGAATTACCACCTACTCTCCACCGACAGACGGGTCTTGTGG	1500
L P V P T C G I T T Y S P P T D G S C G	430
TTGGCATGTCCTTGCCGCCATAATGAACCGGATGATAAATGGTGACTTCACGTCCCCTCT	1560
W H V L A A I M N R M I N G D F T S P L	450
GACTCAGTACAACAGACCAGAGGATGATTGGGCTTCGATTATGATCTTGTTCAGGCGAT	1620
T Q Y N R P E D D W A S D Y D L V Q A I	470
TCAATGTCTACGACTGCCTGCTACCGTGGTTCGGAATCGCGCCTGTCTTAACGCCAAGTA	1680
Q C L R L P A T V V R N R A C P N A K Y	490
CCTTATAAACTTAACGGAGTTCACTGGGAGGTAGAGGTGAGGTCTGGAATGGCTCCTCG	1740
L I K L N G V H W E V E V R S G M A P R	510
CTCCCTTTCTCGTGAATGTGTGGTTGGCGTTTGCTCTGAAGGCTGTGTGCGCACCGCCTTA	1800
S L S R E C V V G V C S E G C V A P P Y	530
TCCAGCAGACGGGCTACCTAAACGTGCACTCGAGGCCTTGGCGTCTGCTTACAGACTACC	1860
P A D G L P K R A L E A L A S A Y R L P	550
CTCCGATTGTGTTAGCTCTGGTATTGCTGACTTTCTTGCTAATCCACCTCCTCAGGAATT	1920
S D C V S S G I A D F L A N P P P Q E F	570
CTGGACCCTCGACAAAATGTTGACCTCCCCGTCACCAGAGCGGTCCGGCTTCTCTAGTTT	1980
W T L D K M L T S P S P E R S G F S S L	590

FIG. 1c

GTATAAATTACTATTAGAGGTTGTTCCGCAAAAATGCGGTGCCACGGAAGGGGCTTTTCAT	2040
Y K L L L E V V P Q K C G A T E G A F I	610
CTATGCTGTTGAGAGGATGTTGAAGGATTGTCCGAGCTCCAAACAGGCCATGGCCCTTCT	2100
Y A V E R M L K D C P S S K Q A M A L L	630
GGCAAAAATTAAAGTTCCATCCTCAAAGGCCCCGTCTGTGTCCCTGGACGAGTGTTTCCC	2160
A K I K V P S S K A P S V S L D E C F P	650
TACGGATGTTTTAGCCGACTTCGAGCCAGCATCTCAGGAAAGGCCCCAAAGTTCCGGCGC	2220
T D V L A D F E P A S Q E R P Q S S G A	670
	A
TGCTGTTGTCTGTGTTACCCGGATGCAAAAGAGTTGAGGAAGCAGCCCCGGAAGAAGT	2280
A V V L C S P D A K E F E E A A P E E V	690
TCAAGAGAGTGGCCACAAGGCCGTCCACTCTGCACTCCTTGCCGAGGGTCTTAACAATGA	2340
Q E S G H K A V H S A L L A E G P N N E	710
GCAGGTACAGGTGGTTGCCGGTGAGCAACTGAAGCTCGGCGGTTGTGGTTTGGCAGTCGG	2400
Q V Q V V A G E Q L K L G G C G L A V G	730
GAATGCTCATGAAGGTGCTCTGGTCTCAGCTGGTCTAATTAACCTGGTAGGCGGGAATTT	2460
N A H E G A L V S A G L I N L V G G N L	750
GTCCCCCTCAGACCCCATGAAAGAAAACATGCTCAATAGCCGGAAGACGAACCACTGGA	2520
S P S D P M K E N M L N S R E D E P L D	770
TTTGTCCCAACCAGCACCAGCTTCCACAACGACCCTTGTGAGAGAGCAAACACCCGACAA	2580
L S Q P A P A S T T T L V R E Q T P D N	790
CCCAGGTTCTGATGCCGGTGCCCTCCCCGTACCGTTGAGAAATTTGTCCCGACGGGGCC	2640
P G S D A G A L P V T V R E F V P T G P	810
TATACTCTGTCATGTTGAGCACTGCGGCACGGAGTCGGGCGACAGCAGTTTCGCCTTTGGA	2700
I L C H V E H C G T E S G D S S S P L D	830
TCTATCTGATGCGCAAAACCTGGACCAGCCTTTAAATCTATCCCTGGCCGCTTGGCCAGT	2760
L S D A Q T L D Q P L N L S L A A W P V	850
GAGGGCCACCGCTCTGACCCTGGCTGGGTCCACGGTAGGCGGAGCCTGTCTTTGTAAA	2820
R A T A S D P G W V H G R R E P V F V K	870
GCCTCGAAATGCTTTCTCTGATGGCGATTACGCCCTTCAGTTCCGGGAGCTTTCTGAATC	2880
P R N A F S D G D S A L Q F G E L S E S	890

FIG. 1d

CAGCTCTGTCATCGAGTTTGACCGGACAAAAGATGCTCCGGTGGTTGACGCCCCCTGTCTGA	2940
S S V I E F D R T K D A P V V D A P V D	910
CTTGACGACTTCGAACGAGGCCCTCTCTGTAGTCGATCCTTTTCGAATTTGCCGAACCTCAA	3000
L T T S N E A L S V V D P F E F A E L K	930
GCGCCCGCGTTTCTCCGCACAAGCCTTAATTGACCGAGGCGGTCCACTTGCCGATGTCCA	3060
R P R F S A Q A L I D R G G P L A D V H	950
TGCAAAAATAAAGAACCGGGTATATGAACAGTGCCTCCAAGCTTGTGAGCCCGGTAGTCG	3120
A K I K N R V Y E Q C L Q A C E P G S R	970
TGCAACCCCAGCCACCAGGGAGTGGCTCGACAAAATGTGGGATAGGGTGGACATGAAAAC	3180
A T P A T R E W L D K M W D R V D M K T	990
TTGGCGCTGCACCTCGCAGTTCCAAGCTGGTCGCATTCTTGCGTCCCTCAAATTCCTCCC	3240
W R C T S Q F Q A G R I L A S L K F L P	1010
TGACATGATTCAAGACACACCGCCTCCTGTTCCCAGGAAGAACCGAGCTAGTGACAATGC	3300
D M I Q D T P P P V P R K N R A S D N A	1030
CGGCCTGAAGCAACTGGTGGCACAGTGGGATAGGAAATTGAGTGTGACCCCCCCCCCAA	3360
G L K Q L V A Q W D R K L S V T P P P K	1050
ACCGGTTGGGCCAGTGCTTGACCAGATCGTCCCTCCGCTACGGATATCCAGCAAGAAGA	3420
P V G P V L D Q I V P P P T D I Q Q E D	1070
TGTCACCCCTCCGATGGGCCACCCCATGCGCCGATTTTCTAGTCGAGTGAGCACGGG	3480
V T P S D G P P H A P D F P S R V S T G	1090
CGGGAGTTGGAAAGGCCTTATGCTTTCCGGCACCCGTCTCGCGGGGTCTATCAGCCAGCG	3540
G S W K G L M L S G T R L A G S I S Q R	1110
CCTTATGACATGGGTTTTTTGAAGTTTTCTCCACCTCCCAGCTTTTATGCTCACACTTTT	3600
L M T W V F E V F S H L P A F M L T L F	1130
CTCGCCGCGGGGCTCTATGGCTCCAGGTGATTGGTTGTTTGCAGGTGTCGTTTACTTGC	3660
S P R G S M A P G D W L F A G V V L L A	1150
TCTCTTGCTCTGTGTTCTTACCCGATACTCGGATGCCTTCCCTTATTGGGTGTCCTTTTC	3720
L L L C R S Y P I L G C L P L L G V F S	1170
TGGTTCTTTGCGGCGTGTTCGTCTGGGTGTTTTTGGTTCTTGGATGGCTTTTGCTGTATT	3780
G S L R R V R L G V F G S W M A F A V F	1190
TTTATTCTCGACTCCATCCAACCCAGTCGGTTCTTCTTGTGACCACGATTGCGCGGAGTG	3840
L F S T P S N P V G S S C D H D S P E C	1210

FIG. 1e

TCATGCTGAGCTTTTGGCTCTTGAGCAGCGCCAACCTTTGGGAACCTGTGCGCGGCCTTGT	3900
H A E L L A L E Q R Q L W E P V R G L V	1230
GGTCGGCCCCCTCAGGCCTCTTATGTGTCAATTCTTGGCAAGTTACTCGGTGGGTACAGTTA	3960
V G P S G L L C V I L G K L L G G S R Y	1250
TCTCTGGCATGTTCTCCTACGTTTATGCATGCTTGCAGATTTGGCCCTTTCTCTTGTTTA	4020
L W H V L L R L C M L A D L A L S L V Y	1270
TGTGGTGTCCCAGGGCGTTGTCACAAGTGTGGGGAAAGTGATAAGGACAGCTCCTGC	4080
V V S Q G R C H K C W G K C I R T A P A	1290
GGAGGTGGCTCTTAATGTATTTCTTTCTCGCGGCCACCCGTGTCTCTTGTATCCTT	4140
E V A L N V F P F S R A T R V S L V S L	1310
GTGTGATCGATTCCAAACGCCAAAAGGGGTTGATCCTGTGCACTTGGCAACGGGTGGCG	4200
C D R F Q T P K G V D P V H L A T G W R	1330
CGGGTGCTGGCGTGGTGAGAGCCCCATCCATCAACCACACCAAAAGCCCATAGCTTATGC	4260
G C W R G E S P I H Q P H Q K P I A Y A	1350
CAATTTGGATGAAAAGAAAATGTCTGCCCAAACGGTGGTTGCTGTCCCATAACGATCCCAG	4320
N L D E K K M S A Q T V V A V P Y D P S	1370
TCAGGCTATCAAATGCCTGAAAGTTCTGCAGGCGGGAGGGGCCATCGTGGACCAGCCTAC	4380
Q A I K C L K V L Q A G G A I V D Q P T	1390
ACCTGAGGTCGTTTCGTGTGTCCGAGATCCCCCTTCTCAGCCCCATTTTTCCCAAAGTTCC	4440
P E V V R V S E I P F S A P F F P K V P	1410
AGTCAACCCAGATTGCAGGGTTGTGGTAGATTGCGACACTTTTGTGGCTGCGGTTTCGCTG	4500
V N P D C R V V V D S D T F V A A V R C	1430
C	
CGGTTACTCGACAGCACAACTGGTTCTGGGCCGGGGCAACTTTGCCAAGTTAAATCAGAC	4560
G Y S T A Q L V L G R G N F A K L N Q T	1450
CCCCCCCAGGAACTCTATCTCCACCAAAACGACTGGTGGGGCCTTTACACCCTTGCTGT	4620
P P R N S I S T K T T G G A S Y T L A V	1470
GGCTCAAGTGTCTGCGTGGACTCTTGTTCAATTCATCCTCGGTCTTTGGTTTCACATCACC	4680
A Q V S A W T L V H F I L G L W F T S P	1490
TCAAGTGTGTGGCCGAGGAACCGCTGACCCATGGTGTTCAAATCCTTTTTTCATATCCTAC	4740
Q V C G R G T A D P W C S N P F S Y P T	1510
CTATGGCCCCGGAGTTGTGTGCTCCTCTCGACTTTGTGTGTCTGCCGACGGGGTCACCCT	4800
Y G P G V V C S S R L C V S A D G V T L	1530

FIG. 1f

GCCATTGTTCTCAGCCGTGGCACAACCTCTCCGGTAGAGAGGTGGGGATTTTTATTTTGGT	4860
P L F S A V A Q L S G R E V G I F I L V	1550
GCTCGTCTCCTTGACTGCTTTGGCCACCGCATGGCTCTTAAGGCAGACATGTTAGTGGT	4920
L V S L T A L A H R M A L K A D M L V V	1570
CTTTTCGGCTTTTGTGCTTACGCCTGGCCCATGAGCTCCTGGTTAATCTGCTTCTTTCC	4980
F S A F C A Y A W P M S S W L I C F F P	1590
TATACTCTTGAAGTGGGTACCCCTTACCCTCTTACTATGCTTTGGGTGCACTCATTCTT	5040
I L L K W V T L H P L T M L W V H S F L	1610
GGTGTTTTGTCTGCCAGCAGCCGGCATCCTCTCACTAGGGATAACTGGCCTTCTTTGGGC	5100
V F C L P A A G I L S L G I T G L L W A	1630
AATTGGCCGCTTTACCCAGGTTGCCGGAATTATTACACCTTATGACATCCACCAGTACAC	5160
I G R F T Q V A G I I T P Y D I H Q Y T	1650
CTCTGGGCCACGTGGTGCAGCTGCTGTGGCCACAGCCCCAGAAGGCACCTTATATGGCCGC	5220
S G P R G A A A V A T A P E G T Y M A A	1670
CGTCCGAGAGCTGCTTTAACTGGGCGAACTTTAATCTTCACCCCGTCTGCAGTTGGATC	5280
V R R A A L T G R T L I F T P S A V G S	1690
CCTTCTCGAAGGTGCTTTTCAAGACTCATAAACCTGCCTTAACACCGTGAATGTTGTAGG	5340
L L E G A F R T H K P C L N T V N V V G	1710
CTCTTCCCTTGGTTCCGGAGGGGTTTTCACCATTGATGGCAGAAGAACTGTCGTCACTGC	5400
S S L G S G G V F T I D G R R T V V T A	1730
TGCCCATGTGTTGAACGGCGACACAGCTAGAGTCACCGCGACTCCTACAACCGCATGCA	5460
A H V L N G D T A R V T G D S Y N R M H	1750
CACTTTCAAGACCAATGGTGATTATGCCTGGTCCCATGCTGATGACTGGCAGGGCGTTGC	5520
T F K T N G D Y A W S H A D D W Q G V A	1770
CCCTGTGGTCAAGGTTGCGAAGGGGTACCGCGGTGCTGCCTACTGGCAAACATCAACTGG	5580
P V V K V A K G Y R G R A Y W Q T S T G	1790
TGTCGAACCCGGTATCATTTGGGGAAGGGTTCGCCTTCTGTTTACTAACTGCGGCGATTTC	5640
V E P G I I G E G F A F C F T N C G D S	1810
GGGGTCACCCGTCATCTCAGAATCTGGTGATCTTATTTGGAATCCACACCGGTTCAAACAA	5700
G S P V I S E S G D L I G I H T G S N K	1830
ACTTGGTTCTGGTCTTGTGACAACCCCTGAAGGGGAGACCTGCACCATCAAAGAAACCAA	5760
L G S G L V T T P E G E T C T I K E T K	1850

FIG. 1g

GCTCTCTGACCTTTCCAGACATTTTGCAGGCCCAAGCGTTCCTCTTGGGGACATTAAATT	5820
L S D L S R H F A G P S V P L G D I K L	1870
GAGTCCGGCCATCATCCCTGATGTAACATCCATTCCGAGTGACTTGGCATCGCTCCTAGC	5880
S P A I I P D V T S I P S D L A S L L A	1890
CTCCGTCCCTGTAGTGGAAGGCGGCCTCTCGACCGTTCAACTTTTGTGTGTCTTTTTCCT	5940
S V P V V E G G L S T V Q L L C V F F L	1910
TCTCTGGCGCATGATGGGCCATGCCTGGACACCCATTGTTGCCGTGGGCTTCTTTTTGCT	6000
L W R M M G H A W T P I V A V G F F L L	1930
GAATGAAATTCTTCCAGCAGTTTGGTCCGAGCCGTGTTTTCTTTTGCACCTCTTTGTGCT	6060
N E I L P A V L V R A V F S F A L F V L	1950
TGCATGGGCCACCCCTGGTCTGCACAGGTGTTGATGATTAGACTCCTCACGGCATCTCT	6120
A W A T P W S A Q V L M I R L L T A S L	1970
CAACCGCAACAAGCTTTCTCTGGCGTTCTACGCACTCGGGGGTGTCTCGGTTTGGCAGC	6180
N R N K L S L A F Y A L G G V V G L A A	1990
TGAAATCGGGACTTTTGCTGGCAGATTGTCTGAATTGTCTCAAGCTCTTTCGACATACTG	6240
E I G T F A G R L S E L S Q A L S T Y C	2010
CTTCTTACCTAGGGTCTTGCTATGACCAGTTGTGTTCCCAACCATCATCATTTGGTGGACT	6300
F L P R V L A M T S C V P T I I I G G L	2030
G	
CCATACCCTCGGTGTGATTCTGTGGTTATTCAAATACCGGTGCCTCCACAACATGCTGGT	6360
H T L G V I L W L F K Y R C L H N M L V	2050
TGGTGATGGGAGTTTTTCAAGCGCCTTCTTCCTACGGTATTTTGCAGAGGGTAATCTCAG	6420
G D G S F S S A F F L R Y F A E G N L R	2070
AAAAGGTGTTTTCACAGTCCCTGTGGCATGAATAACGAGTCCCTAACGGCTGCTTTAGCTTG	6480
K G V S Q S C G M N <u>N</u> E S L T A A L A C	2090
CAAGTTGTCACAGGCTGACCTTGATTTTTTGTCCAGCTTAACGAACTTCAAGTGCTTTGT	6540
K L S Q A D L D F L S S L T N F K C F V	2110
ATCTGCTTCAAACATGAAAAATGCTGCCGGCCAGTACATTGAAGCAGCGTATGCCAAGGC	6600
S A S N M K N A A G Q Y I E A A Y A K A	2130
CCTGCGCCAAGAGTTGGCCTCTCTAGTTCAGATTGACAAAATGAAAGGAGTTTTGTCCAA	6660
L R Q E L A S L V Q I D K M K G V L S K	2150

FIG. 1h

GCTCGAGGCCTTTGCTGAAACAGCCACCCCGTCCCTTGACATAGGTGACGTGATTGTTCT	6720
L E A F A E T A T P S L D I G D V I V L	2170
GCCTGGGCAACATCCTCACGGATCCATCCTCGATATTAATGTGGGGACTGAAAGGAAAAC	6780
L G Q H P H G S I L D I N V G T E R K T	2190
TGTGTCCGTGCAAGAGACCCGGAGCCTAGGCGGCTCCAAATTCAGTGTTTGTACTGTTCGT	6840
V S V Q E T R S L G G S K F S V C T V V	2210
A	
GTCCAACACACCCGTGGACGCCCTTGACCGGCATCCCACTCCAGACACCAACCCCTCTTTT	6900
S N T P V D A L T G I P L Q T P T P L F	2230
TGAGAATGGTCCGCGTCATCGCAGCGAGGAAGACGATCTTAAAGTCGAGAGGATGAAGAA	6960
E N G P R H R S E E D D L K V E R M K K	2250
ACACTGTGTATCCCTCGGCTTCCACAACATCAATGGCAAAGTTTACTGCAAAATTTGGGA	7020
H C V S L G F H N I N G K V Y C K I W D	2270
CAAGTCTACCGGTGACACCTTTTACACGGATGATTCCCGGTACACCCAAGACCATGCTTT	7080
K S T G D T F Y T D D S R Y T Q D H A F	2290
TCAGGACAGGTGACCCGACTACAGAGACAGGGACTATGAGGGTGTGCAAACCACCCCCCA	7140
Q D R S A D Y R D R D S E T P V G T V V	2310
ACAGGGATTTGATCCAAAGTCTGAAACCCCTGTTGGCACTGTTGTGATCGGCGGTATTAC	7200
I G G I T Y Y E G V Q T T P Q Q G F D P	2330
GTATAACAGGTATCTGATCAAAGGTAAGGAGGTTCTGGTCCCCAAGCCTGACAACTGCCT	7260
K N R Y L I K G K E V L V P K P D N C L	2350
TGAAGCTGCCAAGCTGTCCCTTGAGCAAGCTCTCGCTGGGATGGGCCAAACTTGCGACCT	7320
E A A K L S L E Q A L A G M G Q T C D L	2370
TACAGCTGCCGAGGTGGAAAAGCTAAAGCGCATCATTAGTCAACTCCAAGGTTTGACCAC	7380
T A A E V E K L K R I I S Q L Q G L T T	2390
ORF1B	
TGAACAGGCTTTAAACTGTTAGCCGCCAGCGGCTTGACCCGCTGTGGCCGCGGCGGCCTA	7440
E Q A L N C -	2396
- T G F K L L A A S G L T R C G R G G L	19
GTTGTGACTGAAACGGCGGTAAAAATTATAAAATACCACAGCAGAACTTTCACCTTAGGC	7500
V V T E T A V K I I K Y H S R T F T L G	39
CCTTTAGACCTAAAAGTCACTTCCGAGGTGGAGGTAAAGAAATCAACTGAGCAGGGCCAC	7560
P L D L K V T S E V E V K K S T E Q G H	59

FIG. 1i

GCTGTTGTGGCAAACCTTATGTTCCGGTGTTCATCTTGATGAGACCTCACCCACCGTCCCTT	7620
A V V A N L C S G V I L M R P H P P S L	79
GTCGACGTTCTTCTGAAACCCGGACTTGACACAATACCCGGCATTCAACCAGGGCATGGG	7680
V D V L L K P G L D T I P G I Q P G H G	99
GCCGGGAATATGGGCGTGGACGGTTCTATTTGGGATTTTGAAACCGCACCCACAAAGGCA	7740
A G N M G V D G S I W D F E T A P T K A	119
GAACCTCGAGTTATCCAAGCAAATAATCCAAGCATGTGAAGTTAGGCGCGGGGACGCCCCG	7800
E L E L S K Q I I Q A C E V R R G D A P	139
AACCTCCAACCTCCCTTACAAGCTCTATCCTGTTAGGGGGGATCCTGAGCGGCATAAAGGC	7860
N L Q L P Y K L Y P V R G D P E R H K G	159
CGCCTTATCAATACCAGGTTTGGAGATTTACCTTACAAAACCTCCTCAAGACACCAAGTCC	7920
R L I N T R F G D L P Y K T P Q D T K S	179
GCAATCCACGCGGCTTGTTCCTGCACCCCAACGGGGCCCCCGTGTCTGATGGTAAATCC	7980
A I H A A C C L H P N G A P V S D G K S	199
ACACTAGGTACCACTCTTCAACATGGTTTCGAGCTTTATGTCCCTACTGTGCCCTATAGT	8040
T L G T T L Q H G F E L Y V P T V P Y S	219
GTCATGGAGTACCTTGATTCACGCCCTGACACCCCTTTTATGTGTACTAAACATGGCACT	8100
V M E Y L D S R P D T P F M C T K H G T	239
TCCAAGGCTGCTGCAGAGGACCTCCAAAAATACGACCTATCCACCCAAGGATTTGTCTCTG	8160
S K F V L P G V L R L V R R F I F A A A	259
CCTGGGGTCTACGCCTAGTACGCAGATTCATCTTTGGCCATATTGGTAAGGCGCCGCCA	8220
E D L Q K Y D L S T Q G G H I G K A P P	279
TTGTTCTCCCATCAACCTATCCCGCCAAGAACTCTATGGCAGGGATCAATGGCCAGAGG	8280
L F L P S T Y P A K N S M A G I N G Q R	299
TTCCCAACAAAGGACGTTTCAGAGCATACCTGAAATTGATGAAATGTGTGCCCGCGCTGTC	8340
F P T K D V Q S I P E I D E M C A R A V	319
AAGGAGAATTGGCAAACCTGTGACACCTTGACCCCTCAAGAAACAGTACTGTTCCAAGCCC	8400
K E N W Q T V T P C T L K K Q Y C S K P	339
AAAACCAGGACCATCCTGGGCACCAACAACCTTTATTGCCTTGGCTCACAGATCGGCGCTC	8460
K T R T I L G T N N F I A L A H R S A L	359
AGTGGTGTCACCCAGGCATTTCATGAAGAAGGCTTGGAAGTCCCCAATTGCCTTGGGGAAA	8520
S G V T Q A F M K K A W K S P I A L G K	379

FIG. 1j

AACAAATTCAAGGAGCTGCATTGCACTGTGCGCCGGCAGGTGTCTTGAGGCCGACTTGGCC	8580
N K F K E L H C T V A G R C L E A D L A	399
TCCTGTGACCGCAGCACCCCCGCCATTGTAAGATGGTTTGTGCGCAACCTCCTGTATGAA	8640
S C D R S T P A I V R W F V A N L L Y E	419
CTTGACGAGTGTGAAGAGTACTTGCCTAGCTATGTGCTTAATTGCTGCCATGACCTCGTG	8700
L A G C E E Y L P S Y V L N C C H D L V	439
GCAACACAGGATGGTGCCTTCACAAAACGCGGTGGCCTGTGCTCCGGGGACCCCGTCACC	8760
A T Q D G A F T K R G G L S S G D P V T	459
AGTGTGTCCAACACCGTATATTCACTGGTAATTTATGCCCAGCACATGGTATTGTGCGCC	8820
S V S N T V Y S L V I Y A Q H M V L S A	479
TTGAAAATGGGTTCATGAAATTTGGTCTTAAGTTCTCGAGGAACAGCTCAAGTTTCGAGGAC	8880
L K M G H E I G L K F L E E Q L K F E D	499
CTCCTTGAAATTCAGCCTATGTTGGTATACTCTGATGATCTTGTCTTGTACGCTGAAAGA	8940
L L E I Q P M L V Y S D D L V L Y A E R	519
C	
CCCACATTTCCCAATTACCACTGGTGGGTCGAGCACCTTGACCTGATGCTGGGTTTCAGA	9000
P T F P N Y H W W V E H L D L M L G F R	539
ACGGACCCAAAGAAAACCGTCATAACTGATAAACCAGCTTCCTCGGCTGCAGAATTGAG	9060
T D P K K T V I T D K P S F L G C R I E	559
GCAGGGCGACAGCTAGTCCCAATCGCGACCGCATCCTGGCTGCTCTTGTCATATCACATG	9120
A G R Q L V P N R D R I L A A L A Y H M	579
AAGGCGCAGAACGCCTCAGAGTATTATGCGTCTGCTGCCGCAATCCTGATGGATTTCATGT	9180
K A Q <u>N</u> A S E Y Y A S A A A I L M D S C	599
GCTTGCATTGACCATGACCCTGAGTGGTATGAGGACCTCATCTGCGGTATTGCCCCGGTGC	9240
A C I D H D P E W Y E D L I C G I A R C	619
GCCCCCAGGATGGTTATAGCTTCCCAGGTCCGGCATTTTTCATGTCCATGTGGGAGAAG	9300
A R Q D G Y S F P G P A F F M S M W E K	639
CTGAGAAGTCATAATGAAGGGAAGAAATTCGCCACTGCGGCATCTGCGACGCCAAAGCC	9360
L R S H N E G K K F R H C G I C D A K A	659
GACTATGCGTCCGCCTGTGGGCTTGATTGTGTTTGTTCATTCGCACTTTCATCAACAC	9420
D Y A S A C G L D L C L F H S H F H Q H	679

FIG. 1k

C	
TGCCCTGTCACTCTGAGCTGCGGTCACCATGCCGGTTCAAAGGAATGTTCGCAGTGTTCAG	9480
C P V T L S C G H H A G S K E C S Q C Q	699
TCACCTGTTGGGGCTGGCAGATCCCCTCTTGATGCCGTGCTAAAACAAATTCATACAAA	9540
S P V G A G R S P L D A V L K Q I P Y K	719
CCTCCTCGTACTGTTCATCATGAAGGTGGGTAATAAAACAACGGCCCTCGATCCGGGGAGG	9600
P P R T V I M K V G <u>N</u> K T T A L D P G R	739
TACCAGTCCCGTCGAGGTCTCGTTGCAGTCAAGAGGGGTATTGCAGGCAATGAAGTTGAT	9660
Y Q S R R G L V A V K R G I A G N E V D	759
A	
CTTTCTGATGGGGACTACCAAGTGGTGCCTCTTTTGCCGACTTGCAAAGACATAAACATG	9720
L S D G D Y Q V V P L L P T C K D I N M	779
GTGAAGGTGGCTTGCAATGTACTACTCAGCAAGTTCATAGTAGGGCCACCAGGTTCCGGA	9780
V K V A C N V L L S K F I V G P P G S G	799
T	
AAGACCACCTGGCTACTGAGTCAAGTCCAGGACGATGATGTCATTTACACACCCACCCAT	9840
K T T W L L S Q V Q D D D V I Y T P T H	819
I	
CAGACTATGTTTGATATAGTCAGTGCTCTCAAAGTTTGACAGGTATTCCATTCCAGGAGCC	9900
Q T M F D I V S A L K V C R Y S I P G A	839
TCAGGACTCCCTTTCCACCACCTGCCAGGTCCGGGCCGTGGGTTAGGCTTATTGCCAGC	9960
S G L P F P P P A R S G P W V R L I A S	859
GGGCACGTCCCTGGCCGAGTATCATACCTCGATGAGGCTGGATATTGTAATCATCTGGAC	10020
G H V P G R V S Y L D E A G Y C N H L D	879
ATTCTTAGACTGCTTTCCAAAACACCCCTTGTGTGTTTGGGTGACCTTCAGCAACTTCAC	10080
I L R L L S K T P L V C L G D L Q Q L H	899
CCTGTCGGCTTTGATTCTCTACTGTTATGTGTTTCGATCAGATGCCTCAGAAGCAGCTGACC	10140
P V G F D S Y C Y V F D Q M P Q K Q L T	919
ACTATTTACAGATTTGGCCCTAACATCTGCGCACGCATCCAGCCTTGTTACAGGGAGAAA	10200
T I Y R F G P N I C A R I Q P C Y R E K	939
CTTGAATCTAAGGCTAGGAACACTAGGGTGGTTTTTACCACCCGGCCTGTGGCCTTTGGT	10260
L E S K A R N T R V V F T T R P V A F G	959
CAGGTGCTGACACCATAACCATAAAGATCGCATCGGCTCTGCGATAACCATAGATTCATCC	10320
Q V L T P Y H K D R I G S A I T I D S S	979

FIG. 11

CAGGGGGCCACCTTTGATATTGTGACATTGCATCTACCATCGCCAAAGTCCCTAAATAAA	10380
Q G A T F D I V T L H L P S P K S L <u>N</u> K	999
TCCCAGCACTTGTAGCCATCACTCGGGCAAGACACGGGTGTTTCATTTATGACCCTCAT	10440
S R A L V A I T R A R H G L F I Y D P H	1019
AACCAGCTCCAGGAGTTTTTCAACTTAACCCCTGAGCGCACTGATTGTAACCTTGTGTTT	10500
N Q L Q E F F N L T P E R T D C N L V F	1039
AGCCGTGGGGATGAGCTGGTAGTTCTGAATGCGGATAATGCAGTCACAACCTGTAGCGAAG	10560
S R G D E L V V L N A D N A V T T V A K	1059
GCCCTTGAGACAGGTCCATCTCGATTTTCGAGTATCAGACCCGAGGTGCAAGTCTCTCTTA	10620
A L E T G P S R F R V S D P R C K S L L	1079
GCCGCTTGTTTCGGCCAGTCTGGAAGGGAGCTGTATGCCACTACCGCAAGTGGCACATAAC	10680
A A C S A S L E G S C M P L P Q V A H N	1099
CTGGGGTTTTACTTTTCCCCGGACAGTCCAACATTTGCACCTCTGCCAAAAGAGTTGGCG	10740
L G F Y F S P D S P T F A P L P K E L A	1119
CCACATTGGCCAGTGGTTACCCACCAGAATAATCGGGCGTGGCCTGATCGACTTGTTCGCT	10800
P H W P V V T H Q N N R A W P D R L V A	1139
AGTATGCGCCCAATTGATGCCCGCTACAGCAAGCCAATGGTCGGTGCAGGGTATGTGGTC	10860
S M R P I D A R Y S K P M V G A G Y V V	1159
GGGCCGTCCACCTTTCTTGGTACTCCTGGTGTGGTGTCACTATCTCACACTATACATC	10920
G P S T F L G T P G V V S Y Y L T L Y I	1179
AGGGGTGAGCCCCAGGCCTTGCCAGAAACACTCGTTTTCAACAGGGCGTATAGCCACAGAT	10980
R G E P Q A L P E T L V S T G R I A T D	1199
TGTCGGGAGTATCTCGACGCGGCTGAGGAAGAGGCAGAAAAGAACTCCCCACGCATTC	11040
C R E Y L D A A E E E A A K E L P H A F	1219
ATTGGCGATGTCAAAGGTACCACGGTTGGGGGGTGTGCATCACATTACATCAAAATACCTA	11100
I G D V K G T T V G G C H H I T S K Y L	1239
CCTAGGTCCCTGCCTAAGGACTCTGTTGCCGTAGTTGGAGTAAGTTCCGCCGGCAGGGCT	11160
P R S L P K D S V A V V G V S S P G R A	1259
GCTAAAGCCGTGTGCACTCTCACCGATGTGTACCTCCCCGAACCTCCGGCCATATCTGCAA	11220
A K A V C T L T D V Y L P E L R P Y L Q	1279
CCTGAGACGGCATCAAAATGCTGGAAACTCAAATTAGACTTCAGGGACGTCCGACTAATG	11280
P E T A S K C W K L K L D F R D V R L M	1299

FIG. 1m

GTCTGGAAAGGAGCCACCGCCTATTTCCAGTTGGAAGGGCTTACATGGTCGGCGCTGCCC 11340
V W K G A T A Y F Q L E G L T W S A L P 1319

C
GACTATGCCAGGTTTATTTCAGCTGCCCAAGGATGCCGTTGTATACATTGATCCGTGTATA 11400
D Y A R F I Q L P K D A V V Y I D P C I 1339

GGACCGGCAACAGCCAACCGTAAGGTCGTGCGAACCACAGACTGGCGGGCCGACCTGGCA 11460
G P A T A N R K V V R T T D W R A D L A 1359

GTGACACCGTATGATTACGGTGCCCAAGAACATTTTGACAACAGCCTGGTTCGAGGACCTC 11520
V T P Y D Y G A Q N I L T T A W F E D L 1379

GGGCGCAGTGGAAGATTTTGGGGTTGCAGCCCTTTAGGCGAGCATTGCGCTTTGAAAAC 11580
G P Q W K I L G L Q P F R R A F G F E N 1399

ACTGAGGATTGGGCAATCCTTGACGCGGTATGAATGACGGCAAGGACTACACTGACTAT 11640
T E D W A I L A R R M N D G K D Y T D Y 1419

AACTGGAAGTGTGTTTCGAGAACCGCCACAGCCATCTACGGGCGTGCTCGTGACCATACG 11700
N W N C V R E R P H A I Y G R A R D H T 1439

TATCATTTTGCCCCCTGGCACAGAATTGCAGGTAGAGCTAGGTAAACCCCGGCTGCCGCCT 11760
Y H F A P G T E L Q V E L G K P R L P P 1459

GGGCAAGTGCCGTGAATTTCGGGGTGATGCAATGGGGTCACTGTGGAGTAAAATCAGCCAG 11820
G Q V P - 1463

ORF2 M Q W G H C G V K S A S 12

T
CTGTTTCGTGGACGCCTTCACTGAGTTCCTTGTTAGTGTGGTTGATATTGCCATTTTCCTT 11880
C S W T P S L S S L L V W L I L P F S L 32
S

GCCATACTGTTTGGGTTTCACCGTCGCAGGATGGTTACTGGTCTTTCTTCTCAGAGTGGTT 11940
P Y C L G S P S Q D G Y W S F F S E W F 52

TGCTCCGCGCTTCTCCGTTTCGCGCTCTGCCATTCACTCTCCCGAACTATCGAAGGTCCTA 12000
A P R F S V R A L P F T L P N Y R R S Y 72

TGAAGGCTTGTGCCCCAACTGCAGACCGGATGTCCCAACAATTTGCAGTCAAGCACCCATT 12060
E G L L P N C R P D V P Q F A V K H P L 92

C G
GGGTATGTTTTGGCACATGCGAGTTTCCCACTTGATTGATGAGATGGTCTCTCGTCGCAT 12120
G M F W H M R V S H L I D E M V S R R I 112
V

FIG. 1n

TTACCAGACCATGGAACATTTCAGGTCAAGCGGCCTGGAAGCAGGTGGTTGGTGAGGCCAC	12180
Y Q T M E H S G Q A A W K Q V V G E A T	132
TCTCACGAAGCTGTCAGGGCTCGATATAGTTACTCATTTCCAACACCTGGCCGCAGTGGA	12240
L T K L S G L D I V T H F Q H L A A V E	152
GGCGGATTCTTGCCGCTTTTCTCAGCTCACGACTCGTGATGCTAAAAAATCTTGCCGTTGG	12300
A D S C R F L S S R L V M L K N L A V G	172
CAATGTGAGCCTACAGTACAACACCACGTTGGACCGGTTGAGCTCATCTTCCCCACGCC	12360
<u>N</u> V S L Q Y <u>N</u> T T L D R V E L I F P T P	192
AGGTACGAGGCCCAAGTTGACCGATTTCAGACAATGGCTCATCAGTGTGCACGCTTCCAT	12420
G T R P K L T D F R Q W L I S V H A S I	212
ORF3 M A H Q C A R F H	9
TTTTCTCTGTGGCTTCATCTGTTACCTTGTTTCATAGTGCTTTGGCTTCGAATTCCAGC	12480
F S S V A S S V T L F I V L W L R I P A	232
F F L C G F I C Y L V H S A L A S <u>N</u> S S	29
TCTACGCTATGTTTTTGGTTTCCATTGGCCACGGCAACACATCATTCGAGCTGACCATC	12540
L R Y V F G F H W P T A T H S S -	249
S T L C F W F P L A H G <u>N</u> T S F E L T I	49
AACTACACCATATGCATGCCCTGTTCTACCAGTCAAGCGGCTCGCCAAAGGCTCGAGCCC	12600
<u>N</u> Y T I C M P C S T S Q A A R Q R L E P	69
GGTCGTAACATGTGGTGCAAAATAGGGCATGACAGGTGTGAGGAGCGTGACCATGATGAG	12660
G R N M W C K I G H D R C E E R D H D E	89
TTGTTAATGTCCATCCCGTCCGGGTACGACAACCTCAAACCTTGAGGGTTATTATGCTTGG	12720
L L M S I P S G Y D N L K L E G Y Y A W	109
CTGGCTTTTTTGTCTTTTTCTACGCGGCCCAATTCCATCCGGAGTTGTTCCGGGATAGGG	12780
L A F L S F S Y A A Q F H P E L F G I G	129
AATGTGTCGCGCGTCTTCGTGGACAAGCGACACCAGTTCATTTGTGCCGAGCATGATGGA	12840
<u>N</u> V S R V F V D K R H Q F I C A E H D G	149
CACAATTCAACCGTATCTACCGGACACAACATCTCCGCATTATATGCGGCATATTACCAC	12900
H <u>N</u> S T V S T G H <u>N</u> I S A L Y A A Y Y H	169
CACCAAATAGACGGGGGCAATTGGTTCCATTGGAATGGCTGCGGCCACTCTTTTCTTCC	12960
H Q I D G G N W F H L E W L R P L F S S	189
ORF4 M A A A T L F F	8

FIG. 1a

TGGCTGGTGCTCAACATATCATGGTTTCTGAGGCGTTTCGCCTGTAAGCCCTGTTTCTCGA 13020
W L V L N I S W F L R R S P V S P V S R 209
L A G A Q H I M V S E A F A C K P C F S 28

CGCATCTATCAGATATTGAGACCAACACGACCGCGGCTGCCGGTTTCATGGTCCTTCAGG 13080
R I Y Q I L R P T R P R L P V S W S F R 229
T H L S D I E T N T T A A A G F M V L Q 48

ACATCAATTGTTTCCGACCTCACGGGGTCTCAGCAGCGCAAGAGAAAATTTCTTCGGAA 13140
T S I V S D L T G S Q Q R K R K F P S E 249
D I N C F R P H G V S A A Q E K I S F G 68

AGTCGTCCCAATGTCTGAAGCCGTCGGTACTCCCCAGTACATCACGATAACGGCTAACG 13200
S R P N V V K P S V L P S T S R - 265
K S S Q C R E A V G T P Q Y I T I T A N 88

TGACCGACGAATCATACTTGTACAACGCGGACCTGCTGATGCTTTCTGCGTGCCTTTTCT 13260
V T D E S Y L Y N A D L L M L S A C L F 108

ACGCCTCAGAAATGAGCGAGAAAGGCTTCAAAGTCATCTTTGGGAATGTCTCTGGCGTTG 13320
Y A S E M S E K G F K V I F G N V S G V 128

TTTCTGCTTGTGTCAATTTACAGATTATGTGGCCCATGTGACCCAACATACCCAGCAGC 13380
V S A C V N F T D Y V A H V T Q H T Q Q 148

ATCATCTGGTAATTGATCACATTCGGTTGCTGCAATTCCTGACACCATCTGCAATGAGGT 13440
H H L V I D H I R L L H F L T P S A M R 168

GGGCTACAACCATGCTTGTGTTTTCGCCATTCTCTTGGCAATATGAGATGTTCTCACAA 13500
W A T T I A C L F A I L L A I - 183
ORF5 M R C S H K 6

ATTGGGGCGTTTCTTGACTCCGCACTCTTGCTTCTGGTGGCTTTTTTTTGCTGTGTACCGG 13560
L G R F L T P H S C F W W L F L L C T G 26

CTTGTCCTGGTCCTTTGCCGATGGCAACGGCGACAGCTCGACATACCAATACATATATAA 13620
L S W S F A D G N G D S S T Y Q Y I Y N 46

CTTGACGATATGCGAGCTGAATGGGACCGACTGGTTGTCCAGCCATTTTGGTTGGGCAGT 13680
L T I C E L N G T D W L S S H F G W A V 66

CGAGACCTTTGTGCTTTACCCGGTTGCCACTCATATCCTCTCACTGGGTTTTCTCACAAAC 13740
E T F V L Y P V A T H I L S L G F L T T 86

AAGCCATTTTTTTGACGCGCTCGGTCTCGGCGCTGTATCCACTGCAGGATTTGTTGGCGG 13800
S H F F D A L G L G A V S T A G F V G G 106

FIG. 1p

GCGGTACGTACTCTGCAGCGTCTACGGCGCTTGTGCTTTTCGCAGCGTTTCGTATGTTTTGT 13860
 R Y V L C S V Y G A C A F A A F V C F V 126

CATCCGTGCTGCTAAAAATTGCATGGCCTGCCGCTATGCCCGTACCCGGTTTACCAACTT 13920
 I R A A K N C M A C R Y A R T R F T N F 146

CATTGTGGACGACCGGGGAGAGTTTCATCGATGGAAGTCTCCAATAGTGGTAGAAAAATT 13980
 I V D D R G R V H R W K S P I V V E K L 166

GGGCAAAGCCGAAGTCGATGGCAACCTCGTCACCATCAAACATGTCGTCCTCGAAGGGGT 14040
 G K A E V D G N L V T I K H V V L E G V 186

TAAAGCTCAACCCTTGACGAGGACTTCGGCTGAGCAATGGGAGGCCTAGACGATTTTTTGC 14100
 K A Q P L T R T S A E Q W E A - 201
 ORF6 M G G L D D F C 8

AACGATCCTATCGCCGCACAAAAGCTCGTGCTAGCCTTTAGCATCACATACACACCTATA 14160
 N D P I A A Q K L V L A F S I T Y T P I 28

ATGATATACGCCCTTAAGGTGTCACGCGGCCGACTCCTGGGGCTGTTGCACATCCTAATA 14220
 M I Y A L K V S R G R L L G L L H I L I 48

TTTCTGAACTGTTCCCTTTACATTGCGATACATGACATATGTGCATTTTCAATCCACCAAC 14280
 F L N C S F T F G Y M T Y V H F Q S T N 68

CGTGTGCACTTACCCTGGGGGCTGTTGTGCGCCCTTCTGTGGGGTGTTTACAGCTTCACA 14340
 R V A L T L G A V V A L L W G V Y S F T 88

GAGTCATGGAAGTTTATCACTTCCAGATGCAGATTGTGTTGCCTTGGCCGGCGATACATT 14400
 E S W K F I T S R C R L C C L G R R Y I 108

CTGGCCCCCTGCCCATCACGTAGAAAGTGTGTCAGGTCTCCATTCAATCTCAGCGTCTGGT 14460
 L A P A H H V E S A A G L H S I S A S G 128

AACCGAGCATACGCTGTGAGAAAGCCCGGACTAACATCAGTGAACGGCACTCTAGTACCA 14520
 N R A Y A V R K P G L T S V N G T L V P 148

GGACTTCGGAGCCTCGTGCTGGGCGGCAAACGAGCTGTTAAACGAGGAGTGGTTAACCTC 14580
 G L R S L V L G G K R A V K R G V V N L 168

GTCAAGTATGGCCGGTAAAAACCAGAGCCAGAAGAAAAAGAAAGTACAGCTCCGATGGG 14640
 V K Y G R - 173
 ORF7 M A G K N Q S Q K K K K S T A P M G 18

GAATGGCCAGCCAGTCAATCAACTGTGCCAGTTGCTGGGTGCAATGATAAAGTCCCAGCG 14700
 N G Q P V N Q L C Q L L G A M I K S Q R 38

FIG. 1q

T

CCAGCAACCTAGGGGAGGACAGGCCAAAAAGAAAAAGCCTGAGAAGCCACATTTTCCCCT 14760
 Q Q P R G G Q A K K K K P E K P H F P L 58

GGCTGCTGAAGATGACATCCGGCACCACCTCACCCAGACTGAACGCTCCCTCTGCTTGCA 14820
 A A E D D I R H H L T Q T E R S L C L Q 78

A

ATCGATCCAGACGGCTTTCAATCAAGGCGCAGGAAGTGCCTCGCTTTCATCCAGCGGGAA 14880
 S I Q T A F N Q G A G T A S L S S S G K 98

GGTCAGTTTTTCAGGTTGAGTTTATGCTGCCGGTTGCTCATAAGTGCGCCTGATTGCGGT 14940
 V S F Q V E F M L P V A H T V R L I R V 118

GAATTCTACATCCGCCAGTCAGGGTGCAAGTTAATTTGACAGTCAGGTGAATGGCCGCGA 15000
 T S T S A S Q G A S - 128

TGGCGTGTGGCCTCTGAGTCACCTATTCAATTAGGGCGATCACATGGGGGTCATACTTAA 15060

TTCAGGCAGGAACCATGTGACCGAAATTAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA 15088

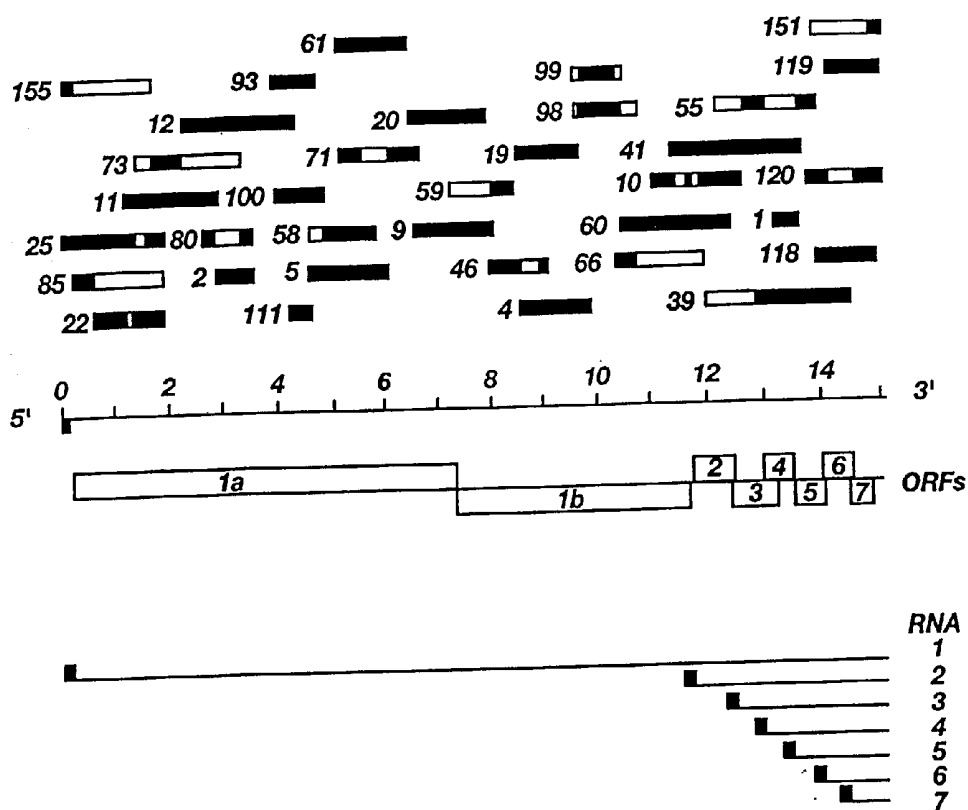


Fig. 2

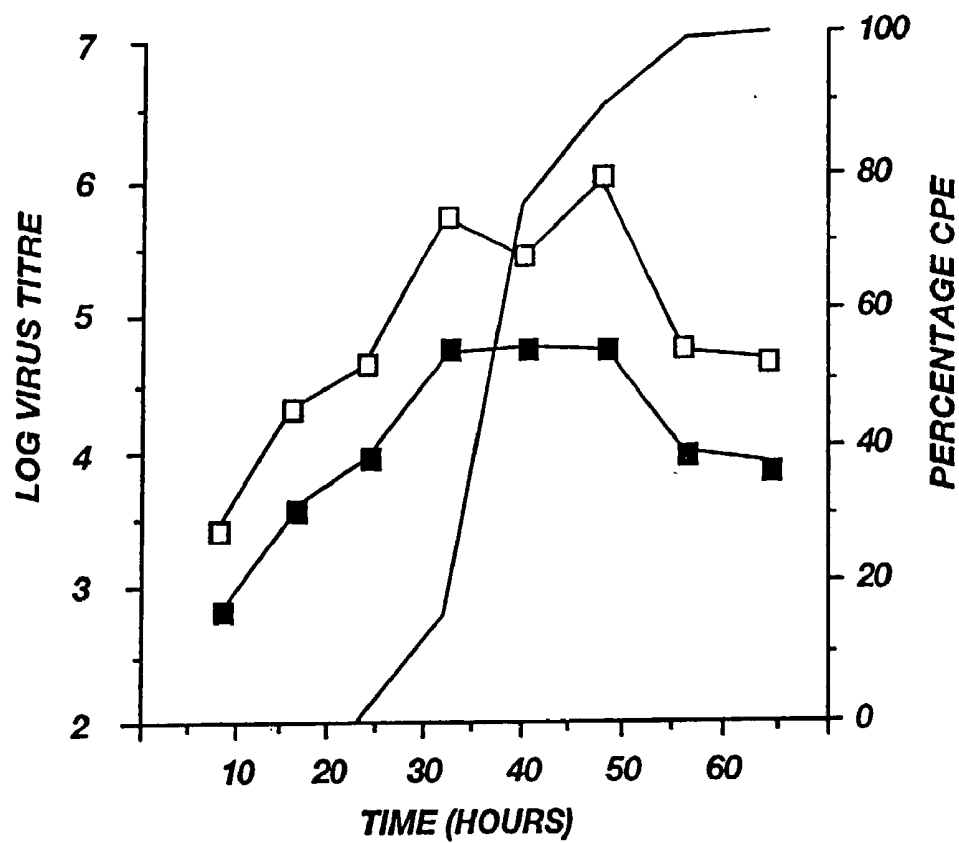


Fig. 3

CAUSATIVE AGENT OF THE MYSTERY SWINE DISEASE, VACCINE COMPOSITIONS AND DIAGNOSTIC KITS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a divisional application of co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 09/565,864, filed May 5, 2000, now U.S. Patent _____, issued _____, which itself is a divisional application of co-pending U.S. application Ser. No. 08/747,863, filed Nov. 13, 1996, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,197,310, issued Mar. 6, 2001, which itself is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 08/157,005, filed Nov. 26, 1993, now U.S. Pat. No. 5,620,691, which is a U.S. National Stage under 35 U.S.C. § 371 of International Patent Application PCT/NL92/00096, filed Jun. 5, 1992, the contents of all of which are incorporated by this reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0002] The invention relates to the isolation, characterization and utilization of the causative agent of the Mystery Swine Disease (MSD). The invention utilizes the discovery of the agent causing the disease and the determination of its genome organization, the genomic nucleotide sequence and the proteins encoded by the genome, for providing protection against and diagnosis of infections, in particular, protection against and diagnosis of MSD infections, and for providing vaccine compositions and diagnostic kits, either for use with MSD or with other pathogen-caused diseases.

BACKGROUND

[0003] In the winter and early spring of 1991, the Dutch pig industry was struck by a sudden outbreak of a new disease among breeding sows. Most sows showed anorexia, some aborted late in gestation (around day 110), showed stillbirths or gave birth to mummified fetuses and some had fever. Occasionally, sows with bluish ears were found, therefore, the disease was commonly named "Abortus Blauw". The disease in the sows was often accompanied by respiratory distress and death of their young piglets and often by respiratory disease and growth retardation of older piglets and fattening pigs.

[0004] The cause of this epizootic was not known, but the symptoms resembled those of a similar disease occurring in Germany since late 1990, and resembled those of the so-called "Mystery Swine Disease" as seen since 1987 in the mid-west of the United States of America and in Canada (Hill, 1990). Various other names have been used for the disease; in Germany it is known as "Seuchenhafter Spätabort der Schweine" and in North America it is also known as "Mystery Pig Disease", "Mysterious Reproductive Syndrome", and "Swine Infertility and Respiratory Syndrome". In North America, Loula (1990) described the general clinical signs as:

- [0005] 1) off feed, sick animals of all ages;
- [0006] 2) abortions, stillbirths, weak pigs, mummies;
- [0007] 3) post-farrowing respiratory problems; and
- [0008] 4) breeding problems.

[0009] No causative agent has as yet been identified, but encephalomyocarditis virus ("EMCV"), porcine parvo virus

("PPV"), pseudorabies virus ("PRV"), swine influenza virus ("SIV"), bovine viral diarrhea virus ("BVDV"), hog cholera virus ("HCV"), porcine enteroviruses ("PEV"), an influenza-like virus, chlamidia, leptospirae, have all been named as a possible cause (Loula, 1990; Mengeling and Lager, 1990; among others).

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0010] The invention provides a composition of matter comprising isolated Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, the Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, *Collection Nationale de Cultures De Microorganismes* (C.N.C.M.) 25, rue du Docteur Roux, 75724 -Paris Cedex 15, France, deposit number I-1102. The words "essentially corresponding" refer to variations that occur in nature and to artificial variations of Lelystad Agent, particularly those which still allow detection by techniques like hybridization, PCR and ELISA, using Lelystad Agent-specific materials, such as Lelystad Agent-specific DNA or antibodies.

[0011] The composition of matter may comprise live, killed, or attenuated isolated Lelystad Agent; a recombinant vector derived from Lelystad Agent; an isolated part or component of Lelystad Agent; isolated or synthetic protein (poly)peptide, or nucleic acid derived from Lelystad Agent; recombinant nucleic acid which comprises a nucleotide sequence derived from the genome of Lelystad Agent; a (poly)peptide having an amino acid sequence derived from a protein of Lelystad Agent, the (poly)peptide being produced by a cell capable of producing it due to genetic engineering with appropriate recombinant DNA; an isolated or synthetic antibody which specifically recognizes a part or component of Lelystad Agent; or a recombinant vector which contains nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a protein or antigenic peptide derived from Lelystad Agent.

[0012] On the DNA level, the invention specifically provides a recombinant nucleic acid, more specifically recombinant DNA, which comprises a Lelystad Agent-specific nucleotide sequence shown in **FIG. 1** (SEQ ID NO: 1) which includes **FIGS. 1a** ; through **1q**. Preferably, the Lelystad Agent-specific nucleotide sequence is selected from any one of the ORFs (Open Reading Frames) shown in **FIG. 1** (SEQ ID NO: 1).

[0013] On the peptide/protein level, the invention specifically provides a peptide comprising a Lelystad Agent-specific amino acid sequence shown in **FIG. 1** (SEQ ID NO: 1).

[0014] The invention further provides a vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against Mystery Swine Disease, comprising Lelystad Agent, either live, killed, or attenuated; or a recombinant vector which contains nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a protein or antigenic peptide derived from Lelystad Agent; an antigenic part or component of Lelystad Agent; a protein or antigenic polypeptide derived from, or a peptide mimicking an antigenic component of, Lelystad Agent; and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

[0015] The invention also provides a vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in

particular pigs or swine, to protect them against a disease caused by a pathogen, comprising a recombinant vector derived from Lelystad Agent, the nucleic acid of the recombinant vector comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a protein or antigenic peptide derived from the pathogen, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

[0016] The invention further provides a diagnostic kit for detecting nucleic acid from Lelystad Agent in a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising a nucleic acid probe or primer which comprises a nucleotide sequence derived from the genome of Lelystad Agent, and suitable detection means of a nucleic acid detection assay.

[0017] The invention also provides a diagnostic kit for detecting antigen from Lelystad Agent in a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising an antibody which specifically recognizes a part or component of Lelystad Agent, and suitable detection means of an antigen detection assay.

[0018] The invention also provides a diagnostic kit for detecting an antibody which specifically recognizes Lelystad Agent in a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising Lelystad Agent; an antigenic part or component of Lelystad Agent; a protein or antigenic polypeptide derived from Lelystad Agent; or a peptide mimicking an antigenic component of Lelystad Agent; and suitable detection means of an antibody detection assay.

[0019] The invention also relates to a process for diagnosing whether an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, is contaminated with the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, comprising preparing a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from the animal, and examining whether it contains Lelystad Agent nucleic acid, Lelystad Agent antigen, or antibody specifically recognizing Lelystad Agent, the Lelystad Agent being the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease and essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0020] The invention is a result of combined efforts of the Central Veterinary Institute (CVI) and the Regional Animal Health Services (RAHS) in the Netherlands in trying to find the cause of the new disease MSD. Farms with pigs affected by the new disease were visited by field veterinarians of the RAHS. Sick pigs, specimens of sick pigs, and sow sera taken at the time of the acute and convalescent phase of the disease were sent for virus isolation to the RAHS and the CVI. Paired sera of affected sows were tested for antibodies against ten known pig-viruses. Three different viruses, encephalomyocarditis virus, porcine enterovirus type 2, porcine enterovirus type 7, and an unknown agent, Lelystad Agent (LA), were isolated. Sows which had reportedly been

struck with the disease mainly seroconverted to LA, and rarely to any of the other virus isolates or the known viral pathogens. In order to reproduce MSD experimentally, eight pregnant sows were inoculated intranasally with LA at day 84 of gestation. One sow gave birth to seven dead and four live but very weak piglets at day 109 of gestation; the four live piglets died one day after birth. Another sow gave birth at day 116 to three mummified fetuses, six dead piglets and three live piglets; two of the live piglets died within one day. A third sow gave birth at day 117 to two mummified fetuses, eight dead and seven live piglets. The other sows farrowed around day 115 and had less severe reproductive losses. The mean number of live piglets from all eight sows at birth was 7.3 and the mean number of dead piglets at birth was 4.6. Antibodies directed against LA were detected in 10 out of 42 serum samples collected before the pigs had sucked. LA was isolated from three piglets that died shortly after birth. These results justify the conclusion that LA is the causal agent of mystery swine disease.

[0021] LA grows with a cytopathic affect in pig lung macrophages and can be identified by staining in an immuno-peroxidase-monolayer assay (IPMA) with post-infection sera of pigs c 829 and b 822, or with any of the other post-infection sera of the SPF pigs listed in table 5. Antibodies to LA can be identified by indirect staining procedures in IPMA. LA did not grow in any other cell system tested. LA was not neutralized by homologous sera, or by sera directed against a set of known viruses (Table 3). LA did not haemagglutinate with the red blood cells tested. LA is smaller than 200 nm since it passes through a filter with pores of this size. LA is sensitive to chloroform. The above results show that Lelystad Agent is not yet identified as belonging to a certain virus group or other microbiological species. It has been deposited Jun. 5, 1991 under number I-1102 at Institut Pasteur, France.

[0022] The genome organization, nucleotide sequences, and polypeptides derived therefrom, of LA have now been found. These data together with those of others (see below) justify classification of LA (hereafter also called Lelystad Virus or LV) as a member of a new virus family, the Arteriviridae. As prototype virus of this new family we propose Equine Arteritis Virus (EAV), the first member of the new family of which data regarding the replication strategy of the genome and genome organization became available (de Vries et al., 1990, and references therein). On the basis of a comparison of our sequence data with those available for Lactate Dehydrogenase-Elevating Virus (LDV; Godeny et al., 1990), we propose that LDV is also a member of the Arteriviridae.

[0023] Given the genome organization and translation strategy of Arteriviridae, it seems appropriate to place this new virus family into the superfamily of coronaviruses (Snijder et al., 1990a).

[0024] Arteriviruses have in common that their primary target cells in respective hosts are macrophages. Replication of LDV has been shown to be restricted to macrophages in its host, the mouse; whereas this strict propensity for macrophages has not been resolved yet for EAV and LV.

[0025] Arteriviruses are spherical enveloped particles having a diameter of 45-60 nm and containing an icosahedral nucleocapsid (Brinton-Darnell and Plagemann, 1975; Horzinek et al., 1971; Hyllseth, 1973).

[0026] The genome of Arteriviridae consists of a positive stranded polyadenylated RNA molecule with a size of about 12-13 kilobases (kb) (Brinton-Darnell and Plageman, 1975; van der Zeijst et al., 1975). EAV replicates via a 3' nested set of six subgenomic mRNAs, ranging in size from 0.8 to 3.6 kb, which are composed of a leader sequence, derived from the 5' end of the genomic RNA, which is joined to the 3' terminal body sequences (de Vries et al., 1990).

[0027] Here we show that the genome organization and replication strategy of LV is similar to that of EAV, coronaviruses and toroviruses, whereas the genome sizes of the latter viruses are completely different from those of LV and EAV.

[0028] The genome of LV consists of a genomic RNA molecule of about 14.5 to 15.5 kb in length (estimated on a neutral agarose gel), which replicates via a 3' nested set of subgenomic RNAs. The subgenomic RNAs consist of a leader sequence, the length of which is yet unknown, which is derived from the 5' end of the genomic RNA and which is fused to the body sequences derived from the 3' end of the genomic RNA (FIG. 2).

[0029] The nucleotide sequence of the genomic RNA of LV was determined from overlapping cDNA clones. A consecutive sequence of 15,088 bp was obtained covering nearly the complete genome of LV (FIG. 1, SEQ ID NO: 1). In this sequence 8 open reading frames (ORFs) were identified: ORF 1A, ORF 1B, and ORFs 2 to 7.

[0030] ORF 1A and ORF 1B are predicted to encode the viral replicase or polymerase (SEQ ID NO: 2 and SEQ ID NO: 3), whereas ORFs 2 to 6 are predicted to encode structural viral membrane (envelope) associated proteins (SEQ ID NOS: 4-8). ORF 7 is predicted to encode the structural viral nucleocapsid protein (SEQ ID NO: 9).

[0031] Because the products of ORF 6 and ORF 7 of LV (SEQ ID NO: 8 and SEQ ID NO: 9) show a significant similarity with VpX and Vp1 of LDV, respectively, it is predicted that the sequences of ORFs 6 and 7 will also be highly conserved among antigenic variants of LV.

[0032] The complete nucleotide sequence of FIG. 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) and all the sequences and protein products encoded by ORFs 1 to 7 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-9) and possible other ORFs located in the sequence of FIG. 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) are especially suited for vaccine development, in whatever sense, and for the development of diagnostic tools, in whatever sense. All possible modes are well known to persons skilled in the art.

[0033] Since it is now possible to unambiguously identify LA, the causal agent of MSD, it can now be tested whether pigs are infected with LA or not. Such diagnostic tests have, until now, been unavailable.

[0034] The test can be performed by virus isolation in macrophages, or other cell culture systems in which LA might grow, and staining the infected cultures with antibodies directed against LA (such as post-infection sera c 829 or b 822), but it is also feasible to develop and employ other types of diagnostic tests.

[0035] For instance, it is possible to use direct or indirect immunohistological staining techniques, i.e., with antibodies directed to LA that are labeled with fluorescent compounds such as isothiocyanate, or labeled with enzymes

such as horseradish peroxidase. These techniques can be used to detect LA antigen in tissue sections or other samples from pigs suspected to have MSD. The antibodies needed for these tests can be c 829 or b 822 or other polyclonal antibodies directed against LA, but monoclonal antibodies directed against LA can also be used.

[0036] Furthermore, since the nature and organization of the genome of LA and the nucleotide sequence of this genome have been determined, LA-specific nucleotide sequences can be identified and used to develop oligonucleotide sequences that can be used as probes or primers in diagnostic techniques such as hybridization, polymerase chain reaction, or any other techniques that are developed to specifically detect nucleotide acid sequences.

[0037] It is also possible to test for antibodies directed against LA. Table 5 shows that experimentally infected pigs rapidly develop antibodies against LA, and table 4 shows that pigs in the field also have strong antibody responses against LA. Thus, it can now also be determined whether pigs have been infected with LA in the past. Such testing is of utmost importance in determining whether pigs or pig herds or pig populations or pigs in whole regions or countries are free of LA. The test can be done by using the IPMA as described, but it is also feasible to develop and employ other types of diagnostic tests for the detection of antibodies directed against LA.

[0038] LA-specific proteins, polypeptides, and peptides, or peptide sequences mimicking antigenic components of LA, can be used in such tests. Such proteins can be derived from the LA itself, but it is also possible to make such proteins by recombinant DNA or peptide synthesis techniques. These tests can use specific polyclonal and/or monoclonal antibodies directed against LA or specific components of LA, and/or use cell systems infected with LA or cell systems expressing LA antigen. The antibodies can be used, for example, as a means for immobilizing the LA antigen (a solid surface is coated with the antibody whereafter the LA antigen is bound by the antibody) which leads to a higher specificity of the test, or can be used in a competitive assay (labeled antibody and unknown antibody in the sample compete for available LA antigen).

[0039] Furthermore, the above described diagnostic possibilities can be applied to test whether other animals, such as mammals, birds, insects or fish, or plants, or other living creatures, can be, or are, or have been infected with LA or related agents.

[0040] Since LA has now been identified as the causal agent of MSD, it is possible to make a vaccine to protect pigs against this disease. Such a vaccine can simply be made by growing LA in pig lung macrophage cultures, or in other cell systems in which LA grows. LA can then be purified or not, and killed by established techniques, such as inactivation with formaline or ultra-violet light. The inactivated LA can then be combined with adjuvantia, such as Freund's adjuvans or aluminum hydroxide or others, and this composition can then be injected in pigs.

[0041] Dead vaccines can also be made with LA protein preparations derived from LA infected cultures, or derived from cell systems expressing specifically LA protein through DNA recombinant techniques. Such subunits of LA would then be treated as above, and this would result in a subunit vaccine.

[0042] Vaccines using even smaller components of LA, such as polypeptides, peptides, or peptides mimicking antigenic components of LA, are also feasible for use as dead vaccine.

[0043] Dead vaccines against MSD can also be made by recombinant DNA techniques through which the genome of LA, or parts thereof, is incorporated in vector systems such as vaccinia virus, herpesvirus, pseudorabies virus, adeno virus, baculo virus or other suitable vector systems that can so express LA antigen in appropriate cells systems. LA antigen from these systems can then be used to develop a vaccine as above, and pigs, vaccinated with such products would develop protective immune responses against LA.

[0044] Vaccines against MSD can also be based on live preparations of LA. Since only young piglets and pregnant sows seem to be seriously affected by infection with LA, it is possible to use unattenuated LA, grown in pig lung macrophages, as vaccine for older piglets, or breeding gilts. In this way, sows can be protected against MSD before they get pregnant, which results in protection against abortions and stillbirth, and against congenital infections of piglets. Also the maternal antibody that these vaccinated sows give to their offspring would protect their offspring against the disease.

[0045] Attenuated vaccines (modified-live-vaccines) against MSD can be made by serially passaging LA in pig lung macrophages, in lung macrophages of other species, or in other cell systems, or in other animals, such as rabbits, until it has lost its pathogenicity.

[0046] Live vaccines against MSD can also be made by recombinant DNA techniques through which the genome of LA, or parts thereof, is incorporated in vector systems such as vaccinia virus, herpesvirus, pseudorabies virus, adeno virus or other suitable vector systems that can so express LA antigen. Pigs vaccinated with such live vector systems would then develop protective immune responses against LA.

[0047] Lelystad Agent itself would be specifically suited to use as a live vector system. Foreign genes could be inserted in the genome of LA and could be expressing the corresponding protein during the infection of the macrophages. This cell, which is an antigen-presenting cell, would process the foreign antigen and present it to B-lymphocytes and T-lymphocytes which will respond with the appropriate immune response.

[0048] Since LA seems to be very cell specific and possibly also very species specific, this vector system might be a very safe system, which does not harm other cells or species.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0049] FIG. 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1) shows the nucleotide sequence of the LV genome. The deduced amino acid sequence of the identified ORFs (SEQ ID NOS: 2-9) are shown. The methionines encoded by the (putative) ATG start sites are indicated in bold and putative N-glycosylation sites are underlined. Differences in the nucleotide and amino acid sequence, as identified by sequencing different cDNA clones, are shown. The nucleotide sequence of primer 25, which has been used in hybridization experiments (see FIG. 2 and section "results"), is underlined.

[0050] FIG. 2 shows the organization of the LV genome. The cDNA clones, which have been used for the determination of the nucleotide sequence, are indicated in the upper part of the figure. The parts of the clones, which were sequenced, are indicated in black. In the lower part of the FIG. the ORFs, identified in the nucleotide sequence, and the subgenomic set of mRNAs, encoding these ORFs are shown. The dashed lines in the ORFs represent alternative initiation sites (ATGs) of these ORFs. The leader sequence of the genomic and subgenomic RNAs is indicated by a solid box.

[0051] FIG. 3 shows the growth characteristics of LA:

[0052] empty squares—titre of cell-free virus;

[0053] solid squares—titre of cell-associated virus;

[0054] solid line—percentage cytopathic effect (CPE).

MATERIALS AND METHODS

[0055] Sample Collection

[0056] Samples and pigs were collected from farms where a herd epizootic of MSD seemed to occur. Important criteria for selecting the farm as being affected with MSD were: sows that were off feed, the occurrence of stillbirth and abortion, weak offspring, respiratory disease and death among young piglets. Samples from four groups of pigs have been investigated:

[0057] (1) tissue samples and an oral swab from affected piglets from the field (Table 1A);

[0058] (2) blood samples and oral swabs from affected sows in the field (Tables 1B and 4);

[0059] (3) tissue samples, nasal swabs and blood samples collected from specific-pathogen-free (SPF) pigs experimentally infected by contact with affected sows from the field; or

[0060] (4) tissue samples, nasal swabs and blood samples collected from specific-pathogen-free (SPF) pigs experimentally infected by inoculation with blood samples of affected sows from the field (Tables 2 and 5).

[0061] Sample Preparation

[0062] Samples for virus isolation were obtained from piglets and sows which on clinical grounds were suspected to have MSD, and from experimentally infected SPF pigs, sows and their piglets.

[0063] Tissue samples were cut on a cryostat microtome and sections were submitted for direct immunofluorescence testing (IFT) with conjugates directed against various pig pathogens.

[0064] 10% Suspensions of tissues samples were prepared in Hank's BSS supplemented with antibiotics, and oral and nasal swabs were soaked in Hank's BSS supplemented with antibiotics. After one hour at room temperature, the suspensions were clarified for 10 min at 6000 g and the supernatant was stored at -70°C . for further use. Leucocyte fractions were isolated from EDTA or heparin blood as described earlier (Wensvoort and Terpstra, 1988) and stored at -70°C . Plasma and serum for virus isolation were stored at -70°C .

[0065] Serum for serology was obtained from sows suspected to be in the acute phase of MSD, a paired serum was taken 3-9 weeks later. Furthermore, sera were taken from the experimentally infected SPF pigs at regular intervals and colostrum and serum was taken from experimentally infected sows and their piglets. Sera for serology were stored at -20°C .

[0066] Cells

[0067] Pig lung macrophages were obtained from lungs of 5-6 weeks old SPF pigs or from lungs of adult SPF sows from the Central Veterinary Institute's own herd. The lungs were washed five to eight times with phosphate buffered saline (PBS). Each aliquot of washing fluid was collected and centrifuged for 10 min at 300 g. The resulting cell pellet was washed again in PBS and resuspended in cell culture medium (160 ml medium 199, supplemented with 20 ml 2.95% tryptose phosphate, 20 ml fetal bovine serum (FBS), and 4.5 ml 1.4% sodium bicarbonate) to a concentration of 4×10^7 cells/ml. The cell suspension was then slowly mixed with an equal volume of DMSO mix (6.7 ml of above medium, 1.3 ml FBS, 2 ml dimethylsulfoxide 97%), aliquoted in 2 ml ampoules and stored in liquid nitrogen.

[0068] Macrophages from one ampoule were prepared for cell culture by washing twice in Earle's MEM, and resuspended in 30 ml growth medium (Earle's MEM, supplemented with 10% FBS, 200 U/ml penicillin, 0.2 mg/ml streptomycin, 100 U/ml mycostatin, and 0.3 mg/ml glutamine). PK-15 cells (American Type Culture Collection, CCL33) and SK-6 cells (Kasza et al., 1972) were grown as described by Wensvoort et al. (1989). Secondary porcine kidney (PK2) cells were grown in Earle's MEM, supplemented with 10% FBS and the above antibiotics. All cells were grown in a cell culture cabinet at 37°C . and 5% CO_2 .

[0069] Virus Isolation Procedures

[0070] Virus isolation was performed according to established techniques using PK2, PK-15 and SK-6 cells, and pig lung macrophages. The former three cells were grown in 25 ml flasks (Greiner), and inoculated with the test sample when monolayers had reached 70-80% confluency. Macrophages were seeded in 100 μl aliquots in 96-well microtiter plates (Greiner) or in larger volumes in appropriate flasks, and inoculated with the test sample within one hour after seeding. The cultures were observed daily for cytopathic effects (CPE), and frozen at -70°C . when 50-70% CPE was reached or after five to ten days of culture. Further passages were made with freeze-thawed material of passage level 1 and 2 or higher. Some samples were also inoculated into nine to twelve day old embryonated hen eggs. Allantoic fluid was subinoculated two times using an incubation interval of three days and the harvest of the third passage was examined by haemagglutination at 4°C . using chicken red blood cells, and by an ELISA specifically detecting nucleoprotein of influenza A viruses (De Boer et al., 1990).

[0071] Serology

[0072] Sera were tested in haemagglutinating inhibition tests (HAI) to study the development of antibody against haemagglutinating encephalitis virus (HEV), and swine influenza viruses H1N1 and H3N2 according to the protocol of Masurel (1976). Starting dilutions of the sera in HAI were 1:9, after which the sera were diluted twofold.

[0073] Sera were tested in established enzyme-linked immuno-sorbent assays (ELISA) for antibodies against the glycoprotein gI of pseudorabies virus (PRV; Van Oirschot et al., 1988), porcine parvo virus (PPV; Westenbrink et al., 1989), bovine viral diarrhoea virus (BVDV; Westenbrink et al., 1986), and hog cholera virus (HCV; Wensvoort et al., 1988). Starting dilutions in the ELISA's were 1:5, after which the sera were diluted twofold.

[0074] Sera were tested for neutralizing antibodies against 30-300 TCID_{50} of encephalomyocarditis viruses (EMCV), porcine enteroviruses (PEV), and Lelystad Agent (LA) according to the protocol of Terpstra (1978). Starting dilutions of the sera in the serum neutralization tests (SNT) were 1:5, after which the sera were diluted twofold.

[0075] Sera were tested for binding with LA in an immuno-peroxidase-monolayer assay (IPMA). Lelystad Agent (LA; code: CDI-NL-2.91) was seeded in microtiter plates by adding 50 μl growth medium containing 100 TCID_{50} LA to the wells of a microtiter plate containing freshly seeded lung macrophages. The cells were grown for two days and then fixed as described (Wensvoort, 1986). The test sera were diluted 1:10 in 0.15 M NaCl, 0.05% Tween 80, 4% horse serum, or diluted further in fourfold steps, added to the wells and then incubated for one hour at 37°C . Sheep-anti-pig immunoglobulins (Ig) conjugated to horse radish peroxidase (HRPO, DAKO) were diluted in the same buffer and used in a second incubation for one hour at 37°C ., after which the plates were stained as described (Wensvoort et al., 1986). An intense red staining of the cytoplasm of infected macrophages indicated binding of the sera to LA.

[0076] Virus Identification Procedures

[0077] The identity of cytopathic isolates was studied by determining the buoyant density in CsCl , by estimating particle size in negatively stained preparations through electron microscopy, by determining the sensitivity of the isolate to chloroform and by neutralizing the CPE of the isolate with sera with known specificity (Table 3). Whenever an isolate was specifically neutralized by a serum directed against a known virus, the isolate was considered to be a representative of this known virus.

[0078] Isolates that showed CPE on macrophage cultures were also studied by staining in IPMA with post-infection sera of pigs c 829 or b 822. The isolates were reinoculated on macrophage cultures and fixed at day 2 after inoculation before the isolate showed CPE. Whenever an isolate showed reactivity in IPMA with the post-infection sera of pigs c 829 or b 822, the isolate was considered to be a representative of the Lelystad Agent. Representatives of the other isolates grown in macrophages or uninfected macrophages were also stained with these sera to check the specificity of the sera.

[0079] Further Identification of Lelystad Agent

[0080] Lelystad Agent was further studied by haemagglutination at 4°C . and 37°C . with chicken, guinea pig, pig, sheep, or human O red blood cells. SIV, subtype H3N2, was used as positive control in the haemagglutination studies.

[0081] The binding of pig antisera specifically directed against pseudorabies virus (PRV), transmissible gastroenteritis virus (TGE), porcine epidemic diarrhoea virus (PED), haemagglutinating encephalitis virus (HEV), African swine fever virus (ASFV), hog cholera virus (HCV) and swine

influenza virus (SIV) type H1N1 and H3N2, of bovine antisera specifically directed against bovine herpes viruses type 1 and 4 (BHV 1 and 4), malignant catarrhal fever (MCF), parainfluenza virus 3 (PI3), bovine respiratory syncytial virus (BRSV) and bovine leukemia virus (BLV), and of avian antisera specifically directed against avian leukemia virus (ALV) and infectious bronchitis virus (IBV) was studied with species-Ig-specific HRPO conjugates in an IPMA on LA infected and uninfected pig lung macrophages as described above.

[0082] We also tested in IPMA antisera of various species directed against mumps virus, Sendai virus, canine distemper virus, rinderpest virus, measles virus, pneumonia virus of mice, bovine respiratory syncytial virus, rabies virus, foamy virus, maedi-visna virus, bovine and murine leukemia virus, human, feline and simian immunodeficiency virus, lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus, feline infectious peritonitis virus, mouse hepatitis virus, Breda virus, Hantaan virus, Nairobi sheep disease virus, Eastern, Western and Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis virus, rubellavirus, equine arteritis virus, lactic dehydrogenase virus, yellow fever virus, tick-born encephalitis virus and hepatitis C virus.

[0083] LA was blindly passaged in PK2, PK-15, and SK-6 cells, and in embryonated hen eggs. After two passages, the material was inoculated again into pig lung macrophage cultures for reisolation of LA.

[0084] LA was titrated in pig lung macrophages prior to and after passing through a 0.2 micron filter (Schleicher and Schuell). The LA was detected in IPMA and by its CPE. Titres were calculated according to Reed and Muench (1938).

[0085] We further prepared pig antisera directed against LA. Two SPF pigs (21 and 23) were infected intranasally with $10^{5.5}$ TCID₅₀ of a fifth cell culture passage of LA. Two other SPF pigs (25 and 29) were infected intranasally with a fresh suspension of the lungs of an LA-infected SPF piglet containing 10^5 TCID₅₀ LA. Blood samples were taken at 0, 14, 28, and 42 days post-infection (dpi).

[0086] We further grew LA in porcine alveolar macrophages to determine its growth pattern over time. Porcine alveolar macrophages were seeded in F25 flasks (Greiner), infected with LA with a multiplicity of infection of 0.01 TCID₅₀ per cell. At 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56, and 64 h after infection, one flask was examined and the percentage of CPE in relation to a noninfected control culture was determined. The culture medium was then harvested and replaced with an equal volume of phosphate-buffered saline. The medium and the flask were stored at -70° C. After all cultures had been harvested, the LA titres were determined and expressed as log TCID₅₀ ml⁻¹.

[0087] The morphology of LA was studied by electron-microscopy. LA was cultured as above. After 48 h, the cultures were freeze-thawed and centrifuged for 10 min at 6000.times.g. An amount of 30 ml supernatant was then mixed with 0.3 ml LA-specific pig serum and incubated for 1.5 h at 37° C. After centrifugation for 30 min at 125,000x g, the resulting pellet was suspended in 1% Seakem agarose ME in phosphate-buffered saline at 40° C. After coagulation, the agarose block was immersed in 0.8% glutaraldehyde and 0.8% osmiumtetroxide (Hirsch et al., 1968) in veronal/

acetate buffer, pH 7.4 (230 mOsm/kg H₂O), and fixed by microwave irradiation. This procedure was repeated once with fresh fixative. The sample was washed with water, immersed in 1% uranyl acetate, and stained by microwave irradiation. Throughout all steps, the sample was kept at 0° C. and the microwave (Samsung RE211D) was set at defrost for 5 min. Thin sections were prepared with standard techniques, stained with lead citrate (Venable et al., 1965), and examined in a Philips CM 10 electron microscope.

[0088] We further continued isolating LA from sera of pigs originating from cases of MSD. Serum samples originated from the Netherlands (field case the Netherlands 2), Germany (field cases Germany 1 and Germany 2; courtesy Drs. Berner, München and Nienhoff, Münster), and the United States [experimental case United States 1 (experiment performed with ATCC VR-2332; courtesy Drs. Collins, St. Paul and Chladek, St. Joseph), and field cases United States 2 and United States 3; courtesy Drs. van Alstine, West Lafayette and Slife, Galesburg]. All samples were sent to the "Centraal Diergeneeskundig Instituut, Lelystad" for LA diagnosis. All samples were used for virus isolation on porcine alveolar macrophages as described. Cytopathic isolates were passaged three times and identified as LA by specific immunostaining with anti-LA post infection sera b 822 and c 829.

[0089] We also studied the antigenic relationships of isolates NL1 (the first LA isolate; code CDI-NL-2.91), NL2, GE1, GE2, US1, US2, and US3. The isolates were grown in macrophages as above and were tested in IPMA with a set of field sera and two sets of experimental sera. The sera were also tested in IPMA with uninfected macrophages.

[0090] The field sera were: Two sera positive for LV (TH-187 and TO-36) were selected from a set of LA-positive Dutch field sera. Twenty-two sera were selected from field sera sent from abroad to Lelystad for serological diagnosis. The sera originated from Germany (BE-352, BE-392 and NI-f2; courtesy Dr. Berner, München and Dr. Nienhoff, Münster), the United Kingdom (PA-141615, PA-141617 and PA-142440; courtesy Dr. Paton, Weybridge), Belgium (PE-1960; courtesy Prof. Pensaert, Gent), France (EA-2975 and EA-2985; courtesy Dr. Albina, Ploufragan), the United States (SL-441, SL-451, AL-RP9577, AL-P10814/33, AL-4994A, AL-7525, JC-MN41, JC-MN44 and JC-MN45; courtesy Dr. Slife, Galesburg, Dr. van Alstine, West Lafayette, and Dr. Collins, St. Paul), and Canada (RB-16, RB-19, RB-22 and RB-23; courtesy Dr. Robinson, Quebec).

[0091] The experimental sera were: The above described set of sera of pigs 21, 23, 25, and 29, taken at dpi 0, 14, 28, and 42. A set of experimental sera (obtained by courtesy of Drs. Chladek, St. Joseph, and Collins, St. Paul) that originated from four six-month-old gilts that were challenged intranasally with $10^{5.1}$ TCID₅₀ of the isolate ATCC VR-2332. Blood samples were taken from gilt 2B at 0, 20, 36, and 63 dpi; from gilt 9G at 0, 30, 44, and 68 dpi; from gilt 16W at 0, 25, 40, and 64 dpi; and from gilt 16Y at 0, 36, and 64 dpi.

[0092] To study by radio-immunoprecipitation assay (RIP; de Mazancourt et al., 1986) the proteins of LA in infected porcine alveolar macrophages, we grew LA-infected and uninfected macrophages for 16 hours in the presence of labeling medium containing ³⁵S-Cysteine. Then the labeled cells were precipitated according to standard methods with

42 dpi post-infection sera of pig b 822 and pig 23 and with serum MN 8 which was obtained 26 days after infecting a sow with the isolate ATCC VR-2332 (courtesy Dr. Collins, St. Paul). The precipitated proteins were analyzed by electrophoresis in a 12% SDS-PAGE gel and visualized by fluorography.

[0093] To characterize the genome of LA, we extracted nuclear DNA and cytoplasmic RNA from macrophage cultures that were infected with LA and grown for 24 h or were left uninfected. The cell culture medium was discarded, and the cells were washed twice with phosphate-buffered saline. DNA was extracted as described (Strauss, 1987). The cytoplasmic RNA was extracted as described (Favaloro et al., 1980), purified by centrifugation through a 5.7 M CsCl cushion (Setzer et al., 1980), treated with RNase-free DNase (Pharmacia), and analyzed in a 0.8% neutral agarose gel (Moormann and Hulst, 1988).

[0094] Cloning and Sequencing

[0095] To clone LV RNA, intracellular RNA of LV-infected porcine lung alveolar macrophages (10 μ g) was incubated with 10 mM methylmercury hydroxide for 10 minutes at room temperature. The denatured RNA was incubated at 42° C. with 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.8, 10 mM MgCl₂, 70 mM KCl, 0.5 mM dATP, dCTP, dGTP and dTTP, 0.6 μ g calf thymus oligonucleotide primers pd(N)6 (Pharmacia) and 300 units of Moloney murine leukemia virus reverse transcriptase (Bethesda Research Laboratories) in a total volume of 100 μ l 20 mM EDTA was added after 1 hr; the reaction mixture was then extracted with phenol/chloroform, passed through a Sephadex G50 column and precipitated with ethanol.

[0096] For synthesis of the second cDNA strand, DNA polymerase I (Boehringer) and RNase H (Pharmacia) were used (Gübler and Hoffman, 1983). To generate blunt ends at the termini, double-stranded cDNA was incubated with T4 DNA polymerase (Pharmacia) in a reaction mixture which contained 0.05 mM deoxynucleotide-triphosphates. Subsequently, cDNA was fractionated in a 0.8% neutral agarose gel (Moormann and Hulst, 1988). Fragments of 1 to 4 kb were electroeluted, ligated into the SmaI site of pGEM-4Z (Promega), and used for transformation of *Escherichia coli* strain DH5 α (Hanahan, 1985). Colony filters were hybridized with a ³²P-labeled single-stranded cDNA probe. The probe was reverse transcribed from LV RNA which had been fractionated in a neutral agarose gel (Moormann and Hulst, 1988). Before use, the single stranded DNA probe was incubated with cytoplasmic RNA from mock-infected lung alveolar macrophages.

[0097] The relationship between LV cDNA clones was determined by restriction enzyme analysis and by hybridization of Southern blots of the digested DNA with nick-translated cDNA probes (Sambrook et al., 1989).

[0098] To obtain the 3' end of the viral genome, we constructed a second cDNA library, using oligo (dT)₁₂₋₁₈ and a 3' LV-specific oligonucleotide that was complementary to the minus-strand viral genome as a primer in the first-strand reaction. The reaction conditions for first- and second-strand synthesis were identical to those described above. This library was screened with virus-specific 3' end oligonucleotide probes.

[0099] Most (>95%) of the cDNA sequences were determined with an Automated Laser Fluorescent A.L.F.TM. DNA

sequencer from Pharmacia LKB. Fluorescent oligonucleotide primer directed sequencing was performed on double-stranded DNA using the AutoReadTM. Sequencing Kit (Pharmacia) essentially according to procedures C and D described in the AutoReadTM Sequencing Kit protocol. Fluorescent primers were prepared with FluorePrimeTM. (Pharmacia). The remaining part of the sequence was determined via double-stranded DNA sequencing using oligonucleotide primers in conjunction with a T7 polymerase based sequencing kit (Pharmacia) and α -³²S-dATP (Amersham). Sequence data were analyzed using the sequence analysis programs PCGENE (Intelligenetics, Inc, Mountain View, U.S.A.) and FASTA (Pearson and Lipman, 1988).

[0100] Experimental Reproduction of MSD

[0101] Fourteen conventionally reared pregnant sows that were pregnant for 10-11 weeks were tested for antibody against LA in the IPMA. All were negative. Then two groups of four sows were formed and brought to the CVI. At week 12 of gestation, these sows were inoculated intranasally with 2 ml LA (passage level 3, titre 10^{4.8} TCID₅₀/ml). Serum and EDTA blood samples were taken at day 10 after inoculation. Food intake, rectal temperature, and other clinical symptoms were observed daily. At farrowing, the date of birth and the number of dead and living piglets per sow were recorded, and samples were taken for virus isolation and serology.

Results

[0102] Immunofluorescence

[0103] Tissue sections of pigs with MSD were stained in an IFT with FITC-conjugates directed against African swine fever virus, hog cholera virus, pseudorabies virus, porcine parvo virus, porcine influenza virus, encephalomyocarditis virus and Chlamydia psittaci. The sections were stained, examined by fluorescent microscopy and all were found negative.

[0104] Virus Isolation from Piglets from MSD Affected Farms

[0105] Cytopathic isolates were detected in macrophage cultures inoculated with tissue samples of MSD affected, two-to-ten day old piglets. Sixteen out of 19 piglets originating from five different farms were positive (Table 1A). These isolates all reacted in IPMA with the post-infection serum of pig c 829, whereas non-inoculated control cultures did not react. The isolates, therefore, were representatives of LA. One time a cytopathic isolate was detected in an SK-6 cell culture inoculated with a suspension of an oral swab from a piglet from a sixth farm (farm VE) (Table 1A). This isolate showed characteristics of the picorna viridae and was neutralized by serum specific for PEV 2, therefore, the isolate was identified as PEV 2 (Table 3). PK2, PK-15 cells and hen eggs inoculated with samples from this group remained negative throughout.

[0106] Virus Isolation from Sows from MSD Affected Farms

[0107] Cytopathic isolates were detected in macrophage cultures inoculated with samples of MSD affected sows. 41 out of 63 sows originating from 11 farms were positive (Table 1B). These isolates all reacted in IPMA with the post-infection serum of pig b 822 and were, therefore, representatives of LA. On one occasion a cytopathic isolate

was detected in a PK2 cell culture inoculated with a suspension of a leucocyte fraction of a sow from farm HU (Table 1B). This isolate showed characteristics of the picorna viridae and was neutralized by serum specific for EMCV, therefore, the isolate was identified as EMCV (Table 3). SK-6, PK-15 cells and hen eggs inoculated with samples from this group remained negative.

[0108] Virus Isolation from SPF Pigs Kept in Contact with MSD Affected Sows

[0109] Cytopathic isolates were detected in macrophage cultures inoculated with samples of SPF pigs kept in contact with MSD affected sows. Four of the 12 pigs were positive (Table 2). These isolates all reacted in IPMA with the post-infection serum of pig c 829 and of pig b 822 and were, therefore, representatives of LA. Cytopathic isolates were also detected in PK2, PK-15 and SK-6 cell cultures inoculated with samples of these SPF pigs. Seven of the 12 pigs were positive (Table 2), these isolates were all neutralized by serum directed against PEV 7. One of these seven isolates was studied further and other characteristics also identified the isolate as PEV 7 (Table 3).

[0110] Virus Isolation from SPF Pigs Inoculated with Blood of MSD Affected Sows

[0111] Cytopathic isolates were detected in macrophage cultures inoculated with samples of SPF pigs inoculated with blood of MSD affected sows. Two out of the eight pigs were positive (Table 2). These isolates all reacted in IPMA with the post-infection serum of pig c 829 and of pig b 822 and were, therefore, representatives of LA. PK2, SK-6 and PK-15 cells inoculated with samples from this group remained negative.

[0112] Summarizing, four groups of pigs were tested for the presence of agents that could be associated with mystery swine disease (MSD).

[0113] In group one, MSD affected piglets, the Lelystad Agent (LA) was isolated from 16 out of 20 piglets; one time PEV 2 was isolated.

[0114] In group two, MSD affected sows, the Lelystad Agent was isolated from 41 out of 63 sows; one time EMCV was isolated. Furthermore, 123 out of 165 MSD affected sows seroconverted to the Lelystad Agent, as tested in the IPMA. Such massive seroconversion was not demonstrated against any of the other viral pathogens tested.

[0115] In group three, SPF pigs kept in contact with MSD affected sows, LA was isolated from four of the 12 pigs; PEV 7 was isolated from seven pigs. All 12 pigs seroconverted to LA and PEV 7.

[0116] In group four, SPF pigs inoculated with blood of MSD affected sows, the LA was isolated from two pigs. All eight pigs seroconverted to LA.

[0117] Serology of Sows from MSD Affected Farms

[0118] Paired sera from sows affected with MSD were tested against a variety of viral pathogens and against the isolates obtained during this study (Table 4). An overwhelming antibody response directed against LA was measured in the IPMA (75% of the sows seroconverted, in 23 out of the 26 farms seroconversion was found), whereas with none of

the other viral pathogens a clear pattern of seroconversion was found. Neutralizing antibody directed against LA was not detected.

[0119] Serology of SPF Pigs Kept in Contact with MSD Affected Sows

[0120] All eight SPF pigs showed an antibody response in the IPMA against LA (Table 5). None of these sera were positive in the IPMA performed on uninfected macrophages. None of these sera were positive in the SNT for LA. The sera taken two weeks after contact had all high neutralizing antibody titres (>1280) against PEV 7, whereas the pre-infection sera were negative (<10), indicating that all pigs had also been infected with PEV 7.

[0121] Serology of SPF Pigs Inoculated with Blood of MSD Affected Sows

[0122] All eight SPF pigs showed an antibody response in the IPMA against LA (Table 5). None of these sera were positive in the IPMA performed on uninfected macrophages. None of these sera were positive in the SNT for LA. The pre- and two weeks post-inoculation sera were negative (<10) against PEV 7.

[0123] Further Identification of Lelystad Agent

[0124] LA did not haemagglutinate with chicken, guinea pig, pig, sheep, or human O red blood cells.

[0125] LA did not react in IPMA with sera directed against PRV, TGE, PED, ASFV, etc.

[0126] After two blind passages, LA did not grow in PK2, PK-15, or SK-6 cells, or in embryonated hen eggs, inoculated through the allantoic route.

[0127] LA was still infectious after it was filtered through a 0.2 micron filter, titres before and after filtration were $10^{5.05}$ and $10^{5.3}$ TCID₅₀ as detected by IPMA.

[0128] Growth curve of LA (see FIG. 3). Maximum titres of cell-free virus were approximately $10^{5.5}$ TCID₅₀ ml⁻¹ from 32-48 h after inoculation. After that time the macrophages he cytopathic effect of LA.

[0129] Electronmicroscopy. Clusters of spherical LA particles were found. The particles measured 45-55 nm in diameter and contained a 30-35 nm nucleocapsid that was surrounded by a lipid bilayer membrane. LA particles were not found in infected cultures that were treated with negative serum or in negative control preparations.

[0130] Isolates from the Netherlands, Germany, and the United States. All seven isolates were isolated in porcine alveolar macrophages and passaged three to five times. All isolates caused a cytopathic effect in macrophages and could be specifically immunostained with anti-LA sera b 822 and the 42 dpi serum 23. The isolates were named NL2, GE1, GE 2, US1, US2, and US3.

[0131] Antigenic relationships of isolates NL1, NL2, GE1, GE2, US 1, US2, and US3. None of the field sera reacted in IPMA with uninfected macrophages but all sera contained antibodies directed against one or more of the seven isolates (Table 7). None of the experimental sera reacted in IPMA with uninfected macrophages, and none of the 0 dpi experimental sera reacted with any of the seven isolates in IPMA (Table 8). All seven LA isolates reacted with all or most of the sera from the set of experimental sera of pigs 21, 23, 25,

and 29, taken after 0 dpi. Only the isolates US1, US2, and US3 reacted with all or most of the sera from the set of experimental sera of gilts 2B, 9G, 16W, and 16Y, taken after 0 dpi.

[0132] Radioimmunoprecipitation studies. Seven LA-specific proteins were detected in LA-infected macrophages but not in uninfected macrophages precipitated with the 42 dpi sera of pigs b 822 and 23. The proteins had estimated molecular weights of 65, 39, 35, 26, 19, 16, and 15 kilodalton. Only two of these LA-specific proteins, of 16 and 15 kilodalton, were also precipitated by the 26 dpi serum MN8.

[0133] Sequence and Organization of the Genome of LV

[0134] The nature of the genome of LV was determined by analyzing DNA and RNA from infected porcine lung alveolar macrophages. No LV-specific DNA was detected. However, we did detect LV-specific RNA. In a 0.8% neutral agarose gel, LV RNA migrated slightly slower than a preparation of hog cholera virus RNA of 12.3 kb (Moormann et al., 1990) did. Although no accurate size determination can be performed in neutral agarose gels, it was estimated that the LV-specific RNA is about 14.5 to 15.5 kb in length.

[0135] To determine the complexity of the LV-specific RNAs in infected cells and to establish the nucleotide sequence of the genome of LV, we prepared cDNA from RNA of LV-infected porcine lung alveolar macrophages and selected and mapped LV-specific cDNA clones as described under Materials and Methods. The specificity of the cDNA clones was reconfirmed by hybridizing specific clones, located throughout the overlapping cDNA sequence, to Northern blots carrying RNA of LV-infected and uninfected macrophages. Remarkably, some of the cDNA clones hybridized with the 14.5 to 15.5 kb RNA detected in infected macrophages only, whereas others hybridized with the 14.5 to 15.5 kb RNA as well as with a panel of 4 or 5 RNAs of lower molecular weight (estimated size, 1 to 4 kb). The latter clones were all clustered at one end of the cDNA map and covered about 4 kb of DNA. These data suggested that the genome organization of LV may be similar to that of coronaviridae (Spaan et al., 1988), Berne virus (BEV; Snijder et al., 1990b), a torovirus, and EAV (de Vries et al., 1990), i.e., besides a genomic RNA there are subgenomic mRNAs which form a nested set which is located at the 3' end of the genome. This assumption was confirmed when sequences of the cDNA clones became available and specific primers could be selected to probe the blots with. A compilation of the hybridization data obtained with cDNA clones and specific primers, which were hybridized to Northern blots carrying the RNA of LV-infected and uninfected macrophages, is shown in **FIG. 2**. Clones 12 and 20 which are located in the 5' part and the centre of the sequence, respectively, hybridize to the 14.5 to 15.5 kb genomic RNA detected in LV-infected cells only. Clones 41 and 39, however, recognize the 14.5 to 15.5 kb genomic RNA and a set of 4 and 5 RNAs of lower molecular weight, respectively. The most instructive and conclusive hybridization pattern, however, was obtained with primer 25, which is located at the ultimate 5' end in the LV sequence (compare **FIG. 1**). Primer 25 hybridized to a panel of 7 RNAs, with an estimated molecular weight ranging in size from 0.7 to 3.3 kb (subgenomic mRNAs), as well as the genomic RNA. The most likely explanation for the hybridization pattern of primer 25 is that 5' end genomic sequences, the length of

which is yet unknown, fuse with the body of the mRNAs which are transcribed from the 3' end of the genome. In fact, the hybridization pattern obtained with primer 25 suggests that 5' end genomic sequences function as a so called "leader sequence" in subgenomic mRNAs. Such a transcription pattern is a hallmark of replication of coronaviridae (Spaan et al., 1988), and of EAV (de Vries et al., 1990).

[0136] The only remarkable discrepancy between LV and EAV which could be extracted from the above data is that the genome size of LV is about 2.5 kb larger than that of EAV.

[0137] The consensus nucleotide sequence of overlapping cDNA clones is shown in **FIG. 1** (SEQ ID NO: 1). The length of the sequence is 15,088 basepairs, which is in good agreement with the estimated size of the genomic LV RNA.

[0138] Since the LV cDNA library was made by random priming of the reverse transcriptase reaction with calf thymus pd(N) 6 primers, no cDNA clones were obtained which started with a poly-A stretch at their 3' end. To clone the 3' end of the viral genome, we constructed a second cDNA library, using oligo (dT) and primer 39U183R in the reverse transcriptase reaction. Primer 39U183R is complementary to LV minus-strand RNA, which is likely present in a preparation of RNA isolated from LV-infected cells. This library was screened with virus-specific probes (nick-translated cDNA clone 119 and oligonucleotide 119R64R), resulting in the isolation of five additional cDNA clones (e.g., cDNA clone 151, **FIG. 2**). Sequencing of these cDNA clones revealed that LV contains a 3' poly(A) tail. The length of the poly(A) tail varied between the various cDNA clones, but its maximum length was twenty nucleotides. Besides clone 25 and 155 (**FIG. 2**), four additional cDNA clones were isolated at the 5' end of the genome, which were only two to three nucleotides shorter than the ultimate 5' nucleotide shown in **FIG. 1** (SEQ ID NO: 1). Given this finding and given the way cDNA was synthesized, we assume to be very close to the 5' end of the sequence of LV genomic RNA.

[0139] Nearly 75% of the genomic sequence of LV encodes ORF 1A and ORF 1B. ORF 1A probably initiates at the first AUG (nucleotide position 212, **FIG. 1**) encountered in the LV sequence. The C-terminus of ORF 1A overlaps the putative N-terminus of ORF 1B over a small distance of 16 nucleotides. It thus seems that translation of ORF 1B proceeds via ribosomal frameshifting, a hallmark of the mode of translation of the polymerase or replicase gene of coronaviruses (Bournsnel et al., 1987; Bredenbeek et al. 1990) and the torovirus BEV (Snijder et al., 1990a). The characteristic RNA pseudoknot structure which is predicted to be formed at the site of the ribosomal frameshifting is also found at this location in the sequence of LV (results not shown).

[0140] ORF 1B encodes an amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 3) of nearly 1400 residues which is much smaller than ORF 1B of the coronaviruses MHV and IBV (about 3,700 amino acid residues; Bredenbeek et al., 1990; Bournsnel et al., 1987) and BEV (about 2,300 amino acid residues; Snijder et al., 1990a). Characteristic features of the ORF 1B product (SEQ ID NO: 3) of members of the superfamily of coronaviridae, like the replicase motif and the Zinc finger domain, can also be found in ORF 1B of LV (results not shown).

[0141] Whereas ORF 1A and ORF 1B encode the viral polymerase (SEQ ID NO:2 and SEQ ID NO:3) and, there-

fore, are considered to encode a non-structural viral protein, ORFs 2 to 7 are believed to encode structural viral proteins (SEQ ID NOS:4-9).

[0142] The products of ORFs 2 to 6 (SEQ ID NOS:4-8) all show features reminiscent of membrane (envelope) associated proteins. ORF 2 encodes a protein (SEQ ID NO:4) of 249 amino acids containing two predicted N-linked glycosylation sites (Table 9). At the N-terminus a hydrophobic sequence, which may function as a so-called signal sequence, is identified. The C-terminus also ends with a hydrophobic sequence, which in this case may function as a transmembrane region, which anchors the ORF 2 product (SEQ ID NO:4) in the viral envelope membrane.

[0143] ORF 3 may initiate at the AUG starting at nucleotide position 12394 or at the AUG starting at nucleotide position 12556 and then encodes proteins (SEQ ID NO:5) of 265 and 211 amino acids, respectively. The protein of 265 residues contains seven putative N-linked glycosylation sites, whereas the protein of 211 residues contains four (Table 9). At the N-terminus of the protein (SEQ ID NO:5) of 265 residues a hydrophobic sequence is identified.

[0144] Judged by hydrophobicity analysis, the topology of the protein encoded by ORF 4 (SEQ ID NO:6) is similar to that encoded by ORF 2 (SEQ ID NO:4) if the product of ORF 4 (SEQ ID NO:6) initiates at the AUG starting at nucleotide position 12936. However, ORF 4 may also initiate at two other AUG codons (compare **FIGS. 1 and 2**) starting at positions 12981 and 13068 in the sequence respectively. Up to now it is unclear which start codon is used. Depending on the start codon used, ORF 4 may encode proteins (SEQ ID NO:6) of 183 amino acids containing four putative N-linked glycosylation sites, of 168 amino acids containing four putative N-linked glycosylation sites, or of 139 amino acids containing three putative N-linked glycosylation sites (Table 9).

[0145] ORF 5 is predicted to encode a protein (SEQ ID NO:7) of 201 amino acids having two putative N-linked glycosylation sites (Table 9). A characteristic feature of the ORF 5 product (SEQ ID NO:7) is the internal hydrophobic sequence between amino acid 108 to amino acid 132.

[0146] Analysis for membrane spanning segments and hydrophilicity of the product of ORF 6 (SEQ ID NO:8) shows that it contains three transmembrane spanning segments in the N-terminal 90 amino acids of its sequence. This remarkable feature is also a characteristic of the small envelope glycoprotein M or E1 of several coronaviruses, e.g., Infectious Bronchitis Virus (IBV; Boursnell et al., 1984) and Mouse Hepatitis Virus (MHV; Rottier et al., 1986). It is, therefore, predicted that the protein encoded by ORF 6 (SEQ ID NO:8) was a membrane topology analogous to that of the M or E1 protein of coronaviruses (Rottier et al., 1986). A second characteristic of the M or E1 protein is a so-called surface helix which is located immediately adjacent to the presumed third transmembrane region. This sequence of about 25 amino acids which is very well conserved among coronaviruses is also recognized, although much more degenerate, in LV. Yet we predict the product of LV ORF 6 (SEQ ID NO:8) to have an analogous membrane associated function as the coronavirus M or E1 protein. Furthermore, the protein encoded by ORF 6 (SEQ ID NO:8) showed a strong similarity (53% identical amino acids) with VpX (Godeny et al., 1990) of LDV.

[0147] The protein encoded by ORF 7 (SEQ ID NO:9) has a length of 128 amino acid residues (Table 9) which is 13 amino acids longer than Vp1 of LDV (Godeny et al., 1990). Yet a significant similarity (43% identical amino acids) was observed between the protein encoded by ORF 7 (SEQ ID NO:9) and Vp1. Another shared characteristic between the product of ORF 7 (SEQ ID NO:9) and Vp1 is the high concentration of basic residues (Arg, Lys and His) in the N-terminal half of the protein. Up to amino acid 55, the LV sequence contains 26% Arg, Lys and His. This finding is fully in line with the proposed function of the ORF 7 product (SEQ ID NO:9) or Vp1 (Godeny et al., 1990), namely encapsidation of the viral genomic RNA. On the basis of the above data, we propose the LV ORF 7 product (SEQ ID NO:9) to be the nucleocapsid protein N of the virus.

[0148] A schematic representation of the organization of the LV genome is shown in **FIG. 2**. The map of overlapping clones used to determine the sequence of LV is shown in the top panel. A linear compilation of this map indicating the 5' and 3' end of the nucleotide sequence of LV, shown in **FIG. 1** (SEQ ID NO:1), including a division in kilobases, is shown below the map of cDNA clones and allows the positioning of these clones in the sequence. The position of the ORFs identified in the LV genome is indicated below the linear map of the LV sequence. The bottom panel shows the nested set of subgenomic mRNAs, and the position of these RNAs relative to the LV sequence.

[0149] In line with the translation strategy of coronavirus, torovirus and arterivirus subgenomic mRNAs, it is predicted that ORFs 1 to 6 are translated from the unique 5' end of their genomic or mRNAs. This unique part of the mRNAs is considered to be that part of the RNA that is obtained when a lower molecular weight RNA is "subtracted" from the higher molecular weight RNA which is next in line. Although RNA 7 forms the 3' end of all the other genomic and subgenomic RNAs, and thus does not have a unique region, it is believed that ORF 7 is only translated from this smallest sized mRNA. The "leader sequence" at the 5' end of the subgenomic RNAs is indicated with a solid box. The length of this sequence is about 200 bases, but the precise site of fusion with the body of the genomic RNAs still has to be determined.

[0150] Experimental Reproduction of MSD

[0151] Eight pregnant sows were inoculated with LA and clinical signs of MSD such as inappetence and reproductive losses were reproduced in these sows. From day four to day 10-12 post-inoculation (p.i.), all sows showed a reluctance to eat. None of the sows had elevated body temperatures. Two sows had bluish ears at day 9 and 10 p.i. In Table 6 the day of birth and the number of living and dead piglets per sow is given. LA was isolated from 13 of the born piglets.

TABLE 1

Description and results of virus isolation of field samples.				
A Samples of piglets suspected of infection with MSD.				
farm	number of pigs	age days	material used	results*
RB	5	2	lung, tonsil, and brains	5 × LA
DV	4	3	lung, brains,	3 × LA

TABLE 1-continued

Description and results of virus isolation of field samples.				
			pools of kidney, spleen	
TH	3	3-5	lung, pools of kidney, tonsil	3 × LA
DO	3	10	lung, tonsil	2 × LA
ZA	4	1	lung, tonsil	3 × LA
VE	1	?	oral swab	1 × PEV 2
TOTAL	20			16 × LA, 1 × PEV 2

B Samples of sows suspected of infection with MSD.

farm	number of sows	material used	results
TH	2	plasma and leucocytes	1 × LA
HU	5	plasma and leucocytes	2 × LA, 1 × EMCV
TS	10	plasma and leucocytes	6 × LA
HK	5	plasma and leucocytes	2 × LA
LA	6	plasma and leucocytes	2 × LA
VL	6	serum and leucocytes	5 × LA
TA	15	serum	11 × LA
LO	4	plasma and leucocytes	2 × LA
JA	8	plasma and leucocytes	8 × LA
VD	1	plasma and leucocytes	1 × LA
VW	1	serum	1 × LA
TOTAL	63		41 × LA, 1 × EMCV

*Results are given as the number of pigs from which the isolation was made. Sometimes the isolate was detected in more than one sample per pig.

LA = Lelystad Agent

PEV 2 = porcine enterovirus type 2

EMCV = encephalomyocarditis virus

[0152]

TABLE 2

Description and results of virus isolation of samples of pigs with experimentally induced infections.			
sow	pig@	material used	results*
A (LO) #	c 835	lung, tonsil	2 × LA
	c 836	nasal swabs	2 × PEV 7
	c 837	nasal swabs	
B (JA)	c 825	lung, tonsil	
	c 821	nasal swabs	1 × PEV 7
	c 823	nasal swabs	4 × PEV 7
C (JA)	c 833	lung, tonsil	1 × LA, 1 × PEV 7
	c 832	nasal swabs	2 × PEV 7
	c 829	nasal swabs, plasma and leucocytes	3 × LA, 2 × PEV 7
D (VD)	c 816	lung, tonsil	
	c 813	nasal swabs	1 × LA
	c 815	nasal swabs	1 × PEV 7
TOTAL isolates from contact pigs			7 × LA, 13 × PEV 7
A	b 809	nasal swabs	
	b 817	nasal swabs	
B	b 818	nasal swabs, plasma and leucocytes	1 × LA
	b 820	nasal swabs	
C	b 822	nasal swabs	
	b 826	nasal swabs	

TABLE 2-continued

Description and results of virus isolation of samples of pigs with experimentally induced infections.			
sow	pig@	material used	results*
D	b 830	nasal swabs	1 × LA
	b 834	nasal swabs	
TOTAL isolates from blood inoculated pigs			2 × LA

@SPF pigs were either kept in contact (c) with a sow suspected to be infected with MSD, or were given 10 ml EDTA blood (b) of that sow intramuscularly at day 0 of the experiment. Groups of one sow and three SPF pigs (c) were kept in one pen, and all four of these groups were housed in one stable. At day 6, one SPF pig in each group was killed and tonsil and lungs were used for virus isolation. The four groups of SPF pigs inoculated with blood (b) were housed in four other pens in a separate stable. EDTA blood for virus isolation from plasma and leucocytes was taken whenever a pig had fever.

*Results are given as number of isolates per pig.

LA = Lelystad Agent

PEV 7 = porcine enterovirus type 7

In brackets the initials of the farm of origin of the sow are given.

[0153]

TABLE 3

Identification of viral isolates				
origin and cell culture	buoyant ¹ density in CsCl	particle ² size in FM (nm)	sens ³ to chloroform	neutralized by ⁴ serum directed against (titre)
leucocytes sow farm HU	1.33 g/ml	28-30	not sens.	EMCV (1280)
PK-15, PK2, SK6				
oral swab	ND	28-30	not sens.	PEV 2 (>1280)
piglet farm VE				
SK6				
nasal swabs, tonsil	ND	28-30	not sens.	PEV 7 (>1280)
SPF pigs CVI				
PK-15, PK2, SK6				
various samples	1.19 g/ml	pleomorf	sens.	none (all <5)
various farms				
pig lung				
macrophages				

¹Buoyant density in preformed linear gradients of CsCl in PBS was determined according to standard techniques (Brakke; 1967). Given is the density where the peak of infectivity was found.

²Infected and noninfected cell cultures of the isolate under study were freeze-thawed. Cell lysates were centrifuged for 30 min at 130,000 g, the resulting pellet was negatively stained according to standard techniques (Brenner and Horne; 1959), and studied with a Philips CM 10 electron microscope. Given is the size of particles that were present in infected and not present in non-infected cultures.

³Sensitivity to chloroform was determined according to standard techniques (Grist, Ross, and Bell; 1974).

⁴Hundred to 300 TCID₅₀ of isolates were mixed with varying dilutions of specific antisera and grown in the appropriate cell system until full CPE was observed. Sera with titres higher than 5 were retested, and sera which blocked with high titres the CPE were considered specific for the isolate. The isolates not sensitive to chloroform were tested with sera specifically directed against porcine enteroviruses (PEV) 1 to 11 (courtesy Dr. Knowles, Pirbright, UK), against encephalomyocarditis virus (EMCV; courtesy Dr. Ahl, Tübingen, Germany), against porcine parvovirus, and against swine vesicular disease.

The isolate (code: CDI-NL-2.91) sensitive to chloroform was tested with antisera specifically directed against pseudorabies virus, bovine herpes virus 1, bovine herpes virus 4, malignant catarrhal virus, bovine viral diarrhoea virus, hog cholera virus, swine influenza virus H1N1 and H3N2, parainfluenza 3 virus, bovine respiratory syncytial virus, transmissible gastroenteritis virus, porcine epidemic diarrhoea virus, haemagglutinating encephalitis virus, infectious bronchitis virus, bovine leukaemia virus from the SPF-pigs (see Table 5).

[0154]

TABLE 4

Results of serology of paired field sera taken from sows suspected to have MSD. Sera were taken in the acute phase of the disease and 3–9 weeks later. Given is the number of sows which showed a fourfold or higher rise in titre/number of sows tested.									
Farm	Interval ⁱ in weeks	HAI HEV	H1N1	H3N2	ELISA PPV	PPV	BVDV	HCV	
TH	3	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/5	0/6	
RB	5	0/13	1/13	0/13	1/9	0/7	0/6	0/9	
HU	4	0/5	0/5	3/5	0/5	0/5	0/5	0/5	
TS	3	1/10	0/10	0/10	0/10	0/10	0/4	0/10	
VL	3	0/5	0/5	0/5	0/5	1/5	0/5	0/5	
JA	3	0/11	1/11	3/11	0/11	2/11	0/11	0/11	
WE	4	1/6	1/6	1/6	3/7	3/7	0/7	0/7	
GI	4	0/4	1/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	
SE	5	0/8	0/8	0/8	0/8	0/6	0/3	0/8	
KA	5	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	ND	0/1	
HO	3	1/6	0/5	1/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	
NY	4	0/5	1/5	1/5	0/3	0/4	0/2	0/4	
JN	3	0/10	5/10	0/10	0/10	1/10	0/10	0/10	
KO ^f	3	1/10	0/10	0/10	0/10	2/10	0/10	0/10	
OE	9	ND	ND	ND	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	
LO	6	ND	ND	ND	0/3	0/3	0/2	0/3	
WI	4	ND	ND	ND	0/1	1/1	0/1	0/3	
RR	3	ND	ND	ND	1/8	0/8	0/8	0/8	
RY	4	ND	ND	ND	0/3	0/4	0/3	0/4	
BE	5	ND	ND	ND	0/10	0/10	0/10	0/10	
BU	3	ND	ND	ND	1/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	
KR	3	ND	ND	ND	1/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	
KW	5	ND	ND	ND	0/10	0/10	0/10	0/10	
VR	5	ND	ND	ND	1/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	
HU	4	ND	ND	ND	1/4	0/3	0/3	0/4	
ME	3	ND	ND	ND	0/5	1/5	0/5	0/5	
total negative ⁿ		19	41	29	97	16	140	165	
total positive ^p		77	48	62	55	131	1	0	
total sero-converted ^s		4	10	9	9	11	0	0	
total tested		100	99	100	161	158	141	165	
Farm	Interval in weeks	SNT EMCV	EMCVi	PEV2	PEV2i	PEV7	PEV7i	LA	IPMA LA
TH	3	0/6	0/6	0/5	0/5	0/6	0/5	0/6	6/6
RB	5	1/7	1/9	0/6	2/6	1/8	0/6	0/13	7/9
HU	4	ND	0/5	0/5	0/5	ND	0/5	0/5	5/5
TS	3	0/10	0/10	0/7	0/4	0/10	0/7	ND	10/10
VL	3	ND	ND	1/5	0/5	ND	0/5	ND	5/5
JA	3	0/11	0/11	0/11	0/11	1/11	2/11	0/5	8/11
WE	4	1/7	1/6	1/6	1/7	1/7	1/7	0/7	7/7
GI	4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	0/4	4/4
SE	5	0/8	0/8	0/6	1/8	0/8	1/5	0/8	6/8
KA	5	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1	0/1
HO	3	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	0/6	4/6
NY	4	0/4	0/4	0/2	0/2	0/4	0/3	0/4	4/4
JN	3	0/10	0/10	1/10	0/9	0/10	0/10	0/10	5/10
KO ^f	3	0/10	0/10	2/10	2/10	1/10	3/10	ND	8/10
OE	9	0/6	0/6	1/6	1/5	ND	1/6	ND	4/6
LO	6	0/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	0/3	ND	3/3
WI	4	ND	ND	0/1	0/1	ND	0/1	ND	0/3
RR	3	0/8	1/8	0/8	0/8	0/8	0/8	ND	8/8
RY	4	0/4	ND	0/4	0/1	ND	1/4	ND	1/4
BE	5	ND	ND	0/10	0/10	ND	1/10	ND	0/10
BU	3	ND	ND	0/6	0/6	ND	0/6	ND	6/6
KR	3	ND	ND	0/4	0/4	ND	0/4	ND	1/4
KW	5	ND	ND	0/10	0/10	ND	1/10	ND	10/10
VR	5	ND	ND	0/6	1/6	ND	0/6	ND	6/6
HU	4	ND	ND	0/3	0/4	ND	0/3	ND	3/4
ME	3	ND	ND	0/5	0/5	ND	0/5	ND	2/5
total neg. ⁿ		15	29	0	0	2	1	69	15

TABLE 4-continued

Results of serology of paired field sera taken from sows suspected to have MSD. Sera were taken in the acute phase of the disease and 3-9 weeks later. Given is the number of sows which showed <u>a fourfold or higher rise in titre/number of sows tested.</u>									
Farm	Interval [†] in weeks	HAI	HEV	H1N1	H3N2	ELISA PPV	PPV	BVDV	HCV
total pos. ^P		88	74	144	138	90	136	0	27
total sero-converted ^Q		2	3	6	8	4	10	0	123
total tested		105	107	150	146	96	147	69	165

The sera were tested in haemagglutinating inhibition (HAI) tests for the detection of antibody against haemagglutinating encephalitis virus (HEV), and swine influenza viruses H1N1 and H3N2, in enzyme-linked-immuno sorbent assays (ELISA) for the detection of antibody against the glycoprotein gI of pseudorabies virus (PRV), against porcine parvovirus (PPV), bovine viral diarrhoea virus (BVDV), and hog cholera virus (HCV).

The sera were tested in serum neutralization tests (SNT) for the detection of neutralizing antibody directed against encephalomyocarditis virus (EMCV), the isolated (i) EMCV, porcine enteroviruses (PEV) 2 and 7 and the PEV isolates (i), and against the Lelystad Agent (LA), and were tested in an immuno-peroxidase-monolayer-assay (IPMA) for the detection of antibody directed against the Lelystad Agent (LA).

ⁱfattening pigs.

ⁱtime between sampling of the first and second serum.

^Qtotal number of pigs of which the first serum was negative in the test under study, and of which the second serum was also negative or showed a less than fourfold rise in titre.

^Ptotal number of pigs of which the first serum was positive and of which the second serum showed a less than fourfold rise in titre.

^Qtotal number of pigs of which the second serum had a fourfold or higher titre than the first serum in the test under study.

ND = not done.

[0155]

TABLE 5

Development of antibody directed against Lelystad Agent as measured by IPMA.					
A contact pigs serum titres in IPMA					
Weeks post contact:					
Pig	0	2	3	4	5
c 836	0	10	640	640	640
c 837	0	10	640	640	640
c 821	0	640	640	640	640
c 823	0	160	2560	640	640
c 829	0	160	640	10240	10240
c 832	0	160	640	640	2560
c 813	0	640	2560	2560	2560
c 815	0	160	640	640	640
B blood inoculated pigs serum titres in IPMA					
Weeks post inoculation:					
Pig	0	2	3	4	6
b 809	0	640	2560	2560	2560
b 817	0	160	640	640	640
b 818	0	160	640	640	640
b 820	0	160	640	640	640
b 822	0	640	2560	2560	10240
b 826	0	640	640	640	10240
b 830	0	640	640	640	2560
b 834	0	160	640	2560	640

See Table 2 for description of the experiment. All pigs were bled at regular intervals and all sera were tested in an immuno-peroxidase-monolayer-assay (IPMA) for the detection of antibody directed against the Lelystad Agent (LA).

[0156]

TABLE 6

Experimental reproduction of MSD.						
Sow	Length of gestation	No. of piglets at birth		No. of deaths week 1	LA ¹ in piglets	
		alive (Number Ab pos) ²	dead		born dead	died in week 1
52	113	12 (5)	3 (2)	6	2	4
965	116	3 (0)	9 (3)	2	4	
997	114	9 (0)	1 (0)	0		
1305	116	7 (0)	2 (0)	1		
134	109	4 (4)	7 (4)	4	3	
941	117	7	10			
1056	113	7 (1)	3 (0)	4		
1065	115	9	2			

¹LA was isolated from lung, liver, spleen, kidney, or ascitic fluids.

²Antibodies directed against LA were detected in serum samples taken before the piglets had sucked, or were detected in ascitic fluids of piglets born dead.

[0157]

TABLE 7

Reactivity in IPMA of a collection of field sera from Europe and North America tested with LA isolates from the Netherlands (NL1 and NL2), Germany (GE1 and GE2), and the United States (US1, US2 and US3).							
Isolates:	NL1	NL2	GE1	GE2	US1	US2	US3
Sera from:							
The Netherlands							
TH-187	3.5 ₁	3.5	2.5	3.5	-	-	-
TO-36	3.5	3.0	2.5	3.0	-	1.0	-

TABLE 7-continued

Reactivity in IPMA of a collection of field sera from Europe and North America tested with LA isolates from the Netherlands (NL1 and NL2), Germany (GE1 and GE2), and the United States (US1, US2 and US3).							
Isolates:	NL1	NL2	GE1	GE2	US1	US2	US3
<u>Germany</u>							
BE-352	4.0	3.5	2.5	3.0	–	1.5	–
BE-392	3.5	3.5	2.5	2.5	1.5	1.5	0.5
NI-f2	2.5	1.5	2.0	2.5	–	–	–
<u>United Kingdom</u>							
PA-141615	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	–	–	–
PA-141617	4.0	3.5	3.0	3.5	–	2.5	2.0
PA-142440	3.5	3.0	2.5	3.5	–	2.0	2.5
<u>Belgium</u>							
PE-1960	4.5	4.5	3.0	4.0	1.5	–	–
<u>France</u>							
EA-2975	4.0	3.5	3.0	3.0	2.0	–	–
EA-2985	3.5	3.0	3.0	2.5	–	–	–
<u>United States</u>							
SL-441	3.5	1.5	2.5	2.5	3.5	3.5	3.0
SL-451	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	3.5	4.5	4.0
AL-RP9577	1.5	–	–	1.0	3.0	4.0	2.5
AL-P10814/33	0.5	2.5	–	–	2.5	3.5	3.0
AL-4094A	–	–	–	–	1.0	2.0	0.5
AL-7525	–	–	–	–	–	1.0	–
JC-MN41	–	–	–	–	1.0	3.5	1.0
JC-MN44	–	–	–	–	2.0	3.5	2.0
JC-MN45	–	–	–	–	2.0	3.5	2.5
<u>Canada</u>							
RB-16	2.5	–	3.0	2.0	3.0	3.5	–
RB-19	1.0	–	1.0	–	2.5	1.5	–
RB-22	1.5	–	2.0	2.5	2.5	3.5	–
RB-23	–	–	–	–	–	3.0	–

t = titre expressed as negative log;
– = negative

[0158]

TABLE 8

Reactivity in IPMA of a collection of experimental sera raised against LA and SIRSv tested with LA isolates from the Netherlands (NL1 and NL2), Germany (GE1 and GE2), and the United States (US1, US2 and US3).							
Isolates:	NL1	NL2	GE1	GE2	US1	US2	US3
<u>Sera:</u> <u>anti-LA:</u>							
21	14 dpi	2.5 ^t	2.0	2.5	3.0	1.5	2.0
	28 dpi	4.0	3.5	3.5	4.0	–	2.5
	42 dpi	4.0	3.5	3.0	3.5	1.5	2.5
23	14 dpi	3.0	2.0	2.5	3.0	1.0	2.0
	28 dpi	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.0	1.5	2.0
	42 dpi	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	–	2.5
25	14 dpi	2.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	1.5	2.0
	28 dpi	4.0	3.5	4.0	3.5	–	1.5
	42 dpi	3.5	4.0	3.5	3.5	1.5	2.0
29	14 dpi	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.5	–	2.0
	28 dpi	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.5	–	2.5
	42 dpi	4.0	3.5	3.5	4.0	1.5	2.5

TABLE 8-continued

Reactivity in IPMA of a collection of experimental sera raised against LA and SIRSv tested with LA isolates from the Netherlands (NL1 and NL2), Germany (GE1 and GE2), and the United States (US1, US2 and US3).							
Isolates:	NL1	NL2	GE1	GE2	US1	US2	US3
<u>anti-SIRSv:</u>							
2B	20 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.0	2.0
	36 dpi	–	–	–	–	1.5	2.0
	63 dpi	–	–	–	–	1.0	1.0
9G	30 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.5	3.0
	44 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.5	3.5
	68 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.0	3.5
16W	25 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.0	3.0
	40 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.0	3.0
	64 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.5	2.5
16Y	36 dpi	–	–	–	–	1.0	3.0
	64 dpi	–	–	–	–	2.5	3.0

t = titer expressed as negative log;
– = negative

[0159]

TABLE 9

Characteristics of the ORFs of Lelystad Virus.				
ORF	Nucleotides (first-last)	No. of amino acids	Calculated size of the unmodified peptide (kDa)	number of glycosylation sites
ORF1A	212–7399	2396	260.0	3 (SEQ ID NO: 2)
ORF1B	7384–11772	1463	161.8	3 (SEQ ID NO: 3)
ORF2	11786–12532	249	28.4	2 (SEQ ID NO: 4)
ORF3	12394–13188	265	30.6	7 (SEQ ID NO: 5)
	12556–13188	211	24.5	4
ORF4	12936–13484	183	20.0	4 (SEQ ID NO: 6)
	12981–13484	168	18.4	4
	13068–13484	139	15.4	3
ORF5	13484–14086	201	22.4	2 (SEQ ID NO: 7)
ORF6	14077–14595	173	18.9	2 (SEQ ID NO: 8)
ORF7	14588–14971	128	13.8	1 (SEQ ID NO: 9)

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 SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 9

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15108 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 212..7399
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION:

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 7384..11772
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- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
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CACTATACAT	CAGGGGTGAG	CCCCAGGCCT	TGCCAGAAAC	ACTCGTTTCA	ACAGGGCGTA	10969
TAGCCACAGA	TGTCGGGAG	TATCTCGACG	CGGCTGAGGA	AGAGGCAGCA	AAAGAACTCC	11029
CCCACGCATT	CATTGGCGAT	GTCAAAGGTA	CCACGGTTGG	GGGGTGTCAT	CACATTACAT	11089
CAAAATACCT	ACCTAGGTCC	CTGCCTAAGG	ACTCTGTTGC	CGTAGTTGGA	GTAAGTTCGC	11149
CCGGCAGGGC	TGCTAAAGCC	GTGTGCACTC	TCACCGATGT	GTACCTCCCC	GAACTCCGGC	11209
CATATCTGCA	ACCTGAGACG	GCATCAAAAT	GCTGGAAACT	CAAATTAGAC	TTCAGGGACG	11269
TCCGACTAAT	GGTCTGAAA	GGAGCCACCG	CCTATTTCCA	GTTGGAAGGG	CTTACATGGT	11329
CGGCGCTGCC	CGACTATGCC	AGGTTYATTC	AGCTGCCCAA	GGATGCCGTT	GTATACATTG	11389
ATCCGTGTAT	AGGACCGGCA	ACAGCCAACC	GTAAGGTCGT	GCGAACCACA	GACTGGCGGG	11449
CCGACCTGGC	AGTGACACCG	TATGATTACG	GTGCCCAGAA	CATTTTGACA	ACAGCCTGGT	11509
TCGAGGACCT	CGGGCCGAG	TGGAAGATTT	TGGGGTTGCA	GCCCTTTAGG	CGAGCATTTG	11569
GCTTTGAAAA	CACTGAGGAT	TGGGCAATCC	TGCGACGCCG	TATGAATGAC	GGCAAGGACT	11629
ACACTGACTA	TAAC TGGAAC	TGTGTTCCGAG	AACGCCCA	CGCCATCTAC	GGGCGTGCTC	11689
GTGACCATA	GTATCATTTT	GCCCCGGCA	CAGAATTGCA	GGTAGAGCTA	GGTAAACCCC	11749
GGTGCCGCC	TGGGCAAGTG	CCG TGAATTCGGG	GTGATGCAAT	GGGGTCACTG		11802
TGGAGTAAAA	TCAGCCAGCT	GTTCTGAGAC	GCCTTCACTG	AGTTCCTTGT	TAGTGTGGTT	11862
GATATTGYCA	TTTTCTTTCG	CATACTGTTT	GGGTTCAACG	TCGCAGGATG	GTTACTGGTC	11922
TTTCTTCTCA	GAGTGGTTTG	CTCCGCGCTT	CTCCGTTTCG	GCTCTGCCAT	TCACTCTCCC	11982
GAACATATCGA	AGGTCCTATG	AAGGCTTGTT	GCCCAACTGC	AGACCGGATG	TCCCACAATT	12042
TGCAGTCAAG	CACCCATTGG	GYATGTTTTG	GCACATGCGA	GTTTCCCACT	TGATTGATGA	12102
GRTGGTCTCT	CGTCGCATTT	ACCAGACCAT	GGAACATTCA	GGTCAAGCGG	CCTGGAAGCA	12162
GGTGGTTGGT	GAGGCCACTC	TCACGAAGCT	GTCAGGGCTC	GATATAGTTA	CTCATTTCCA	12222
ACACCTGGCC	CGATGGAGG	CGGATTCTTG	CCGCTTTCTC	AGCTCACGAC	TCGTGATGCT	12282
AAAAAATCTT	GCCGTTGGCA	ATGTGAGCCT	ACAGTACAAC	ACCACGTTGG	ACCGGTTGA	12342
GCTCATCTTC	CCCACGCCAG	GTACGAGGCC	CAAGTTGACC	GATTTAGAC	AATGGCTCAT	12402
CAGTGTGCAC	GCTTCCATTT	TTTCTCTGT	GGCTTCATCT	GTTACCTTGT	TCATAGTGCT	12462
TTGGCTTCGA	ATTCCAGCTC	TACGCTATGT	TTTTGGTTTC	CATTGGCCCA	CGGCAACACA	12522
TCATTTCGAG	TGACCATCAA	CTACACCATA	TGCATGCCCT	GTTCTACCAG	TCAAGCGGCT	12582
CGCCAAAGGC	TCGAGCCCGG	TCGTAACATG	TGGTGCAAAA	TAGGGCATGA	CAGGTGTGAG	12642
GAGCGTGACC	ATGATGAGTT	GTTAATGTCC	ATCCCGTCCG	GGTACGACAA	CCTCAAACCT	12702
GAGGGTTATT	ATGCTTGGCT	GGCTTTTTTG	TCCTTTTCCT	ACGCGGCCCA	ATTCCATCCG	12762
GAGTTGTTTC	GGATAGGGAA	TGTGTCGCGC	GTCTTCGTGG	ACAAGCGACA	CCAGTTCATT	12822
TGTGCCGAGC	ATGATGGACA	CAATTCAACC	GTATCTACCG	GACACAACAT	CTCCGCATTA	12882
TATGCGGCAT	ATTACCACCA	CCAAATAGAC	GGGGGCAATT	GGTTCCATTT	GGAATGGCTG	12942
CGGCCACTCT	TTTCTTCCTG	GCTGGTGCTC	AACATATCAT	GGTTTCTGAG	GCGTTCGCCT	13002
GTAAGCCCTG	TTTCTCGACG	CATCTATCAG	ATATTGAGAC	CAACACGACC	GCGGCTGCCG	13062
GTTTCATGGT	CCTTCAGGAC	ATCAATTGTT	TCCGACCTCA	CGGGGTCTCA	GCAGCGCAAG	13122

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AGAAAATTTC	CTTCGGAAAG	TCGTCCCAAT	GTCGTGAAGC	CGTCGGTACT	CCCCAGTACA	13182
TCACGA	TAACGGCTAA	CGTGACCGAC	GAATCATACT	TGTACAACGC	GGACCTGCTG	13238
ATGCTTTCTG	CGTGCCTTTT	CTACGCCTCA	GAAATGAGCG	AGAAAGGCTT	CAAAGTCATC	13298
TTTGGGAATG	TCTCTGGCGT	TGTTTCTGCT	TGTGTCAATT	TCACAGATTA	TGTGGCCCAT	13358
GTGACCCAAC	ATACCCAGCA	GCATCATCTG	GTAATTGATC	ACATTCGGTT	GCTGCATTTC	13418
CTGACACCAT	CTGCAATGAG	GTGGGCTACA	ACCATTGCTT	GTTTGTTTCG	CATTCTCTTG	13478
GCAATA	TGAGATGTTT	TCACAAATTG	GGCGTTTTCT	TGACTCCGCA	CTCTTGCTTC	13534
TGGTGGCTTT	TTTTGTGTGT	TACCGGCTTG	TCCTGGTCCT	TTGCCGATGG	CAACGGCGAC	13594
AGCTCGACAT	ACCAATACAT	ATATAACTTG	ACGATATGCG	AGCTGAATGG	GACCGACTGG	13654
TTGTCCAGCC	ATTTTGGTTG	GGCAGTCGAG	ACCTTTGTGC	TTTACCCGGT	TGCCACTCAT	13714
ATCCTCTCAC	TGGGTTTTCT	CACAACAAGC	CATTTTTTTG	ACGCGCTCGG	TCTCGGCGCT	13774
GTATCCACTG	CAGGATTTGT	TGGCGGGCGG	TACGTACTCT	GCAGCGTCTA	CGGCGCTTGT	13834
GCTTTCGCAG	CGTTCGTATG	TTTTGTCAAT	CGTGCTGCTA	AAAATTGCAT	GGCCTGCCGC	13894
TATGCCCGTA	CCCGGTTTAC	CAACTTCATT	GTGGACGACC	GGGGGAGAGT	TCATCGATGG	13954
AAGTCTCCAA	TAGTGGTAGA	AAAAATGGGC	AAAGCCGAAG	TCGATGGCAA	CCTCGTCACC	14014
ATCAAACATG	TCGTCCTCGA	AGGGGTTAAA	GCTCAACCCT	TGACGAGGAC	TTCGGCTGAG	14074
CAATGGGAGG	CC	TAGACGATTT	TGCAACGAT	CCTATCGCCG	CACAAAAGCT	14126
CGTGCTAGCC	TTTAGCATCA	CATACACACC	TATAATGATA	TACGCCCTTA	AGGTGTCACG	14186
CGGCCGACTC	CTGGGGCTGT	TGCACATCCT	AATATTTCTG	AACTGTTTCT	TTACATTCGG	14246
ATACATGACA	TATGTGCATT	TTCAATCCAC	CAACCGTGTC	GCATTACCC	TGGGGGCTGT	14306
TGTCGCCCTT	CTGTGGGGTG	TTTACAGCTT	CACAGAGTCA	TGGAAGTTTA	TCACTTCCAG	14366
ATGCAGATTG	TGTTGCCTTG	GCCGGCGATA	CATTCTGGCC	CCTGCCCATC	ACGTAGAAAAG	14426
TGCTGCAGGT	CTCCATTCAA	TCTCAGCGTC	TGGTAACCGA	GCATACGCTG	TGAGAAAGCC	14486
CGGACTAACA	TCAGTGAACG	GCACTCTAGT	ACCAGGACTT	CGGAGCCTCG	TGCTGGGCGG	14546
CAAACGAGCT	GTTAAACGAG	GAGTGGTTAA	CCTCGTCAAG	TATGGCCGG	TAAAAACCAG	14605
AGCCAGAAGA	AAAAGAAAAG	TACAGCTCCG	ATGGGGAATG	GCCAGCCAGT	CAATCAACTG	14665
TGCCAGTTGC	TGGGTGCAAT	GATAAAGTCC	CAGCGCCAGC	AACCTAGGGG	AGGACAGGCY	14725
AAAAAGAAAA	AGCCTGAGAA	GCCACATTTT	CCCCTGGCTG	CTGAAGATGA	CATCCGGCAC	14785
CACCTCACCC	AGACTGAACG	CTCCCTCTGC	TTGCAATCGA	TCCAGACGGC	TTTCAATCAA	14845
GGCGCAGGAA	CTGCGTCRCT	TTCATCCAGC	GGGAAGGTCA	GTTTTCAGGT	TGAGTTTATG	14905
CTGCCGGTTG	CTCATACAGT	GCGCCTGATT	CGCGTGACTT	CTACATCCGC	CAGTCAGGGT	14965
GCAAGT	TAATTTGACA	GTCAGGTGAA	TGGCCGCGAT	GGCGTGTGGC	CTCTGAGTCA	15021
CCTATTCAAT	TAGGGCGATC	ACATGGGGGT	CATACTTAAT	TCAGGCAGGA	ACCATGTGAC	15081
CGAAATTAAA	AAAAAAAAAA	AAAAAAA				15108

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 2396 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

-continued

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

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Met Ser Gly Thr Phe Ser Arg Cys Met Cys Thr Pro Ala Ala Arg Val
 1           5           10           15
Phe Trp Asn Ala Gly Gln Val Phe Cys Thr Arg Cys Leu Ser Ala Arg
          20           25           30
Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Glu Leu Gln Asp Thr Asp Leu Gly Ala Val Gly
          35           40           45
Leu Phe Tyr Lys Pro Arg Asp Lys Leu His Trp Lys Val Pro Ile Gly
          50           55           60
Ile Pro Gln Val Glu Cys Thr Pro Ser Gly Cys Cys Trp Leu Ser Ala
          65           70           75           80
Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Arg Met Thr Ser Gly Asn His Asn Phe Leu Gln
          85           90           95
Arg Leu Val Lys Val Ala Asp Val Leu Tyr Arg Asp Gly Cys Leu Ala
          100          105          110
Pro Arg His Leu Arg Glu Leu Gln Val Tyr Glu Arg Gly Cys Asn Trp
          115          120          125
Tyr Pro Ile Thr Gly Pro Val Pro Gly Met Gly Leu Phe Ala Asn Ser
          130          135          140
Met His Val Ser Asp Gln Pro Phe Pro Gly Ala Thr His Val Leu Thr
          145          150          155          160
Asn Ser Pro Leu Pro Gln Gln Ala Cys Arg Gln Pro Phe Cys Pro Phe
          165          170          175
Glu Glu Ala His Ser Ser Val Tyr Arg Trp Lys Lys Phe Val Val Phe
          180          185          190
Thr Asp Ser Ser Leu Asn Gly Arg Ser Arg Met Met Trp Thr Pro Glu
          195          200          205
Ser Asp Asp Ser Ala Ala Leu Glu Val Leu Pro Pro Glu Leu Glu Arg
          210          215          220
Gln Val Glu Ile Leu Ile Arg Ser Phe Pro Ala His His Pro Val Asp
          225          230          235          240
Leu Ala Asp Trp Glu Leu Thr Glu Ser Pro Glu Asn Gly Phe Ser Phe
          245          250          255
Asn Thr Ser His Ser Cys Gly His Leu Val Gln Asn Pro Asp Val Phe
          260          265          270
Asp Gly Lys Cys Trp Leu Ser Cys Phe Leu Gly Gln Ser Val Glu Val
          275          280          285
Arg Cys His Glu Glu His Leu Ala Asp Ala Phe Gly Tyr Gln Thr Lys
          290          295          300
Trp Gly Val His Gly Lys Tyr Leu Gln Arg Arg Leu Gln Val Arg Gly
          305          310          315          320
Ile Arg Ala Val Val Asp Pro Asp Gly Pro Ile His Val Glu Ala Leu
          325          330          335
Ser Cys Pro Gln Ser Trp Ile Arg His Leu Thr Leu Asp Asp Asp Val
          340          345          350
Thr Pro Gly Phe Val Arg Leu Thr Ser Leu Arg Ile Val Pro Asn Thr
          355          360          365
Glu Pro Thr Thr Ser Arg Ile Phe Arg Phe Gly Ala His Lys Trp Tyr
          370          375          380

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Gly	Ala	Ala	Gly	Lys	Arg	Ala	Arg	Ala	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ser	Glu	385	390	395	400
Lys	Asp	Ser	Ala	Pro	Thr	Pro	Lys	Val	Ala	Leu	Pro	Val	Pro	Thr	Cys	405	410	415	
Gly	Ile	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Pro	Thr	Asp	Gly	Ser	Cys	Gly	Trp	His	420	425	430	
Val	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ile	Met	Asn	Arg	Met	Ile	Asn	Gly	Asp	Phe	Thr	Ser	435	440	445	
Pro	Leu	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Pro	Glu	Asp	Asp	Trp	Ala	Ser	Asp	Tyr	450	455	460	
Asp	Leu	Val	Gln	Ala	Ile	Gln	Cys	Leu	Arg	Leu	Pro	Ala	Thr	Val	Val	465	470	475	480
Arg	Asn	Arg	Ala	Cys	Pro	Asn	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Asn	Gly	485	490	495	
Val	His	Trp	Glu	Val	Glu	Val	Arg	Ser	Gly	Met	Ala	Pro	Arg	Ser	Leu	500	505	510	
Ser	Arg	Glu	Cys	Val	Val	Gly	Val	Cys	Ser	Glu	Gly	Cys	Val	Ala	Pro	515	520	525	
Pro	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Asp	Gly	Leu	Pro	Lys	Arg	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ala	530	535	540	
Ser	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Pro	Ser	Asp	Cys	Val	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ile	Ala	Asp	545	550	555	560
Phe	Leu	Ala	Asn	Pro	Pro	Gln	Glu	Phe	Trp	Thr	Leu	Asp	Lys	Met		565	570	575	
Leu	Thr	Ser	Pro	Ser	Pro	Glu	Arg	Ser	Gly	Phe	Ser	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Lys	580	585	590	
Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Val	Val	Pro	Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ala	Thr	Glu	Gly	Ala	595	600	605	
Phe	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Val	Glu	Arg	Met	Leu	Lys	Asp	Cys	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	610	615	620	
Gln	Ala	Met	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ile	Lys	Val	Pro	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	625	630	635	640
Pro	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Phe	Pro	Thr	Asp	Val	Leu	Ala	Asp	645	650	655	
Phe	Glu	Pro	Ala	Ser	Gln	Glu	Arg	Pro	Gln	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ala	Val	660	665	670	
Val	Leu	Cys	Ser	Pro	Asp	Ala	Lys	Glu	Phe	Glu	Glu	Ala	Ala	Xaa	Glu	675	680	685	
Glu	Val	Gln	Glu	Ser	Gly	His	Lys	Ala	Val	His	Ser	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ala	690	695	700	
Glu	Gly	Pro	Asn	Asn	Glu	Gln	Val	Gln	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Glu	Gln	Leu	705	710	715	720
Lys	Leu	Gly	Gly	Cys	Gly	Leu	Ala	Val	Gly	Asn	Ala	His	Glu	Gly	Ala	725	730	735	
Leu	Val	Ser	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ile	Asn	Leu	Val	Gly	Gly	Asn	Leu	Ser	Pro	740	745	750	
Ser	Asp	Pro	Met	Lys	Glu	Asn	Met	Leu	Asn	Ser	Arg	Glu	Asp	Glu	Pro	755	760	765	
Leu	Asp	Leu	Ser	Gln	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ala	Ser	Thr	Thr	Thr	Leu	Val	Arg	770	775	780	

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Glu	Gln	Thr	Pro	Asp	Asn	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ala	Gly	Ala	Leu	Pro	Val	785	790	795	800
Thr	Val	Arg	Glu	Phe	Val	Pro	Thr	Gly	Pro	Ile	Leu	Cys	His	Val	Glu	805	810	815	
His	Cys	Gly	Thr	Glu	Ser	Gly	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ser	Pro	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ser	820	825	830	
Asp	Ala	Gln	Thr	Leu	Asp	Gln	Pro	Leu	Asn	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ala	Ala	Trp	835	840	845	
Pro	Val	Arg	Ala	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asp	Pro	Gly	Trp	Val	His	Gly	Arg	Arg	850	855	860	
Glu	Pro	Val	Phe	Val	Lys	Pro	Arg	Asn	Ala	Phe	Ser	Asp	Gly	Asp	Ser	865	870	875	880
Ala	Leu	Gln	Phe	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ser	Glu	Ser	Ser	Ser	Val	Ile	Glu	Phe	885	890	895	
Asp	Arg	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ala	Pro	Val	Val	Asp	Ala	Pro	Val	Asp	Leu	Thr	900	905	910	
Thr	Ser	Asn	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ser	Val	Val	Asp	Pro	Phe	Glu	Phe	Ala	Glu	915	920	925	
Leu	Lys	Arg	Pro	Arg	Phe	Ser	Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ile	Asp	Arg	Gly	Gly	930	935	940	
Pro	Leu	Ala	Asp	Val	His	Ala	Lys	Ile	Lys	Asn	Arg	Val	Tyr	Glu	Gln	945	950	955	960
Cys	Leu	Gln	Ala	Cys	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Arg	Ala	Thr	Pro	Ala	Thr	Arg	965	970	975	
Glu	Trp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Met	Trp	Asp	Arg	Val	Asp	Met	Lys	Thr	Trp	Arg	980	985	990	
Cys	Thr	Ser	Gln	Phe	Gln	Ala	Gly	Arg	Ile	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Lys	Phe	995	1000	1005	
Leu	Pro	Asp	Met	Ile	Gln	Asp	Thr	Pro	Pro	Pro	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asn	1010	1015	1020	
Arg	Ala	Ser	Asp	Asn	Ala	Gly	Leu	Lys	Gln	Leu	Val	Ala	Gln	Trp	Asp	1025	1030	1035	1040
Arg	Lys	Leu	Ser	Val	Thr	Pro	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Val	Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	1045	1050	1055	
Asp	Gln	Ile	Val	Pro	Pro	Pro	Thr	Asp	Ile	Gln	Gln	Glu	Asp	Val	Thr	1060	1065	1070	
Pro	Ser	Asp	Gly	Pro	Pro	His	Ala	Pro	Asp	Phe	Pro	Ser	Arg	Val	Ser	1075	1080	1085	
Thr	Gly	Gly	Ser	Trp	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met	Leu	Ser	Gly	Thr	Arg	Leu	Ala	1090	1095	1100	
Gly	Ser	Ile	Ser	Gln	Arg	Leu	Met	Thr	Trp	Val	Phe	Glu	Val	Phe	Ser	1105	1110	1115	1120
His	Leu	Pro	Ala	Phe	Met	Leu	Thr	Leu	Phe	Ser	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ser	Met	1125	1130	1135	
Ala	Pro	Gly	Asp	Trp	Leu	Phe	Ala	Gly	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Ala	Leu	Leu	1140	1145	1150	
Leu	Cys	Arg	Ser	Tyr	Pro	Ile	Leu	Gly	Cys	Leu	Pro	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	1155	1160	1165	
Phe	Ser	Gly	Ser	Leu	Arg	Arg	Val	Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	Phe	Gly	Ser	Trp	1170	1175	1180	
Met	Ala	Phe	Ala	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Ser	Thr	Pro	Ser	Asn	Pro	Val	Gly				

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1185	1190	1195	1200
Ser Ser Cys Asp His Asp Ser Pro Glu Cys His Ala Glu Leu Leu Ala	1205	1210	1215
Leu Glu Gln Arg Gln Leu Trp Glu Pro Val Arg Gly Leu Val Val Gly	1220	1225	1230
Pro Ser Gly Leu Leu Cys Val Ile Leu Gly Lys Leu Leu Gly Gly Ser	1235	1240	1245
Arg Tyr Leu Trp His Val Leu Leu Arg Leu Cys Met Leu Ala Asp Leu	1250	1255	1260
Ala Leu Ser Leu Val Tyr Val Val Ser Gln Gly Arg Cys His Lys Cys	1265	1270	1275
Trp Gly Lys Cys Ile Arg Thr Ala Pro Ala Glu Val Ala Leu Asn Val	1285	1290	1295
Phe Pro Phe Ser Arg Ala Thr Arg Val Ser Leu Val Ser Leu Cys Asp	1300	1305	1310
Arg Phe Gln Thr Pro Lys Gly Val Asp Pro Val His Leu Ala Thr Gly	1315	1320	1325
Trp Arg Gly Cys Trp Arg Gly Glu Ser Pro Ile His Gln Pro His Gln	1330	1335	1340
Lys Pro Ile Ala Tyr Ala Asn Leu Asp Glu Lys Lys Met Ser Ala Gln	1345	1350	1355
Thr Val Val Ala Val Pro Tyr Asp Pro Ser Gln Ala Ile Lys Cys Leu	1365	1370	1375
Lys Val Leu Gln Ala Gly Gly Ala Ile Val Asp Gln Pro Thr Pro Glu	1380	1385	1390
Val Val Arg Val Ser Glu Ile Pro Phe Ser Ala Pro Phe Phe Pro Lys	1395	1400	1405
Val Pro Val Asn Pro Asp Cys Arg Val Val Val Asp Ser Asp Thr Phe	1410	1415	1420
Val Ala Ala Val Arg Cys Gly Tyr Ser Thr Ala Gln Leu Xaa Leu Gly	1425	1430	1435
Arg Gly Asn Phe Ala Lys Leu Asn Gln Thr Pro Pro Arg Asn Ser Ile	1445	1450	1455
Ser Thr Lys Thr Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Tyr Thr Leu Ala Val Ala Gln	1460	1465	1470
Val Ser Ala Trp Thr Leu Val His Phe Ile Leu Gly Leu Trp Phe Thr	1475	1480	1485
Ser Pro Gln Val Cys Gly Arg Gly Thr Ala Asp Pro Trp Cys Ser Asn	1490	1495	1500
Pro Phe Ser Tyr Pro Thr Tyr Gly Pro Gly Val Val Cys Ser Ser Arg	1505	1510	1515
Leu Cys Val Ser Ala Asp Gly Val Thr Leu Pro Leu Phe Ser Ala Val	1525	1530	1535
Ala Gln Leu Ser Gly Arg Glu Val Gly Ile Phe Ile Leu Val Leu Val	1540	1545	1550
Ser Leu Thr Ala Leu Ala His Arg Met Ala Leu Lys Ala Asp Met Leu	1555	1560	1565
Val Val Phe Ser Ala Phe Cys Ala Tyr Ala Trp Pro Met Ser Ser Trp	1570	1575	1580
Leu Ile Cys Phe Phe Pro Ile Leu Leu Lys Trp Val Thr Leu His Pro	1585	1590	1595
			1600

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Leu Thr Met	Leu Trp Val	His Ser Phe	Leu Val Phe	Cys Leu Pro	Ala
1605			1610		1615
Ala Gly Ile	Leu Ser Leu	Gly Ile Thr	Gly Leu Leu	Trp Ala Ile	Gly
1620		1625		1630	
Arg Phe Thr	Gln Val Ala	Gly Ile Ile	Thr Pro Tyr	Asp Ile His	Gln
1635		1640		1645	
Tyr Thr Ser	Gly Pro Arg	Gly Ala Ala	Ala Val Ala	Thr Ala Pro	Glu
1650		1655		1660	
Gly Thr Tyr	Met Ala Ala	Val Arg Arg	Ala Ala Leu	Thr Gly Arg	Thr
1665		1670		1675	1680
Leu Ile Phe	Thr Pro Ser	Ala Val Gly	Ser Leu Leu	Glu Gly Ala	Phe
	1685		1690		1695
Arg Thr His	Lys Pro Cys	Leu Asn Thr	Val Asn Val	Val Gly Ser	Ser
	1700		1705		1710
Leu Gly Ser	Gly Gly Val	Phe Thr Ile	Asp Gly Arg	Arg Thr Val	Val
	1715		1720		1725
Thr Ala Ala	His Val Leu	Asn Gly Asp	Thr Ala Arg	Val Thr Gly	Asp
	1730		1735		1740
Ser Tyr Asn	Arg Met His	Thr Phe Lys	Thr Asn Gly	Asp Tyr Ala	Trp
1745		1750		1755	1760
Ser His Ala	Asp Asp Trp	Gln Gly Val	Ala Pro Val	Val Lys Val	Ala
	1765		1770		1775
Lys Gly Tyr	Arg Gly Arg	Ala Tyr Trp	Gln Thr Ser	Thr Gly Val	Glu
	1780		1785		1790
Pro Gly Ile	Ile Gly Glu	Gly Phe Ala	Phe Cys Phe	Thr Asn Cys	Gly
	1795		1800		1805
Asp Ser Gly	Ser Pro Val	Ile Ser Glu	Ser Gly Asp	Leu Ile Gly	Ile
	1810		1815		1820
His Thr Gly	Ser Asn Lys	Leu Gly Ser	Gly Leu Val	Thr Thr Pro	Glu
1825		1830		1835	1840
Gly Glu Thr	Cys Thr Ile	Lys Glu Thr	Lys Leu Ser	Asp Leu Ser	Arg
	1845		1850		1855
His Phe Ala	Gly Pro Ser	Val Pro Leu	Gly Asp Ile	Lys Leu Ser	Pro
	1860		1865		1870
Ala Ile Ile	Pro Asp Val	Thr Ser Ile	Pro Ser Asp	Leu Ala Ser	Leu
	1875		1880		1885
Leu Ala Ser	Val Pro Val	Val Glu Gly	Gly Leu Ser	Thr Val Gln	Leu
	1890		1895		1900
Leu Cys Val	Phe Phe Leu	Leu Trp Arg	Met Met Gly	His Ala Trp	Thr
1905		1910		1915	1920
Pro Ile Val	Ala Val Gly	Phe Phe Leu	Leu Asn Glu	Ile Leu Pro	Ala
	1925		1930		1935
Val Leu Val	Arg Ala Val	Phe Ser Phe	Ala Leu Phe	Val Leu Ala	Trp
	1940		1945		1950
Ala Thr Pro	Trp Ser Ala	Gln Val Leu	Met Ile Arg	Leu Leu Thr	Ala
	1955		1960		1965
Ser Leu Asn	Arg Asn Lys	Leu Ser Leu	Ala Phe Tyr	Ala Leu Gly	Gly
	1970		1975		1980
Val Val Gly	Leu Ala Ala	Glu Ile Gly	Thr Phe Ala	Gly Arg Leu	Ser
	1985		1990		1995
					2000

Glu	Leu	Ser		Gln	Ala	Leu	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Cys	Phe	Leu	Pro	Arg	Val	Leu
2005																
2010																
Ala	Met	Thr	Ser	Cys	Val	Pro	Thr	Ile	Ile	Ile	Gly	Gly	Leu	His	Thr	
2020																
2025																
2030																
Leu	Gly	Val	Ile	Leu	Trp	Xaa	Phe	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Cys	Leu	His	Asn	Met	
2035																
2040																
2045																
Leu	Val	Gly	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Ser	Ser	Ala	Phe	Phe	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Phe	
2050																
2055																
2060																
Ala	Glu	Gly	Asn	Leu	Arg	Lys	Gly	Val	Ser	Gln	Ser	Cys	Gly	Met	Asn	
2065																
2070																
2075																
2080																
Asn	Glu	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Leu	Ala	Cys	Lys	Leu	Ser	Gln	Ala	Asp	
2085																
2090																
2095																
Leu	Asp	Phe	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Thr	Asn	Phe	Lys	Cys	Phe	Val	Ser	Ala	
2100																
2105																
2110																
Ser	Asn	Met	Lys	Asn	Ala	Ala	Gly	Gln	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Ala	
2115																
2120																
2125																
Lys	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gln	Glu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val	Gln	Ile	Asp	Lys	Met	
2130																
2135																
2140																
Lys	Gly	Val	Leu	Ser	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Ala	Glu	Thr	Ala	Thr	Pro	
2145																
2150																
2155																
2160																
Ser	Leu	Asp	Ile	Gly	Asp	Val	Ile	Val	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gln	His	Pro	His	
2165																
2170																
2175																
Gly	Ser	Ile	Leu	Asp	Ile	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Glu	Arg	Lys	Thr	Val	Ser	
2180																
2185																
2190																
Val	Gln	Glu	Thr	Arg	Ser	Leu	Gly	Gly	Ser	Lys	Phe	Ser	Val	Cys	Thr	
2195																
2200																
2205																
Val	Val	Ser	Asn	Thr	Pro	Val	Asp	Ala	Xaa	Thr	Gly	Ile	Pro	Leu	Gln	
2210																
2215																
2220																
Thr	Pro	Thr	Pro	Leu	Phe	Glu	Asn	Gly	Pro	Arg	His	Arg	Ser	Glu	Glu	
2225																
2230																
2235																
2240																
Asp	Asp	Leu	Lys	Val	Glu	Arg	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Cys	Val	Ser	Leu	Gly	
2245																
2250																
2255																
Phe	His	Asn	Ile	Asn	Gly	Lys	Val	Tyr	Cys	Lys	Ile	Trp	Asp	Lys	Ser	
2260																
2265																
2270																
Thr	Gly	Asp	Thr	Phe	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Asp	His	
2275																
2280																
2285																
Ala	Phe	Gln	Asp	Arg	Ser	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Gly	
2290																
2295																
2300																
Val	Gln	Thr	Thr	Pro	Gln	Gln	Gly	Phe	Asp	Pro	Lys	Ser	Glu	Thr	Pro	
2305																
2310																
2315																
2320																
Val	Gly	Thr	Val	Val	Ile	Gly	Gly	Ile	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Ile	
2325																
2330																
2335																
Lys	Gly	Lys	Glu	Val	Leu	Val	Pro	Lys	Pro	Asp	Asn	Cys	Leu	Glu	Ala	
2340																
2345																
2350																
Ala	Lys	Leu	Ser	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ala	Leu	Ala	Gly	Met	Gly	Gln	Thr	Cys	
2355																
2360																
2365																
Asp	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ala	Glu	Val	Glu	Lys	Leu	Lys	Arg	Ile	Ile	Ser	Gln	
2370																
2375																
2380																
Leu	Gln	Gly	Leu	Thr	Thr	Glu	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Cys					
2385																
2390																
2395																

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 1463 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

```

Thr Gly Phe Lys Leu Leu Ala Ala Ser Gly Leu Thr Arg Cys Gly Arg
 1           5           10           15

Gly Gly Leu Val Val Thr Glu Thr Ala Val Lys Ile Ile Lys Tyr His
 20           25           30

Ser Arg Thr Phe Thr Leu Gly Pro Leu Asp Leu Lys Val Thr Ser Glu
 35           40           45

Val Glu Val Lys Lys Ser Thr Glu Gln Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Asn
 50           55           60

Leu Cys Ser Gly Val Ile Leu Met Arg Pro His Pro Pro Ser Leu Val
 65           70           75           80

Asp Val Leu Leu Lys Pro Gly Leu Asp Thr Ile Pro Gly Ile Gln Pro
 85           90           95

Gly His Gly Ala Gly Asn Met Gly Val Asp Gly Ser Ile Trp Asp Phe
100           105           110

Glu Thr Ala Pro Thr Lys Ala Glu Leu Glu Leu Ser Lys Gln Ile Ile
115           120           125

Gln Ala Cys Glu Val Arg Arg Gly Asp Ala Pro Asn Leu Gln Leu Pro
130           135           140

Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Pro Val Arg Gly Asp Pro Glu Arg His Lys Gly Arg
145           150           155           160

Leu Ile Asn Thr Arg Phe Gly Asp Leu Pro Tyr Lys Thr Pro Gln Asp
165           170           175

Thr Lys Ser Ala Ile His Ala Ala Cys Cys Leu His Pro Asn Gly Ala
180           185           190

Pro Val Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser Thr Leu Gly Thr Thr Leu Gln His Gly
195           200           205

Phe Glu Leu Tyr Val Pro Thr Val Pro Tyr Ser Val Met Glu Tyr Leu
210           215           220

Asp Ser Arg Pro Asp Thr Pro Phe Met Cys Thr Lys His Gly Thr Ser
225           230           235           240

Lys Ala Ala Ala Glu Asp Leu Gln Lys Tyr Asp Leu Ser Thr Gln Gly
245           250           255

Phe Val Leu Pro Gly Val Leu Arg Leu Val Arg Arg Phe Ile Phe Gly
260           265           270

His Ile Gly Lys Ala Pro Pro Leu Phe Leu Pro Ser Thr Tyr Pro Ala
275           280           285

Lys Asn Ser Met Ala Gly Ile Asn Gly Gln Arg Phe Pro Thr Lys Asp
290           295           300

Val Gln Ser Ile Pro Glu Ile Asp Glu Met Cys Ala Arg Ala Val Lys
305           310           315           320

Glu Asn Trp Gln Thr Val Thr Pro Cys Thr Leu Lys Lys Gln Tyr Cys
325           330           335

Ser Lys Pro Lys Thr Arg Thr Ile Leu Gly Thr Asn Asn Phe Ile Ala
340           345           350

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Leu Ala His Arg Ser Ala Leu Ser Gly Val Thr Gln Ala Phe Met Lys
 355 360 365
 Lys Ala Trp Lys Ser Pro Ile Ala Leu Gly Lys Asn Lys Phe Lys Glu
 370 375 380
 Leu His Cys Thr Val Ala Gly Arg Cys Leu Glu Ala Asp Leu Ala Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Cys Asp Arg Ser Thr Pro Ala Ile Val Arg Trp Phe Val Ala Asn Leu
 405 410 415
 Leu Tyr Glu Leu Ala Gly Cys Glu Glu Tyr Leu Pro Ser Tyr Val Leu
 420 425 430
 Asn Cys Cys His Asp Leu Val Ala Thr Gln Asp Gly Ala Phe Thr Lys
 435 440 445
 Arg Gly Gly Leu Ser Ser Gly Asp Pro Val Thr Ser Val Ser Asn Thr
 450 455 460
 Val Tyr Ser Leu Val Ile Tyr Ala Gln His Met Val Leu Ser Ala Leu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Met Gly His Glu Ile Gly Leu Lys Phe Leu Glu Glu Gln Leu Lys
 485 490 495
 Phe Glu Asp Leu Leu Glu Ile Gln Pro Met Leu Val Tyr Ser Asp Asp
 500 505 510
 Leu Val Leu Tyr Ala Glu Arg Pro Xaa Phe Pro Asn Tyr His Trp Trp
 515 520 525
 Val Glu His Leu Asp Leu Met Leu Gly Phe Arg Thr Asp Pro Lys Lys
 530 535 540
 Thr Val Ile Thr Asp Lys Pro Ser Phe Leu Gly Cys Arg Ile Glu Ala
 545 550 555 560
 Gly Arg Gln Leu Val Pro Asn Arg Asp Arg Ile Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala
 565 570 575
 Tyr His Met Lys Ala Gln Asn Ala Ser Glu Tyr Tyr Ala Ser Ala Ala
 580 585 590
 Ala Ile Leu Met Asp Ser Cys Ala Cys Ile Asp His Asp Pro Glu Trp
 595 600 605
 Tyr Glu Asp Leu Ile Cys Gly Ile Ala Arg Cys Ala Arg Gln Asp Gly
 610 615 620
 Tyr Ser Phe Pro Gly Pro Ala Phe Phe Met Ser Met Trp Glu Lys Leu
 625 630 635 640
 Arg Ser His Asn Glu Gly Lys Lys Phe Arg His Cys Gly Ile Cys Asp
 645 650 655
 Ala Lys Ala Asp Tyr Ala Ser Ala Cys Gly Leu Asp Leu Cys Leu Phe
 660 665 670
 His Ser His Phe His Gln His Cys Xaa Val Thr Leu Ser Cys Gly His
 675 680 685
 His Ala Gly Ser Lys Glu Cys Ser Gln Cys Gln Ser Pro Val Gly Ala
 690 695 700
 Gly Arg Ser Pro Leu Asp Ala Val Leu Lys Gln Ile Pro Tyr Lys Pro
 705 710 715 720
 Pro Arg Thr Val Ile Met Lys Val Gly Asn Lys Thr Thr Ala Leu Asp
 725 730 735
 Pro Gly Arg Tyr Gln Ser Arg Arg Gly Leu Val Ala Val Lys Arg Gly
 740 745 750

Ile	Ala	Gly	Asn	Glu	Val	Asp	Leu	Ser	Asp	Xaa	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Val	Val	
	755						760					765				
Pro	Leu	Leu	Pro	Thr	Cys	Lys	Asp	Ile	Asn	Met	Val	Lys	Val	Ala	Cys	
	770					775					780					
Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Phe	Ile	Val	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	
785					790					795					800	
Thr	Thr	Trp	Leu	Leu	Ser	Gln	Val	Gln	Asp	Asp	Asp	Val	Ile	Tyr	Xaa	
			805						810					815		
Pro	Thr	His	Gln	Thr	Met	Phe	Asp	Ile	Val	Ser	Ala	Leu	Lys	Val	Cys	
			820					825					830			
Arg	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Leu	Pro	Phe	Pro	Pro	Pro	Ala	
	835						840					845				
Arg	Ser	Gly	Pro	Trp	Val	Arg	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gly	His	Val	Pro	Gly	
	850					855					860					
Arg	Val	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Asn	His	Leu	Asp	Ile	
865					870					875					880	
Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Cys	Leu	Gly	Asp	Leu	Gln	
				885					890					895		
Gln	Leu	His	Pro	Val	Gly	Phe	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Cys	Tyr	Val	Phe	Asp	Gln	
			900					905					910			
Met	Pro	Gln	Lys	Gln	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Arg	Phe	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ile	
	915						920					925				
Cys	Ala	Arg	Ile	Gln	Pro	Cys	Tyr	Arg	Glu	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Ala	
	930					935					940					
Arg	Asn	Thr	Arg	Val	Val	Phe	Thr	Thr	Arg	Pro	Val	Ala	Phe	Gly	Gln	
945					950					955					960	
Val	Leu	Thr	Pro	Tyr	His	Lys	Asp	Arg	Ile	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ile	Thr	Ile	
				965					970					975		
Asp	Ser	Ser	Gln	Gly	Ala	Thr	Phe	Asp	Ile	Val	Thr	Leu	His	Leu	Pro	
			980					985					990			
Ser	Pro	Lys	Ser	Leu	Asn	Lys	Ser	Arg	Ala	Leu	Val	Ala	Ile	Thr	Arg	
		995					1000					1005				
Ala	Arg	His	Gly	Leu	Phe	Ile	Tyr	Asp	Pro	His	Asn	Gln	Leu	Gln	Glu	
1010						1015					1020					
Phe	Phe	Asn	Leu	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Thr	Asp	Cys	Asn	Leu	Val	Phe	Ser	
1025					1030					1035					1040	
Arg	Gly	Asp	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Leu	Asn	Ala	Asp	Asn	Ala	Val	Thr	Thr	
			1045						1050					1055		
Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Glu	Thr	Gly	Pro	Ser	Arg	Phe	Arg	Val	Ser	Asp	
			1060					1065					1070			
Pro	Arg	Cys	Lys	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Cys	Ser	Ala	Ser	Leu	Glu	Gly	
		1075					1080					1085				
Ser	Cys	Met														

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1155	1160	1165
Gly Val Val Ser Tyr Tyr Leu Thr Leu Tyr Ile Arg Gly Glu Pro Gln		
1170	1175	1180
Ala Leu Pro Glu Thr Leu Val Ser Thr Gly Arg Ile Ala Thr Asp Cys		
1185	1190	1195 1200
Arg Glu Tyr Leu Asp Ala Ala Glu Glu Glu Ala Ala Lys Glu Leu Pro		
1205	1210	1215
His Ala Phe Ile Gly Asp Val Lys Gly Thr Thr Val Gly Gly Cys His		
1220	1225	1230
His Ile Thr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Pro Arg Ser Leu Pro Lys Asp Ser Val		
1235	1240	1245
Ala Val Val Gly Val Ser Ser Pro Gly Arg Ala Ala Lys Ala Val Cys		
1250	1255	1260
Thr Leu Thr Asp Val Tyr Leu Pro Glu Leu Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Pro		
1265	1270	1275 1280
Glu Thr Ala Ser Lys Cys Trp Lys Leu Lys Leu Asp Phe Arg Asp Val		
1285	1290	1295
Arg Leu Met Val Trp Lys Gly Ala Thr Ala Tyr Phe Gln Leu Glu Gly		
1300	1305	1310
Leu Thr Trp Ser Ala Leu Pro Asp Tyr Ala Arg Xaa Ile Gln Leu Pro		
1315	1320	1325
Lys Asp Ala Val Val Tyr Ile Asp Pro Cys Ile Gly Pro Ala Thr Ala		
1330	1335	1340
Asn Arg Lys Val Val Arg Thr Thr Asp Trp Arg Ala Asp Leu Ala Val		
1345	1350	1355 1360
Thr Pro Tyr Asp Tyr Gly Ala Gln Asn Ile Leu Thr Thr Ala Trp Phe		
1365	1370	1375
Glu Asp Leu Gly Pro Gln Trp Lys Ile Leu Gly Leu Gln Pro Phe Arg		
1380	1385	1390
Arg Ala Phe Gly Phe Glu Asn Thr Glu Asp Trp Ala Ile Leu Ala Arg		
1395	1400	1405
Arg Met Asn Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Thr Asp Tyr Asn Trp Asn Cys Val		
1410	1415	1420
Arg Glu Arg Pro His Ala Ile Tyr Gly Arg Ala Arg Asp His Thr Tyr		
1425	1430	1435 1440
His Phe Ala Pro Gly Thr Glu Leu Gln Val Glu Leu Gly Lys Pro Arg		
1445	1450	1455
Leu Pro Pro Gly Gln Val Pro		
1460		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 249 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

Met Gln Trp Gly His Cys Gly Val Lys Ser Ala Ser Cys Ser Trp Thr
1 5 10 15
Pro Ser Leu Ser Ser Leu Leu Val Trp Leu Ile Leu Xaa Phe Ser Leu
20 25 30

-continued

Pro Tyr Cys Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser Gln Asp Gly Tyr Trp Ser Phe Phe
 35 40 45
 Ser Glu Trp Phe Ala Pro Arg Phe Ser Val Arg Ala Leu Pro Phe Thr
 50 55 60
 Leu Pro Asn Tyr Arg Arg Ser Tyr Glu Gly Leu Leu Pro Asn Cys Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Asp Val Pro Gln Phe Ala Val Lys His Pro Leu Xaa Met Phe Trp
 85 90 95
 His Met Arg Val Ser His Leu Ile Asp Glu Xaa Val Ser Arg Arg Ile
 100 105 110
 Tyr Gln Thr Met Glu His Ser Gly Gln Ala Ala Trp Lys Gln Val Val
 115 120 125
 Gly Glu Ala Thr Leu Thr Lys Leu Ser Gly Leu Asp Ile Val Thr His
 130 135 140
 Phe Gln His Leu Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Asp Ser Cys Arg Phe Leu Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Arg Leu Val Met Leu Lys Asn Leu Ala Val Gly Asn Val Ser Leu
 165 170 175
 Gln Tyr Asn Thr Thr Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Leu Ile Phe Pro Thr Pro
 180 185 190
 Gly Thr Arg Pro Lys Leu Thr Asp Phe Arg Gln Trp Leu Ile Ser Val
 195 200 205
 His Ala Ser Ile Phe Ser Ser Val Ala Ser Ser Val Thr Leu Phe Ile
 210 215 220
 Val Leu Trp Leu Arg Ile Pro Ala Leu Arg Tyr Val Phe Gly Phe His
 225 230 235 240
 Trp Pro Thr Ala Thr His His Ser Ser
 245

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 265 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

Met Ala His Gln Cys Ala Arg Phe His Phe Phe Leu Cys Gly Phe Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Cys Tyr Leu Val His Ser Ala Leu Ala Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu
 20 25 30
 Cys Phe Trp Phe Pro Leu Ala His Gly Asn Thr Ser Phe Glu Leu Thr
 35 40 45
 Ile Asn Tyr Thr Ile Cys Met Pro Cys Ser Thr Ser Gln Ala Ala Arg
 50 55 60
 Gln Arg Leu Glu Pro Gly Arg Asn Met Trp Cys Lys Ile Gly His Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Cys Glu Glu Arg Asp His Asp Glu Leu Leu Met Ser Ile Pro Ser
 85 90 95
 Gly Tyr Asp Asn Leu Lys Leu Glu Gly Tyr Tyr Ala Trp Leu Ala Phe
 100 105 110

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```

Leu Ser Phe Ser Tyr Ala Ala Gln Phe His Pro Glu Leu Phe Gly Ile
   115               120               125

Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Val Phe Val Asp Lys Arg His Gln Phe Ile Cys
   130               135               140

Ala Glu His Asp Gly His Asn Ser Thr Val Ser Thr Gly His Asn Ile
   145               150               155               160

Ser Ala Leu Tyr Ala Ala Tyr Tyr His His Gln Ile Asp Gly Gly Asn
   165               170               175

Trp Phe His Leu Glu Trp Leu Arg Pro Leu Phe Ser Ser Trp Leu Val
   180               185               190

Leu Asn Ile Ser Trp Phe Leu Arg Arg Ser Pro Val Ser Pro Val Ser
   195               200               205

Arg Arg Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Arg Pro Thr Arg Pro Arg Leu Pro Val
   210               215               220

Ser Trp Ser Phe Arg Thr Ser Ile Val Ser Asp Leu Thr Gly Ser Gln
   225               230               235               240

Gln Arg Lys Arg Lys Phe Pro Ser Glu Ser Arg Pro Asn Val Val Lys
   245               250               255

Pro Ser Val Leu Pro Ser Thr Ser Arg
   260               265

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 183 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

```

Met Ala Ala Ala Thr Leu Phe Phe Leu Ala Gly Ala Gln His Ile Met
  1             5             10             15

Val Ser Glu Ala Phe Ala Cys Lys Pro Cys Phe Ser Thr His Leu Ser
   20             25             30

Asp Ile Glu Thr Asn Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Gly Phe Met Val Leu Gln
   35             40             45

Asp Ile Asn Cys Phe Arg Pro His Gly Val Ser Ala Ala Gln Glu Lys
   50             55             60

Ile Ser Phe Gly Lys Ser Ser Gln Cys Arg Glu Ala Val Gly Thr Pro
   65             70             75             80

Gln Tyr Ile Thr Ile Thr Ala Asn Val Thr Asp Glu Ser Tyr Leu Tyr
   85             90             95

Asn Ala Asp Leu Leu Met Leu Ser Ala Cys Leu Phe Tyr Ala Ser Glu
  100             105             110

Met Ser Glu Lys Gly Phe Lys Val Ile Phe Gly Asn Val Ser Gly Val
  115             120             125

Val Ser Ala Cys Val Asn Phe Thr Asp Tyr Val Ala His Val Thr Gln
  130             135             140

His Thr Gln Gln His His Leu Val Ile Asp His Ile Arg Leu Leu His
  145             150             155             160

Phe Leu Thr Pro Ser Ala Met Arg Trp Ala Thr Thr Ile Ala Cys Leu
  165             170             175

Phe Ala Ile Leu Leu Ala Ile

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180

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 201 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

```

Met Arg Cys Ser His Lys Leu Gly Arg Phe Leu Thr Pro His Ser Cys
 1             5             10             15

Phe Trp Trp Leu Phe Leu Leu Cys Thr Gly Leu Ser Trp Ser Phe Ala
 20             25             30

Asp Gly Asn Gly Asp Ser Ser Thr Tyr Gln Tyr Ile Tyr Asn Leu Thr
 35             40             45

Ile Cys Glu Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Trp Leu Ser Ser His Phe Gly Trp
 50             55             60

Ala Val Glu Thr Phe Val Leu Tyr Pro Val Ala Thr His Ile Leu Ser
 65             70             75             80

Leu Gly Phe Leu Thr Thr Ser His Phe Phe Asp Ala Leu Gly Leu Gly
 85             90             95

Ala Val Ser Thr Ala Gly Phe Val Gly Gly Arg Tyr Val Leu Cys Ser
100             105             110

Val Tyr Gly Ala Cys Ala Phe Ala Ala Phe Val Cys Phe Val Ile Arg
115             120             125

Ala Ala Lys Asn Cys Met Ala Cys Arg Tyr Ala Arg Thr Arg Phe Thr
130             135             140

Asn Phe Ile Val Asp Asp Arg Gly Arg Val His Arg Trp Lys Ser Pro
145             150             155             160

Ile Val Val Glu Lys Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu Val Asp Gly Asn Leu Val
165             170             175

Thr Ile Lys His Val Val Leu Glu Gly Val Lys Ala Gln Pro Leu Thr
180             185             190

Arg Thr Ser Ala Glu Gln Trp Glu Ala
195             200

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 173 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

```

Met Gly Gly Leu Asp Asp Phe Cys Asn Asp Pro Ile Ala Ala Gln Lys
 1             5             10             15

Leu Val Leu Ala Phe Ser Ile Thr Tyr Thr Pro Ile Met Ile Tyr Ala
 20             25             30

Leu Lys Val Ser Arg Gly Arg Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu His Ile Leu Ile
 35             40             45

Phe Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Thr Phe Gly Tyr Met Thr Tyr Val His Phe
 50             55             60

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```

Gln Ser Thr Asn Arg Val Ala Leu Thr Leu Gly Ala Val Val Ala Leu
 65                               70                               75                               80

Leu Trp Gly Val Tyr Ser Phe Thr Glu Ser Trp Lys Phe Ile Thr Ser
                               85                               90                               95

Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Cys Leu Gly Arg Arg Tyr Ile Leu Ala Pro Ala
          100                               105                               110

His His Val Glu Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu His Ser Ile Ser Ala Ser Gly
      115                               120                               125

Asn Arg Ala Tyr Ala Val Arg Lys Pro Gly Leu Thr Ser Val Asn Gly
      130                               135                               140

Thr Leu Val Pro Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Gly Gly Lys Arg Ala
      145                               150                               155                               160

Val Lys Arg Gly Val Val Asn Leu Val Lys Tyr Gly Arg
          165                               170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 128 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

```

Met Ala Gly Lys Asn Gln Ser Gln Lys Lys Lys Ser Thr Ala Pro
 1              5              10              15

Met Gly Asn Gly Gln Pro Val Asn Gln Leu Cys Gln Leu Leu Gly Ala
          20              25              30

Met Ile Lys Ser Gln Arg Gln Gln Pro Arg Gly Gly Gln Xaa Lys Lys
      35              40              45

Lys Lys Pro Glu Lys Pro His Phe Pro Leu Ala Ala Glu Asp Asp Ile
      50              55              60

Arg His His Leu Thr Gln Thr Glu Arg Ser Leu Cys Leu Gln Ser Ile
      65              70              75              80

Gln Thr Ala Phe Asn Gln Gly Ala Gly Thr Ala Xaa Leu Ser Ser Ser
          85              90              95

Gly Lys Val Ser Phe Gln Val Glu Phe Met Leu Pro Val Ala His Thr
      100              105              110

Val Arg Leu Ile Arg Val Thr Ser Thr Ser Ala Ser Gln Gly Ala Ser
      115              120              125

```

What is claimed is:

1. Composition of matter comprising isolated Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

2. Composition of matter comprising killed isolated Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

3. Composition of matter comprising attenuated isolated Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

4. Composition of matter comprising a recombinant vector derived from Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

5. Composition of matter comprising an isolated part or component of Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

6. Composition of matter comprising isolated or synthetic protein, (poly)peptide, or nucleic acid derived from Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

7. Composition of matter comprising recombinant nucleic acid which comprises a nucleotide sequence derived from the genome of Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

8. Composition of matter comprising recombinant nucleic acid which comprises a Lelystad Agent-specific nucleotide sequence shown in FIG. 1.

9. Composition of matter comprising recombinant nucleic acid which comprises a Lelystad Agent-specific nucleotide sequence selected from anyone of the Open Reading Frames shown in FIG. 1.

10. Composition of matter comprising a (poly)peptide having an amino acid sequence derived from a protein of Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, the (poly)peptide being produced by a cell capable of producing it due to genetic engineering with appropriate recombinant DNA.

11. Composition of matter comprising a (poly)peptide comprising a Lelystad Agent-specific amino acid sequence shown in FIG. 1.

12. Composition of matter comprising an isolated or synthetic antibody which specifically recognizes a part or component of Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

13. Composition of matter comprising a recombinant vector which contains nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a protein or antigenic peptide derived from Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

14. Vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against Mystery Swine Disease, comprising Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

15. Vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against Mystery Swine Disease, comprising killed Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding

to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

16. Vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against Mystery Swine Disease, comprising attenuated Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

17. Vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against Mystery Swine Disease, comprising a recombinant vector which contains nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a protein or antigenic peptide derived from Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

18. Vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against Mystery Swine Disease, comprising an antigenic part or component of Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

19. Vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against Mystery Swine Disease, comprising a protein or antigenic polypeptide derived from, or a peptide mimicking an antigenic component of, Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

20. Vaccine composition for vaccinating animals, in particular mammals, more in particular pigs or swine, to protect them against a disease caused by a pathogen, comprising a recombinant vector derived from Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, the nucleic acid of the recombinant vector comprising a nucleotide sequence coding for a protein or antigenic peptide derived from the pathogen, and a suitable carrier or adjuvant.

21. Diagnostic kit for detecting nucleic acid from Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a sample, in particular a biological samples such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising a nucleic acid probe or primer which comprises a nucleotide sequence derived from the genome of Lelystad Agent, and suitable detection means of a nucleic acid detection assay.

22. Diagnostic kit for detecting antigen from Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to

the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising an antibody which specifically recognizes a part or component of Lelystad Agent, and suitable detection means of an antigen detection assay.

23. Diagnostic kit for detecting an antibody which specifically recognizes Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising an antigenic part or component of Lelystad Agent, and suitable detection means of an antibody detection assay.

24. Diagnostic kit for detecting an antibody which specifically recognizes Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising a protein or antigenic polypeptide derived from Lelystad Agent, or a peptide mimicking an antigenic component of Lelystad Agent, and suitable detection means of an antibody detection assay.

25. Diagnostic kit for detecting an antibody which specifically recognizes Lelystad Agent which is the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, comprising killed, live or attenuated Lelystad Agent, and suitable detection means of an antibody detection assay.

26. A process for diagnosing whether an animal, in particular a mammal, more in particular a pig or swine, is contaminated with the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, comprising preparing a sample, in particular a biological sample such as blood or blood serum, sputum, saliva, or tissue, derived from the animal, and examining whether it contains Lelystad Agent nucleic acid, Lelystad Agent antigen, or antibody specifically recognizing Lelystad Agent, said Lelystad Agent being the causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease and essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

27. A diagnostic kit for detecting nucleic acid from Lelystad Agent, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a biological sample, derived from an animal, said diagnostic kit comprising:

a nucleic acid probe or primer which comprises a nucleotide sequence essentially corresponding to the genome of Lelystad Agent, and means for detecting nucleic acid.

28. The diagnostic kit of claim 27 wherein the means for detecting a nucleic acid comprises a hybridization of the nucleic acid probe or primer.

29. The diagnostic kit of claim 28 wherein the means for detecting a nucleic acid comprises polymerase chain reaction ("PCR").

30. A diagnostic kit for detecting an antibody which specifically recognizes Lelystad Agent in a biological sample derived from an animal, said kit comprising

an antigen selected from the group consisting of virus, protein, polypeptide, and peptide, said antigen immunoreactive with serum antibodies of a sow, said serum antibodies obtained by:

a) intranasally inoculating a specific pathogen free sow with two milliliters of a virus essentially corresponding to the virus identified as deposit number I-1102, deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France (at passage level 3, titer $10^{4.8}$ TCID₅₀/milliliter); and further comprising

b) collecting serum antibodies from the thus inoculated sow after 25 to 33 days, and

means for detecting said antibody.

31. A diagnostic kit for detecting an antibody which specifically recognizes Lelystad Agent, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolated Lelystad Agent deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a sample derived from an animal said diagnostic kit comprising:

a protein or antigenic polypeptide derived from Lelystad Agent, or a peptide mimicking an antigenic component of Lelystad Agent, and

means for detecting an antibody reacting with said protein or antigenic polypeptide derived from Lelystad Agent, or a peptide mimicking an antigenic component of Lelystad Agent.

32. A diagnostic kit for detecting an antibody which specifically recognizes a causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease, said causative agent being at least partially antigenically cross-reactive with Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolated Lelystad Agent deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102, in a sample derived from an animal, said diagnostic kit comprising

said causative agent, and

means for detecting said antibody.

33. The diagnostic kit of claim 32 wherein the causative agent is live.

34. A process for detecting a causative agent of Mystery Swine Disease in an animal, comprising preparing a sample derived from the animal, and examining whether the sample contains Lelystad Agent nucleic acid, Lelystad Agent antigen, or antibody specifically recognizing Lelystad Agent, said Lelystad Agent essentially corresponding to the isolate Lelystad Agent deposited Jun. 5, 1991 with the Institut Pasteur, Paris, France, deposit number I-1102.

35. The process according to claim 34 wherein said sample is serum taken from the animal.

专利名称(译)	神秘猪病的致病因子，疫苗成分和诊断试剂盒		
公开(公告)号	US20030118608A1	公开(公告)日	2003-06-26
申请号	US10/226065	申请日	2002-08-21
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	WENSVOORT GERT 特普斯特拉CATHARINUS POL JOANNES MARIA ANTHONIS MOORMANN ROBERTUS 雅克布斯MARIA MEULENBERG 约翰娜雅各巴MARIA		
申请(专利权)人(译)	WENSVOORT GERT 特普斯特拉CATHARINUS POL JOANNES MARIA ANTHONIS MOORMANN ROBERTUS 雅克布斯MARIA MEULENBERG 约翰娜雅各巴MARIA		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	WENSVOORT GERT 特普斯特拉CATHARINUS POL JOANNES MARIA ANTHONIS MOORMANN ROBERTUS 雅克布斯MARIA MEULENBERG 约翰娜雅各巴MARIA		
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发明人	WENSVOORT, GERT TERPSTRA, CATHARINUS POL, JOANNES MARIA ANTHONIS MOORMANN, ROBERTUS JACOBUS MARIA MEULENBERG, JOHANNA JACOBA MARIA		
IPC分类号	A61K39/00 A61K39/12 A61K39/215 A61K39/395 A61K39/42 A61P31/12 A61P31/14 C07H21/00 C07K14/08 C07K14/435 C07K16/00 C07K16/10 C12N7/00 C12N7/01 C12N15/09 C12N15/50 C12N15/ /66 C12P21/00 C12P21/02 C12Q1/68 C12Q1/70 G01N33/53 G01N33/569 C07K2/00 C07K4/00 C07K5/ /00 C07K7/00 C07K14/00 C07K17/00 A61K38/00		
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摘要(译)

包含神秘猪病，莱利斯塔德试剂的致病因子的物质组合物，其为活的，减毒的，死的或重组的形式，或其部分或组分。基于其的疫苗组合物和诊断试剂盒。包含Lelystad试剂特异性核苷酸序列的重组核酸。包含Lelystad特异性氨基酸序列的肽。Lelystad特异性抗体。

