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**(12) United States Patent
Temple****(10) Patent No.: US 9,795,286 B2
(45) Date of Patent: Oct. 24, 2017****(54) SCOPE WARMER WITH DISPOSABLE
STERILE CASING****(71) Applicant: John Temple, Chelsea, MI (US)****(72) Inventor: John Temple, Chelsea, MI (US)****(*) Notice:** Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 204 days.**(21) Appl. No.: 14/418,702****(22) PCT Filed: Oct. 2, 2014****(86) PCT No.: PCT/US2014/058792**

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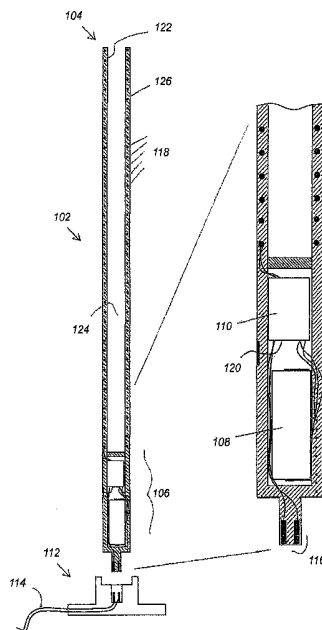
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A laparoscope/endoscope warmer includes a rechargeable heater with an inexpensive, disposable casing so that the expensive portions of the system can be reused. An elongated heater has an outer wall, a closed end and an open end into a cavity having an inner wall. A heating element such as a heating coil is disposed between the inner and outer walls of the heater. A rechargeable battery within the heater powers the heating element. The heater fits into a charging base operative to recharge the rechargeable battery through cooperating electrical contacts or an inductive coupling. The sterile casing includes an inner sleeve that fits into the cavity of the heater unit, providing a receptacle to receive and warm the rod of an endoscope or laparoscope.

11 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets

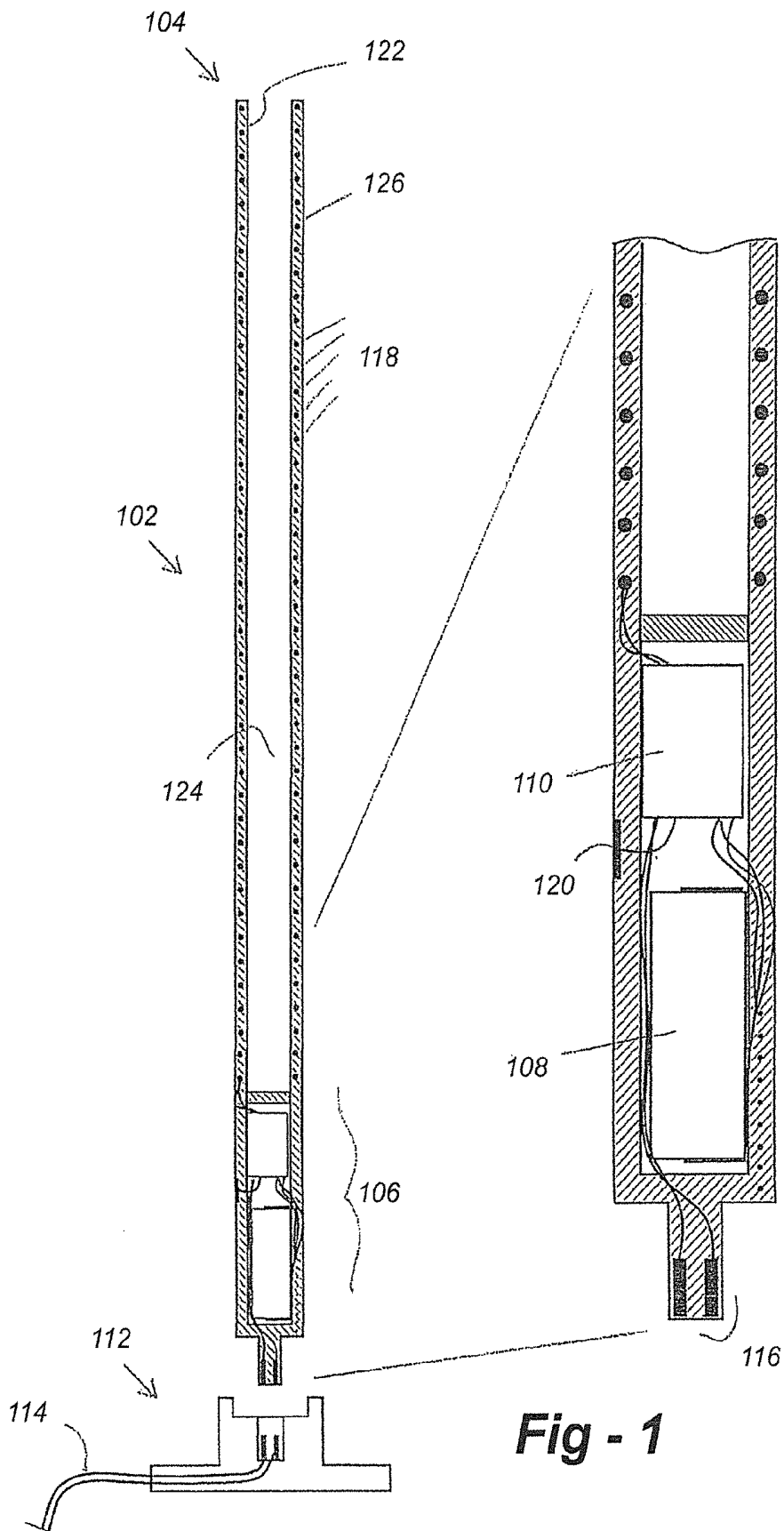
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USPC 600/114, 121–125, 186, 169
See application file for complete search history.

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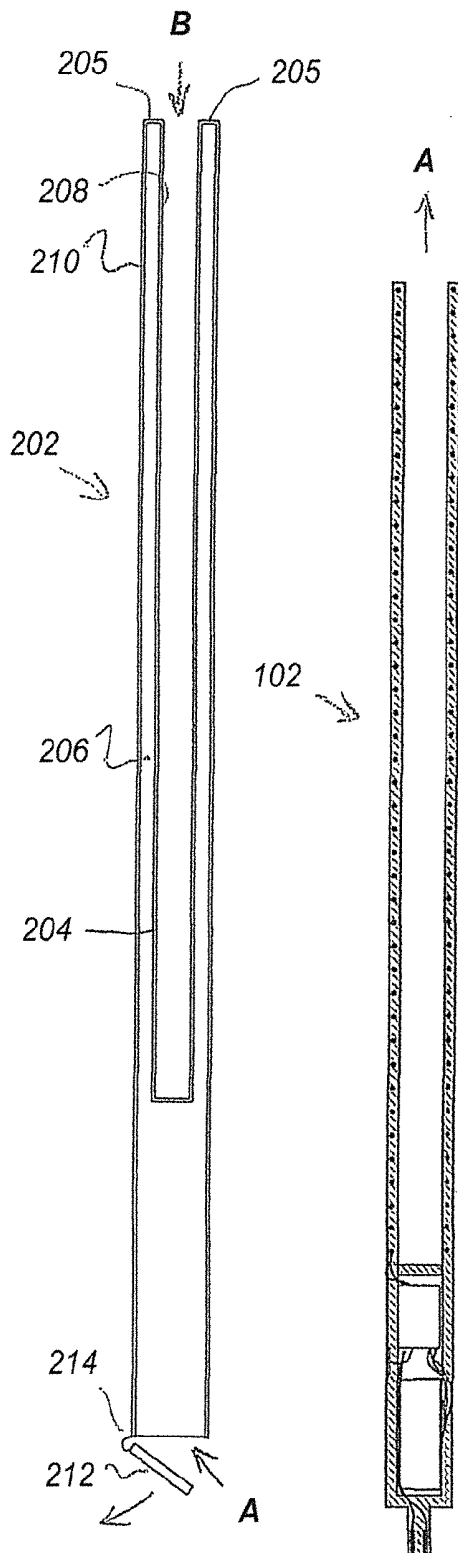


Fig - 2

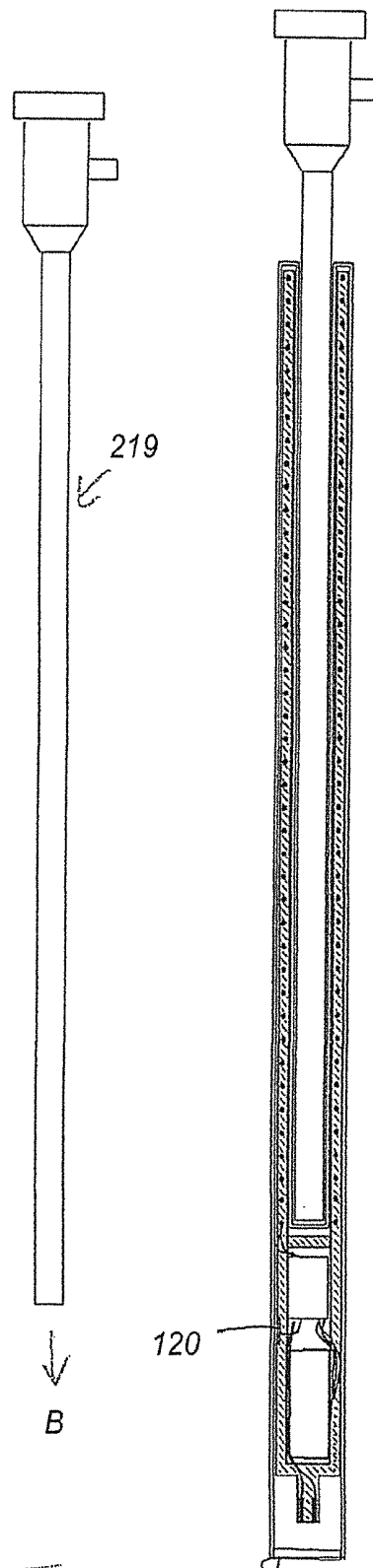
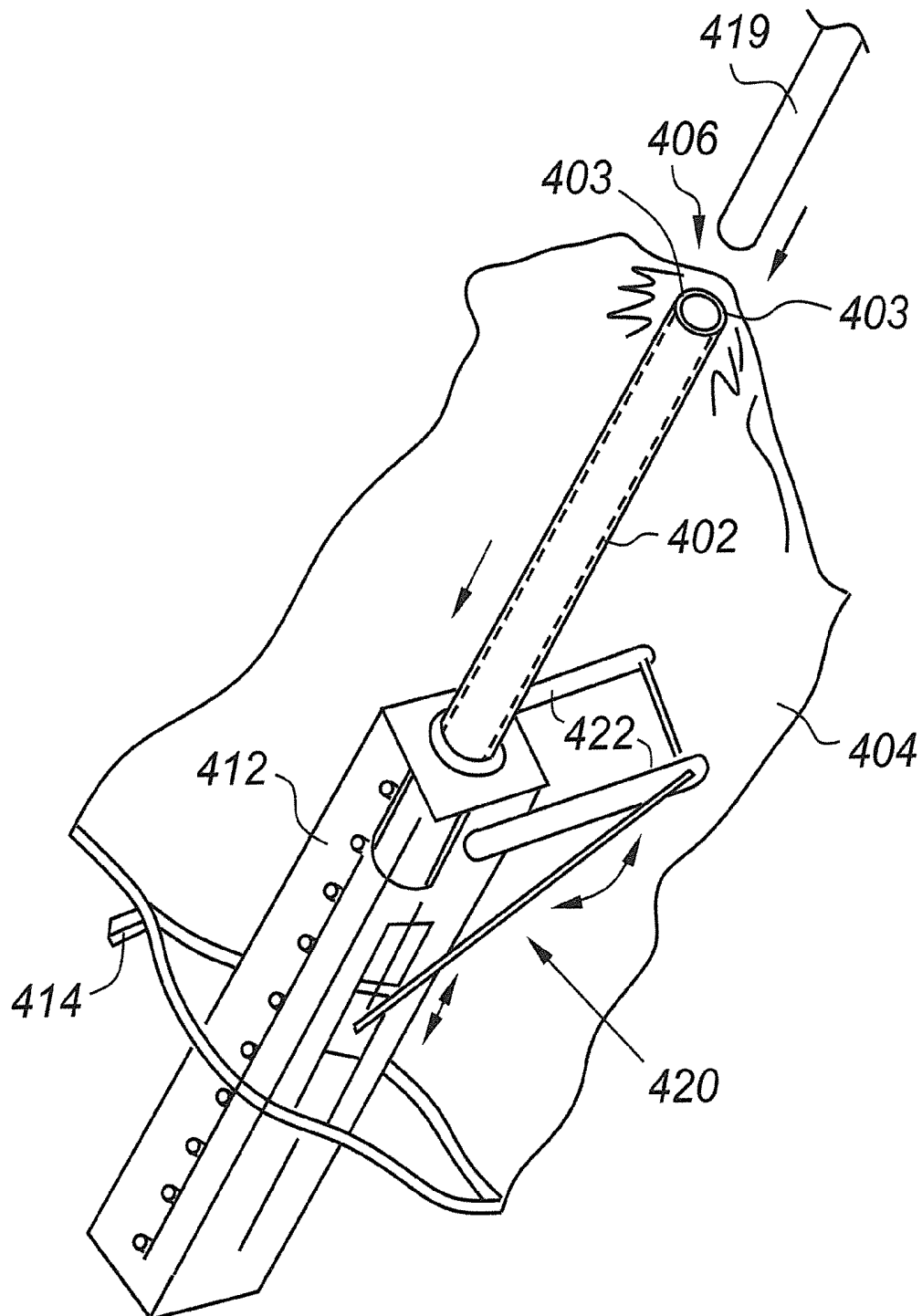


Fig - 3

**Fig - 4**

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SCOPE WARMER WITH DISPOSABLE STERILE CASING

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to laparoscope/endoscope warmers and, in particular, to such a warmer with a low-cost, disposable casing enabling the more expensive heater unit to be reused.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

When using endoscopes or laparoscopes, it is important that they are warmed to human body temperature or the objective optics will fog up. For this reason, there are several "scope warmers" on the market, including 'passive' devices that use an exothermic reaction, and active systems that use electrical heaters.

One of the electrical units, offered by New Wave Surgical of Coral Springs, Fla., is called the Defogging Heated Endoscopic Lens Protector. The tip of the laparoscope is inserted into a fist-sized, battery operated "anti-fog warmer" and white light balancer. The unit has a very short battery life, and it is discarded after use. Another option is offered by Mediflex of Islandia, N.Y. This design provides a plug-in heater with a 15-meter cord which is also disposed of after surgery. Both of these solutions are expensive and not 'environmentally friendly' due to the waste generated.

Due to the fact that rechargeable batteries cannot tolerate the heat of an autoclave (270° F.), and because batteries are not environmentally friendly, an electrically powered alternative design remains an outstanding need.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This invention improves upon existing electrically powered endoscope/laparoscope (i.e., "scope") warmers by providing a heater unit that operates in conjunction with an inexpensive, disposable sterile casing enabling the more expensive portions of the system (i.e., the heater, batteries, electrical controls) to be reused.

The heater unit has an open end into a cavity. A heating element such as a heating coil is disposed within the unit to heat the cavity. The sterile disposable casing fits over the heater, and includes an elongated inner sleeve that fits into the cavity of the heater. The inner sleeve in turn provides a receptacle configured to receive the rod portion of an endoscope or laparoscope to be warmed by the heater. In the preferred embodiments the casing includes a closure to entirely contain the heating unit.

Although non-rechargeable batteries may be used, the preferred embodiment uses a rechargeable battery (or batteries) within the heater unit to power the heating element. A charging base may be provided for recharging the heater unit. The heater unit and the charging base may either include a plurality of cooperating electrical contacts or an inductive coupling to recharge the batter(ies).

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a simplified drawing in partial cross section illustrating a heater unit according to the invention;

FIG. 2 shows the way in which the heater unit is received within a sterilized, disposable casing, and the way in which a scope is received by the inner sleeve of the casing;

FIG. 3 illustrates how the heater unit, casing and scope are nested during use; and

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FIG. 4 is a drawing that shows various modifications that may be used with any of the embodiments disclosed herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

This invention resides in a battery operated scope warmer. However, to avoid costly disposables and environmentally unfriendly waste present in current offerings, inexpensive disposable sterile casings are provided so that the heater unit can be reused.

The heater, shown generally at **102** in FIG. 1, is an enclosed, elongated unit having an open distal end **104** and a proximal end **106** including a rechargeable battery **108** and temperature controller **110**. The heater fits into a base unit **112** interconnected to a power source such as AC mains through wires **114**. The base unit and heater unit may have cooperating contacts **116**, as shown, for recharging purposes, or an inductive charging system (not shown) may alternatively be used.

Battery **108** is operatively connected to temperature controller **110** which, in turn, is connected to heating coil **118**. A touch switch **120** may be used to activate the coil upon removal from the base unit, or a sealed pushbutton may alternatively be used. The housing of the heater may be constructed from durable plastic with the various components moulded into the unit. In all embodiments, the inner wall **122** of the heater cavity **124** may be thinner than the outer wall **126** to improve heat transfer to the scope as described below.

FIG. 2 shows the way in which the heater unit **102** is received within a sterilized, disposable casing **202**, and the way in which a scope **219** is received by an inner sleeve **204** of the casing. The casing is made from any suitable inexpensive material, including sterilisable plastics. The inner sleeve **204** of the casing is preferably a rigid or semi-rigid cylinder with a closed distal end, though a flexible or semi-flexible structure is also possible.

In the embodiment of FIG. 2, the inner sleeve **204** of the casing is connected to an outer sleeve **210** through a peripheral rim **205**. As with the inner walls of the heater unit, the wall **208** of inner sleeve may be thinner than the outer sleeve **210** of the casing to improve heat transfer to the scope **210**. The outer sleeve of the casing unit includes a door **212** on a flexible hinge **214** to entirely enclose the heater unit once installed.

The casing would be provided in a sterile package that would be opened immediately prior to use. FIG. 3 illustrates how the heater **102**, casing **202** and scope **219** cooperate during use. Note that in context herein, "scope" should be taken to include an endoscope, laparoscope, or any other instrument having distal optics subject to fogging. As shown in FIG. 3, once the scope is inserted, door **212** is closed to maintain sterility. Button **120** is activated before or after the heater is installed in the sleeve depending upon the type of button provided.

FIG. 4 is a drawing that shows various modifications that may be used with any of the embodiments disclosed herein. In particular, instead of a rigid or semi-rigid outer sleeve **210**, the rim **403** of inner sleeve **402** may be bonded to a flexible enclosure such as plastic bag **404**. Thus, in this embodiment, the sterile casing comprises the inner sleeve **402** and bag **404**. The inner sleeve **402** is bonded such that a hole **406** is provided to receive viewing instrument **419**. Similar to other embodiments, however, once the heater is received within the bag **404**, it is sealed, in this case with a slide lock **414**. Again, although the heater unit **412** is kept

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out of the sterile field and reusable, the instrument **419** may nevertheless be inserted into open end of inner sleeve **402** and warmed while within the cavity of the heater.

Note further that the cross section of the heater **412** unit need not be round, in that square and other shapes may be used to prevent rolling on flat surfaces. The heater unit may also include an option mechanism **420** with adjustable support arms **422** enabling the heater to be positioned at a desired angle for use. With rechargeable batteries, the heater of FIG. **4** would nevertheless be rechargeable with a stand (not shown) including cooperating contacts or inductive apparatus.

The invention claimed is:

1. Apparatus for warming an endoscope or laparoscope having a shaft with a distal optical element susceptible to fogging, the apparatus comprising:

an elongated heater unit having an elongated outer wall and an elongated inner cavity and a heating element to heat the cavity;

a battery within the heater unit operative to power the heating element; and

a sterile, disposable casing including an elongated inner sleeve with a closed end configured to be received within the elongated inner cavity of the heater unit, the casing further including an elongated outer sleeve configured to cover the outer wall of the heater unit, the elongated outer sleeve including an opening to receive the heater unit, and a closure to seal the opening such that the heater unit is contained entirely within the sterile, disposable casing when the closure is sealed, thereby enabling an endoscope or laparoscope to be inserted into an open end of the outer sleeve to be

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warmed by the heater unit while preventing the heater unit from entering a sterile field.

2. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the closure is a door that closes off the opening when the heater unit is received within the casing.

3. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the outer sleeve of the casing is a flexible bag, and wherein the closure is a sliding seal that closes off the opening when the heater unit is received within the casing.

4. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the heating element is a heating coil surrounding the cavity of the heater unit.

5. The apparatus of claim **1**, further including a charging base to receive the heater unit to recharge the battery therein.

6. The apparatus of claim **5**, wherein the heater and the charging base both include a plurality of cooperating electrical contacts to recharge the battery.

7. The apparatus of claim **5**, including an inductive coupling between the charging base and the heater unit to recharge the battery.

8. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the heater unit includes a touch-sensitive switch to activate the heating element.

9. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the heater unit includes a non-round outer cross section to prevent rolling of the heater unit.

10. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the heater unit includes an adjustable support to position the heater unit at a desired angle during use.

11. The apparatus of claim **1**, wherein the casing is provided as a sterilized unit in a protective package that is opened for use.

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专利名称(译)	使用一次性无菌外壳加热范围		
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发明人	TEMPLE, JOHN		
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摘要(译)

腹腔镜/内窥镜加热器包括具有便宜的一次性外壳的可再充电加热器，使得系统的昂贵部分可以重复使用。细长加热器具有外壁，封闭端和进入具有内壁的空腔的开口端。诸如加热线圈的加热元件设置在加热器的内壁和外壁之间。加热器内的可充电电池为加热元件供电。加热器装配到充电基座中，该充电基座可通过配合的电触点或电感耦合对可再充电电池进行再充电。无菌外壳包括内套管，内套管配合到加热器单元的腔中，提供接收器以接收和加热内窥镜或腹腔镜的杆。

