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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Yoo et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2012/0302885 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Nov. 29, 2012**(54) **PROVIDING A MEASURING ITEM
CANDIDATE GROUP FOR MEASURING SIZE
OF A TARGET OBJECT IN AN ULTRASOUND
SYSTEM**(75) Inventors: **Bong Soo Yoo**, Seoul (KR); **Jeong
I. Kim**, Seoul (KR)(73) Assignee: **SAMSUNG MEDISON CO.,
LTD.**(21) Appl. No.: **13/117,479**(22) Filed: **May 27, 2011****Publication Classification**(51) **Int. Cl.**
A61B 8/00 (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.** **600/443**(57) **ABSTRACT**

Embodiments for providing an elastic image are disclosed. In one embodiment, by way of non-limiting example, an ultrasound system comprises: a user input unit configured to receive user input information from a user; a storage unit configured to store a mapping table associating measuring item information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications; an ultrasound data acquisition unit configured to acquire ultrasound data corresponding to the target object; and a processing unit configured to form an ultrasound image based on ultrasound data and detect a contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the user input information, the processing unit being further configured to extract at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from the storage unit to form a measuring item candidate group.

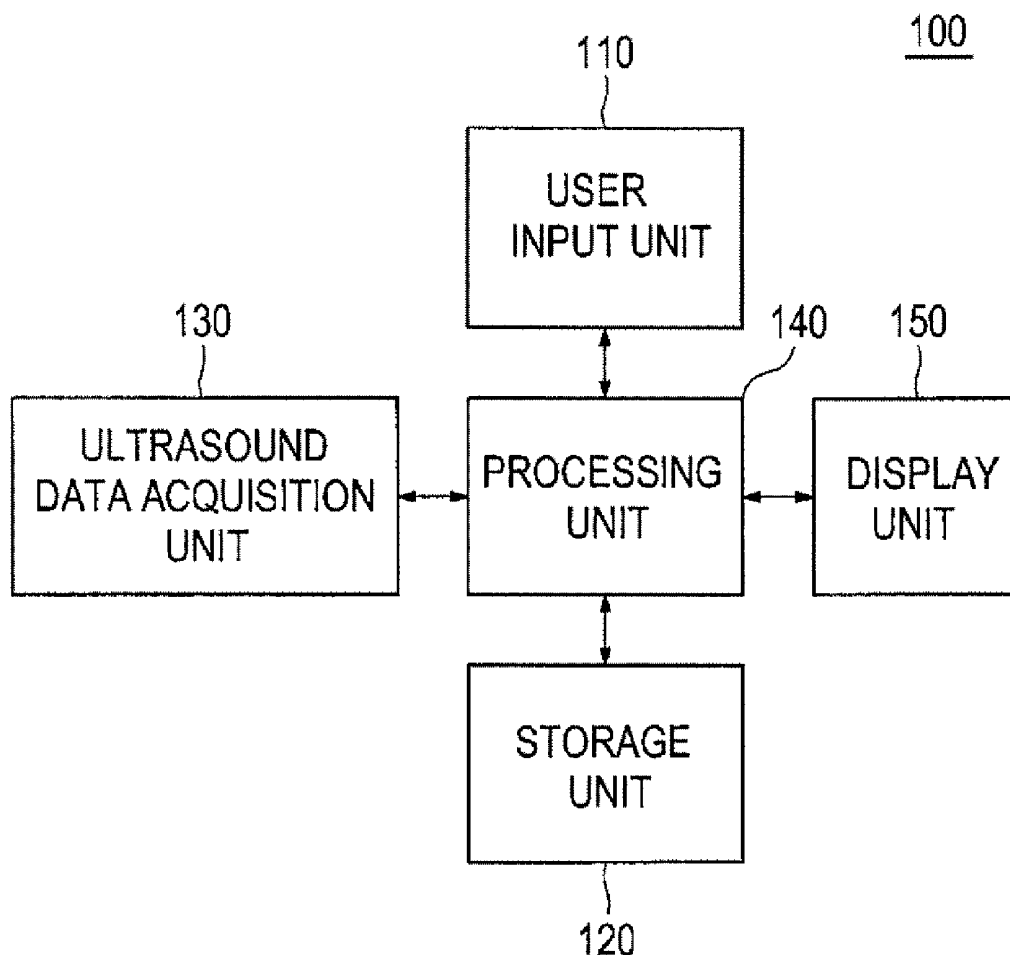


FIG. 1

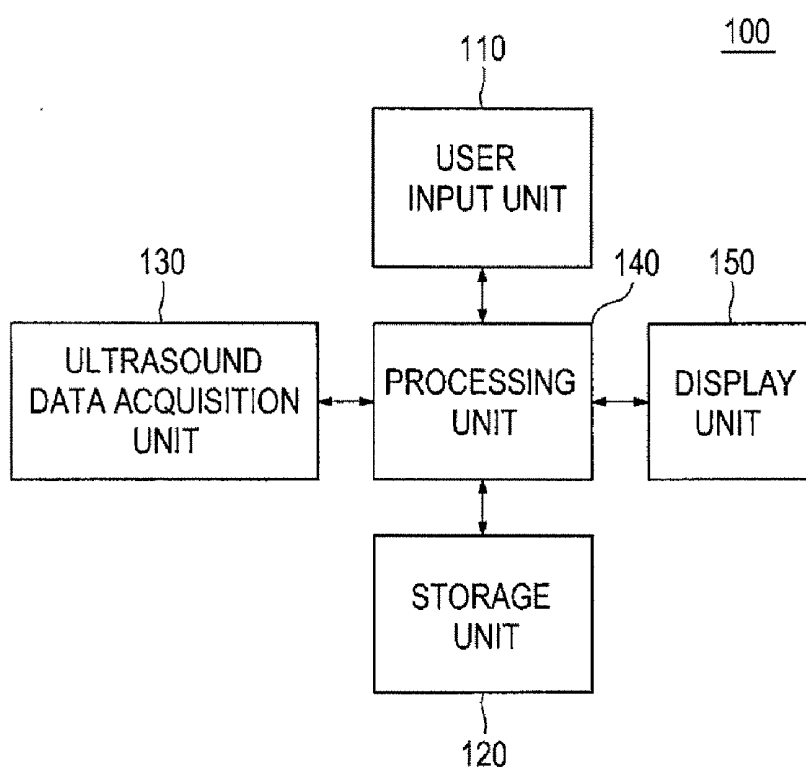


FIG. 2

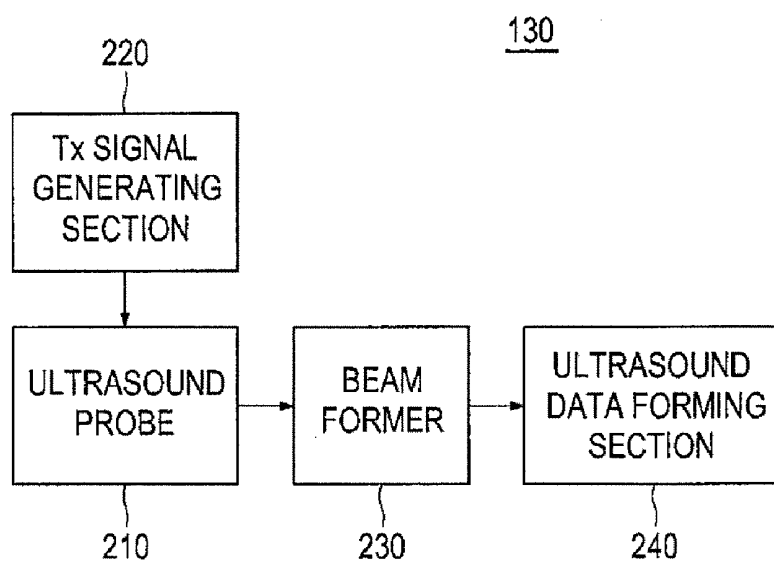


FIG. 3

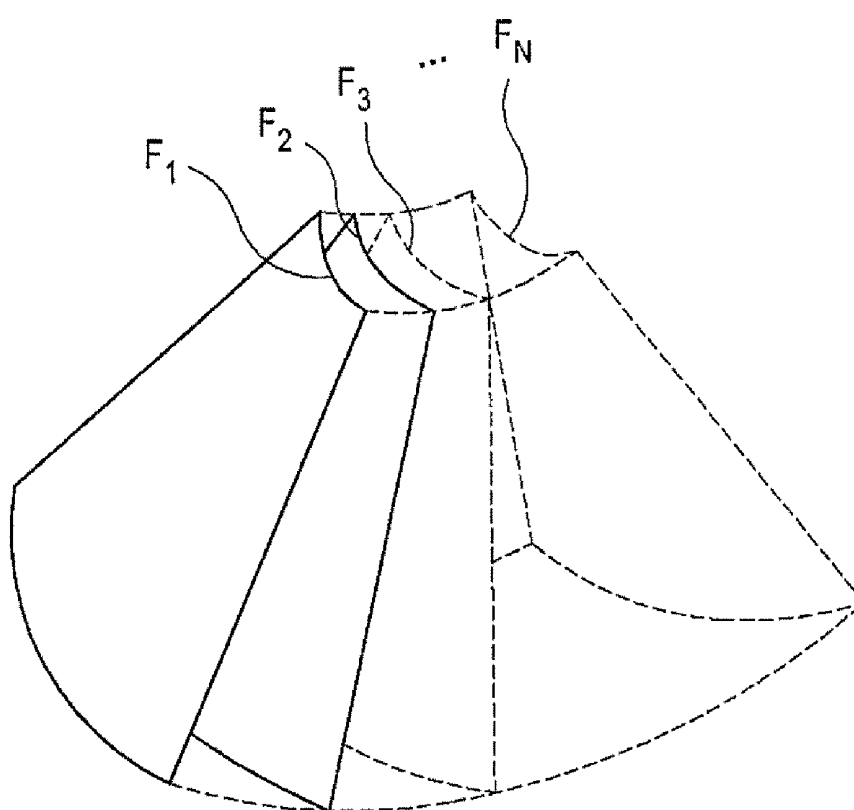


FIG. 4

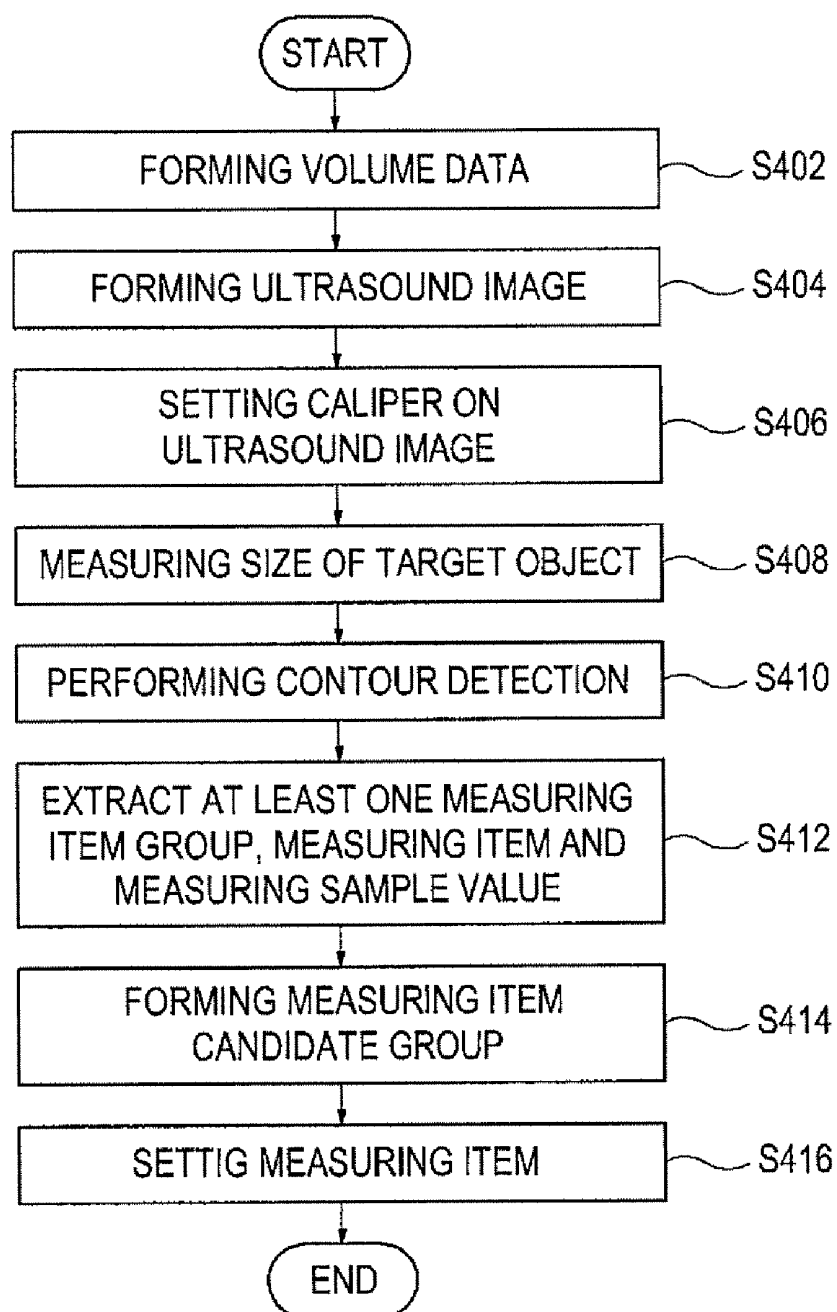
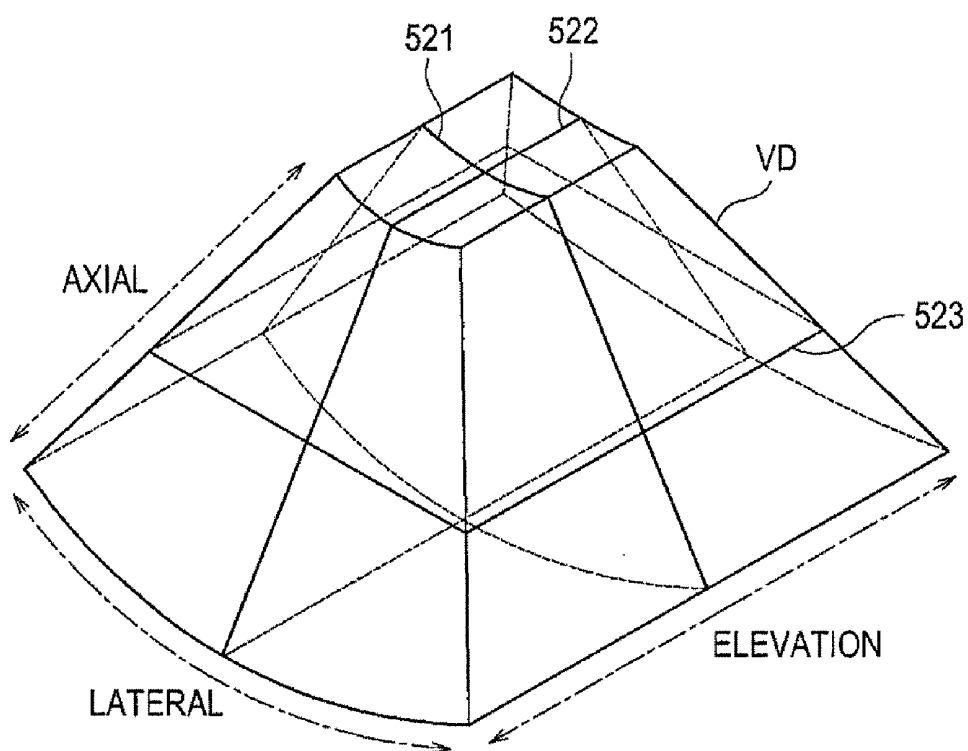


FIG. 5



PROVIDING A MEASURING ITEM CANDIDATE GROUP FOR MEASURING SIZE OF A TARGET OBJECT IN AN ULTRASOUND SYSTEM

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present disclosure generally relates to ultrasound systems, and more particularly to providing a measuring item candidate group for measuring size of a target object in an ultrasound system.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Recently, an ultrasound system has been extensively used in the medical field due to its non-invasive and non-destructive nature. Modern high-performance ultrasound imaging systems and techniques are commonly used to produce two dimensional ultrasound images and three-dimensional ultrasound images of internal features of patients.

[0003] The ultrasound system may transmit ultrasound signals into a living body and receive ultrasound signals (i.e., ultrasound echo signals) therefrom to form a two-dimensional or three-dimensional ultrasound image.

[0004] The ultrasound system may measure the size of a target object (e.g., length, circumference, area, volume, etc.) within the living body to provide measurement information. However, to measure such size, a user may need to perform a series of steps such as selecting one of a plurality of applications, selecting one of a plurality of measuring item groups corresponding to the selected application, selecting one of a plurality of measuring items corresponding to the selected measuring item group, and setting a measuring region for measuring a size of the target object on an ultrasound image.

SUMMARY

[0005] Embodiments for forming an elastic image in an ultrasound system are disclosed herein. In one embodiment, by way of non-limiting example, an ultrasound system comprises: a user input unit configured to receive user input information from a user; a storage unit configured to store a mapping table associating measuring item information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications; an ultrasound data acquisition unit configured to acquire ultrasound data corresponding to a target object; and a processing unit in communication with the user input unit, the storage unit and the ultrasound acquisition unit, the processing unit being configured to form an ultrasound image based on ultrasound data and detect a contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the user input information, the processing unit being further configured to extract at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from the storage unit to form a measuring item candidate group.

[0006] In another embodiment, there is provided a method of providing a measuring item candidate group for measuring a size of a target object, comprising: a) acquiring ultrasound data corresponding to the target object; b) forming an ultrasound image based on the ultrasound data; c) receiving user input information from a user; d) detecting a contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the input information; and e) extracting at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from a mapping table associating information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications.

[0007] In yet another embodiment, there is provided a computer readable medium comprising computer executable instructions configured to perform the following acts: a) acquiring ultrasound data corresponding to a target object; b) forming an ultrasound image based on the ultrasound data; c) receiving user input information from a user; d) detecting a contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the input information; and e) extracting at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from a mapping table associating measuring item information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications.

[0008] The Summary is provided to introduce a selection of concepts in a simplified form that are further described below in the Detailed Description. This Summary is not intended to identify key or essential features of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended to be used in determining the scope of the claimed subject matter.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0009] FIG. 1 is a block diagram showing an illustrative embodiment of an ultrasound system.

[0010] FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing an illustrative embodiment of an ultrasound data acquisition unit.

[0011] FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram showing an example of acquiring ultrasound data corresponding to a plurality of frames.

[0012] FIG. 4 is a flow chart a process of providing a measuring item candidate group for measuring a size of a target object.

[0013] FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram showing an example of volume data.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0014] A detailed description may be provided with reference to the accompanying drawings. One of ordinary skill in the art may realize that the following description is illustrative only and is not in any way limiting. Other embodiments of the present invention may readily suggest themselves to such skilled persons having the benefit of this disclosure.

[0015] Referring to FIG. 1, an ultrasound system **100** in accordance with an illustrative embodiment is shown. As depicted therein, the ultrasound system **100** may include a user input unit **110**. The user input unit **110** may be configured to receive input information from a user. In one embodiment, the input information may include first input information for setting a caliper for measuring the size (e.g., length, circumference, area, volume, etc.) of a target object within a living body on an ultrasound image, as well as second input information for selecting one of a plurality of diagnostic parts (i.e., numerous applications) of the target object. The input information may further include third input information for selecting one of the measuring items from a measuring item candidate group. The measuring item and the measuring item candidate group are described below in detail. The user input unit **110** may include a control panel, a mouse, a trackball, a keyboard and the like.

[0016] The ultrasound system **100** may further include a storage unit **120**. The storage unit **120** may store a mapping table associating information ("measuring item information") on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications. In one embodiment, the measuring item information may include a plurality of measuring item groups

corresponding to the respective applications, a plurality of measuring items corresponding to the respective measuring item groups and measuring sample values corresponding to the respective measuring items, as shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Application	Measuring item information		
	Measuring item	Measuring item	Measuring
Obstetrics	Fetal biometry measurement	Gestational sac dimension	10
		Crown-rump length	15
		Biparietal diameter	11
	Fetal cranium measurement	...	...
		Outer ocular diameter	21
		Inter ocular diameter	16
		Nuchal translucency	19
Cardiac	Two-dimensional mode	...	...
		Aortal/left atrium	40
		Left ventricle mass	28
		Simpson	99
	Color Doppler mode	...	...
		Aortic valve regurgitation	39
		Mitral valve regurgitation	65
...	...	...	...
	...	...	...

[0017] Also, the measuring item information may further include contour samples corresponding to the respective measurement items. The contour sample may include a two-dimensional contour sample or a three-dimensional contour sample.

[0018] The storage unit 120 may also store information (e.g., age, birth date, sexuality, diagnostic day and time, diagnostic application, measuring value, etc.) on the target object.

[0019] The ultrasound system 100 may further include an ultrasound data acquisition unit 130. The ultrasound data acquisition unit 130 may be configured to transmit ultrasound signals into the living body and receive ultrasound signals (i.e., ultrasound echo signals) from the living body to thereby output ultrasound data.

[0020] FIG. 2 is a block diagram showing an illustrative embodiment of the ultrasound data acquisition unit 130. Referring to FIG. 2, the ultrasound data acquisition unit 130 may include an ultrasound probe 210, a transmit (Tx) signal generating section 220, a beam former 230 and an ultrasound data forming section 240.

[0021] The ultrasound probe 210 may include a plurality of elements (not shown) for reciprocally converting between ultrasound signals and electrical signals. The ultrasound probe 210 may be configured to transmit ultrasound signals to the living body. The ultrasound probe 210 may be further configured to receive ultrasound echo signals from the living body to thereby output electrical signals ("received signals"). The received signals may be analog signals. The ultrasound probe 210 may include a three-dimensional mechanical probe or a two-dimensional array probe. However, it should be noted herein that the ultrasound probe 210 may not be limited thereto.

[0022] The Tx signal generating section 220 may be configured to control the transmission of the ultrasound signals. The Tx signal generating section 220 may be further configured to generate electrical signals ("Tx signals") in consideration of the elements and focal points. Thus, the ultrasound probe 210 may convert the Tx signals provided from the Tx

signal generating section 220 into the ultrasound signals, transmit the ultrasound signals to the living body and receive the ultrasound signals from the living body to thereby output the received signals.

[0023] In one embodiment, the Tx signal generating section 220 may be configured to Tx signals for obtaining a plurality of frames F_i ($1 \leq i \leq N$) corresponding to a three-dimensional ultrasound image at every predetermined time, as shown in FIG. 3. The frame may include a brightness mode image. However, it should be noted herein that the frame may not be limited thereto.

[0024] FIG. 3 is a schematic diagram showing an example of acquiring ultrasound data corresponding to the plurality of frames F_i ($1 \leq i \leq N$). The plurality of frames F_i ($1 \leq i \leq N$) may represent sectional planes of the living body (not shown).

[0025] Referring back to FIG. 2, the beam former 230 may be configured to convert the received signals provided from the ultrasound probe 210 into digital signals. The beam former 230 may be further configured to apply delays to the digital signals in consideration of the elements and focal points to output digital receive-focused signals.

[0026] The ultrasound data forming section 240 may be configured to form ultrasound data corresponding to the frames F_i ($1 \leq i \leq N$) based on the digital receive-focused signals provided from the beam former 230. The ultrasound data forming section 240 may further perform various signal processing (e.g., gain adjustment) upon the digital receive-focused signals.

[0027] Referring back to FIG. 1, the ultrasound system 100 may also include a processing unit 140 in communication with the user input unit 110, the storage unit 120 and the ultrasound data acquisition unit 130. The processing unit 130 may include a central processing unit, a microprocessor or a graphic processing unit. However, it should be noted herein that the processing unit 130 may not be limited thereto.

[0028] FIG. 4 is a flow chart showing a process of providing a measuring item candidate group for measuring the size of a target object. The processing unit 140 may be configured to synthesize the ultrasound data corresponding to the plurality of frames F_i ($1 \leq i \leq N$) to form volume data VD as shown in FIG. 5, at step S402 in FIG. 4.

[0029] FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram showing an example of the volume data VD. The volume data VD may include a plurality of voxels (not shown) having brightness values. In FIG. 5, reference numerals 521, 522 and 523 represent an A plane, a B plane and a C plane, respectively. The A plane 521, B plane 522 and C plane 523 may be mutually orthogonal. Also, in FIG. 5, the axial direction may be a Tx direction of the ultrasound signals, the lateral direction may be a longitudinal direction of the elements, and the elevation direction may be a swing direction of the elements, i.e., a depth direction of the three-dimensional ultrasound image.

[0030] The processing unit 140 may be configured to form an ultrasound image based on the volume data VD, at step S404 in FIG. 4. In one embodiment, the ultrasound image may include the three-dimensional ultrasound image or the two-dimensional ultrasound image corresponding to each of the A plane 521 to the C plane 523. However, it should be noted herein that the ultrasound image may not be limited thereto. The ultrasound image may be displayed on a display unit 150. Thus, the user may set the caliper on the ultrasound image displayed on the display unit 150 by using the user input unit 110.

[0031] The processing unit 140 may be configured to set the caliper on the ultrasound image based on the input information (i.e., second input information) provided from the user input unit 110, at step S406 in FIG. 4.

[0032] The processing unit 140 may be configured to measure the size of the target object based on the caliper to form measurement information, at step S408 in FIG. 4. The measurement information may be stored in the storage unit 120.

[0033] The processing unit 140 may be configured to perform a contour detection upon the ultrasound image to detect a contour of the target object, at step S410 in FIG. 4. The contour may be detected by using a contour detecting mask such as a Sobel mask, Prewitt mask, Robert mask, Canny mask and the like. Also, the contour may be detected by using a structure tensor.

[0034] The processing unit 140 may be configured to retrieve the storage unit 120 to extract at least one measuring item corresponding to at least one of the input information (i.e., first input information), measurement information and contour, at step S412 in FIG. 4.

[0035] The processing unit 140 may be configured to arrange the extracted measuring item in an order of similarity with the input information, measurement information and contour to form a measuring item candidate group, at step S414 in FIG. 4. The measuring item candidate group may be displayed on the display unit 150. Thus, the user may select a measuring item from the measuring item candidate group displayed on the display unit 150 by using the user input unit 110.

[0036] The processing unit 140 may be configured to select a measuring item corresponding to the input information (i.e., third input information) to set the measuring item, at step S416 in FIG. 4. The selected measuring item may be stored in the storage unit 120.

[0037] Referring back to FIG. 1, the ultrasound system 100 may further include the display unit 150. The display unit 150 may display the ultrasound image formed by the processing unit 140. The display unit 150 may also display the measuring item candidate group.

[0038] In another embodiment, the present invention may provide a computer readable medium comprising computer executable instructions configured to perform the following acts: a) acquiring ultrasound data corresponding to a target object; b) forming an ultrasound image based on the ultrasound data; c) receiving user input information from a user; d) detecting a contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the input information; and e) extracting at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from a mapping table associating measuring item information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications. The computer readable medium may comprise a floppy disk, hard disk, memory, compact disk, digital video disk, etc.

[0039] Although embodiments have been described with reference to a number of illustrative embodiments thereof, it should be understood that numerous other modifications and embodiments can be devised by those skilled in the art that will fall within the spirit and scope of the principles of this disclosure. More particularly, numerous variations and modifications are possible in the component parts and/or arrangements of the subject combination arrangement within the scope of the disclosure, the drawings and the appended claims. In addition to variations and modifications in the

component parts and/or arrangements, alternative uses will also be apparent to those skilled in the art.

What is claimed is:

1. An ultrasound system, comprising:

a user input unit configured to receive user input information from a user;

a storage unit configured to store a mapping table associating measuring item information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications;

an ultrasound data acquisition unit configured to acquire ultrasound data corresponding to a target object; and

a processing unit in communication with the user input unit, the storage unit and the ultrasound acquisition unit, the processing unit being configured to form an ultrasound image based on ultrasound data and detect a contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the user input information, the processing unit being further configured to extract at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from the storage unit to form a measuring item candidate group.

2. The ultrasound system of claim 1, wherein the user input information includes:

first input information for setting a caliper for measuring the size of the target object on the ultrasound image; and
second input information for selecting one of the plurality of applications.

3. The ultrasound system of claim 2, wherein the measuring item information includes a plurality of measuring item groups, a plurality of measuring items corresponding to the respective measuring item groups, sample values corresponding to the respective measuring items, and contour samples corresponding to the respective measuring items.

4. The ultrasound system of claim 3, wherein the processing unit is configured to:

form volume data based on the ultrasound data;

form the ultrasound image based on the volume data;

set the caliper on the ultrasound image based on the first input information;

measure the size of the target object based on the caliper to thereby form measurement information;

perform a contour detection upon the ultrasound image to detect the contour of the target object;

retrieve the storage unit to extract at least one measuring item corresponding to at least one of the second input information, the measurement information and the contour; and

form the measuring item candidate group based on the extracted measuring item.

5. The ultrasound system of claim 4, wherein the processing unit is configured to arrange the extracted measuring item in an order of similarity with the second input information, the measurement information and the detected contour to form the measuring item candidate group.

6. The ultrasound system of claim 1, wherein the user input unit is further configured to receive third input information for selecting one of the measuring items from the measuring item candidate group.

7. The ultrasound system of claim 6, wherein the processing unit is further configured to select the measuring item corresponding to the third input information to set the measuring item.

8. A method of providing a measuring item candidate group, comprising:

- a) acquiring ultrasound data corresponding to a target object;
- b) forming an ultrasound image based on the ultrasound data;
- c) receiving user input information from a user;
- d) detecting a contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the input information; and
- e) extracting at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from a mapping table associating measuring item information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications, respectively.

9. The method of claim **8**, wherein the user input information includes:

first input information for setting a caliper for measuring the size of the target object on the ultrasound image; and second input information for selecting one of the plurality of applications.

10. The method of claim **9**, wherein the measuring item information includes a plurality of measuring item groups, a plurality of measuring items corresponding to the respective measuring item groups, sample values corresponding to the respective measuring items, and contour samples corresponding to the respective measuring items.

11. The method of claim **10**, wherein the step d) comprises: setting the caliper on the ultrasound image based on the first input information;

measuring the size of the target object based on the caliper to thereby form measurement information; and

performing a contour detection upon the ultrasound image to detect the contour of the target object;

12. The method of claim **11**, wherein the step e) comprises: retrieving the mapping table to extract at least one measuring item corresponding to at least one of the second input information, the measurement information and the contour; and arranging the extracted measuring item in order of similarity with the second input information, the measurement information and the detected contour to form the measuring item candidate group.

13. The method of claim **8**, further comprising:

- f) receiving third input information for selecting one of the measuring items from the measuring item candidate group; and
- g) selecting the measuring item corresponding to the third input information to set the measuring item.

14. A computer readable medium comprising computer executable instructions configured to perform following acts:

- a) acquiring ultrasound data corresponding to a target object;
- b) forming an ultrasound image based on the ultrasound data;
- c) receiving user input information from a user;
- d) detecting contour of the target object in the ultrasound image in response to the input information; and
- e) extracting at least one of measuring items corresponding to the user input information and the contour from a mapping table associating measuring item information on a plurality of measuring items with a plurality of applications, respectively.

* * * * *

专利名称(译)	提供用于测量超声系统中的目标对象的尺寸的测量项候选组		
公开(公告)号	US20120302885A1	公开(公告)日	2012-11-29
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[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	三星麦迪森株式会社		
申请(专利权)人(译)	三星MEDISON CO. , LTD.		
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摘要(译)

公开了用于提供弹性图像的实施例。在一个实施例中，作为非限制性示例，超声系统包括：用户输入单元，被配置为从用户接收用户输入信息；存储单元，被配置为存储将多个测量项目上的测量项目信息与多个应用相关联的映射表；超声数据获取单元，被配置为获取与目标对象相对应的超声数据；处理单元，被配置为基于超声数据形成超声图像并响应于用户输入信息检测超声图像中的目标对象的轮廓，处理单元还被配置为提取对应于的对象的至少一个测量项目。用户输入信息和来自存储单元的轮廓以形成测量项候选组。

