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PARK et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2013/0324849 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Dec. 5, 2013**(54) **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR
DISPLAYING ULTRASONIC IMAGE AND
INFORMATION RELATED TO THE
ULTRASONIC IMAGE**(52) **U.S. CL.**
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USPC **600/440**(71) Applicant: **SAMSUNG MEDISON CO., LTD.**,
Gangwon-do (KR)(57) **ABSTRACT**(72) Inventors: **Sung-wook PARK**, Gangwon-do (KR);
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Bong-heon LEE, Gangwon-do (KR)(21) Appl. No.: **13/907,400**(22) Filed: **May 31, 2013**(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

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An apparatus for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the image includes a storage unit which stores a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object and a plurality of pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the plurality of cross-section images, an image acquisition unit which acquires an ultrasonic image of the target object, a selection unit which selects at least one of the plurality of cross-section images based on a similarity between the ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images, an extraction unit which extracts image-related information associated with the selected cross-section image from the storage unit, and a display unit which displays the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image.

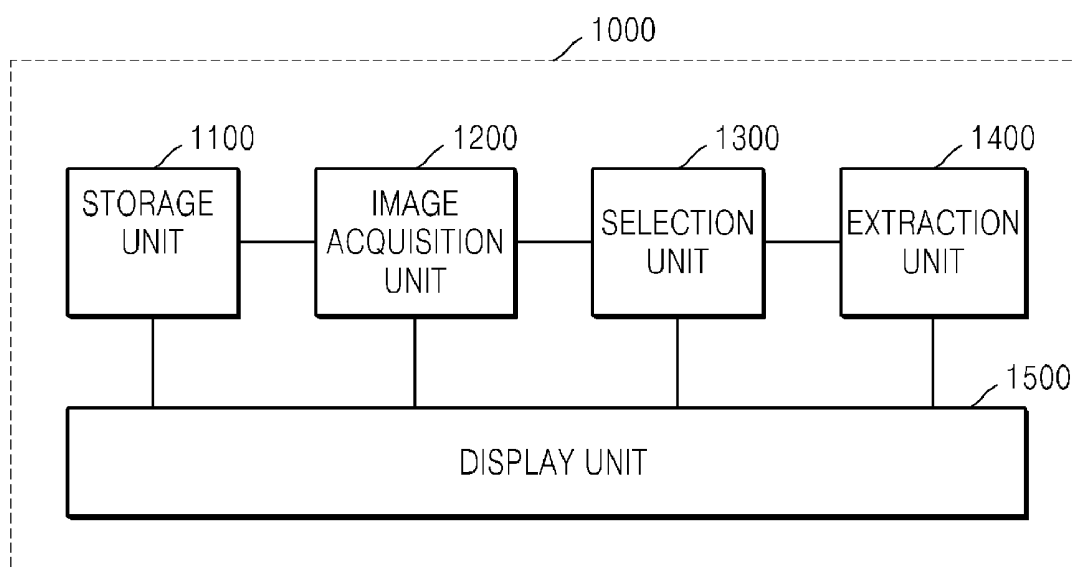


FIG. 1

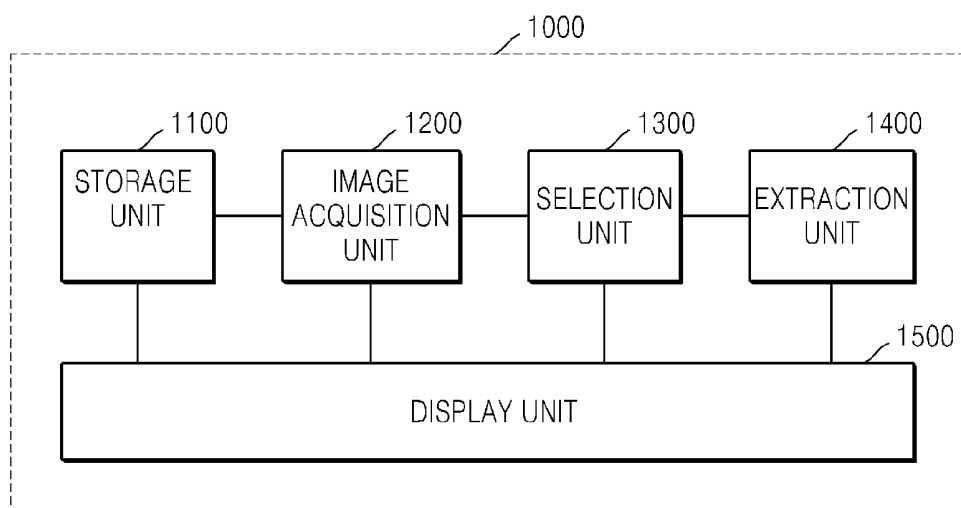


FIG. 2A

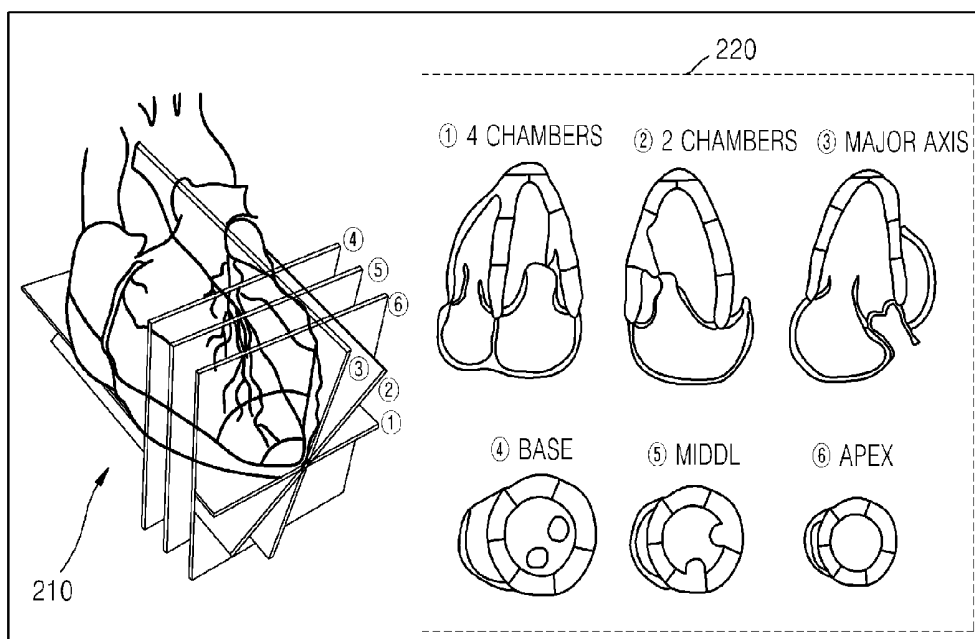


FIG. 2B

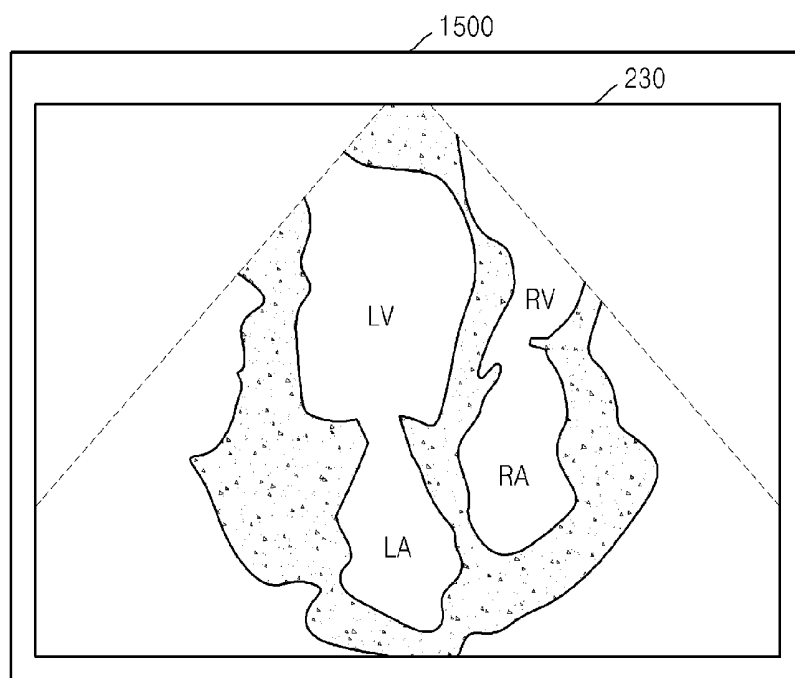


FIG. 3

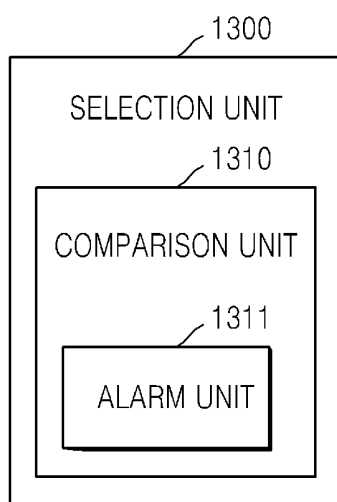


FIG. 4

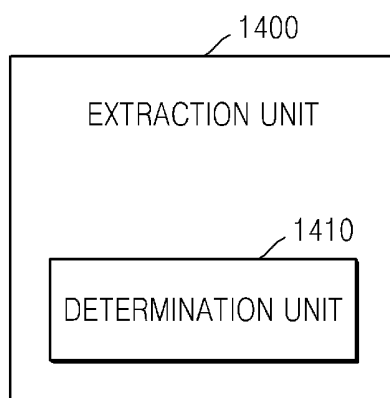


FIG. 5

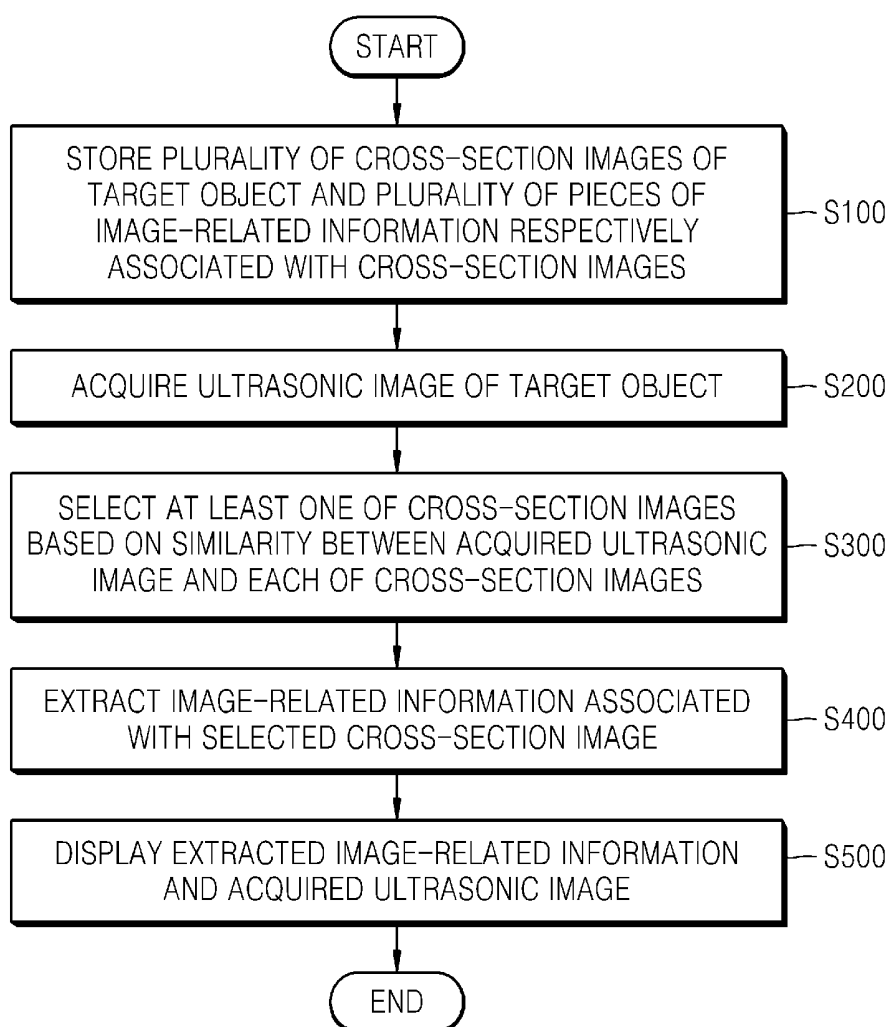


FIG. 6

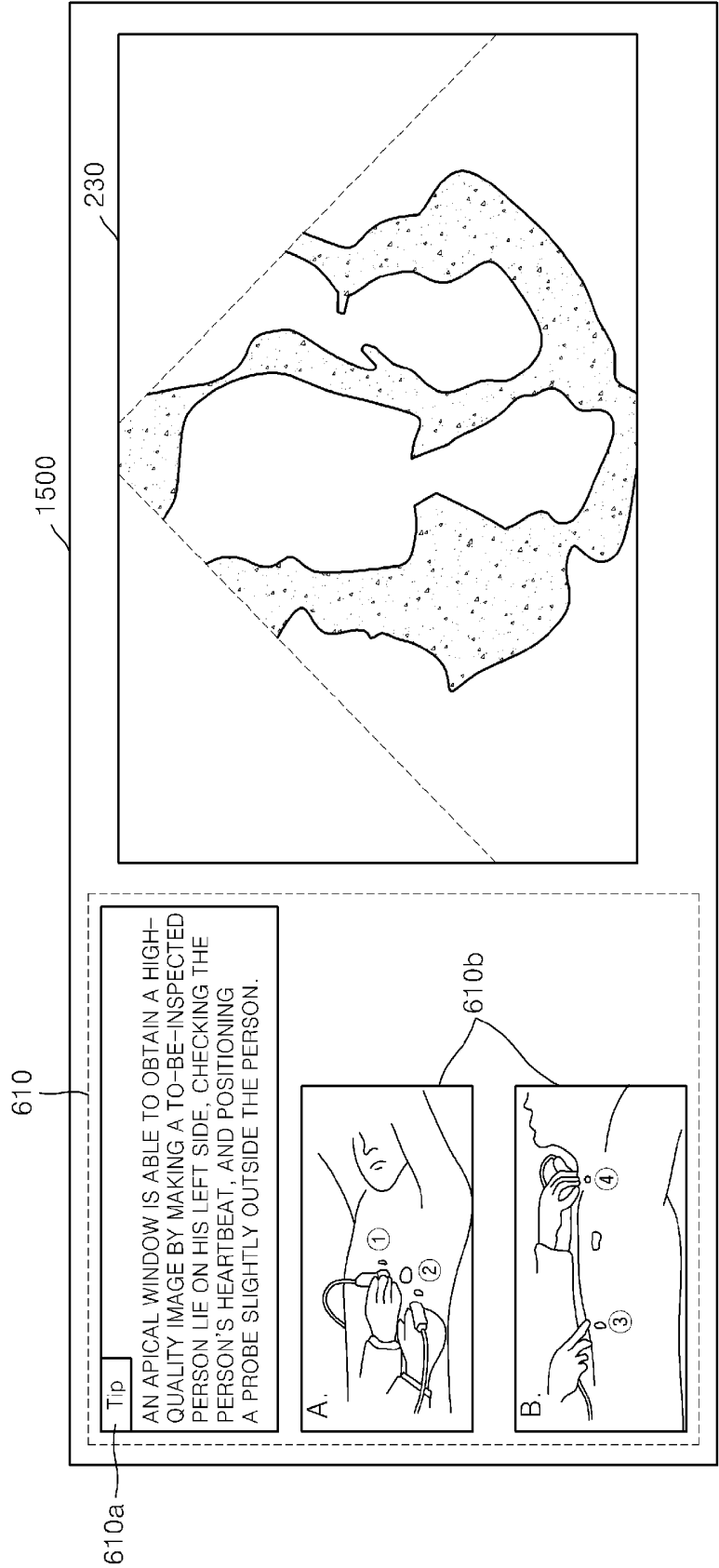


FIG. 7

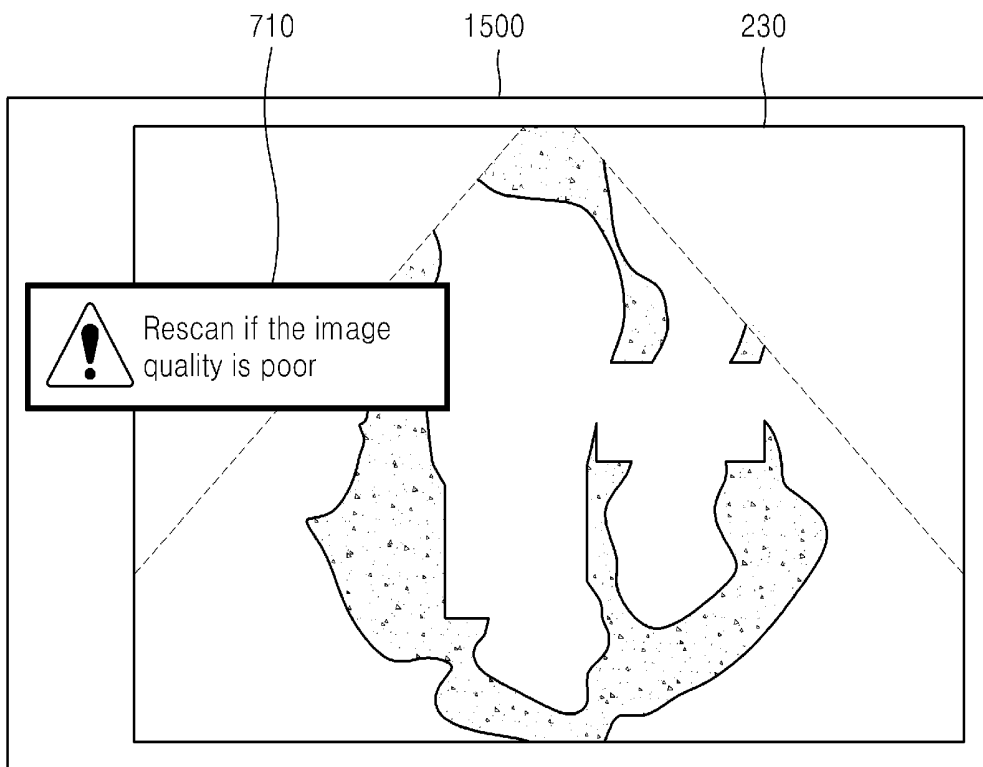


FIG. 8A

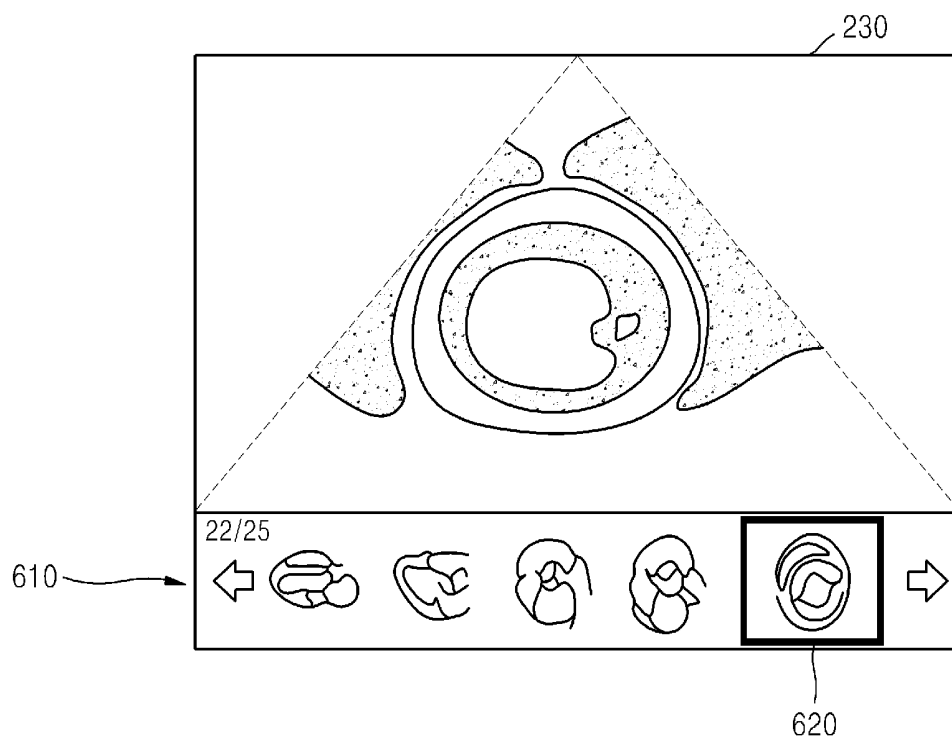


FIG. 8B

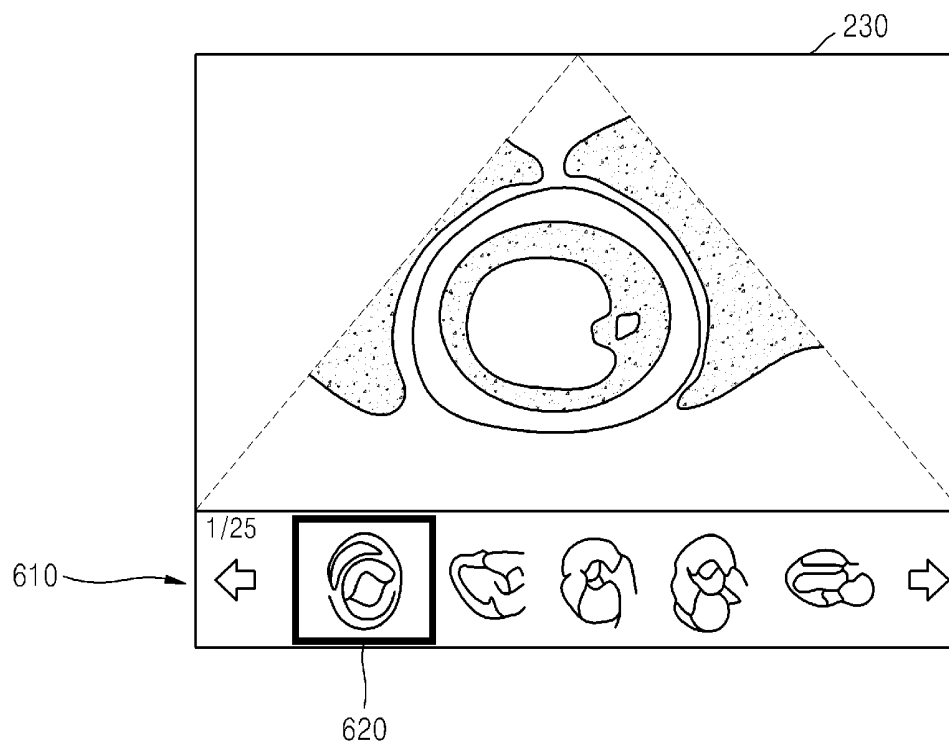


FIG. 9A

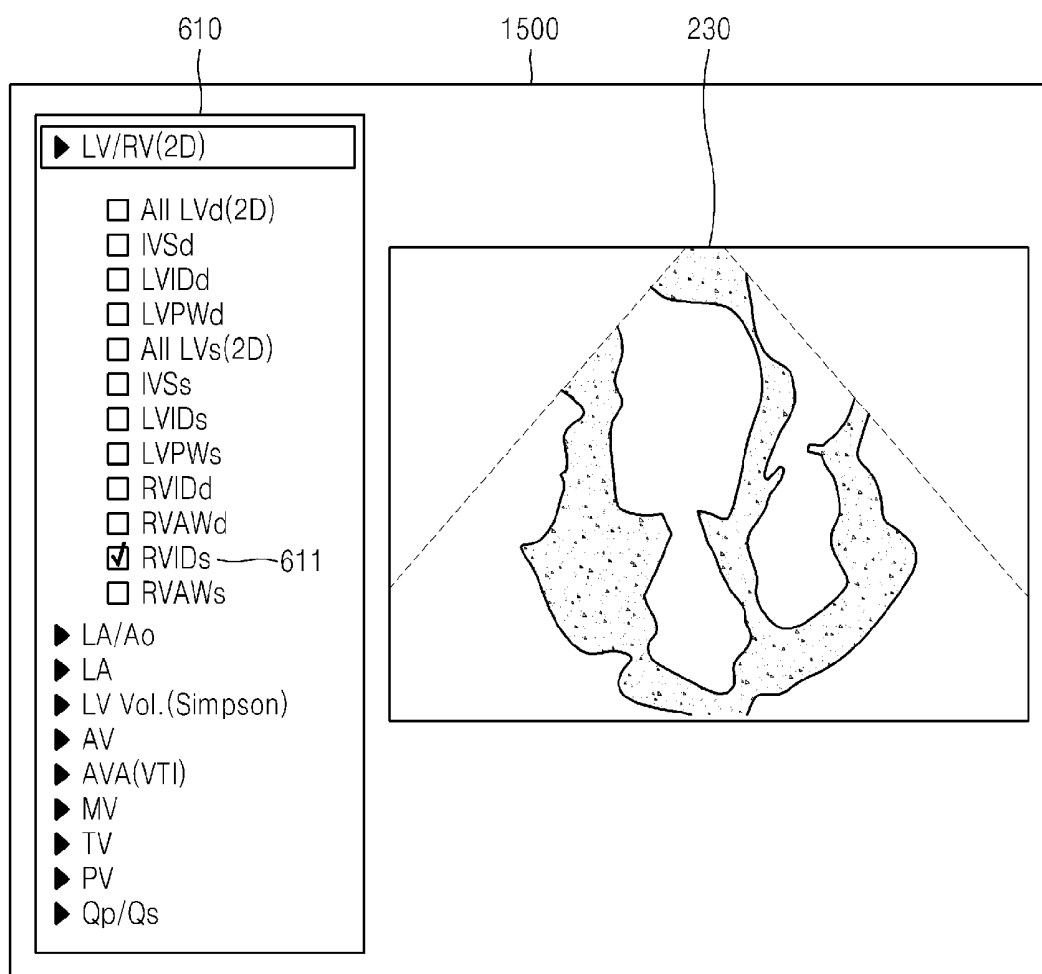
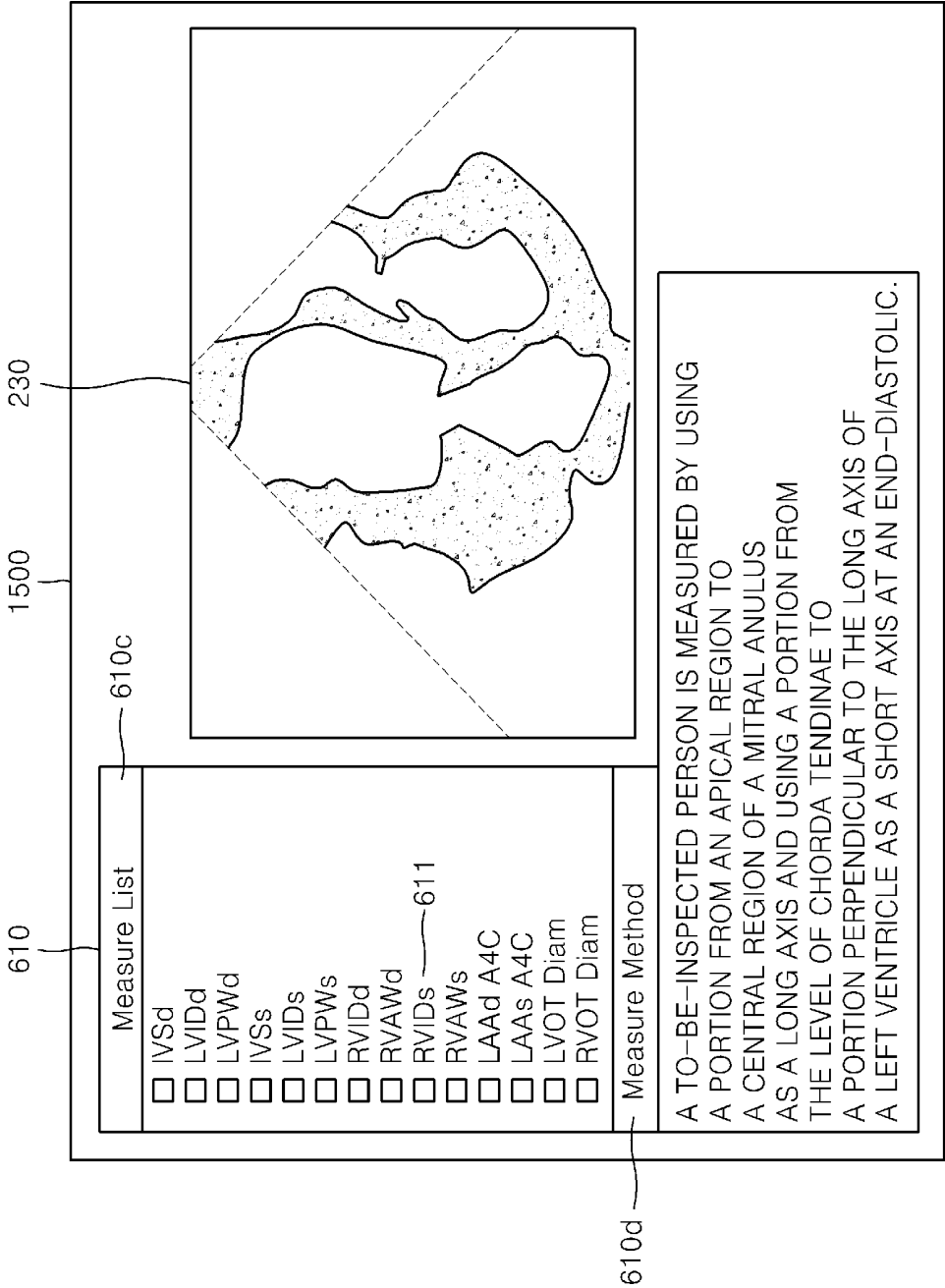


FIG. 9B



METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DISPLAYING ULTRASONIC IMAGE AND INFORMATION RELATED TO THE ULTRASONIC IMAGE

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED PATENT APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims the benefit of Korean Patent Application No. 10-2012-0059430, filed on Jun. 1, 2012, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein in its entirety by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] 1. Field of the Invention

[0003] The present invention relates to a method and apparatus for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the ultrasonic image, and more particularly, to a method and apparatus for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the ultrasonic image together based on cross-section information of the ultrasonic image.

[0004] 2. Description of the Related Art

[0005] Ultrasonic diagnosis apparatuses transmit an ultrasonic signal to a predetermined part of the inside of a target object via the body surface of the target object and obtain an image associated with the fault or blood flow of soft tissue of the target object by using information of an ultrasonic signal reflected by tissue of the inside of the target object.

[0006] Such ultrasonic diagnosis apparatuses are capable of displaying an image of a target object in real time. In addition, such ultrasonic diagnosis apparatuses are very safe because there is no radiation exposure by X rays or the like, and thus are widely used together with other image diagnosis apparatuses, such as an X-ray diagnosis apparatus, a computed tomography (CT) scanner, a magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) apparatus, and a nuclear medicine diagnosis apparatus.

[0007] The shape or the like of the internal tissue or the like of a target object may very slightly vary depending on the person, but the locations or internal structures of the internal tissues of people are mostly similar to one another. Accordingly, a standard cross-section image may be acquired from similar scanned cross-sections of a target object.

[0008] When ultrasonic diagnosis apparatuses use information about such a standard cross-section image, a user may be easily aware of what part of a target object has been scanned. Moreover, a current state or the like of a scanned tissue may also be clearly understood via comparison with information about the standard cross-section image.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0009] The present invention provides a method and apparatus for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the ultrasonic image.

[0010] According to an aspect of the present invention, there is provided an apparatus for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the image, the apparatus including a storage unit which stores a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object and a plurality of pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the plurality of cross-section images, an image acquisition unit which acquires an ultrasonic image of the target object, a selection unit which selects at least one of the plurality of cross-section

images based on a similarity between the ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images, an extraction unit which extracts image-related information associated with the selected cross-section image from the storage unit, and a display unit which displays the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image.

[0011] The plurality of cross-section images may include respective standard cross-section images for a plurality of standard cross-sections.

[0012] The image-related information pieces may include at least one of information about a scan method of the target object, information about a biopsy of the target object, information about a measurement of the target object, and information about display of the target object.

[0013] The selection unit may include a comparison unit which determines a similarity between the acquired ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images by comparing the acquired ultrasonic image with each of the plurality of cross-section images.

[0014] The selected cross-section image may be a cross-section image having a highest similarity to the acquired ultrasonic image from among the plurality of cross-section images.

[0015] The comparison unit may include an alarm unit which produces an alarm message when the determined similarity is less than or equal to a predetermined standard level.

[0016] The alarm message may be a message that advises the apparatus to re-acquire the ultrasonic image of the target object, or a message that advises the apparatus to adjust the resolution of the ultrasonic image.

[0017] The extraction unit may include a determination unit which determines the priorities of the image-related information pieces based on relations of the image-related information pieces with the selected cross-section image.

[0018] The extraction unit may extract the image-related information pieces according to the determined priorities.

[0019] The display unit may display the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image together.

[0020] According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the image, the method comprising storing a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object and a plurality of pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the plurality of cross-section images, acquiring an ultrasonic image of the target object, selecting at least one of the plurality of cross-section images based on a similarity between the ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images, extracting image-related information associated with the selected cross-section image, and displaying the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image together.

[0021] The plurality of cross-section images may include respective standard cross-section images for a plurality of standard cross-sections.

[0022] The image-related information pieces may include at least one of information about a scan method of the target object, information about a biopsy of the target object, information about a measurement of the target object, and information about display of the target object.

[0023] The selecting may include determining a similarity between the acquired ultrasonic image and each of the plu-

rality of cross-section images by comparing the acquired ultrasonic image with each of the plurality of cross-section images.

[0024] The selected cross-section image may be a cross-section image having a highest similarity to the acquired ultrasonic image from among the plurality of cross-section images.

[0025] The determining may include producing an alarm message when the determined similarity is less than or equal to a predetermined standard level.

[0026] The alarm message may be a message that advises the ultrasonic image of the target object to be re-acquired, or a message that advises the resolution of the ultrasonic image to be adjusted.

[0027] The extracting may include determining the priorities of the image-related information pieces based on relations of the image-related information pieces with the selected cross-section image.

[0028] The image-related information pieces may be extracted according to the determined priorities.

[0029] The displaying may include displaying the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image together.

[0030] According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a computer-readable recording medium having recorded thereon a program for executing the method.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0031] The above and other features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent by describing in detail exemplary embodiments thereof with reference to the attached drawings in which:

[0032] FIG. 1 is a block diagram of an apparatus for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the ultrasonic image, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0033] FIG. 2A illustrates a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0034] FIG. 2B illustrates an ultrasonic image that is acquired with respect to a target object, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0035] FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a selection unit included in the apparatus illustrated in FIG. 1, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0036] FIG. 4 is a block diagram of an extraction unit included in the apparatus illustrated in FIG. 1, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0037] FIG. 5 is a flowchart of a method of displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the ultrasonic image, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0038] FIG. 6 illustrates a display of an ultrasonic image and information associated with the ultrasonic image, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0039] FIG. 7 illustrates a display of an alarm message, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0040] FIG. 8A illustrates an example of selection of information associated with an ultrasonic image;

[0041] FIG. 8B illustrates a display of image-related information according to the priority of image-related information, according to an embodiment of the present invention;

[0042] FIG. 9A illustrates another example of selection of information associated with an ultrasonic image; and

[0043] FIG. 9B illustrates selection and display of information associated with an ultrasonic image, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0044] Expressions such as “at least one of” when preceding a list of elements, modify the entire list of elements and do not modify the individual elements of the list.

[0045] Terminology used herein will now be briefly described, and the present invention will be described in detail.

[0046] Although general terms being widely used at present were selected as terminology used in the present invention while considering the functions of the present invention, they may vary according to intentions of one of ordinary skill in the art, judicial precedents, the advent of new technologies, and the like. Terms arbitrarily selected by the applicant of the present invention may also be used in a specific case. In this case, their meanings need to be given in the detailed description of the present invention. Hence, the terms must be defined based on the meanings of the terms and the contents of the entire specification, not by simply stating the terms themselves.

[0047] It will be understood that the terms “comprises” and/or “comprising” or “includes” and/or “including” when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated elements, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other elements. Terms such as “. . . unit” and “module” stated in the specification denote units that process at least one function or operation, and they may be implemented by using hardware, software, or a combination of hardware and software.

[0048] In the entire specification, an “ultrasonic image” denotes an image of a target object that is acquired using ultrasounds. The target object may denote a part of a human body. For example, the target object may be an organ, such as a liver, a heart, a womb, a brain, a breast, or an abdomen, or a fetus.

[0049] In the entire specification, a “user” may be a medical expert, such as a doctor, a nurse, a medical technologist, or a medical image expert, but the present invention is not limited thereto.

[0050] The present invention will now be described more fully with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which exemplary embodiments of the invention are shown. The invention may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as being limited to the embodiments set forth herein. In the drawings, parts irrelevant to the description are omitted for simplicity of explanation, and like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

[0051] FIG. 1 is a block diagram of an apparatus 1000 for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the ultrasonic image, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0052] Referring to FIG. 1, the apparatus 1000 may include a storage unit 1100, in which a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object and pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the cross-section images are stored, an image acquisition unit 1200, which acquires an ultrasonic image of the target object, and a selection unit 1300, which selects at

least one of the cross-section images based on a similarity between the acquired ultrasonic image and each of the cross-section images.

[0053] The apparatus 1000 may further include an extraction unit 1400, which extracts image-related information associated with the selected cross-section image from the storage unit 1100, and a display unit 1500, which displays the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image.

[0054] FIG. 2A illustrates a plurality of cross-section images 220 of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object 210, according to an embodiment of the present invention. FIG. 2B illustrates an ultrasonic image 230 that is acquired with respect to the target object 210, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0055] The cross-section images 220 may include standard cross-section images for a plurality of standard cross-sections. The standard cross-sections may include cross-sections that include identifiable characteristics for different types and different parts of the target object 210. The identifiable characteristics may include feature vectors or the like of the standard cross-sections.

[0056] For example, when the target object 210 is a heart as illustrated in FIG. 2A, the standard cross-sections may include a parasternal section, an apical section, a subcostal section, a suprasternal section, and the like.

[0057] In other words, when the target object 210 is a heart of a human being, the shapes or the like of hearts may be partly different depending on the person, but the overall structures and shapes of the hearts of people may be similar to each other.

[0058] For example, the heart of a person generally includes two atria and two ventricles, and a standard cross-section image ① including such two atria and two ventricles, namely, four chambers, may be acquired as illustrated in FIG. 2A. A plurality of pixel values included in the standard cross-section image may be expressed as an N×M matrix, and this matrix may be indicated as a feature vector of the standard cross-section image. N and M may be equal to each other or different from each other.

[0059] Image-related information according to an embodiment of the present invention may include at least one of information about a scan method of a target object, information about a biopsy of the target object, information about a measurement of the target object, and target object display information.

[0060] The scan method, the biopsy, and the measuring method of the target object may vary depending on what the target object 210 is. For example, a scan method used when the target object 210 is a fast-moving target object such as a heart may be different from that used when the target object 210 is a relatively static target object such as a liver.

[0061] Accordingly, provision of a scan method or the like suitable for a cross-section image of a scanned target object may enable efficient scanning, an efficient biopsy, or the like to be performed consistently regardless of how much a user is skilled at performing a scanning technique.

[0062] For example, the scan method information may include information about the order of scanning a target object, information about the angle at which the target object is scanned, and the like.

[0063] For example, the biopsy information may include information about the order in which a target object is inspected by using a biopsy needle or the like, information

about attention points during the inspection, information about a method for the inspection, and the like.

[0064] The measurement according to an embodiment of the present invention may include measurement of the length, size, and area of a target object, measurement of the movement period of time of the target object, measurement of the inclination of the target object, and the like. The measurement may also include measurement of the speed at which the target object moves in a color mode of a scanner (not shown) that uses ultrasound. Accordingly, the measurement information may include information about measurement items for the above-described measurements and information about measuring standard scales for the above-described measurements.

[0065] The target object display information may include, for example, a text that may be input to an image obtained by scanning a target object, and a body marker that marks the image obtained by scanning a target object.

[0066] At least one of a plurality of cross-section images and a plurality of pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the cross-section images according to an embodiment of the present invention may be previously stored in the apparatus 1000.

[0067] Alternatively, at least one of the cross-section images and the image-related information pieces may be stored in real time in the apparatus 1000. For example, at least one of the cross-section images and the image-related information pieces may be edited, for example, added or changed, according to a user input.

[0068] For example, new information may be added to pre-stored image-related information according to an external user input to the apparatus 100, or new image-related information may be stored in the storage unit 1100 of the apparatus 1000. Since this function for editing the image-related information may facilitate renewal or the like of the image-related information, operational convenience of a user who uses an ultrasonic apparatus may increase.

[0069] As illustrated in FIG. 2B, the ultrasonic image 230, which is obtained by scanning the target object 210, may be displayed on the display unit 1500.

[0070] FIG. 3 is a block diagram of the selection unit 1300 according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0071] The selection unit 1300 may include a comparison unit 1310, which compares the acquired ultrasonic image 230 with each of the cross-section images 220 to determine a similarity therebetween.

[0072] The cross-section image selected by the selection unit 1300 may be a cross-section image having a highest similarity from among the cross-section images 220.

[0073] For example, the ultrasonic image 230 including all of the four chambers as illustrated in FIG. 2B may be acquired by the image acquisition unit 1200.

[0074] Accordingly, when the pixel values of a plurality of pixels included in the ultrasonic image 230 are compared with those of a plurality of pixels included in each of the cross-section images 220, the standard cross-section image ① including four chambers may have the greatest similarity to the ultrasonic image 230. In other words, the selection unit 1300 may select the standard cross-section image ①, which is determined to have a highest similarity to the ultrasonic image 230 from among the cross-section images 220 based on a result of the comparison by the comparison unit 1310.

[0075] Referring back to FIG. 3, the comparison unit 1310 may include an alarm unit 1311, which produces an alarm

message when the determined similarity is less than or equal to a predetermined standard level. The alarm message may be a message that advises the apparatus **1000** to re-acquire the ultrasonic image **230** of the target object.

[0076] For example, the predetermined standard level may include 50%. When a standard cross-section image corresponding to the acquired ultrasonic image **230** cannot be determined because the similarities between the acquired ultrasonic image **230** and each of the cross-section images **220** are all low according to a result of the comparison by the comparison unit **1310**, the apparatus **1000** may produce the alarm message and display the alarm message on the display unit **1500**.

[0077] For example, the alarm message may include a message that advises the apparatus **1000** to re-acquire the ultrasonic image **230**, and a message that advises the apparatus **1000** to adjust the resolution of the ultrasonic image **230**.

[0078] FIG. 4 is a block diagram of the extraction unit **1400** according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0079] Referring to FIG. 4, the extraction unit **1400** may include a determination unit **1410**, which determines the priorities of the image-related information pieces based on relations of the image-related information pieces with the selected cross-section image. The extraction unit **1400** may extract image-related information from the storage unit **1100** according to the determined priorities.

[0080] As exemplified above, when the standard cross-section image **①** determined to have a highest similarity to the acquired ultrasonic image **230** is selected from the cross-section images **220**, the priorities of the image-related information pieces may be determined according to relations with the standard cross-section image **①**. In other words, image-related information having a high relation with a standard cross-section image may be determined to have a higher priority than the other image-related information pieces.

[0081] According to an embodiment, these relations may be preset and pre-stored in the storage unit **1100**. For example, standard cross-section images and image-related information may be previously matched with each other by using an identifier that represents the degree of relation. This identifier may include an index, a tag, and the like that use numbers, characters, and the like.

[0082] For example, this relation may be stored in the form of a list or the like in which standard cross-section images are mapped with image-related information, in the storage unit **1100**. For example, image-related information having a highest relation with the standard cross-section image **①** from among the cross-section images **220** may represent its relation by using an identifier such as a numeral **1** or an alphabet letter **A**.

[0083] Such standard cross-section images and such image-related information may be mapped in a one-to-one correspondence, in a one-to-many correspondence, or in a many-to-many correspondence.

[0084] For example, if the number of image-related information pieces associated with a standard cross-section image is only one, the standard cross-section image may be mapped with the image-related information in a one-to-one correspondence. A plurality of image-related information pieces may be mapped with one standard cross-section image in a one-to-many correspondence while having the same relation with the standard cross-section image. A plurality of image-related information pieces may be mapped with one standard

cross-section image in a one-to-many correspondence while having different relations with the standard cross-section image.

[0085] This will be described in detail later with reference to FIGS. 8A-9B.

[0086] FIG. 5 is a flowchart of a method of displaying the ultrasonic image **230** and information associated with the ultrasonic image **230**, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0087] Referring to FIG. 5, the method may include operation **S100** of storing a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object and a plurality of pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the cross-section images, operation **S200** of acquiring the ultrasonic image **230** of the target object, and operation **S300** of selecting at least one of the cross-section images based on a similarity between the acquired ultrasonic image **230** and each of the cross-section images.

[0088] The method may further include operation **S400** of extracting image-related information associated with the selected cross-section image from the storage unit **1100**, and operation **S500** of displaying the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image **230**.

[0089] The cross-section images **220** may include respective standard cross-section images for a plurality of standard cross-sections.

[0090] The image-related information may include at least one of information about a scan method of a target object, information about a biopsy of the target object, information about a measurement of the target object, and target object display information.

[0091] At least one of the cross-section images **220** and the image-related information pieces respectively associated with the cross-section images **220** may be previously stored in the storage unit **1100**. Alternatively, at least one of the cross-section images and the image-related information pieces may be stored in real time in the storage unit **1100**.

[0092] Operation **S300** may include determining a similarity between the acquired ultrasonic image **230** and each of the cross-section images **220** by comparing the acquired ultrasonic image **230** with each of the cross-section images **220**. The cross-section image selected in operation **S300** may be a cross-section image having a highest similarity to the acquired ultrasonic image **230** from among the cross-section images **220**.

[0093] FIG. 6 illustrates a display of the ultrasonic image **230** and information associated with the ultrasonic image **230**, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0094] Referring to FIGS. 2A and 6, the cross-section images **220** of the target object **210** and image-related information **610** associated with each of the cross-section images **220** may be stored. The ultrasonic image **230** may be acquired. A cross-section image having a highest similarity to the ultrasonic image **230** may be selected from the cross-section images **220**. For example, when the ultrasonic image **230** is an image including 4 chambers as exemplified above, the standard cross-section image **①** including 4 chambers may be selected from the cross-section images **220**.

[0095] Image-related information **610** associated with the selected standard cross-section image **①** may be extracted from the storage unit **1100** and may be displayed.

[0096] As described above, the extracted image-related information **610** may include information about a scan method of a target object, information about a biopsy

sequence and a biopsy method for a biopsy of the target object, and so on, in order to obtain a high-quality image. The extracted image-related information 610 may further include information about a measurement of the target object and target object display information.

[0097] Referring to FIG. 6, the extracted image-related information 610 may be displayed using a text or the like as indicated by reference numeral 610a or may be displayed using a picture or a moving picture as indicated by reference numeral 610b. Alternatively, the extracted image-related information 610 may be displayed using at least one of a text and a moving picture.

[0098] FIG. 7 illustrates a display of an alarm message 710, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0099] The aforementioned determining of the similarity may include producing the alarm message 710 when the determined similarity is less than or equal to a predetermined standard level. For example, the alarm message 710 may include a message that advises the apparatus 1000 to re-acquire the ultrasonic image 230, and a message that advises the apparatus 1000 to adjust the resolution of the ultrasonic image 230.

[0100] For example, the predetermined standard level may include about 50%. In other words, when a similarity between the standard cross-section image 220 and the ultrasonic image 230 is less than or equal to 50%, the alarm message 710 may be produced and displayed on the display unit 1500.

[0101] For example, when the acquired ultrasonic image 230 is compared with each of the cross-section images 220 and accordingly, it is difficult to interpret the acquired ultrasonic image 230, namely, when a standard cross-section image corresponding to the acquired ultrasonic image 230 cannot be determined, the alarm message 710 may be produced and displayed on the display unit 1500 of the apparatus 1000.

[0102] FIG. 8A illustrates an example of selection of information associated with an acquired ultrasonic image 230.

[0103] FIG. 8B illustrates a display of pieces of image-related information 610 according to the priorities of the image-related information pieces 610, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0104] Referring to FIG. 8A, the acquired ultrasonic image 230 and the image-related information pieces 610 are displayed. For example, a body marker included in target object display information may be displayed as each of the image-related information pieces 610.

[0105] Since the ultrasonic image 230 and the image-related information pieces 610 are displayed together, a user may easily select image-related information, for example, a body marker, suitable for the ultrasonic image 230.

[0106] Operation S400 of FIG. 5 may include determining the priorities of image-related information pieces based on the relations of the image-related information pieces with the selected cross-section image. The image-related information pieces may be extracted according to the determined priorities. For example, the priorities of image-related information pieces suitable for the ultrasonic image 230 may be determined based on relations with the ultrasonic image 230. An image-related information piece 610 having the highest relation with the ultrasonic image 230 may be extracted from the storage unit 1100 so as to be displayed at the head of an array of the image-related information pieces 610.

[0107] Operation S500 may include displaying extracted image-related information and an acquired ultrasonic image together.

[0108] For example, as illustrated in FIG. 8B, image-related information suitable for the ultrasonic image 230, for example, a body marker 620, may be displayed at the head of an array of body markers.

[0109] In other words, a body marker 620 located at a twenty second place from among a total of 25 body markers as illustrated in FIG. 8A may be a body marker that is the most suitable for the ultrasonic image 230, and the body marker 620 may be displayed at the head of an array of body markers as illustrated in FIG. 8B. For example, the body marker 620 may be displayed at the first place among a total of 25 body markers.

[0110] As illustrated in FIGS. 8A and 8B, since the body marker 620 is the most consistent with the ultrasonic image 230, a relation between the body marker 620 and the ultrasonic image 230 may be the highest.

[0111] According to an embodiment of the present invention, an image-related information piece having a highest relation with the ultrasonic image 230 may be displayed in preference to the other image-related information pieces.

[0112] FIG. 9A illustrates another example of selection of information associated with an ultrasonic image 230.

[0113] FIG. 9B illustrates a selective display of the information associated with the ultrasonic image 230, according to an embodiment of the present invention.

[0114] Similar to FIGS. 8A and 8B, in FIGS. 9A and 9B, the ultrasonic image 230 and the image-related information pieces 610 may be displayed. For example, the image-related information pieces 610 may be displayed together with the ultrasonic image 230 on the display unit 1500.

[0115] According to an embodiment of the present invention, as illustrated in FIG. 9B, the image-related information pieces 610 may be extracted starting from an image-related information piece having a highest relation with the ultrasonic image 230, and may be displayed in the order of the extraction.

[0116] The image-related information pieces 610 may include information about measuring items, standard measuring methods, and specific measuring methods. For example, the standard measuring methods may include a measuring method prescribed in a society such as the American Society of Echocardiography (ASE). The specific measuring methods may include a measuring method that is input to the apparatus 1000 according to an input signal of a user such as an organization or an individual person.

[0117] For example, if a target object is desired to be measured from the ultrasonic image 230, for example, if the length, the size, or the like of the target object is desired to be measured, information 610c and information 610d that are associated with the measurement of the target object may be extracted from the storage unit 1100 and displayed, according to the order of priority based on relations of the information 610c and the information 610d with the ultrasonic image 230.

[0118] For example, as illustrated in FIG. 9A, the apparatus 1000 may display basically-provided measurement items classified by category. Alternatively, as illustrated in FIG. 9B, measurement items 611 directly applicable to the ultrasonic image 230 may be extracted and displayed in the form of a list. The directly applicable measurement items 611 may be extracted based on the order of priority determined according

to the relations of the directly applicable measurement items **611** with the ultrasonic image **230**.

[0119] As illustrated in FIG. 9B, the image-related information pieces **610** may include the information **610d**, which is associated with a measuring method.

[0120] The image-related information pieces **610** may be displayed using a text or using a picture or a moving picture. Alternatively, the image-related information pieces **610** may be displayed using at least one of a text and a moving picture.

[0121] The contents of the above-described apparatus **1000** may be equally applied to a method according to an embodiment of the present invention. Accordingly, descriptions of the above-described apparatus **1000** that are related to the method will not be repeated here.

[0122] The above-described embodiments of the present invention may be written as computer programs and may be implemented in general-use digital computers that execute the programs using a computer-readable recording medium.

[0123] Examples of the computer-readable recording medium include magnetic storage media (e.g., ROM, floppy disks, hard disks, etc.), optical recording media (e.g., CD-ROMs or DVDs), etc.

[0124] Up to now, the present invention has been described by referring to exemplary embodiments. While the exemplary embodiments have been particularly shown and described, it will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims. Therefore, the exemplary embodiments should be considered in descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation. Therefore, the scope of the present invention is defined not by the detailed description of exemplary embodiments, but by the appended claims, and all differences within the scope will be construed as being included in the present invention.

1. An apparatus for displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the image, the apparatus comprising:

- a storage unit which stores a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object and a plurality of pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the plurality of cross-section images;
- an image acquisition unit which acquires an ultrasonic image of the target object;
- a selection unit which selects at least one of the plurality of cross-section images based on a similarity between the ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images;
- an extraction unit which extracts image-related information associated with the selected cross-section image from the storage unit; and
- a display unit which displays the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image.

2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the plurality of cross-section images comprise respective standard cross-section images of a plurality of standard cross-sections.

3. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the image-related information pieces comprise at least one of information about a scan method of the target object, information about a biopsy of the target object, information about a measurement of the target object, and information about a display of the target object.

4. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein

the selection unit comprises a comparison unit which determines a similarity between the acquired ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images by comparing the acquired ultrasonic image with each of the plurality of cross-section images, and

the selected cross-section image is a cross-section image having a highest similarity to the acquired ultrasonic image from among the plurality of cross-section images.

5. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein

the comparison unit comprises an alarm unit which produces an alarm message when the determined similarity is less than or equal to a predetermined standard level, and

the alarm message is a message that advises the apparatus to re-acquire the ultrasonic image of the target object, or a message that advises the apparatus to adjust the resolution of the ultrasonic image.

6. The apparatus of claim 4, wherein

the extraction unit comprises a determination unit which determines the priorities of the image-related information pieces based on relations of the image-related information pieces with the selected cross-section image, and the extraction unit extracts the image-related information pieces according to the determined priorities.

7. The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the display unit displays the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image together.

8. A method of displaying an ultrasonic image and information associated with the image, the method comprising:

- storing a plurality of cross-section images of a plurality of scanned cross-sections of a target object and a plurality of pieces of image-related information respectively associated with the plurality of cross-section images;
- acquiring an ultrasonic image of the target object;
- selecting at least one of the plurality of cross-section images based on a similarity between the ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images;
- extracting image-related information associated with the selected cross-section image; and
- displaying the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image together.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the plurality of cross-section images comprise respective standard cross-section images of a plurality of standard cross-sections.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein the image-related information pieces comprise at least one of information about a scan method of the target object, information about a biopsy of the target object, information about a measurement of the target object, and information about a display of the target object.

11. The method of claim 8, wherein

the selecting comprises determining a similarity between the acquired ultrasonic image and each of the plurality of cross-section images by comparing the acquired ultrasonic image with each of the plurality of cross-section images, and

the selected cross-section image is a cross-section image having a highest similarity to the acquired ultrasonic image from among the plurality of cross-section images.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein

the determining comprises producing an alarm message when the determined similarity is less than or equal to a predetermined standard level, and

the alarm message is a message that advises the ultrasonic image of the target object to be re-acquired, or a message that advises the resolution of the ultrasonic image to be adjusted.

13. The method of claim **11**, wherein

the extracting comprises determining the priorities of the image-related information pieces based on relations of the image-related information pieces with the selected cross-section image, and

the image-related information pieces are extracted according to the determined priorities.

14. The method of claim **13**, wherein the displaying comprises displaying the extracted image-related information and the acquired ultrasonic image together.

15. A non-transitory computer-readable recording medium having recorded thereon a program for executing the method of claim **8**.

* * * * *

专利名称(译)	用于显示超声图像的方法和设备以及与超声图像有关的信息		
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摘要(译)

用于显示超声图像和与图像相关联的信息的设备包括存储单元，其存储目标对象的多个扫描截面的多个截面图像和分别关联的多个图像相关信息。具有多个横截面图像的图像获取单元，其获取目标对象的超声图像，选择单元基于超声图像与每个的超声图像之间的相似性来选择多个横截面图像中的至少一个。多个横截面图像，提取单元，其从存储单元提取与所选择的横截面图像相关联的图像相关信息，以及显示提取的图像相关信息和所获取的超声图像的显示单元。

