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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
Dorneanu(10) **Pub. No.: US 2018/0247245 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Aug. 30, 2018**(54) **SMART SPRAY FOAM RESPIRATOR MASK**(71) Applicant: **Daniel Dumitru Dorneanu**, Charleston,
SC (US)(72) Inventor: **Daniel Dumitru Dorneanu**, Charleston,
SC (US)(21) Appl. No.: **15/905,312**(22) Filed: **Feb. 26, 2018****Related U.S. Application Data**(60) Provisional application No. 62/463,854, filed on Feb.
27, 2017, provisional application No. 62/474,657,
filed on Mar. 22, 2017, provisional application No.
62/629,040, filed on Feb. 11, 2018.**Publication Classification**(51) **Int. Cl.**
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A61B 5/00 (2006.01)
A62B 9/00 (2006.01)(52) **U.S. Cl.**CPC .. **G06Q 10/06316** (2013.01); **H04M 1/72533**
(2013.01); **H04W 84/12** (2013.01); **A61B**
5/6823 (2013.01); **A62B 9/006** (2013.01);
A61B 5/0022 (2013.01)

(57)

ABSTRACT

SPF (spray polyurethane foam) insulation applied in a commercial or residential building is an amazing but costly construction product. One reason is that application of SPF insulation requires large investment capital equipment and a specialized crew for each job. The work is further made difficult because interface with the complex plural component machine (proportioner) is not possible from the location where the work is being performed (where the applicator and spray gun are.) We worked to solve this problem by designing a wireless system to communicate with the proportioner at the point of use (POU) where we are spraying. We designed the system to interface with all proportioner brands used by contractors keeping the user interface and majority of components standard for all. The applicator can now efficiently interact with his equipment and make smart strategic decisions on-demand. Using our system, the average applicator can improve his productivity by 13-17% per job.

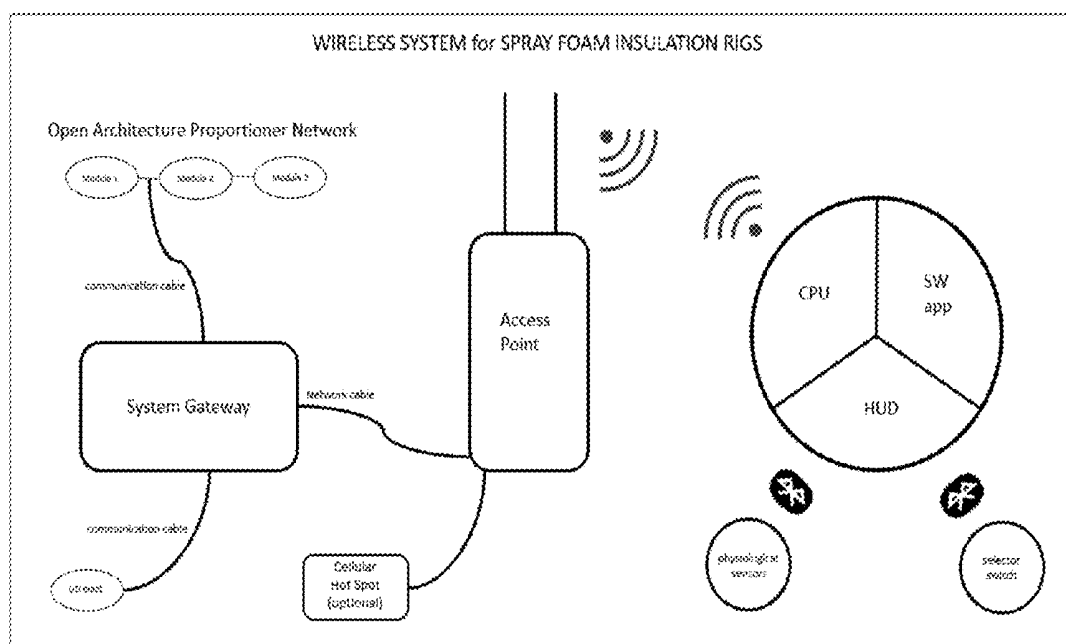


Figure 6

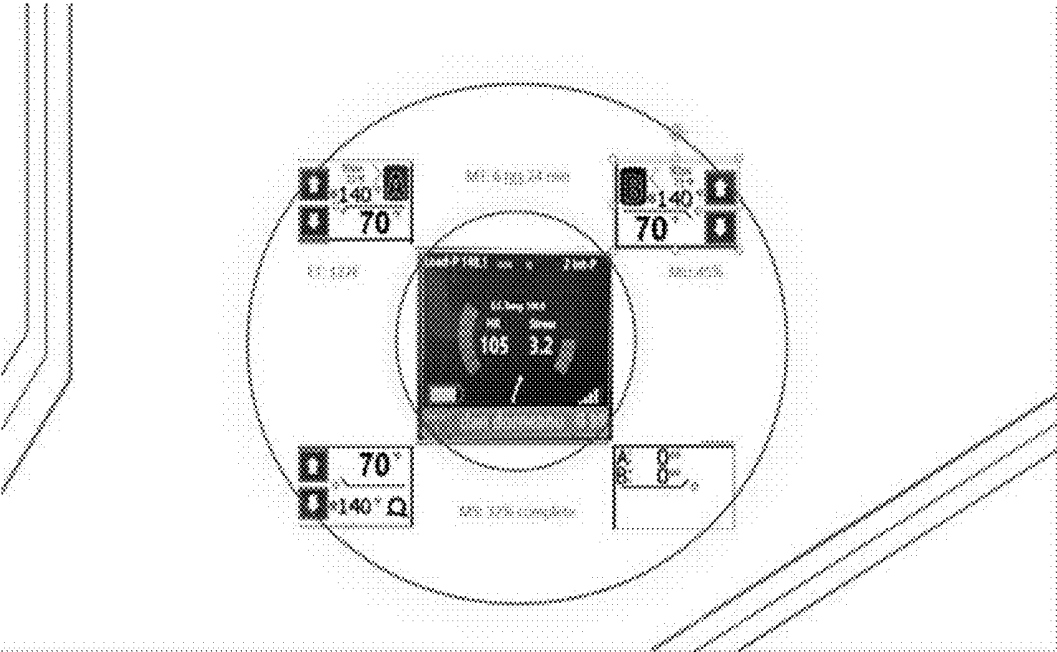


Figure 7

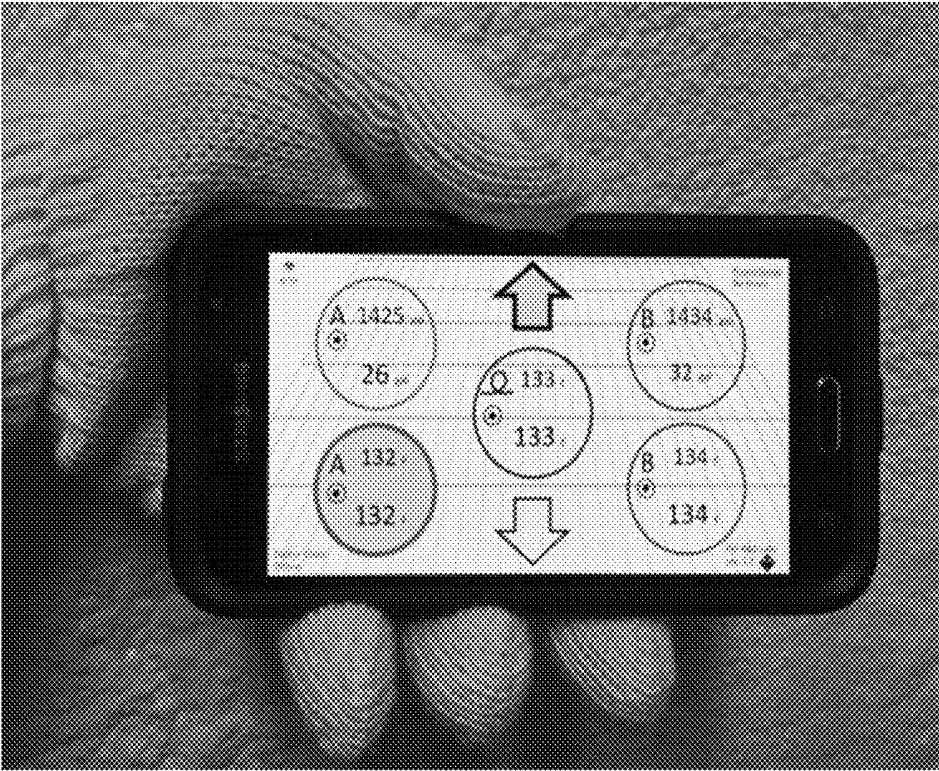


Figure 8



Figure 9

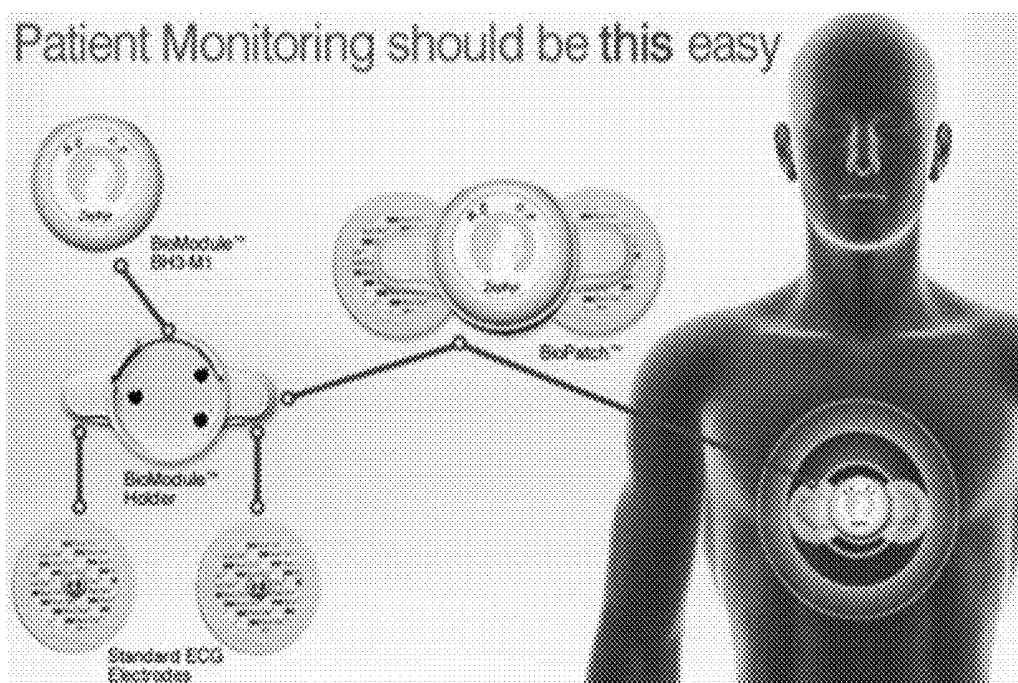


Figure 10

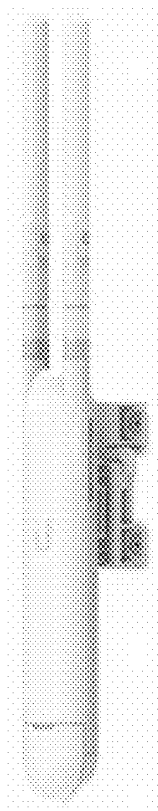


Figure 11



Figure 12

JobSight SKY Rig Log: Truck 8750										
September 6 2017 3:12pm										
Live:	Pa: 1425	Pb: 1310	Ta: 128	Tb: 128	Th: 128	Va: 32	Vb: 27	Fa: 2.91	R: 2.1	V: 9.3
Live:	*	*	Q	*	*	Pc: 135	Tc: 160	Fb: 2.93	Tla: 72	Tlb: 73
		OC	CC	HKS	Depth	Difficulty				
Target:		60	0	8	3.5	5		OSE:	72.58%	
Goal	Time	Cycles	Pdelta	Q-ratio	Yield	Q-sight	MC	Notes		
0	7:05									
277	8:05	233:150-175	2.2 - 2.4	NA		3.6	105	gun side seal gunk on A		
555	9:05	504:200-250	2.4 - 2.6	NA		3.9	104	catching up		
832	10:05	745:250-300	2.6 - 2.8	NA		3.3	99			
1109	11:05	1012:300-350	2.8 - 3.0	8.11		3.5	98	stopped to replace ring		
1247	12:05	1234:150-175	2.0-2.1	9.3		3.7	99	lunch		
1525	1:05	1523:150-175	2.0-2.1	NA		3.8	104	jose kicking butt.....		
1801	2:05	1820:150-175	2.0-2.1	NA		3.5	107			
2078	3:05	2090:150-175	2.0-2.1	NA		3.6	110	catching up		
2215	3:15									

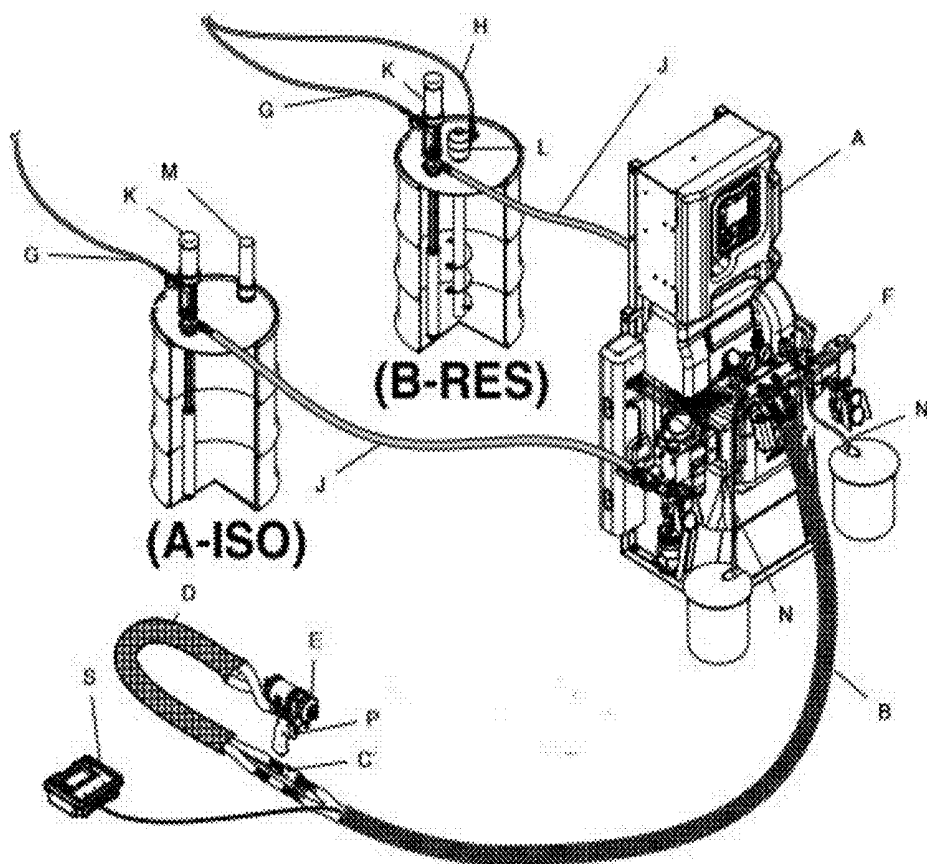
Figure 13

JobSight SKY Fleet Status										
September 6 2017 10:12am										
Rig	Pa:Pb Range:	Goal	Th	Cycles	C 2 Goal	Q-ratio	Yield	MC	OSE%	Status
Truck 6121A	100-125	1200	128	435	-17	2.1	107	107	73	Spraying
Truck 6121B	120-150	1125	132	345	-75	3.2	105	115	56	Spraying
Truck 2383A	270-350	870	131	410	89	1.5	112	91	34	Spraying
Truck 2384A	100-150	1378	90	345	35	na	50	97	62	idle
Truck 2384B	12/13	789	98	7	-350	na	na	na		
Truck 2387A	na/na	na/na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	Offline
Truck 2387B	100-200	1030	127	333	23	2.3	na	96	65	Spraying

Figure 14



Figure 1



- | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| A | Proportioner | J | Fluid Supply Lines |
| B | Heated Hose | K | Feed Pumps |
| C | Fluid Temperature Sensor | L | Agitator |
| D | Heated Whip Hose | M | Desiccant Dryer |
| E | Spray Gun | N | Bleed Lines |
| F | Gun Air Supply Hose | P | Gun Fluid Manifold |
| G | Feed Pump Air Supply Lines | S | Remote Display Module |
| H | Agitator Air Supply Line | | |

Figure 2

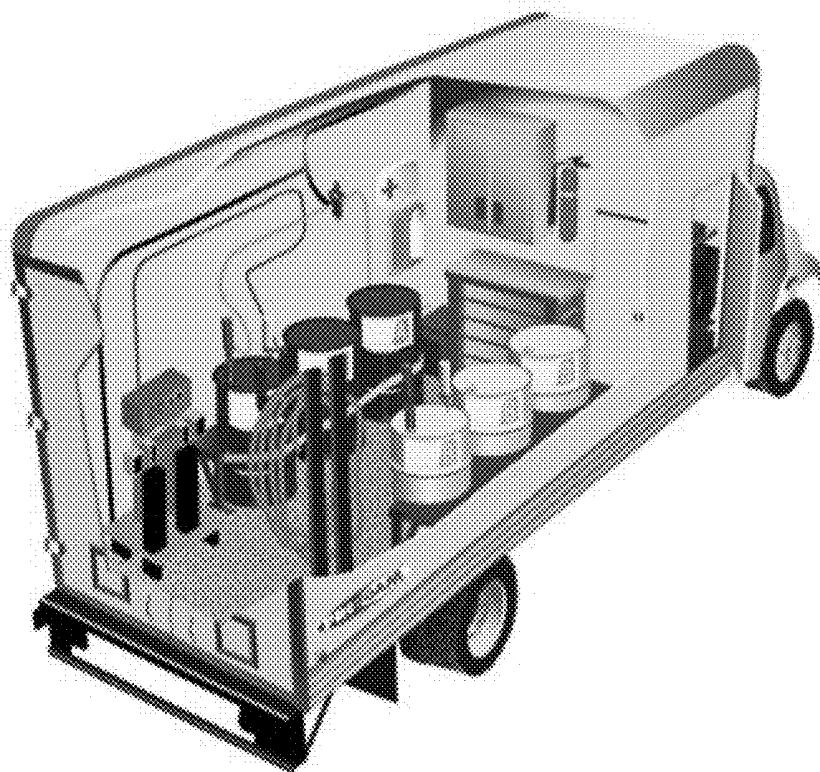


Figure 3



Figure 4

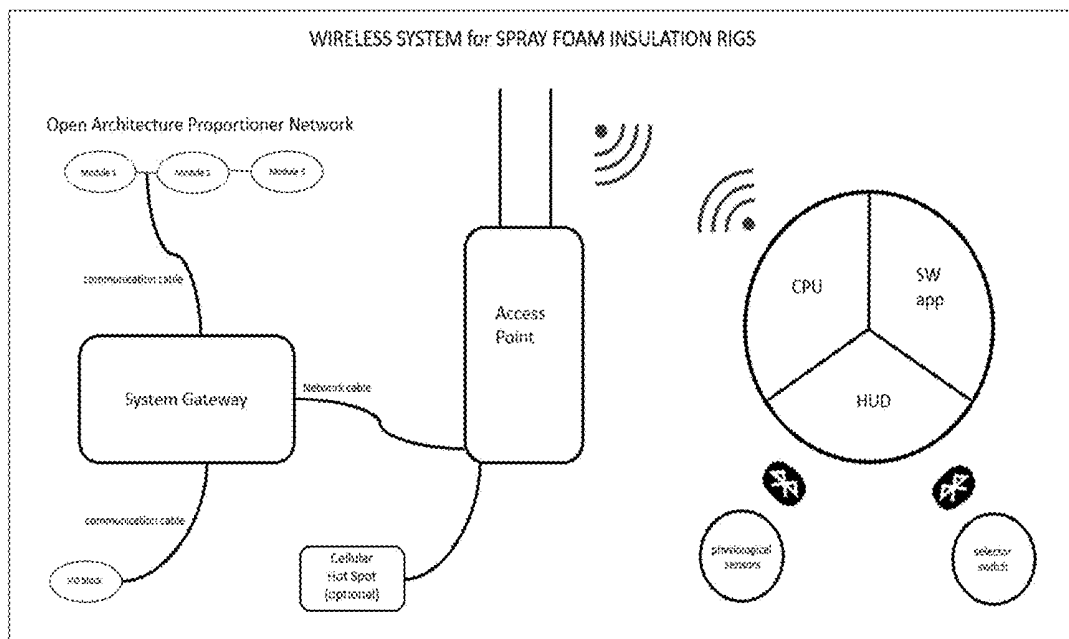
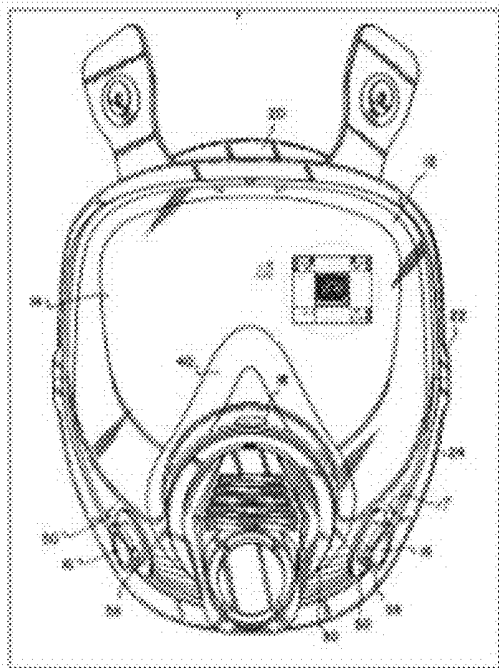


Figure 5



SMART SPRAY FOAM RESPIRATOR MASK

[0001] This application claims the benefit of U.S. Application No. 62/463,854 filed Feb. 27, 2017 titled Smart Spray Foam Respirator Mask, the benefit of U.S. Application No. 62/474,657 filed Mar. 22, 2017 titled Spray Foam Insulation Assisted Spray Technology and the benefit of U.S. Application No. 62/629,040 filed Feb. 11, 2018 titled Smart Spray Foam Depth Sensor. The contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

TECHNICAL FIELD

Polyurethane Spray Foam Insulation

BACKGROUND

[0002] In our spray foam insulation company we often work in extreme environments (130 F-150 F with limited air supply) and 100-300 feet away from the spray proportioner (FIG. 1: part A) in the truck FIG. 2. The proportioner is a machine used to heat and pressurize the two (2) chemicals required for the exothermic reaction process which produces SPF (spray polyurethane foam) insulation. The two (2) chemicals travel through the spray hose (FIG. 1: part B) to the spray gun (FIG. 1: part E) where the sprayer is performing the work. When spraying, we wear a fresh air respirator mask (FIG. 5) to protect the sprayer from harmful fumes produced during the reaction process between chemical A and chemical B mixed at the spray gun. The only way in the past for us to view and/or modify proportioner parameters (temperatures, pressures, etc.) is to stop spraying and walk back to the truck. Other alternative is to radio to a person in the truck who can interact with the proportioner and relay the information back to the sprayer on the radio. This process is very inefficient and time consuming. Our employees saw the need and productivity advantage to be gained if the sprayer can access the equipment controls remotely and wirelessly at the point of use (POU) FIG. 3. We thus went to work and developed a heads-up-display unit FIG. 6 (with control) built inside our respirator mask. For safety reasons we incorporated visual readings of the sprayers physiological vitals (heart rate, breathing rate, core temperatures, etc.) coming from sensors attached on the sprayer's torso (FIG. 9).

Prior Art

[0003] On the market today (as of Feb. 27, 2017 provisional filing,) there are multiple products allowing monitoring and display of a person's physiological vitals. There is also a tethered (corded) display panel (FIG. 1: part S) which operates with one single specific spray foam proportioner. Problem—There is not a wireless device allowing the sprayer at the point of use (POU) FIG. 3 to view and modify any mark/brand of proportioner equipment parameters. There is nothing which also monitors and/or displays the sprayers physiological vitals in the same system. And there is nothing which allows the above functions performed from inside the sprayers respirator mask.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Our company built a wireless smart heads-up-display system (FIG. 4) which can be incorporated into any full-face respirator mask (FIG. 5). The HUD displays specific proportioner parameters (temperatures, pressures, etc.).

The HUD also displays the sprayer's physiological vitals (using data received from sensors attached to the person's torso.) FIG. 9. The HUD system allows the sprayer to view and modify the proportioner parameters wirelessly from 300 feet away. Solution—Our product innovation allows for remote wireless viewing and modification of proportioner parameters and for remote monitoring of the sprayers physiological vitals. The combined data is then viewed on an OLED (organic light emitting diode) display. Our software application allows the above listed wireless functionality to be done from a smart phone, or a tablet, or a smart watch or from inside the smart spray foam respirator mask.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

[0005] FIG. 1 shows typical main components of a spray foam rig. Person spraying is at the end of the hose (B) and spraying with gun (E).

[0006] FIG. 2 shows the components from FIG. 1 inside of a truck which is how many contractors operate. The truck parks next to the building to be sprayed. Spray hose is then rolled out inside the building to the areas to be sprayed (attic, walls, crawlspace, etc.)

[0007] FIG. 3 shows the point of use (POU) area where we spray.

[0008] FIG. 4 shows a diagram of the wireless system components.

[0009] FIG. 5 shows a schematic of the smart spray foam respirator mask.

[0010] FIG. 6 shows a closer detail of the HUD display.

[0011] FIG. 7 shows a schematic of the software application running on a smart phone.

[0012] FIG. 8 shows a schematic of the software application running on a wearable device.

[0013] FIG. 9 shows an example of a physiological vitals monitoring system.

[0014] FIG. 10 shows an outdoor access point (AP).

[0015] FIG. 11 shows a selector switch used to interface with the smart mask HUD.

[0016] FIG. 12 shows a log of the sprayers workday with historical parameter data.

[0017] FIG. 13 shows a cloud database log with historic and live parameter data of multiple rigs spraying.

[0018] FIG. 14 shows an optical depth sensor used to scan a three (3) dimensional surface for purpose of recording a three (3) dimensional map of an object.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF INVENTION

[0019] The wireless smart HUD system (FIG. 4) consists of an android based controller connected to an OLED micro display. The android controller runs a software application which communicates using WIFI (IEEE 802.11) to a wireless outdoor Access Point (AP) FIG. 10 mounted on exterior of the Rig. The AP is connected to a gateway using a network cable. The gateway is connected to the proportioner network using a communication cable. The processor running the proportioner application inside the smart mask also runs the physiological vitals software which receives data from the vitals sensors attached to the sprayers torso (heart rate, breathing rate, core temperature, etc.).

[0020] The software application running on Android communicates with the gateway using WIFI 802.11 technology to display proportioner parameter data on the OLED display (FIG. 6). These display parameters

include temperature A, temperature B, temperature Hose, pressure A, pressure B, cycle count, heater A on/off status, heater B on/off status, heater Hose on/off status, pump on/off status, flow rate A, flow rate B.

[0021] The software application communicates with the physiological sensors using Bluetooth technology to display sprayer physiological vitals data on the OLED display. This data includes heart rate, breathing rate, core temperature and Stress level.

[0022] The software application communicates with a selector switch (FIG. 11) allowing the user to interact and modify specific proportioner parameters displayed on the OLED display. The modifiable parameters include temperature setpoint A, temperature setpoint B, temperature setpoint Hose, pressure setpoint, heater A on/off, heater B on/off, heater Hose on/off, pump on/off.

Mask Option:

[0023] We chose the OLED emissive micro display because it does not require a backlight and so is thinner (more compact) and more efficient than LCD displays (which do require a white backlight). OLED communication with the android processor is done using serial peripheral interface (SPI.) The OLED allows for an improved image quality when used with a projection application. The mask option operator interaction uses a selector switch communicating over Bluetooth Low Energy. The switch scrolls through parameters which can be modified and initiates the modification.

Wearable Option:

[0024] As a more cost-efficient option the system makes possible the use of a wearable device (FIG. 8) with WIFI capability, such as a smart watch. The preferred smart watch has a touchscreen but also makes use of a rotating bezel to facilitate sprayer interaction when wearing gloves. The rotating bezel allows for changing screens and for modification of a parameter (such as temperature setpoint A), simply by rotating the bezel.

Processor:

[0025] Development of the software application was done using Unity 3D, a versatile development platform allowing final application to be run on multiple operating systems. Unity engine allowed for interface with existing devices without need for an existing API or SDK (for example wearables new on the market.) Unity also allowed for fast processing loops even when running on less powerful (1 GHZ) and lower RAM processor (768 Mb.)

Gateway:

[0026] The communication gateway transmits and receives serial messages on the open architecture proportioner network. The gateway is the only device in the system which can vary between proportioner brand families based on network communication protocol. Messages received are translated into the displayed parameters. Modifiable parameters are translated into messages sent on the proportioner network. The gateway can also communicate to an I/O block connected directly to the proportioner analog transducers, thermocouples, flow meters or temperature controllers.

Access Point:

[0027] The above functionality is possible remotely and wirelessly from up to 600' away from proportioner using IEEE 802.11 (WIFI) technology. The access point (AP) FIG. 10 connection strength is maximized by locating the AP on the exterior of the rig. Using 2.4 GHZ bandwidth allows for maximum speed and range penetrating through solid objects such as walls and floors which is required when operator is spraying inside a building. The AP used also allows for weather ruggedness in extreme environments and possible contact with tree branches when driving.

Functionality:

[0028] The software application allows for additional smart functionality such as mapping a progression log (FIG. 12) of the sprayers workday (as described in provisional U.S. Application No. 62/474,657: Spray Foam Insulation Assisted Spray Technology.) The log tracks the sprayers hour by hour job progress and populates historical parameter data along the way such as showing material Ratio variance each hour. The sprayer can also make use of the log to see if he is ahead or behind schedule at any point during the work day. At the end of the work day, the job log can serve as a historical summary of that specific job at that specific worksite. The work day log can also be uploaded to a cloud database via an optional cellular hot spot connected to the AP. With such option, a fleet of rigs can be monitored via a tablet connecting to the cloud service (FIG. 13.) Other optional functionality is to make use of a smart spray foam depth sensor (FIG. 14) (as described in provisional U.S. application 62/629,040: Smart Spray Foam Depth Sensor.) The optical depth sensor data is interpreted by the software application and displayed on the HUD.

[0029] Similar functionality can be achieved using a micro-display, a see-thru display (wave guide technology) or by projection (image is reflected from the respirator mask face shield onto the sprayer's retina.) Similar functionality can be achieved when interfacing with proportioners which make use of other open architecture communication protocols such as RS-485, CAN Open, ModBus, DeviceNet, Profibus, etc. by making use of corresponding gateway. Similar functionality can be achieved when interfacing with proportioners which make only partial use or do not use a communication network by making use of a gateway which connects to an I/O block connected directly to the proportioner analog transducers, thermocouples, flow meters or temperature controllers. Similar functionality can be achieved using other communication protocols with the physiological sensors, with the gateway, with the selector switch and with the access point.

One Example of Intended Use

[0030] Intended use is for the sprayer on each spray foam rig to wear the smart spray foam respirator mask when applying spray foam polyurethane insulation in residential and commercial buildings. Empowered with the parameter data at the point of use (POU) the sprayer can quickly optimize the proportioner parameters and make smart strategic decisions regarding his workday. Similarly, as a more cost-efficient option, the sprayer can use the smart phone app downloaded to his phone to monitor and control the proportioner.

The invention claimed is:

1. A local wireless system comprising of:

- A. a processor and user display allowing for viewing and modification of SPF (spray polyurethane foam) proportioner parameters.
- B. a software application allowing the said remote wireless functionality to be done from a smart phone, wearable or from inside a smart spray foam respirator mask.
- C. a communication gateway(s) such as required to interface with corresponding proportioner network protocol and/or directly to analog transducers, thermocouples, flow meters and temperature controllers.
- D. an access point providing a WLAN connection based on IEEE 802.11 technology (WIFI.)

2. A local wireless system according to claim 1 with added functionality of a physiological vitals monitoring system.

3. A local wireless system according to claim 1 where the said software application can run on IOS, Android, Windows, Linux, or another operating system.

4. A local wireless system according to claim 1 where the access point is connected to a cloud database via a cellular hot spot for upload capability of historic and live parameter data.

* * * * *

专利名称(译)	智能喷雾泡沫呼吸器面膜		
公开(公告)号	US20180247245A1	公开(公告)日	2018-08-30
申请号	US15/905312	申请日	2018-02-26
[标]发明人	DORNEANU DANIEL DUMITRU		
发明人	DORNEANU, DANIEL DUMITRU		
IPC分类号	G06Q10/06 H04M1/725 A61B5/00 A62B9/00		
CPC分类号	G06Q10/06316 H04M1/72533 A61B5/0022 A61B5/6823 A62B9/006 H04W84/12 A61B2503/20 G16H40/67 A62B7/00 A62B18/02 A62B18/08 G02B27/01		
优先权	62/463854 2017-02-27 US 62/474657 2017-03-22 US 62/629040 2018-02-11 US		
其他公开文献	US10426980		
外部链接	Espacenet USPTO		

摘要(译)

应用于商业或住宅建筑的SPF（喷涂聚氨酯泡沫）绝缘材料是一种令人惊叹但昂贵的建筑产品。一个原因是SPF绝缘材料的应用需要大量的投资资本设备和每个工作的专业人员。由于不能从正在进行工作的位置（涂敷器和喷枪所在的位置）与复杂的多组分机器（配比器）接口，因此工作进一步变得困难。我们通过设计无线系统来解决这个问题。在我们喷涂的使用点（POU）与配比器进行通信。我们将系统设计为与承包商使用的所有配比品牌接口，保持用户界面和大多数组件标准。施工人员现在可以有效地与他的设备进行交互，并根据需要做出明智的战略决策。使用我们的系统，普通涂抹器可以将每个工作的生产率提高13-17%。

