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(54) **WEARABLE ALERT SYSTEM**

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See application file for complete search history.

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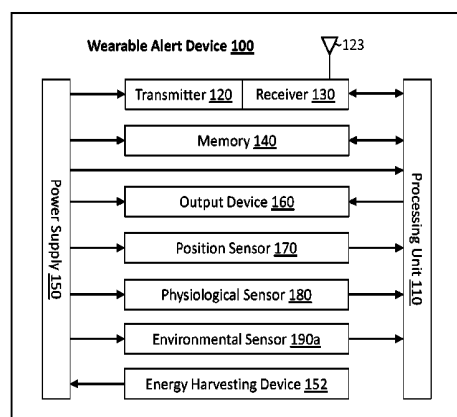
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

In one embodiment, a system that stores information indica-
tive of real-time locations of a wearable alert devices,
receives information indicative of a potentially dangerous
condition in a geographic area, determines which of the
wearable alert devices are in the geographic area, and
outputs alerts for transmittal to the wearable alert devices in
the geographic area. In another embodiment, the system
stores a user profile that associates a wearable alert device
with a user and includes contact information for an emer-
gency contact, receives information indicative of a real-time
location of the wearable alert device and information indi-
cating that the user of the wearable alert device is potentially
experiencing an abnormal physiological condition, and out-
puts an alert for transmittal to the emergency contact that
includes an indication that the user is potentially experienc-
ing the abnormal physiological condition and the real-time
location of the wearable alert device.

16 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets



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G08B 25/01 (2006.01)
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25/016 (2013.01)

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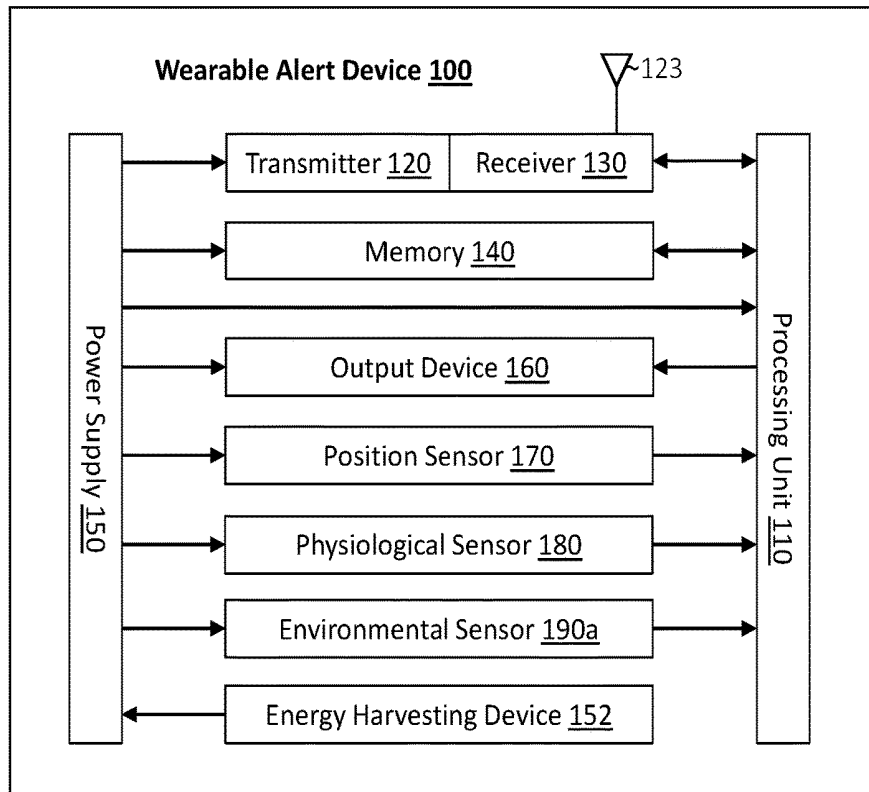


FIG. 1

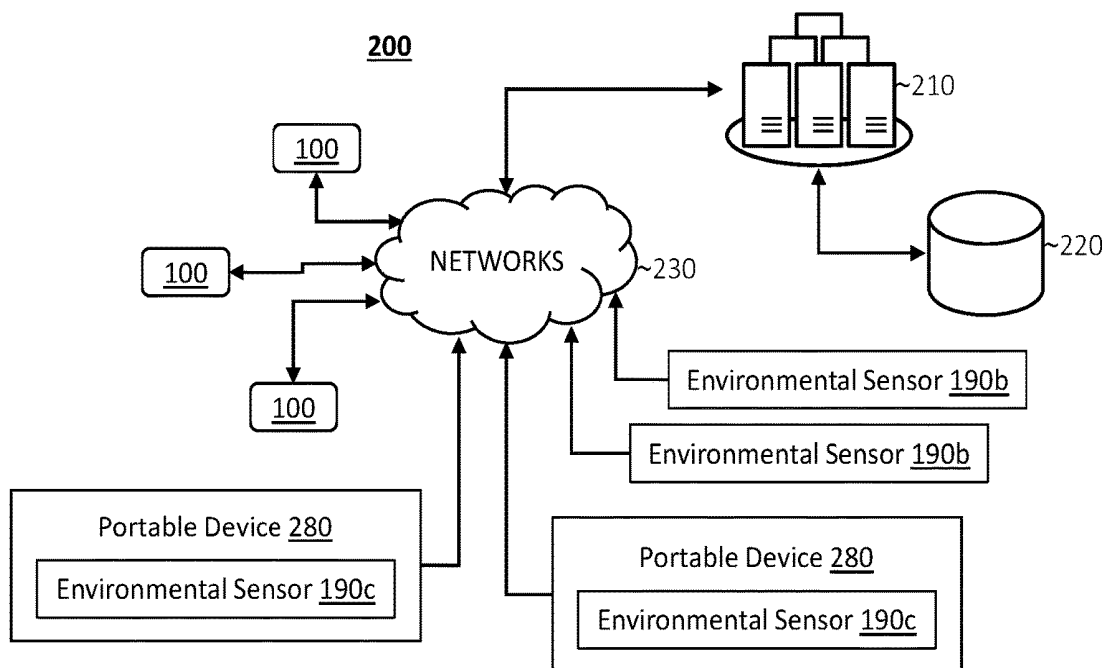
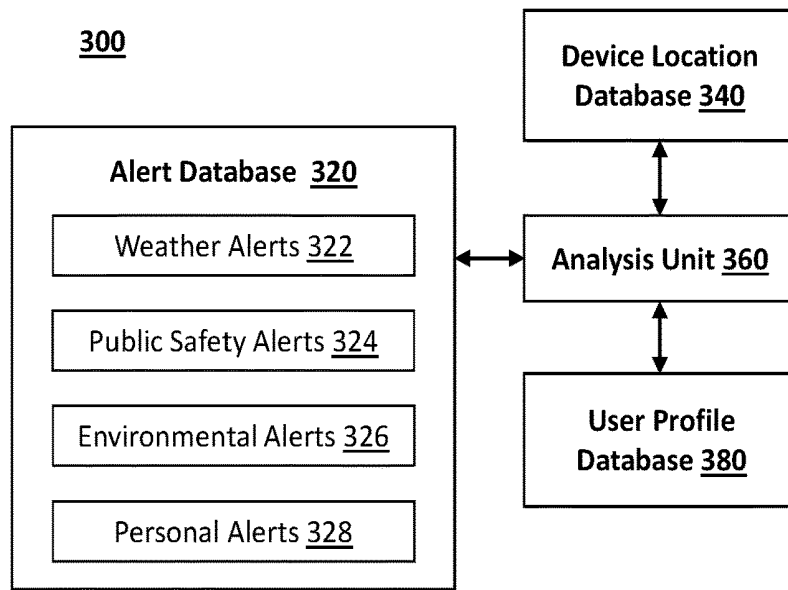
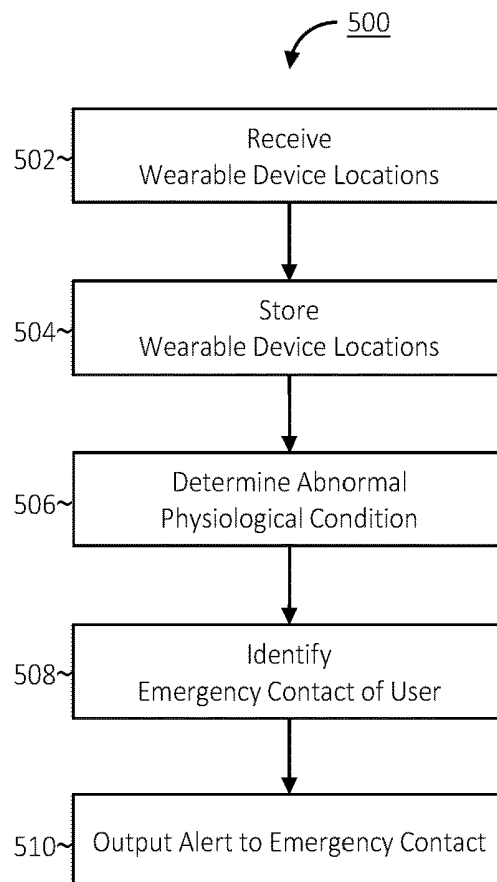


FIG. 2

**FIG. 3****FIG. 5**

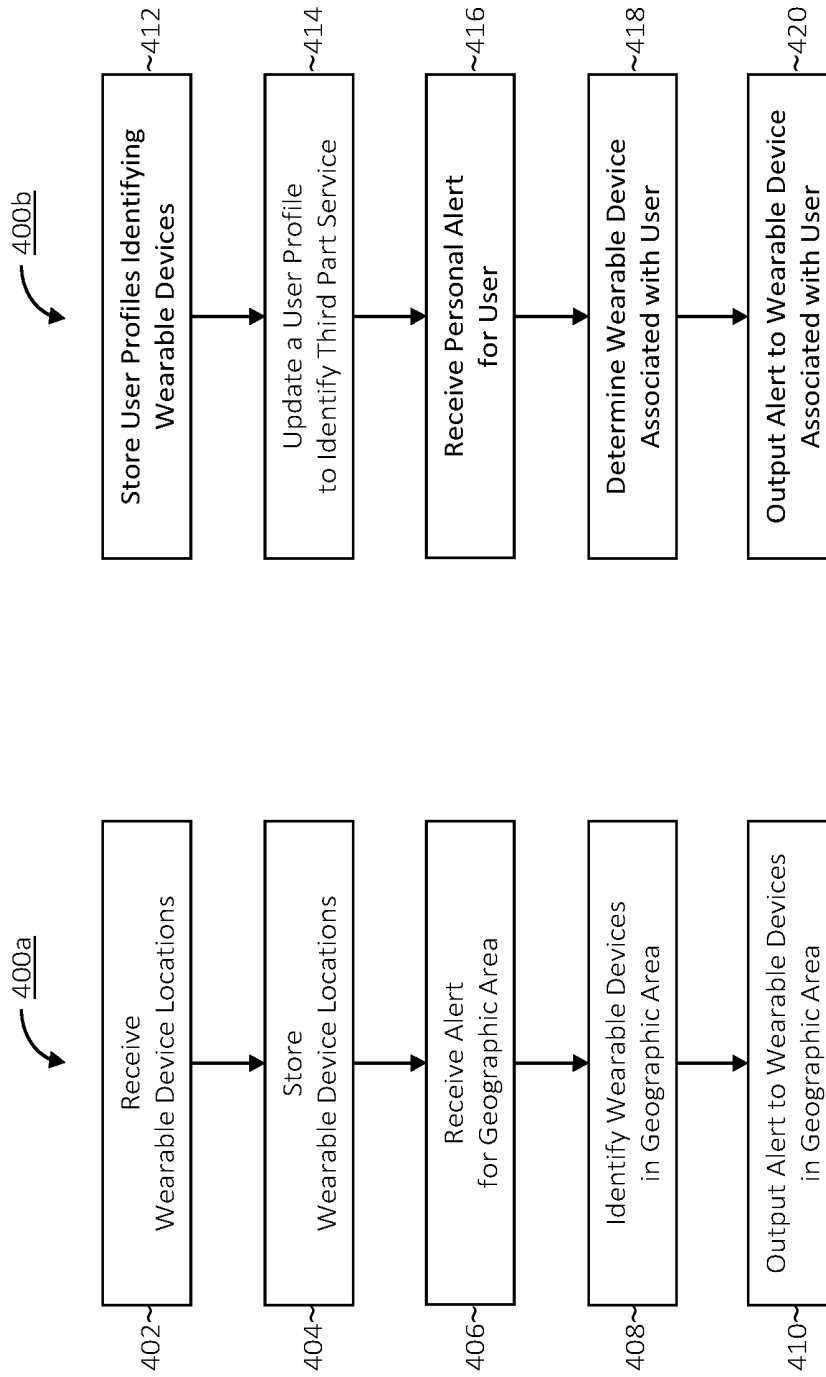


FIG. 4

WEARABLE ALERT SYSTEM**CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This application is a National Stage Application based on International Application No. PCT/US2017/012155, filed Jan. 4, 2017, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/337,648, filed May 17, 2016, U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/298,794, filed Feb. 23, 2016, and U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/274,685, filed Jan. 4, 2016, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference. This application is also related to U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/979,434, filed Dec. 27, 2015, U.S. Provisional Application No. 62/096,631, filed Dec. 24, 2014, U.S. Pat. No. 8,229,467, filed Jan. 19, 2006, and U.S. Pat. No. 8,611,927, filed Mar. 31, 2011, the entire contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND

Handheld multi-functional devices such as smartphones provide countless benefits. Handheld multifunction devices, however, have a number of drawbacks. Increases in functionality and processing power (and decreases in size and weight) all reduce battery life. Meanwhile, devices that are stored in pockets and purses cannot continuously monitor users via sensors or, in most instances, immediately or consistently alert users (e.g., via tactile feedback). Furthermore, handheld multifunction devices are expensive to manufacture and purchase, causing some users to use older models with older functionality or features instead of frequently replacing their device each time a new version is released.

Compared to handheld multifunction devices, devices that are wearable on a user's clothing or body are less cumbersome to carry, easier to interact with, provide fewer opportunities for damage or loss or theft, can continuously monitor users via sensors, and can immediately and consistently alert a user (e.g., via tactile feedback). Meanwhile, wearable devices that provide fewer features can be manufactured at a lower cost than handheld multifunction devices, making it easier for users to purchase a new device or replace an existing device. Finally, wearable devices that provide fewer features may have a longer battery life than handheld multifunction devices, particularly wearable devices that include energy harvesting devices that capture and store energy (e.g., from light, wind, deformation, and/or kinetic energy of the user). Devices that are small enough and/or flexible enough to be implanted on a user's body are even easier to carry and interact with than devices that are wearable on the user's clothing or body. Additionally, implantable devices may be even less prone to damage or loss or theft.

A wearable device (that is wearable or implantable on a user's clothing or body) can be used to automatically and/or continuously monitor the real-time (or near real-time) location of the user. Meanwhile, cloud-based software applications have the potential to access, process, and output a growing array of real-time data and predictive data about conditions at different locations, including information and predictions regarding potentially dangerous conditions (e.g., weather conditions, public safety conditions, and/or environmental conditions). Accordingly, there is a need for a system that outputs an alert to a user in response to a determination that a wearable device is in the location of a geographic area of a potentially dangerous condition.

Additionally, given the ease of use of a wearable device and the ability to continuously monitor the physiological conditions of a user via a physiological sensor, there is a need for a system that pairs a wearable device that includes a physiological sensor with a remotely-stored user profile that includes the contact information of an emergency contact and outputs an alert for transmittal to the emergency contact that includes an indication that the user is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition and the real-time location of the wearable alert device.

SUMMARY

In order to overcome those and other drawbacks in the prior art, exemplary embodiments are provided.

In one exemplary embodiment, a system stores information indicative of real-time locations of wearable alert devices, receives information indicative of a potentially dangerous condition in a geographic area, determines which of the wearable alert devices are in the geographic area, and outputs alerts to a communications network for transmittal to the wearable alert devices in the geographic area.

In another exemplary embodiment, a system stores a user profile that associates a wearable alert device with a user and includes contact information for an emergency contact, receives information indicative of a real-time location of the wearable alert device and information indicating that the user of the wearable alert device is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition, and outputs an alert for transmittal to the emergency contact that includes an indication that the user is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition and the real-time location of the wearable alert device.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Aspects of exemplary embodiments may be better understood with reference to the accompanying drawings. The components in the drawings are not necessarily to scale, emphasis instead being placed upon illustrating the principles of exemplary embodiments.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a wearable alert device according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a drawing illustrating the architecture of a wearable alert system according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of the wearable alert system according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 4 are flowcharts that illustrates processes for outputting alerts according to exemplary embodiments of the present invention; and

FIG. 5 is a flowchart that illustrates a process for outputting an alert to an emergency contact according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Reference to the drawings illustrating various views of exemplary embodiments of the present invention is now made. In the drawings and the description of the drawings herein, certain terminology is used for convenience only and is not to be taken as limiting the embodiments of the present invention. Furthermore, in the drawings and the description below, like numerals indicate like elements throughout.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram of a wearable alert device **100** according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. The wearable alert device **100** includes a processing unit **110**, a transmitter **120**, a receiver **130**, one or more antennas **123**, memory **140**, a power supply **150**, and an output device **160**. The wearable alert device **100** may also include an energy harvesting device **152**, one or more position sensors **170**, one or more physiological sensors **180**, and/or one or more environmental sensors **190a**.

The wearable alert device **100** may be incorporated into a piece of clothing such as a shoe, pants, a shirt, a jacket, a wristband, a watch, glasses, a hat, etc. Alternatively, the wearable alert device **100** may be wearable on the body of a user. For example, the wearable alert device **100** may be wearable on the ear (similar to a Bluetooth headset), wearable in the ear (similar to a hearing aid), and wearable over the eyes (similar to virtual reality goggles or eyeglasses). In another example, the wearable alert device **100** may include thin-film electronics laminated to the skin, near-permanent electric paint, temporary flexible appliques, etc. Alternatively, the wearable alert device **100** may be implantable in the body of the user. For example, the wearable alert device **100** may be a nano- or micro-device implanted into bone marrow, placed in the subcutaneous tissue, sutured to the skull and hidden by hair, sutured on bone on top of the skin, or swallowed and used temporarily as the device passes through the digestive track.

The processing unit **110** may be any suitable device that carries out the instructions of a computer program by performing the arithmetic, logical, control and input/output (I/O) operations specified by the instructions. The processing unit **110** may include a central processing unit (CPU), a graphics processing unit (GPU), etc. The processing unit **110** may be realized as a single semiconductor chip or more than one chip.

The transmitter **120** may be any suitable device that wirelessly transmits information by generating a radio frequency signal and applying that signal to an antenna **123**. The receiver **130** may be any suitable device that receives radio waves from an antenna **123** and converts information carried by the radio waves into a useable form. The transmitter **120** and the receiver **130** may be realized separately or may be combined such that they share common circuitry and/or a single housing. The transmitter **120** and the receiver **130** may communicate with a cell network using any wireless communication standard such as the global system for mobile communications (GSM) standard, a code division multiple access (CDMA) standard, a long term evolution (LTE) standard, worldwide interoperability for microwave access (WiMAX), etc. Additionally or alternatively, the transmitter **120** and the receiver **130** may communicate with another portable electronic device (e.g., a smartphone, a vehicle, etc.) using any wireless communication standard such as Bluetooth, an 802.11 standard, etc.

The memory **140** may be any suitable device that stores instructions that, when executed by the processing unit **110**, cause the wearable alert device **100** to perform the functions described herein. The memory **140** may include a non-transitory computer readable storage medium, such as a hard disk, solid-state memory, etc.

The power supply **150** may be any suitable device that supplies energy to the hardware elements of the wearable alert device **100** such as the processing unit **110**, the transmitter **120**, the receiver **130**, the memory **140**, etc. The power supply **150** may include, for example, a battery. The power supply **150** may include an energy harvesting device **152**. The energy harvesting device **152** may be any suitable

device that captures energy from external sources for storage in the power supply **150**. The energy harvesting device **152** may include, for example, photovoltaic cells that capture solar energy and/or energy from ambient light, a micro wind turbine that captures wind energy, piezoelectric crystals or fibers (located, for example, in the heel of a shoe) that generate an electric voltage when deformed, a kinetic energy harvester that captures kinetic energy (for example, via movement of a magnet in an electromagnetic generator) as the wearable alert device **100** is in motion, etc.

The output device **160** may be any suitable device that outputs an alert to a user. The alert may be visual, audible, haptic, etc. The output device **160** may include a light, such as a light emitting diode (LED) that outputs a visual alert to the user. Additionally or alternatively, the output device **160** may include a display (e.g., a liquid crystal display (LCD), a light emitting polymer display (LPD), an LED display, an organic light emitting diode (OLED) display, etc.). The output device **160** may include a speaker that outputs an audible alert to the user. The output device **160** may include an oscillator or other device that provides a haptic or tactile alert to the user.

The position sensors **170** may include any suitable device that determines the real-time or near real-time location, velocity, acceleration, and/or orientation of the wearable alert device **100**. The position sensors **170** may include, for example, a global positioning system (GPS) receiver, an altimeter, an accelerometer, a gyrometer, a magnetometer, a compass, an inclinometer, a device orientation sensor, etc. The position sensors **170** may also include one or more sensors to determine motion of the ground, such as a seismometer.

The physiological sensors **180** may include any suitable device that determines at least one physiological parameter of a user. A physiological sensor **180** may determine, for example, body temperature, heart rate, brain activity, muscle motion, sweat rate, blood pressure, pulse oximetry, blood chemistry (e.g., insulin levels, blood-alcohol content, etc.), respiratory rate, brain waves, one or more properties of the human nervous system (e.g., passive and/or active electrodermal activity), etc.

The environmental sensors **190a** may include any suitable device that detects an abnormal or potentially dangerous environmental condition. An environmental sensor **190a** may include, for example, a pollen sensor that measures pollen count, a particulate matter sensor that measures particulate matter concentration, a gas sensor that detects the presence of noxious gasses and/or measures concentrations of greenhouse gas, a solar radiation sensor (e.g., a pyranometer, a net radiometer, a quantum sensor, a pyrliometer, etc.) a radiation sensor (e.g., a Geiger counter), etc. The output device **160** may output an alert in response to a determination by the environmental sensor **190a** of an abnormal or potentially dangerous environmental condition. Additionally, as described in more detail below, the wearable alert device **100** may output information indicative of the potentially dangerous environmental condition to the wearable alert system **300** such that the wearable alert system **300** may output an alert to other users in the vicinity.

FIG. 2 is a drawing illustrating the architecture **200** of the wearable alert system according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. The architecture **200** includes one or more servers **210** and one or more storage devices **220** connected to a plurality of wearable alert devices **100** via one or more communications networks **230**. The wearable alert devices **100** may include environmental sensors **190a** as described above. Additionally or alternatively, the

architecture **200** may include stationary environmental sensors **190b** and/or environmental sensors **190c** incorporated within portable devices **280**.

The one or more servers **210** may be any suitable computing device that executes instructions such that the wearable alert system performs the functions described herein. The one or more servers **210** may include internal storage and a processing unit. The one or more storage devices **220** may include a non-transitory computer readable storage medium, such as a hard disk, solid-state memory, etc. The networks **230** may include any combination of the internet, cellular networks, wide area networks (WAN), local area networks (LAN), etc. Communication via the networks **230** may be realized by wired and/or wireless connections.

Similar to the environmental sensors **190a** described above, the stationary environmental sensors **190b** and the environmental sensors **190c** incorporated within portable devices **280** may include any suitable device that detects an abnormal or potentially dangerous environmental condition. The stationary environmental sensors **190b** may be free standing sensors such as the sensors maintained by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. The portable devices **280** may be cellular phones, communications devices for first responders, soldiers, etc. Similar to the wearable alert device **100**, a portable device **280** may include one or more position sensors to determine the real-time location of the portable environmental sensor **190**.

The wearable alert devices **100** may directly communicate with one or more networks **230** or may communicate with another portable electronic device (e.g., a smartphone, a vehicle, etc.) that may communicate with one or more networks **230**.

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of the wearable alert system **300** according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention. The wearable alert system **300** includes an alert database **320**, a device location database **340**, and an analysis unit **360**. The wearable alert system **300** may also include a user profile database **380**.

The alert database **320** stores information regarding potentially dangerous conditions in geographic areas, including weather alerts **322**, public safety alerts **324**, and/or environmental alerts **326**. The alert database **320** may be any organized collection of information, whether stored on a single tangible device or multiple tangible devices. The alert database **320** may be stored, for example, in one or more of the storage devices **220**.

The weather alerts **322** may include weather warnings (indicating the presence of a potentially dangerous weather pattern in a geographic area) and weather watches (indicating that conditions are favorable in a geographic area for the development of a potentially dangerous weather pattern). The weather alerts **322** may include, for example, river flood warnings, thunderstorm watch boxes, tornado watch boxes, mesoscale discussions, polygon warnings, zone/country warnings, outlooks, advisories, watches, special weather statements, lightning warnings, thunderstorm warnings, heavy rain warnings, high wind warnings, high or low temperature warnings, local storm reports, and/or hurricane impact forecasts. The weather alerts **322** may also include information indicative of radically changing forecasts, first-hand observations of weather conditions, etc. The weather alerts **322** may be received, for example, from AccuWeather, Inc., AccuWeather Enterprise Solutions, Inc., governmental agencies (such as the National Weather Service (NWS), the National Hurricane Center (NHC), Environment Canada, the U.K. Meteorologic Service, the Japan Meteorological Agency, etc.), other private companies (such as Vaisalia's

U.S. National Lightning Detection Network, Weather Decision Technologies, Inc.), individuals (such as members of the Spotter Network), etc. A weather alert **322** may include information indicative of the severity of the potentially dangerous weather pattern. The severity of the potentially dangerous weather pattern may be determined based on the likelihood that the potentially dangerous weather pattern will cause bodily harm and/or the severity of bodily harm that the potentially dangerous weather pattern may cause.

The public safety alerts **324** may be information indicative of a potentially dangerous public safety conditions. The public safety alerts **324** may be received from law enforcement agencies, fire departments, and/or other first responders, government agencies (e.g., federal, state, county, city, etc.) such as armed forces agencies (e.g., Army, National Guard, Coast Guard, etc.) and civil defense agencies (e.g., the Department of Homeland Security), public or private utility companies (for example, an alert of a power outage in a geographic area), etc. A public safety alert **324** may include information indicative of the severity of the potentially dangerous public safety condition. The severity of the potentially dangerous public safety condition may be determined based on the likelihood that the potentially dangerous public safety condition will cause bodily harm and/or the severity of bodily harm that the potentially dangerous public safety condition may cause.

The environmental alerts **326** may be information indicative of a potentially dangerous environmental condition. Potentially dangerous environmental conditions may include radiation, poor air quality (e.g., noxious gasses, high particulate matter concentrations, high levels of greenhouse gasses such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, ozone, methane, etc.), higher than normal solar radiation, high pollen count, etc. The severity of a potentially dangerous environmental condition may be determined based on the likelihood that the potentially dangerous environmental condition will cause bodily harm and/or the severity of bodily harm that the potentially environmental condition may cause. The wearable alert system **300** may determine the location of a potentially dangerous environmental condition based on the location of one or more environmental sensors **180** that detect the potentially dangerous environmental condition. For example, a wearable alert device **100** that includes an environmental sensor **180** may detect a potentially dangerous environmental condition and output information indicative of the potentially dangerous environmental condition to the wearable alert system **300**. The wearable alert device **100** may output information indicative of the location of the wearable alert device **100**. Alternatively, the wearable alert system **300** may determine the location of the wearable alert device **100**.

In addition to generally applicable alerts regarding dangerous conditions in geographic areas (as described above), the alert database **320** may also store personal alerts **328** intended for specific users of the wearable alert system **300**. The personal alerts **328** may be received from third parties. For example, a personal alert **328** may be received from a vehicle tracking system such as LoJack®, a subscription-based vehicle-based alert system such as OnStar®, a home security monitoring system, etc. (LOJACK is a registered trademark of Lojack Corporation. ONSTAR is a registered trademark of Onstar LLC.) A personal alert **328** (for example, an alert from a home security monitoring system) may be received from a third party system and output to a wearable alert device **100** regardless of the location of the wearable alert device **100**. Additionally or alternatively, a personal alert **328** may be generated by the wearable alert

system 300 or a third party system based on the location of a wearable alert device 100 associated with a user.

The device location database 340 stores information indicative of the real-time locations of the wearable alert devices 100. (As used herein, a “real-time” location of a wearable alert device 100 may include a near real-time location of the wearable alert device 100.) The device location database 340 may also store information indicative of the location of stationary environmental sensors 190 and/or the portable devices 280. The device location database 340 may be automatically and/or repeatedly updated to include information indicative of the real-time (or near real-time) dynamic location of the wearable alert devices 100 and/or the portable devices 280. The device location database 340 may be any organized collection of information, whether stored on a single tangible device or multiple tangible devices. The device location database 340 may be stored, for example, in one or more of the storage devices 220.

The location of a wearable alert device 100 and/or portable device 280 may be determined by the wearable alert device 100 and/or the portable device 280, for example, by one of the position sensors 170, cell network triangulation, network or cell tower identification, etc. Additionally or alternatively, the location of a wearable alert device 100 and/or portable device 280 may be determined by the server 210 or other network device, for example, by cell network triangulation, network or cell tower identification, etc. Additionally or alternatively, a wearable alert device 100 may pair with another portable electronic device (e.g., a smartphone, a vehicle, etc.) as described above and the wearable alert system 300 may determine the location of the wearable alert device 100 based on the location of the portable electronic device. The location of the portable electronic device may be determined by the portable electronic device (e.g., by GPS, cell network triangulation, network or cell tower identification, etc.) or by the server 210 or other network device (e.g., by cell network triangulation, network or cell tower identification, etc.).

The user profile database 380 stores a user profile for each user of the wearable alert system 300. The user profile database 380 may be any organized collection of information, whether stored on a single tangible device or multiple tangible devices. The user profile database 380 may be stored, for example, in one or more of the storage devices 220.

Each user profile may include information identifying one or more wearable alert devices 100. Additionally, each user profile may include user preferences indicating the types of alerts the user would like to receive. For example, a user profile may indicate a preference to receive weather alerts 322 and/or public safety alerts 324. In another example, a user profile may indicate a preference to receive weather alerts 322 and/or public safety alerts 324 that have specified severity. Additionally, each user profile may include information identifying third party services (e.g., a vehicle tracking system, a subscription-based vehicle-based alert system, a home security monitoring system, etc.) such that the user may receive personal alerts 328 via the wearable alert system 300. The user preferences may be received from each user. For example, the wearable alert system 300 may provide a user interface whereby a user is able to specify user preferences using a web browser, mobile phone application, etc.

The wearable alert system 300 may receive an alert regarding a potentially dangerous condition (e.g., a weather alert 322, public safety alert 324, an environmental alert 326,

etc.) in a geographic area and output an alert to the wearable alert devices 100 in the geographic area (or the wearable alert devices 100 of users with a user profile indicating a preference to receive alerts regarding the potentially dangerous condition). Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert system 300 may receive a personal alert for a user and output the personal alert to the wearable alert device 100 associated with the user.

As described above, the wearable alert system 300 may receive a personal alert 328 from a third party service intended for transmittal to the user regardless of a location of the wearable alert device 100 of the user. Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert system 300 may also output personal alerts 328 generated based on the location of the user's wearable alert device 100.

The personal alerts 328 may be generated by the wearable alert system 300 or by a third party system. For example, the crime forecasting system described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 14/979,434 generates “crime forecasts” by adjusting historical crime rates based on correlations between crime data and weather conditions. In that example, the wearable alert system 300 may output information indicative of the real-time location of a user's wearable alert device 100 to the crime forecasting system, which may generate a crime forecast based on the location of a user's wearable alert device 100, and the wearable alert system 300 may output an alert to the user's wearable alert device 100 if the crime forecast generated by the crime forecasting system exceeds a predetermined threshold (determined by the crime forecast system, specified in the user profile associated with the user, etc.).

In another example, the advisory system 8c described in U.S. Pat. No. 8,229,467 (e.g., a location-based dating system) includes an analysis unit 12c that matches real-time locations of locator and locatee communicator devices and matches user profile criteria associated with locators and locatees. In that example, the wearable alert system 300 may output information indicative of the real-time location of a user's wearable alert device 100 to the analysis unit 12c and output an alert to the user's wearable alert device 100 if the analysis unit 12c determines that a locatee with matching user profile criteria is within a predetermined spatial range (determined by the advisory system 8c, specified in the user profile associated with the user, etc.) of the user's wearable alert device 100.

In another example, the advisory system 8c described in U.S. Pat. No. 8,611,927 includes an analysis unit 12c that outputs an alert to a locator communicator device (e.g., a parent communicator device) when a locatee communicator device (e.g., a child communicator device) is outside a specified spatial range of the locator communicator device. In that example, the wearable alert system 300 may output information indicative of the real-time location of a user's wearable alert device 100 to the analysis unit 12c and output an alert to the user's wearable alert device 100 if the analysis unit 12c determines that a locatee communicator device is outside a specified spatial range (determined by the advisory system 8c, specified in the user profile associated with the user, etc.) of the user's wearable alert device 100. The advisory system 8c described in U.S. Pat. No. 8,611,927 may also output an alert to a locator communicator device if a locatee communicator device deviates from an expected travel path, does not arrive at a location by a specified time of arrival, arrives at a location by a specified time of arrival, is present at a specified geo-referenced area, etc. The wearable alert system 300 may output an alert to the user's

wearable alert device **100** based on any determination by the advisory system **8c** as described in U.S. Pat. No. 8,611,927.

Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert system **300** may provide functionality for a user to forward an alert received via a wearable alert device **100** to another individual. For example, a bike rider on a 20-mile trip that receives a weather alert **322** regarding a potentially dangerous condition such as lightning may want to notify a friend or family member of a route change. In another example, a jogger that receives a public safety alert **324** may want to notify a friend or family member that the jogger is going to a safe place. In another example, a dog walker that receives a personal alert **328** from a home security monitoring system may want to notify the homeowner (if, for example, the homeowner is able to arrive at the house sooner or the dog walker is uncomfortable checking the house alone).

The wearable alert system **300** may provide functionality for a user to forward an alert (together with additional information) to another wearable alert device **100** or any other communication device (e.g., cell phone, computer, etc.) via email, text message, etc. The wearable alert device **100** may output the alert (and the additional information, if applicable) to the one or more communications networks **230** for transmittal to another wearable alert device **100** or other communication device. As described above, the wearable alert devices **100** may communicate with the one or more networks **230** directly or may communicate with another portable electronic device (e.g., a smartphone, a vehicle, etc.) that may communicate with the one or more networks **230**. The wearable alert device **100** may include an input device (e.g., buttons, a touchscreen, etc.) enabling a user to enter the contact information of another individual (e.g., a telephone number, an email address, etc.) and any additional information that the user wishes to send along with the alert. Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert system **300** may provide functionality for a user to store the contact information of one or more individuals in the user profile associated with the user and the wearable alert device **100** (for example, using a web browser, mobile phone application, etc.). In that example, the wearable alert device **100** may include a user input device that enables a user to select one or more individuals from the user profile (and input additional information to be sent along with the alert, if necessary). Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert system **300** may provide functionality for a user to select one or more individuals from the user profile (and input additional information to be sent along with the alert, if necessary) using another communicator device (e.g., a mobile phone, a computer, etc.) via a web browser, mobile phone application, etc.

Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert system **300** may be configured such that a wearable alert device **100** automatically outputs an alert to an emergency contact in response to a determination that the user is experiencing an abnormal physiological condition. As described above, the wearable alert device **100** may include one or more physiological sensors **180** that monitor, for example, body temperature, heart rate, brain activity, muscle motion, sweat rate, blood pressure, pulse oximetry, respiratory rate, etc. The wearable alert system **300** may determine that the user is experiencing an abnormal physiological condition based on a determination that one or more of the physiological sensors **180** is detecting a physiological parameter that is outside of normal range. Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert system **300** may determine that the user is experiencing an abnormal physiological condition if the

output from one or more position sensors **170** is consistent with a user falling to the ground.

Whether the user is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition may be determined by the wearable alert device **100** and/or the analysis unit **360**. In one embodiment, the wearable alert device **100** may be configured to determine whether the user of the wearable alert device **100** is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition based on the physiological parameters (determined, for example, by the one or more physiological sensors **180**) and/or the position of the user relative to the ground (determined, for example, by the one or more position sensors **170**). In that embodiment, the wearable alert device **100** outputs an indication that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition to the communication network(s) **230** for transmittal to the analysis unit **360**, which outputs an alert to the communication network(s) **230** for transmittal to the emergency contact. In another embodiment, the wearable alert device **100** may be configured to output information indicative of the physiological parameters (determined, for example, by the one or more physiological sensors **180**) and/or information indicative of the position of the user relative to the ground (determined, for example, by the one or more position sensors **170**) to the communication network(s) **230** for transmittal to the analysis unit **360**. (The wearable alert device **100** may be configured to output the physiological and/or position information regularly or irregularly, on a fixed schedule, repeatedly, continuously, when the physiological and/or position information meets or exceeds a predetermined threshold, etc.) In that embodiment, the analysis unit **230** receives the physiological and/or position information, determines whether a user is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition, and, if so, outputs an alert to the communication network(s) **230** for transmittal to the emergency contact.

The wearable alert system **300** may provide functionality for a user to store the contact information of an emergency contact in the user profile associated with the user and the wearable alert device **100**. In order to prevent the wearable alert device **100** from outputting a false alarm, the wearable alert device **100** may first output an alert to the user of the device **100** that the system **300** has determined that the user may be experiencing an abnormal physiological condition and provide functionality for the user to indicate via an input device that the user does not wish to output an alert to the emergency contact. The wearable alert system **300** may output an alert indicating that the user of the wearable alert device **100** may be experiencing an abnormal physiological condition and the real-time location of the wearable alert device **100** stored in the device location database **340**.

FIG. 4 are flowcharts that illustrates a process **400a** and a process **400b** for outputting alerts according to exemplary embodiments of the present invention. The wearable alert system **300** may perform either or both of the processes **400a** and **400b** separately or in combination.

Referring to the process **400a**, the wearable alert system **300** receives information indicative of real-time locations of wearable alert devices **100** in step **402**. A real-time location of a wearable alert device **100** may be determined by the wearable alert device **100** and/or by the server **210** or other network device. Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert device **100** may be paired with a portable electronic device (e.g., a smartphone, a vehicle, etc.) and the real-time location of the wearable alert device **100** may be determined based on a location of the portable electronic device.

The wearable alert system **300** stores information indicative of the real-time locations of wearable alert devices **100**

in the device location database 340 in step 404. The wearable alert system 300 may repeatedly receive information indicative of real-time locations of wearable alert devices 100 and may automatically and repeatedly update the device location database 340 to reflect the real-time locations of the wearable alert devices 100.

The wearable alert system 300 receives information indicative of a potentially dangerous condition in a geographic area in step 406. The information indicative of a potentially dangerous condition may be, for example, weather alert 322, public safety alert 324, and/or an environmental alert 326 as described above.

The wearable alert system 300 identifies the wearable alert devices 100 that are located in the geographic area in step 408.

The wearable alert system 300 outputs alerts to a communications network 230 for transmittal to the wearable alert devices 100 that are located in the geographic area in step 410.

Referring to the process 400b, the wearable alert system 300 stores user profiles in the user profile database 380 in step 412. Each of the user profiles identifies at least one wearable alert device 100.

The wearable alert system 300 updates a profile to identify one or more third party services (e.g., a vehicle tracking system, a subscription-based vehicle-based alert system, a home security monitoring system, etc.) such that the user may receive personal alerts 328 via the wearable alert system 300 in step 414.

The wearable alert system 300 receives a personal alert 328 for the user in step 416. The personal alert 328 may be received from a third party service identified in step 414.

The wearable alert system 300 determines the at least one wearable alert device 100 associated with the user in step 418.

The wearable alert system 300 outputs an alert to a communications network 230 for transmittal to the at least one wearable alert device 100 associated with the user in step 420.

FIG. 5 is a flowchart that illustrates a process 500 for outputting an alert to an emergency contact according to an exemplary embodiment of the present invention.

The wearable alert system 300 receives information indicative of real-time locations of wearable alert devices 100 in step 502. A real-time location of a wearable alert device 100 may be determined by the wearable alert device 100 and/or by the server 210 or other network device. Additionally or alternatively, the wearable alert device 100 may be paired with a portable electronic device (e.g., a smartphone, a vehicle, etc.) and the real-time location of the wearable alert device 100 may be determined based on a location of the portable electronic device.

The wearable alert system 300 stores information indicative of the real-time locations of wearable alert devices 100 in the device location database 340 in step 504. The wearable alert system 300 may repeatedly receive information indicative of real-time locations of wearable alert devices 100 and may automatically and repeatedly update the device location database 340 to reflect the real-time locations of the wearable alert devices 100.

The wearable alert system 300 determines that a user may be experiencing an abnormal physiological condition (and outputs an indication that the user may be experiencing an abnormal physiological condition, which is received by the analysis unit 360) in step 506. As described above, the wearable alert device 100 and/or the analysis unit 360 may

determine the abnormal physiological condition based on the output of one or more physiological sensors 180 and/or position sensors 170.

The wearable alert system 300 determines the emergency contact of the user of the wearable alert device 100 in step 508. The emergency contact may be stored in the user profile associated with the user and the wearable alert device 100.

The wearable alert system 300 outputs an alert to the emergency contact of the user of the wearable alert device 100 in step 510. The alert may include the real-time location of the wearable alert device 100 received in step 502 and stored in the device location database 340 in step 504 and an indication that of the wearable alert device 100 may be experiencing an abnormal physiological condition.

While preferred embodiments have been set forth above, those skilled in the art who have reviewed the present disclosure will readily appreciate that other embodiments can be realized within the scope of the invention. For example, disclosures of specific numbers of hardware components, software modules and the like are illustrative rather than limiting. Therefore, the present invention should be construed as limited only by the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-implemented method, comprising:

storing a user profile associating a wearable alert device with a user by one or more servers that are remote from the wearable alert device, the user profile including contact information for an emergency contact;

repeatedly receiving, by the one or more remote servers, information indicative of a real-time location of the wearable alert device;

automatically and repeatedly updating a remote device location database, by the one or more remote servers, to reflect the real-time location of the wearable alert device;

receiving information indicating that the user of the wearable alert device is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition from the wearable alert device, wherein the wearable alert device includes one or more position sensors that determine a position of the wearable alert device relative to a ground level and the indication that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition is based on the position of the wearable alert device relative to the ground level; and

outputting an alert including the real-time location of the wearable alert device and an indication that the user of the wearable alert device is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition to a communications network for transmittal to the emergency contact.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein: the wearable alert device further includes one or more physiological sensors that determine one or more physiological parameters of the user; and the method further comprises providing functionality for a determination that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition based on the one or more physiological parameters.

3. The method of claim 2, wherein:

the wearable alert device determines that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition based on the one or more physiological parameters;

the wearable alert device outputs the information indicating that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition to the communications network for transmittal to the one or more remote servers; and

the one or more remote servers output the alert.

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4. The method of claim 2, wherein:

the wearable alert device outputs the one or more physiological parameters to the communications network for transmittal to the one or more remote servers;

the one or more remote servers determine that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition based on the one or more physiological parameters; and

the one or more remote servers output the alert.

5. The method of claim 2, wherein the one or more physiological parameters comprise body temperature, heart rate, brain activity, muscle motion, sweat rate, blood pressure, pulse oximetry, blood chemistry, respiratory rate, electrodermal activity, or brain waves.

6. The method of claim 1, wherein the real-time location of the wearable alert device is determined by the wearable alert device.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the real-time location of the wearable alert device is determined by a network device.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the wearable alert device wirelessly communicates with a portable electronic device and the real-time location of the wearable alert device is determined based on a location of the portable electronic device.

9. A system, comprising:

a user profile database that stores a user profile associating a wearable alert device with a user, the user profile including contact information for an emergency contact;

a device location database that stores information indicative of a real-time location of the wearable alert device; and

a server, remote from the wearable alert device, that: repeatedly receives information indicative of the real-time spatial location of the wearable alert device; automatically and repeatedly updates the device location database;

receives information indicating that the user of the wearable alert device is potentially experiencing an abnormal physiological condition from the wearable alert device, wherein the wearable alert device includes one or more position sensors that determine a position of the wearable alert device relative to a ground level and the indication that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition is based on the position of the wearable alert device relative to the ground level; and

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outputs an alert including the real-time location of the wearable alert device and an indication that the user of the wearable alert device is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition to a communications network for transmittal to the emergency contact.

10. The system of claim 9, wherein: the wearable alert device includes one or more physiological sensors that determine one or more physiological parameters of the user; and the system further provides functionality for a determination that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition based on the one or more physiological parameters.

11. The system of claim 10, wherein:

the wearable alert device determines that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition based on the one or more physiological parameters; and

the wearable alert device outputs the information indicating that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition to the communications network for transmittal to the server.

12. The system of claim 10, wherein:

the wearable alert device outputs the one or more physiological parameters to the communications network for transmittal to the server; and

the server determines that the user is potentially experiencing the abnormal physiological condition based on the one or more physiological parameters.

13. The system of claim 10, wherein the one or more physiological parameters comprise body temperature, heart rate, brain activity, muscle motion, sweat rate, blood pressure, pulse oximetry, blood chemistry, respiratory rate, electrodermal activity, or brain waves.

14. The system of claim 9, wherein the real-time location of the wearable alert device is determined by the wearable alert device.

15. The system of claim 9, wherein the real-time location of the wearable alert device is determined by a network device.

16. The system of claim 9, wherein the wearable alert device wirelessly communicates with a portable electronic device and the real-time location of the wearable alert device is determined based on a location of the portable electronic device.

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摘要(译)

在一个实施例中，存储指示可穿戴警报设备的实时位置的信息的系统，接收指示地理区域中的潜在危险状况的信息，确定哪个可穿戴警报设备在该地理区域中，并输出警报用于传送到地理区域中的可穿戴警报设备。在另一实施例中，系统存储将可穿戴警报设备与用户相关联的用户简档，并且包括用于紧急联系人的联系人信息，接收指示可穿戴警报设备的实时位置的信息以及指示该可穿戴警报设备的用户的信息。可穿戴警报设备可能经历异常生理状况，并且输出用于传输到紧急联系人的警报，其包括用户可能正在经历异常生理状况和可穿戴警报设备的实时位置的指示。

