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(54) **SYSTEM FOR MONITORING A NUMBER OF DIFFERENT PARAMETERS OF A PATIENT IN A BED**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

In order to provide a simple and reliable monitoring technique for a number of different parameters of a patient in a bed (2), a system (1) is provided, said system (1) comprising: at least one first sensor device (25) adapted to measure a first force component acting in a first direction (12), said first force component corresponding to a first parameter of the patient, at least one second sensor device (36) adapted to measure a second force component acting in a second direction (13, 14), said second force component corresponding to a second parameter of the patient, and a data device (16) adapted to acquire the measured data from the at least one first sensor device (25) and the at least one second sensor device (36) and to process those data in order to provide information about the number of parameters of the patient.

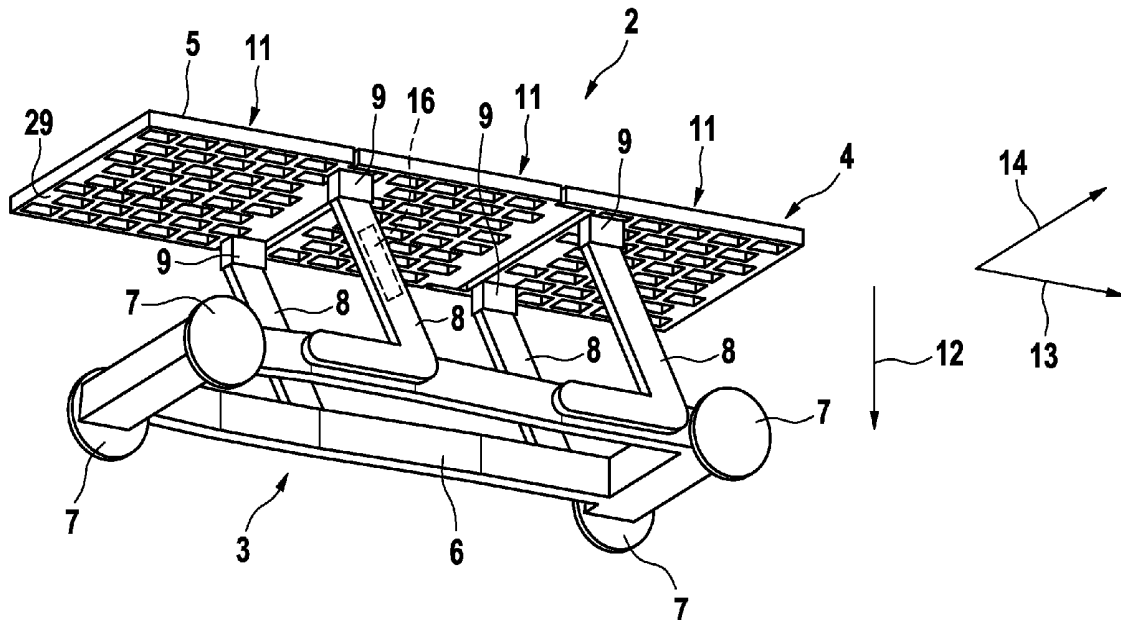
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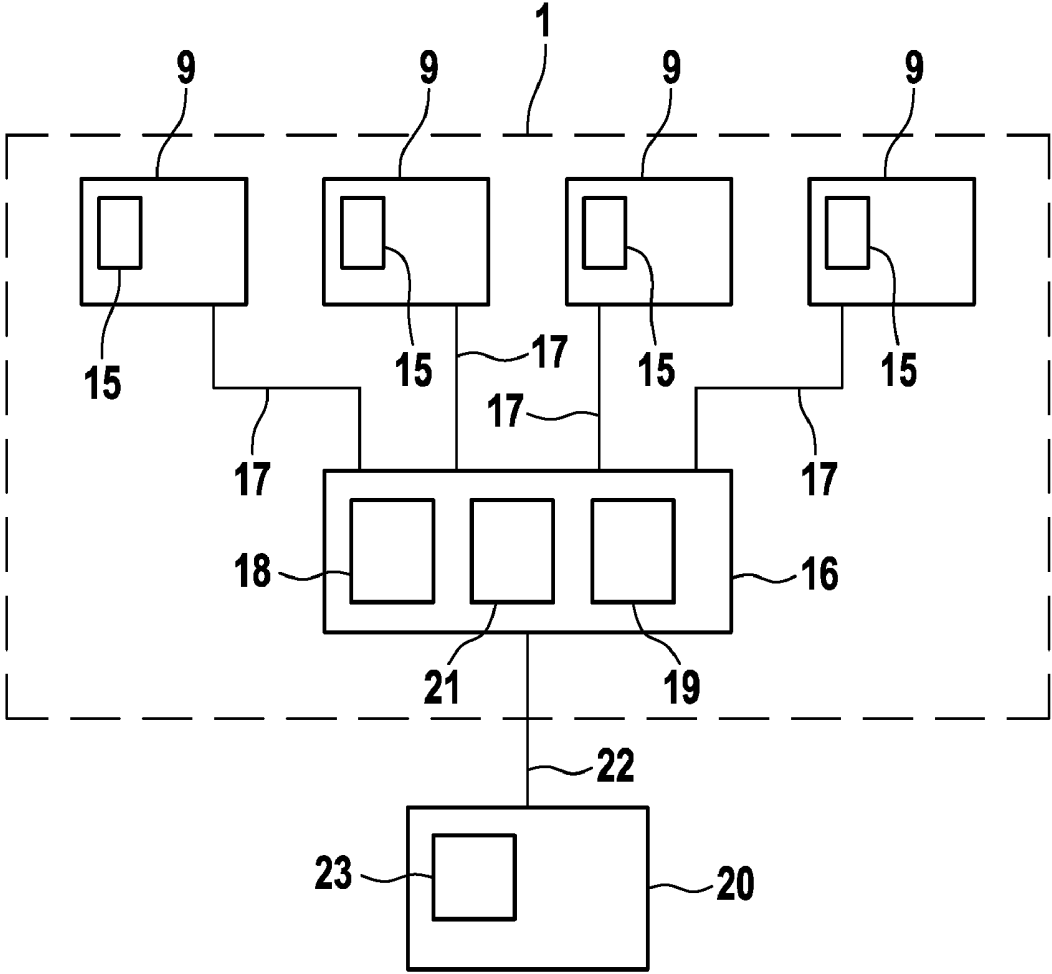


FIG. 2

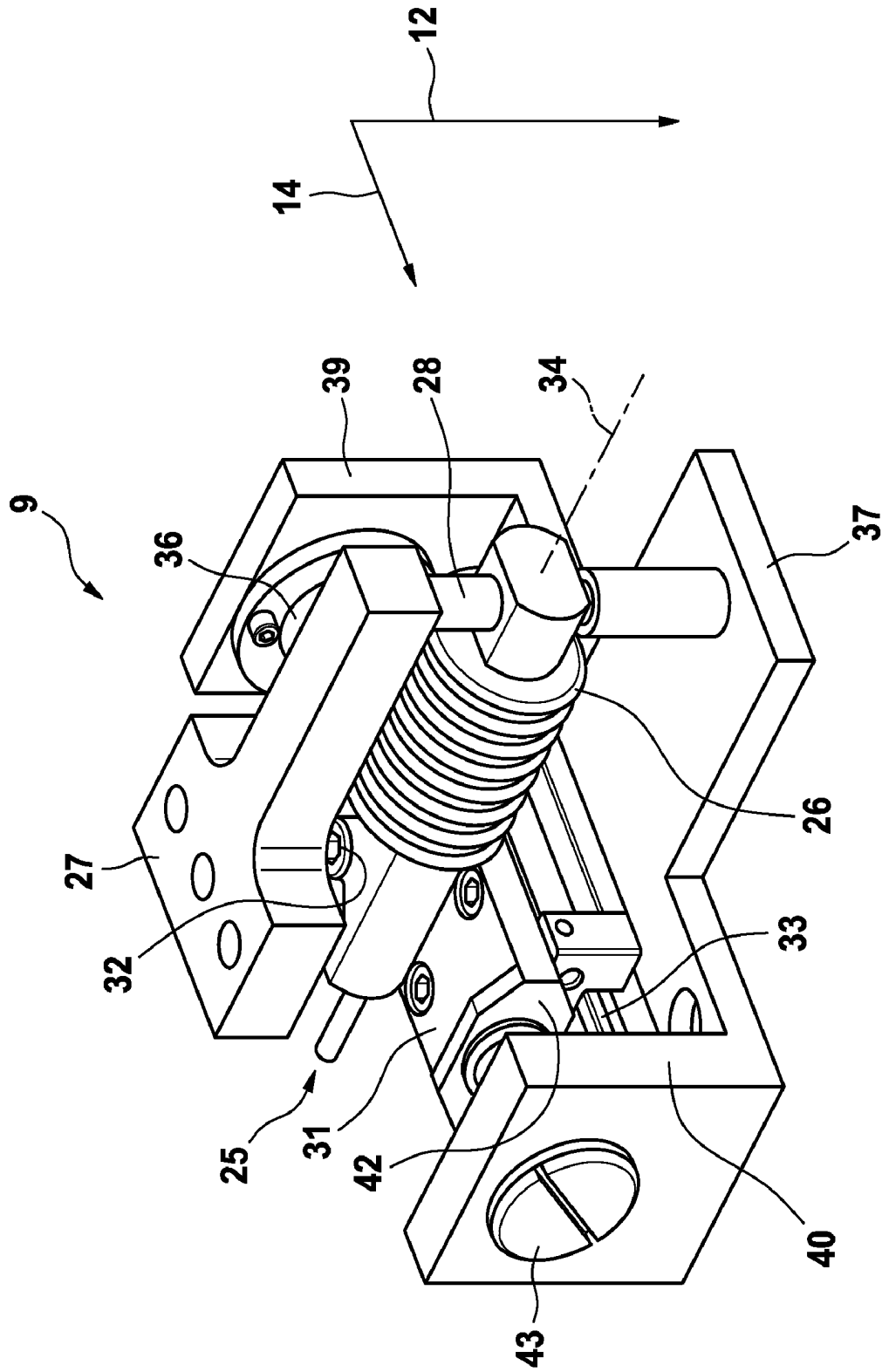


FIG. 3

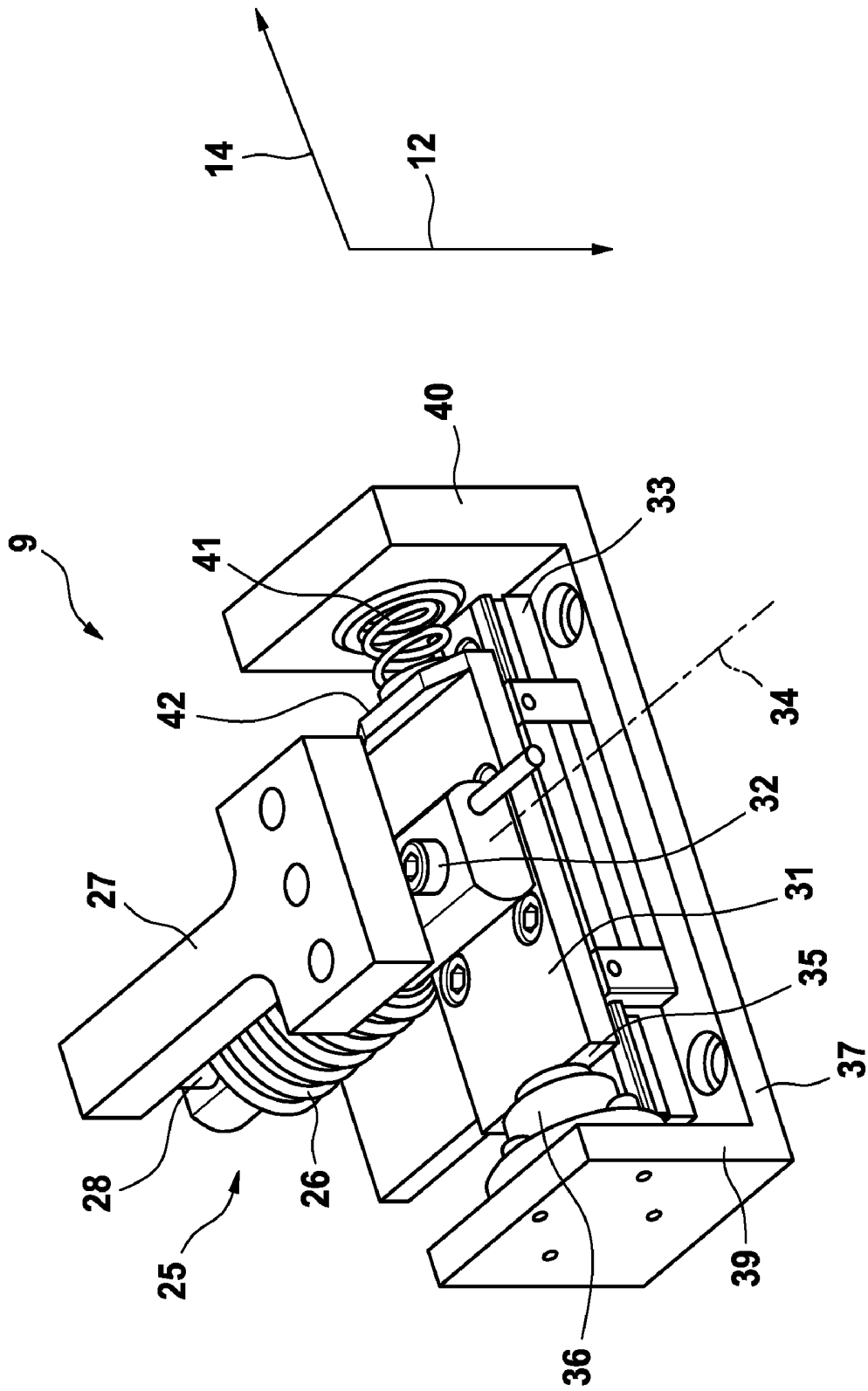


FIG. 4

**SYSTEM FOR MONITORING A NUMBER OF
DIFFERENT PARAMETERS OF A PATIENT
IN A BED**

[0001] The present invention relates to a system for monitoring a number of parameters of a patient in a bed. Furthermore the present invention relates to a method for operating such a system and to a computer program to be executed in a computer.

[0002] Monitoring of patients during their sleep is a standard activity in different situations, mostly applied in hospital settings. Depending on the diagnosis, different parameters are monitored. Parameters that often need monitoring are weight, heart rate, breathing rate and breathing abnormalities, as well as special movement patterns during the sleep. It requires significant technical effort and different techniques to measure these quantities.

[0003] From the prior art different techniques are known to acquire information on cardio pulmonary performance, e.g. using pressure sensitive sheets in a bed. Other techniques provide solutions for measuring a patient's weight by introducing scales under or in the bedposts. Such a solution is described for example in the U.S. Pat. No. 5,859,390. However, a simple and reliable approach for a combined measuring of weight and other parameters of the patient is not known.

[0004] In hospital settings additional requirements must be met. A typical hospital bed does not provide a static bedpost but is equipped with a hydraulic system for manipulating the position of the patient, the bedstead usually is used for attaching devices to it (e.g. monitoring devices, urinal). Furthermore hospital beds have to be mobile and changing mattresses should not involve any hassle with monitoring equipment.

[0005] It is an object of the present invention to provide a simple and reliable monitoring technique for a number of different parameters of a patient in a bed.

[0006] This object is achieved according to the invention by a system for monitoring a number of different parameters of a patient in a bed, the system comprising at least one first sensor device adapted to measure a first force component acting in a first direction, said first force component corresponding to a first parameter of the patient, at least one second sensor device adapted to measure a second force component acting in a second direction, said second force component corresponding to a second parameter of the patient, and a data device adapted to acquire the measured data from the at least one first sensor device and the at least one second sensor device and to process those data in order to provide information about the number of parameters of the patient.

[0007] The object of the present invention is also achieved by a method of monitoring a number of different parameters of a patient in a bed, the method comprising the steps of measuring at least one first force component acting in a first direction, said first force component corresponding to a first parameter of the patient, measuring at least one second force component acting in a second direction, said second force component corresponding to a second parameter of the patient, and acquiring the measured data and processing those data in order to provide information about the number of parameters of the patient.

[0008] The object of the present invention is also achieved by a computer program for monitoring a number of different

parameters of a patient in a bed, the computer program comprising computer instructions to acquire measured data from at least one first sensor device adapted to measure a first force component acting in a first direction, said first force component corresponding to a first parameter of the patient, and from at least one second sensor device adapted to measure a second force component acting in a second direction, said second force component corresponding to a second parameter of the patient, and computer instructions to process those data in order to provide information about the number of parameters of the patient, when the computer program is executed in the computer. The technical effects necessary according to the invention can thus be realized on the basis of the instructions of the computer program in accordance with the invention. Such a computer program can be stored on a carrier such as a CD-ROM or it can be available over the internet or another computer network. Prior to executing, the computer program is loaded into the computer by reading the computer program from the carrier, for example by means of a CD-ROM player, or from the internet, and storing it in the memory of the computer. The computer includes inter alia a central processor unit (CPU), a bus system, memory means, e.g. RAM or ROM etc., storage means, e.g. floppy disk or hard disk units etc. and input/output units. Alternatively, the inventive method could be implemented in hardware, e.g. using one or more integrated circuits.

[0009] A core idea of the invention is to provide a technique for a combined measurement of different patient related parameters using exclusively force sensor devices. Mechanical force sensors are simple and robust low cost devices. An idea of the present invention is to utilize said force sensor devices to obtain information about patient parameters which, in prior art solutions, are obtained using other types of sensors, e.g. ECG electrodes or the like. In particular with the present invention it is possible to obtain not only information about the patient's weight, but also information about the patient's respiration and heart rate. By utilizing different force sensors for determining different parameters, highly accurate and reliable measurements can be carried out without interferences. The invention can also be used for monitoring the sleep quality of a healthy person.

[0010] A bed according to the present invention is defined as a surface or any other device to rest on or to sit on etc., e.g. a conventional bed, a hospital bed, a couch, a conventional chair, a dentist's chair, a wheelchair, an (operating) table, etc. However, the present invention is preferably applicable in hospital settings. Accordingly the bed is preferably a hospital bed.

[0011] These and other aspects of the invention will be further elaborated on the basis of the following embodiments which are defined in the dependent claims.

[0012] According to a preferred embodiment of the invention for the bed at least one joint sensor unit is provided, said sensor unit comprising a first sensor device and a second sensor device. Such a compact sensor unit can be installed in a very easy way and therefore reduces the installation costs. Preferably, the bed comprises a base frame and a patient support, the patient support being connected to the base frame. For the patient support any kind of surface may be used. In this case, the sensor unit is preferably adapted to be an inherent part of the base frame. By this means, the monitoring system is completely unobtrusive to the patient and to caregivers. Furthermore the presence of the sensor unit itself

and the measuring process do not affect clinical routines like manipulations to the bed (e.g. a height adjustment of the patient support).

[0013] In an alternative embodiment the sensor unit is adapted to be an inherent part of the patient support. However, since the patient support in a hospital bed is usually connected to the base frame in an adjustable way (e.g. for providing a height adjustment), an integration of the sensor unit into the patient support requires a greater effort for measuring and/or data processing, because the directions of the force components may vary depending on the variable position of the patient support. Thus, for an unobtrusive monitoring of said parameters, the integration into the base frame is preferred.

[0014] According to another preferred embodiment of the invention the sensor devices are provided in a specific arrangement. There are four different arrangements: In a first arrangement the first sensor device is (rigidly) attached to the patient support, the first sensor device is connected with a slide, and the slide is moveably connected with the second sensor device, which is (rigidly) attached to the base frame. In a second arrangement the first sensor device is attached to the base frame, the first sensor device is connected with a slide, and the slide is moveably connected with the second sensor device, which is attached to the patient support. In a third arrangement the second sensor device is attached to the patient support, the second sensor device is connected with a slide, and the slide is moveably connected with the first sensor device, which is attached to the base frame. In a fourth arrangement the second sensor device is attached to the base frame, the second sensor device is connected with a slide, and the slide is moveably connected with the first sensor device, which is attached to the patient support. In all four arrangements the first sensor and the second sensor cooperate with each other using a slide, and the slide is provided to receive a force from a sensor device and to apply said force to the other sensor device.

[0015] In another preferred embodiment the slide's connection with the corresponding sensor device is supported by a resilient element. The resilient element provides a certain defined tension on the slide and the sensor device respectively. This way, the force measurements in all sensor units can be carried out with a defined sensitivity. Thus, the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements are increased.

[0016] According to the invention only a single type of sensor unit is used to be integrated into a hospital bed to measure and characterize both the movements of the patient, and the weight of the patient. Preferably the first sensor is adapted to measure a force component in a vertical direction in order to provide the patient's weight. In a preferred embodiment the first sensor is a reliable and robust strain gauge sensor. Preferably the second sensor is adapted to measure a force component in a horizontal direction in order to provide information about the movements of the patient. In a preferred embodiment the second sensor is a reliable and robust piezo sensor.

[0017] Preferably the data device is adapted to provide the patient's weight and to extract special patterns from the measuring data, e.g. heart rate and breathing rate. Furthermore, special movements, e.g. during restless leg syndrome episodes and of course the presence of the patient in the bed can be deduced.

[0018] An advantage of the system according to the present invention over state of the art solutions is that it combines three of the most prominent parameters to be monitored

(heart rate, breathing rate, weight) in one device. Another advantage of the system is that it allows an unobtrusive monitoring, even in hospital settings. Another advantage of the present system is that it is robust and inexpensive and for system implementation standard components like known force sensors can be used.

[0019] These and other aspects of the invention will be described in detail hereinafter, by way of examples, with reference to the following embodiments and the accompanying drawings; in which:

[0020] FIG. 1 shows a schematic illustration of hospital bed with four sensor units,

[0021] FIG. 2 shows a schematic illustration of a monitoring system,

[0022] FIG. 3 shows a first illustration of a sensor unit, and

[0023] FIG. 4 shows a second illustration of a sensor unit.

[0024] FIG. 1 shows a system 1 according to the invention as applied to a typical mobile hospital bed 2. The bed 2 comprises a base frame 3 and a moveable patient support 4. A patient's mattress (not shown) is positioned on the upside 5 of the patient support 4. The base frame 3 comprises a wheel frame 6 with four wheels 7 and further comprises four bedposts 8 extending upward from the wheel frame 6 to bear the patient support 4. At the upper end of each bedpost 8 identical sensor units 9 are provided. In other words, the sensor units 9 are inherent part of the base frame 3 and the patient support 4 is connected to the upper ends of the four bedposts 8 via said sensor units 9. The bed 2 is configurable by means of hydraulics (not shown) in terms of height of the patient and positioning of different areas 11 of the patient support 4 relative to each other.

[0025] The sensor units 9 connect the base frame 3 with the patient support 4 in a movable manner. This means, that, if a patient is located on the mattress, the patient support 4 is moveable downwardly in the direction of arrow 12. If the patient moves, the patient support 4 is moveable sideways in an arbitrary lateral direction, for example in the direction of arrow 13 or in the direction of arrow 14. Those lateral movements are caused by "large scale" movements, e.g. when the patient turns, or by "small scale" movements, e.g. by the patient's beating heart or by the patient's breathing.

[0026] As explained below in a more detailed way each sensor unit 9 comprises two force sensor devices for sensing force components in different directions 12, 13, 14. Each sensor unit 9 comprises a sender 15 for sending measurement data to a data device 16 using a wired or wireless data communication link 17, as explained below. The specific position of the sensor units 9 allows for the measurement of forces of the mattress and patient support 4 on which the patient is lying relative to the base frame 3 of the bed 2. The weight of the patient as well as the patient's movements can be characterized and heart rate and breathing rate of the patient can be extracted. The base frame 3 of the bed 2 can be equipped with other devices, without affecting the measurement.

[0027] In the present embodiment the data device 16 is integrated into one of the bedposts 8. The data device 16 comprises an acquisition unit 18 adapted to receive measurement data from the sensor units 9 via the wired or wireless data communication links 17. The data device 16 further comprises a data processing unit 19, which is adapted to perform all tasks of processing and computing of the measured data as well as determining and assessing results. In particular the processing unit 19 is adapted to process the measurement data in order to provide information about the

weight, the heart rate and the breath rate of the patient. This is achieved according to the invention by means of a computer software comprising computer instructions adapted for carrying out the steps of the inventive method, when the software is executed in the processing unit 19. The processing unit 19 itself may comprise functional computer modules or units, which are implemented in form of hardware, software or in form of a combination of both. In a preferred embodiment the invention is implemented using a software executed on a dedicated hardware, i.e. the hardware is chosen and/or designed to execute the specific software.

[0028] The information about weight, heart rate, breath rate etc. can be stored in the data device 16 and/or displayed to the hospital staff and/or transmitted to an external receiver 20 in order to be stored and/or displayed externally. For this purpose the data device 16 preferably comprises a data storage device (not shown), e.g. a hard disc, and/or a display unit (not shown), e.g. a LED monitor, and/or a transmitter 21, adapted to provide a preferably wireless communication link 22 to the external receiver 20, e.g. using Bluetooth or WLAN standards. The external receiver 20 comprises a LED monitor 23 for displaying the parameter information.

[0029] The data device 16 preferably comprises tools to cope with the routines of handling, e.g. a “zero” button to define tare weight, a “hold” button to remember patients weight during manipulations to the patient support 4, e.g. during adding a pillow, etc. Such tools are preferably implemented in form of software modules.

[0030] In FIGS. 2 and 3 a single sensor unit 9 is shown. In this embodiment a strain gauge sensor 25, acting as first sensor device, is rigidly attached to the patient support 4. The strain gauge sensor 25 is adapted to measure a force component in a vertical direction 12 in order to provide the patient's weight. The strain gauge sensor 25 is mounted horizontally in a protecting box 26 having a cylindrical shape. The one end of the strain gauge sensor 25 is linked with the free end of an upper T-shaped connecting plate 27 by means of a vertical intermediate piece 28. The upper connecting plate 27 is mounted to the bottom side 29 (see FIG. 1) of the patient support 4 by means of three connecting members (not shown). The other end of the strain gauge sensor 25 is linked with a slide 31 by means of a connecting member 32. The slide 31 allows for relative movements of the base frame 3 and the patient support 4. The slide 31 is mounted on a rail element 33. The rail element 33 extends horizontally and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 34 of the strain gauge sensor 25. One front end 35 of the slide 31 rests against a piezo sensor 36. The piezo sensor 36 acts as second sensor device and is rigidly attached to a mainly U-shaped lower connecting plate 37. The lower connecting plate 37 is connected to the base frame 3 using four connecting members (not shown). The rail element 33 guiding the slide 31 is provided in between the two U-legs 39, 40 of the lower connecting plate 37 and the piezo sensor 36 is mounted on the inside of the first U-leg 39. The piezo sensor 36 is adapted to measure a force component in a horizontal direction, e.g. in direction 13 or 14, in order to provide information about the movements of the patient. In other words, every additional horizontal force component will yield a signal in the piezo sensor 36. The slide 31 is connected with the piezo sensor 36 via a prestressed spiral spring 41. The spiral spring 41, which provides a certain defined tension on the piezo sensor 36, is mounted on the inside of the opposite second U-leg 40, and is connected with the other front end 42 of the slide 31. The

initial tension of the spiral spring 41 can be adjusted by means of an adjusting screw 43 on the outside of the second U-leg 40. Instead of a spiral spring 41 other types of resilient elements may be used.

[0031] The alignment of the slides 31 in the four sensor units 9 differs for each sensor unit. In a preferred embodiment of the invention the slides 31 are arranged in perpendicular directions, so the movements in both horizontal directions 13, 14 can be detected. For this purpose the sensor units 9 are simply positioned rotated to each other.

[0032] In other embodiments of the invention different geometrical arrangements of the sensor units 9 are used, e.g. using tilted angles for performing measurements in any direction (not shown).

[0033] In another embodiment the four sensor units 9 used are not all identical. For example only one or two sensor units may comprise a second sensor for measuring the horizontal force component. In another embodiment the sensor units 9 may not all comprise a first sensor for measuring the vertical force component. Preferably a system with three first sensors is used for providing a mechanically stable weight measurement.

[0034] In another embodiment a reduced number of sensor units 9 is employed. For obtaining complete parameter information as described above three sensor units 9 are preferably used. However, using only two or even a single sensor unit is possible, depending on the design of the bed and depending on the desired accuracy of the measurement.

[0035] In a further embodiment of the invention the sensor type selection as well as the selection of sensor quantity and the positioning of the sensors in the bed 2 is preferably performed depending on the privileged direction of the reclined patient.

[0036] In other embodiments of the present invention other types of force or load sensors may be employed.

[0037] It will be evident to those skilled in the art that the invention is not limited to the details of the foregoing illustrative embodiments, and that the present invention may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential attributes thereof. The present embodiments are therefore to be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive, the scope of the invention being indicated by the appended claims rather than by the foregoing description, and all changes which come within the meaning and range of equivalency of the claims are therefore intended to be embraced therein. It will furthermore be evident that the word “comprising” does not exclude other elements or steps, that the words “a” or “an” do not exclude a plurality, and that a single element, such as a computer system or another unit may fulfil the functions of several means recited in the claims. Any reference signs in the claims shall not be construed as limiting the claim concerned.

REFERENCE NUMERALS

| | |
|--------|-------------------|
| [0038] | 1 System |
| [0039] | 2 bed |
| [0040] | 3 base frame |
| [0041] | 4 patient support |
| [0042] | 5 upside |
| [0043] | 6 wheel frame |
| [0044] | 7 wheel |
| [0045] | 8 bedpost |
| [0046] | 9 sensor unit |
| [0047] | 10 (free) |

| | | |
|--------|----|------------------------|
| [0048] | 11 | moveable area |
| [0049] | 12 | downward direction |
| [0050] | 13 | lateral direction |
| [0051] | 14 | lateral direction |
| [0052] | 15 | sender |
| [0053] | 16 | data device |
| [0054] | 17 | communication link |
| [0055] | 18 | acquisition unit |
| [0056] | 19 | data processing unit |
| [0057] | 20 | external receiver |
| [0058] | 21 | transmitter |
| [0059] | 22 | communication link |
| [0060] | 23 | LED monitor |
| [0061] | 24 | (free) |
| [0062] | 25 | strain gauge sensor |
| [0063] | 26 | protecting box |
| [0064] | 27 | upper connecting plate |
| [0065] | 28 | intermediate piece |
| [0066] | 29 | bottom side |
| [0067] | 30 | (free) |
| [0068] | 31 | slide |
| [0069] | 32 | connecting member |
| [0070] | 33 | rail element |
| [0071] | 34 | longitudinal axis |
| [0072] | 35 | front end |
| [0073] | 36 | piezo sensor |
| [0074] | 37 | lower connecting plate |
| [0075] | 38 | (free) |
| [0076] | 39 | U-leg |
| [0077] | 40 | U-leg |
| [0078] | 41 | spiral spring |
| [0079] | 42 | front end |
| [0080] | 43 | adjusting screw |

1. A system (1) for monitoring a number of different parameters of a patient in a bed (2), the system (1) comprising:

at least one first sensor device (25) adapted to measure a first force component acting in a first direction (12), said first force component corresponding to a first parameter of the patient,

at least one second sensor device (36) adapted to measure a second force component acting in a second direction (13, 14), said second force component corresponding to a second parameter of the patient, and

a data device (16) adapted to acquire the measured data from the at least one first sensor device (25) and the at least one second sensor device (36) and to process those data in order to provide information about the number of parameters of the patient.

2. The system (1) as claimed in claim 1, in which at least one joint sensor unit (9) is provided, said sensor unit (9) comprising the first sensor device (25) and the second sensor device (36).

3. The system (1) as claimed in claim 2, in which the bed (2) comprises a base frame (3) and a patient support (4), the

patient support (4) being connected to the base frame (3), and in which the sensor unit (9) is an inherent part of the base frame (3).

4. The system (1) as claimed in claim 3, in which the first or second sensor device (25, 36) is attached to the patient support (4) or to the base frame (3), the first or second sensor (25, 36) device being connected with a slide (31), and said slide (31) being moveably connected with respectively the second or first sensor device (36, 25), the second or first sensor device (36, 25) being attached to the base frame (3) or to the patient support (4) respectively.

5. The system (1) as claimed in claim 4, in which the slide's connection with the second or first sensor device (36, 25) is supported by a resilient element (41).

6. The system (1) as claimed in claim 1, in which the first sensor device (25) is adapted to measure a force component in a vertical direction (12).

7. The system (1) as claimed in claim 1, in which the first sensor device (25) comprises a strain gauge sensor.

8. The system (1) as claimed in claim 1, in which the second sensor device (36) is adapted to measure a force component in a horizontal direction (13, 14).

9. The system (1) as claimed in claim 1, in which the second sensor device (36) comprises a piezo sensor.

10. The system (1) as claimed in claim 1, in which the data device (16) is adapted to provide information about weight and/or respiration and/or heart rate.

11. A method of monitoring a number of different parameters of a patient in a bed (2), the method comprising the steps of:

measuring at least one first force component acting in a first direction (12), said first force component corresponding to a first parameter of the patient,

measuring at least one second force component acting in a second direction (13, 14), said second force component corresponding to a second parameter of the patient, and acquiring the measured data and processing those data in order to provide information about the number of parameters of the patient.

12. A computer program for monitoring a number of different parameters of a patient in a bed (2), the computer program comprising:

computer instructions to acquire measured data from at least one first sensor device (25) adapted to measure a first force component acting in a first direction (12), said first force component corresponding to a first parameter of the patient, and from at least one second sensor device (36) adapted to measure a second force component acting in a second direction (13, 14), said second force component corresponding to a second parameter of the patient, and

computer instructions to process those data in order to provide information about the number of parameters of the patient,

when the computer program is executed in a computer (19).

* * * * *

| | | | |
|----------------|--|---------|------------|
| 专利名称(译) | 用于监测床中患者的多个不同参数的系统 | | |
| 公开(公告)号 | US20080249378A1 | 公开(公告)日 | 2008-10-09 |
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| [标]申请(专利权)人(译) | 皇家飞利浦电子股份有限公司 | | |
| 申请(专利权)人(译) | 皇家飞利浦电子N.V. | | |
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| [标]发明人 | BRAUERS ANDREAS DORSCHIED RALF JOHNEN FRANK | | |
| 发明人 | BRAUERS, ANDREAS DORSCHIED, RALF JOHNEN, FRANK | | |
| IPC分类号 | A61B5/00 | | |
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| 优先权 | 2005109419 2005-10-11 EP | | |
| 其他公开文献 | US8123685 | | |
| 外部链接 | Espacenet USPTO | | |

摘要(译)

为了为床(2)中的患者的许多不同参数提供简单且可靠的监测技术,提供了系统(1),所述系统(1)包括:至少一个第一传感器装置(25)适于测量沿第一方向(12)作用的第一力分量,所述第一力分量对应于患者的第一参数,至少一个第二传感器装置(36)适于测量沿第二方向作用的第二力分量(13,14),所述第二力分量对应于患者的第二参数,以及数据装置(16),适于从所述至少一个第一传感器装置(25)和所述至少一个第二传感器获取测量数据设备(36)并处理这些数据以便提供关于患者参数数量的信息。

