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(54) **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DISPLAYING A HEART RATE SIGNAL**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A system and apparatus implementing a graphical user interface for displaying heart rate information is provided. The graphical user interface displays, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of a heart rate signal. The graphical user interface displays a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing. In a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, the graphical user interface displays a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing. In a specific implementation, the control includes a selection box having a transparent portion superposed upon the first viewing window. The portion of the first tracing viewable through the transparent portion corresponds to the second tracing. The control allows the user to displace and modify the size of the selection box to select a portion of the first tracing.

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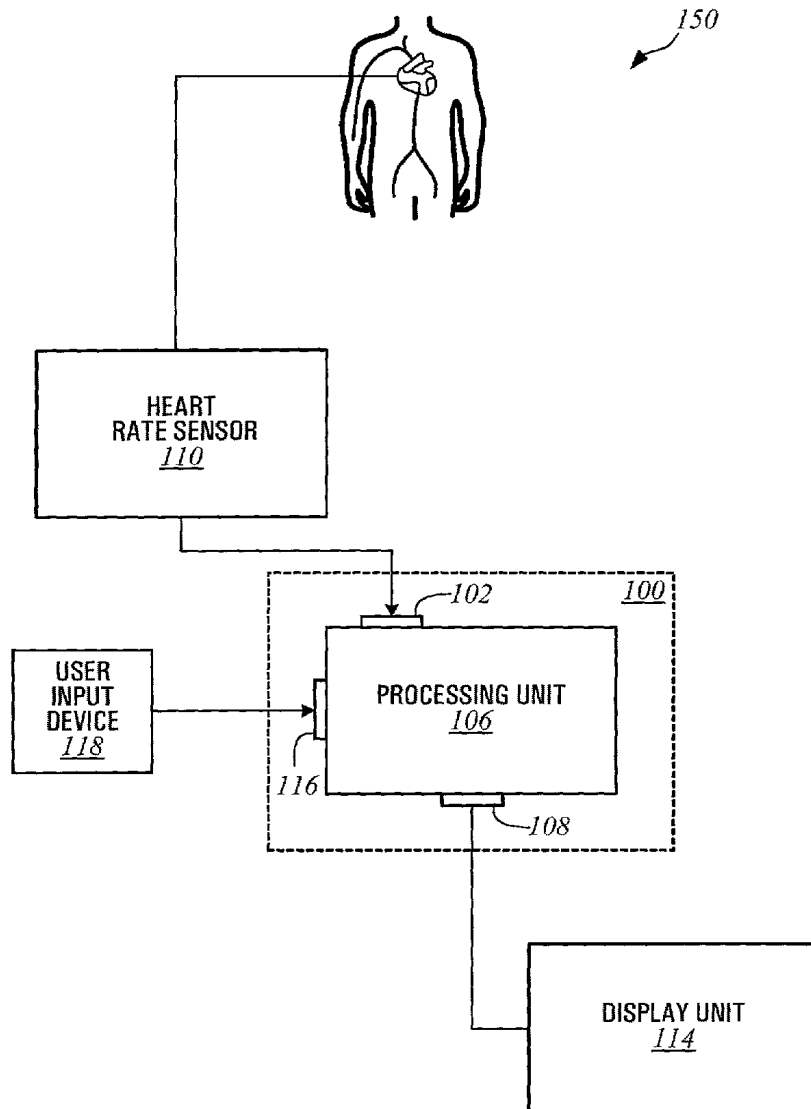
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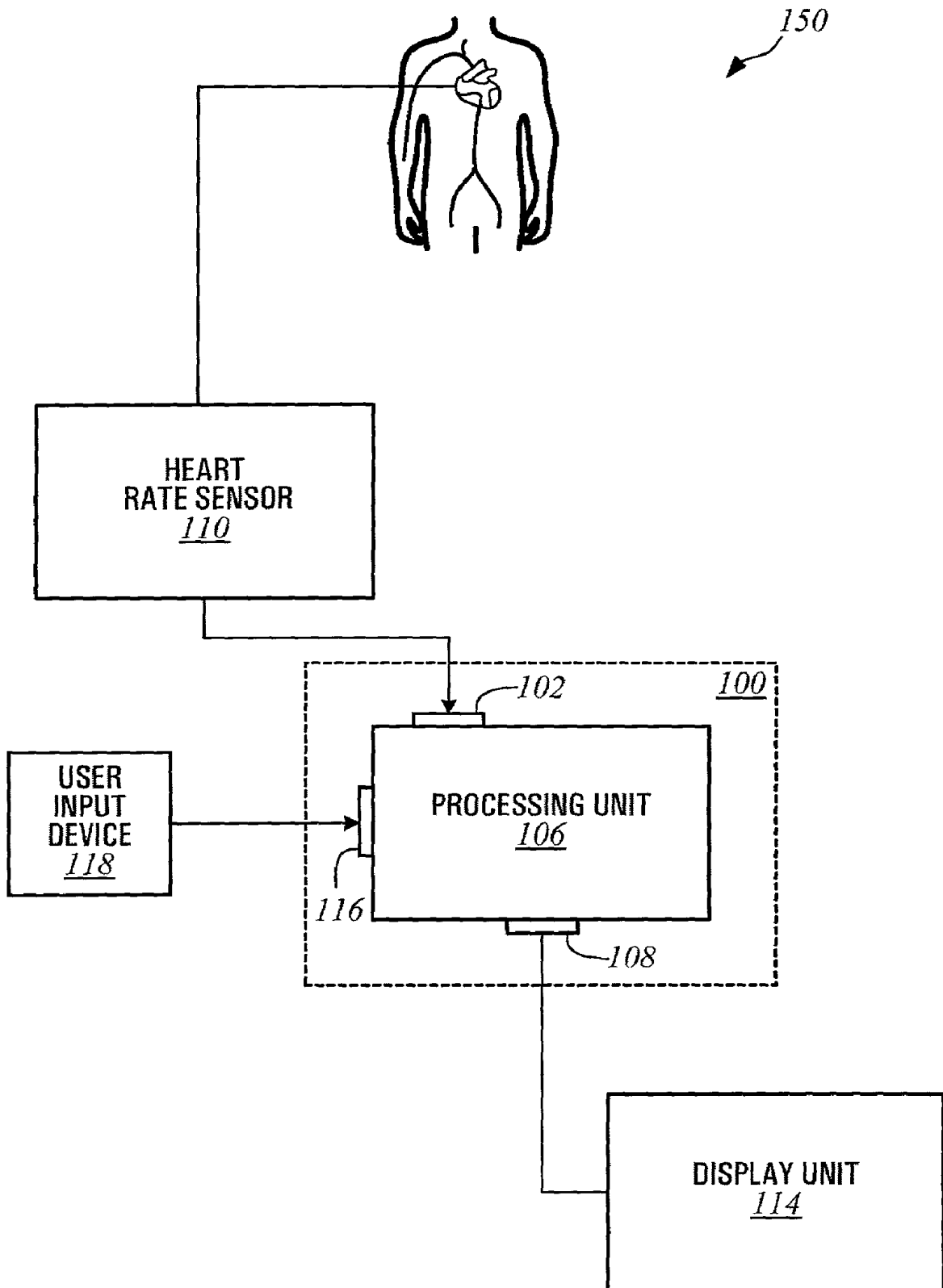


FIG. 1

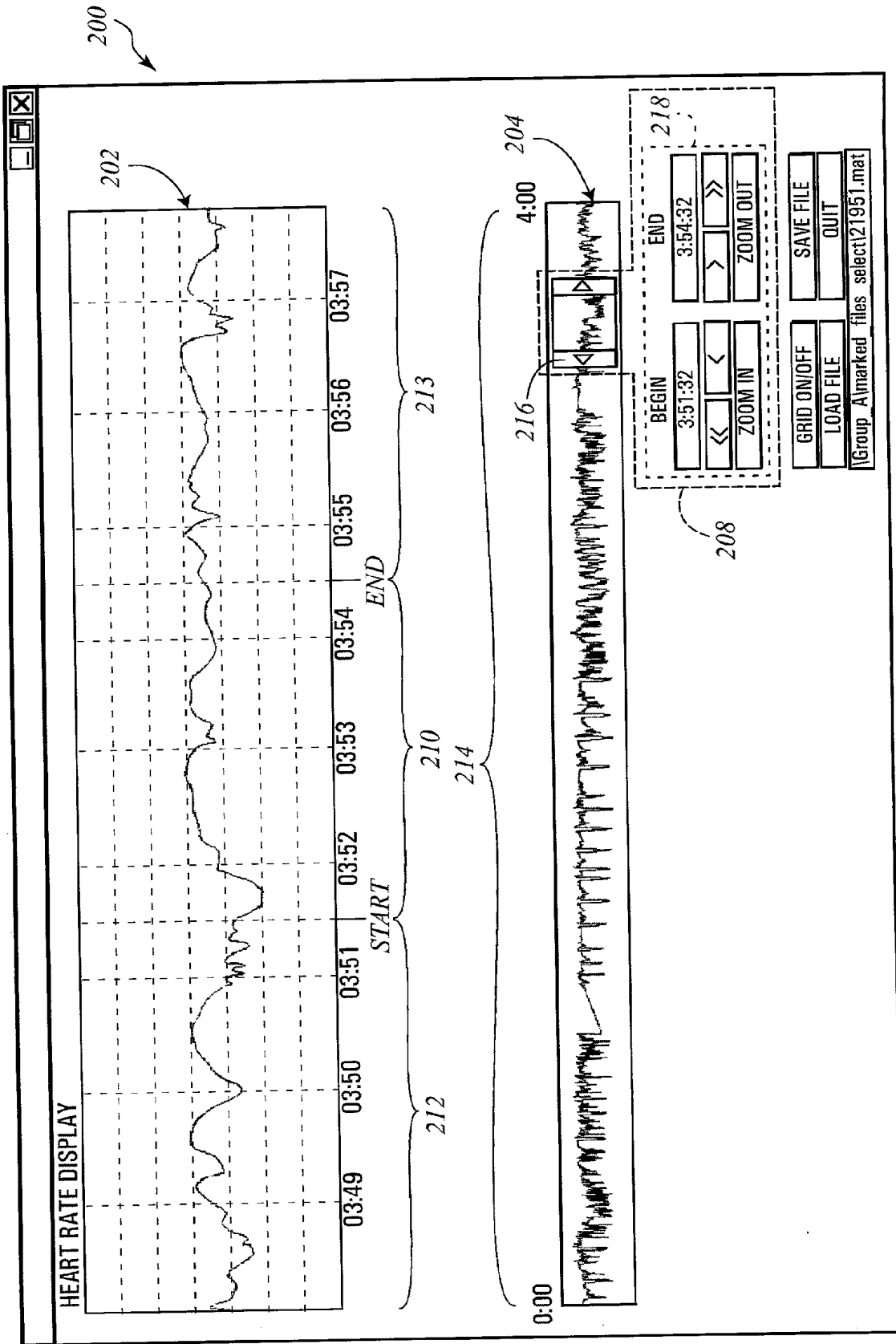


FIG. 2

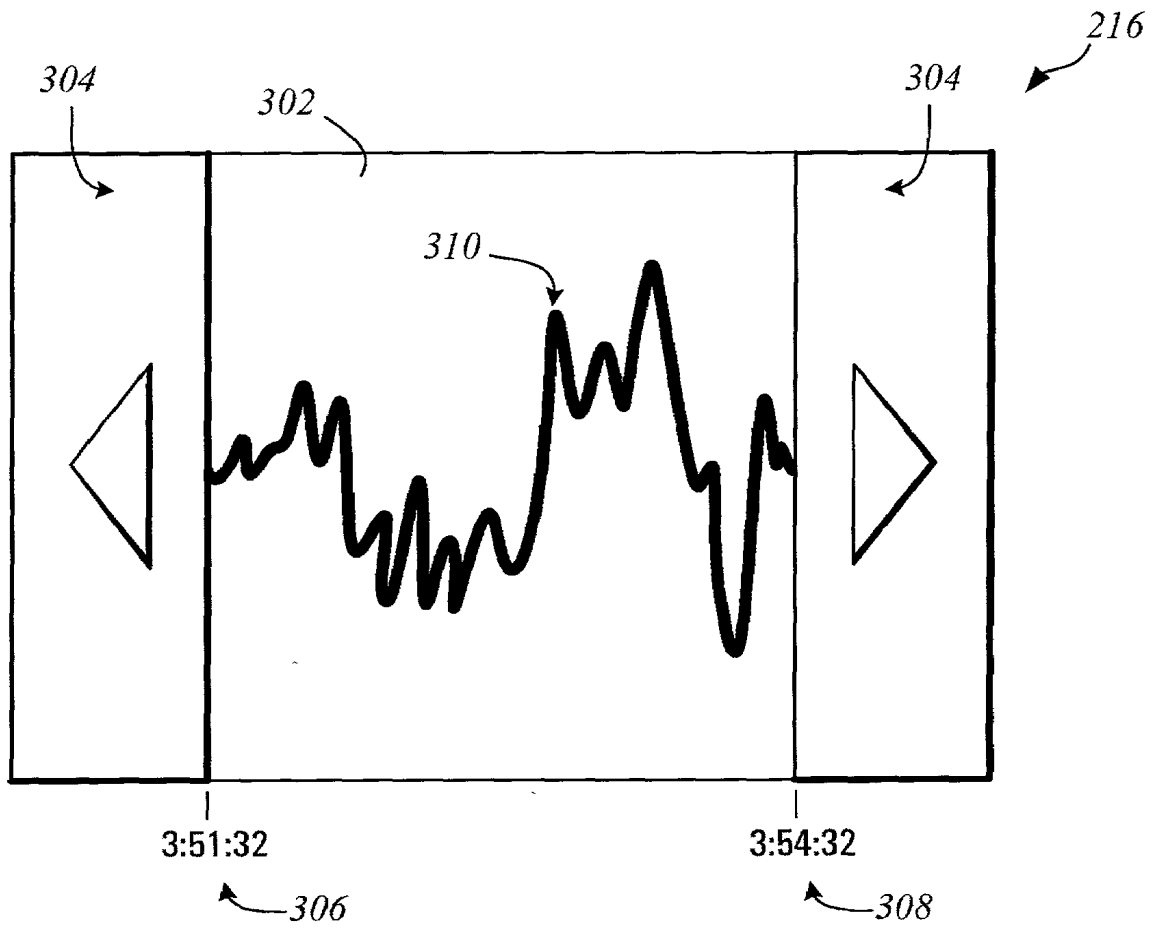


FIG. 3

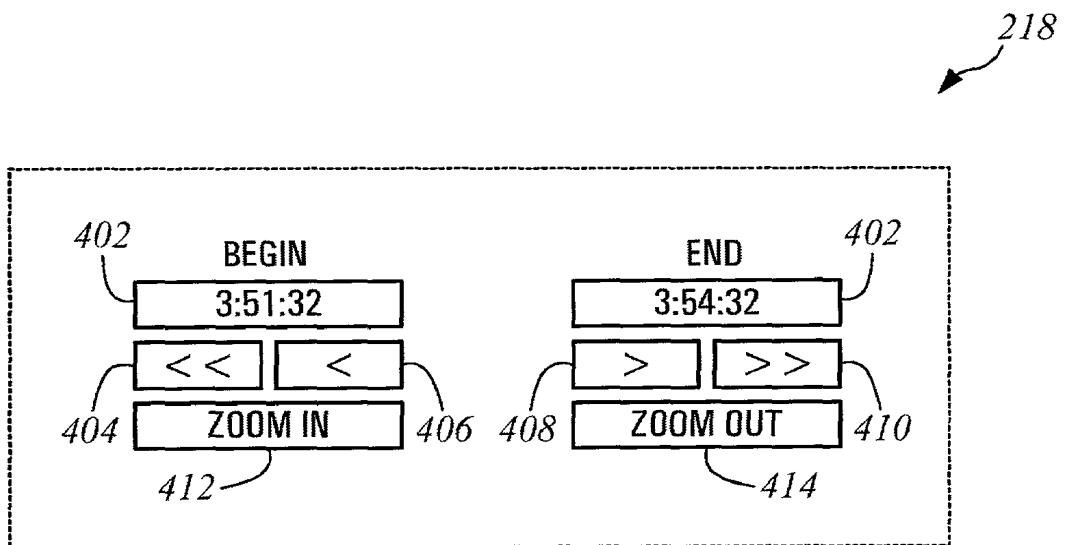


FIG. 4

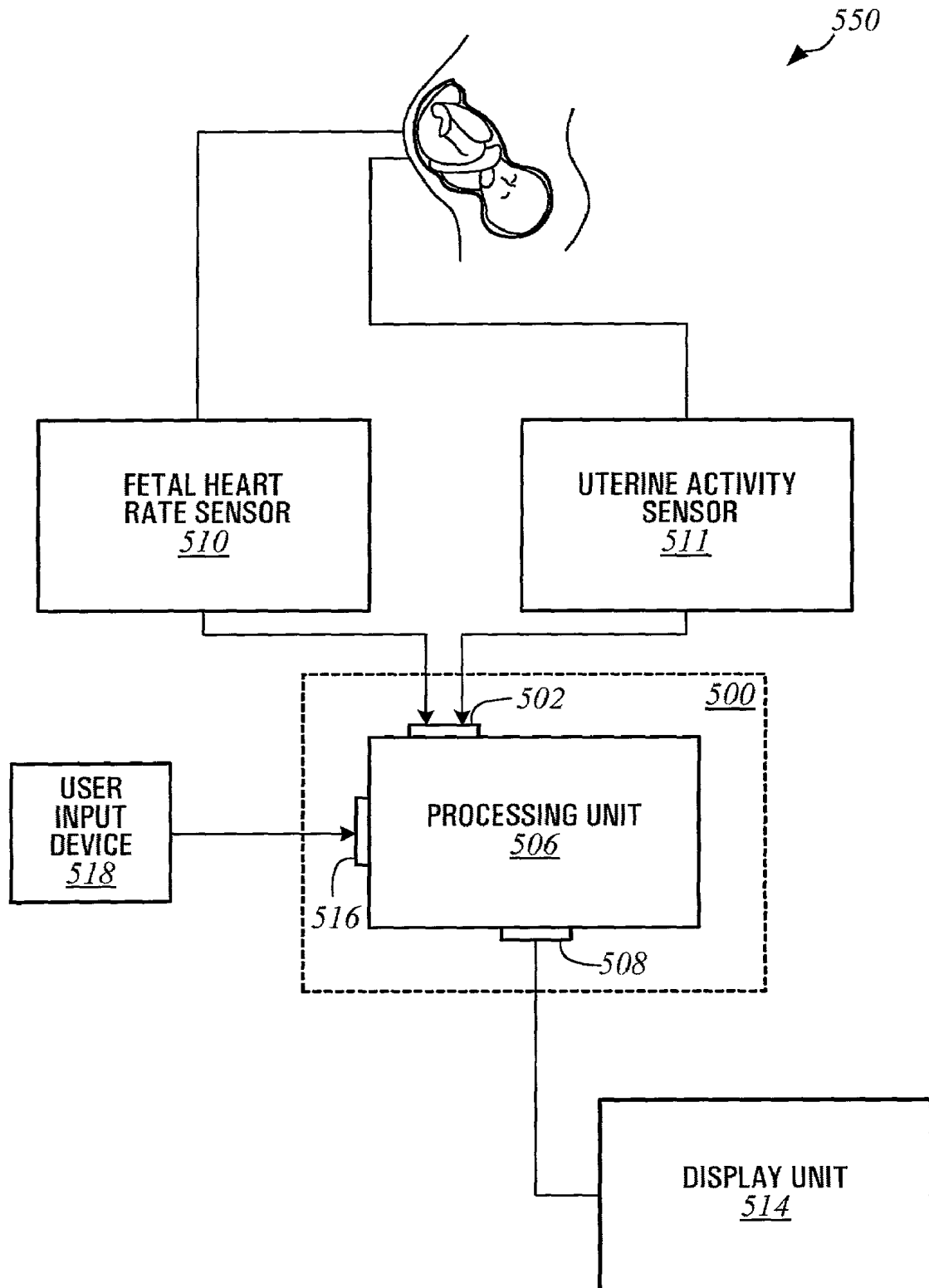


FIG. 5

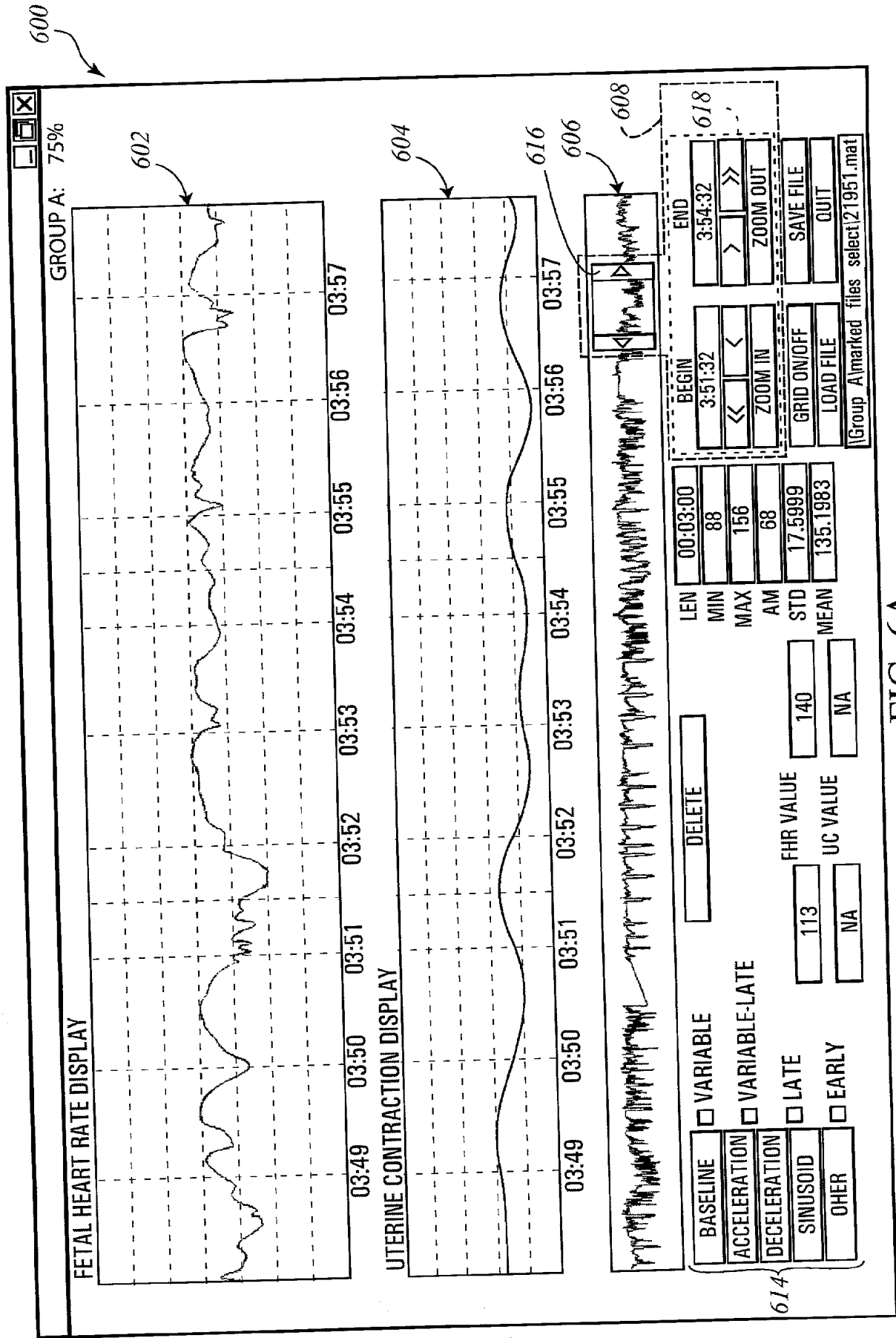


FIG. 6A

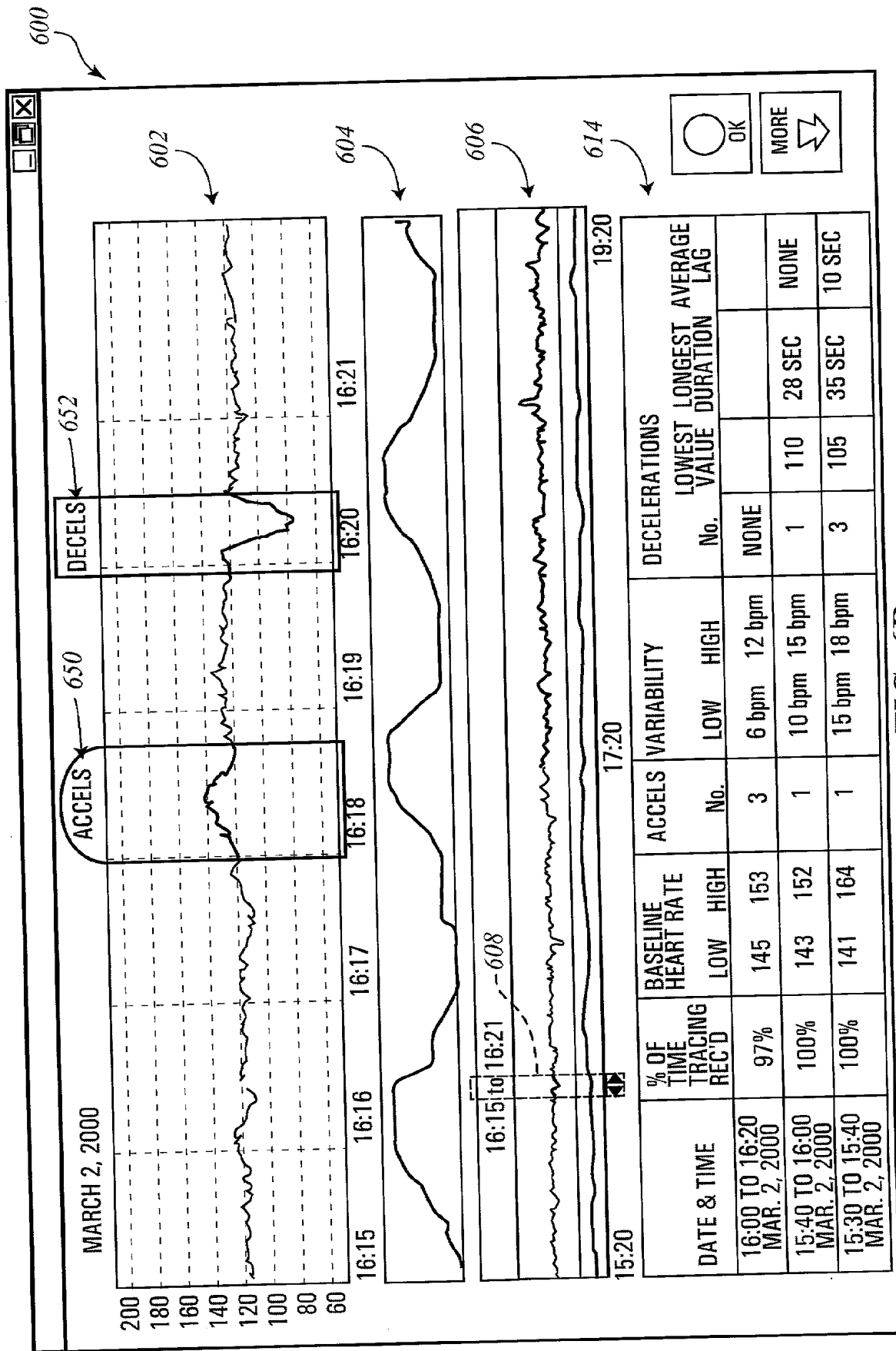


FIG. 6B

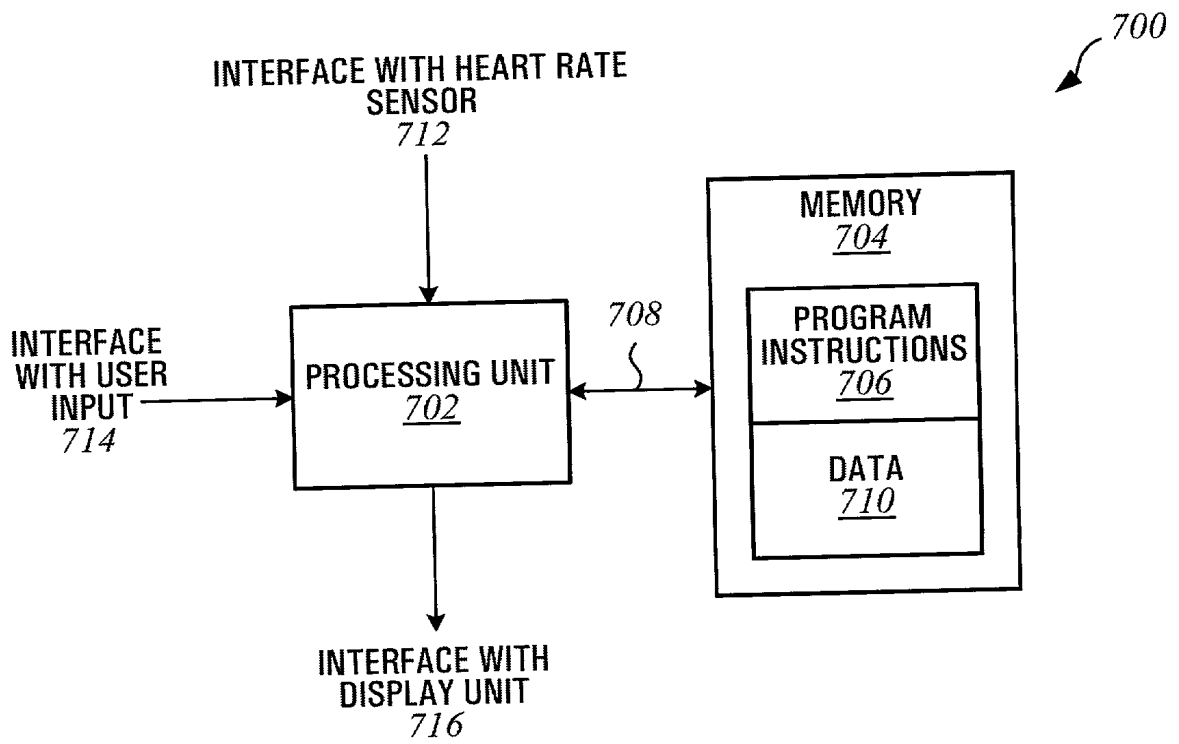


FIG. 7

360

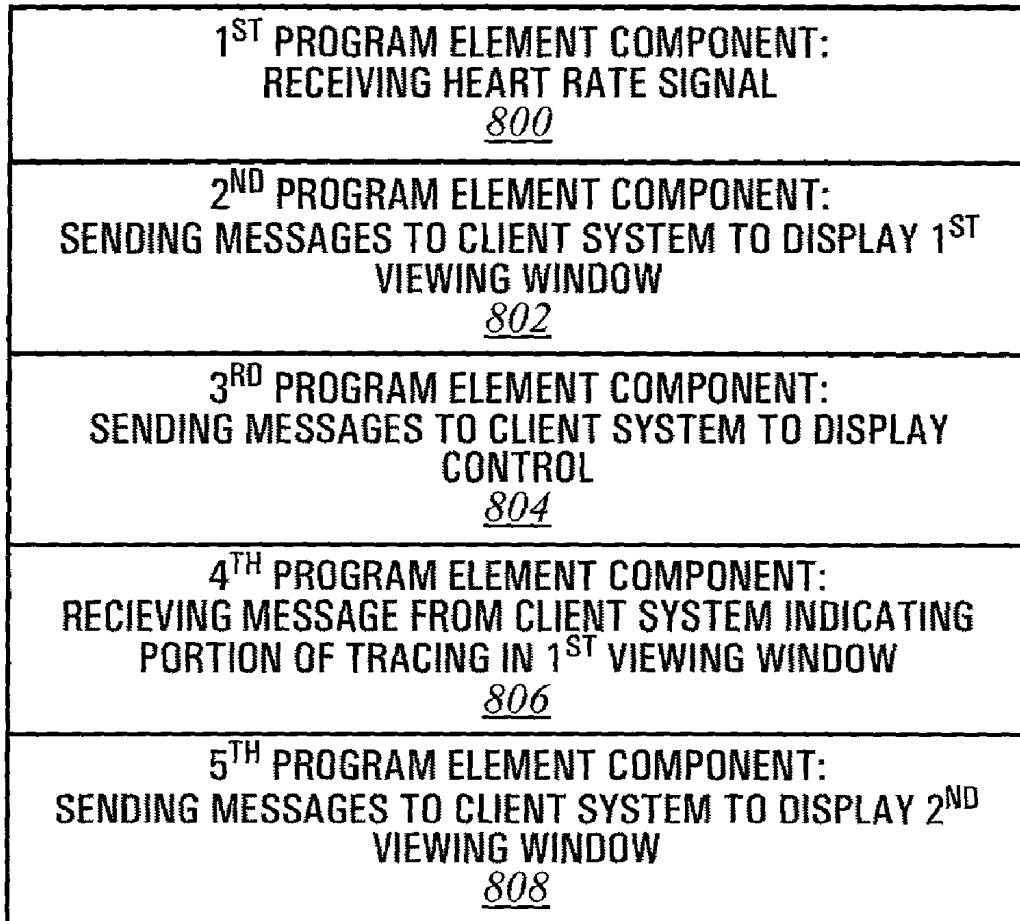


FIG. 8

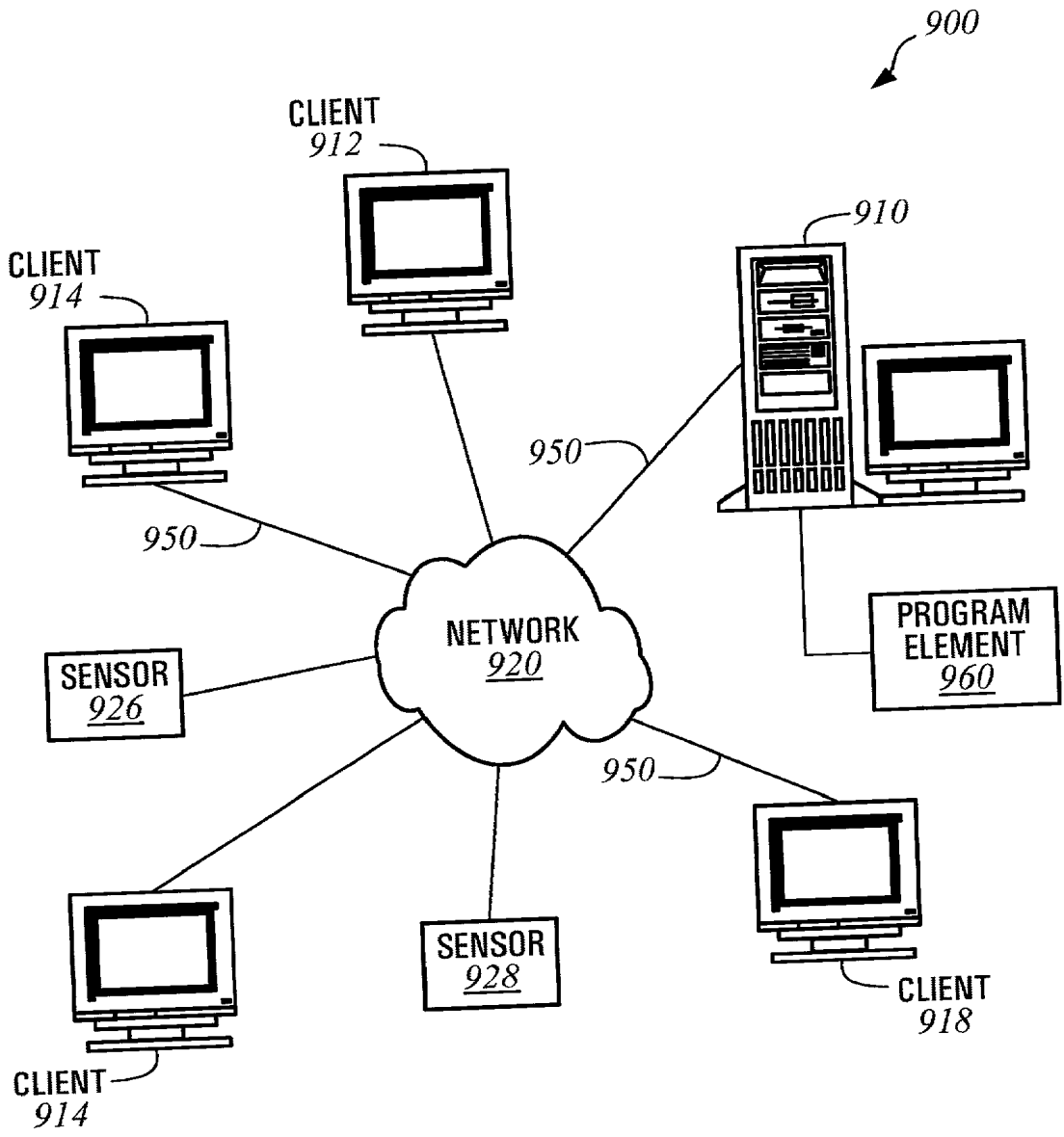


FIG. 9

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DISPLAYING A HEART RATE SIGNAL

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention relates generally to electronic heart rate monitoring and, more particularly, to a method and apparatus for displaying heart rate signals and heart rate signal characteristics. This invention is particularly application in the fields of heart rate monitoring and fetal heart rate monitoring.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] A commonly used method to evaluate patient well-being is analysis of the heart rate by using electronic heart monitors. These monitors measure the heart rate of the patient and produce a paper print out of the tracing over time. Alternatively, the tracings over the most recent period of time are displayed on video screen displays. In the case where the patient is a fetus in-utero, an electronic fetal monitor is used. These monitors measure both the fetal heart rate and the mother's uterine contraction pattern and provide either in the form of a paper print out or in the form of a display on a display screen the tracings associated to the fetal heart rate and the mother's uterine contraction pattern. The clinical staff use visual methods to study the tracings and from this deduce the degree of patient well being. Abnormal patterns can lead to interventions such as more diagnostic tests, drug treatment or surgical intervention.

[0003] A deficiency with the above-described heart monitors is that they do not provide suitable functionality for allowing the clinical staff to easily assess a heart rate signal. In many cases, the heart information is not communicated effectively and intuitively, which sometimes results in a potentially harmful heart rate condition to remain undetected by the clinical staff.

[0004] In the context of the above, there is a need in the industry to provide a method and device for displaying heart rate information that alleviates at least in part problems associated with the existing methods and devices.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] In accordance with a first broad aspect, the invention provides a computer readable storage medium storing a program element suitable for execution by a CPU where the program element implements a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information. The graphical user interface module displays, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of a heart rate signal. The graphical user interface module also displays a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. The graphical user interface module also displays, in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.

[0006] An advantage of the present invention is that it allows a user to view simultaneously compressed view of a heart rate trace and an expanded view, or zoomed-in view, of a selected portion of the compressed view. This allows the clinical staff to more easily assess a heart rate signal over the shortened period of time, shown in the second viewing window, while taking into account heart rate information observable over the lengthier period of time shown in the first viewing window.

[0007] In a specific implementation, the control includes a selection box having a transparent portion. The selection box is superposed upon the first viewing window such that a portion of the first tracing is viewable through the transparent portion of the selection box. The portion of the first tracing viewable through the transparent portion of the selection box corresponds to the selected portion of the first tracing displayed in the second viewing window.

[0008] Advantageously, the transparent portion of the selection box superposed on the view window allows a health care practitioner to readily view where the zoomed-in view displayed in the second viewing window is located with respect to the first tracing displayed in the first viewing window.

[0009] In accordance with a specific implementation, the control allows the user to displace the selection box along an axis associated with the first tracing in the first viewing window to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. The first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and the second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, where each of the first time segment and the second time segment have respective durations. The selection box includes handles allowing a user to modify the size of the selection box to select the duration of the second time segment.

[0010] In a non-limiting implementation, the duration of the first time segment is generally significantly longer than the duration of the second time segment. The first and second time segments may have any suitable duration for providing the health care practitioners with information regarding heart rate. Generally, the first time segment will be on a scale of quarter hours, half hours or hours, while the second time segment will be on a scale of minutes. In a specific example, the length of a nurse's shift is taken into account when setting the duration of the first time segment. In a first specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of four hours. In a second specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of eight hours. In a third specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of twelve hours. In a fourth specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of sixteen hours. The duration of the second time segment is typically of a sufficient duration to provide to the clinical staff some detailed meaningful information which is reflective of the condition of the patient. In a first specific implementation, the second time segment has a duration of about 10 minutes. In a second specific implementation, the second time segment has a duration of about 20 minutes. In a third specific implementation, the second time segment has a duration which is a multiple of 10 minutes. In a preferred specific non-limiting implementation, the first time segment has a duration of eight hours and the second time segment has a duration of about 10 minutes.

[0011] The control allows the user to displace the selection box and to modify the size of the selection box by using an input device such as a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen amongst others. Modifying the size of the selection box allows modifying the duration of the second time segment.

[0012] In a non-limiting implementation, the heart rate signal is a fetal heart rate signal. The graphical user interface

module is adapted for displaying in a third display window a third tracing indicative of a uterine contraction pattern. The third tracing is indicative of a uterine contraction pattern during the second time segment. Optionally, the graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in another display window including information indicative of fetal heart rate features. The fetal heart rate features may be displayed in a number of various ways including in textual and graphical formats.

[0013] In accordance with another broad aspect, the invention provides an apparatus for implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information of the type described above.

[0014] In accordance with another broad aspect, the invention provides a method for displaying heart rate information. A heart rate signal is received and a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal is displayed in a first viewing window. A control is provided allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. In a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing is displayed where the second tracing is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing. In a specific implementation, the control includes a selection box having a transparent portion. The selection box is superposed upon the first viewing window such that a portion of the first tracing is viewable through the transparent portion of the selection box. The portion of the first tracing viewable through the transparent portion of the selection box corresponds to the selected portion of the first tracing displayed in the second viewing window.

[0015] In accordance with another broad aspect, the invention provides an apparatus for displaying heart rate information in accordance with the above-described method.

[0016] In accordance with yet another broad aspect, the invention provides a computer readable medium including a program element suitable for execution by a computing apparatus for displaying heart rate information in accordance with the above described method.

[0017] In accordance with another broad aspect, the invention provides a fetal monitoring system. The system includes a sensor for receiving a signal indicative of a fetal heart rate. The system also includes an apparatus for implementing a user interface for displaying fetal heart rate information where the apparatus includes an input, a processing unit and an output. The input is for receiving the fetal heart rate signal from the sensor. The processing unit implements a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information. The graphical user interface module displays, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the fetal heart rate signal received at the input. The graphical user interface module also displays a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. In a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing is displayed. The output is for releasing a signal for causing a display unit to display the graphical user interface module. The system also includes a display unit coupled to the output of the apparatus. The display unit is responsive to the signal to display the graphical user interface module.

[0018] In accordance with yet another broad aspect, the invention provides a server system implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information. The server system stores a program element for execution by a CPU. The program element includes a plurality of program element components. A first program element component is for receiving a heart rate signal. A second program element component is for processing the heart rate signal to display, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal. A third program element component is for displaying a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. A fourth program element component is for displaying, in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.

[0019] In accordance with yet another broad aspect, the invention provides a client-server system for implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information. The system includes a client system and a server system operative to exchange messages with one another over a data network. The client-server system includes a first program element component executed on the server system for receiving a heart rate signal. The client-server system also includes a second program element component executed on the server system for sending messages to the client system for causing the latter to display in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal. The client-server system also includes a third program element component executed on the server system for sending messages to the client system for causing the latter to display a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. The client-server system also includes a fourth program element component executed on the server system for receiving a message from the client system indicative of a selected portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. The client-server system also includes a fifth program element component executed on the server system for sending messages to the client system for causing the client system to display, in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.

[0020] In a specific implementation, the client-server system includes a plurality of client systems operative to exchange messages with the server system over a data network. The data network may be of any suitable network configuration including Intranets and the Internet.

[0021] In accordance with another broad aspect, the invention provides an apparatus for implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information. The apparatus includes means for receiving a heart rate signal, means for implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information and means for releasing a signal for causing a display unit to display the graphical user interface module. The graphical user interface module displays, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal. The graphical user interface displays a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window. The graphical user interface also displays, in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.

[0022] These and other aspects and features of the present invention will now become apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art upon review of the following description of specific embodiments of the invention in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0023] In the accompanying drawings:

[0024] **FIG. 1** shows a high-level functional block diagram of a system for providing heart rate information in accordance with a specific example of implementation of the present invention;

[0025] **FIG. 2** shows a specific example of implementation of a graphical user interface implemented by the system shown in **FIG. 1** for providing heart rate information in accordance with a non-limiting example of implementation of the invention;

[0026] **FIG. 3** shows a simplified block diagram of a selection box part of a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window in accordance with a non-limiting example of implementation of the invention;

[0027] **FIG. 4** shows a simplified block diagram of a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window in accordance with a non-limiting example of implementation of the invention;

[0028] **FIG. 5** is a functional block diagram of a fetal monitoring system for providing fetal heart rate information in accordance with a specific example of implementation of the present invention;

[0029] **FIG. 6a** shows a specific example of implementation of a graphical user interface implemented by the system shown in **FIG. 5** for providing fetal heart rate information in accordance with a non-limiting example of implementation of the invention;

[0030] **FIG. 6b** shows a specific non-limiting preferred implementation of a graphical user interface implemented by the system shown in **FIG. 5** for providing fetal heart rate information in accordance with a second non-limiting example of implementation of the invention;

[0031] **FIG. 7** is a block diagram of an apparatus for providing heart rate information in accordance with a specific example of implementation of the present invention;

[0032] **FIG. 8** is a high level conceptual block diagram of a program element for implementing a graphical user interface of the type shown in either one of **FIGS. 2, 6a** and **6b** in accordance with a specific example of implementation of the present invention;

[0033] **FIG. 9** shows a functional block diagram of a client-server system for providing heart rate information in accordance with an alternative specific non-limiting example of implementation of the present invention.

[0034] Other aspects and features of the present invention will become apparent to those ordinarily skilled in the art upon review of the following description of specific embodiments of the invention in conjunction with the accompanying figures.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0035] With reference to **FIG. 1**, there is shown a configuration of a heart rate monitoring system **150** comprising a heart rate sensor **110**, a user input device **118**, an apparatus **100** implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information and a display unit **114**.

[0036] The user input device **118** is for receiving data from a user of the system. The user input device **118** includes any one or a combination of the following: keyboard, pointing device, touch sensitive surface or speech recognition unit.

[0037] The heart rate sensor **110** samples a heart rate at a certain pre-determined frequency to generate a signal indicative of the heart rate. Heart rate sensors are well known in the art to which this invention pertains and any suitable sensor for detecting a heart rate may be used without detracting from the spirit of the invention and as such will not be described further here.

[0038] The display unit **114** is coupled to the apparatus **100** and receives a signal causing the display unit **114** to display a graphical user interface module implemented by apparatus **100**. The display unit **114** may be in the form of a display screen, a printer or any other suitable device for conveying to the physician or other health care professional the data indicative of heart rate signal. In a non-limiting implementation, the display unit **114** includes a display monitor to display the graphical user interface. The display unit **114** may also include a printer device for providing a paper print out of the graphical user interface implemented by apparatus **100**.

[0039] The apparatus **100** includes a first input **102**, a second input **116**, a processing unit **106** and an output **108**. The first input **102** is for receiving a heart rate signal from the heart rate sensor **110**. The second input **116** is for receiving data from a user through input device **118**. The processing unit **106** implements a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information. The output **108** is for releasing a signal for causing display unit **114** to display the graphical user interface module implemented by processing unit **106**. The graphical user interface module implemented by apparatus **100** is described in greater detail herein below.

[0040] With reference to **FIG. 2**, a specific example of a graphical user interface module **200** is shown including a first viewing window **204**, a second viewing window **202** and a control **208**.

[0041] In the first viewing window **204**, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal is displayed. In the second viewing window **202**, which is displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window **204**, a second tracing **210**, which is a zoomed in view of a selected portion of the first tracing, is displayed.

[0042] The first tracing is indicative of the heart rate signal over a first time segment **214** and the second tracing is indicative of the heart rate signal over a second time segment **210**. The duration of the first time segment **214** is longer than the duration of the second time segment **210**. The first time segment **214** and segment time segment **210** may have any suitable duration for providing the health care practitioners with information regarding heart rate. Generally, the first

time segment **214** will be on a scale of quarter hours, half hours or hours, while the second time segment **210** will be on a scale of minutes.

[0043] In a specific example, the length of a nurse's shift is taken into account when setting the duration of the first time segment. In a first specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of four hours. In a second specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of eight hours. In a third specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of twelve hours. In a fourth specific implementation, the first time segment has a duration of sixteen hours.

[0044] The duration of the second time segment is typically of a sufficient length to provide to the clinical staff some meaningful information which is reflective of the condition of the patient. In a first specific implementation, the second time segment has a duration of about 10 minutes. In a second specific implementation, the second time segment has a duration of about 20 minutes. In a third specific implementation, the second time segment has a duration which is a multiple of 10 minutes. In a preferred specific non-limiting implementation, the first time segment has a duration of eight hours and the second time segment has a duration of about 10 minutes. In the example shown in FIG. 2, the first time segment **214** has a duration of four (4) hours and the second time segment **210** has a duration of three minutes.

[0045] Generally, the first tracing will show the heart rate tracing over the most recent time segment, however, it will be readily appreciated that the first tracing may show a time period prior to the most recent time segment without detracting from the spirit of the invention. In addition, the duration of the first time segment **214** may be a configurable parameter such as to allow the system administrator or, alternatively, the user to select the duration of the first time segment **214** to be displayed in the first viewing window **204**. Such functionality may be provided to the user through buttons, text boxes, handles or other suitable means on the user interface. The user may provide his selection through the user input device **118** which may be any one or a combination of the following: keyboard, pointing device, touch sensitive surface or speech recognition unit.

[0046] Optionally, shown in FIG. 2, in the second viewing window **202**, tracings extending beyond the second time segments **210** are also displayed. In the figure, a tracing over time segment **212** extending about 3:30 minutes prior to the beginning of the second time segment **210** and a tracing over time segment **213** extending about 3:30 minutes subsequent to the end of the second time segment **210** are displayed in the second viewing window **202**. It is to be understood that omitting to display tracings prior to and subsequent to the second time segment **210** does not detract from the spirit of the invention.

[0047] The control **208** allows a user to select the portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window **204** for display in the second viewing window **202**. The control **208** may provide the user with a prompt to select the portion of the first tracing. The prompting can be active or passive. In the case of a passive prompting the user is presented with a control where information can be entered through the user input device **118** (shown in FIG. 1). The active prompting includes, in addition to just presenting the control **208** where

the information can be entered, the performance of some other action positively urging the user to supply the information. One example is to present a dialog box with a message to draw the attention of the user, playing an audible message, among many others. The user supplies the selected portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window **204** for display in the second viewing window **202** through the user input device **118**.

[0048] The control **208** may be of any suitable form for allowing the user to select a portion of the first tracing.

[0049] In a specific example of implementation, the control **208** includes a selection box **216** for allowing the user to select the portion of the first tracing. The selection box **216** is superposed upon the first viewing window **204**. The selection box **216** is shown in greater detail in FIG. 3 of the drawings. In the example shown in FIG. 3, the selection box **216** has a transparent portion **302**. The selection box **216** is superposed upon the first viewing window **204** (shown in FIG. 2) such that a portion **310** of the first tracing is viewable through the transparent portion **302** of the selection box **216**. The portion **310** of the first tracing viewable through the transparent portion **302** of the selection box **216** corresponds to the selected portion of the first tracing displayed in the second viewing window **202** (shown in FIG. 2).

[0050] The selection box **216** can be displaced along the axis of the first tracing in the first viewing window **204** to select a desired portion of the first tracing by modifying the portion of the first tracing viewable through the transparent portion **302** of the selection box **216**.

[0051] Optionally, the user can modify the size of the selection box **216** to select the duration of the second time segment. In this variant, the size of the transparent portion **302** changes to display various durations of the portion of the first tracing. In a non-limiting implementation, the selection box **216** includes handles **304** allowing a user to modify the size of the selection box **216** by using user input device **118** to "stretch" or "compress" the size of the selection box **216** in a desired direction.

[0052] The user can displace the selection box **216** through the user input device **118**. Many different manners of displacing the selection box to the desired location in the first viewing window may be used.

[0053] Optionally, the control **208** also includes one or more input facilitators **218** for allowing the user to displace and/or modify the size of the selection box **216**. These are shown in greater detail in FIG. 4 of the drawings.

[0054] Advantageously, these input facilitators allow positioning the selection box **216** over the first viewing window **204** with greater accuracy than by manipulating the selection box **216** directly through the use of a pointing device for example.

[0055] Input facilitators **218** in the form of editable text boxes **402**, are provided allowing the user to input via user input device **118** the beginning time and end time of the desired selection the portion of the first tracing to be displayed in the second viewing window. When the user modifies the content of the editable text boxes **402**, the position and potentially the size of the selection box **216** is modified in a corresponding fashion. Similarly, when the

selection box **216** is displaced or its size is modified, the beginning time and end time appearing in the editable text boxes **402** is adjusted to correspond to the position of the selection box **216** in the first display window **204**.

[0056] Optionally, in a first example, time increment controls **40406408410** are provided for displacing the selection box in the first viewing window. The increment control **406** displaces the selection box **216** to the left in increments of a first size while increment control **404** displaces the selection box to the left in increments of a second size. Similarly, the increment control **408** displaces the selection box to the right in increments of a first size while increment control **410** displaces the selection box to the right in increments of a second size. The increments of the second size are longer than the increments of the first size.

[0057] In a second example, time increment controls **412414** are provided for modifying the size of the selection box **216**. The increment controls **412414** modify the size of the selection box **216** and therefore the degree of zooming applied to the first tracing in the first viewing window. The "zoom-in" button **412** decreases the size of the selection box **216** such that a shorter portion of the tracing appearing the first viewing window **202** is displayed in the second viewing window **204**. The "zoom-out" button **414** increases the size of the selection box **216** such that a longer portion of the tracing appearing the first viewing window **202** is displayed in the second viewing window **204**.

[0058] It will be readily apparent to the person skilled in the art, in light of the above description, that other forms of input facilitators **218** may be used without detracting from the spirit of the invention.

[0059] In a preferred non-limiting implementation, the second tracing is displayed such that the aspect ratio of the vertical axis (fetal heart rate value) and the horizontal axis (time) is preserved.

[0060] Advantageously, this allows users to quickly assess the heart rate information displayed in second window **202** without being misled by unfamiliar or changing degrees of compression or stretching of either axis. Typically, the aspect ratio is established by the institution in which the heart rate monitor is used. In a non-limiting implementation, American and International standards for heart rate displays may be used. Maintaining the aspect ratio is also particularly advantageous where the tracings are displayed on a paper printout. In such cases, the scaling of the vertical axis (fetal heart rate value) and the horizontal axis (time) is limited to a number of fixed values to facilitate the assessment of the heart rate information printed on the paper print out. The x-axis is typically in scales of 1, 2 or 3 cm per minute

[0061] In a preferred non-limiting implementation, certain input facilitators **218** of control **208** may have reduced functionality such as to limit the number of possible scales that can be displayed. For instance the input facilitators **218** in the form of editable text boxes **402** may allow the user to input via user input device **118** the beginning time or end time of the desired selection the portion of the first tracing. The unspecified beginning time or end time is automatically set by the system to preserve the desired aspect ratio. Similarly, the selection box **216** may be adapted to adopt only pre-selected dimensions to preserve the desired aspect ratio.

[0062] In the preferred implementation the moveable window selects a 10-minute segment of the tracing which is displayed in a fashion in the second segment so that the standard North American aspect ratio is maintained. In this standard, on paper the y-axis displays the heart rate in beats per minute (bpm) where the lower limit on the graph is 30 bpm and the upper limits is 240 bpm. The scale of the y-axis is 1 cm=30 bpm. The x-axis measures time on a scale where 1 cm=20 seconds.

[0063] Alternatively, the size of the second viewing window may be modified according to the selection portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window **204** such as such as to preserve the desired aspect ratio.

[0064] Fetal Heart Rate Monitoring System

[0065] In accordance with an alternative embodiment, described with reference to **FIG. 5** of the drawings, there is shown a configuration of a fetal heart rate monitoring system **550** comprising a fetal heart rate sensor **510**, a uterine activity sensor **511**, a user input device **518**, an apparatus **500** implementing a user interface for displaying fetal heart rate information and a display unit **514**.

[0066] The user input device **518** is analogous to user input device **118** (shown in **FIG. 1**) and is for receiving data from a user of the system. The user input device **518** includes any one or a combination of the following: keyboard, pointing device, touch sensitive surface or speech recognition unit.

[0067] The fetal heart rate sensor **510** is for detecting a fetal heart rate of a fetus in-utero, also referred to as a fetus in the womb. The fetal heart rate sensor **510** samples the fetal heart rate at a certain predetermined frequency to generate the signal indicative of the fetal heart rate. Fetal heart rate sensors are well known in the art to which this invention pertains and any suitable sensor for detecting a fetal heart rate may be used without detracting from the spirit of the invention and as such will not be described further here.

[0068] In a non-limiting implementation, the fetal monitoring system **550** includes a sensor **511** for monitoring uterine activity (TOCO). The sensor samples the contraction pattern at a certain pre-determined frequency to generate the signal indicative of uterine activity. Sensors for monitoring uterine activity are well known in the art to which this invention pertains and any suitable sensor may be used without detracting from the spirit of the invention and as such will not be described further here.

[0069] Optionally, the fetal monitoring system **550** may include other sensors (not shown) for measuring labour progress and the fetus' tolerance to labour. Such sensors may include for example:

[0070] a sensor for measuring the maternal oxygen saturation

[0071] a sensor for measuring the foetal oxygen saturation

[0072] a sensor for measuring maternal blood pressure

[0073] In a non-limiting example of implementation, the sensors for measuring the oxygen saturation emit and absorb infrared light of 2 different wavelengths. The light of these

two wavelengths is absorbed differently by oxygenated and deoxygenated hemoglobin. By calculating the ratio of emitted to absorbed lights, the percentage of hemoglobin which is carrying oxygen can be determined. Because of the different specific chemical structure of fetal and adult hemoglobin, different pairs of wavelengths are used in the sensors for determining oxygen saturation of the mother and for the fetus. Suitable sensors other than the ones described above may be used without detracting from the spirit of the invention.

[0074] The display unit **514** is coupled to the apparatus **500** and receives a signal causing the display unit **514** to display a graphical user interface module implemented by apparatus **500**. The display unit **514** may be in the form of a display screen, a printer or any other suitable device for conveying to the physician or other health care professional the data indicative of heart rate signal. In a non-limiting implementation, the display unit **514** includes a display monitor to display the graphical user interface. The display unit may also include a printer device for providing a paper print out of the graphical user interface implemented by apparatus **500**.

[0075] The apparatus **500** includes a first input **502**, a second input **516**, a processing unit **506** and an output **508**. The first input **502** is for receiving a fetal heart rate signal from the fetal heart rate sensor **510** and the uterine activity signal from the uterine activity sensor **511**. The second input **516** is for receiving data from a user through input device **518**. The processing unit **506** processes the foetal heart rate signal received at input **502** and implements a graphical user interface module for displaying fetal heart rate information. Optionally, the processing unit **506** processes the uterine activity signal received at input **502** and the graphical user interface module also displays uterine activity information. The output **508** is for releasing a signal for causing display unit **514** to display the graphical user interface module implemented by processing unit **506**. The graphical user interface module implemented by apparatus **500** is described in greater detail herein below.

[0076] With reference to **FIGS. 6a** and **6b**, a specific example of a graphical user interface module **600** is shown including a first viewing window **606**, a second viewing window **602**, a third viewing window **604** and a control **608**.

[0077] In the first viewing window **606**, a first tracing indicative of the fetal heart rate signal is displayed. In the second viewing window **602**, which is displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window **606**, a second tracing, which is a zoomed in view of a selected portion of the first tracing, is displayed. The control **608** may be of any suitable form for allowing the user to select a portion of the first tracing. The first viewing window **606**, the second viewing window **602** and the control **608** are analogous to the first viewing window **204**, the second viewing window **202** and the control **208** described in connection with **FIG. 2** of the drawings and essentially have similar functionality. Similarly, in a specific example, the control **608** includes a selection box **616** and input facilitators **618** analogous to selection box **216** and input facilitators **218** described in connection with **FIG. 2**.

[0078] In the third viewing window **604**, which is displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window **606** and the second viewing window **602**, a third tracing indica-

tive of a uterine contraction pattern is displayed. The third tracing is indicative of a uterine contraction pattern, also referred to as TOCO tracing, during the same time segment as the second tracing in the second viewing window **602**.

[0079] When the user through the control **608** selects a portion of the first tracing for display in the second viewing window **602**, the corresponding segment of the uterine contraction pattern is displayed in the third viewing window **604**.

[0080] Optionally, the graphical user interface module **600** also displays in a fourth viewing window (not shown) a fourth tracing indicative of a uterine contraction, during the same time segment as the first tracing in the first viewing window **606**. The fourth viewing window may be displayed simultaneously with the other windows **602604606** on the display screen or may be made available upon request by the user by providing functionality to the user to show or hide the fourth viewing window.

[0081] As yet another option, the graphical user interface module **600** also displays information indicative of fetal heart rate features **614**. Such information may be depicted in textual format, graphical format or any other suitable format for allowing the health care professionals to readily have access to the information.

[0082] As yet another option, where the fetal monitoring system **550** includes other sensors for measuring labour progress and the fetus' tolerance to labour, additional viewing windows showing tracings of the other measurements may also be provided by the graphical user interface module **600**. Such tracings may be shown during the same time segment as the second tracing in the second viewing window **602** as well as during the same time segment as the first tracing in the first viewing window **606**. The additional viewing windows may be displayed simultaneously with the other windows on the display screen or may be made available upon request by the user by providing functionality to the user to show or hide the additional viewing windows. In a non-limiting implementation, the tracings associated to the measure of the maternal oxygen saturation, the measure of foetal oxygen saturation and the measure of maternal blood pressure are shown in the first viewing window **606** and the second viewing window **602**. Distinct display colours may be used to differentiate between the different tracings.

[0083] As yet another option, identifiers **650652** (shown in **FIG. 6b**) denoting accelerations and decelerations in the fetal heart rate are displayed in the second viewing window **602**. In **FIG. 6b**, the identifiers **650652** are in the form of tabs denoting the location of the accelerations and decelerations. Other identifiers may be used without detracting from the spirit of the invention. Advantageously, these identifiers allow the clinical team to quickly identify the presence and location of acceleration and deceleration events. In a non-limiting implementation, the user is enabled to select one of the identifiers **650652** to obtain details regarding the selected acceleration or deceleration event. Such information may include for example duration, area, and amplitude, minimum and maximum value, and the time delay from an associated contraction. The user may provide his selection through the user-input device **118**, which may be any one or a combination of the following: keyboard, pointing device, touch sensitive surface or speech recognition unit. In the example

depicted in **FIG. 6b**, the user selects a desired acceleration/deceleration by using a pointing device or touch sensitive screen to select a tab associated to the desired acceleration/deceleration.

[0084] Specific Physical Implementation

[0085] Those skilled in the art should appreciate that in some embodiments of the invention, all or part of the functionality previously described herein with respect to the apparatus implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information may be implemented as pre-programmed hardware or firmware elements (e.g., application specific integrated circuits (ASICs), electrically erasable programmable read-only memories (EEPROMs), etc.), or other related components.

[0086] In other embodiments of the invention, all or part of the functionality previously described herein with respect to the apparatus for implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information may be implemented as software consisting of a series of instructions for execution by a computing unit. The series of instructions could be stored on a medium which is fixed, tangible and readable directly by the computing unit, (e.g., removable diskette, CD-ROM, ROM, PROM, EPROM or fixed disk), or the instructions could be stored remotely but transmittable to the computing unit via a modem or other interface device (e.g., a communications adapter) connected to a network over a transmission medium. The transmission medium may be either a tangible medium (e.g., optical or analog communications lines) or a medium implemented using wireless techniques (e.g., microwave, infrared or other transmission schemes).

[0087] The apparatus implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information may be configured as a computing unit of the type depicted in **FIG. 7**, including a processing unit **702** and a memory **704** connected by a communication bus **708**. The memory **704** includes data **710** and program instructions **706**. The processing unit **702** is adapted to process the data **710** and the program instructions **706** in order to implement the functional blocks described in the specification and depicted in the drawings. In a non-limiting implementation, the program instructions **706** implement the functionality of either one of processing unit **106** or **506** described above. The computing unit **702** may also comprise a number of interfaces **712714716** for receiving or sending data elements to external devices. For example, interface **712** is used for receiving data streams indicative of a heart rate signal and interface **714** is used for receiving a control signal from the user indicating the selected portion of the heart rate tracing to be displayed in the second viewing window. When the apparatus is used in the context of a fetal heart rate monitor, an interface for receiving a signal indicative of uterine activity (not shown) may also be provided. Interface **716** is for releasing a signal causing a display unit to display the user interface generated by the program instructions **706**.

[0088] It will be appreciated that the system for implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information may also be of a distributed nature where the heart rate signal is collected at one location by a heart rate sensor and transmitted over a network to a server unit implementing the graphical user interface. The server unit may then transmit a signal for causing a display unit to display the graphical

user interface. The display unit may be located in the same location as the heart rate sensor, in the same location as the server unit or in yet another location. **FIG. 9** illustrates a network-based client-server system **900** for displaying heart rate information. The client-server system **900** includes a plurality of client systems **912914916918** connected to a server system **910** through network **920**. The communication links **950** between the client systems **912914916918** and the server system **910** can be metallic conductors, optical fibers or wireless, without departing from the spirit of the invention. The network **920** may be any suitable network including but not limited to a global public network such as the Intranet, a private network and a wireless network. The server **910** may be adapted to process and issue signals to display multiple heart rate signals originating from multiple sensors **926928** concurrently using suitable methods known in the computer related arts.

[0089] The server system **910** includes a program element **960** for execution by a CPU. Program element **960** implements similar functionality as program instructions **706** (shown in **FIG. 7**) and includes the necessary networking functionality to allow the server system **910** to communicate with the client systems **912914916918** over network **920**. In a non-limiting implementation, program element **960** includes a number of program element components, each program element components implementing a respective portion of the functionality of the user interface for displaying heart rate information. **FIG. 8** shows a non-limiting example of the architecture of program element **960** at the server system. As shown, the program element **960** includes five program element components:

[0090] 1. the first program element component **800** is executed on server system **910** and is for receiving a heart rate signal;

[0091] 2. the second program element component **802** is executed on server system **910** and is for sending messages to a client system, say client system **914**, for causing client system **914** to display, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal;

[0092] 3. the third program element component **804** is executed on server system **910** and is for sending messages to client system **914** for causing client system **914** to display a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;

[0093] 4. the fourth program element component **806** is executed on server system **910** and is for receiving a message from client system **914** indicative of a selected portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;

[0094] 5. the fifth program element component **808** is executed on server system **910** and is for sending messages to client system **914** for causing client system **914** to display, in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.

[0095] Those skilled in the art should further appreciate that the program instructions **706** and **960** may be written in a number of programming languages for use with many

computer architectures or operating systems. For example, some embodiments may be implemented in a procedural programming language (e.g., "C") or an object oriented programming language (e.g., "C++" or "JAVA").

[0096] Although the present invention has been described in considerable detail with reference to certain preferred embodiments thereof, variations and refinements are possible without departing from the spirit of the invention. Therefore, the scope of the invention should be limited only by the appended claims and their equivalents.

1) A computer readable storage medium storing a program element suitable for execution by a CPU, said program element implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information, said graphical user interface module being adapted for:

- a) in a first viewing window, displaying a first tracing indicative of a heart rate signal;
- b) displaying a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;
- c) in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, displaying a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.

2) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 1, wherein said control includes a selection box.

3) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 2, wherein said selection box includes a transparent portion, said selection box being superposed upon said first viewing window.

4) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 3, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box along an axis associated with the first tracing in the first viewing window to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window.

5) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 3, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, each of the first time segment and the second time segment having respective durations, said selection box including handles allowing a user to modify the size of the selection box to select the duration of the second time segment.

6) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 4, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.

7) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 5, wherein the control allows the user to modify the size of the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.

8) A computer readable storage medium as described in claim 3, wherein the heart rate signal is a fetal heart rate signal.

9) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 8, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window a third tracing indicative of a uterine contraction pattern.

10) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 9, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is

indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, the third tracing being indicative of a uterine contraction pattern during the second time segment.

11) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 8, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window including information indicative of fetal heart rate features.

12) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 11, wherein the information indicative of fetal heart rate features is displayed in textual format.

13) A computer readable storage medium as defined claim 8, wherein in the second viewing window, identifiers denoting feature events in the second tracing are displayed, the feature events being selected from the set consisting of accelerations and decelerations.

14) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 1, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, the first time segment having a duration of at least about one hour.

15) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 14, wherein the second time segment has a duration of at least about one minute.

16) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 15, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about four hours.

17) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 15, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about eight hours.

18) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 15, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about twelve hours.

19) A computer readable storage medium as defined in claim 15, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about sixteen hours.

20) An apparatus for implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information, said apparatus comprising:

- a) an input for receiving a heart rate signal;
- b) a processing unit coupled to said input, said processing unit being operative for implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information, said graphical user interface module being adapted for:
 - i) in a first viewing window, displaying a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal;
 - ii) displaying a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;
 - iii) in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, displaying a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing;
- c) an output coupled to said processing unit, said output being suitable for releasing a signal for causing a display unit to display the graphical user interface module.

21) An apparatus as defined in claim 20, wherein said control includes a selection box.

22) An apparatus as defined in claim 21, wherein said selection box includes a transparent portion, said selection box being superposed upon said first viewing window.

23) An apparatus as defined in claim 22, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box along an axis associated with the first tracing in the first viewing window to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window.

24) An apparatus as defined in claim 22, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, each of the first time segment and the second time segment having respective durations, said selection box including handles allowing a user to modify the size of the selection box to select the duration of the second time segment.

25) An apparatus as defined in claim 23, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.

26) An apparatus as defined in claim 24, wherein the user modifies the size of the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.

27) An apparatus as described in claim 22, wherein the heart rate signal is a fetal heart rate signal.

28) An apparatus as defined in claim 27, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window a third tracing indicative of a uterine contraction pattern.

29) An apparatus as defined in claim 28, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, the third tracing being indicative of a uterine contraction pattern during the second time segment.

30) An apparatus as defined in claim 27, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window including information indicative of fetal heart rate features.

31) An apparatus as defined in claim 30, wherein the information indicative of fetal heart rate features is displayed in textual format.

32) An apparatus as defined claim 27, wherein in the second viewing window, identifiers denoting feature events in the second tracing are displayed, the feature events being selected from the set consisting of accelerations and decelerations.

33) An apparatus as defined in claim 20, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, the first time segment having a duration of at least about one hour.

34) An apparatus as defined in claim 33, wherein the second time segment has a duration of at least about one minute.

35) An apparatus as defined in claim 34, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about four hours.

36) An apparatus as defined in claim 34, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about eight hours.

37) An apparatus as defined in claim 34, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about twelve hours.

38) An apparatus as defined in claim 34, wherein the first time segment has a duration of about twelve hours.

39) A method for displaying heart rate information, said method comprising:

- a) receiving a heart rate signal;
- b) displaying, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal;
- c) providing a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;
- d) in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, displaying a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.

40) A method as defined in claim 39, wherein said control includes a selection box.

41) A method as defined in claim 40, wherein said selection box includes a transparent portion, said selection box being superposed upon said first viewing window.

42) A method as defined in claim 41, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box along an axis associated with the first tracing in the first viewing window to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window.

43) A method as defined in claim 41, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, each of the first time segment and the second time segment having respective durations, said selection box including handles allowing a user to modify the size of the selection box to select the duration of the second time segment.

44) A method as described in claim 41, wherein the heart rate signal is a fetal heart rate signal.

45) A method as defined in claim 44, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window a third tracing indicative of a uterine contraction pattern.

46) A method as defined claim 44, wherein in the second viewing window, identifiers denoting feature events in the second tracing are displayed, the feature events being selected from the set consisting of accelerations and decelerations.

47) A fetal monitoring system comprising:

- a) a sensor for receiving a signal indicative of a fetal heart rate;
- b) an apparatus for implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information, said apparatus comprising:
 - i) an input for receiving the fetal heart rate signal;
 - ii) a processing unit coupled to said input, said processing unit being operative for implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information, said graphical user interface module being adapted for:
 - (1) in a first viewing window, displaying a first tracing indicative of the fetal heart rate signal;
 - (2) displaying a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;

- (3) in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, displaying a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing;
- iii) an output coupled to said processing unit, said output being suitable for releasing a signal for causing a display unit to display the graphical user interface module;
- c) a display unit coupled to the output of said apparatus, said display unit being responsive to the signal to display the graphical user interface module.
- 48)** A server system implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information, said server system storing a program element for execution by a CPU, said program element comprising:
- first program element component for receiving a heart rate signal;
 - second program element component for processing said heart rate signal to display, in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal;
 - third program element component for displaying a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;
 - fourth program element component for displaying, in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.
- 49)** A server system as defined in claim 48, wherein said control includes a selection box.
- 50)** A server system as defined in claim 49, wherein said selection box includes a transparent portion, said selection box being superposed upon said first viewing window.
- 51)** A server system as defined in claim 50, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box along an axis associated with the first tracing in the first viewing window to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window.
- 52)** A server system as defined in claim 50, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, each of the first time segment and the second time segment having respective durations, said selection box including handles allowing a user to modify the size of the selection box to select the duration of the second time segment.
- 53)** A server system as defined in claim 51, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.
- 54)** A server system as defined in claim 52, wherein the control allows the user to modify the size of the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.
- 55)** A server system as described in claim 51, wherein the heart rate signal is a fetal heart rate signal.
- 56)** A server system as defined in claim 55, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window a third tracing indicative of a uterine contraction pattern.
- 57)** A server system as defined in claim 56, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, the third tracing being indicative of a uterine contraction pattern during the second time segment.
- 58)** A server system as defined in claim 55, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window including information indicative of fetal heart rate features.
- 59)** A server system as defined in claim 58, wherein the information indicative of fetal heart rate features is displayed in textual format.
- 60)** A server system as defined claim 55, wherein in the second viewing window, identifiers denoting feature events in the second tracing are displayed, the feature events being selected from the set consisting of accelerations and decelerations.
- 61)** A client-server system for implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information, said client-server system comprising a client system and a server system, said client system and said server system operative to exchange messages over a data network, said server system storing a program element for execution by a CPU, said program element comprising:
- first program element component executed on said server system for receiving a heart rate signal;
 - a second program element component executed on said server system for sending messages to said client system for causing said client system to display in a first viewing window, a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal;
 - a third program element component executed on said server system for sending messages to said client system for causing said client system to display a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;
 - a fourth program element component executed on said server system for receiving a message from said client system indicative of a selected portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;
 - a fifth program element component executed on said server system for sending messages to said client system for causing said client system to display, in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing.
- 62)** A client-server system as defined in claim 61, wherein the data network is the Internet.
- 63)** A client-server system as defined in claim 61, wherein said control includes a selection box.
- 64)** A client-server system as defined in claim 63, wherein said selection box includes a transparent portion, said selection box being superposed upon said first viewing window.
- 65)** A client-server system as defined in claim 64, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box

along an axis associated with the first tracing in the first viewing window to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window.

66) A client-server system as defined in claim 64, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, each of the first time segment and the second time segment having respective durations, said selection box including handles allowing a user to modify the size of the selection box to select the duration of the second time segment.

67) A client-server system as defined in claim 65, wherein said control allows the user to displace the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.

68) A client-server system as defined in claim 66, wherein the control allows the user to modify the size of the selection box by using an input device selected from the set consisting of a mouse, keyboard, pointing device, speech recognition unit and touch sensitive screen.

69) A client-server system as described in claim 61, wherein the heart rate signal is a fetal heart rate signal.

70) A client-server system as defined in claim 69, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window a third tracing indicative of a uterine contraction pattern.

71) A client-server system as defined in claim 70, wherein said first tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a first time segment and said second tracing is indicative of a heart rate signal over a second time segment, the third tracing being indicative of a uterine contraction pattern during the second time segment.

72) A client-server system as defined in claim 69, wherein said graphical user interface module is adapted for displaying in a third display window including information indicative of fetal heart rate features.

73) A client-server system as defined claim 69, wherein in the second viewing window, identifiers denoting feature events in the second tracing are displayed, the feature events being selected from the set consisting of accelerations and decelerations.

74) An apparatus for implementing a user interface for displaying heart rate information, said apparatus comprising:

- a) means for receiving a heart rate signal;
- b) means for implementing a graphical user interface module for displaying heart rate information, said graphical user interface module being adapted for:
 - i) in a first viewing window, displaying a first tracing indicative of the heart rate signal;
 - ii) displaying a control allowing a user to select a portion of the first tracing in the first viewing window;
 - iii) in a second viewing window displayed simultaneously with the first viewing window, displaying a second tracing which is a zoomed in view of the selected portion of the first tracing;
- c) means for releasing a signal for causing a display unit to display the graphical user interface module.

* * * * *

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摘要(译)

提供了一种实现用于显示心率信息的图形用户界面的系统和装置。图形用户界面在第一观察窗口中显示指示心率信号的第一追踪。图形用户界面显示允许用户选择第一个跟踪的一部分的控件。在与第一观察窗口同时显示的第二观察窗口中，图形用户界面显示第二追踪，该第二追踪是第一追踪的所选部分的放大视图。在特定实现中，控件包括选择框，该选择框具有叠加在第一观察窗口上的透明部分。可通过透明部分看到的第一跟踪的部分对应于第二跟踪。该控件允许用户替换和修改选择框的大小以选择第一个跟踪的一部分。

