

(19)
(12)(KR)
(A)(51) 。 Int. Cl. ⁷
G02F 1/133(11)
(43)2002 - 0097018
2002 12 31(21) 10 - 2002 - 0034483
(22) 2002 06 20

(30) JP - P - 2001 - 00188686 2001 06 21 (JP)

(71) 가 가
1 1 1(72) 가 가 가 1가 가
가 가 가 1가 가
가 가 가 1가 가
가 가 가 1가 가
가 가 가 1가 가
가 가 가 1가 가
가 가 가 1가 가

(74)

:

(54)

1, 1 가 가 2, 1 2, 2 1
 1 가 2 가
 , 1 1 2, 1, 1
 1 가 , 2, 1 2 가 , 1
 2 1 2, 1 1 ΔV(,
 ΔV ≠ 0) .

11

, , ,

1 가 .

2 1 .

3 .

4 .

5 .

6 .

7 .

8 (a) 8 (c) .

9 - .

10 .

11 .

12 (a) 12 (b) , .

10 :

1

$$V_h(+) = [(C_i + C_p + C_f)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p))V - C_f C_i Q_0] / [(C_i + C_p)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p) + C_f(C_i + C_s))]$$

2

$$V_{lc}(+) = [(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p))(C_i V + Q_0)] / [(C_i + C_p)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p) + C_f(C_i + C_s))]$$

3

$$V_h(-) = -[(C_i + C_p + C_f)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p))V - C_f C_i Q_0] / [(C_i + C_p)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p) + C_f(C_i + C_s))] = -V_h(+)$$

4

$$V_{lc}(-) = [-(C_i + C_p + C_f)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p))C_i V + ((C_i + C_p + C_f)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p)) + 2C_f C_i^2)Q_0] / [(C_i + C_p)^2(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p) + C_f(C_i + C_s))]$$

5

$$\begin{aligned} V_{dc} &= V_{lc}(+) + V_{lc}(-) \\ &= [- (C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p))C_f C_i V \\ &\quad + ((2C_i + 2C_p + C_f)(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p)) + 2C_f C_i^2)Q_0] \\ &\quad / [(C_i + C_p)^2(C_i C_p + C_s(C_i + C_p) + C_f(C_i + C_s))] \end{aligned}$$

, V , Q_0 .

, DC
 , DC
 .

, (DC) ()
 가 . DC - (V - T) ,
 . ,
 .

, $V_{lc}(+)$ V $\alpha_+ V_1$, $V_{lc}(-)$ V $\alpha_- (V_1 - \Delta V)$, $V_{lc}(+) = -V_l$
 $c(-)$, V_1 ΔV 가 . , $\alpha_+ \alpha_-$,
 1 .

2

가 , D - E
 () () ()
 ΔV (3, 4 5 가 DC)

3 ΔV a
 , b, c d()
 ΔV a 3 d , b 4
 a 2/3 , c a 3/2
 5 ΔV a 3 d ,
 b a 3

, 3, 4 5 가 , 가
 가 가 , 가
 ΔV 가 V_1 , ,

3, 4 5 , ΔV 가 가
 ΔV 가 가 , ΔV 가
 가 , ΔV 3 5 ,
 ΔV
 가 ΔV 가 가 , 가
 , ΔV 가 가

6

(10) , (11), (11) (12), (11)
 TFT (13), (11) (14), (11)
 (15), (13) (16) (16)
 , (16)

30nm 가 (14) (20) ,
(30)

7 (16) , 7 (14)

(isotropic phase: Iso), (cholesteric phase: Ch)
C (chiralsmectic C phase: SmC*)

가 8 (a) 8 (c) , (41)()
(42) 가 가 (43)
(42)가 , 가 (41) (42)가

Δn , d , Δnd 1/2
45 () 가 , +1 +5V -1 -5V 가
Ch 가 , SmC* 가
가 (8 (b) 8 (c)).

9 (V - T) ,
가 가 (crossed - nicole)

가 , 9 가
, SmC* 가 (SmA), 36
5nm, 2mW/cm² 30

10

(51), (52) (53) 6 7 가
(52) (53) (54) 가 (54)
(F/M: 55)가 (55) 1 2

(54) ROM(56)(ROM) . ROM(56) 가
() 가 () ()
) 가 , ROM(56) Δ
V 가 , 3 5
 ΔV 가 ROM(56)

(54) (57)가 ()

(57) ROM(56)
가 ΔV , 3 b, c, d

가 가
가

3 가 , 8 (b) 8 (c)

2

11

11 (a) (52) (51) ()
() , 11 (b) (53) 가 , 11 (d)
, 11 (c) , 11 (a) 11 (c)

1 1/60sec(16.7ms) , 1 1/120sec(8.3ms) .
() 1 (8.3ms) , XGA(768)
10.9 μ s 가 , 가 TFT
가 TFT가 가 , 가 TFT
. TFT가 , ,

11 (b) () ()
가 () 가
 ΔV ΔV
10 ROM(56) 11 (c)
가 , 가

가 , 가
가 ,

Figure 11 shows the results of the simulation for the proposed method. The figure is divided into two parts: (a) and (b). Part (a) shows the results of the simulation for the proposed method, and part (b) shows the results of the simulation for the conventional method. The figure includes a graph of the voltage difference ΔV versus the time t . The graph shows that the proposed method (a) has a smaller voltage difference ΔV than the conventional method (b). The figure also includes a table of the simulation results.

Method	Time t (ns)	Voltage difference ΔV (V)
Proposed method (a)	0	0.0
	10	0.0
Conventional method (b)	0	0.0
	10	0.1

Figure 12 shows the results of the simulation for the proposed method. The figure is divided into two parts: (a) and (b). Part (a) shows the results of the simulation for the proposed method, and part (b) shows the results of the simulation for the conventional method. The figure includes a graph of the voltage difference ΔV versus the time t . The graph shows that the proposed method (a) has a smaller voltage difference ΔV than the conventional method (b). The figure also includes a table of the simulation results.

Method	Time t (ns)	Voltage difference ΔV (V)
Proposed method (a)	0	0.0
	10	0.0
Conventional method (b)	0	0.0
	10	0.1

가

 ΔV

가

가가

가

가

가

(57)

1.

1 1 가 가 2 1 2 2 1

1 1 2

1 1 1 1 가

2 1 2 가

2 1 0 , 1 2 1 1
 $\Delta V(, \Delta V \neq 0)$

2.

1 ΔV

3.

1 ΔV

4.

1 ΔV

5.

1 1

6.

5 ΔV

7.

1 , (isotropic phase), (cholesteric phase)
 C (chiral smectic C phase) .

8.

1 , 1 .

9.

8 , .

10.

1 , 2 .

11.

10 , .

12.

1 , 2 2 .

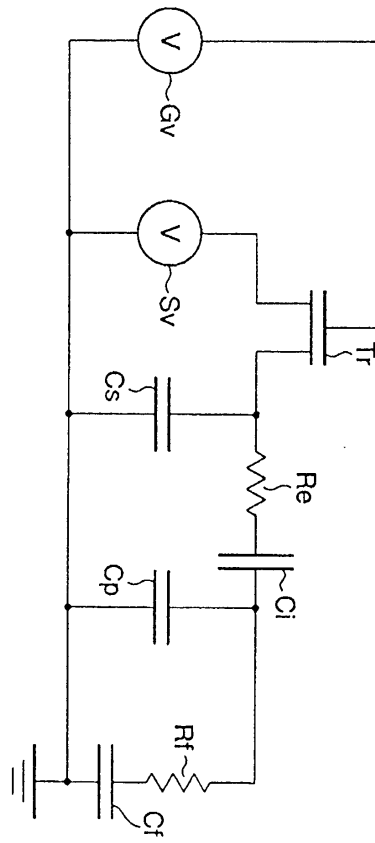
13.

1 , ΔV 1 가 .

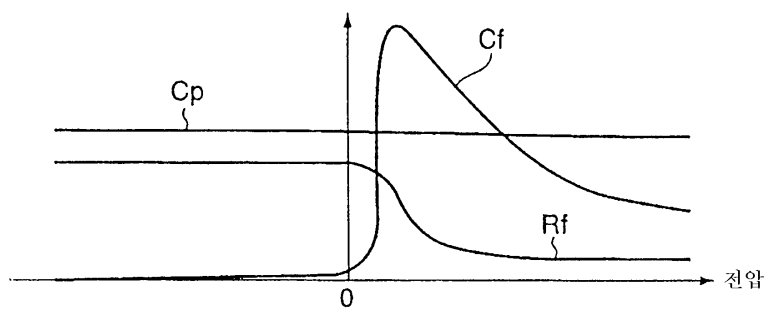
14.

1 , ΔV 1 .

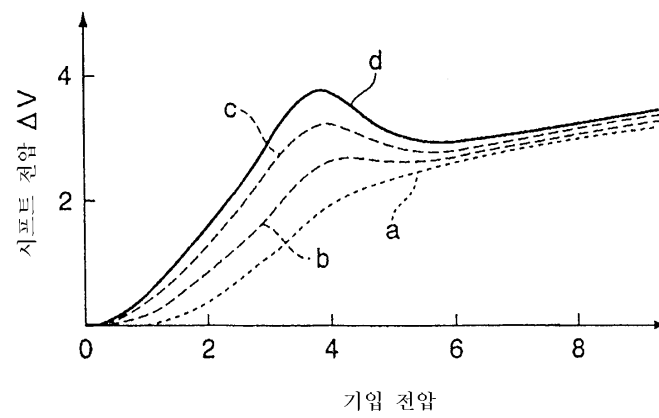
1



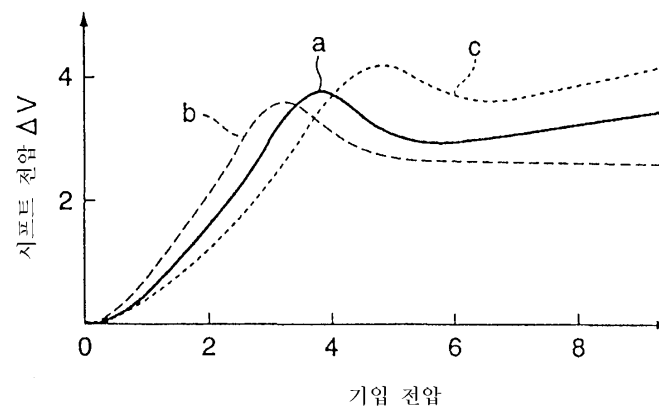
2



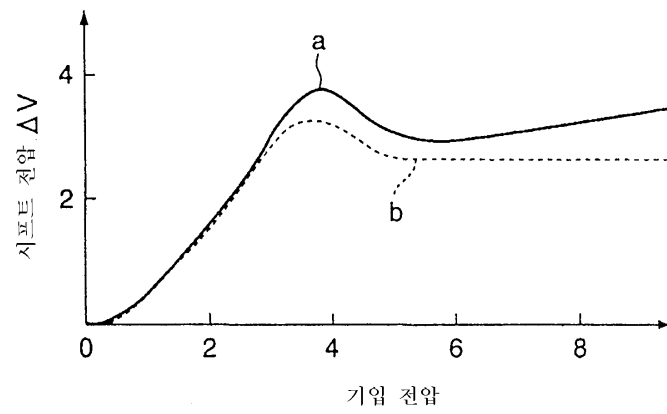
3



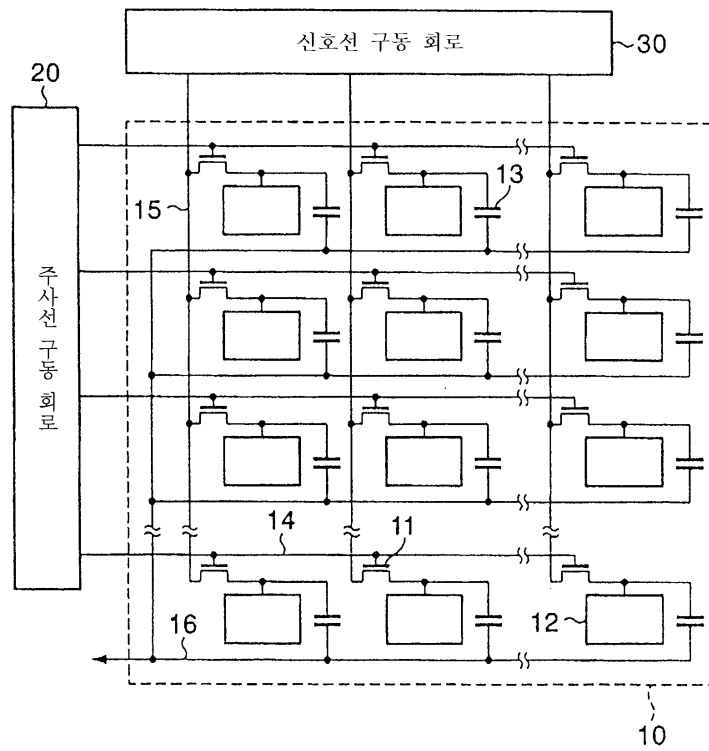
4



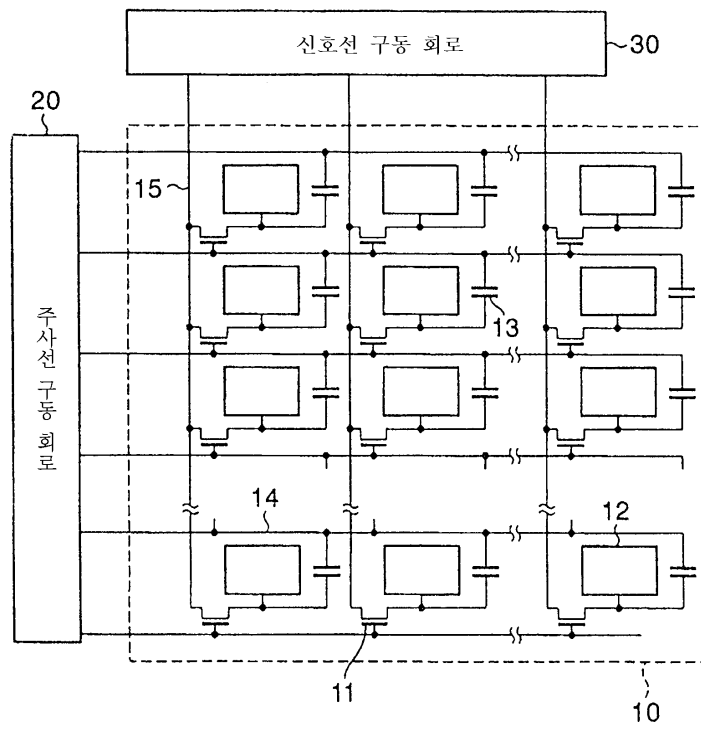
5



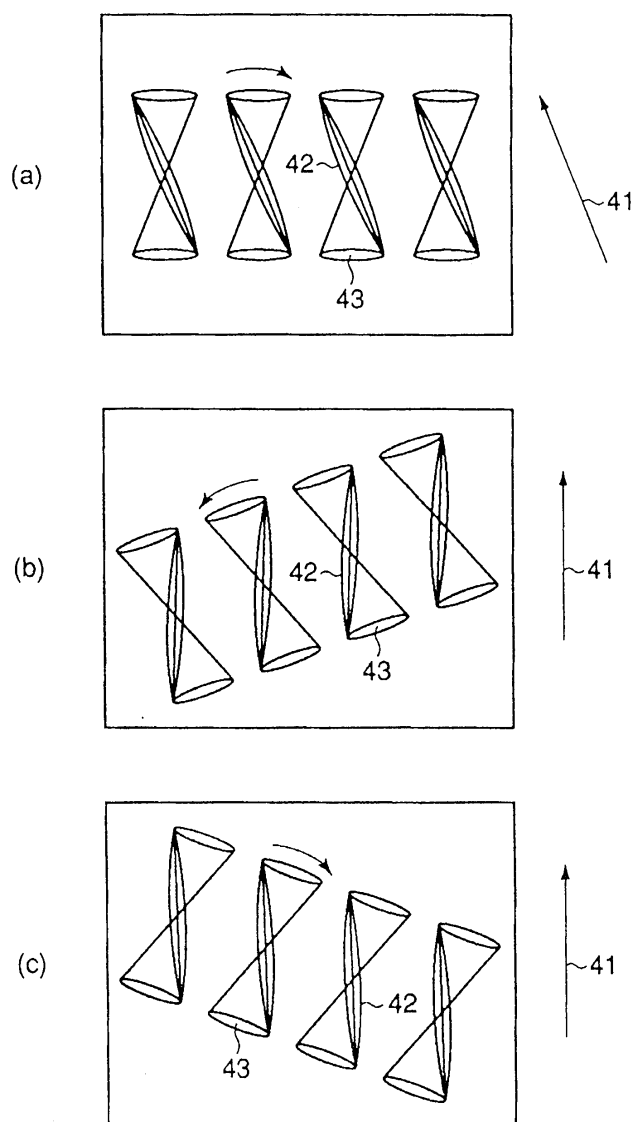
6



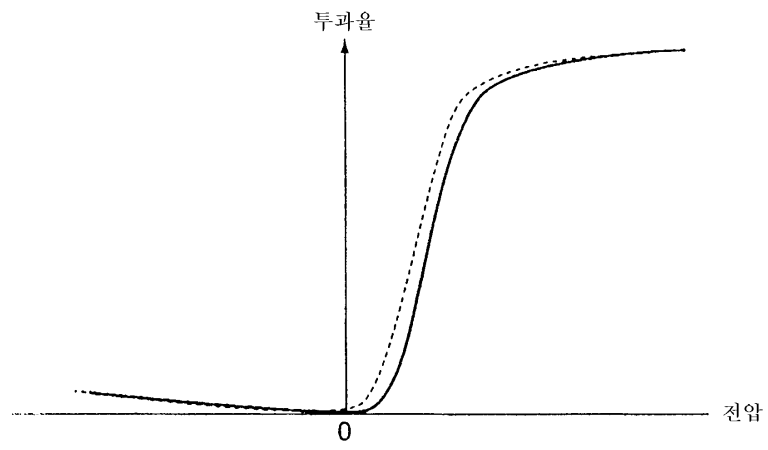
7



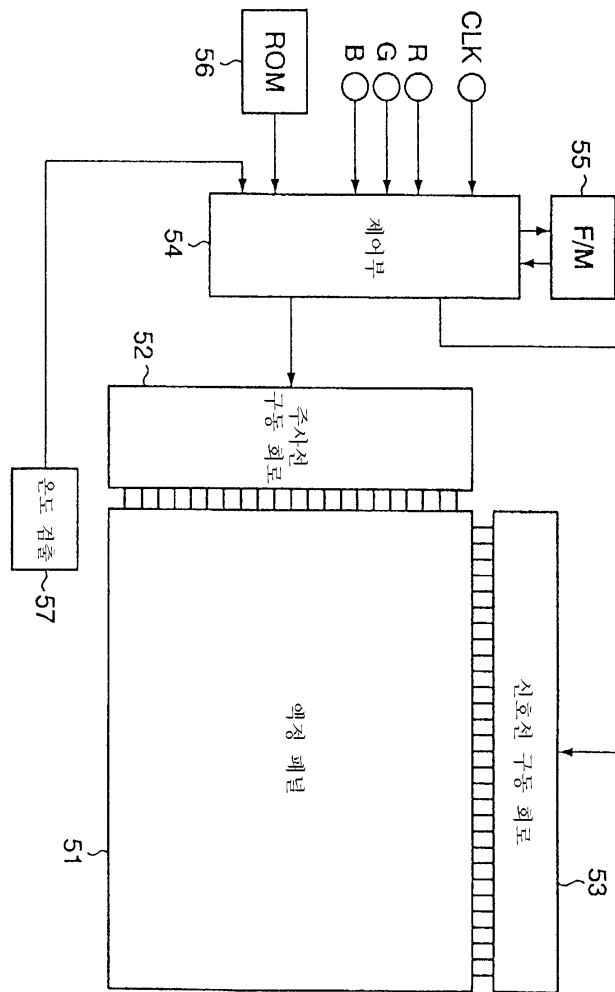
8

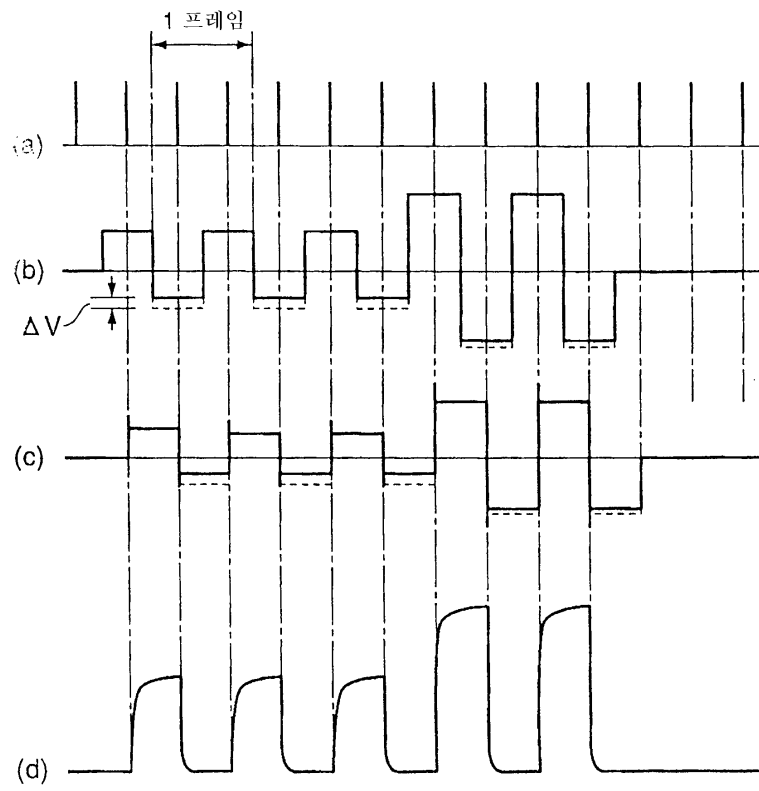


9

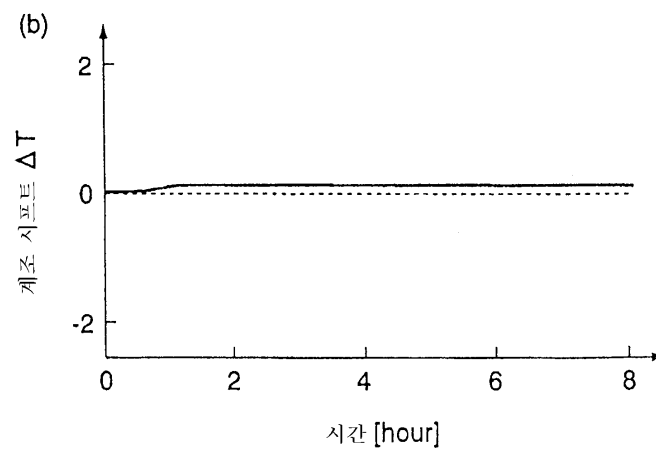
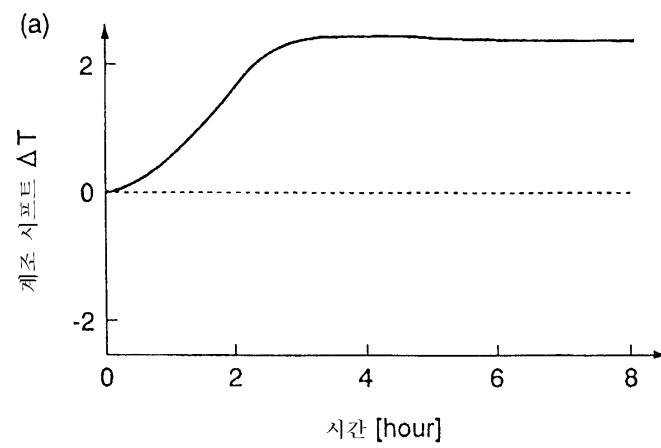


10





12



专利名称(译)	驱动液晶显示装置的方法		
公开(公告)号	KR1020020097018A	公开(公告)日	2002-12-31
申请号	KR1020020034483	申请日	2002-06-20
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	株式会社东芝		
申请(专利权)人(译)	Sikki东芝股份有限公司		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	Sikki东芝股份有限公司		
[标]发明人	SAISHU TATSUO 사이슈다쯔오 OKUMURA HARUHIKO 오쿠무라하루히코 TAKATOH KOHKI 다카토고끼 YAMAGUCHI HAJIME 야마구찌하지메 HASEGAWA REI 하세가와레이 KOBAYASHI HITOSHI 고바야시히토시 FUKUSHIMA RIEKO 후쿠시마리에코		
发明人	사이슈다쯔오 오쿠무라하루히코 다카토고끼 야마구찌하지메 하세가와레이 고바야시히토시 후쿠시마리에코		
IPC分类号	G09G3/36 G09G3/20 G02F1/133		
CPC分类号	G09G2300/0842 G09G2320/0204 G09G2320/0257 G09G2320/02 G09G2310/06 G09G3/3614 G09G2320/0261 G09G3/3648		
代理人(译)	CHANG, SOO KIL		
优先权	2001188686 2001-06-21 JP		
其他公开文献	KR100653295B1		
外部链接	Espacenet		

摘要(译)

第二电极设置在第一电极和第二电极之间，并且当第一极性的电压相对于第二电极施加到第一电极时具有第二极性，一种驱动有源矩阵型液晶显示器件的方法，该有源矩阵型液晶显示器件具有引起比施加电压时更高的极化的液晶层，包括步骤：将一帧分成第一和第二场；在第二场中向第一电极施加第二电压；以及在第二场中向第一电极施加第二电压，第二电压具有绝对值等于第一电压的第二极性，根据第一极性方向上的第一电压的大小（但是， $\Delta V \leq 0$ ）。 11 指数方面 液晶显示，场，极化，极性

