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(22) 2002 12 05

(71) 416

(72) 4 411-1501

(74)

:

(54) -

- (TFT-LCD)
TFT-LCD

가

4

1 TFT-LCD

2 (chopping method)

3a 3b DC /

4 IC(400)

5 4

가

6 4

8 ,

9 8

(Liquid Crystal display, LCD,) (Thin Film Transistor, TFT)
 TFT-LCD

TFT-LCD PC, TFT-LCD

1 TFT-LCD (110) TFT-LCD (120),
 (C1) (pixel)(150) (T1) (150) 가 (T1) (channel) (L)
 (M) (T1) (120) (on)/ (off) (140) (MOS transistor)
 (120) (110) (130) (140) (110) (gradation voltage) gray scale voltage
 (130) (on) (C1) 가 (110) (on)
 DC (110) (Random DC Offset) (amplifier)
 LCD (110) (channel)
 6,331,846) DC 가 (US
 (110) DC 가
 DC (chopping method)
 2
 가
 2
 가
 (1 Vc) (1 Vc) 가

가

	'211'			
	.	, '221'		
'222'		.	+A	
가	-A			
가	-B	, +B		
	.	.		
			+A	'212'
				, +B

(US 6,331,846) DC 가 , ,) 가 . (,) DC LCD 가 .

3a 3b DC /

, 3a
 가 DC
 , (1) , (blanking time) , (2) (CLK1)

3b
 , (2) , (1) DC
 가 DC .

, , 가 . , LCD

TFT-LCD
(offset) , TFT-LCD TFT-LCD

- TFT-LCD

가
가

(TFT - LCD)

1 2 , , 1 2 ; 가
 ; , 2 2 ; 가 .
 , , 가 4 DC
 , , 1 2 , 가 ,
 가 (TFT-LCD) TFT-LCD ; (b) (a) 2 2 ; (d)
 ; (c) 1 2
 , ,
 , ,
 4 IC (500) IC (400) IC(400) (410) (420) IC(400)
 (410) (CLK1), (Y₁ ~ Y_n) (POL) (ALT)
 5 (410) 가 . n , 4 n n (410) 가 (Y₁ ~ Y_n) , n
 , , , ,
 (410) 가 (CLK1) (Y₁ ~ Y_n) , , (CLK1) (CLK1)
 (410) (500) (410) (CLK1) (POL)
 (420) (ALT) (500) (CLK1) (POL)
 5 4 (410)
 , (410) (413,414) (411,412)
 (413, 414) (DIN2) (414) (413) (414)
 (IN2) (V₁ ~ V_k) , (V_{k+1} ~ V_m) (IN1) (DIN2)
 (V₁ ~ V_m) (DIN1) (V₁ ~ V_m) (IN1) (DIN1)

, 4 , 가 DC . , DC (CLK1) 가 ,

가 가 가 . ,

, DC 가 . , DC , 4

(57)

1.

(TFT - LCD)

TFT - LCD

2.

1 ,

가

가

3.

2

1 ;

가 , 1
2 TET-LCD

4. 2 , ? 가 TFT-LCD

5. 가

4

DC

TFT-LCD

6.

(TFT-LCD)

1 2

,

,

1 2

;

1

2

가

;

7.

6

,

,

1

;

가

,

1

2

TFT-LCD

8.

6

,

2

가

TFT-LCD

9.

6

,

가

4

DC

TFT-LCD

10.

1 2

가

,

가

(TFT-LCD)

,

(a)

;

(b)

가

;

(c)

2

가

;

(d)

TFT-LCD

1 2

11.

10

,

가

,

TFT-LCD

12.

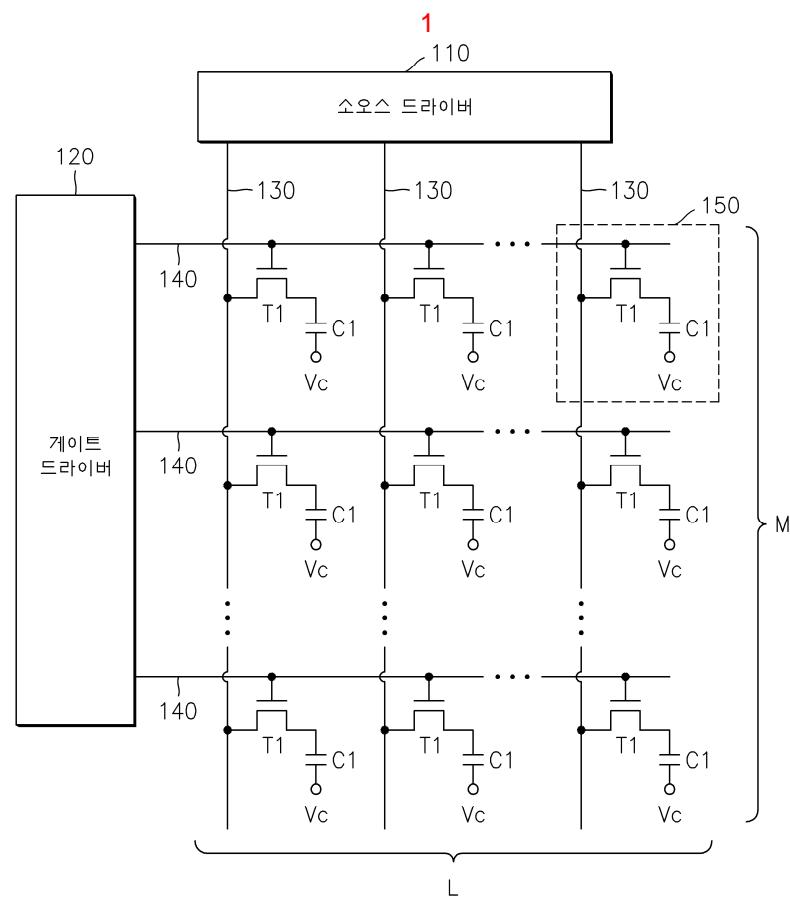
10

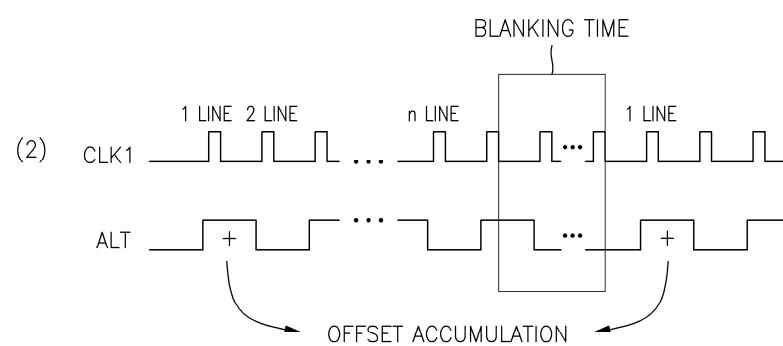
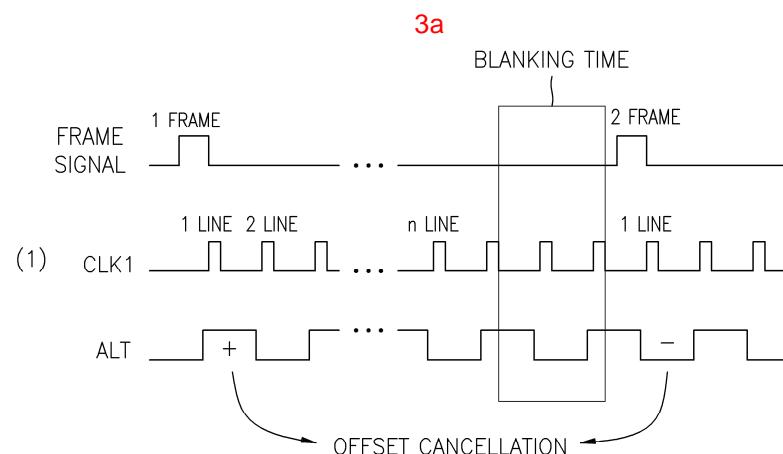
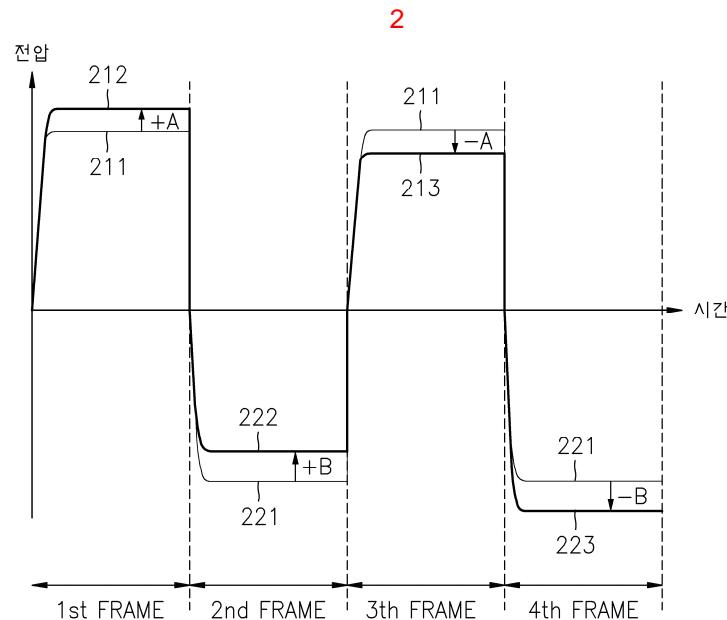
(c)

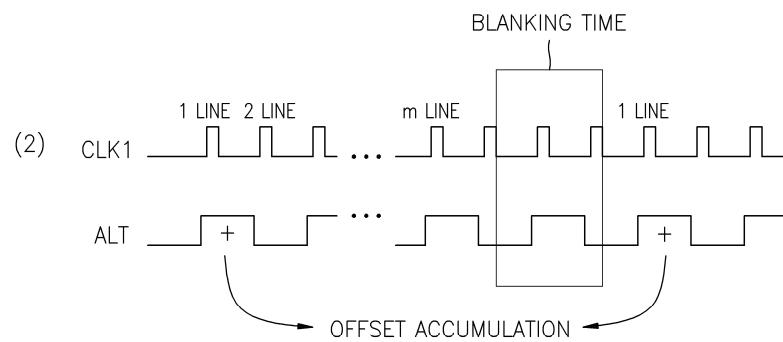
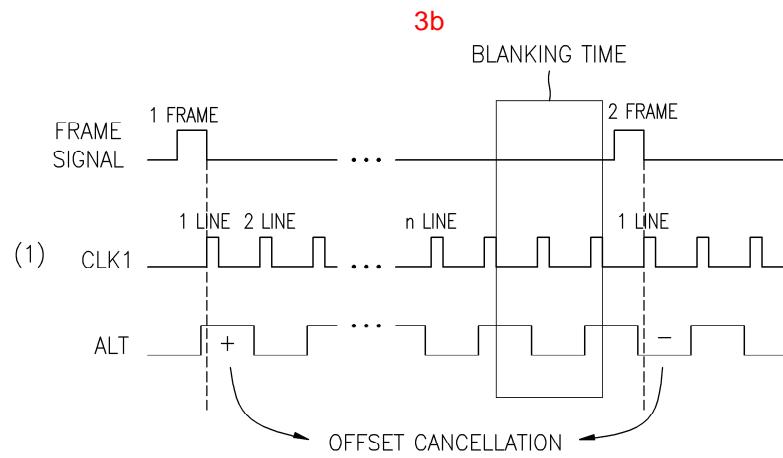
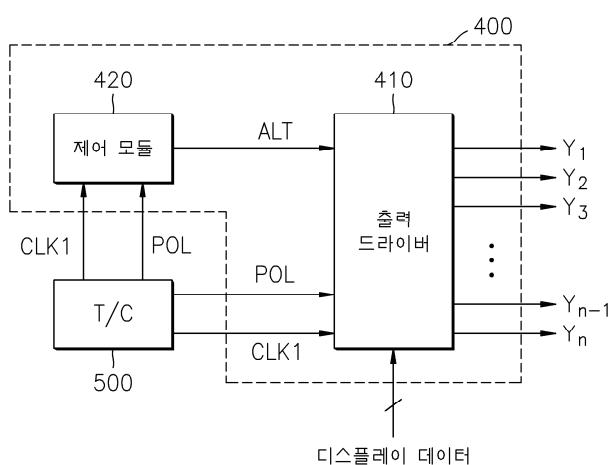
1 (edge)

1

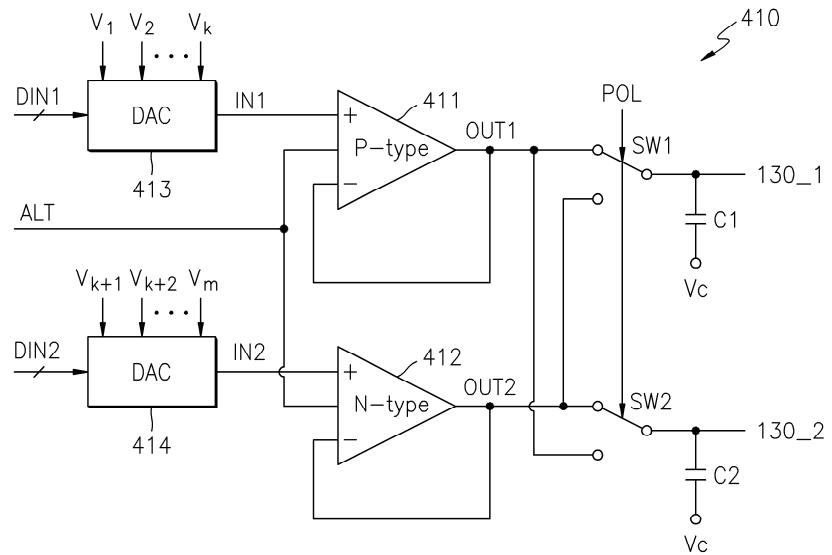
;

1
TFT - LCD

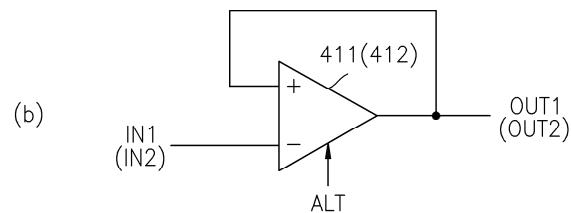
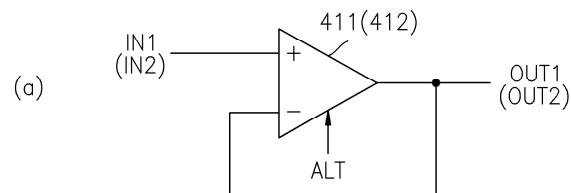


**4**

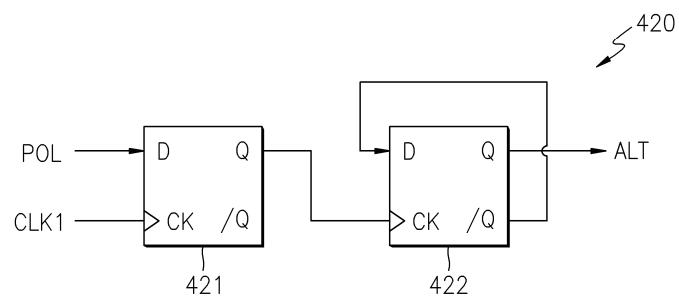
5

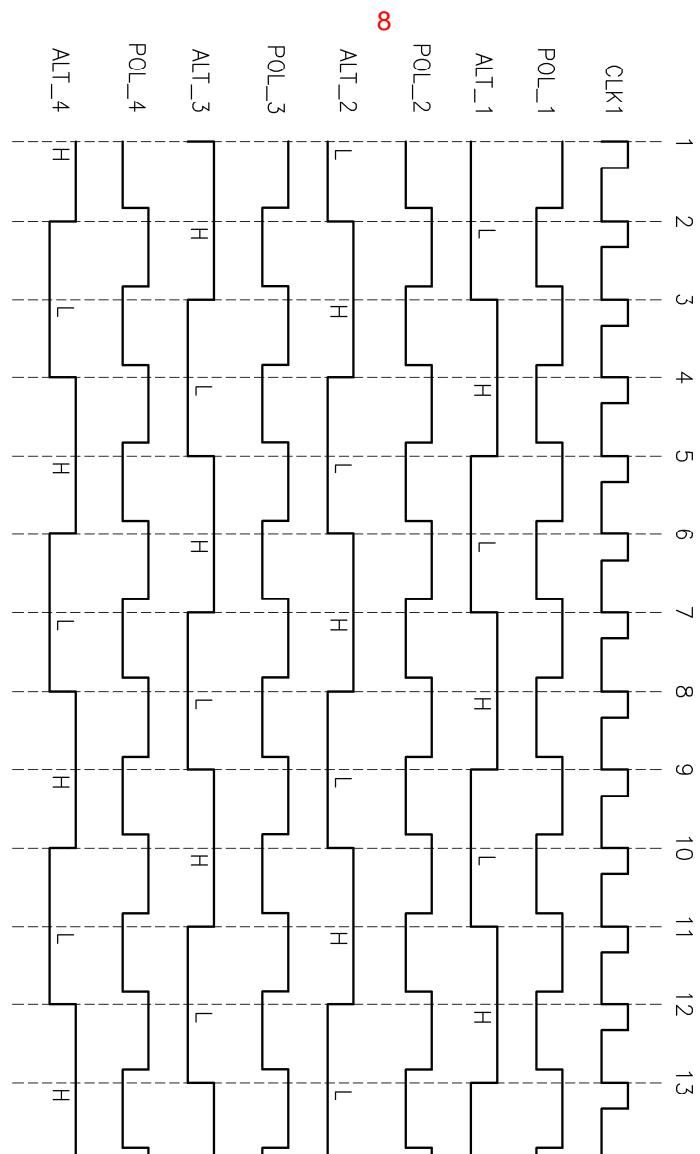


6



7





9

라인 프레임	1	2	3	4	5
1	L	L	H	H	L
2	L	H	H	L	L
3	H	H	L	L	H
4	H	L	L	H	H

专利名称(译) 薄膜晶体管 - 用于驱动液晶显示器件的源极驱动器，用于消除集成电路和输出放大器的偏移

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外部链接	Espacenet		

摘要(译)

公开了一种去除源极驱动器集成电路和用于驱动薄膜晶体管液晶显示器(TFT-LCD)的输出放大器的偏移的方法。用于本发明的TFT-LCD的源极驱动器IC包括输出驱动器和控制模块。输出驱动器响应于时钟信号输出用于驱动液晶面板的面板驱动电压，其包括解码器和放大器。解码器选择并输出对应于数字信号的灰度电压，放大器放大解码器的输出信号并将其作为面板驱动电压输出。放大器的一个输入端接收解码器的输出信号，另一个输入端连接到输出端，输入端响应预定的改变控制信号而改变。控制模块响应于以帧为单位交替产生的时钟信号和预定极性控制信号，产生用于交替放大器输入端的变化控制信号。4

