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2002 10 11

(21) 10 - 2001 - 0016628
(22) 2001 03 29

(71) . 20

(72) 301 - 1601
1 - 18 202

(74)
:

(54)

(high resolution) 가
2 μ m 가 ,
(width) 가
(2 μ m)가

6e

1

2

3a 3f 2 - `

4

5

6a 6f 5 - `

7

< >

100 : 112 :

118 : 126 :

128 :

(Liquid crystal display device)

가

(liquid crystal)

, 1

1 (11)

(T) (14) (18) (6) (5) (22) (P) (5) (22) (8) (7) (17) (22)

(22) (T)가 (13) (15) (matrix type) 가

(P) (17) - - (13) (15) (indium - tin - oxide : ITO) (P)

가 (17) (14) (14) (T)

(aperture ratio) 가

가

2

2 1

(22) (13) (15) (P) (36)

(T)가 (30) (32) (34)

(P) (30) (17) (17)

(C)가 (13) (13) (17) (32, 36)

1 (13`), (39)

2 (35) (40) (17)

(22) (P)

(apparatus ratio)

(P) (15) (width)

(17) (17) 4 μ m 가

(mask)

3a 3f

3a 3f 2 - (photo - lithography)

(storage on gate)

(T) (Inverted Staggered) 가

가

(etch stopper : ES) 가 (back channel etch : BCE) 가

(adhesion)

(sputtering)

3a (22) 1

(30) (2 13) .

(2 13) (2 P) 1 (1

13')

(30) RC (delay)

(Al)

(hillock) 가

(30) 1 (13')

(30) (13')

(SiN_x) (SiO₂)

(BCB) (acryl) (resin)

1 (50)

3b (50) (a-Si:H

: 55) (n⁺ a-Si:H : 56)

2 (36) (38)

(38) (36)

3c (15) (32, 34) / (2) (2

38) (36) (39) (22) (Cr), (

Mo), (W), (Sb), (Ta) 2

2 3 (2 13) (P)

(15) (15) (30)

(32) (34)

(P) (13) - 2

(39)

(15) 8μm

(15) (15) 2μm

8μm 가 4μm

3d (15) (22) (BCB)

(Acryl) (resin) (52)

(52) 4 (34) (54)
 2 (2 13`) (2 40) .

TZO , 3e , (52) ITO IZO I
 (58) (photo - resist : PR) PR (60) .
 PR (60) (E) (F) 5 (62)

(G) (15)
 () (T) , PR (developer) .
 PR (58) .

3f (17) (17)
 (34) 2 (2 40) .

7) (15) 2 μ m (15) (1
 4 μ m .
 (17) (17) (15) ,
 2 μ m .
 가 (17) 2 μ m , 2 μ m
 (15) .
 4 μ m .
 4 .
 (E) (62) (F) (E)((single slit)) ,
 (Fraunhofer) (가
)가 (62) 가 () .
 (62) (F) , () .
 (62) 가 (L)가 ,
 (1) (E) ,

$$I = I_0 (\sin \beta / \beta)^2 \quad \text{----- (1)}$$

$$\beta = 1/2 k b \sin \theta, \quad \sin \theta = 2 \lambda / k b = \lambda / b$$

, k (propagation constant), l, , b

가

(b)가 (I) () ()
 (intensity profile)(H) 가 가

(H')

(60) 가 0 가 PR

, PR

가

가

(2*2μm)

8μm 4μm 가

가

가

가

; 1 ; ;

;

;

;

;

;

;

,

,

,

,

2 μ m

2 μ m

6 μ m

2

1.2 μ m

0.5 μ m

-- --

5

5

6a

6e

(P)

(104)

(114)

(102)

(116)

(112)

(108)

(T)

(P)

(114)

(124`)

(124`)

(storage capacitor)(C)

(C)

(102)

1

(102`)

2

(117)

(124`)

(114)

(W)

(aperture ratio)

6a

6f

6a

1

(102)

(104)

(100)

1

1

6a

(102)

(104)

(104)

(102)

(102)

1

(102')

(102)

(104)

1

(Cr),

(Mo), (Ta), (Sb), (Cu)

- / (AlNd/Mo)

(102) 1

가

(Mo)

(Benzocyclobutene) 1 (SiN_x) (acryl) (SiO₂) (resin) (106)

6b 2

(N+a - Si:H) (106) (100) (108) (a - Si:H) (110)

6c (116) 3 (117) (112) (114)

(108) (110) (100) (112) (112) (104) (114)

(116) 1 (102`)

2 (117) (114) (116) (110)

(112) 8μm 2μm 6μm

6d 4 (118)

(112) (100) 2

(118) (118) (116) (120) 2 (117) (122)

6e 5

(100) ITO IZO ITZO (124)

(124) (photo - resist : PR) PR (126)

PR (126) (E) () (F) (J) (128)

(112) (E) (100) (124`), (F) (102)
 , (J) (T) .
 (128) (F) 1 (Q) 2 (R) 1.2 μ m ,
 0.5 μ m 가
 , PR (126) 2 μ m .
 (128) , 7 (G) (100)
 (Q,R) (Q,R) (b) (M) , (O) , (N)
 , (double slit) (b) 가
 , (112)
 PR (K) .
 PR (K) (ashing method) .
 (ashing method) , PR , PR
 , PR (126) .
 가 , 6f , (124`) (124`) 가 2 μ m
 , (124`) (112) 2 μ m . 2 μ m
 , 가 (112)
 , 가
 , 가 .
 , 가 .

(57)

1.

1 ; , ;

;

,

;

;

;

;

,

;

,

.

2.

1 ,

,

,

3.

1 ,

2 μ m

4.

1 ,

6 μ m

5.

1 ,

2

6.

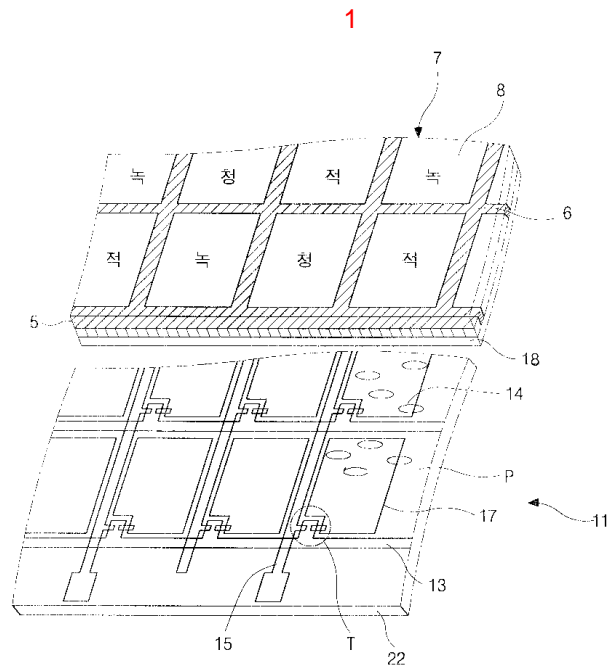
5 ,

1.2 μm

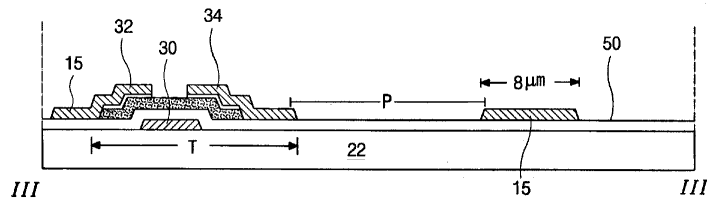
7.

5 ,

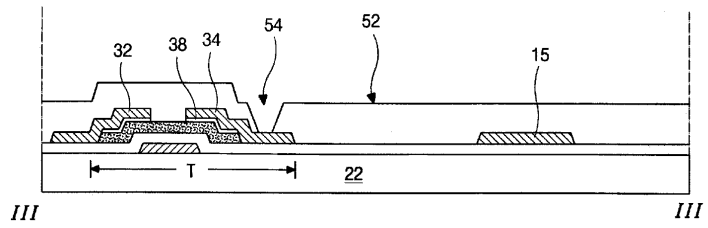
0.5 μm



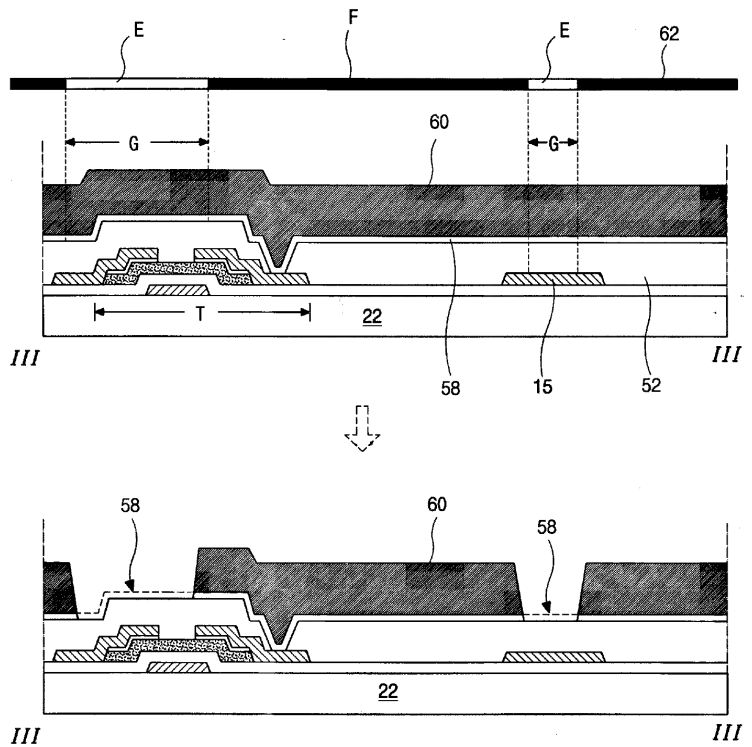
3c



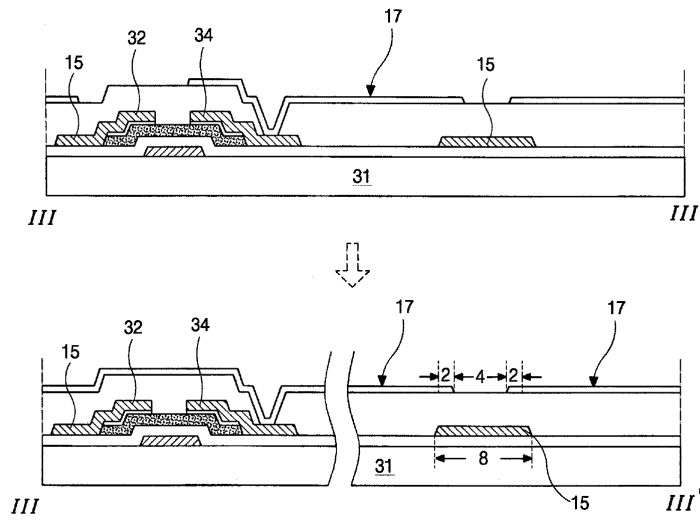
3d



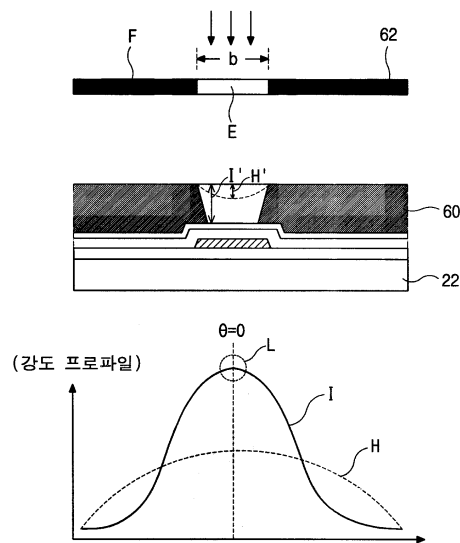
3e



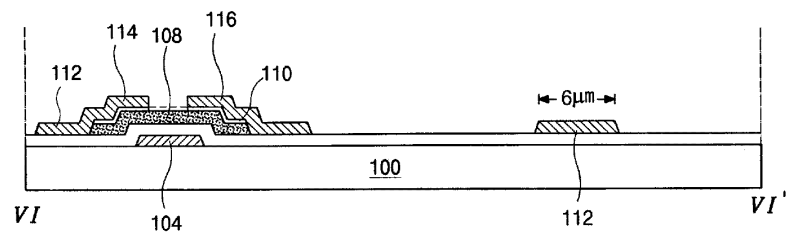
3f



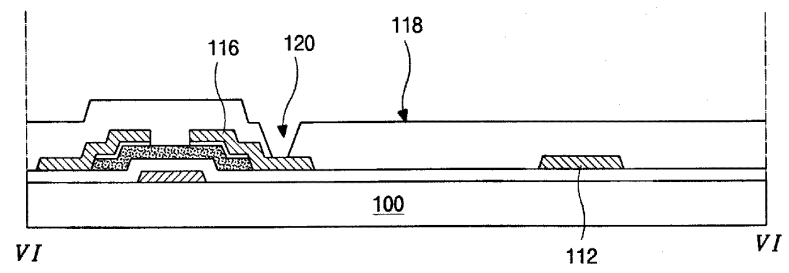
4



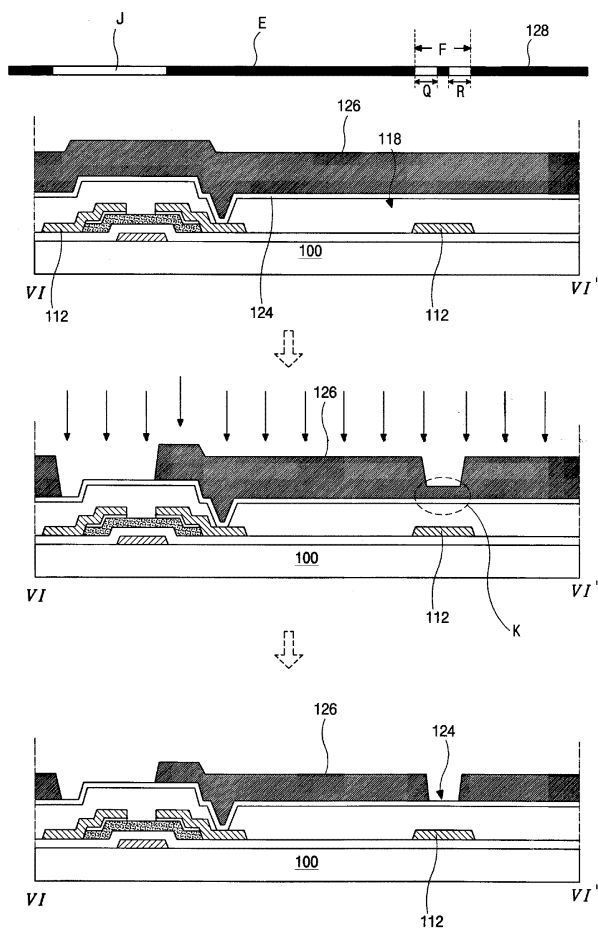
6c



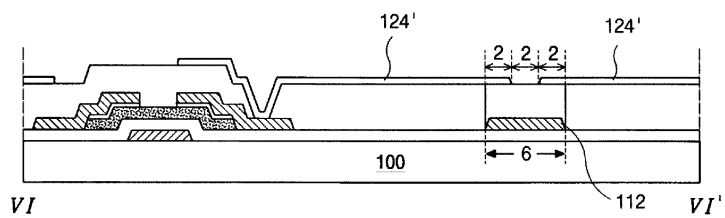
6d



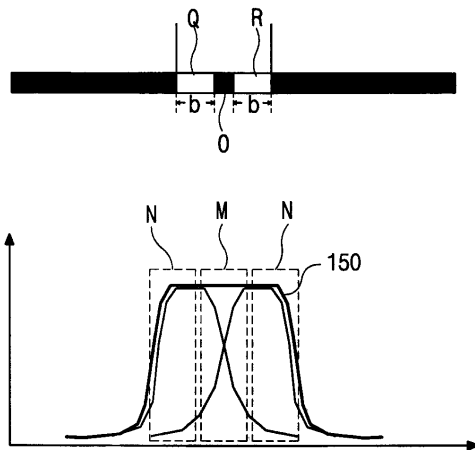
6e



6f



7



专利名称(译)	制造用于液晶显示器的阵列基板的方法		
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当前申请(专利权)人(译)	LG显示器有限公司		
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IPC分类号	G02F1/1368 H01L27/12 G02F1/136 H01L21/84 G02F1/1362 G09F9/30 H01L29/423 H01L29/786 G09F9/35 G02F1/1343 H01L29/49 H01L21/77 H01L21/336		
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其他公开文献	KR100413668B1		
外部链接	Espacenet		

摘要(译)

本发明涉及一种大尺寸液晶显示装置的制造方法，该液晶显示装置具有液晶显示器阵列基板的制造方法，特别是大面板高分辨率（高分辨率）。***，不可能将像素电极之间的间隙减小到光刻的极限小于 $2\mu\text{m}$ 。它不能以数据线的宽度（宽度）组织，此外，包括在像素电极之间的最小值。因此，限制在于高分辨率，以减少影响重要数据线的广度。克服这种限制的发明成为用于使用衍射狭缝掩模将像素电极图案化到光致抗蚀剂的掩模曝光中的光接触最小（ $2\mu\text{m}$ ）的区域。因此，它对应于通过衍射狭缝的微区域和触点预先限定的像素电极之间的区域。如果暴露的透明电极层在完成该现象之后蚀刻曝光的光致抗蚀剂，则形成在保持最小间隙的同时构成的像素电极。像素电极之间的间隙可以最小化到该方法。因此减少了。由像素电极组成。因此，可以制造具有改善的孔径比的液晶显示器。

