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Huang et al.

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(54) **PIXEL UNIT, PIXEL ARRAY AND LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY PANEL**

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G02F 1/1337 (2006.01)

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See application file for complete search history.

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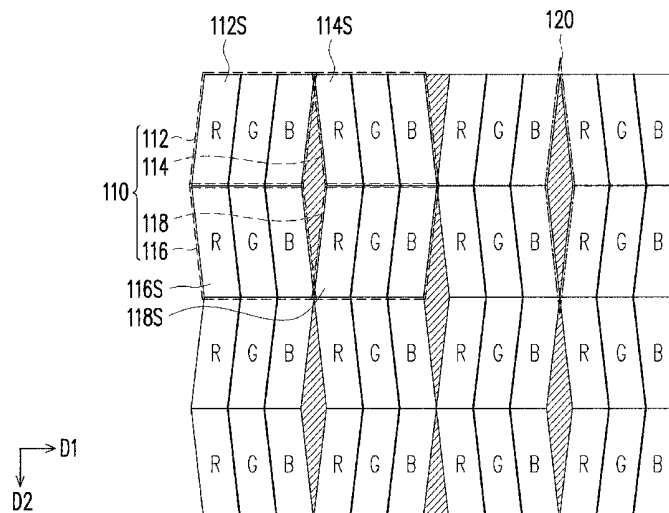
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A pixel unit includes a first pixel, a second pixel, a third pixel, a fourth pixel and a light-shielding structure. The first pixel has a plurality of first sub-pixels, the second pixel has a plurality of second sub-pixels, the third pixel has a plurality of third pixels, and the fourth pixel has a plurality of fourth sub-pixels. The first sub-pixel has a first electrode extending along a first tilting direction. The second sub-pixel has a second electrode extending along a second tilting direction. The third sub-pixel has a third electrode extending along a third tilting direction. The fourth sub-pixel has a fourth electrode extending along a fourth tilting direction. The first pixel, the second pixel, the third pixel and the fourth pixel surround the light-shielding structure collectively. The first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other.

15 Claims, 12 Drawing Sheets



(52) **U.S. Cl.**

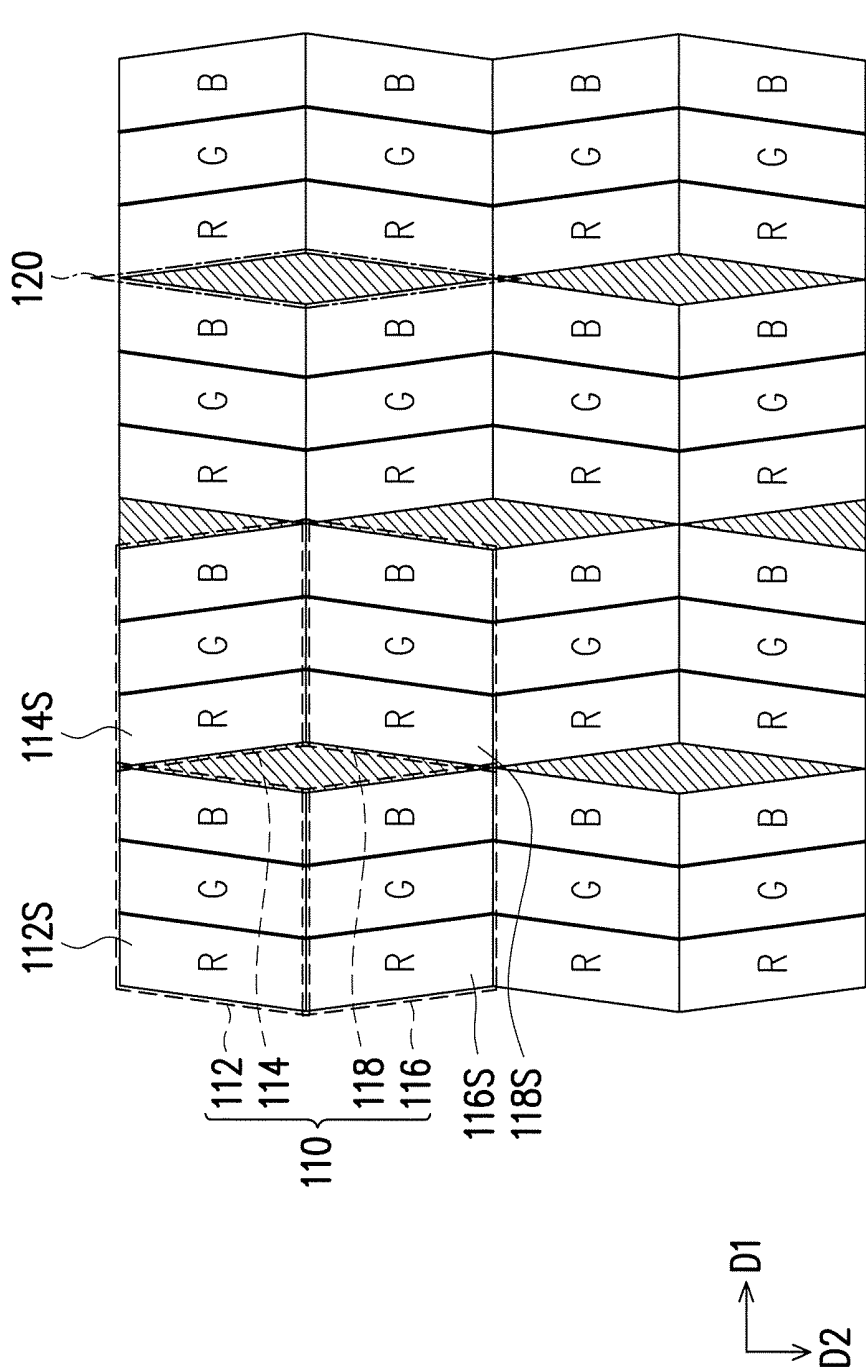
CPC *G02F 2001/134345* (2013.01); *G09G*
3/3625 (2013.01)

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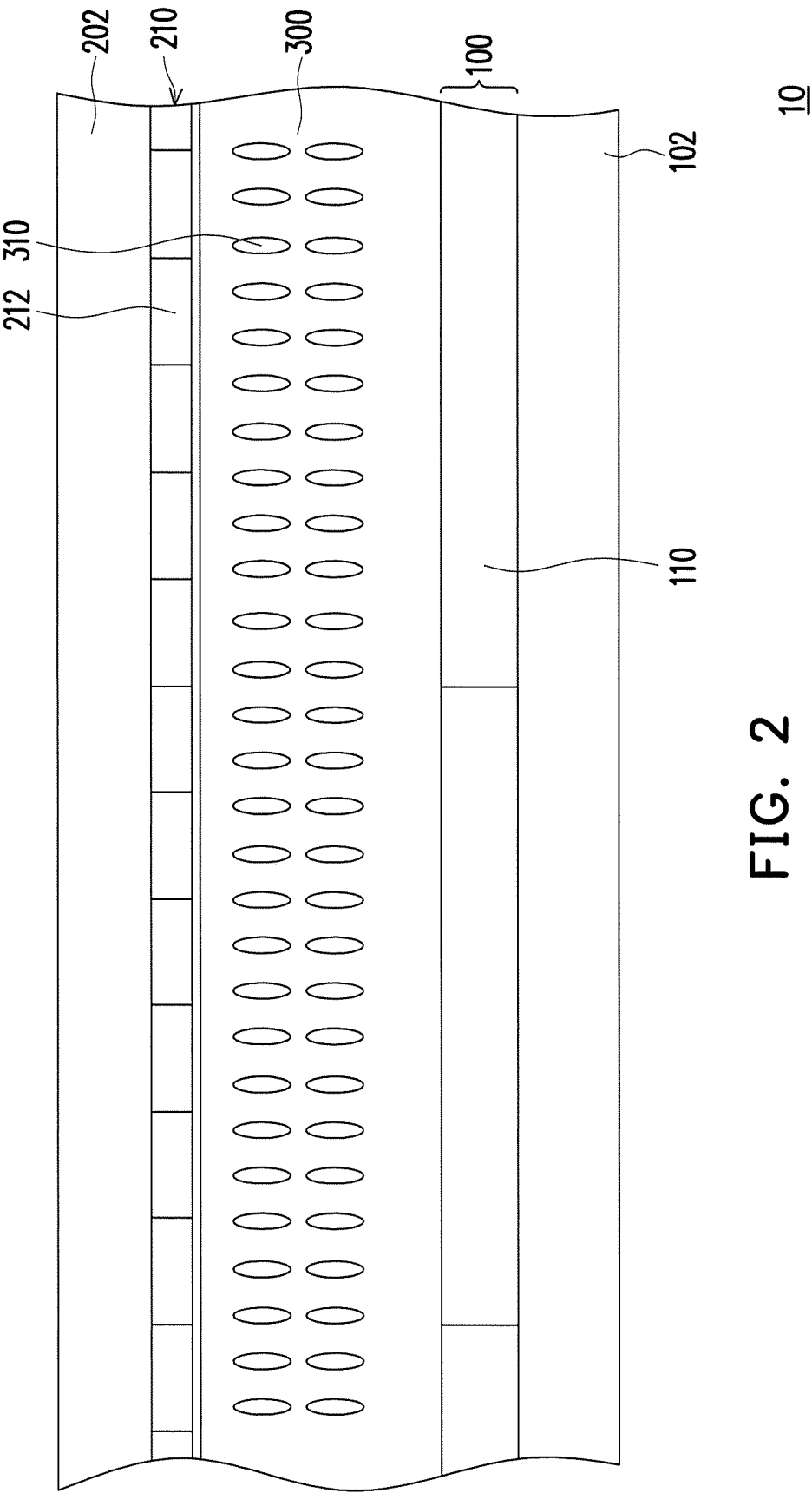
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FIG. 1



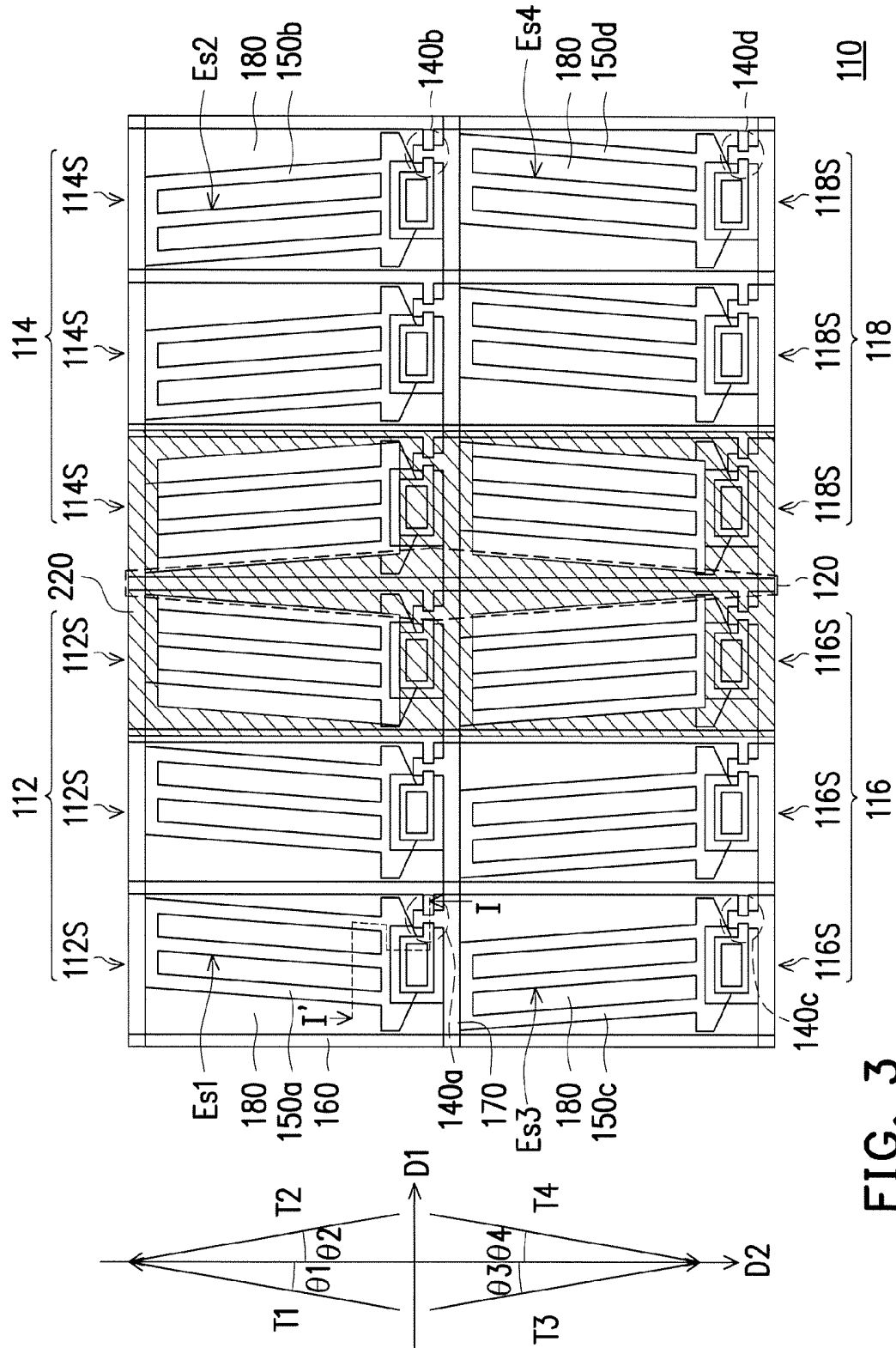


FIG. 3

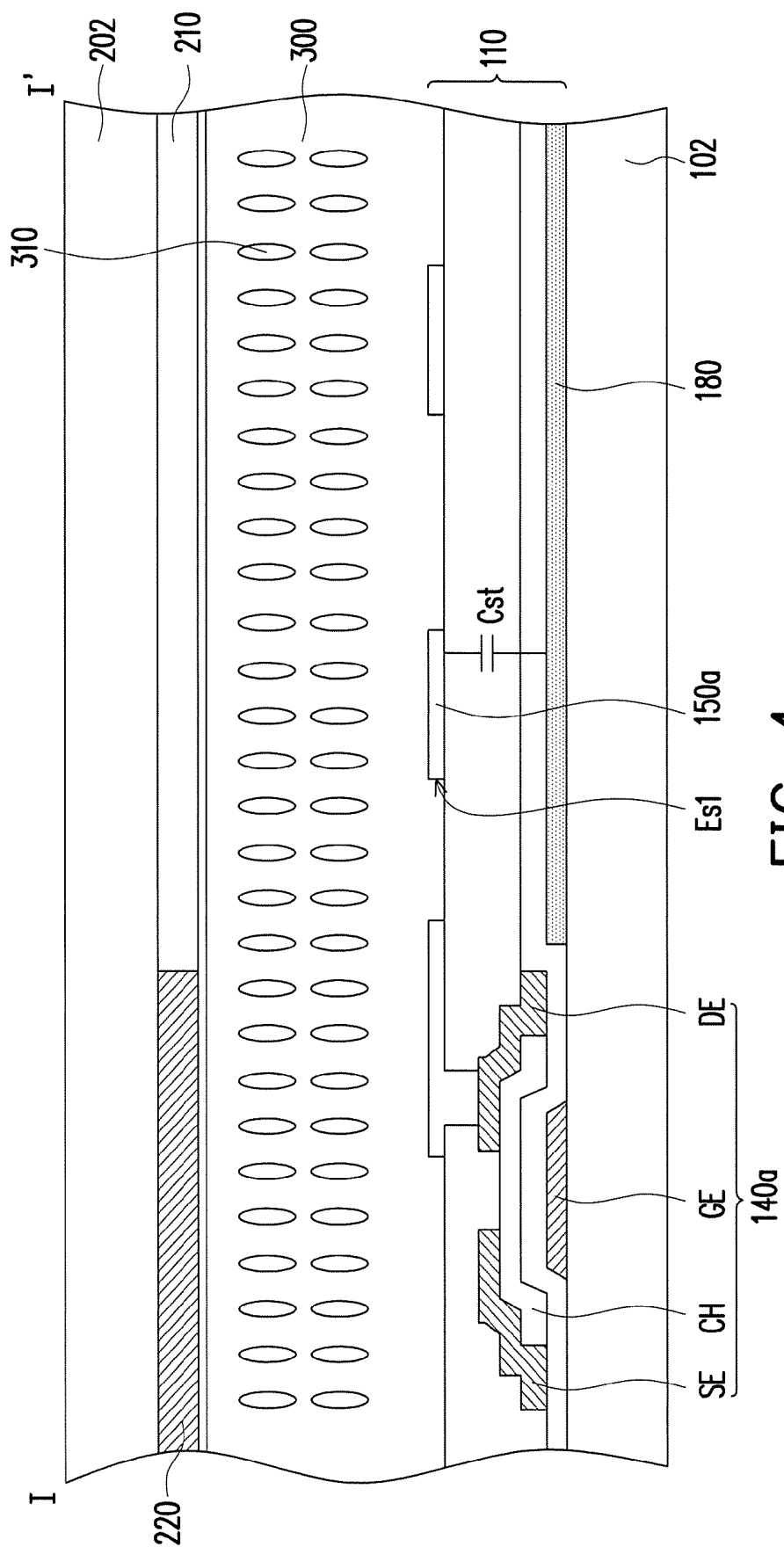
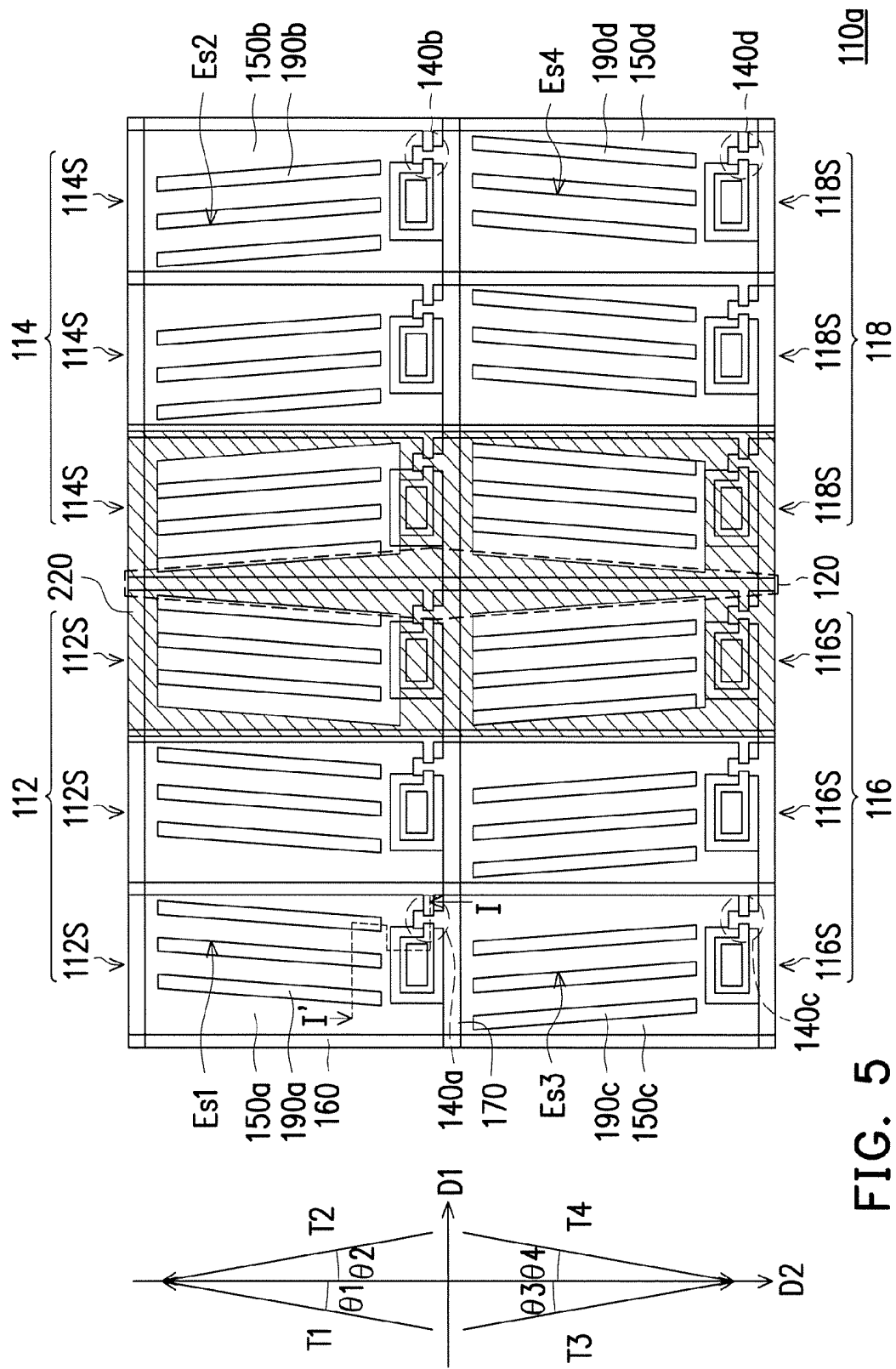


FIG. 4



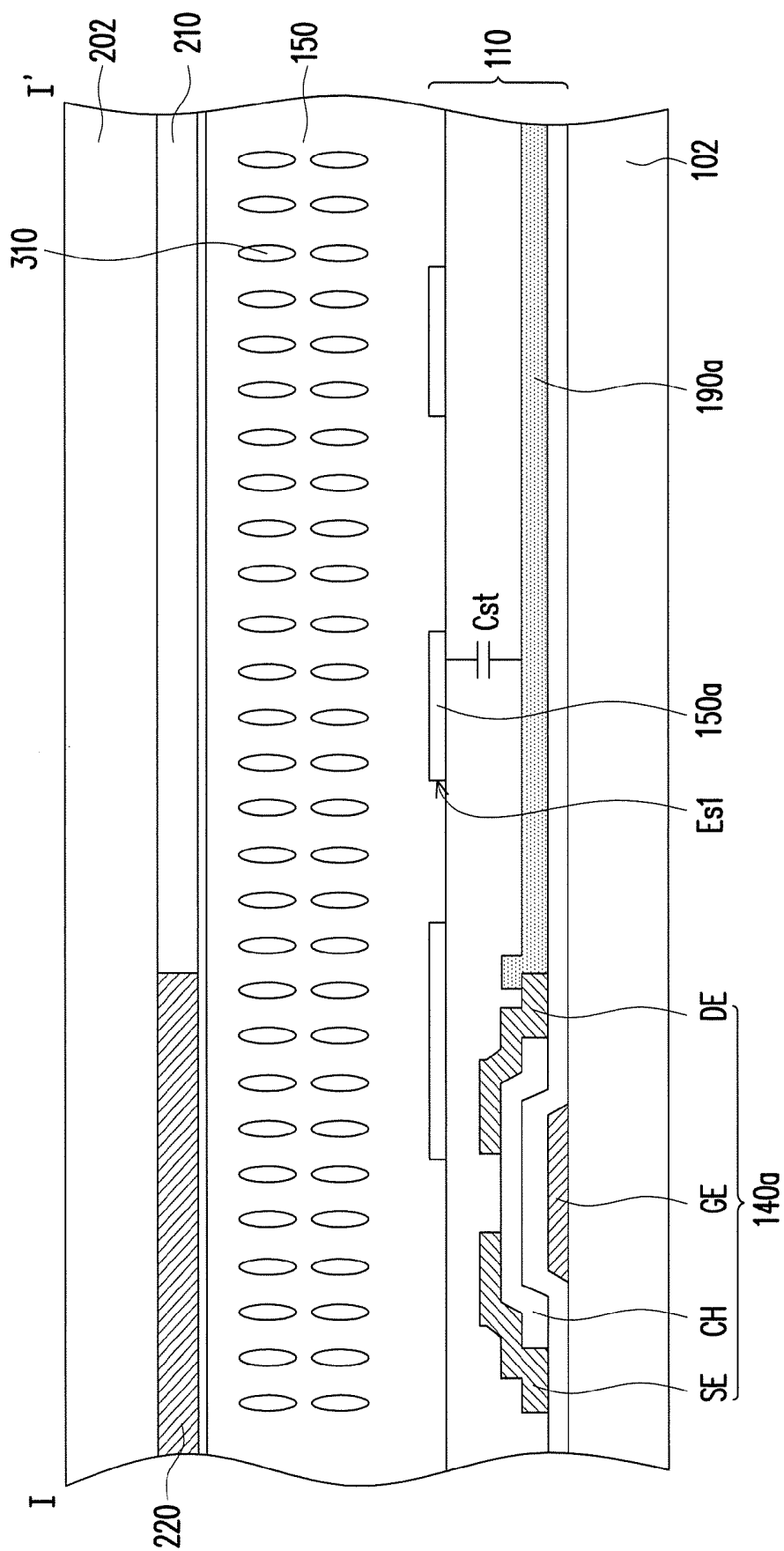


FIG. 6

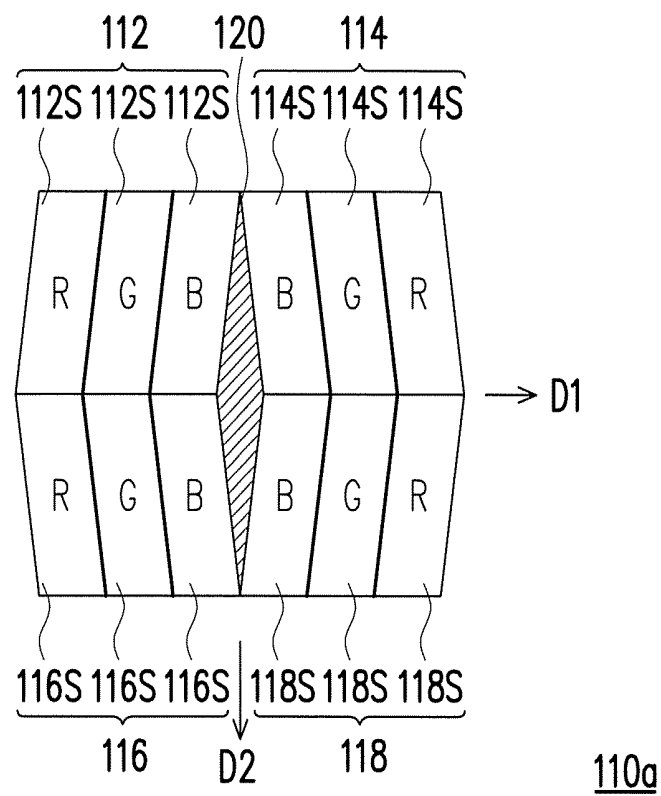
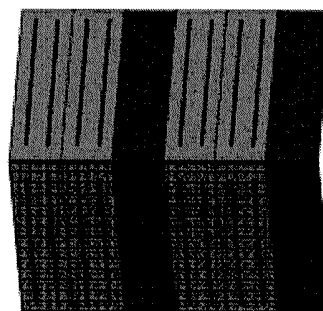
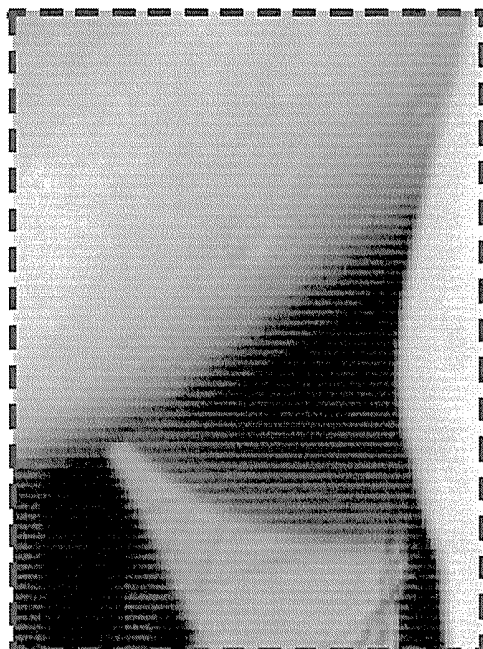


FIG. 7



(the present embodiment)

FIG. 8



(comparative example)

FIG. 9

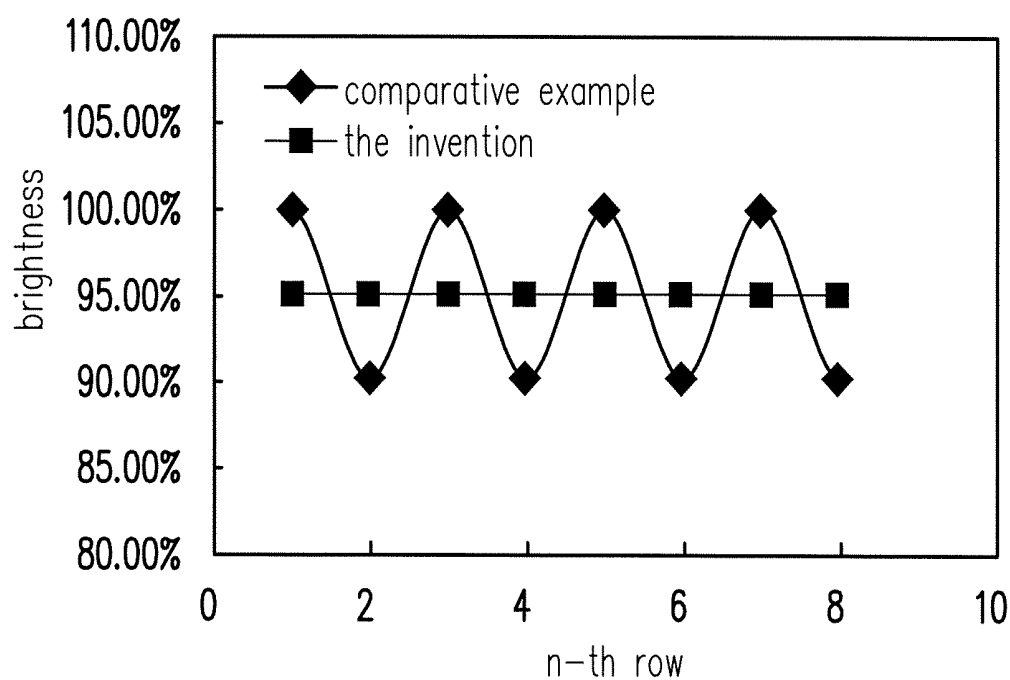


FIG. 10

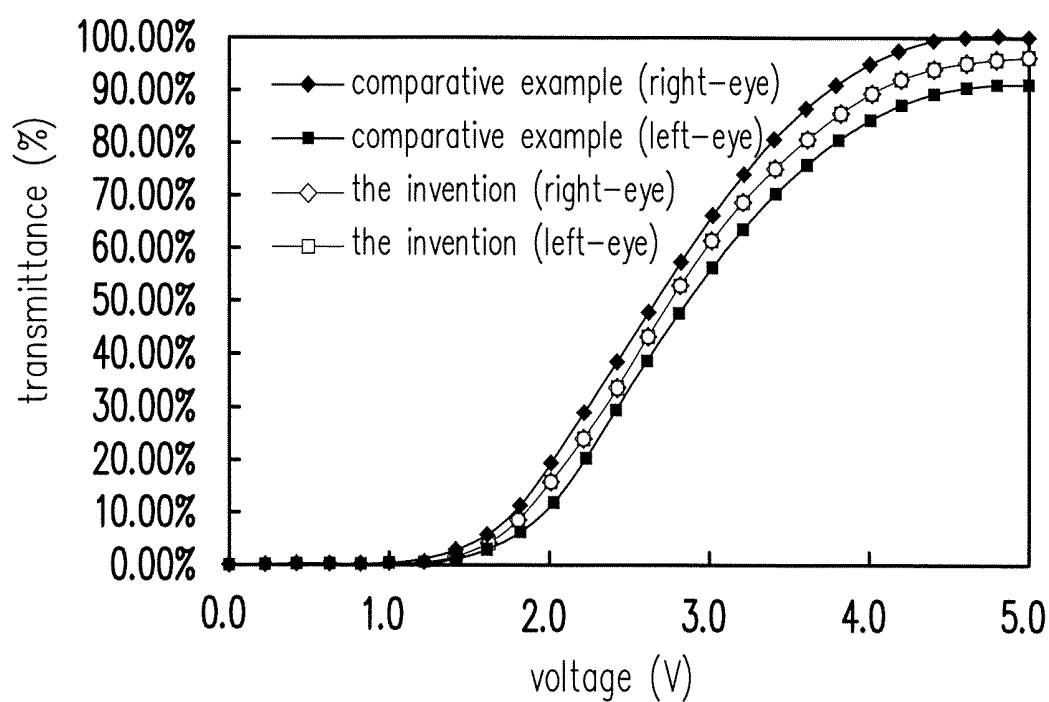
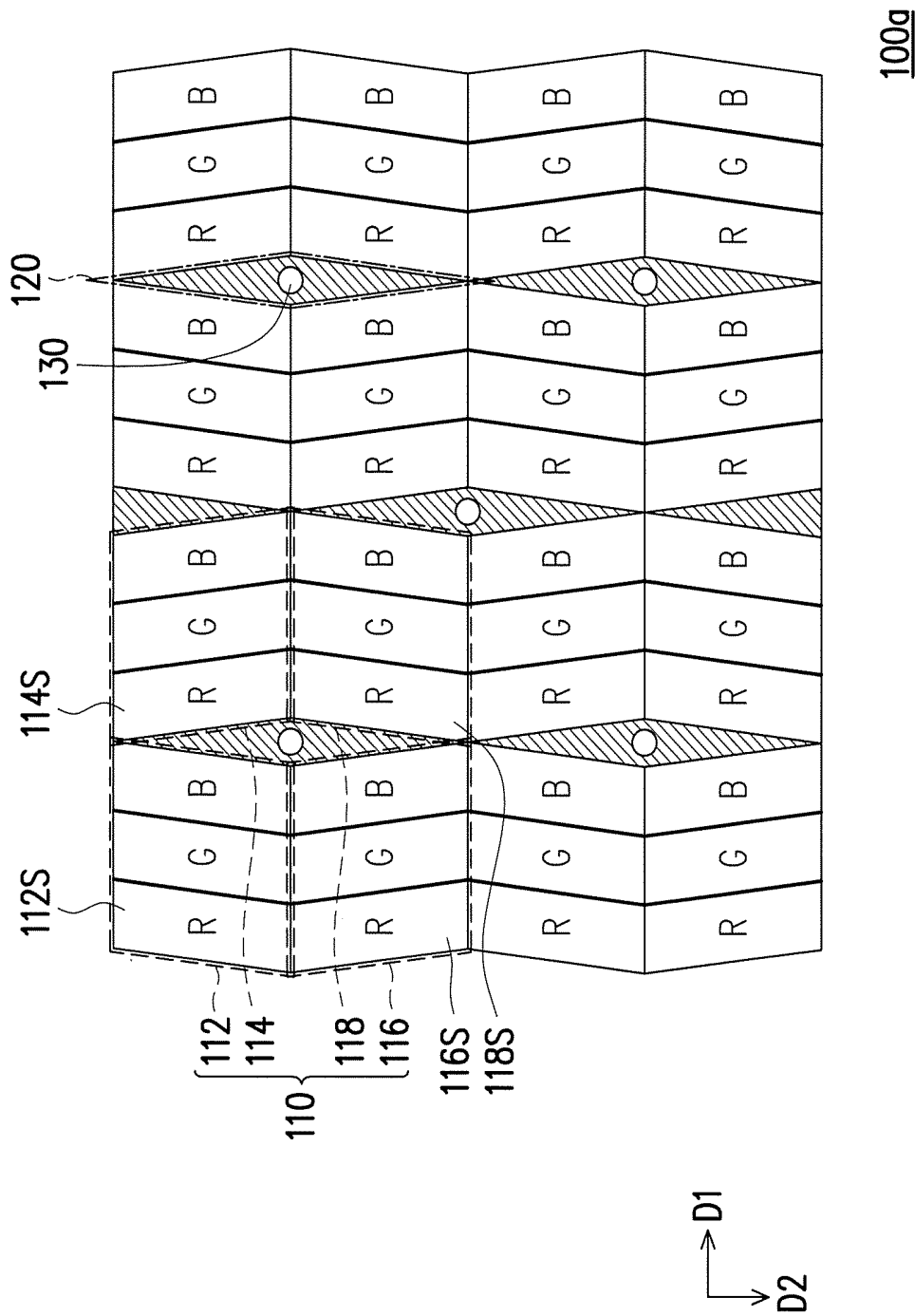
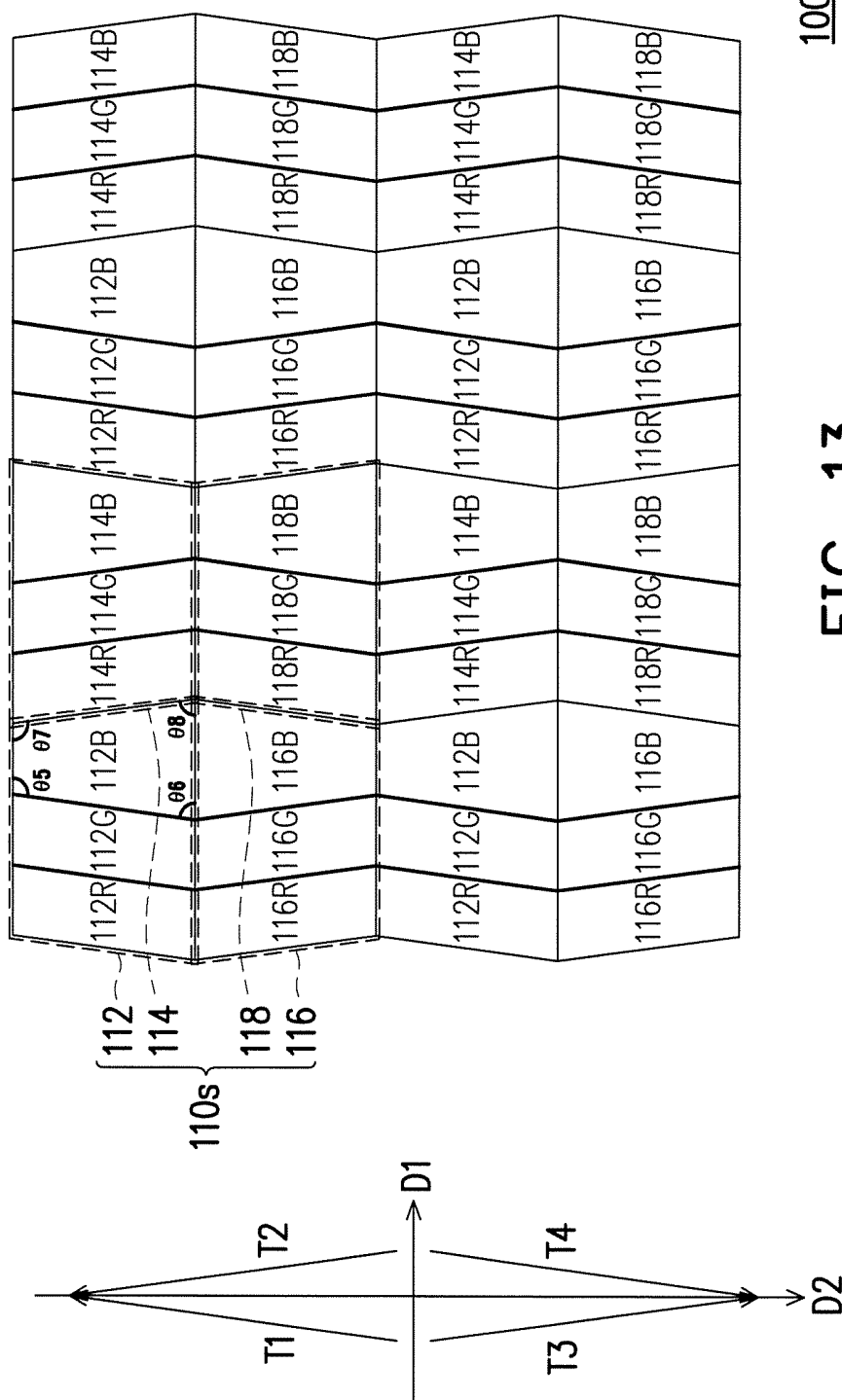
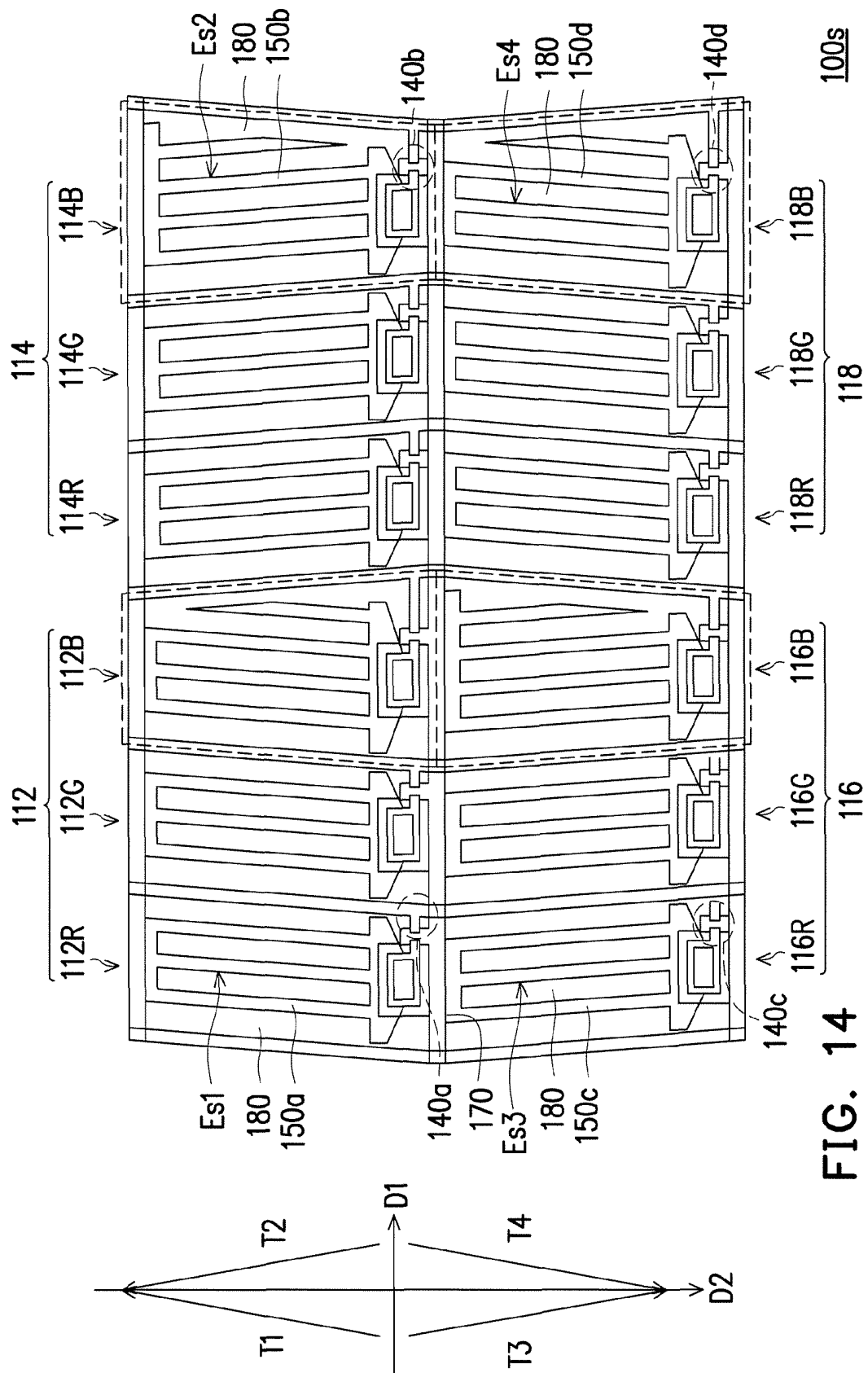


FIG. 11







PIXEL UNIT, PIXEL ARRAY AND LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY PANEL

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a divisional application of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/291,011, filed on May 30, 2014, now allowed. The prior application Ser. No. 14/291,011 claims the priority benefits of Taiwan application serial no. 102138277, filed on Oct. 23, 2013, and Taiwan application serial no. 103105735, filed on Feb. 20, 2014. The entirety of each of the above-mentioned patent applications is hereby incorporated by reference herein and made a part of specification.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to a pixel unit, a pixel array and a liquid crystal display panel, in particular, to a fringe field switching (FFS) pixel unit, a FFS pixel unit and a FFS liquid crystal display panel.

Description of Related Art

Nowadays, the functions that market demands of the liquid crystal display (LCD) panel are toward high contrast ratio, no gray scale inversion, little color shift, high luminance, high color richness, high color saturation, quick response, and wide viewing angle. The technologies that capable of fulfilling the requirements of wide viewing angle include, for example, a twisted nematic (TN) LCD panel having a wide viewing film, a in-plane switching (IPS) LCD panel, a fringe field switching (FFS) LCD panel and a multi-domain vertically alignment (MVA) LCD panel. Wherein, the fringe field switching LCD panel compared to twisted nematic LCD panel has better wide-viewing-angle effect.

In speaking of the fringe field switching LCD panel, in order to further improve finger press mura and disclination lines caused from the discontinuous alignment domains, a fringe field switching pixel unit of two-domain alignment has been provided, wherein there are designing patterns having large turning angles in the center of the pixel electrodes to provide two continuous alignment domains with different alignment effects. Nevertheless, in the junction between two alignment domains, the liquid crystal molecules in distribution area of curved patterns can not be driven smoothly; thereby the efficiency of liquid crystals decline. In this regard, another fringe field switching pixel unit of single-domain alignment (hereinafter referred to as 2D+ pixel unit) also has been provided, it fulfills the wide-viewing-angle effect through layout arrangements and tilting directions between a plurality of pixels. That is, a plurality of sub-pixels of pixel electrodes parallel to each other in the same row are designed to have a single tilting direction, and the sub-pixels of pixel electrodes in different rows are designed to have different tilting directions. In this manner, the designed curved patterns in the center of the pixel electrodes are eliminated, and thus the efficiency of liquid crystals is improved. However, due to the pixels in different rows having different alignment directions, therefore, in the case with polar viewing angles, the displaying images of the pixels in different rows will reveal different gamma curves, and the difference will be enlarged depend-

ing on the increment of the polar viewing angles, such that the Mura phenomenon of wide-viewing-angle displaying images in the row direction will become more obvious.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, the invention is directed to a pixel unit that has a plurality of pixel arrangements having different tilting directions so as to improve the situation of Mura phenomenon of wide viewing angle.

The invention provides a pixel unit, disposed on a first substrate. The pixel unit includes a first pixel, a second pixel, a third pixel, a fourth pixel and a light-shielding structure. The first pixel has a plurality of first sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the first sub-pixels has a first active device and a first electrode, the first electrode extends a long a first tilting direction. The second pixel has a plurality of second sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the second sub-pixels has a second active device and a second electrode, the second electrode extends along a second tilting direction. The third pixel has a plurality of third sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the third pixels has a third active device and a third electrode, the third electrode extends along a third tilting direction. The fourth pixel has a plurality of fourth sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the fourth pixels has a fourth active device and a fourth electrode, the fourth electrode extends along a fourth tilting direction. The first pixel, the second pixel, the third pixel, and the fourth pixel surround the light-shielding structure collectively. The first pixel and the second pixel are arranged along a first direction, the third pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the first direction. The first pixel and the third pixel are arranged along a second direction, the second pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the second direction, wherein the first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction, and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other.

The invention provides a pixel array, disposed on a first substrate. The pixel array includes a plurality of pixel units disposed on the first substrate. The pixel unit includes a first pixel, a second pixel, a third pixel, a fourth pixel, and a light-shielding structure. The first pixel has a plurality of first sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the first sub-pixels has a first active device and a first electrode, the first electrode extends along a first tilting direction. The second pixel has a plurality of second sub-pixel parallel to each other, each of the second sub-pixels has a second active device and a second electrode, the second electrode extends along a second tilting direction. The third pixel has a plurality of third sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the third sub-pixels has a third active device and a third electrode, the third electrode extends along a third tilting direction. The fourth electrode has a plurality of fourth sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the fourth sub-pixels has a fourth active device and a fourth electrode, the fourth electrode extends along a fourth tilting direction. The first pixel, the second pixel, the third pixel, and the fourth pixel surround the light-shielding structure collectively. The first pixel and the second pixel are arranged along a first direction, the third pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the first direction. The first pixel and the third pixel are arranged along a second direction, the second pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the second direction, wherein the first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction, and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other.

The invention provides a liquid crystal display panel including a first substrate, a plurality of pixel units, a second substrate, and a liquid crystal layer. The pixel unit disposed on the substrate includes a first pixel, a second pixel, a third pixel, a fourth pixel, and a light-shielding structure. The first pixel has a plurality of first sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the first sub-pixels has a first active device and a first electrode, the first electrode extends along a first tilting direction. The second pixel has a plurality of second sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the second sub-pixels has a second active device and a second electrode, the second electrode extends along a second tilting direction. The third pixel has a plurality of third-pixels parallel to each other, each of the third sub-pixels has a third active device and a third electrode, the third electrode extends along a third tilting direction. The fourth pixel has a plurality of fourth sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the fourth sub-pixels has a fourth active device and a fourth electrode, the fourth electrode extends along a fourth tilting direction. The first pixel, the second pixel, the third pixel, and the fourth pixel surround the light-shielding structure collectively. The first pixel and the second pixel are arranged along a first direction, the third pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the first direction. The first pixel and the third pixel are arranged along a second direction, the second pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the second direction, wherein the first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction, and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other. The second substrate is disposed opposite to the first substrate. The liquid crystal layer is disposed between the first substrate and the second substrate.

The invention provides a pixel unit, disposed on a first substrate. The pixel unit includes a first pixel, a second pixel, a third pixel and a fourth pixel. The first pixel includes a first red sub-pixel, a first green sub-pixel, and a first blue sub-pixel, respectively having a first active device and a first electrode. The first electrode extends along a first tilting direction. The second pixel includes a second red sub-pixel, a second green sub-pixel, and a second blue sub-pixel, respectively having a second active device and a second electrode. The second electrode extends along a second tilting direction. The third pixel includes a third red sub-pixel, a third green sub-pixel, and a third blue sub-pixel, respectively having a third active device and a third electrode. The third electrode extends along a third tilting direction. The fourth pixel includes a fourth red sub-pixel, a fourth green sub-pixel, and a fourth blue sub-pixel, respectively having a fourth active device and a fourth electrode. The fourth electrode extends along a fourth tilting direction. The first pixel and the second pixel are arranged along a first direction, the third pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the first direction. The first pixel and the third pixel are arranged along a second direction, the second pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged along the second direction, wherein the first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction, and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other. Shapes of the first blue sub-pixel, the second blue sub-pixel, the third blue sub-pixel and the fourth blue sub-pixel are respectively a trapezoid.

According to the aforementioned, a plurality of the pixels of the invention having the pixel electrodes extending along different tilting directions are arranged alternatively on the first and the second directions, and these pixels surround light-shielding structure collectively to form the pixel units. As a result, the pixel electrodes with different tilting direc-

tions can achieve wide-viewing-angle displaying effect and improve the scenario of Mura phenomenon.

In order to make the aforementioned and other features and advantages of the invention comprehensible, several exemplary embodiments accompanied with figures are described in detail below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings are included to provide a further understanding of the invention, and are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification. The drawings illustrate embodiments of the invention and, together with the description, serve to explain the principles of the invention.

FIG. 1 is a schematic top view of a pixel array according to an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 2 is a schematic cross-sectional view of a LCD panel comprising the pixel array of the present embodiment.

FIG. 3 is a schematic top view illustrating the pixel array corresponding to FIG. 1 according to an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 4 is a schematic cross-sectional view along a line I-I' of FIG. 3.

FIG. 5 is a schematic top view illustrating the pixel array corresponding to FIG. 1 according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 6 is a schematic cross-sectional view along a line I-I' of FIG. 5.

FIG. 7 is a schematic diagram of arrangement of sub-pixels of the pixel unit according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 8 are schematic diagrams of display effects with wide viewing angle of a LCD panel and the arrangement of pixel unit of the LCD panel according to an embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 9 is a schematic diagram of displaying effects with wide viewing angle of a LCD panel and the arrangement of pixel unit of the LCD panel according to a comparative example.

FIG. 10 is a brightness distribution diagram of a LCD panel according to an embodiment of the invention and a LCD panel of a comparative example as the polar viewing angle is 60 degree.

FIG. 11 is gamma curves of a LCD panel according to an embodiment of the invention and a LCD panel of a comparative example as the polar viewing angle is 60 degree.

FIG. 12 is the schematic top view illustrating a pixel array according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 13 is the schematic top view illustrating a pixel array according to another embodiment of the invention.

FIG. 14 is a schematic top view illustrating the pixel array corresponding to FIG. 13 according to an embodiment of the invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

Reference will now be made in detail to the present preferred embodiments of the invention, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Wherever possible, the same reference numbers are used in the drawings and the description to refer to the same or like parts.

FIG. 1 is a schematic top view illustrating a pixel array according to an embodiment of the invention. Referring to FIG. 1, the pixel array 100 includes a plurality of pixel units 110 arranged as an array. Each of the pixel unit 110 includes a first pixel 112, a second pixel 114, a third pixel 116, a

fourth pixel **118** and a light-shielding structure **120**. The first pixel **112** includes a plurality of first sub-pixels **112S** parallel to each other. The second pixel **114** includes a plurality of second sub-pixels **114S** parallel to each other. The third pixel **116** includes a plurality of third sub-pixels **116S** parallel to each other. The fourth pixel **118** includes a plurality of fourth sub-pixels **118S** parallel to each other. The first pixel **112** and the second pixel **114** are arranged alternately along a first direction **D1**, the third pixel **116** and the fourth pixel **118** are arranged alternately along the first direction **D1**. The first pixel **112** and the third pixel **116** are arranged alternately along a second direction **D2**, the second pixel **114** and the fourth pixel **118** are arranged alternately along the second direction **D2**. In the present embodiment, the first direction **D1** and the second direction **D2** are perpendicular to each other, wherein the first direction **D1**, for instance, is a row direction, and the second direction **D2** is a column direction.

The pixel array **100** of the present embodiment may be applied in a LCD panel. FIG. 2 depicts a schematic cross-sectional diagram of a LCD panel comprising the pixel array of the present embodiment. Referring to FIG. 2, the LCD panel **10** includes a first substrate **102**, a pixel array **100**, a second substrate **202** and a liquid crystal layer **300**. The pixel array **100** is disposed on the first substrate **102**, wherein the pixel array **100** includes a plurality of pixel units **110**. The second substrate **202** is disposed opposite to the first substrate **102**, and the liquid crystal layer **300** is disposed between the first substrate **102** and the second substrate **202**. A color filter layer **210** may be disposed on the second substrate **202** to substantially constitute a color filter substrate. The liquid crystal layer **300** includes a plurality of liquid crystal molecules **310**. In the present exemplary embodiment, the pixel array **100** and the color filter layer **210** are disposed on different substrates for illustration, but the invention is not limited thereto. In other embodiments, the pixel array **100** and color filter layer **210** may also be disposed on the same substrate.

FIG. 3 is a schematic top view illustrating the pixel array corresponding to FIG. 1 according to an embodiment of the invention. Referring FIG. 1, FIG. 2, and FIG. 3, the light-shielding structure **120** may be, for example, disposed on the second substrate **202** corresponding to the first pixel **112**, the second pixel **114**, the third pixel **116** and the fourth pixel **118** on the first substrate **102**, or otherwise directly disposed on the first substrate **102**. The first pixel **112**, the second pixel **114**, the third pixel **116**, and the fourth pixel **118** surround the light-shielding structure **120** collectively. Specifically, as shown in FIG. 1, a light-shielding layer **220** may be disposed on the second substrate **202**. The light-shielding layer **220** such as a black matrix (BM) may be arranged at intervals with the color filter layer **210** (as shown in FIG. 4). The distribution area of the light-shielding layer **220** may be, for instance, an opaque region inside of the LCD panel **10**, thus, the components and wires such as data lines, scan lines, active devices, and peripheral wires may be disposed correspondingly to prevent them from being seen by users. The light-shielding structure **120** may be fulfilled by the light-shielding layer **220**, and the distribution area of the light-shielding structure **120** of the present embodiment may be defined by, for instance, the area surrounded by four adjacent pixels. For example, the area enclosed by the inner edges of the first pixel **112**, the second pixel **114**, the third pixel **116**, and the fourth pixel **118** that are adjacent to each other may define the distribution area for one of the light-shielding structures **120**.

As shown in FIG. 3, the first sub-pixel **112S** has a first active device **140a** and a first electrode **150a**. The first

electrode **150a** extends along a first tilting direction **T1**, or the extending direction of the first electrode **150a** is parallel to the first tilting direction **T1**. Besides, the tilting direction of the first electrode **112** and the first sub-pixel **112S** referred below is the first tilting direction **T1** of the first electrode **150a**. The first electrode **150a** has a plurality of slits **Es1**, wherein the first tilting direction **T1** of the first electrode **150a** is fulfilled by, for example, the extending direction of the slits **Es1** or the extending direction of electrode branches in between the slits **Es1**. Specifically, the slits **Es1** may have longer sides and shorter sides, wherein the extending direction of the slits **Es1** is parallel to the longer sides, that is, the first tilting direction **T1** is parallel to the longer sides of the slits **Es1**.

The second sub-pixel **114S** has a second active device **140b** and a second electrode **150b**. The second electrode **150b** extends along a second tilting direction **T2**, or the extending direction of the second electrode **150b** is parallel to the second tilting direction **T2**. In addition, the tilting direction of the second pixel **114** and the second sub-pixel **114S** referred below is the second tilting direction **T2** of the second electrode **150b**. The second electrode **150b** has a plurality of slits **Es2**, wherein the second tilting direction **T2** of the second electrode **150b** is fulfilled by, for instance, the extending direction of the slit **Es2** or the extending direction of the electrode branches in between the **Es2**. Specifically, the slits **Es2** may have longer sides and shorter sides, wherein the extending direction of the slit **Es2** is parallel to the longer sides, that is, the second tilting direction **T2** is parallel to the longer sides of the slits **Es2**.

The third sub-pixel **116S** has a third active device **140c** and a third electrode **150c**. The third electrode **150c** extends along a third tilting direction **T3**, or the extending direction of the third electrode **150c** is parallel to the third tilting direction **T3**. Besides, the tilting direction of the third pixel **116** and the third sub-pixel **116S** referred below is the third tilting direction **T3** of the third electrode **150c**. The third electrode **150c** has a plurality of slits **Es3**, wherein the third tilting direction **T3** of the third electrode **150c** is fulfilled by, for instance, the extending direction of the slits **Es3** or the extending direction of the electrode branches in between the slits **Es3**. Specifically, the slits **Es3** may have longer sides and shorter sides, wherein the extending direction of the slits **Es3** is parallel to the longer sides, that is, the third tilting direction **T3** is parallel to the longer sides of the slits **Es3**.

The fourth sub-pixel **118S** has a fourth active device **140d** and a fourth electrode **150d**. The fourth electrode **150d** extends along a fourth tilting direction **T4** or the extending direction of the fourth electrode **150d** is parallel to the fourth tilting direction **T4**. Moreover, the tilting direction of the fourth electrode **118** and the fourth sub-pixel **118S** referred below is the fourth tilting direction **T4** of the first electrode **150d**. The fourth electrode **150d** has a plurality of slits **Es4**, wherein the fourth tilting direction **T4** of the fourth electrode **150d** is fulfilled by, for instance, the extending direction of the slits **Es4** or the extending direction of the electrode branches in between the slits **Es4**. Specifically, the slits **Es4** may have longer sides and shorter sides, wherein the extending direction of the slits **Es4** is parallel to their longer sides, that is, the fourth tilting direction **T4** is parallel to the longer sides of the slits **Es4**.

The first tilting direction **T1**, the second tilting direction **T2**, the third tilting direction **T3**, and the fourth tilting direction **T4** are different from each other. In the present embodiment, the included angle between the first tilting direction **T1** and the second direction **D2** is $\theta 1$. The included angle between the second tilting direction **T2** and the second

direction D2 is $\theta 2$. The included angle between the third tilting direction T3 and the second direction D2 is $\theta 3$, the included angle between the fourth tilting direction T4 and the second direction D2 is $\theta 4$. The included angle between the first pixel 112 and the second pixel 114 is the sum of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 2$, the included angle between the third pixel 116 and the fourth pixel 118 is the sum of $\theta 3$ and $\theta 4$. The respective absolute values of $\theta 1$, $\theta 2$, $\theta 3$, and $\theta 4$ are between 0° and 90° , the respective preferred absolute values of $\theta 1$, $\theta 2$, $\theta 3$, and $\theta 4$ are between 1° and 89° , and the especially preferred respective absolute values of $\theta 1$, $\theta 2$, $\theta 3$, and $\theta 4$ are between 1° and 15° or between 75° and 89° .

In the present embodiment, the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 3$ may be the same or different, the absolute values of $\theta 2$ and $\theta 4$ may be the same or different, and the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 2$ may be the same or different. In other words, the first tilting direction T1 of the first sub-pixel 112S may be parallel to the fourth tilting direction T4 of the fourth sub-pixel 118S. The second tilting direction T2 of the second sub-pixel 114S may be parallel to the third tilting direction T3 of the third sub-pixel 116S, but the invention is not limited thereto. In other embodiments, for example, the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 3$ are the same, the absolute values of $\theta 2$ and $\theta 4$ are the same, and the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 2$ are different. That is to say, the first tilting direction T1 of the first sub-pixel 112S is not parallel to the fourth tilting direction T4 of the fourth sub-pixel 118S. The second tilting direction T2 of the second sub-pixel 114S is not parallel to the third tilting direction T3 of the third pixel 116S. Aforementioned embodiment is provided only for illustration, the invention is not intent to limit the size relationship of $\theta 1$, $\theta 2$, $\theta 3$, and $\theta 4$ of the present embodiment, the absolute values of $\theta 1$, $\theta 2$, $\theta 3$, and $\theta 4$ also may be the same or different respectively.

In the present embodiment, the first pixel 112 and the second pixel 114 in the same row have different tilting directions, and the first pixel 112 and the second pixel 114 are arranged alternately, the third pixel 116 and the fourth pixel 118 in the same row have different tilting directions, and the third pixel 116 and the fourth pixel 118 are arranged alternately. As a result, the sub-pixels having different tilting directions are arranged alternately in the same row, thus, the conventional scenario of Mura phenomenon of wide viewing angle may be effectively improved.

Referring again to FIG. 1 and FIG. 2, the first pixel 112 of the present embodiment may have, for instance, three first sub-pixels 112S, and the first pixel 112 may have a first primary color sub-pixel R, a second primary color sub-pixel G and a third primary color sub-pixel B. For example, the first primary color sub-pixel R may be a red sub-pixel, the second primary color sub-pixel G may be a green sub-pixel, and the third primary color sub-pixel B may be a blue sub-pixel. Similar to the first pixel 112, the second pixel 114, the third pixel 116, and the fourth pixel 118 may also respectively have aforementioned the first primary color sub-pixel R, the second primary color sub-pixel G, and the third primary color sub-pixel B. Furthermore, the color filter layer 210 of the second substrate 202 may have a plurality of color filter patterns 212. Corresponding to the first primary color sub-pixel R, the second primary color sub-pixel G, and the third primary color sub-pixel B, the color filter 210 may include a red color filter pattern, a green color filter pattern, and a blue color filter pattern, wherein each color filter pattern is disposed corresponding to one of the sub-pixels.

In the present embodiment, the first primary color sub-pixel R, the second primary color sub-pixel G, and the third

primary color sub-pixel B of the first pixel 112 and the second pixel 114 are sequentially arranged along the first direction D1. In other words, the arrangement of the sub-pixels of the first pixel 112 and the second pixel 114 along the first direction D1 is in a sequential order of the first primary color sub-pixel R, the second primary color sub-pixel G, and the third primary color sub-pixel B. Likewise, the arrangement of the sub-pixels of the third pixel 116 and the fourth pixel 118 along the first direction D1 is in a sequential order of the first primary color sub-pixel R, the second primary color sub-pixel G, and the third primary color sub-pixel B. In addition, the first direction D1 is served as a reference basis, the first pixel 112 and the third pixel 116 are arranged in mirror symmetry, and the second pixel 114 and the fourth pixel 118 are arranged in mirror symmetry. In other words, the sub-pixels having the same sequential order of arrangement in the first pixel 112 and the third pixel 116 are the primary color sub-pixels with the same color, the sub-pixels having the same sequential order of arrangement in the second pixel 114 and the fourth pixel 118 are the primary color sub-pixels with the same color. For example, the first left first sub-pixel 112S of the first pixel 112 and the first left sub-pixel 116S of the third pixel 116 are the primary color sub-pixels with the same color. Moreover, in other embodiments, the first pixel may also have four sub-pixels, so as to have four different primary color sub-pixels. The invention is not intent to limit the amount of sub-pixels of each pixel.

FIG. 4 is a schematic cross-sectional view along a line I-I' of FIG. 3. In the embodiments illustrated in FIG. 3 and FIG. 4, the first electrode 140a may be a pixel electrode of the first sub-pixel 112S electrically connected to the first active device 140a. For example, the first active device 140a may be connected to one of the data lines 160 and one of the scan lines 170. Specifically, the first active device 140a includes a gate electrode GE, a channel CH, a source electrode SE, and a drain electrode DE, wherein the data line 160 is electrically connected to the source electrode SE, the scan line 170 is electrically connected to the gate electrode GE, the first electrode 150a is electrically connected to the drain electrode DE through a contact window.

The first sub-pixel 112S of the embodiment further includes a common electrode 180 disposed between the first substrate 102 and the first electrode 150a, the common electrode 180 is electrically insulated from the first electrode 150a. The first electrode 150a is superimposed on the common electrode 180, so as to form a storage capacitor Cst. The plurality of the slits Es1 of the first electrode 150a exposes a portion of the common electrode 180, and a transversal electric field across the slits Es1 may be formed between the first electrode 150a and the common electrode 180, so as to drive the liquid crystal molecules 310 inside of the liquid crystal layer 300. In the present embodiment, different sub-pixels may share the same common electrode 180, in other words, the common electrode 180 may be a successive film layer with a plurality of openings, wherein the openings are located on the overlapping area between the drain electrode DE and the first electrode 150a, such that the drain electrode DE is electrically connected to the first electrode 150a through the openings.

FIG. 4 solely depicts the first active device 140a and the first electrode 150a to illustrate the cross-sectional structure of the first sub-pixel 112S. Nevertheless, the structures of the second sub-pixel 114S, the third sub-pixel 116S, and the fourth sub-pixel 118S are substantially identical to the structure of the first sub-pixel 112S. Therefore, after referring to the cross-sectional structure of FIG. 4, the structure

designs of the second sub-pixels **114S**, the third sub-pixels **116S**, and the fourth sub-pixels **118S** should be understood. In other words, the second electrode **150b**, the third electrode **150c**, and the fourth electrode **150d** are the respective pixel electrodes of the second sub-pixels **114S**, the third sub-pixels **116S**, and the fourth sub-pixels **118S**. Otherwise, the second electrode **150b**, the third electrode **150c**, and the fourth electrode **150d** also respectively form storage capacitors with the common electrode **180**.

FIG. **5** is a schematic top view illustrating a pixel unit according another embodiment of the invention. FIG. **6** is a schematic cross-sectional view along a line I-I' of FIG. **5**. The tilting directions and arrangements of the pixels of the pixel unit **110a** of FIG. **5** and that of the pixel unit **110** of the FIG. **3** are generally the same, accordingly, similar reference numbers are used to indicate similar elements.

Referring to FIG. **5** and FIG. **6**, the first electrode **150a** may be a common electrode of the first sub-pixel **112S**. The first sub-pixel **112** further includes a pixel electrode **190a** electrically connected to the first active device **140a**, wherein the pixel electrode **190a** is electrically connected to the drain electrode DE. The pixel electrode **190a** is disposed between the first substrate **102** and the first electrode **150a** (common electrode), and the pixel electrode **190a** is electrically insulated from the first electrode **150a**. The first electrode **150a** is superimposed on the pixel electrode **190a** to form a storage capacitor Cst. The plurality of the slits Es1 of the first electrode **150a** exposes a portion of the pixel electrode **190a**, and the transversal electric field across the slits Es1 may be formed between the first electrode **150a** and the pixel electrode **190a**, so as to drive the liquid molecules **310** of the liquid crystal layer **300**. In the present embodiment, the pixel electrodes **190a** of different sub-pixels are separated from each other. In addition, the first electrodes **150a** which serve as common electrodes may be connected with one another in between to form a successive film layer with a plurality of the slits Es1.

FIG. **6** solely depicts the first active device **140a** and the first electrode **150a** to illustrate the cross-sectional structure of the first sub-pixel **112S**. Nevertheless, the structures of the second sub-pixel **114S**, the third sub-pixel **116S** and the fourth sub-pixel **118S** are substantially identical to the structure of the first sub-pixel electrode **112S**. Therefore, after referring to the cross-sectional structure of FIG. **6**, the structure designs of the second sub-pixels **114S**, the third sub-pixels **116S**, and the fourth sub-pixels **118S** should be understood. In other words, the second electrode **150b**, the third electrode **150c**, and the fourth electrode **150d** are the respective common electrodes of the second sub-pixels **114S**, the third sub-pixels **116S**, and the fourth sub-pixels **118S**. Otherwise, the second electrode **150b**, the third electrode **150c**, and the fourth electrode **150d** respectively form storage capacitors with their pixel electrodes (i.e., the pixel electrode **190b**, the pixel electrode **190c**, and the pixel electrode **190d**). In the present embodiment, the first electrode **150a**, the second electrode **150b**, the third electrode **150c**, and the fourth electrode **150d** all are common electrodes and connected with each other.

FIG. **7** is a schematic diagram of arrangement of sub-pixels of the pixel unit according to another embodiment of the invention. Referring to FIG. **7**, the first primary color sub-pixel R, the second primary color sub-pixel G, the third primary color sub-pixel B of the first pixel **112** are sequentially arranged along the first direction D1. The sub-pixels of the second pixel **114** is in a reversed arrangement order with the first pixel **112**, that is, the third primary color sub-pixel B, the second primary color sub-pixel G and the first primary

color sub-pixel R are arranged sequentially along the first direction D1. Likewise, the arrangement of the third pixel **116** is in a sequential order of the first primary color sub-pixel R, the second primary color sub-pixel G, and the third primary color sub-pixel B. The sub-pixels of the fourth pixel **118** is in a reversed arrangement order with the third pixel **116**, that is, the third primary color sub-pixel B, the second primary color sub-pixel G, and the first primary color sub-pixel R are sequentially arranged along the first direction D1. From another viewpoint, the second direction D2 is served as a reference basis, the first pixel **112** and the second pixel **114** are arranged in mirror symmetry. Additionally, the first direction D1 is served as a reference basis, the first pixel **112** and the third pixel **116** are arranged in mirror symmetry, and the second pixel **114** and the fourth pixel **118** are arranged in mirror symmetry. In other words, the sub-pixels in the first pixel **112** and the third pixel **116** having the same arrangement order are the primary color sub-pixels with the same color, the sub-pixels in the second pixel **114** and the fourth pixel **118** having the same arrangement order are the primary color sub-pixels with the same color. For instance, the first left first sub-pixel **112S** of the first pixel **112** and the first left sub-pixel **116S** of the third pixel **116** are the primary color sub-pixels with the same color.

FIG. **8** are schematic diagrams of display effects with wide viewing angle of a LCD panel and the arrangement of pixel unit of the LCD panel according to an embodiment of the invention. FIG. **9** is a schematic diagram of displaying effects with wide viewing angle of a LCD panel and the arrangement of pixel unit of the LCD panel according to a comparative example. It can be known from the FIG. **8** and FIG. **9**, there is no obvious Mura phenomenon as the LCD panel of the invention is displayed in wide viewing angle, in contrast, there is obvious Mura phenomenon as the LCD panel of the comparative example is displayed in wide viewing angle. Accordingly, the LCD panel of the invention has better wide-viewing-angle displaying effect.

The different manners will be further applied below to appraise the LCD panels of the invention and the comparative example. FIG. **10** is brightness distribution of a LCD panel according to an embodiment of the invention and a LCD panel of a comparative example as the polar viewing angle is 60 degree. Referring to FIG. **10**, the LCD panel with 2D+ pixel units of the comparative example has obvious displaying brightness difference in different adjacent rows, thus, that may cause obvious Mura phenomenon. In contrast, the LCD panel of the invention has substantially the same displaying brightness in different rows such that the Mura phenomenon is no obvious.

FIG. **11** is gamma curves of a LCD panel according to an embodiment of the invention and a LCD panel of a comparative example as the polar viewing angle is 60 degree. Referring to FIG. **11**, gamma curves of the right-eye and the left-eye of the LCD panel with 2D+ pixel unit of the comparative example are different. In contrast, the right-eye and left-eye gamma curves of the LCD panels of the invention are substantially the same, and thus there is better and more uniform wide-viewing-angle displaying effect.

FIG. **12** is the schematic top view illustrating a pixel array according to another embodiment of the invention. Referring to FIG. **12**, the pixel array **100a** of the present embodiment is similar to the pixel array **100** of FIG. **1**, and the difference therebetween is that a spacer **130** such as photo spacer or columnar spacer is disposed on the light-shielding structure **120** of the pixel array **100a**. The spacer **130** may be shielded by corresponding light-shielding structure **120** and thus not be observed by users. The spacer **130** is, for

example, disposed between the first substrate **102** and the second substrate **202** as shown in FIG. 2, so as to maintain the liquid crystal cell gap of the LCD panel **10** in certain level. To be specific, provided that arrangement positions of spacer **130** are correspondingly covered by the light-shielding structure **120**, which all belong to the desired scope of protection of the invention. Nevertheless, those skilled in the art may design and modify the arrangement positions and number of settings of the spacer **130** according to the different structures of the LCD panels, the invention is not limited thereto.

FIG. 13 is the schematic top view illustrating a pixel array according to another embodiment of the invention. Referring to FIG. 13, the pixel array **100b** includes a plurality of pixel units **110s**. Herein, four pixel units **110s** are shown for illustration, but the invention is not limited thereto. The pixel unit **100s** is similar to the pixel unit **100** of FIG. 1, the differences are illustrated as below.

FIG. 14 is a schematic top view illustrating the pixel array corresponding to FIG. 13 according to an embodiment of the invention. Referring to FIG. 13 and FIG. 14, the pixel unit **100s** includes a first pixel **112**, a second pixel **114**, a third pixel **116** and a fourth pixel **118**. The first pixel **112** and the second pixel **114** are arranged alternately along a first direction **D1**. The third pixel **116** and the fourth pixel **118** are arranged alternately along the first direction **D1**. The first pixel **112** and the third pixel **116** are arranged alternately along a second direction. The second pixel **114** and the fourth pixel **118** are arranged alternately along the second direction. In the present embodiment, the first direction **D1** and the second direction **D2** are perpendicular to each other, wherein the first direction **D1** is, for example, a row direction, and the second direction **D2** is, for example, a column direction.

The first pixel **112** includes a plurality of first sub-pixels parallel to each other. The first sub-pixels include a first red sub-pixel **112R**, a first green sub-pixel **112G** and a first blue sub-pixel **112B**. Similar to FIG. 3, the first red sub-pixel **112R**, the first green sub-pixel **112G** and the first blue sub-pixel **112B** respectively have a first active device **140a** and a first electrode **150a**. The first electrode **150a** extends along a first tilting direction **T1**, or the extending direction of the first electrode **150a** is parallel to the first tilting direction **T1**. Similar to the above embodiments, the first tilting direction **T1** of the first electrode **150a** is fulfilled by, for example, the extending direction of the slits **Es1** or the extending direction of electrode branches in between the slits **Es1**. According to the present embodiment, the tilting directions of the first red sub-pixel **112R**, the first green sub-pixel **112G** and the first blue sub-pixel **112B** are parallel to each other. The tilting direction of the aforementioned first pixel **112**, and the tiling directions of the first sub-pixels **112R**, **112G**, **112B** are the first tilting direction **T1** or the direction parallel to the first tilting direction **T1**. According to the present embodiment, the shapes of the first red sub-pixel **112R** and the first green sub-pixel **112G** are respectively a parallelogram. The shape of the first blue sub-pixel is a trapezoid.

The second pixel **114** includes a plurality of second sub-pixels parallel to each other. The second sub-pixels include a second red sub-pixel **114R**, a second green sub-pixel **114G** and a second blue sub-pixel **114B**. Similar to FIG. 3, the second red sub-pixel **114R**, the second green sub-pixel **114G** and the second blue sub-pixel **114B** respectively have a second active device **140b** and a second electrode **150b**. The second electrode **150b** extends along a second tilting direction **T2**, or the extending direction of the

second electrode **150b** is parallel to the second tilting direction **T2**. Similar to the above embodiments, the second tilting direction **T2** of the second electrode **150b** is fulfilled by, for example, the extending direction of the slits **Es2** or the extending direction of electrode branches in between the slits **Es2**. According to the present embodiment, the tilting directions of the second red sub-pixel **114R**, the second green sub-pixel **114G** and the second blue sub-pixel **114B** are parallel to each other. The tilting direction of the aforementioned second pixel **114**, and the tiling directions of the second sub-pixels **114R**, **114G**, **114B** are the second tilting direction **T2** or the direction parallel to the second tilting direction **T2**. According to the present embodiment, the shapes of the second red sub-pixel **114R** and the second green sub-pixel **114G** are respectively a parallelogram. The shape of the second blue sub-pixel is a trapezoid.

The third pixel **116** includes a plurality of third sub-pixels parallel to each other. The third sub-pixels include a third red sub-pixel **116R**, a third green sub-pixel **116G** and a third blue sub-pixel **116B**. Similar to FIG. 3, the third red sub-pixel **116R**, the third green sub-pixel **116G** and the third blue sub-pixel **116B** respectively have a third active device **140c** and a third electrode **150c**. The third electrode **150c** extends along a third tilting direction **T3**, or the extending direction of the third electrode **150c** is parallel to the third tilting direction **T3**. Similar to the above embodiments, the third tilting direction **T3** of the third electrode **150c** is fulfilled by, for example, the extending direction of the slits **Es3** or the extending direction of electrode branches in between the slits **Es3**. According to the present embodiment, the tilting directions of the third red sub-pixel **116R**, the third green sub-pixel **116G** and the third blue sub-pixel **116B** are parallel to each other. The tilting direction of the aforementioned third pixel **116**, and the tiling directions of the third sub-pixels **116R**, **116G**, **116B** are the third tilting direction **T3** or the direction parallel to the third tilting direction **T3**. According to the present embodiment, the shapes of the third red sub-pixel **116R** and the third green sub-pixel **116G** are respectively a parallelogram. The shape of the third blue sub-pixel is a trapezoid.

The fourth pixel **118** includes a plurality of fourth sub-pixels parallel to each other. The fourth sub-pixels include a fourth red sub-pixel **118R**, a fourth green sub-pixel **118G** and a fourth blue sub-pixel **118B**. Similar to FIG. 3, the fourth red sub-pixel **118R**, the fourth green sub-pixel **118G** and the fourth blue sub-pixel **118B** respectively have a fourth active device **140d** and a fourth electrode **150d**. The fourth electrode **150d** extends along a fourth tilting direction **T4**, or the extending direction of the fourth electrode **150d** is parallel to the fourth tilting direction **T4**. Similar to the above embodiments, the fourth tilting direction **T4** of the fourth electrode **150d** is fulfilled by, for example, the extending direction of the slits **Es4** or the extending direction of electrode branches in between the slits **Es4**. According to the present embodiment, the tilting directions of the fourth red sub-pixel **118R**, the fourth green sub-pixel **118G** and the fourth blue sub-pixel **118B** are parallel to each other. The tilting direction of the aforementioned fourth pixel **118**, and the tiling directions of the fourth sub-pixels **118R**, **118G**, **118B** are the fourth tilting direction **T4** or the direction parallel to the fourth tilting direction **T4**. According to the present embodiment, the shapes of the fourth red sub-pixel **118R** and the fourth green sub-pixel **118G** are respectively a parallelogram. The shape of the fourth blue sub-pixel is a trapezoid.

Specifically, the trapezoid has a top base, a bottom base, two legs (i.e., lateral sides), two top angles and two bottom

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angles, wherein the bottom base is parallel to the top base and a length of the bottom base is greater than a length of the top base. Take the first blue sub-pixel **112B** as an example, an included angle between the first tilting direction **T1** and the top base determines one top angle $\theta 5$, and an included angle between the first tilting direction **T1** and the bottom base determines one bottom angle $\theta 6$. In addition, an included angle between the second tilting direction **T2** and the top base determines another top angle $\theta 7$, and an included angle between the second tilting direction **T2** and the bottom base determines another bottom angle $\theta 8$. The top angle $\theta 5$ and the top angle $\theta 7$ can be the same or different. The bottom angle $\theta 6$ and the bottom angle $\theta 8$ can be the same or different.

In one embodiment, the top angle $\theta 5$, the bottom angle $\theta 6$, the top angle $\theta 7$ and the bottom angle $\theta 8$ of the trapezoid can be different from each other. Similar to the first blue sub-pixel **112B**, the second blue sub-pixel **114B**, the third blue sub-pixel **116B** and the fourth blue sub-pixel **118B** can also have the similar designs. According to the present embodiment, the two legs of the trapezoid of the first blue sub-pixel **112B** are parallel to the first tilting direction **T1** and the second tilting direction **T2** respectively and the shape of the first blue sub-pixel **112B** is normal trapezoidal. The two legs of the second blue sub-pixel **114B** are parallel to the first tilting direction **T1** and the second tilting direction **T2** respectively and the shape of the second blue sub-pixel **114B** is inverted trapezoidal.

In the present embodiment, the first red sub-pixel **112R**, the first green sub-pixel **112G**, and the first blue sub-pixel **112B** of the first pixel **112** are sequentially arranged along the first direction **D1**. The second red sub-pixel **114R**, the second green sub-pixel **114G** and the second blue sub-pixel **114B** of the second pixel **114** are sequentially arranged along the first direction **D1**. The first direction **D1** is served as a reference basis, the first pixel **112** and the third pixel **116** are arranged in mirror symmetry, and the second pixel **114** and the fourth pixel **118** are arranged in mirror symmetry. In other words, the third red sub-pixel **116R**, the third green sub-pixel **116G** and the third blue sub-pixel **116B** are sequentially arranged along the first direction **D1**. The fourth red sub-pixel **118R**, the fourth green sub-pixel **118G** and the fourth blue sub-pixel **118B** are sequentially arranged along the first direction **D1**.

Specifically, compare to the embodiment of FIG. 1, the blue sub-pixels of the present embodiment are trapezoid structures so as to enlarge the aperture ratio of the blue sub-pixels and enhance the overall transmission ratio of the pixel unit **100s**.

To sum up, in the pixel units of the invention, each pixel includes a plurality of sub-pixels parallel to each other, and the pixels with different tilting directions are alternatively arranged along a first direction and a second direction. Accordingly, the Mura phenomenon of wide viewing angle can be effectively reduced. In addition, the LCD panel of the invention has substantially the same gamma curves in the right-eye viewing angle and the left-eye viewing angle, and thus has desirable wide-viewing-angle displaying effect. Moreover, in the present embodiment of the invention, the aforementioned pixels surround the light-shielding structure to form a pixel unit, wherein a spacer can be correspondently disposed on the light-shielding structure.

It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made to the structure of the present invention without departing from the scope or spirit of the invention. In view of the foregoing, it is intended that the present invention cover modifications and variations

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of this invention provided they fall within the scope of the following claims and their equivalents.

What is claimed is:

1. A pixel unit, disposed on a first substrate, the pixel unit comprising:

a first pixel, having a plurality of first sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the first sub-pixels having a first active device and a first electrode, the first electrode extending along a first tilting direction;

a second pixel, having a plurality of second sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the second sub-pixels having a second active device and a second electrode, the second electrode extending along a second tilting direction;

a third pixel, having a plurality of third sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the third sub-pixels having a third active device and a third electrode, the third electrode extending along a third tilting direction;

a fourth pixel, having a plurality of fourth sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the fourth sub-pixels having a fourth active device and a fourth electrode, the fourth electrode extending along a fourth tilting direction; and

a light-shielding structure, the first pixel, the second pixel, the third pixel and the fourth pixel surrounding the light-shielding structure collectively, the first pixel and the second pixel arranged along a first direction, the third pixel and the fourth pixel arranged along the first direction, the first pixel and the third pixel arranged along a second direction, the second pixel and the fourth pixel arranged along the second direction, wherein the first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other.

2. The pixel unit as recited in claim 1, wherein the first direction and the second direction are perpendicular to each other, an included angle between the first tilting direction and the second direction is $\theta 1$, an included angle between the second tilting direction and the second direction is $\theta 2$, an included angle between the third tilting direction and the second direction is $\theta 3$, an included angle between the fourth tilting direction and the second direction is $\theta 4$, an included angle between the first pixel and the second pixel is the sum of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 2$, an included angle between the third pixel and the fourth pixel is the sum of $\theta 3$ and $\theta 4$, and respective absolute values of $\theta 1$, $\theta 2$, $\theta 3$, and $\theta 4$ are between 0° and 90° .

3. The pixel unit as recited in claim 2, wherein the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 3$ are the same, the absolute values of $\theta 2$ and $\theta 4$ are the same, and the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 2$ are the same.

4. The pixel unit as recited in claim 2, wherein the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 3$ are the same, the absolute values of $\theta 2$ and $\theta 4$ are the same, and the absolute values of $\theta 1$ and $\theta 2$ are different.

5. The pixel unit as recited in claim 1, wherein the first electrode, the second electrode, the third electrode, and the fourth electrode are respectively a pixel electrode.

6. The pixel unit as recited in claim 5, further comprising a common electrode, wherein the pixel electrode is superimposed on the common electrode to form a storage capacitor.

7. The pixel unit as recited in claim 1, wherein the first electrode, the second electrode, and the third electrode and the fourth electrode are respectively a common electrode, and the common electrode has a plurality of slits.

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8. The pixel unit as recited in claim 7, further comprising a pixel electrode, wherein the common electrode is superimposed on the pixel electrode to form a storage capacitor.

9. The pixel unit as recited in claim 1, wherein each of the first pixels, each of the second pixels, each of the third pixels, and each of the fourth pixels have a first primary color sub-pixel, a second primary color sub-pixel, and a third primary color sub-pixel respectively.

10. The pixel unit as recited in claim 9, wherein the first primary color sub-pixel, the second primary color sub-pixel, and the third primary color sub-pixel are a red sub-pixel, a green sub-pixel, and a blue sub-pixel respectively.

11. The pixel unit as recited in claim 9, wherein the first sub-pixels of the first pixel and the second sub-pixels of the second pixel are sequentially arranged along the first direction, and the first direction is served as a reference basis, the first pixel and the third pixel are arranged in mirror symmetry, the second pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged in mirror symmetry.

12. The pixel unit as recited in claim 9, wherein the second direction is served as a reference basis, the first pixel and the second pixel are arranged in mirror symmetry, the third pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged in mirror symmetry, and the first direction is served as a reference basis, the first pixel and the third pixel are arranged in mirror symmetry, the second pixel and the fourth pixel are arranged in mirror symmetry.

13. The pixel unit as recited in claim 1, further comprising a spacer, disposed on the light shielding structure.

14. A pixel array, disposed on a first substrate, the pixel array comprising:

- a plurality of pixel units, disposed on the first substrate, each of the pixel units comprising:
 - a first pixel, having a plurality of first sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the first sub-pixels having a first active device and a first electrode, the first electrode extending along a first tilting direction;
 - a second pixel, having a plurality of second sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the second sub-pixels having a second active device and a second electrode, the second electrode extending along a second tilting direction;
 - a third pixel, having a plurality of third sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the third sub-pixels having a third active device and a third electrode, the third electrode extending along a third tilting direction;
 - a fourth pixel, having a plurality of fourth sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the fourth sub-pixels having a fourth active device and a fourth electrode, the fourth electrode extending along a fourth tilting direction; and

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a light-shielding structure, the first pixel, the second pixel, the third pixel, and the fourth pixel surrounding the light-shielding structure collectively, the first pixel and the second pixel arranged alternately along a first direction, the third pixel and the fourth pixel arranged alternately along the first direction, the first pixel and the third pixel arranged alternately along a second direction, the second pixel and the fourth pixel arranged alternately along the second direction, wherein the first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction, and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other.

15. A liquid crystal display panel, comprising:

- a first substrate;
- a plurality of pixel units, disposed on the first substrate, each of the pixel units comprising:
 - a first pixel, having a plurality of first sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the first sub-pixels having a first active device and a first electrode, the first electrode extending along a first tilting direction;
 - a second pixel, having a plurality of second sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the second sub-pixels having a second active device and a second electrode, the second electrode extending along a second tilting direction;
 - a third pixel, having a plurality of third sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the third sub-pixels having a third active device and a third electrode, the third electrode extending along a third tilting direction;
 - a fourth pixel, having a plurality of fourth sub-pixels parallel to each other, each of the fourth sub-pixels having a fourth active device and a fourth electrode, the fourth electrode extending along a fourth tilting direction; and
 - a light-shielding structure, the first pixel, the second pixel, the third pixel, and the fourth pixel surrounding the light-shielding structure collectively, the first pixel and the second pixel arranged alternately along a first direction, the third pixel and the fourth pixel arranged alternately along the first direction, the first pixel and the third pixel arranged alternately along a second direction, the second pixel and fourth pixel arranged alternately along the second direction, wherein the first tilting direction, the second tilting direction, the third tilting direction, and the fourth tilting direction are different from each other;
- a second substrate, disposed opposite to the first substrate; and
- a liquid crystal layer, disposed between the first substrate and the second substrate.

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专利名称(译)	像素单元，像素阵列和液晶显示面板		
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摘要(译)

像素单元包括第一像素，第二像素，第三像素，第四像素和遮光结构。第一像素具有多个第一子像素，第二像素具有多个第二子像素，第三像素具有多个第三像素，第四像素具有多个第四子像素。第一子像素具有沿第一倾斜方向延伸的第一电极。第二子像素具有沿第二倾斜方向延伸的第二电极。第三子像素具有沿第三倾斜方向延伸的第三电极。第四子像素具有沿第四倾斜方向延伸的第四电极。第一像素，第二像素，第三像素和第四像素共同围绕遮光结构。第一倾斜方向，第二倾斜方向，第三倾斜方向和第四倾斜方向彼此不同。

